The Times

VOL V. NO. 1347. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 2, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

... ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

... BUILDING,

... Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

... and Fancy Stove ... Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

... 1869. 1236.t

... RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (... opposite the Old Stand,)

... VERY LOW PRICES a large ... stock, comprising Groceries, ... Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Pine Salt. Also, ... other Vinegars.

... PICKLED SALMON, ... LABR. HERRINGS,

... other articles necessary to complete stock.

... Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... fresh and cheap.

... Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

... Brandies; Hennessy & Co, ... Piper's and other brands.

... GIN— De Kuyper's and Hodman's, a wood bottle.

... WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age.

... WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

... proof and over, at extremely low prices.

... and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ... Irish Whiskey ... Irish Potteen ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... other Ales. ... Syrups, all grades ... prices.

... STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE ... CENT BELOW COST.

... or barr ains. 1185

... TELEGRAPH COMPANY

... under Chapter LXVII of the ... Statutes of Canada.

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange ... 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... Manager. 1141tf

... KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVI... STORES AND OTHERS.

... notice of my intention to supply ... TOMATO SAUCE ... CATSUP, &c. wholesale. ... of trade during the last four years ... to enlarge my manufactory I ... to make the wholesale trade my ...

... there is now undoubtedly the largest ... the question of quality is readily ... known the fact that I raise my ... be procured at any expense ... the best; they will therefore ... comparison with any imported. ... important fact is that being ... manufactured in Ottawa thereby ... freight, packing, duty and other expenses ... fall 40 per cent lower than ...

... shortage, I think, cannot fail to ... may favor me with their orders. ... NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ... Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...*

... factory on the bank of the Rideau ... —Empty Pickle bottles collected ... prices given. 1198y

... EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

... End of Little Sussex-st. ... consigned for transhipment ... all cases.

... R. M. EASTON

... SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... gentlemen can be accommodated ... board and rooms. Gentlemen ... the Capital will find superior accommodation ... by day or week at moderate terms. ... This house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 2191f

Educational.

... DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

... Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant.

... particulars may be obtained on application ... to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

... TUNING.—The subscriber having ... decided to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ... to their calls for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... with Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

... ACADEMY.

... SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe... of the Imperial Conservatory of ...) ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ...

775y

... HAYES,

COPPER PLATE PRINTER,

... street, Centre Town,

... SPARKS & QUEEN STREET

... FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

... street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

... patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... the Ottawa. From his long experience ... he offers his services in engaging ... to their rafts while passing ... of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Walter Smith, Esq.

R W Cruice, Esq.

1334tf

... OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

... undersigned begs to inform the public ... always on hand, in season, a large ... of the above, which will be sold as cheap ... than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF

BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the TIMES office. 1328 1m

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Medcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouse For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1M1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot,
Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa Rive

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290f

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors. Elgin Street. 1328 3awk 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms. Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24; Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 14, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR,
Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it; *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a ... assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS; AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG; PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

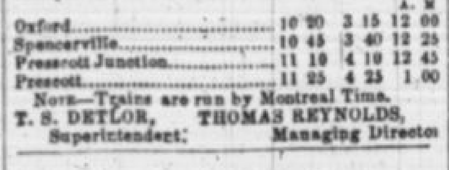
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9.00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1.00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at ....5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at........ 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at......5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond. Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

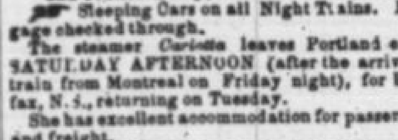
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m,

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.36 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.36 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St. John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY, THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

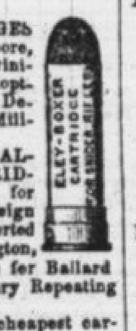
With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK.
Elgin Street.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 3m

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two CHARLES THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the JONES' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, Bolton street, near Hospital Barracks, Ottawa. 1332 3m

ANOTHER INDIAN WAR.

Twenty thousand Sioux to be on the Warpath within a Month—Sheridan's Headquarters at Pembina—Troops Hurrying to the Indian Country—Piegans praying for Peace.

Special despatch to the World.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25.—There is now an imminent, almost certain, prospect of an Indian war. The advices received yesterday and telegraphed you last night are supplemented by still more startling news, official and unofficial, received to-day at the headquarters of the army.

TWENTY THOUSAND SIOUX ON THE WAR PATH.

Within a month at least 20,000 Sioux are expected to be on the war-path. These, with their allies of the Cheyenne and other northern tribes, will make a formidable force.

THE CAUSE

is, as usual, the failure of the Government to live up to its treaty stipulations. The Indians say that, having been neglected the past winter, they intend to avenge themselves this summer.

SHERIDAN'S HEADQUARTERS AT PEMBINA.

In view of the threatened conflict, and also in order to keep a sharp watch on the Red River difficulties of our neighbours across the border, General Sheridan had decided, several days ago, to establish his headquarters on the 1st of May at Pembina, in the northern part of Minnesota.

HURRYING TROOPS TO THE PLAINS.

The Seventeenth and Fourteenth Regiments of Infantry have been ordered to Sioux City, Iowa, to go with all dispatch. The former regiment has been stationed in Virginia, and the latter in Kentucky and Tennessee. The shifting of these regiments from points so remote to the very heart of the Indian country is sufficiently ominous, together with the movement, already chronicled, of five companies of the Seventh Cavalry to Fort Hayes, for active service under General Custer.

A SERIOUS CONFLICT.

It seems not at all unlikely, judging from the tenor of current despatches from the Far West, that the administration will soon have forced upon it, in advance of further special legislation by Congress, the responsibility and expense of one of the most serious conflicts yet initiated, with the savages of the plains.

The Piegans Anxious for Peace.

General A. Sully, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Montana, has forwarded to Hon. E. S. Parker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the following copy of a letter from Rev. Father C. Imoda, Catholic missionary in Montana Territory:

DEAR SIR,—I have the pleasure to inform you that having been on a visit to the Indian camps on Belly River in the British possessions, there I met a large camp of Piegans, most of whom were those that fled from the Marias after their misfortune of January last. Being called by the Mountain Chief into his lodge, he spoke at length of their late misfortune and of the desire he and his people have of making a lasting peace with the whites. Having told him that I was glad to hear what he said, but desired to know if the other chiefs were of the same mind, we arranged to have a meeting of them, which was held on the 17th of March, and it is from notes taken on the spot that I have the honor to report the following as the expression of their wills:

The Mountain Chief complained of the false report of his having declared war against the whites. He strongly denied having said anything that could be so understood. He said he had been stripped of his lodge and made poor, but he is satisfied that his young men have been beaten, and thinks that now they will mind their chiefs and not go any more to trouble the whites. He desires now to make with them a good and lasting peace.

Asaa, chief of the band of Fried Grease Indians, complained that, while he has been friendly with the whites, his band suffered more than the others. He was not ill disposed toward them, and desired that a lasting friendship should be established again.

The Boy Chief said that it was his desire that the past be forgotten, and a good peace be made with the whites He complained of the Pen d'Orilles, and desires that the whites will exercise their influence to bring them to a lasting peace with the Piegans.

Stojas, of Lame Bull's band, says that his family has been nearly extinguished in the late fight, but he will not talk bad, and desires to make peace. He fears that the North Blackfeet might steal again from the whites, and the blame be put on the Piegans.

The White Calf, Generous Woman, Cut Head, and Big Talk, chiefs of different bands of the Piegans, were also present and spoke, but their remarks being similar to the foregoing, I think that the above will be enough to persuade you of their general desire to make a lasting peace with the whites.

Train at Hamilton

George Francis Train was at Hamilton last week, and issued the following proclamation, in which characteristic brevity and consummate nonsense are wonderfully blended:—

"HAMILTON, Canada, April 22.—There is no galvanizing a corpse! Canada is dead—dead church—dead commerce—dead people. Poor priest-ridden, politician-ridden, doctor-ridden, lawyer-ridden land. No energy, no enterprise, no snap. As barnacles and sea-slugs cover the bottom of some rotten old Indiaman, so those blood sucking Canadians stick to the decaying old hulk of England. A century ago America moved at Bunker Hill. Canada remained stationary."

Turning from politics to the show business, which is not a success in Canada, this inveterate blackguard thus soliloquises:—

"No lectures in Canada. Everybody is afraid. There are no literary societies, no Christian Associations, no lecture Committees. The State absorbs all the taxes, and the Church of England all the people The intellect of the population, like the state of the streets, is enveloped in Government mud."

Various rumors have been set afloat that it is the intention of Mr. Bright to resign the Presidency of the Board of Trade, and to retire from the Government The Birmingham *Daily Post* has the best reason for saying that no decision on the subject has been come to. Since his residence at Brighton, Mr. Bright's health has considerably improved, and though an early return to Parliamentary labors is not to be looked for, yet he is again able to take an interest in the progress of public affairs.

The English journals bring the report of the trial and conviction of a person who, at an election held at Norwich, had paid over twenty voters five dollars each for their votes in favor of the Conservative candidate The defendant at first offered only two dollars, but the voters held out for the customary price. The bribery must have been very extensive, for at 11 a. m. the Liberal candidate had a majority of 477, and at 4 p. m. was in a minority of 119. The defendant was convicted

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshones Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' ... al Homeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Cottage to Let—Mr Sadler
Two Brick Tenements to Let—Mr Sadler
Brick Dwelling to Let—I B Tackaberry
Great Catalogue Sale—J Bermingham
A Good Investment—Baldwin Bros.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12364 **MAGEE & RUSSELL.**

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, MAY 2, 1870.

☞ For interesting Reading Matter see Fifth Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

WORKMAN'S APPEAL FOR THE POOR AND NEEDY.

Nothing could have more suprised those who know Mr. Workman, member for Montreal Centre, as a shrewd, energetic business man, than the attitude which he has assumed in the matter of imposing taxes upon the necessaries of life, as he seems to consider coal and wheat. Had any member of the House of less information and of inferior shrewdness talked glibly about the unwarrantable cruelty of class legislation in its bearing upon the working man, we should not have at all alluded to the matter. In the mouth of such a man as Mr. Workman the nonsense is glaring. A tax on coal does not at all affect the price of coal to the poor man for the simple reason that no poor man burns coal. Coal is not the fuel of the workingman in any part of the Dominion, if the city of St. John, New Brunswick, be excepted. The price of wheat to either poor or rich is not affected by any tax that may be imposed upon wheat, the price of that commodity being determined by Mark Lane. The London wheat market makes bread in Canada either cheap or dear, no matter what the yield or what the tax. Mr. Workman knows this, and he, of all men, to set his face against a measure of the Government on the pretence of their policy increasing the price of bread is superlatively rich. The consumers of coal are the Montreal manufacturers of iron. A duty on coal will have its effect upon them. There, the reason of Mr. Workman's bunkum is transparent. Mr. Workman has a personal and therefore particular interest in the price of coal. He would not have that commodity made too dear to the iron manufacturer in the interest of the iron-monger. There is sense now in Mr. Workman's position. He was not speaking against the duty on wheat and coal in the interest of the poor man, but in the interest of Mr. Workman. This may not be very patriotic, but it is sensible. Mr. Workman deserves credit for this. There are other Montreal interests in coal, which it is necessary to protect, and these Mr. Workman would any day prefer to protect to Nova Scotia coal. Even taking it for granted that coal were an article of general consumption, how would it affect the poor man consumer? While it would assist in bringing in a small revenue to the country, the poor man would be quite unable with a tax, levied over so great a surface as four millions of people to make the discovery that he was taxed at all if Mr. Workman did not tell him. Indirectly he would contribute to the revenue, as he does now, on all that he eats and drinks and wears or uses, but he would not know that he was doing so, and would experience no wrong, if he should suffer any, which we deny. The tax on coal will have the effect of giving employment, and consequently an increased supply of bread to thousands of working men. It will encourage mining operations in Nova Scotia. It will increase wealth there, to be expended on the productions of Ontario, and produce wealth here. As for increasing the price even to our consumers the idea is absurd. Ships, from England, bring hither coal as ballast, and, it is so cheap as ballast, that instead of selling the coal for the benefit of the steamships and founderies, and such private gentlemen as burn it in grates, they actually throw it overboard at the ballast ground in the harbour of Quebec, where there is now as much coal as there is in Newcastle a circumstance which will, ages hence, should the bed of the St. Lawrence, by some natural convulsion, be turned, perfectly astonish the geologists, who are to come after us. So far from being a curse to the poor man, this tax on both coal and wheat will be of benefit to him. It will tend to lessen other taxes which he might more directly feel. English coal and American coal will contribute to the revenue and be paid for by the few for the benefit of the many. It will be precisely the same with the duty on wheat. That duty will be paid for by the people of England. Nobody in Canada will contribute one dime towards it. The Mark Lane speculators will pay the revenue of Canada so much on every bushel of wheat grown on our soil, and as Canada does not sell coal and does not use it, the poor man is very much less affected by these taxes than the merchants of Montreal, whose opposition to the tax is about as disinterested as that of Mr. Workman, who so ably represents them in the Parliament of Canada. That representative of Montreal interests had been humiliated because certain gentlemen had congratulated him on the removal of a tax which was not to be removed, and, therefore he went on, in his place in Parliament, raving and fuming like a madman, tearing his hair, and crying out at the top of his voice, "A silver half-dollar, a silver half-dollar, a silver half-dollar! I see it before me. I see it as as a tax upon the poor and needy!" Easy Mr. Workman. Do keep cool. Do not feed the flame of discord in the House any more, with the terrible cry about food and fuel. It will do well enough among the needy at your own gate. Not here. Leave such nonsense for the masses who do not think. For gracious sake do not indulge in such terrible stupidities from your place in the Commons House of Parliament of Canada.

THE RED RIVER ROVER RIEL.

There is an air of romance about the report of Mr. Donald A. Smith's mission to the Red River territory. Without the slightest impropriety, it might be termed "A Brief sojourn among the Red River Brigands." Riel, the Red River Rover—the leader of the Brigands,—was quite as arbitrary with Mr. Smith as he was only regally cognisant of the presence of the dignitaries of the church. He required from all and sundry, an oath of allegiance—allegiance to him and his Government. He even indignantly took offence at the word illegally as applied to his Government, and was only calmed down by the adroitness of that other brigand, Mr. O'Donohue, who signified to the Red Rover of the North west, that his provisional Government was illegal only in so far as that word had a signification to Mr. Smith. The crazy hero—Red Rover Riel—was nevertheless anxious about his position. He was afraid to trust anybody abroad and kept all equally under surveillance. Everybody, who came to Fort Garry he locked up. He was most particularly desirous to know what Canada thought of his proceedings and he longed for the papers of Mr. Smith. He did not believe in the affiand of the Grand Vicar Thibault and Colonel DeSalaberry, which was merely "to calm the French half-breeds." He expressed his anxiety to see the commission of Mr. Smith. The anxiety to see this document led to serious results and nearly to the death of Riel himself: it was on the very point of causing the death of "that fine man," Captain Boulton. His anxiety to achieve fame—his personal vanity—seems to have altogether contributed to the death of Scott—when asked by the Rev. Mr. Lestane "If there was no way to save that man," Riel smilingly replied "My Reverend Pere, you know how the matter stands." Riel, however, condescended to explain how matters stood. Scott had been treated with great clemency, considering that he was a prisoner, but had been insubordinate and defiant. It was necessary to teach submission and Scott was ordered to be shot. It is unnecessary to go over the graphic account of this "Sojourn among Brigands," however, submitted by Mr. Smith. That is sufficiently interesting and vastly instructive to obtain a careful reading. That which we desire to draw special attention to is the concluding portion of Mr. Smith's remarks and to the positive good which has been done by Bishop Tache since his arrival. "A large majority of the French party have no misgivings as to the union with Canada, and under the guidance of his Lordship, Bishop Tache, and other members of the clergy, who enjoy their confidence, they will shortly prove themselves to be staunch supporters of the Dominion." The brigand, Riel, however, has to be dealt with, and to insure and maintain submission a strong military force is necessary in the North West.

The Imperial Government are the parties who are to pay the cost of the expedition, and it is something more than probable that they will deal with Riel, O'Donohue, and Lepine, according to their deserts. To the others, the mere tools of these men, the utmost leniency will be extended. There is no desire for vengeance upon a misguided people, but there is an intention to do justice, and that intention will be carried into effect. The Postmaster Bannatyne, Sheriff McKenny, Deputy Sheriff Begg, and all the other ringleaders and officials of "the President" are already having the scene of their atrocities—going off as rats do from a sinking ship.

There is only one complaint anent "shin-plasters" in Montreal, and it is merely this, that there are not a sufficient number of them in circulation to meet the requirements of trade, and business men are, on that account, compelled to accept the American quarter at 24 cents as a circulating medium in making change. If there were lots of "shin-plasters," American silver, as a circulating medium, would soon altogether disappear.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

QUEBEC.

Steamer "City of Quebec" Sunk by the S. S. "Germany"—Four Lives Lost.

Quebec, May 1, 9 p. m.

The Steamship *Germany* sank the steamer *City of Quebec* off Green Island. Four lives lost.

Quebec, April 30.

Sixteen boats for Red River were sent on by train to Collingwood to-day. They are fifty feet long and are provided with rigging and sails complete.

One hundred and fifty volunteers for Red River, were medically inspected this morning by Dr. Clark, of the 69th Regiment, and will be billeted this evening.

Col. Cassault has offered without any solicitation the position of Brigade Quartermaster in the expedition to Red River, to Quartermaster Charles E Hotten, of the Volunteer Garrison Artillery.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 30.

Instructions were received in Montreal from Ottawa, that the services of the volunteer militia stationed on the frontier, are no longer required.

A largely attended meeting of merchants and others, was held this afternoon in the Mechanics' Hall to protest against a measure now before Parliament, and by which it is intended to impose a duty upon wheat and coal. The speeches were all of them brief but expressive of a strong determination to oppose the measure, which was characterized as one likely to be exceedingly injurious, both economically and politically, should it become law.

Montreal Fire Brigade were this afternoon inspected by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. He was accompanied by Lady Young and suite.

The third of the mass meetings in reference to the silver nuisance was held last evening and was largely attended.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Hutchinor & Co.

Women seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Hutchinor & Co.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 31 Rideau street.

THE NORTH WEST.

Observations upon the Country. Suggestions as to the best means of access to Red River—A Narrow Gauge Railway—Steamboats—Telegraphs—A Submacustrine Cable—Indian Tribes and their Constitution—Responsible Government.

BY

SENATOR McCULLY.

A letter addressed to the Honourable Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Minister of Justice, Premier, &c., &c., &c.

SIR,—

The testimony of a number of witnesses recently examined before the Senate Select Committee, and which will presently be submitted to the public in pamphlet form—witnesses who have spoken from actual knowledge, and a shorter or longer residence in the Red River Country, some of them natives and farmers, others traders and doctors, one of them a Presbyterian Clergyman, and all men of experience and observation—this evidence will be found, I think, conclusive as to the value and excellence of the Country as an Emigrants' Home. The enquiries made by the several members of the Committee, many of them gentlemen thoroughly and practically acquainted with the climate, capabilities and resources of the finest and fairest portions of this Dominion, will be found to have called forth replies from the witnesses, which seem to cover the whole field. The Report, the result of this Committee's labours extended over several days, which will be invaluable as a kind of guide, to persons disposed to visit the Country either with a view of permanently residing there, or otherwise, will also, I am consistent, be perused by the public with very deep interest.

I am not saying too much, I am quite sure, when I affirm that there are but few portions of this Continent which hold out greater attractions for the new settler and for the emigrant, than the Red River and North West Territory, and under this description, I mean all the country north of the boundary line, west of the Lake of the Woods, including both banks of the Assiniboine, and the north and south banks and branches of the Saskatchewan River to the foot of the Rocky Mountains. The country east of the Lake of the Woods, and skirting the north bank of Rainy River, will probably be found to be arable and valuable, both for timber and for cultivation. It was so described by Sir George Simpson, and his account is confirmed by Mr. Monkman, one of the witnesses examined. But it is a wilderness of which little inland, at present, seems to be known.

The almost boundless expanse of prairie lying west of Point du Chene, interspersed as it is with clumps of trees of small growth, principally poplar and stinted oak,—this prairie produces, according to the testimonies of the witnesses examined, wherever it has been cultivated, a yield of wheat varying from twenty-five to fifty bushels and sometimes upwards, to one, and that averaging from sixty to sixty-five pounds to the bushel! No destructive fly or weevil seems as yet to have found its way to the country. Mr. Monkman, a farmer himself, residing at the Indian Settlement, on the lower part of Red River, sowed in 1869, fifty bushels of wheat brought from Fort Abercrombie, and had it not been that the season near harvesting time was damp, and the straw continued to grow till it attained a height of five feet or upwards, and was unable to support its weight, he would have had, according to his own estimation, at the rate of from thirty-five to forty from one! But thirty and thirty-five from one bushel sowing is not, it seems, a very uncommon thing at all at the Red River. And this from land cropped year after year without manure of any kind. The wheat crop of 1869, is equal to the requirements of two years.

Other cereals grow in like proportion on the prairies of the North West. Vegetables, such as beets, potatoes, carrots, and the like, are raised in great abundance, and the answers to enquiries were uniform by the witnesses, that they had tasted nothing deserving the name of potatoes since their arrival in Canada, as compared with the potatoes of Red River. And such a thing as potatoe blight has never been known there. Seed time for wheat commences about the middle of April, and August is the month of harvest. Steam flour mills have recently been introduced, and labour saving machines are fast making their way into the North West. Sterling is the money of the North West, and the sovereign and American half eagle count as in Nova Scotia, for five dollars; the English shilling being reckoned as a quarter or twenty-five cents, and the florin as fifty cents. In this matter the men of the west are clearly in advance of some of the Provinces lying east of them.

The rivers and lakes of the country are stocked with excellent fish, and the climate is salutorious. Land and water fowl are in great plenty. The swan and the white snlon goose frequent the rivers and lakes in abundance. The cold of winter is more intense than in Ontario, and the thermometer has been known to fall as low as forty-five below zero, but the air is so dry that the cold, by uniform testimony of witnesses, is not more intolerable, nor more sensible to the person, than the cold of Canada. No greater amount of clothing is required, there in winter than in many portions of the Dominion.

Proof positive is now before us that the horses of the Red River Settlement live out all winter without shelter, except as they find it for themselves on the prairies, and with only such herbage for food as they get from beneath the snow, a foot to eighteen inches in depth, and which they obtain by pawing them away from the wild grasses that grow luxuriantly and abound on the plains, and these animals in the spring are fat and fleshy. The horses required for daily use, it is true, are housed in winter, as are the horned cattle, but early in April all rush to the prairies to feed upon the mellowed fodder provided by nature, in preference to the hay harvested and housed for their support.

Day schools and Sunday schools exist in the various settlements, and good order and quiet seem to have prevailed up to the date of the recent disturbance. The present population scattered along the banks of the Red River and the Assiniboine for perhaps one hundred and twenty miles in all, is computed to be about twelve thousand, and one-half of this number, or a little more, are protestants, the remainder Roman Catholics. The protestants are divided into Episcopalians, Presbyterians, and Methodists. Each of these denominations has its place of worship. The Catholics are presided over by a Bishop, Monseigneur Tache of St. Boniface. They possess a cathedral, have a number of small chapels, schools of their own, and a collegiate institution of learning.

Such in brief is Red River. Such is the nucleus of the nation which at some future day will probably people the all but illimitable prairies that trend away to the base of the Rocky Mountains, and far down and along the Banks of the McKenzie River. And now the question most important of all suggests itself—how is the outside world to get access to this comparatively unoccupied, untenanted region, instinct as it is, with all that is necessary for human enjoyment, waiting only the presence of the husbandman and the artisan to cultivate fields, to erect forges, to build cities, and to expand an empire?

Fort Garry, at the confluence of the Assiniboine with the Red River, is distant 441 miles, according to Mr. Dawson, C.E., from Fort William, at the head of Lake Superior.

From Fort William to the navigable waters of the summit region, say Lac des Mille Lacs, is forty miles, and the rise from Superior 800 feet, or at the rate of twenty feet in the mile. It is not to be supposed that a uniform grade or anything approaching to it could be obtained over the intervening space which is described as rough and mountainous, but in view of what has been accomplished in Wales on the Festiniog and Fort Madoc Railway, with its gradients of *one in ninety two* its curves with a radius of *one and three quarter chains*, and its gauge of *two feet* in width, costing originally—in 1832 when the construction of railways was both new and expensive about thirteen thousand dollars per mile—why might there not be a railway laid down at once, over this short difficult section of country? It is true the Festiniog rail was originally but 30 lbs. to the yard, but a rail of 50 lbs., or still heavier, would not add materially to the expense of such a line.

I am informed there is plenty of timber in proximity to the site of the line of road proposed by Mr. Dawson, and in that case, if very cheap line, to last for many years, could be constructed by crossing gorges and ravines, with trellis work of wood, and at a trifling cost. Adapting to this narrow gauge the new double Eogle Engine of Mr. Fairlie, and the system of light waggons and low wheels, dispensing altogether with platforms, sided by a moderate amount of government encouragement, I feel pretty well assured, that a Company can be organized, who would undertake this railway immediately, and work it at their own risk.

For six months of the year, after navigation of Lake Superior closes, and until spring opened, there would be but little, if anything, to be done. Some few employees, would require to remain to look after the rolling stock during winter; but with the opening of each successive season, until some other means of access is afforded to Red River over British territory, the number of passengers, and the amount of goods forwarded by the line, would rapidly increase.

From Lac des Mille Lacs, the Western terminus of this railway, to the Western extremity of the Lake of the Woods, is 311 miles, and for the entire of this distance there is water communication. As far as Rainy Lake, the "intervening space, says Mr. Dawson," is so interrupted with lakes, numerous and large, that it would be difficult to say whether land or water predominates—the lakes, however, affording the means of making good water communication at moderate outlays—and from Fort Francis at the foot of Rainy Lake, to the northwest angle of Lake of the Woods, above mentioned, the navigation is uninterrupted, save a couple of small rapids easily overcome. From the northwest angle of Lake of the Woods to Fort Garry, the distance is 90 miles. Of this all but 35 miles is now an excellent waggon road, and before the season closes, this 35 miles, it may be reasonably expected, will be completed.

Assuming that such will be the case, I am assured on good authority, that with even the present appliances (the short section on Dog River, recently constructed, and that from Fort Garry eastward taken into consideration), the trip can be made from Fort William to Fort Garry, 441 miles, within fifteen days. The present road from the northwest angle of the Lake of the Woods to Fort Garry, is over a dead level country—say 90 miles—and a line of narrow gauge railway could be laid for little more than the expence of the ties and metal, and the laying of it down. Oak of the required size for ties is abundant, it seems, along this section of the country. Over the lower portions of the prairie, and the occasional swamps, some drainage, no doubt, would be required; but the expence of grading would otherwise be nominal. With sections of railway completed at each end of the road, 40 miles at the East, and 90 miles at the West—130 miles in all—with steamers traversing Rainy River, Rainy Lake, and the Lake of the Woods, the distance from Toronto to Fort Garry might be overcome in less than ten days; and I am much mistaken if within three years from this date, it be not found to be a matter of common occurrence.

In order, however, to encourage traffic by way of Lake Superior to Red River, the Government of Canada should, I think, among other things, hold out inducements to suitable persons to establish places of entertainment along the route—say from ten to twenty miles apart—having such accommodations as would be adapted to the necessities of travellers, and immigrants taking this route to Red River. Around these hotels and houses of entertainment, or many of them, small shops or trading posts would speedily spring up, and hunters and trappers Indians, half-breeds, and voyageurs, would come to exchange their furs and peltry, for supplies. At Fort William larger stores or warehouses would become indispensible and would soon be erected, from which supplies could be forwarded both summer and winter to the smaller traders inland.

The snows west of the watersheds at Lac des Mille Lacs, are not deeper, as a rule, than they are in Canada. The average depth of snow at Red River is from twelve to eighteen inches, so that communication, even in winter, could, and probably would, be kept up all along the route by parties travelling, at first with dog sleighs, and eventually with other and better appliances. What Fort Garry now is to Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec, less than half a century ago, Toronto and much of Ontario lying west of it was to Montreal and Quebec during the winter months. Indeed, before the era of railways in Canada, and within the recollection of persons of middle age, the isolation of Montreal and Quebec for three or four months of each year from Canada west, (and *vice versa*) was scarcel inferior to what a commercial emporium or a depot of merchandise at Fort William, would now be in relation to the Great North West.

The multitude of human beings which the great expanse of fertile territory in the North West is capable of supporting, the mighty stream of immigration which is certain to sweep across, and over and beyond Lake Superior, the moment easy access is afforded to the Assiniboine, Qu'Appelle and Saskatchwan Rivers, demand at the hands of Canada, its Government and Legislature prompt attention wise forethought and vigorous action.

To quell the disturbance and suppress the insurrection which have lately broken out at Red River, a military force, made up partly of regulars and partly of volunteers, is, it seems, in preparation, and at a very early day will move forward, via Lake Superior and the Lake of the Woods. Now, if the Government act wisely, this force, it seems to me, should be supplemented if possible with a telegraph line, commencing at Fort William, to be constructed towards Red River as fast as possible. And as timber for posts is in abundance along or near the line of route, it would be most satisfactory that the Government and public as well, should thus be kept informed by each successive steamer's arrival from the head of the Lake, of the progress and success of the expedition—and I may mention in this connection that a line of steamers ply between Collingwood and Fort William leaving each of those places on the 1st and every fifth succeeding days during the summer months, occupying some four days in making the passages backward and forward. Thus 3 times a fortnight intelligence will be had from Fort William, and it is hardly to be doubted that by employing *couriers du bois* a light mail for letters may be transmitted this present summer as rapidly, and more securely between Canada and the Red River than via St. Cloud and Pembina.

But in view of the prospective future of the North West, the vastness of the domain lying vacant there—the marts of commerce—the hum of industry—the broad acres under cultivation—so soon to displace the stillness of solitude, and the reserves of hunters and trappers, why should not immediate measures be adopted to put Fort Garry in telegraphic communication with the capital of Canada over British territory? There can be no doubt that, at a comparative small outlay, a line can be constructed from the Red River to Fort William, and this effected, the problem is solved. For a submacusirne cable could be laid without difficulty, down Superior and continued, to connect with the Canadian lines, putting the people of the North West in continuous uninterrupted communication with all parts of both continents. There can be no serious impediment to this, and then not only the ordinary business connected with the country and its growth would be transacted by the line, but the business of the Hudson's Bay Company in the farther forts, factories, and houses would contribute to its support.

I do not desire to ignore the project of reaching the Red River by a line of rail commencing on the lower St. Lawrence, stretching westward north of Lake Superior *via* Nepigon, and north of the Lake of the Woods. That is an undertaking which may, or may not be feasible, but one, if found to be feasible, which must necessarily occupy time. Great resources would be required to justify the commencement of so stupendous an undertaking. It may, nevertheless, be among the things to be accomplished in the future; but, what is immediately required is, some means of present and cheap access to these western prairies. The expense of conveying emigrants (finding their own board) from Toronto to Fort William, by rail to Collingwood, and thence by steamer, is guaranteed by Colonel Cumberland, Manager of the Northern Railway, not to exceed, during the season of navigation, *seven dollars*—what it will require to put them through from thence to Fort Garry, 441 miles, must depend upon the facilities to be afforded along the remainder of the line of route. Mr. Monkman, a native of Red River, well acquainted with the country, east of Winnipeg, as far as Lac des Milles Lacs, asserts that from Rainy Lake westward, to the north west angle of the Lake of the Woods, about 220 miles, with the exception of the Falls at the head of Rainy River, where small portage would be required, there is abundant water for steamboat navigation. This is but a corroboration of what S. J. Dawson, Esq., had previously stated.

I possess no material from which to estimate the cost of transporting emigrants across from Fort William to Fort Garry at present, but it might, I think, be reasonably supposed, that it could be done for twenty or thirty dollars, and that the time employed would not exceed twelve or fourteen days. But with a railway from Fort William, forty miles, steam navigation on the long reaches thence to the north west angle of Lake of the Woods, and a railway thence to Fort Garry, 90 miles, the whole distance should be done in three days, thus bringing Fort Garry within seven days' travel of Toronto. That this will be accomplished in a short time I entertain no doubt, and that telegraphic communication should be established forthwith between the capital of the North West, and Canada over British territory, seems to me not less an easy and practicable project than it is an inevitable necessity, if the country is to be consolidated with the Dominion of Canada.

As Chairman of the Committee of the Senate appointed to collect information on the North West Territory, sitting as the Committee did, for a week and upwards, with a short hand reporter rapidly recording the answers of a very intelligent class of witnesses, a report of which the Senate has ordered to be published, in pamphlet form—the foregoing are some of the reflections that have since been passing in my mind. I had previously entertained the idea that the moral and social features of the Red River country would be found much akin to those which prevail in the new and far off portions of the Western States. That revolvers and Bowie knives, and the rude manners which commonly obtain where civilization is in its infancy, would be found to be the normal condition of the North West. After hearing the testimony of the witnesses examined, and which will presently be thrown broad cast into all parts of Canada by means of the press, I confess to a most agreeable surprise and disappointment. Previous to this recent outbreak, Red River, although not exactly an Arcadian settlement,—for the rulers of the Hudson's Bay Company weighed disagreeably, if not heavily, upon the necks of the population,—yet the inhabitants of the various villages scattered along the banks of the Red River, and up the Assiniboine as far as Portage La Prairie, seem to have been in the enjoyment of almost every blessing that cultivation and social life affords, with an absence of many of the drawbacks inseparately connected with those class divisions and their consequences, which characterize the more advanced conditions of town and city life. The Catholic population, with their Bishop and his clergy superintending their religious affairs, were living, much as Longfellow describes it in the "Basin of Minas." The Protestant settlements, with their pastors and teachers, and all with their day schools and Sunday schools, their lands allotted in front, running back upon the Prairies to a common, without enclosures in rear, and even land marks,—presented a picture of primitive life not found elsewhere, perhaps at the present period of the world's history.

Before closing these observations there is a subject upon which it may not be out of place that I should offer a few remarks. It is the Indian aspect of the case to which I now refer. It was clearly made to appear before the Senate Committee by Mr. Monkman himself, a half-breed, his father being an Englishman, and his mother a native, (of the Cree tribe I believe) that the Indians of the North West expect of the Canadian Government proposals for a treaty before they assume the suzerainty of the country. Much as the Hudson's Bay Company may have done towards the protection of the various tribes with which their trade had brought them into contact, still it would seem as the better opinion that the natives consider them as intruders and trespassers upon their domain. The supposed compact entered into, by Lord Selkirk, with the Indians, rests upon very apocryphal testimony. The Right Honourable E. Ellis, M. P., himself a stockholder in the Company, on his examination before a Committee of the House of Commons, in 1857, to a question, "Whether he knew the amount of the compensation made by Lord Selkirk to the Indians," answered "No. I never heard that he made any, and I am inclined to think he would have made none, except that he wanted, at that time, to keep the Indians at peace. He may have given them some recompense. A bottle of rum used to be a very good consideration to the Indians for any given tract of land. *Question.*—Are you aware whether the rights of Lord Selkirk were under any treaty? *Answer*—I am not aware of that."

Now, it would seem that about the very first thing demanding the attention of the Dominion Government, is to secure a good understanding with the Indian tribes. Their numbers, east of the Rocky Mountains, in 1857, amounted, according to the most authentic accounts, to 50,000, perhaps 55,000 souls. Whether they have since increased or decreased it would be difficult to ascertain. But with these people some understanding in the nature of a treaty should immediately be made. At present of tobacco and pipes, made by Prince Arthur to Mr. Monkman, to be distributed among the chiefs of the tribes, to enable them to smoke the "pipe of peace," he assured me, would have a most happy and beneficial effect. That a son of their "great mother," beyond the water, should send a message to her people in the North West, expressive of his regard for them, accompanied with a present like that, symbolic, as it is, of friendship and peace, will, said Mr. Monkman,—and his swarthy, manly, intelligent countenance lighted up, expressive of the most pleasurable emotions, as he related the fact,—will be received as a token of distinguished respect, and the knowledge of the fact will spread from lodge to lodge with great rapidity, and be the subject of much rejoicing among the tribes, around their camp fires. Too much importance, therefore, can hardly be attached to the necessity of an early and satisfactory settlement with the natives of the country.

Much of the success in settling and colonizing the North West will depend upon the legislation about to be adopted, in order to provide a suitable constitution, for nothing has transpired up to the moment these lines are being penned as to the measure about to be submitted by the Ministry to Parliament. A fair field, and no favour, with the rights of all persons and parties in the territory, as they were previous to the outbreak, guaranteed in the fullest manner—this is probably what all desire and expect. Nothing more could well be demanded. A constitution based on this platform, one that can be cheaply and effectually worked, having in it the elastic principles which will adapt themselves to changes, and a prospective rapid increase of population, the rulers always and ever responsible to the ruled—such a constitution will afford all the security required to insure to the present and future inhabitants of this extensive domain a happy and prosperous future. In devising and perfecting such a measure great and grave responsibilities devolve upon both Ministers and Parliament. That they may prove themselves equal to the emergency, must be the earnest, sincere desire of every well wisher of the Dominion. Much, very much, depends upon the successful accomplishment of the undertaking.

Senate Chamber,
Ottawa, April 30, 1870.

THE NORTH WEST.

Report of Commissioner Donald Smith—Detention in Fort Garry—Riel's Tactics—His Attempt to Obtain possession of Smith's papers—The Appointment of Delegates—Account of the Murder of Scott—Dissatisfaction of the French half-breeds—A strong Military Force required.

[Confidential.]

OTTAWA, April 12.

To the Hon. Joseph Howe, Secretary of State for the Provinces, Ottawa.

SIR,—In pursuance of the commission confided to me by His Excellency the Governor General in relation to the affairs at the North West Territory, I addressed you from time to time during my residence within Fort Garry a correspondence carried on under very unfavourable circumstances, as will appear from the report I have now the honor to submit. Leaving Ottawa on the 13th December last I reached St. Cloud, the terminus of railway communication, on the 17th. Continuing on the same day by stage, and arriving at Abercrombie on the evening of the 19th. Here we had to abandon wheeled carriages, and procuring a sleigh after a couple of hours rest, we resumed our journey. On the afternoon of the 21st I met the Hon. Mr McDougall and party, about thirty miles below Georgetown. From him I learned how a rough aspect of affairs had latterly become at Red River, and pushing on we got to Pembina about 11 p. m. on the 24th, and to Fort Garry on the 27th. The gate of the Fort we found open, but guarded by several armed men, who, on my desire to be shown to Governor McTavish's house, requested me to wait till they could communicate with their chief. In a short time Mr. Louis Riel appeared. I announced my name. He said he had heard of my arrival at Pembina, and was about to send off a party to bring me in. I then accompanied him to a room occupied by ten or a dozen men, whom he introduced to me as members of the Provisional Government. He requested to know the purport of my visit, to which I replied, in substance, that I was connected with the Hudson's Bay Company, but also held a commission from the Canadian Government to the people of Red River, and would be prepared to produce my credentials as soon as satisfactory, the people, were willing to receive me; I was then asked to take an oath not to attempt to leave the fort that night, nor to use the Government against the stability of the Provisional Government. This request I peremptorily refused to comply with, but said that, being very tired, I had no desir to go outside the gate that night, and promised to take no immediate steps likely to upset their so-called Provisional Government, legal or illegal, as might be, without first announcing my intention to do so. Mr Riel, taking exception to the word illegal, which I resisted in retaining it, Mr. O'Donohue, to get over the difficulty, remarked, "this is as the Queen may qualify it." To which I replied, "Precisely so." The above explanation I am the more particular in giving, as it has been reported that I at once acknowledged the revolutionary government to be legal. Neither then nor afterwards did I do so. I took up my quarters in one of the houses occupied by the Hudson's Bay Company's officers, and from that date until towards the close of February was virtually a prisoner within the Fort, although with permission to go outside the walls for exercise, accompanied by two armed guards, a privilege of which I never availed myself. All my official papers had been left in charge of Mr. Provencher, at Pembina, as I had been warned that if found in my possession, they would unquestionably be seized, as were those brought into the settlement shortly after by the Rev. Mr Thibault and Col. DeSalaberry. The state of matters at this time in and round Fort Garry was most unsatisfactory and truly humiliating. Upwards of 60 British subjects were held in close confinement as political prisoners. Security for persons or property there was none; the Fort with its large supplies of ammunition, provision and stores of all kinds, was in the possession of a few hundred French half-breeds, whose leaders had declared their determination to use every effort for the purpose of annexing the territory to the United States, and the Governor and Council of Assiniboine were powerless to enforce the law. On the 6th of January I saw Mr. Riel, and soon came to the conclusion that no good could arise from entering into any negotiations with his Council, even were we to admit their authority, which I was not prepared to do. We learnt that on the 13th, the Grand Vicar Thibault and Col. DeSalaberry appeared before the President and Council of the people, when explanations and compliments were exchanged, after which the very reverend gentleman and his associate were politely bowed out and lost sight of. Meantime we had frequent visits in the Fort from some of the most influential and most reliable in the settlement, who gladly made known to the people generally the liberal intentions of the Canadian Government, and in consequence, one after another of Riel's Councillors seceded from him, and being joined by their friends and by many of the Irish malcontents, who had throughout held aloof from the insurgents, they determined no longer to submit to his dictation. This change evidently had a marked effect on Riel, causing him to alter his tactics and to profess a desire for accomodation with Canada. Accordingly, on the 14th of January, he called on me and informed me that he had seen Messrs. Thibault and D Salaberry, whose instructions did not authorise them to give assurances that the people would be secured in the possession of their rights, on entering into the Confederation, their errand being merely "to calm the French half-breeds." He then asked to see my commission, and on my explaining that, owing entirely to the action taken by himself, it was not in my possession, in an excited yet faltering manner, he replied, "Yes, I know this a great pity, but how soon could you have it? probably in five, or six days.' I replied, 'That is too long—far too long,' he responded; and then asked where the documents were deposited, requesting, at the same time, a written order for their delivery to his messenger. To this I would not accede; but, on his assuring me that they would be delivered into my hands, and that I should be afforded an opportunity of communicating their contents to the people. I consented to send a friend for them. It was so decided, and immediately after the messenger had received his instructions from me, I was placed under arrest. A Captain's guard being assigned to me, whose instructions were not to lose sight of me for one moment, day or night, and to prevent me from communicating either verbally or in writing with any individual. I protested, saying 'am I to consider myself a prisoner.' He replied, 'certainly not, I have the utmost confidence in your honor, but circumstances demand this.' It was now about 10 o'clock, and my messenger having been marched out, I returned to bed, but only to be awakened twixt two and three o'clock in the morning of the 15th, by Mr. Riel, who with a guard stood by the bed side, and again demanded a written order for the delivery of my official papers, which I again peremptorily refused to give. The well alarmed French party became aware of what had happened, and not believing in Riel's good faith, determined to prevent the papers from falling into his hands. They got together 60 or 80 men, who met my friend on his way back, and were escorting him, when on the 16th, about ten miles from the Fort, when they were accosted by Riel and some of his party, and by the Rev. Mr. Richot, and an altercation took place. Riel attempted to use his pistol, saying he would not be taken alive in his own country, on which a revolver was levelled at his head, and Mr. Richot having interfered, he was unceremoniously told to stand aside and not interfere any further with matters unconnected with his spiritual duties. It may be well to note that all those who took part in this affair, were Catholics, and with one or two exceptions, French half-breeds. No thing more serious happened at this time, and the party proceeded together to Fort Garry, where they arrived in the forenoon. A few minutes before their entered the house, the Very Rev. Mr. Thibault, Pere Lestarc, and Col. De Salaberry called upon me, and with the exception of my guard, they were the first individuals with whom I was permitted to converse since the 14th. They appeared to be much concerned, and said it was currently reported I had been endeavouring to incite the different parties to hostile collision. I repudiated any such charge—explained that I had acted only in the cause of peace and order, and with the desire of making the people, both French and English, fully acquainted with the liberal views of the Canadian Government, so that a peaceful transfer of the territory might be effected, adding that I was pleased to know the state now every likelihood this would speedily be accomplished. In the meantime, the party in possession of my papers entered the adjoining room, in which Pere Lestarc joined them, while Messrs. Thibault and De Salaberry went outside. Immediately after they arrived, Mr. Riel came to me, saying your commission is here, but in the hands of men who had no right to have it I expressed satisfaction that it had been brought in, and said, being now in possession of it, I must be relieved from all restraint and be permitted freely to communicate with the people. He at once removed the guard, and we went up to the party who had just arrived. Messrs. Riel and O'Donohue, with a few of their friends, were present, and vehemently protested against the action now being taken, while the Ex-Councillors accused them of treason to the Imperial Crown, and of using every effort to bring about the annexation of the country to the United States. Riel replied that it was only supposing the people desired it; but he was willing the question should be submitted to them. Pere Lestanc spoke warmly in favor of the President, who, he said, had acted so as to merit the gratitude of his countrymen, and begged them still to place confidence in him; this evidently had no effect, and ultimately, after a good deal of recrimination, it was arranged that a meeting of the inhabitants from all parts of the settlement should be called for on the morrow, the 19th, at which the papers bearing on the subject should be ready. A guard of 40 men remained in the house to ensure the safe keeping of the documents. Riel's men were now falling away from him, while the loyal party expressed their determination no longer to be guided in the matter, either by him or by Pere Lestanc and his associates. They were full of hope, and confident that the following day would bring complete success to the cause of Canada. That night Pere Lestanc paid them another visit which was prolonged for several hours beyond midnight, and that morning it was found that a majority of those who had seceded from Riel were again on friendly terms with him. The hour for the meeting having arrived, upwards of a thousand people attended, and deeming it of great importance that the explanations to be made on behalf of the Canadian Government should be faithfully rendered to the French speaking portion of the settlers, whose leader, he studiously withheld from them all knowledge of the true state of matters in connection with the produced transfer of the country. I requested Colonel D. Salaberry to act as interpreter, but the Colonel, diffident of his own ability as a translator, proposed Mr. Riel as interpreter, and the latter was appointed accordingly. At this meeting and that held the following day, the reading of the commission, the Queen's letter, and every document was contested with obstinacy, but ultimately carried, and threats were used to myself in the presence and hearing of their chairman, of the secretary, Judge Black, and others, more especially by Mr. Riel and Rev Mr. Leclair. At the commencement of the meeting I requested the chairman and those near him that I be allowed to address the people, but this was refused by inviting that all arms should be laid down, and that the flag then flying, *Fleur de lis* and Shamrock should be replaced by British Ensign. This they thought would come better at an after stage, but the opportunity of doing so

bloody, civil war. I answered, that as I had said on first coming into the country, I would now repeat—that I would give my whole heart to effect a peaceable union of the country with Canada. We want only our rights as British subjects, he said, and we want the English to join us simply to obtain these. Then, I remarked, I shall at once see them, and induce them to go on with the election of delegates for that purpose; and he replied if you can do this, war will be avoided, not only the lives, but the liberties of all the prisoners will be secured, for on your success depends the lives of all the Canadians in the country. He immediately proceeded to the prison and intimated to Archdeacon McLean that he had been induced by me to spare Major Boulton's life, and he had further promised to me that immediately on the meeting of the Council, the party to be elected, the whole of the prisoners would be released, requesting the Archbishop at the same time to explain these circumstances to Major Boulton and the other prisoners. The movement was a fearful one for the settlement as every man's life was in the hands of Mr Riel, and they fully appreciated the significance of this. The Bishop of Rupert's Land and the Protestant clergy generally, now earnestly counselled the people to elect their delegates without loss of time, as by this means they might to some extent control the course of events, while otherwise they were utterly powerless. I entirely concurred in this view of the case, and Archdeacon McLean having kindly offered to accompany me, we visited the different parts of the settlement and found that in several parishes the people had those most loyal to the British Crown and most desirous for union with Canada, had already chosen their counsellors. I explained to all that the council was to be provisional in the strictest sense of the word, intended expressly for effecting the transference of the country to Canada, and for ensuring the safety of all life and property. In the meantime, in some instances, I found they had drawn up a petition to Mr. Riel, as President, expressing submission, &c. These I requested them to destroy, advising that nothing more should be done than, under the circumstances, was absolutely necessary, namely, that having made their election, they should simply state the fact in formal terms to Mr. Bonn, who had been named Secretary of the Council, and not to Mr. Riel. The elections in the English parishes having taken place on the 26th February, I again saw Mr Riel, who assured me that all the prisoners would be released within a day or two after the first meeting of the Council. On the 28th he again sent for me, and in the presence of Mr. Fraser, delegate for the Scotch parish of Kildonan, repeated his promise that the lives of the prisoners were secured, and that their release would shortly follow. I had no further communication till Monday the 4th March, when about 10 o'clock in the morning, Pere Lestane called on me. He informed me of Bishop Tache's expected arrival no later than the 8th, and probably some days earlier, I should defer my departure till he could communicate personally with me. He then said that the conduct of the prisoners was very unsatisfactory, that they were very unruly and insolent to the guards, and their behaviour altogether was very bad, that he was afraid the guards might be forced to retaliate in self-defence. I expressed much surprise at the information thus given, as the prisoners without exception had promised to Archbishop McLean and myself that, seeing their helpless condition, they would endeavor to act so as to avoid giving offence to their guards, and that encouraged them to look forward to being speedily liberated, in the fulfilment of the promise made by Mr. Riel. One man, Parker, was mentioned as having made himself particularly obnoxious by his violent conduct; but not one word was said on this occasion regarding Scott, or the slightest intimation given that he or any other person had been sentenced to be shot. About eleven o'clock Pere Lestane left me and went upstairs to communicate to Governor McTavish, as he said, the good news that Bishop Tache was expected soon. The Rev Mr. Young, Methodist clergyman, had then entered the house, and meeting the Pere in the hall, conversed with him a few minutes. Mr Young then came up to me, and from him I had the first intimation that it was intended to shoot Thomas Scott, and that the sentence was to be carried into effect at twelve o'clock that day. We agreed in thinking that the thing was too monstrous to be possible, and the Rev. Mr Young mentioned that poor Scott himself was equally incredulous on the subject, thinking they merely intended to frighten him. However, [illegible] to keep him in suspense, was of itself a horrible cruelty, and it was arranged that as the Rev. Mr. Young had been sent for to attend the man, he should see Mr. Riel, ascertain how matters stood, and if really serious let me know at once. The Rev. Mr. Young accordingly called on Mr Riel, and was informed that Scott had been condemned; that the sentence was irrevocable, and would not be delayed one minute beyond noon. Rev. Mr. Young begged for a delay, saying that the man was not prepared to die; but all without avail. He was paralyzed with horror. He returned to the prisoner, and immediately sent a messenger to inform me of the result of his visit. I determined to find out Mr. Riel immediately; but recollecting that Pere Lestane was still up stairs, with Governor McTavish, I related to him what I heard and asked him if he knew anything about the matter. His answer I cannot give in the precise words; but it was to the effect that they had seen Mr. Riel on the other side of St. Boniface, and had all spoken to him about it, by which I understood that they interceded for Scott. Gov. McTavish was greatly shocked on being informed of Mr Riel's purpose, and joined in reprobating it. Pere Lestane consented to accompany me, and we called on Mr Riel. When he entered he asked me what news there was from Canada. The mail had arrived the preceding day, and I replied that the only intelligence is that Bishop Tache will be here soon. I then mentioned what I had heard regarding Scott, and before Riel answered, Pere Lestane interposed in French meaning—'Is there no way of escape.' Riel replied to him, 'My Rev. Pere, you know exactly how matters stand.' Then turning to me he said, I will explain to you, speaking at first in English, but shortly after in French, remarking to me, 'You understand that language.' He said in substance that Scott throughout had been a most troublesome character, had been a ringleader in the rising against Snow, who had charge of the party employed by the Canadian Government during the preceding summer, in road making. That he had risen against the Provisional Government in December last; that his life had been spared; that he escaped; and had again been taken in arms and once more pardoned (referring no doubt to the promise that made to me, that the lives of the prisoners were secured), but that he was incorrigible and quite incapable of appreciating the clemency with which he had been treated; that he was rough and abusive to the guards and insulting to him (Mr. Riel); that his example had been productive of the very worst effect on the other prisoners, who had become insubordinate to such an extent that it was difficult to withhold the guards from retaliation. He further said, I sat down with Scott, as we are doing now, and asked him truthfully to tell me if I would not use his words against him what he and the Portage party intended to have done with me, had they succeeded in taking me when they surrounded Coutu's house. To which he replied, 'We intended to keep you as a hostage for the safety of the prisoners.' I agreed with Mr. Riel and endeavored to show that some of the circumstances he had mentioned, especially the last, were very strong reasons to urge why Scott's life should not be sacrificed, and that if he was a rash, thoughtless man, whom none cared to have anything to do with, no evil could be apprehended from his example. I pointed out that one great merit claimed for the insurrection was that, so far, it had been bloodless except in one sad instance, which all were willing to look upon as accident, and implored him not now to stain it, to burden it with what would be considered a horrible crime. He exclaimed 'we must make Canada respect us.' I replied 'she has every proper respect for the people of the Red River, and this is shown in her having sent commissioners to treat with them.' I told him that I had seen the prisoners some time back, when they commissioned me to say to their friends at the Portage, that they desired peace, and I offered to go to them again and reason with them, should that be necessary. On this he said, look here Mr. Smith, Scott, the representative went to see the prisoners at my desire, and on asking them how they would vote for as councillor if they were permitted action outside of their own body; Thomas Scott came forward and said, my boys have nothing to do with these Americans; and when I remarked this is really a trifling affair, and ought not to have been repeated, He said do not attempt to prejudice us against the Americans, for, although we have not been with them, they are with us, and have been better friends to us than the Canadians. Much more was said on both sides, but argument, entreaty, and protest, alike failed to draw him from his purpose, and he closed by saying, I have done three good things since I commenced; I have spared Boulton's life at your instance, and I do not regret it, for he is a fine fellow; I pardoned Gaddy, and he showed his gratitude by escaping out of the bastion, but I do not grudge him his miserable life, and now I shall shoot Scott. Mr. Lepine, Adjutant General, who was the president of the council of seven which tried Scott, and five of whom Mr. Riel told me, with tears streaming from their eyes, condemned him as worthy of death, a sentence which he had confirmed now, and in answer to Mr. Riel he said he must die.

Mr. Riel then requested the Rev. Pere Lestane to put the people on their knees for prayer, as it might do good to the condemned man's soul. Referring to Pere Lestane and making a final appeal, unnecessary here to repeat, I retired. It was now within a few minutes of one o'clock, and on entering the Governor's house, the Rev. Mr. Young joined me and said it is now considerably past the hour, I trust you have succeeded. No, I said, for God's sake go back at once to the poor man for I fear the worst. He left immediately, and a few minutes after, entered the room in which the prisoner was confined. The guard marched in and told Scott his hour was come; not until then did the reality of his position flash upon poor Scott. He said good by to the other prisoners, was led outside the gate of the Fort with a white handkerchief covering his head, his coffin having a piece of white cotton thrown over it, was carried out, his eyes were bandaged, he continued in prayer, in which he had been engaged on the way, for a few minutes. He asked the Rev. Mr. Young how he should place himself, whether standing or kneeling. He then knelt in the snow, said farewell, and immediately fell back, pierced by three bullets, which passed through his body. The firing party consisted of six men, all of whom, it is said, were more or less intoxicated. It has been further stated that only three of the muskets were loaded with ball cartridge and one did not discharge his piece. The Rev. Mr Young turned aside when the first shots were fired. He then went back to the body and again retired for a moment, while a man discharged his revolver at the sufferer. The ball, it is said, entered the eye and passed round the head. The wounded man groaned between the time of receiving the musket shots and the discharge of the revolver. The Rev. Mr. Young asked to have the remains for interment in the burying ground of the Presbyterian Church, but this was not acceded to, and a similar request preferred by the Bishop of Rupert's Land was also refused. He was burried within the walls of the Fort. On ascending the steps leading from the prison, poor Scott, addressing the Rev. Mr. Young, said, 'This is a cold-blooded murder.' Then engaged in prayer, and was so occupied until he was shot. After this date I held no communication whatever with Riel, except in reference to getting away from the country, which I was not allowed to leave without a pass. I felt that under the circumstances it was not desirable I should remain longer at Red River, but it was not until late in the night of the 18th inst, that Mr. Riel gave permission for my departure, although not accomplishing all that could be desired. My mission to Red River, as I shall endeavour to show in a few words, has been productive of some good and that it was not entirely successful may be attributed to the circumstances above referred to in connection with the action taken and the meeting held in January last, the success, although in a lesser degree, might also have been gained at a latter period but for the rising in February which though rash and productive of results most unfortunate, I can hardly blame, knowing, as already stated, those who took part in it were actuated and impelled by generous motives. On reaching the Red River in December last, I found the English speaking portion of the inhabitants greatly divided in opinion, as to the comparative advantage of union with Canada, and the formation of a Crown Colony, while a few, a very small number, favoured annexation to the United States. The explanations offered on the part of Canada, they received as satisfactory and with hardly a dissenting voice they would now vote for the immediate transfer to the Dominion. They earnestly requested me to assure His Excellency the Governor General of their warm loyalty to the British Crown. The case of difficult as regards the French half breeds, a not inconsiderable number of them remain true to their allegiance during all troubles through which they have had to pass, and will now be found associated among those whose minds had for a time been poisoned by gross misrepresentations made by designing men for their own selfish ends to acknowledge the true state of the case, and of the advantages they would derive from the union with Canada had been carefully kept from them, and they were told to judge of the Canadians generally by the acts and bearing of some of the less reflective immigrants, who had denounced them as encumberers of the ground, who must speedily make way for a superior race about to pour in upon them. It is also too true, that in the unauthorized proceedings of some of the recent Canadian arrivals. Some plausible ground had been given for jealousy and alarm, which the contemplated change of Government was regarded by the native population. In various localities these adventurers had been industriously marking off for themselves considerable, and, in some cases, very extensive and exceptionally valuable tracts of land, thereby improving the minds of the people with the belief that time had come when, in their own country, they were to be entirely supplanted by strangers. A belief, however, which I have no doubt might have been completely precluded by prevention of all such operations, until Canada had fully unfolded her policy and shown the groundlessness of these fears. Let us further bear in mind that many of the Catholic clergy in the country are not French Canadians, but Frenchmen, and consequently, it may be presumed not very conversant with British laws and institutions, and with the liberty and privileges enjoyed under them, warmly attached to their flocks they deemed it necessary to exact some guarantee, but in their new political condition they would not be treated with injustice. Is it unnecessary to point out how the breach widened until at length it attained a magnitude and significance little dreamt of in the commencement, even by those who joined most heartily in the Government It was far more pleasing to be able to state, which I do with much confidence, that a large majority of the French party have no misgiving as to the union with Canada, and that joined by and under the guidance of Bishop Tache, and other members of the clergy who enjoy their confidence, they will very shortly prove themselves to be staunch supporters of the Dominion, and firm in their allegiance to England. In the course of the insurrection, one deplorable crime, and many grossly illegal acts, have unquestionably been committed, but it would be alike impolitic and unjust to charge them on the French population generally Much obloquy has been heaped on the Hudson Bay Company and their Governor and Officers in the North West, which I consider quite unnecessary, at this moment, to answer or refute, although not doubting that both could be readily and satisfactorily done. Errors, many and grave, have, it cannot be denied, been committed on all sides, but wilful and intentional neglect of duty cannot, I feel convinced, be laid to the charge either of the Hudson Bay Company, or their representatives in the country. Personally, I have been entirely unconnected with the administration of affairs in that department. I would respectfully submit that it is of the utmost importance that there should be a strong military force in the North West as early as practicable. The minds of the Indian tribes in the Saskatchewan country have been so perplexed and confused by the occurrences of the past six months, that it would be very unsafe to trust to their forbearance; and, indeed, until the question of the Indian claims has been finally settled, it would not, in my opinion, be prudent to leave the country unprotected by the military. The adjustment of those claims will require early attention, and some memoranda and evidence in my hands on the subject, I shall, if desired, be prepared to lay before the Government.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) DONALD A. SMITH.

HON. MR. McKEAGNEY'S SPEECH ON THE TARIFF.

"Hon. Mr. McKEAGNEY—Mr. Speaker, coming as I do from the coal producing county of Cape Breton, it will be naturally expected that I should offer a few observations on the subject now before the House. Hon. members opposite, and especially the hon. member from Brant, said it would be in the interest of Nova Scotia that all coal coming into the Dominion should be exempt from duty. I tell the hon. member for Brant that he will not be accepted in Nova Scotia as the true exponent of the wants or feelings of the people of that Province. Sir, they well know, and remember it too, that at a time when the highest interests of Nova Scotia trembled in the balance, that hon. gentleman was found throwing his vote and influence into the scale against her. And now, forsooth, he comes forward, as the self-constituted champion of Nova Scotia, and asks this House to protect her from an injury which he says this duty on coal would inflict on the people of that Province. I say, away with such pseudo friends, we want none of them! Now, Mr. Speaker, I have the honour to stand here as the representative of the twenty thousand people who compose the population of Cape Breton, by far the most important coal district in Nova Scotia, and I tell this House that my constituents will regard it as a boon and benefit to them that this duty on coal should be imposed. The only thing I regret is, that instead of 50 cents per ton, it is not double that amount. This is, indeed, a grave question, Mr. Speaker, and may involve serious consequences. If you fail to protect the native industry of Nova Scotia, the people will feel that this Dominion of Canada has no longer any interest in their welfare, and a deep sentiment of dissatisfaction will be engendered throughout the length and breadth of the land. I entreat this House then to pause before it commits itself to a non-protective policy, that must give rise to the deepest feeling of hostility in the minds of the people of Cape Breton. Then, indeed, will they say, and truly can they say it, that Confederation has become not a blessing, but a curse to them; that, like an incubus, it has crushed and borne down their best interests. Sir, what will be the consequence? Why, this will be the consequence—that the people of Nova Scotia, becoming justly exasperated at this abnegation of their rights, will hold indignation meetings, condemnatory of Confederation. They will say, behold now what Confederation has done; see the bitter fruit it has produced; our worst fears have become realized! These Canadians now hold us in their thrall, and refuse to do us justice by protecting the fruits of our honest labour. Who can answer for the consequences that may ensue from this deep-seated indignation? If, by your vote to-night, you precipitate this state of things, I tell this House that I believe the people of Cape Breton, to escape the evils that will thus surround them, would be driven, reluctantly driven, I will say, to desire annexation, rather than have their interests borne down by the unjust legislation of this Parliament. We have now, Mr. Speaker, a conflagration at the North-West. I caution you to have a care that you do not kindle a spark at the South-East that will shake this Confederation to its very centre! Save this country, then, I entreat you, from these evils; and shew the people of Nova Scotia that you are mindful of their prosperity, and desire to do them full justice by fostering and developing the natural resources of that fine Province. Shew them that you have their welfare at heart; that you will allow no petty feelings or sectional considerations unjustly to depress their interests, and you will thus strengthen the bonds that bind us together as a people, and promote the happiness and prosperity of this great Dominion.

LOCAL NEWS

THE GATINEAU POINT.—This distinguished locality is almost entirely flooded. It wanted a cleaning out pretty bad.

OTTAWA CRICKET CLUB.—The members of this association will meet to-day at Kavanagh's. A full muster is expected.

A PIKE.—A pike weighing 42 pounds was caught near the Chaudiere on Saturday night. He swears it is not a *Maskinonge*. The reader may believe him if he wishes.

SAWED LUMBER.—At the opening of navigation there were about 60,000,000 feet of sawed lumber for exportation at or near the Chaudiere mills. Something over 6,000,000 feet have already been.

MILITARY.—Very active military measures have been carried on during the past few days in the matter of the Red River expedition. Col. Fielden of the 60th has already left for the West. He is to act as Provost General.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL HOUSE READINGS.—Readings will be given this evening by Lieut. Colonel Coffin, Mr. Adamson, Mr. Kingsford, of Montreal, Captain Hincks, and Dr. Anderson, of Quebec. Music and songs.

Mr. Bermingham will sell on Thursday and Friday, the 5th and sixth, at the residence of J. P. Macpherson, Vittoria street, all his household furniture, horses, carriages, buggies, sleighs, &c. See advertisement.

COLORS UP.—The neat and trim little steamer at the head of the locks, which it is said, has been mustered into service for the Red River expedition, had the "Jack" and "Ensign" hoisted yesterday.

POLICE COURT—SATURDAY.—Denis Whelan, having sidewalk encumbered by merchandise; fined $1 and costs.

John Roberts, having two goats running at large; fined $1 and costs.

THE NEW SUPERINTENDENT.—Mr. Luttrell, the new Superintendent of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway, was introduced along the line of the road on Saturday.

MUSTER PARADE.—The monthly paymasters parade of the 60th Rifles here took place on Saturday on George street. The men looked hearty and hopeful.

THE RIDEAU CANAL.—The water was let into the canal on Saturday. It is coming down with a perfect rush. To day, we think, the steamer *City of Ottawa* will be able to move upwards. She was lighted up last evening.

RED RIVER EXPEDITION.—We have heard that 75 men of the portion of the 60th Rifles, stationed here, will leave to-morrow on the proposed expedition to Red River, with the members of the band to be sent to accompany them. They will proceed to Toronto, where they will be joined by a number of the detachment there, and proceed to Collingwood, which is to be the basis of operation.

THE CONCERT.—A very select amateur concert took place at the Rink Music Hall on Saturday night. The spacious apartment was well filled, and the best talent in the city volunteered to make the evening delightful. The singing, all through, was superior. One glorious *soprano* called forth a storm of applause, which was kept up till the gentleman in management, had to explain the impossibility of an encore being responded to. Sig. Rainer's men never played better.

Mr. Bradley will *give away free gratis* one choice building site in the Village of Gorebrough, to the party buying the largest number out of every 20 lots sold at the great auction sale to-morrow at 11 o'clock, at the Russell House corner. The same will be done with reference to every other 20 sold. The time will be extended for the balance of purchase money from 3 to 6 years if necessary. For full particulars see advertisement in another column.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—This popular establishment was fairly attended on Saturday evening. Miss Nelson, though new, was good as the "French Spy." The melodrama was followed by the farce of "Nicodemus." Lindley, as usual, kept the audience in roars of laughter. Marshall is to have a benefit this week—tendered by the St. George's Society. He deserves a bumper, and will get it. Marshall is not selfish, as most managers are; he wishes to gratify the public, and the public should respond.

Appointments.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA, OTTAWA, April 22, 1870.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen Fishery Officers, under the 31st Vic, Caps. 60 and 61, viz:

Peter Astle Scott, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire, Captain in Her Majesty's Royal Navy, and to be in command of the Canadian Government vessel or steamer *Lady Head*.

OTTAWA, 23rd April, 1870.

Gilbert Vallancey Storey, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, an Officer in Her Majesty's Royal Navy, and to be in Command of the Canadian Government Vessel "*England*."

Henry Edwin Betts, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman, and to be in Command of the Canadian Government Vessel "*Ella G. McLean*."

James Alexander Tory, of Guysborough, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman, and to be in Command of the Canadian Government Vessel "*Ida E.*"

Louis Honorius Lachance, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman, and to be in Command of the Canadian Government Vessel "*Stella Maris*."

Daniel Marshall Browne, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman, and to be in Command of the Canadian Government Vessel "*Water Lilly*."

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The arch of the new Metropolitan Railway, under the northern end of Black Friar's bridge, gave way to-day. Men were at work in the tunnel, and twelve were buried in the ruins. All of them were taken out alive, but seven were badly, if not fatally injured, and others slightly injured.

The project of the Ship Canal from Liverpool to Manchester, has again been renewed.

The condition of the Archbishop of Canterbury is less alarming than was reported by the *Churchman* yesterday.

BIRTH.

On the 30th ult., at East Wurtemburg street, Sandy Hill, the wife of William White, Esq., of a son.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S
LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE
COMPANY,
MONDAY, MAY 2nd,
Production of the Magnificent Melodrama entitled
"THE TEMPTATION."
To conclude with the Farce of
JENNY LIND AT LAST.
Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.
MANAGER.........................W J MARSHALL.
May 2, 1870. 1352 6

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT CATALOGUE SALE
—OF—
Elegant Household and Portable Furniture, Oil Paintings, Chromos, Engravings, Carpets, Plated Ware, Cutlery, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM has received instructions from J. P. MACPHERSON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Vittoria street, off Wellington, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 5th and 6th of May, all the superb furniture therein contained, comprising a rich Drawing Room set in Mahogany, Card Tables, Ottomans, Cabinets Side Boards, and Chiffoniers, Ornaments, Pictures, Lounges, Extension Dining Table, Hangings, Carpets, and a beautiful carved Hall Table and Chairs, very excellent Black Walnut Bedroom Furniture, Breakfast, Dinner and Dessert Services, the latter exquisitely hand painted, and each piece differing in design.

A very fine Mare 7 years old, splendid traveller, one very fine Horse 5 years old, sired by "old St. Lawrence," combining beauty, strength and agility. One Foal, eleven months old, by "Don Juan," the winner of the Queen's plate.

Four very fine Ingersoll Hand Power Hay Presses used for hops, rags, &c. Cost $150 each.

One very fine Horse Power Beater Hay Press—cost $400

An antiquarian collection of coins and curiosities.

The furniture may be seen at the house, from 12 o'clock noon until 4 p.m., day previous to sale. Catalogues may be had from the undersigned on Tuesday the 3rd, and at the house day of sale.

Sale each day at 11 o'clock a. m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 30, 1870 1347td

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE
On Liberal Terms a Stock of
GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,
Together with the
LEASE OF STORE,
—AND A—
WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,
Carried on by
D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.
In Ottawa.

Application to be made to
C. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
of Montreal,
Or BALDWIN BROS.,
Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

Dry Goods.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Have just received
"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,
in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE
PRINTED MUSLINS
this Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."
Ottawa, April 19th.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

To Let.

TO LET.
The MONTREAL COTTAGE, Daly street, one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent moderate
Apply to
MR SADLER,
Protestant Hospital.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 6

TO LET.
Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.
Apply to
MR SADLER,
Protestant Hospital.
1347 3

TO LET.
To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.
Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.
The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.
Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

A HOUSE TO LET
In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds. and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at G. MORTIMER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

TO LET.
TWO NEW DWELLINGS to rent on Nelson Street, Upper Town, eight rooms in each Dwelling, good cellar and shed to each house. Rent without taxes $100 per annum.
Apply to EDWARD WALLACE,
A J STEPHENS,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870. 1336tf

HOUSE TO LET.
To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,
DENIS EGAN,
1335tf Ashburnham Hill.

TO LET.
Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Albans Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.
Apply to
J J MURPHY,
Solicitor,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa April 29, 1870 1345 6

WANTED.
A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the Russell House.
Apply at
1343 6 THE TIMES OFFICE.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I. B. TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, has received instruction from the REV. C. F. STREET, to sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, late residence of Mr. Roderick Ross, on MONDAY, the second day of May, at one o'clock p. m., all the Household Furniture, consisting in part of haircloth Sofas, Haircloth Chairs, Centre Tables Dining Tables, Sideboards, Side Tables, Cane seat, and other Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Enclosed Washstand, Kitchen Furniture, and many other miscellaneous articles; also will be offered at the same time about sixty volumes of Theological works and other Books; and a fine English Piano, and a splendid silver mounted Flute, cost 50 dollars. Also, a Cooking Stove Box Stoves and a quantity of Stovepipes.
Sale positive and without reserve
I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, April 27, 1870 1343td

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.
About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamised Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.
For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END
DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.
BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of
STAPLE GOODS
COMPRISING
New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

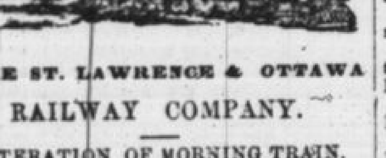
—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.
Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.
Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.
BLYTH & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y



THE ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA
RAILWAY COMPANY.
ALTERATION OF MORNING TRAIN.
NOTICE.
On and from Monday, the 2nd May,
THE MORNING TRAIN
Will leave OTTAWA at 7 a. m. instead of 8 in order to connect with the ROYAL MAIL steamers for the East and West at Prescott Wharf.
THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, April 29, 1870. 1346 2

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL
BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES
TO BE
GIVEN AWAY
—ON—
THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Gorebrough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

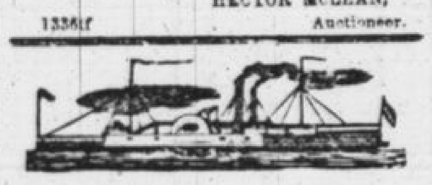
Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, now containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2,000 as follows, viz. one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

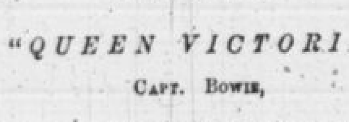
N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.
Apply to
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

FOR SALE.
A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.
Apply to
HECTOR McLEAN,
1336tf Auctioneer.



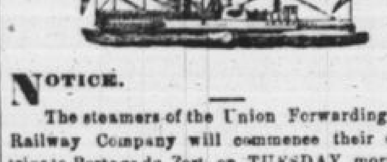
NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY LINE
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.
R S CASSELS,
1340tf President.



THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily,

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.
The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.
R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, April 23, 187[?] 1341tf

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted) for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to
J T CORCORAN, Agent,
At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.
April 21, 1870.

FOUND.
On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 13[?]tf

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,
OPPOSITE
THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up or a
FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,
and having purchased a very heavy stock,
(A BANKRUPT STOCK),
at a very low figure,
Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.
He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,
STOVES AND TINWARE,
now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS
made up purposely for their trade.
—ALSO,—
Country merchants would do well to give a call.
Also, dealers in
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.
ALSO,
Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.
BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,
AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
ALSO ON HAND,
LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
Common and Best Refined Oils.
Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.
Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.
Remember,
RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.
Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1347 3m

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.
Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.
JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets
Ottawa, February 26, 1870 1294tf

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their
CHOICE STOCK
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRESS GOODS
In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED
ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,
in great variety.
All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED
SILKS,
A LARGE STOCK,
Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.
In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.
Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.
Inspection invited.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES by Times Office, Ottawa, May 2, 1870.

Flour—Extra	4 50	@ 0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@ 0 00
No. 1	4 50	@ 4 75
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@ 0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
Potatoes—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Beans—Pea " "	1 00	@ 0 00
Beans—Other kinds	0 70	@ 0 00
Pork—Prime Mess 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Prime 56 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 32½
Cargo " 56 lbs.	1 10	@ 0 00
Clear " 56 lbs.	1 00	@ 0 00
Beef—Mess per barrel	17 00	@ 00 00
Mess Beef per lb.	0 10	@ 00 00
Hams	none.	
Butter—Prime (fresh)	9 00	@ 10 00
Dairy per lb.	0 12	@ 0 15
Lard per 100 lbs	5 50	@ 7 50
Cheese per lb	0 07	@ 0 00
Eggs—Fresh Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Fowls—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 00
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
Geese	0 18	@ 0 20
Tea—Choice Table	0 11	@ 0 20
No. 1 Fair	0 00	@ 0 00
O. J.	0 13	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 13	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
Apples—per lb.	0 45	@ 0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	11 00	@ 0 00
Hay—Per ton	4 00	@ 5 50
Straw—Per ton	0 00	@ 0 00
Cordwood (cubic measure	4 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@ 0 00

Hides		
Green—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	5 00	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@ 0 00

SUNSTROKE—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also delusion. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great Shonnoxeen Reservoir of information, flowed in the wake of civilization.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel so easily lost as virtue, and it may cost as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and invigorating condiment having caused certain dealers to assume the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper and bottle.

Sold by the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 4dy1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample box of goods, sent by mail free, and a copy of The Star, which will do to commence work on, one of the largest and handsomest family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent profitable work, address TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 3s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Sold by Chemists. 1w law1w

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Intractable cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops into one or other of its fitting forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Tetter, Scaly Eruptions, Scrofulous Humors, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous disease*. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilitic or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody. As a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or negligence of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion**, **Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the disordered action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores lost appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,

No 53, Sparks street, Ottawa.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call especially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T. BAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 28

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate It

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and efficacy as a clear Dressing can hardly be realized by those who have not seen its effects, but the testimony of the most respectable and reliable persons should be sufficient to induce every one who uses it to try it.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. *Do not confound this either with the worthless Nostrums of Quacks.* Wholesale Druggists, Messrs. R. P. Fox, Dupont, Ottawa, Agents for Canada. Sole Proprietor, R. S. Fox, 53 Barclay St. and 2 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Crump or Rattles.—Dr. BIGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test of trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BENEDICT, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

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TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

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Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been certified to be quite pure, and free from adulteration or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unsurpassed for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping the mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 10c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 15 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded promptly on receipt of the order by remitting money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. If there a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their share. We warrant a saving to Tea drinkers. We warrant all Teas to be satisfactory. If they are not so, the Teas can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 70c; Souchong, fine, rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 70c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

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Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 55c, 60c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 80c; superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1869.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box, which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a entire sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

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THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

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The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

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Windsor, April 6, 1870.

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Legal Cards.

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M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

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D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43tf

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ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

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Medical.

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QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere. In 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J. GARDNER, Chemist,

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Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Sides, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O Church of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,

Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. I had shown years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no benefit. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I then procured two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This cash of mine was not a private one, but known to my neighbours and friends who had to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope, lers; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,

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FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 10s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

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FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

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STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

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Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

☞ All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,

General Agent.

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A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

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FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. Tayleur, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN AND WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINSENT, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Union Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tuf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

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EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to be comfortable to his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

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292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

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BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Atlins, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

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THE ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the best agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

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☞ 234 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

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Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,

Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,

Publishers Ontario Farmer,

Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

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First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and tebrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anæmia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

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The Times

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Always on Hand.

December 29, 1869. 1238.t

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MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

And numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

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WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines of various prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

Proof and over, at extremely low rices.

Dunville's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Irish Whiskey.

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... STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ... AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

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... advantages, I think, cannot fail to ... who may favor me with their orders. ... NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle* ... *Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box* ... *Ottawa.*

Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...

...—Empty Pickle bottles collected ... prices given. 1196y

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Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

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No 85 Rideau street.

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK,

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa. 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

"The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,

I. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 500 pairs of Shanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity.

Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B —Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 tm

TO LET.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Bertram, Metcalfe Street. Rent $230 per annum. Possession on 1st May.

Apply to

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa April 6 1870. 1327tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water thereon. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouses For particulars apply to

R HARDY.

Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 tM1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to

JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street.

1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1328 3awk tM1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms. Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen.

Application to

D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st, 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE. 1296 tf

Ottawa, March 1, 1870.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour durig the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest favoured to the city. It has a great run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use. finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG'S

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED,

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	2
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,149,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,098	1,677,112 17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,300,827	1,604,851 37	110,916 53
November	1,348,140	1,968,397 54	128,332 99
December	1,491,154	1,500,680 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors).

R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870 } 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1300tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon.	9.00		11.50	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	7.00		9.00	8.00	11.50	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon.				5.30
St. John, N. B.; daily		12 Noon.			11.50	5.30
United States	7.00	12 Noon.	9.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		5.00		11.30	
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa—by Stage			6.00	8.00	11.50	4.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.00	12 Noon.			11.50	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	7.00					6.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00				11.30	
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

NOTE.—Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 12th April, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive........ 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

(Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Rivierè du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$ 5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	14 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

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Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

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DIVORCE BILL NEW BRUNSWICK.

Mr. BELLEROSE deeply deplored that the question should have been brought before the House, in a manner so awkward and so eminently calculated to create division between the Maritime Provinces and the Province of Quebec. He asked Sir. Geo. E. Cartier, who maintained that Catholic members could vote for the measure, to answer a very serious question; "A man is convinced, he would suppose, that divorce is in itself immoral. He believes that the marriage bond is indissoluble, and sacred, and that even after the judgment of a divorce court, neither the husband nor the wife so separated is free in reality. That any subsequent marriage is null and void, and that the intercourse ensuing thereunder is simply adultery. He would ask if he (Sir George) thought that a person holding such convictions could empower a Government to appoint a judge charged with the hearing of a particular divorce case, even though, as in the present instance, a divorce court existed in the country?

The reply not being satisfactory to the member for Laval, the hon. gentleman enumerated and explained the motives which induced him to vote against the Bill. He said that, in his opinion, no Catholic should or could support it. He nevertheless blamed Mr. Pelletier for the course he had just taken in the matter. The hon. member for Kamouraska could not have been ignorant that the court of divorce for New Brunswick existed prior to Confederation; that the principle of divorce was maintained by a considerable majority in the federal legislature. That under such circumstances it was impossible to succeed in abolishing that court; and that in consequence the hon. member's motion would have no other effect than to place the representatives of the Province of Quebec in an unpleasant dilemna, to give rise to dissatisfaction among the members for New Brunswick, to deprive us of their co-operation in other matters, and to lead them to think that we were determined at any cost to work the destruction of their local institutions. He was therefore of the opinion that the motion of Mr. Pelletier would render no real service either to the Province of Quebec, or to Catholic principles, of which that hon. member was a somewhat too inflexible champion. Nevertheless the question of the abolition of divorce courts in New Brunswick having been raised, it was the duty of Catholic members to vote, and in his opinion they could not hesitate, they must vote for the abolition of the court, leaving the responsibility of the course he had taken to rest with Mr. Pelletier, if the principle of the indissolubility of Christian marriage should succumb in this House.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* comments on the amelioration of American opinion during the past few years. It is now impossible the writer says, to find an American who will admit having opposed the right of negroes to vote.

A rumor was circulated yesterday, that the American Consul at Yedo, had been killed by the natives; this has had a very depressing effect on the Japanese loan recently introduced here.

A report has been received from Madras of a serious rising among the native tribe of Thakoors at Newar. Two hundred miles southwest of Delhi, some two thousand of the tribe rebelled against the chief and his followers, and a terrible massacre had taken place.

The *Weekly Register*, the recognized organ of the Roman Catholics here, and well instructed as to the movements of the Vatican, says: The Ecumenical Council has work before it for a year.

Dundee vessels returning from Greenland bring 8,000 tons of seal oil.

The Cork *Constitution* says that vessels have been dispatched to the relief of the steamer reported last in the ice off the coast of Greenland.

The *Examiner* says: A fallacy pervading the entire debate in Parliament on Colonial affairs, is that liberty and imperial solidity are incompatible In Commons to-night, Mr. Gladstone announced debate in Committee on the Irish Land Bill, be postponed until Monday. Mr. Newdegate's motion for enquiry into monastic institutions, would next be considered, and the discussion of the Red River difficulty was postponed until the 27th of May.

Mr. Gladstone said the important principles of the Irish Land Bill were already settled, and hoped that they would be able to resume the consideration of the Education Bill at an early day.

Sir J. Pakington, in reply to the question why, while he was War Secretary, Mr. Boxer, the inventor, was dismissed from employ, by the Government, on the discovery that he retained money from, and interest in his inventions. Mr. Otway, in reply to an inquiry from Mr. Barbenic, stated that the Government declined to urge the *Tornado* claims on Spain The Government had become convinced, that the *Tornado* was leaving to enter the Chillian service when she was seized by the *Metropolitan*.

The Poor Relief Bill was considered in committee, and reported to the House

The Bill legalizing marriages with a deceased wife's sister passed.

The House after transacting an unusually large amount of business, adjourned at 2 a. m.

PARIS.—The meetings held yesterday to discuss matters relating to the *plebiscitum* were more turbulent than ever. The opponents of the plebescite in this city were dissolved by the authorities, because an accusation of the Emperor was proposed. The people separated without rioting, though they expressed their disapproval by cheering for the Republic and singing the 'Marseillaise.'

Many other meetings were held in the city which, however, were generally orderly.

It was resolved that all those in favour of the Republic would vote it. M. Jerome, who, at a public meeting last night, urged the impeachment of the Emperor, was arrested.

This morning Jules Fabre endorsed the manifesto on the plebiscite, and is sued by the Deputies of the Left and the Opposition journals.

The Archbishop of Chambey and the Bishop of Cape have ordered their clergy to vote in the affirmative.

The Court, it is said, is to go to St. Cloud, and to remain there a week, until the time the *plebiscitum* is taken The tour of the Prince Imperial to the provinces is deferred.

MADRID.—The journals of this city deny the rumoured withdrawal of Marshall Lezanne to make way for the establishment of a reign composed of three persons.

Outbreaks occurred last evening at Alcalo, in the province of Acia, and at Santiago, though they were soon repressed. At this latter place there were one hundred of the insurgents arrested and imprisoned.

Montreal Items.

As usual at this time of year, auction sales of household furniture are very numerous.

The 248th anniversary of the Laval University was celebrated on Thursday, by the usual musical festival. The band of the 69th was present.

The outgoing City Councillors gave their annual kick.

Last evening the following vessels arrived from sea: S S Ottawa, Kingsdown, S S Lady Head, from below.

The Lake Erie left for Montreal yesterday.

The finest raft of the season belonging to the Messrs. Hamilton has arrived.

In the Court of Queen's Bench to-day Chief Justice Duval presiding, the Grand Jury returned the following bills:—

The case of Cardinal, for murder; an ignoramus case of stealing from a registered letter, true bill. In the case of McConnell, for, forgery, the Petit Jury returned a verdict of of not guilty. He was defended by Mr. Dennis Murray.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
List of Letters—G P Baker
Grand Trunk Railway—A & H Taylor
American Silver Coin—W Weir
Servant Girl Wanted—E Rowsell
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The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page

IRON HIGHWAYS.

Not long ago—how long we scarcely know—the subject of railroads being under discussion, we hinted at the probability of the iron, like the macadamized road becoming a public highway to be used by as many companies or persons as desired to use it. There were of course, obvious difficulties, and there was of course no ready belief in the practicability of the idea. It was of no use arguing that, to some extent, the idea had been realised. Railroad men, of experience were unwilling to believe that the plan would work. The Peterboro cars, had for some months run over the track of the Peterboro and Lindsay Railroad, between Millbrook and Port Hope, by paying a yearly consideration therefor. That, however, was not enough to convince practicable men that the idea was a feasible one It occurred to us that it would pay. A country might in such a case construct any number of roads and demanding tolls at the stations reap a large profit as soon as the road was completed. All the outlay for rolling stock would rest with those who used the road. All that the country would have to do, would be to maintain the road. There would necessarily be rules for general guidance. These, however, are necessary now, Even where the rolling stock belongs to the road the running must be carefully regulated and watched. The new plan would induce greater care and possibly not so many accidents Be that as it may the New York *World* contains the following article, which we submit *pro bono publico*:

Governor Palmer, of Illinois, in a letter to the convention of farmers recently held at Bloomington in that State, suggests a method by which the carrying business of railroads may be thrown open to the largest competition, without detriment to the company, and to the great benefit of the producer. This letter the Chicago *Tribune* quotes, with extended and favorable comment. The Governor's plan is not new—in fact it is identical with that advocated by the late Lusman Sherwood, who died in this city a little more than a year ago. It may be briefly stated thus: There is no necessary connection between the ownership and management of a railroad and the business of a common carrier, and the same principles may be made to apply in its management which regulate the business of the turnpike and the canal. Railroad tracks may be converted "into common highways upon which all competing parties who choose may put and run their rolling stock, at such prices as they choose," paying the company for the use of the road and the motive power, thus giving the competition between the common carriers in the same road, in addition to the competition between the different roads.

Illustrations of this system are not wanting. The railway express companies and the proprietors of sleeping and drawingroom cars put on their own stock and maintain it at their own cost, paying the road only for the use of the track and the locomotive. On the street railroads in some cities, and for short distances at various points in this city two or more companies run their cars on the same track, thus creating competition, greatly conducive to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public. On some of the railroads in Pennsylvania the merchants doing business along the line have their own freight cars, which are switched off on the side tracks leading into their warehouses. The plan of the Illinois Governor would give to this system the broadest application, by compelling the railroads to admit all freight cars and coaches on terms equally favorable—applying strictly the principle of the common law now applicable to turnpikes, ferries, &c.

The general adoption of this suggestion would doubtless create an entire revolution in the freighting business of the country, necessitating many minor changes in the management of railroads. The most obvious requirements would be a uniform rate of speed for all trains, to prevent danger of accidents which would arise from the largely increased traffic. This, in time, would lead to the multiplication of tracks, so that rapid express and lumbering freight and cattle trains might go safely and securely over the same road, neither interfering with the business or the safety of the other.

THE QUEBEC AND NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY.

Such is the name of a new and most important railway project by which it is proposed to connect Woodstock, New Brunswick with Riviere du Loup. The line will be, when constructed some 180 miles in length, about one hundred miles of which will be in the Province of New Brunswick, following the valley of the Upper St John, and passing through the thriving towns of Florenceville, Tobique and Grand Falls to Edmunston. The balance, of 80 miles, will pass through that portion of the Province of Quebec lying between Edmunston and Riviere du Loup.

As the work will intersect two provinces it became necessary that the Company should have an act of incorporation from the Dominion Parliament, to secure which H. G. C. Ketchum, C. E., the engineer, and one of the promoters of the project, has recently visited the Capital. Hon. Mr. Connell and Mr. Pickard, M. P., have also been active in urging the matter forward, and have secured its passage through the Railway Committee, and subsequently through the House of Commons, where it was introduced by the popular Premier of Quebec.

This enterprise, when carried out, cannot fail to be of great advantage to the Provinces to be connected by it, and also to the Dominion at large. In the latter respect the opening up of direct railway communication between the fertile valleys of the St. Lawrence and the St. John, and the consequent trade and intercourse, the shortening of time and distance in transit will be of great importance. We are informed that the section of country to be traversed is excellently adapted for settlement, and capable of sustaining a large population. Much of this, without a railway, would remain inaccessible and worthless, but may be expected to be sought for and rapidly settled, when once communication is opened The large amount of flour imported from Canada, and consumed by the population of the St. John valley, now reaches them by a circuitous and expensive route. In the lumbering business of this section of New Brunswick and the adjoining portion of the state of Maine, this is now felt as a serious drawback. This will be obviated by the proposed railway, which will enable consumers to receive supplies by a direct route, and, at the same time, will benefit the western producer.

The Legislature of New Brunswick was so impressed with these and other considerations that, at its last session, a grant of ten thousand acres per mile of the road, when built, was voted to the Company. It is expected and understood that Hon. Mr. Chauveau will be able to secure the concurrence of his Government and the Legislature on an a proposition for a similar aid from the Province of Quebec.

Hopes are also entertained by the promoters that in consideration of the magnitude and importance of the undertaking, and the large benefit that must result to the Dominion from its successful completion, that the general Parliament will feel at liberty to assist, in some measure, the private enterprise which has conceived and entered upon the execution of the project.

We learn that on the New Brunswick portion of the line, a surveying party, under the general direction of Mr. Ketchum, are already at work, and that the intention is to push forward the survey with the greatest energy, in order that the commencement of the work of construction may be made at an early date.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

After the Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald's speech,

Mr. Mackenzie took exception to the large grants given to the new province, which would be burthensome to the Dominion. He also objected to the distribution of the land.

Hon. Mr. McDougall objected to the system proposed by the Government, as being cumbrous and intricate, and altogether unsuited to the wants of the people. He held that a system such as that provided for in the Bill of last session would be much better. He charged the whole origin of the rebellion upon the Roman Catholic preisthood, and pointed out that the large Canadian settlement containing 4 or 500 families, namely, Portage la Prairie, was left out of the new Province, though the boundary line diverged fifteen minutes, to take in a small Roman Catholic mission. He condemned the appointment of Captain Cameron as the head of the police force as the most unfortunate selection that could be made.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks said if Hon. Mr. McDougall had waited for instruction from the Government before issuing his proclamation all the trouble would have been avoided.

The House rose at six.

After recess the debate was resumed by the Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. Mr. McDougall, Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald and others.

In answer to Mr. Mackenzie,

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald said the purchase money would be paid to the Hudson's Bay Company before the final passage of the Bill.

At 11.30 the Bill was read a first time.

The House adjourned at midnight.

RIEL'S REPRESENTATIVES.

To His Excellency Sir John Young, K. C. B. Governor General Dominion of Canada &c., &c. &c.

May it Please Your Excellency.

I had the honor on the 12th instant of addressing to your Excellency a respective protest against the recognition or reception of the so called delegates from Red River as representing the inhabitants of that country.

In that protest I had the honor of communicating to your Excellency the principal grounds upon which, in behalf of the loyal two thirds of the population, I appealed to your Excellency not to receive or hear Father Richot and Mr. Scott, who are now in this city.

I also took occasion to mention that these men were among the originators and promoters of the outbreak, and I now respectfully inform your Excellency that Father Richot at the outset invited the half-breeds to take quarters in the parish church of St Norbert, where he held high mass daily, and urged the people to join the standard of rebellion He held meetings at which, in order to strengthen the hands of Riel, he stated that he had fed them the previous winter; that but for him they would have starved, and was making use even of the generosity and charity of Canada who supplied a portion of the French with food for a whole winter, as a means of injury and injustice. It was through Richot that the bounty of Canada found its way to the parishioners of St. Norbert.

He has identified himself throughout the whole series of occurrences at Red River with the insurgents, was present at the surrender of the Canadians and others at Winnipeg, and was present at the murder of Scott

As to Alfred Scott, I have the honor to inform your Excellency that from the first he had taken an active and undisguised part in the proceedings of the insurgents, and is one of the Americans, in Winnipeg of whom it is well known that on one occasion when Riel's forces were deemed insufficient for the purpose they offered to guard the loyal prisoners. He also admits that he was present at the murder of Thomas Scott.

These are the leading facts which connect Messrs. Richot and Scott with this insurrection, and the more severe proofs of their complicity will be furnished when the evidence of loyal men can be obtained without endangering their lives and property.

I have also the honour of stating for the information of your Excellency that a meeting was convened of the representatives from all the parishes in the settlement, at the request of Mr. Donald A. Smith Special Commissioner from Canada. This meeting or council was held in the Court House, within the stockade and adjoining the fort.

Riel had a large armed force under his direct control. Armed guards surrounded the building in which the meeting was held, and were stationed at the door of the Chamber. Guards held the gate of the stockade. Some fifty of the loyal people and their leaders were huddled together in small rooms within the fort and within two hundred yards of the Council Chamber. A reign of terror existed, freedom of speech was prohibited, and, with his armed force, Riel daily threatened the delegates, both French and English, who attempted to express any opposition to his demands, or vote contrary to his wishes Some he frightened away, and one George Klyne, a French halfbreed representative, was forcibly expelled for expressing loyal sentiments and refusing to vote according to Riel's orders.

Under these circumstances Riel nominated the delegates, Father Richot and Alfred Scott, and the Convention dared not object As a sop to the English, Riel allowed Judge Black's name to be also fixed upon.

The Convention then dissolved. On the arrival of the representatives in their several parishes, their action in the Convention was repudiated by those who sent them, and dissatisfaction being expressed at Judge Black's acceptance of the appointment as delegate he disavowed his intention to act in that capacity. The people immediately afterwards took up arms in opposition to Riel for the purpose of releasing the prisoners; 700 men assembled at Kildonan Church, and demanded from Riel their release, at the same time informing him that his refusal would be followed by an immediate attack. Riel unwilling to risk an encounter, released every prisoner. The assemblage then sent a communication to Riel saying that the Portage and lower settlements would not recognise his authority, nor submit to his interference. Riel's reply was that "he wanted peace;" requested them to separate and intimated to them that if they did not interfere with him, he would not interfere with them. Acting upon this understanding, the force which had defied his authority and obtained the release of the prisoners, then separated. By means of treachery Riel afterwards arrested a small detached party returning to their homes, placed them in painful confinement, sentenced Major Boulton to death, and afterwards murdered Thomas Scott, as I have already with sorrow had the honor of informing your Excellency A further and worse state of terror now exists and numbers of loyal people are fleeing from the country leaving everything behind them.

I am being leave most respectfully to state for your Excellency's information, that on my way through the Settlement in coming to Canada, numbers of the natives of the country, both French and English, knowing that I had been requested to come to Ottawa and lay the whole case before Your Excellency in Council, informed me that without they understood positively that an expedition would be sent to restore order, they would not attempt to cultivate their farms this season, but would at any sacrifice leave the country and settle where law could protect them.

Having laid the whole position of affairs before Your Excellency, I most humbly and respectfully pray on behalf of the people of the Settlement that Your Excellency will be pleased to take such steps as will secure the restoration of law and order in the Red River Territory, and as will secure protection to the lives, the liberty and the property of the inhabitants who are now at the mercy of an armed mob.

I also beg most respectfully to reiterate to your Excellency my protest against the reception of these so-called delegates, and most humbly on behalf of the loyal two-thirds of the population to pray that your Excellency will grant no concessions, will accede to no demands claimed by these so-called delegates, but that, after law and order shall have been restored, after perfect liberty and freedom of speech shall have been secured so that all portions of the people may freely and without endangering their lives or property express their views, that a Convention may be held and the inhabitants consulted, if that course should be deemed advisable. And I have further the honour of conveying to your Excellency the confidence of the loyal people of Red River, in the ability and will of the Government and people of Canada to deal justly and fairly with all parties in that Settlement.

I have the honour to be your Excellency's most obedient humble servant

JAMES LYNCH.

Russell Hotel, Ottawa, April 18, 1870.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY in the absence of the Hon. Sir Francis Hincks presented the eleventh report of the Committee on Public accounts, containing the following resolution adopted by the Committee That as it appears there are great irregularities in the return of mileage, in some cases amounting to a difference of 100 miles with the members residing in the same place, the attention of both Houses is drawn to this fact with a view to connecting the distances, so that the actual distances travelled shall be paid and no more.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN presented the returns to various addresses adopted by the House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—rose, sir, with the consent of the House, to submit the result of our deliberations for the framing of a constitution for the country heretofore known as Rupert's Land and the North West Territory. In moving for leave to introduce this Bill, of which I have given notice, I may premise by stating that there has been a discussion going on as to whether we should have a Territory or a Province. The answer was made on behalf of the Canadian Government was that such a thing as a territory was not known to the British colonial system that the expression was not recognized that the expression was colony or province, and that we thought it would be better to adhere to the old and well known form of expression—well known to us as colonists of the Empire—and not bring a new description into our statute book. It was not, of course, a matter of any serious importance whether the country was called a province or a territory. We have provinces of all sizes, shapes and constitutions; there are very few colonies with precisely the same constitution in all particulars, so that there could not be anything determined by the use of the word. Then the next question discussed was the name of the province It was thought that was a matter of taste and should be considered with reference to euphony and with reference also as much as possible to the rememorance of the original inhabitants of that vast country Fortunately the Indian languages of that section of the country give us a choice of euphonious names and it is considered proper that the Province which is to be organized, shall be called Manitoba. The name Assiniboia, by which it has hitherto been called, is considered to be rather too long, involving confusion, too, between the river Assiniboia and the Province Assiniboia. I suppose, therefore, there will be no objection to the name that has been fixed upon, which is euphonious enough in itself, and is an old Indian name, meaning "The God who speaks—the speaking God." There is a fine lake there called Lake Manitoba, which forms the western boundary of the Province. A subject of very great importance, which engaged much of our consideration, was the settlement of the boundaries of the Province we are organizing. It is obvious that that vast country could not be formed into one Province. It is obvious that the Dominion Government and the Dominion Parliament must retain, for Dominion purposes, the vast section of that country, which is altogether or nearly without inhabitants, and that the Province must be confined to the more settled country that now exists. We found happily that there was no great difficulty in regard to this matter, that there was no discussion upon the subject, and I may read a description of the boundaries that have been settled upon "The region which is to form the new Province of Manitoba commences at a point on the frontier of the United States Territory, 96 degrees West of Greenwich, and extends to a point 98 degrees and 15 minutes West, being bounded on the South by 49th parallel of latitude, and on the North by latititude 50 degrees and 30 minutes."

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD here placed a map on the table showing the boundaries of the new Province and the members gathered round to examine it.

Hon. Col. GRAY how many square miles are there in the new Province.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD eleven thousand square miles. It is a small Province as the House will observe, but yet it contains the principal part of the settlements which are ranged, as those who have studied the matter know, along the banks of Red River and the banks of Assiniboine from the point of their confluence at or near Fort Garry up westward towards Lake Manitoba. One of the clauses of the Bill which I propose to lay before the House, but which is not yet in such a position to go into the printer's hands preparatory to the second reading, provides that such portions of the North West Territory, as are not included in this Province, shall be governed as an unorganized tract by the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, under a separate commission under the great seal of the Dominion, and that until they are settled and organized they shall be governed by Orders in Council.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Does the bill provide a Constitution for that territory?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No. It simply provides that the Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba shall be governor of the remaining portion of the Territory under directions of Orders in Council, and action upon separate commission issued under the Great Seal. In settling the constitution of the Province the question of how far representative institutions should be properly conferred at this time has been fully discussed. The House knows that this subject was discussed last Summer by the press in all parts of Canada, and that there was a good deal of objection that the Bill of last Session, provisional as it was, and intended to last only a few months, did not provide representative institutions for the people of that Territory. That Bill provided that the Lieut. Governor should have an Executive Council, and that that Council should have power to make law, subject, of course, to the veto power, the paramount power of the Governor General here. It was passed simply for the purpose of having something like an organization ready, something like the rudiments of a Government, from the time the territory was admitted into the Dominion, it being understood that the act should continue in force only until the end of the present session of Parliament. On the introduction of that bill by the Government, it was received in that particular, and I think in every particular, with the almost unanimous sanction and approval of Parliament. The Government felt they were not in a position from acquaintance with the circumstances of the country and wants of its people, to settle anything like a fixed constitution upon the territory. They thought it, therefore, better that they should merely pass a temporary Act to last for a few months providing for the appointment of a Lieut. Governor, for which office my hon. friend from North Lanark was selected, who when he arrived upon the spot would have an opportunity of reporting upon the requirements of the country and after discussing the matter with the principal men of the settlement, to suggest what kind of institutions were best suited to those requirements. Unfortunately no opportunity was offered for entering into that discussion or getting that information. One result, however, of the enquiry that was instituted in this country was to pour a flood of light upon the Territory, and I have no doubt every hon. member of this House has taken advantage of it so as to enable him, with a greater degree of certainty, to approach the subject of what the Constitution ought to be. Besides that we have discussed the proposed Constitution with such persons who have been in the North West as we have had an opportunity of meeting, and the result has been as I will shortly describe. In the first place, as regards the representation of the Province of Manitoba in the Dominion Parliament, the proposition of the Government is that the people of the Province shall be represented in the Senate by two members until the Province shall have a population according to a decennial census of 50,000. From thence forth the people there shall have representation in the Senate of three members; and subsequently, when the population shall amount to 75,000, they shall have representation of four members. That will give them the same representation in the upper House of the Dominion Legislature as has been proposed for Prince Edward's Island, and agreed to by the representatives of that Province at the Quebec conference—Prince Edward's Island being the smallest of the Provinces, having a population of about 85,000. The Bill does not provide for any increase of numbers beyond four. It is not likely that, in our day at any rate, the Province will have a population which will entitle it to more. With respect to its representation in the House of Commons, it is proposed that it shall have four members in this House—the Governor General having, for that purpose, power to separate and divide the whole of the Province into four electoral districts, each containing as nearly as possible an equal number of the present community of settlers. The executive power of the Province will, of course, as in all the other Provinces of the Dominion, be vested in a Lieut. Governor, who shall be appointed like the other Lieut. Governor, by commission from the Governor General, under the great seal of the Dominion. He shall have an Executive Council, which shall be composed of seven persons, holding such offices as the Lieut. Governor shall, from time to time, think fit, and, in the first instance, shall not exceed five in number. The meetings of the Legislature until otherwise ordered by the Legislature itself, shall be held at Fort Garry, or within a mile of it. With respect to the Legislative body, there was considerable difficulty and long discussion whether it should consist of one chamber or two; whether, if one chamber, it should be composed of the representatives of the people and of persons appointed by the Crown, or Local Government, or whether they should be severed and the two chambers constituted—all these questions were fully discussed. After mature consideration, it was agreed that there should be two chambers. I see my hon. friend (Hon. Mr. Macdougall) laughs, but, being a true Liberal, he will not object to the people having a voice in the settlement of their own constitution and to determinine whether they shall have one or two chambers or even three if it suits their purpose to have them. It is proposed then to have two chambers, but the Legislative Council is not a very formidable one. It is to be composed in the first place of seven members. After the expiration of four years it may be increased to twelve, but not more than that number. The object of making that provision is this, that we could not well have a smaller Legislative body than seven; and yet it might be well that the Government of to day—the Lieutenant Governor having a responsible Ministry—to have the power of meeting the difficulty arising from a possible dead lock between the two chambers—the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council It is therefore proposed that after the end of the first four years—after the first Parliament of the Province, the Lieutenant Governor may if he thinks proper upon the advice of his Executive Council, who have the confidence of the people and of their representatives, increase the number up to twelve. The Legislative Assembly shall be composed of a body of twenty four members—the Lieutenant Governor dividing the Province for that purpose into twenty-four Electoral Districts having due regard to the various communities into which the settlement is at present divided. All these clauses and stipulations are, of couse, subject to alterations by the people themselves, except so far as they relate to the appointment of the Lieut. Governor, which, of course, rests upon the same authority as in the other Provinces of the Dominion. In all other respects they may alter their constitution as they can please. It is provided in the Bill that all the clauses of the British North America Act, excepting as altered by the Bill itself, or excepting those clauses which apply only to one or two Provinces, and not to the whole of the Provinces, shall apply to the new Province. The Bill contains various other clauses with which I will not now trouble the House because they refer to matters of no great interest, except as they are requisite to carry on the machinery of the Executive and Legislative bodies. Until the Legislature otherwise provides the qualification of voters for members, both of House of Commons and Local Legislatures shall be the same as provided by the Confederation Act for the District of Algoma. I think the House will agree with me that no other qualification can be provided. The clause runs that every British subject who has attained the age of 21 years, and who is and has been a householder for one year, shall have a right to vote. The duration of the Legislative Assembly shall be four years, as in the other Provinces.

Mr. MACKENZIE—What is the qualification of candidates.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—We have said nothing of that in the Bill. With respect to pecuniary clauses of the Bill it is provided that as Manitoba has fortunately no debts it shall be entitled to be paid by and receive from Canada by half yearly payments a sum which is to be ascertained in the same way as the sum settled was on Newfoundland last session—that is, fixing the whole of the population at 15,000, and at that rate comparing the difference between that population and the population of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, any body can ascertain the amount payable to them per head, namely, £27.27. The Bill then proposes that the same annual subsidy of 80 cents per head of the population, estimating it at 15,000, shall be paid as in other provinces, and that that rate shall continue until the population is 400,000 as also in other Provinces. There is the further provision that the sum of $30,000 shall be paid for the support of the Government. Although it is not at all required that the next clause should be in the Act. Yet it is inserted for some reasons, as it was inserted in the Act respecting Newfoundland, in order to satisfy the people that certain services will be provided for, those services being thrown on the Dominion Government by the Confederation Act, such as the salary of the Lieutenant Governor, postal service, collection of customs, &c. There are also provisions to satisfy the mixed population of the country inserted in the Bill for the same reason, although it will be quite in the power of the Local Legislature to deal with them. They provide that either the French or English language may be used in the proceedings of the Legislature, and that both of them shall be used in records and journals of both Chambers. That provision as far as the Province of Quebec is concerned, is contained in the Union Act. With respect to the lands that are included in the Province, the next clause provides that such of them as do not now belong to individuals, shall belong to the Dominion of Canada, the same being within boundaries already described. There shall, however, out of the lands there, be a reservation for the purpose of extinguishing the Indian title, of 1,200,000 acres. That land is to be appropriated as a reservation for the purpose of settlement by half breeds and their children of whatever origin on very much the same principle as lands were appropriated to U. E. Loyalists for purposes of settlement by their children. This reservation, as I have said, is for the purpose of extinguishing the Indian title and all claims upon the lands within the limits of the Province. There is a question, however, which, although small in itself, excites a great deal of interest among the purely white inhabitants, the descendants of the Scotch and English settlers, who are not half-breeds and do not come within this category. It is, perhaps, not known to a majority of this House that the old Indian titles are not extinguished over any portion of this country, except for two miles on each side of the Red River and the Assinniboine. The lands that have been granted by deed or license of occupation by the Hudson's Bay Company, run from the water or river bank on each side for two miles. But from a practice that has arisen from necessity, and that has been recognized by the local laws there, in the rear of each of these farms or tracts of land held by the farmers or settlers, there is a right of cutting hay for two miles immediately beyond their lots. That is a well understood right. It is absolutely required by these people and excites in them equal interest. The entire extent and value of those rights cannot be well established or fixed here, and it is therefore proposed to involve the assistance of the Local Legislature in that respect, and to empower it to provide, with the express sanction of the Governor General, for the use in common of such lands by those inhabitants who may wish to avail themselves of it. My hon. friend, (Hon. Sir George E. Cartier) reminds me of the question of the confirmation of the legal occupation of the people there. It is so obviously the interest of the people of this country to settle that territory as quietly as possible, that it would be a most unwise policy for a new government to create any difficulties as to the rights of property—it would be most unwise to allow those difficulties to arise which might spring from one man having a title to a freehold, while his neighbour would only have to say he held under a lease of occupation. But as these settlers are not numerous, and it is of great importance that they should be satisfied it is proposed to insert a clause in the Bill, confirming all titles of peaceable occupation to the people now actually resident upon the soil. But in the absence of necessary information here, it is proposed to invoke the aid and intervention, the experience of the Local Legislature upon this point, subject to the sanction of the Governor General. The Goverement hope and believe that this measure or a measure involving the principle which I have just mentioned will be satisfactory to the people of all classes and races in that country. This Bill contains very few provisions, but not too few for the object to be gained, which is the quiet and peaceable acceptance of the new state of things by the mass of the people there and the speedy settlement of the country by hardy emigrants from all parts of the civilized world. While, Sir, we believe that this measure will receive the acceptance of the people of the North West, that it will be hailed as a boon and convincing proof of the liberality of people and the Legislature of the Dominion, while we believe it will have that effect, it is quite clear that order must be restored; that peace must be kept in that country; and that the Government, which in future is to obtain control there, must be respected. It is necessary, also, that the fears of an Indian war and foreign aggression, which have been raised, very naturally, in the minds of the people of that country, from recent unhappy events, should be allayed. For all these reasons it is fitting and proper that a force should be there to cause law and order to be respected. I am glad to say that events have recently resulted in an arrangement, by which, for the purposes I have mentioned, and in no hostile spirit, but with the desire, and the resolve at the same time, to establish law, and peace, and order—an arrangement, I say, has been made between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of Canada for the despatch of an expedition. That expedition will be a mixed one, comprised partly of Her Majesty's regular troops, and partly of Canadian Militia, and from all those whom we have had an opportunity of seeing from the North West, we are told that a force sent in that spirit, and commanded by an officer of Her Majesty's service, under Her Majesty's sanction, will be received not only with kindness, but with gladness, and that the people will be glad to retain them much longer than as a force there will be any necessity for their staying. For so soon as these unfortunate feelings of fear and jealousy are removed, it will be of course proper that a force should be on as economical and limited a scale as due regard for peace and order will permit. These arrangements must of course be submitted to Parliament, and a vote of the House sanctioning the necessary expenditure obtained. For this object, I have no doubt, such a vote will be obtained. The force will be comprised of about one-fourth of Her Majesty's regular troops, and three-fourths Canadian Militia, and the expenditure will be borne in the same proportion, Her Majesty's Government paying one-fourth of the expenditure and the Dominion three-fourths. My hon. friend beside me (Hon. Sir George E. Cartier) reminds me that since the written arrangement was entered into, which I have just mentioned, a proposition was made to increase Her Majesty's contingent by perhaps 140, making the number of regular troops about 390, the balance being made up of Canadian militia. This militia was called upon to volunteer from different districts, and such has been the alacrity displayed, that if a force was proposed to assume the proportion of an army there would be no trouble in getting the men. Happily that necessity does not, I am fain to believe, exist. It was only on Saturday that the final arrangement with respect to this force was carried out, and the House therefore could not any earlier than now receive this information On Saturday the Order in Council was passed embodying the provisions I have mentioned. The cable has been in active operation on this subject for some considerable time, but it is only within a few days that the final arrangements I have indicated were made. When this measure comes up for the second reading, and when the resolutions are proposed in Committee of the Whole, of course, explanations will be given in full detail upon every possible head of expenditure. I now move the first reading of the Bill.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was manifestly impossible to discuss the Bill at that time, but he looked upon the whole proposal of the Government as one that was open to great objection, and that the whole course taken in the North West matter was one exceedingly disastrous to the country. The House was informed at the beginning of the session, that the Government had declared taking possession of the country, and had not paid the amount agreed to with the Hudson's Bay Company, in order to throw the expense of setting the disputes on the Imperial Government, and to force them to take possession for us, and to hand it over to us as a new purchase. He had always looked upon the Territory as their own, and the payment as a payment simply to obtain a quiet claim deed to us of that Territory. He looked upon the proposal of the Government as most reprehensible, and calculated to bring our Government and people into dispute with Imperial statesmen, as a refusal, under the circumstances, they had no right to make. He was now convinced, after much careful examination of the evidence of every one who had come from that Territory, that had the proposition been carried out, with good faith, that insurrection, with all its consequent troubles, disasters and murder would have been avoided. In consequence of this conduct of the Government, they had been threatened with a war of races and nations, and now as the result of all this political tergiversation and bad faith, the pitiable compensation of the Imperial Government being willing to pay one quarter part of the expenses attending the restoration of Government. This showed more than anything he could name the results of the policy the Government pursued, and the want of national faith which had characterised the Government in their dealing. With regard to the Government of the country he must of course examine the Bill in detail before he could venture even to give an opinion as to its merits, but it did seem a little ludicrous to establish a little municipality in the North West of 10,000 square miles—about the size of two or three counties in Ontario—with a population of 15,000 people, having two Chambers, and a right to send two members to the Senate and four to the House here (laughter). The whole thing had such a ludicrous look that it only put one in mind of some of the incidents in Gulliver's Travels. It may be on more close investigation that more palliating circumstances might be brought to light for this extraordinary constitution, but at the present moment he could only say that he looked upon it as one of the most preposterous schemes that was ever submitted to the Legislature. There was one or two matters in Sir John A. Macdonald's statement to which he would refer. He had told the House about the land policy, further than this, that lands in occupation held under license or agreement of the Hudson's Bay Company, were to be retained by those in possession or the present local authorities, while the Dominion are to exercise control over the remainder of the Territory. A certain portion to be set aside to settle Indian claims and another portion to settle Indian claims that the half-breeds have. But these half-breeds were either Indians or not, (hear). They were not looked upon as Indians, some had been to Ottawa, and given evidence, and did not consider themselves Indians. They were regularly settled upon farms, and what the object could be in making some special provision for them that was not made for other inhabitants was more than he could well understand. They were also told that clause in the Bill was to affirm all grants of lands, licenses and other claims granted by the Hudson's Bay Company. They were unable to pronounce an opinion upon the particular kind of claims embraced, but if his information was correct the Hudson Bay Company had dealt with a certain portion of the lands in that Territory in a way which we could not possibly justify nor recognise. If we had so dealt with lands as to bestow on certain corporations whether secular or religious, or tracts of land that would interfere with the settlement of the country—that question had to be met by the House if the Government had not had the moral courage to deal with it (hear). He had no hesitation in saying that the statement made by the Premier was in that respect most unsatisfactory or at best exceedingly incomplete (hear). He had seen it stated in papers that a gentleman who had been employed under the Lieut. Governor.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—No.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that he was being employed by the Government to purchase stores and organizing a corps of mounted police, but they had received no statement on the point by the honourable gentleman, and in the absence of any answers he would not comment upon the fact at present. There was another point to which the honourable gentleman had not referred. He had not said whether the Government had paid the money to the Hudson's Bay Company. Without waiting for a formal answer might he ask that information now?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—It has not been paid, but it is to be paid immediately.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—Before the expedition starts.

Mr. MACKENZIE—I presume before the Bill passes this House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Yes.

Mr. MACKENZIE was glad of it; and would be ready to support the Government in it, and could only regret that it was not made sooner (hear). He trusted that the Government would bring down such a statement as to the claims which were to be recognised in the clauses of the Bill, because in absence of the knowledge as to the extent of these claims it was manifestly impossible to pass any such claims. Everything must be done so as to retain the liberty of every class and creed of Her Majesty's subjects on the same footing and that no one shall have any special claims or privileges recognised in that new Territory. He would look with very grevious apprehension on anything that would introduce into that new Territory the divisions which were for so many years so disastrous in our own country (hear,) and which kept many of the denominations concerned in these disputes in a state of intercine warfare, which produced so disastrous results to society generally, and particularly to the churches engaged. Anything that effect, preventing this, we must insist on here, and that no legislation shall be initiated by this House, which has a tendency to initiate, permit or perpetuate anything of that sort (cheers.) If this was provided for it would of course obviate some of the objections to many clauses of the Bill. With regard, however, to the excessive expenditure which was to be imposed upon the Dominion by the arrangements of the Bill, it involved an amount of debt of $416,500.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—$21,000 a year.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Yes. There would then be $12,000 to make up the 50 cents per head, and in addition the Government propose to pay annually $30,000, for Local Government. He could scarcely conceive that that amount was necessary (hear.) He thought if the amount was capitalized it would admirably provide for the interest of the Province. Roads were not required there as they were in other districts, and the expenses for building would, not at all compare with that which was imposed on larger Provinces. If they were to carry on Government economically, it must be in the shape rather of one large Municipal Council, than a Provincial Government. He should discuss the Bill more particularly when they had it before them, but it was necessary that the House should be in possession of all information the Government had had in preparing to discuss the measure. It was certainly unfair, that certain members of the House should be in possession of, M. Thiebauit's report, which he understood, had been in print a fortnight.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—I can only say that it was not by the sanction of the Government.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said it had not been sent to the printers a fortnight.

Mr. MACKENZIE said, at any rate he had known it was in the possession of members, and the way the House was treated in this matter was only on a par with their treatment from first to last. In the whole question, the sense of the Government was most extraordinary, and he could not refrain from charging the Government with having, by their misconduct of this matter, thrown an enormous expense on the country, brought the Government into disrepute with the Imperial authorities (hear) and that, in refusing to keep faith in carrying out an agreement for a territory, which we have always regarded as our own, they have plunged us into expenses which we cannot possibly conceive (hear).

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

SPEECH OF HON. MR. CONNELL IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Hon. Mr. CONNELL said that this subject was one of very great importance to the people of New Brunswick, and therefore he would desire to make a few observations, with reference to the speech of the Minister of Customs, as it was desirable to point out the errors contained in it. He (Hon. Mr. Connell) had been an active promoter of Confederation, and in order to bring it about he had worked heartily and cheerfully. The Minister of Customs knew very well that a strong pressure had been brought to bear to resist its accomplishment, and every where the elections were contested bitterly. Without going into details he might say that he regarded this as one of those measures which must ultimately take place, and believed that very great benefit would accrue from it. But the result depended on the manner in which affairs were conducted. That all the benefits expected had resulted from Confederation had not been realised, he was forced to admit; but if there had been a proper administration of affairs he believed the Dominion would not have been in its present condition. The Minister of Customs had endeavoured to show that the people of New Brunswick were in a better condition than they had been previous to Confederation; that they were receiving a larger amount of money than they did then, and that they were spending more money now on roads and bridges, than they had done at any time previous, and that for this purpose they had appropriated $50,000. But this was an error. It was true that having at the time of the Union a surplus of $200,000 in the local treasury available for this purpose, so that they were able for a time to give larger sums than usual for these purposes. They were now reducing these and the estimates for this year exceeded the receipts. For local purposes they were compelled to lay on an export tax on lumber which yielded $60,000, and when at the end of ten years the subsidy of $63,000 was withdrawn, it was difficult to see how they were to meet local expenditures. With regard to the tariff, he thought it would have been easier to have saved this money, been a much more benefical course, and have avoided giving cause for complaint, than the imposition of fresh taxes rendered necessary—if necessary at all—by want of proper economy and due attention to the administration of the affairs of the Dominion. It was most unfair and unjust that such proposals should now be made and he was forced to denounce them in the strongest terms, as the people of New Brunswick, at this moment even, were paying a greater amount than they had been obliged to do formerly for Customs and Excise. Taking the revenue derived from Customs and Excise for 1869, this could be at once seen. In that year, as would be seen by the table he had prepared, the people of New Brunswick on these two items were paying $4 08 per head; Ontario and Quebec $3.53, and Nova Scotia $3.54. In that year ONTARIO and QUEBEC paid for

Customs	$6,349,935.01
Excise	2,526,939.53
	$8,876,874.54
NOVA SCOTIA.	
Customs	$1,080,097.53
Excise	22,857.30
	$1,172,954.83
NEW BRUNSWICK.	
Customs	$940,721.05
	90,073.11
	$1,030,794.16

By taking the populations by the census of 1861, it would be seen that the figures he had given were correct. By the Census the different Provinces stood thus:

Ontario and Quebec	2,507,657
Nova Scotia	330,857
New Brunswick	252,047

This was considerably more than Minister of Customs had considered it possible, the people of New Brunswick could be called on to pay by entering the Union. In a speech delivered by that gentleman in February 1866, he is reported to have said,

"Controller Smith in his last Annual report says:—

Canadians paid in 1864,	$2.56,	per head	
Nova Scotians " "	2.69,	"	"
New Brunswickers "	3.10,	"	"
Newfoundlanders "	3.65,	"	"
P. E. Islanders "	1.98,	"	"

These rates give as receipts from Imports and Excise duties in these Provinces on the population of 1864, $9,580,231.40. Mr. Smith states the population at 3,638,151, which at $3.10 per head, would give $11,247,268,—a sum ample, with the special funds not enumerated by Mr. Smith, to meet the expenses of the proposed Union."

He would read another extract to show that the Minister of Customs was most explicit as to the amount that would be levied by the tariff after admission into the Confederation. He would, especially, also call attention to one statement in it, that respecting the Intercolonial Railway, to which, however, he would not more particularly refer, as it did not strictly belong to the subject in hand. The Minister of Customs says: "But he would go further and say that the Canadian tariff would not be applied to the Confederation, as a new tariff would have to be adopted to meet the altered circumstances; and no tariff could be made that would render it necessary to impose higher duties than would produce an average of $3.10 per head, the very amount we now pay. But some one might say to him—'How can you have the face to tell us that, Mr. Tilley, and at the same time that the Intercolonial Railway must be built?' It was not in contemplation to build the Intercolonial road by the General Government, but let it be undertaken by a company under a Government subsidy. When the conference sat they had propositions before them from an English Company who were ready to undertake the work; and the General Government could e... tion by the issue o... British Government, at 4 per cent. interest. by the General Governme... that way exceed $12,000,000 ... per cent would give us yearly ... able by the General Government ...

"'Well,' an objector might say, ... is an additional charge,—Militia ... more, General Government a large ... more.' Well, admit it, and the canals about which so much had been said ... the final balance would not be ... Put them all down and apply the ... head to the whole population of ... and there would be more ... would be necessary to do the ... already shewn, the $3.10 ... whole would produce $11,2... more than sufficient to defray ... And thus we stood in the happy ... that whilst other colonies would ... raise their tariff we would not ... vance ours."

He had already shown that the ... now levied was much in excess ... amount of $3.10 per head, ... was not to go. But the Minister of Customs goes farther and shows the ... cuniary advantages to be derived ... Act of Union, and which might ... secured had a proper economy ... prevailed. The Minister of ... same month of February, 1866, ... record his views on the ... said then:

"The following is a statement ... moneys secured to New Brunswick ... under the Quebec arrangement ... ed with the revenue received ... Union:—

Interest on debt of 7 millions ...
Less earnings of E. and N. A. Railway, say ...
New Brunswick liabilities, under Act of 1862 for construction of the Intercolonial Railway, and assumed by the General Government in Union ...
Salaries of Governor and Judges to be paid by General Government
Collection and protection of Revenue ...
Post Office deficiency, Militia expenditure in N. B., being the portion for the Province out of $1,000,000 for this service ...
Estimated contribution for improvement of harbors, navigation of rivers and Geological Survey ...
Annual subsidy 80 cents per head ...
Export duty, Casual and Territorial Revenue, &c., say ...
Add for ten years $63,000 a year ...

These are the pecuniary advantages of the union. Did that look like selling ourselves for 80 cents per head?

Compare them with the total revenue from all sources, in 1864 and 1865, the revenue of 1864, and estimated revenue 1865, as stated by Mr. Gillmor, Provincial Secretary, at the last session of the Legislature, are as follows:

1864 (THE LARGEST REVENUE ...)
Imports, less drawbacks paid ...
Exports, " ...
Casual and territorial revenue ...
Railway impost, less drawbacks ...
Estimated revenue of 1865 ...
Average for two years ...

Well, what was really the state of the case? He had had a statement prepared which showed the sums contributed and received from the Dominion ... This statement showed:

PAID.
Customs ...
Excise ...
E. & W. A. Railway ...
Net revenue ...
Bill stamps ...
Sick seamen's fund ...

RECEIVED.
80 cents per head ...
Legislative grant ...
Ten years' grant ...
Governor's salary ...
Judges' salary and allowances ...
Interest on debt ...
Post office deficit ...
Collection and charges of excise and customs revenue ...
Miscellaneous ...

Balance paid by New Brunswick over receipts ...

But bad as this was there was yet something more. There were expenses much greater on the services than there was any necessity for. These amounted to no less than $112,293 in the ... the year, making a total amount of ... 265, paid out by New Brunswick ... was received. It would have been better for that Province to have built public works herself, and raised ... for the purpose. He ... hon. gentlemen ... not have been better ... Government to have commenced ... deferred the large expenditure ... for Custom Houses and other buildings ... the present at least, than incur ... leading to great dissatisfaction ... the first session he had moved ... urging economy in all the Departments ... the Civil Service, but the motion was ... jected to by the Minister of ... comprising too large a scope ... not only the officers of the ... those of the Departments ... Government themselves interested ... with the question. The matter ... tled with regard to the officers ... House, and then the Government ... a measure to regulate the Civil ... the avowed object being to secure ... and effect retrenchment. But ... had been to increase largely the ... of officers throughout the ... Total number and salaries of ... in each of the following Departments ... shown in the Public Accounts for ... estimated for 1870-71, respectively.

DEPARTMENT.	1868 NO.	SALARIES.
Governor's Sec.	8	$10,210
Privy Council	11	12,170
Justice	4	5,073
Militia	15	14,784
Sec. of State	34	28,935
Sec. of Provinces	7	8,022
Finance	29	36,580
Rec. General	11	15,570
Customs	16	21,911
Inland Revenue	9	8,631
Public Work	26	25,416
Post Office	47	43,830
Agriculture	17	13,706
Ma. & Fisheries	11	10,098
Treasury Board	—	—
Totals	245	253,875

Being an increase of ... employees ... $52,000 salaries.

This was the mode which had been taken to economise expenses. In New Brunswick the dissatisfaction ... general and the Minister of Customs had effected one ... every newspaper throughout the ... denounced the extravagance of the ... ernment, and letters confirmed ... ment that this feeling was general.

... paid? Measure ... without New Brun... portunity of learning ... ing them. The pro... intensifying the feeling ... that he had received a letter ... that day, declaring that ... persisted in that he felt if he h... he would be the Riel of New B... with the exception of the mu... which in every respect wa... strongly condemned. This s... feeling that existed. He had ... such a state of feeling ... anxious for the consolidat... but he had never pledge... to interpose his vo... measures which he ... tending to the worst consequ... Nova Scotia was dissatisfied ... be a constant conciliation, and ... country was getting tired. ... hand New Brunswick had ac... the policy of Confederation, and the ... was denied. He, and h... had asked for a grant for ... St. John River, and been ... and although a survey was promi... this summer, yet not a dollar ha... spent while in Ontario in exact... great improvements had bee... and large grants were inserted i... very estimates. All that had bee... the purchase of a Custom Hou... which the papers from ther... not wanted and which was bo... merely to secure political supp... treated the House to consider ... subject and carefully to weigh th... these proposals were to have."

LOCAL NEWS.

The Band of the 60th, will play on ... Hill this afternoon (Tuesday) at 4 o'c...

THE MARKET.—A Monday market ... well, and yesterday was not an exce... the rule.

First of this season's Lettuce, ... Radish, &c., &c., at J. B. Bues & ... street.

Carpets and House Furnishings ... specialty. The largest stock of Ne... lowest prices in the city at ... & Co.

... seeing, the grand display ... and Mantles, and the crowds ... the Spring Fashions at ... & Co.

THE GATINEAU FERRY.—Owing to ... McKay's bay has been closed a... ferry to the city, the Gatineau f... at New Edinburgh.

... We hear the City ... will go to the lower Ottawa ... "Long Sault" for duty on ... which she belongs.

REDUCTION IN FARES.—A. & A. ... popular railroad ticket agents ... to forward passengers to ... at reduced rates. For courtes... they are unsurpassed.

FERRIES.—During the high ... road Company have est... ferry over the inlet from ... Wright's Slide. There are sev...

... the street w... A street cou... for a quadruple ... of our citizens have ... society to save taxes.

DISCOUNT.—We refer our readers ... in another column ... on silver The banks, after ... this month, will receive Ame... rate of six per cent

THE UPPER OTTAWA.—The high... tributaries are pouring ... the present freshet, the ... Many of our mill-... to work their factories at ...

DESERTION.—Two soldiers belon... of the 60th, stationed he... Saturday night. They prob... will not be caught.

UNIFORM FOUND.—Mr. Battle, w... Major's Hill on Sunday eve... a soldier's uniform in hi... reported the matter to the ... street barracks. The ... to belong to a band's man... The fellow must have b... Red River.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The ... "The Temptations" was well ... Lindley was, as usual, ... part of "Bristles." In th... a really good co... the place. This ... better patronized.

GONE A MARCHING.—The lads ... College had a tram... They were headed off by a band, ... on the care of those ... slightly. Two striplings ... a couple of horses on Rid... military cattle.

FIRST TIMBER OVER THE SLIDES.— ... partially run over the ... The balance of cribs w... below to-day. This is th... of the season. It was a ... number of pieces ... the passage down the slide, ... to Mr Thomas Graham.

PARADE.—No. 1 Battery Otta... will parade this ev... drill hall at half-past seven o'... uniform. Any man ... without leave is, by th... to pay a fine of ... must attend, as the ... enforced.

... FOR DAMAGES.—The ... have entered an actio... H. Crandall ... of a road near Hull ... company claims by a da... The company clai... to the present tit...

CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL... ... street, and in ... Mr. Whitty's tavern, on ... to be aflame on ... to the yards, on Clarenc... and a vicious or ... cause the destruct... of property. Our ci...

THE OPERA.—The Signora ... of Montreal, who has ... Milan, in "Lucretia ...

... ry consulted ... measures pro... law, to which ... past? Measures were without New Brunswick ... opportunity of learning any... ing them. The proposed ... intensifying the feeling, so much ... that he had received a letter from ... that day, declaring that if it ... persisted in that he felt if he had the ... he would be the Riel of New Brunswick, with the exception of the murder of ... which in every respect was to be ... strongly condemned. This showed ... feeling that existed. He had never ... such a state of feeling, for he ... anxious for the consolidation of ... but he had never pledged him... to interpose his voice to ... measures which he saw ... tending to the worst consequences. ... Nova Scotia was dissatisfied, there ... be a constant conciliation, and of this ... country was getting tired. On the ... New Brunswick had accepted ... policy of Confederation, and the small ... was denied. He, and his col... had asked for a grant for improv... St. John River, and been refused, ... although a survey was promised for ... yet not a dollar had been ... while Ontario in exactly such ... great improvements had been made, ... large grants were inserted in these ... estimates. All that had been done ... the purchase of a Custom House at St. ... which the papers from there showed ... not wanted and which was bought ap... only to secure political support. He ... the House to consider well the ... and carefully to weigh the effect ... proposals were to have.

LOCAL NEWS

The Band of the 60th will play on Majors Hill this afternoon (Tuesday) at 4 o'clock.

The Market.—A Monday market is always dull, and yesterday was not an exception to the rule.

... of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, ... &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 ... street.

... and House Furnishings made a ... The largest stock of New Goods, ... lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

... seeing the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people ... the Spring Fashions at Garland, ... & Co.

... Ferry.—Owing to the fact ... McKay's bay has been closed as a means ... to the city, the Gatineau ferry boat ... at New Edinburgh.

... We hear the *City of Ottawa* ... will go to the lower Ottawa and run ... "Long Sault" for duty on the line ... which she belongs.

... in Fares.—A. & A. H. Taylor, ... popular railroad ticket agents, are prepared to forward passengers to all points ... at reduced rates. For courtesy and re... they are unsurpassed.

... During the high water, the ... Company have established a ... over the inlet from the head ... Slide. There are several scows ...

... street ... crowd... could not be ... for a quadruple price. A ... of our citizens have removed to ... to save taxes.

... We refer our readers to an ad... in another column respecting ... silver. The banks, after the sixth ... month, will receive American silver ... rate of six per cent.

... Ottawa.—The high waters of ... tributaries are pouring in; should ... the present freshet, the effect will ... Many of our mill-owners are ... their factories at the present ...

... —Two soldiers belonging to the ... of the 60th, stationed here, deserted ... night. They probably left by ... train, and, the chances are, will not be caught.

Uniform Found.—Mr. Battle, while strolling ... Major's Hill on Sunday evening, discovered a soldier's uniform in his way. He reported the matter to the sentry at the *George street barracks*. The clothes were found to belong to a bandsman of the regiment. The fellow must have been afraid of Red River.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—The melodrama "The Temptations" was well played last night. Lindley was, as usual, very clever in the part of "Bristles." In the farce Miss ... —a really good comic actress—... the piece. This good company should be better patronized.

Queen's March.—The lads studying at St. ...'s College had a tramp yesterday. They were headed off by a band, and wreaked vengeance on the ears of those afflicted to ... Two stripling drummers ... a couple of horses on Rideau street in their ... military cattle.

First Timber Over the Slides.—A raft of 41 cribs was partially run over the slides yesterday. The balance of cribs will reach the ... below to-day. This is the first slide ... of the season. It was a difficult one; ... a great number of pieces were displaced ... the passage down the slide. The timber belongs to Mr Thomas Graham of Nepean.

Parade.—No. 1 Battery Ottawa Garrison Artillery will parade this evening at the ... Shed at half-past seven o'clock, in ... uniform. Any man being absent ... without leave is, by the new Militia ... liable to pay a fine of $5. In future ... must attend, as the new law will ... enforced.

Action for Damages.—The Aylmer ... Company have entered an action for damages against Messrs. H. Crandall & Co, for the flooding of a road near Hull village, caused ... the company claims by a dam erected by ... The company claims $1,000 for damages up to the present time. Food for the lawyers.

Carelessness not Criminal.—A barrel in a part of Clarence street, and immediately in rear of Mr. Whitty's tavern, on Murray street, was discovered to be aflame on Sunday. The ... to the yards, on Clarence street, are ... and a vicious or careless person ... easily cause the destruction of a large ... of property. Our city authorities should see to it.

The Opera.—The Signora Maria Gellie, a native of Montreal, who has obtained great ... in Milan, in "Lucretia Borgia," is, we believe, very shortly to visit Ottawa. The Signora has more recently been carrying away, in a perfect *furore* of excitement, the people of Plainfield, New Jersey, by her powerful sweet rendering of the Italian opera. She has been greatly admired in "Ione."

To-Night.—The public will be interested in the advertisement of the Young Men's Christian Association, in another column. They promise a very interesting entertainment for a small admission fee. Prominent members of Parliament, and several Ministers of the city and others are expected to deliver addresses; also vocal and instrumental music by the well known and appreciated amateurs. Be sure and secure a seat early.

Put Them Through.—We are glad to see that our worthy Police Magistrate is taking active and energetic measures to keep the city in a proper condition. All infractions of the sanitary laws will, in future, be disposed of in a manner which will tell considerably on the purse of the offender, and merchants who are wont to obstruct the streets with empty boxes, had better make some other use of their cast-away property. A couple of gentlemen who thought proper to impede Wellington street in this manner were respectively mulcted of their shinplasters.

Gorsborough.—Hundreds of people have been out to view this interesting locality, and pronounce it to be unsurpassed, and indeed unequalled in Central Canada, both for beauty of scenery and elligibility of situation. It is within easy walking distance of all places of business in the city, and possesses every qualification which the lover of country life can possibly desire; in fact we unhesitatingly say that we know of no place in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa more desirable for a country residence. Parties desirous of purchasing will do well to be at the place of sale namely the Russell House corner, at a 11 o'clock sharp this morning, and several of the lots will actually be given away *free gratis*. See particulars in Mr. R. A. Bradley's advertisement in another column.

Police Court.—Monday.—Three persons were charged with having foul premises. They, each, and all had something to say in amelioration of the offence, and the magistrate being leniently disposed, gave them until Thursday to remove the nuisance.

Ellen O'Brien, a hard, hard looking piece, and the sole occupier of the dock this morning, was then asked to stand up before His Worship. Ellen had come to town a few days ago from Montreal, for the sole purpose of procuring her trunk, and intended returning with it to that city immediately, but failing to get a free passage back, she was staying about until she could find someway of returning. The policeman's story and Ellen's were rather inconsistant. He thought she had probably read or heard of the water-nymphs, wood-nymphs, &c., of ancient celebrity, and that she had been urged by some romantic impulse to imitate them. She resolved to become a wood-nymph, and took up her abode in the charming grove, in the vicinity of Rideau Hall. But there her alluring behaviour had to much influence with the Son's of Mar, and so he had to bring the affair under the cognizance of the magistrate. The ill-treated Sylvan promised to leave for Montreal by the one o'clock train, and find her a more congenial abode in the vicinity of that city. His Worship agreed, but promised to have her conducted to the station and seen safely on her way.

A couple of our merchants were brought up and mulct of a couple of dollars each, for obstructing the sidewalks with boxes.

Two young lads were charged with committing larceny, but on account of the absence of the only witness for the crown, the case was put off till Thursday.

Two young gentlemen who one would think, ought to have better sense, next occupied an hour of the magistrates precious time, and all about a miserable dog. One accused the other of having stolen it, and strove by the evidence of half a dozen witnesses to confirm the charge, but in vain. Magistrates decision to-morrow.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, May 2 1869.

Particulars of the Collision between the "City of Quebec" and the "Germany"

The following is the *Chronicle's* report of the collision between the *City of Quebec* and the *Germany*, which Mr. Moore gives: yesterday morning, about twenty minutes past 3 the Steamship *City of Quebec*, Captain Connell, while on her first trip to the lower ports collided with the Steamship *Germany*, Captain Graham, of the Allan's Line, off Green Island. The *City of Quebec* left this port on Saturday morning with 12 cabin and about 22 steerage passengers, and a full large freight. The *Germany* passed Father Point at 10 o'clock on Saturday on her way to Quebec and had on board over 800 passengers, and about 2,500 tons of freight. From the particulars we have so far gathered, it would appear that the *City of Quebec* was struck before the centre of the paddle wheel, cutting right into the middle of the ship. The sponson beam of the *City of Quebec* entered the bow of the *Germany*, and kept the two steamers linked together, so that the passengers had time left before she sunk to save their lives.

The collision occurred abreast of Green Island, about two miles from here. When the lights of the *Germany* were first seen the *City of Quebec* was running at full speed, about 11 knots an hour. We regret to have to record the death of the third engineer, Mr. Dionneau, who lost his life whilst at his post on duty. A steerage passenger was killed after he had got on board the *Germany* by a spar falling on him. He was carried away in convulsions and died about half an hour afterwards. Captain Connell, of the *City of Quebec*, behaved with the greatest coolness and bravery, being the last man to leave the sinking ship, and had it not been for his presence of mind and exertions, the loss of life would have been much greater. The steward, Mr. Levesque, is also reported as having aided with great courage. The *City of Quebec* sunk half an hour after the collision. She was bought in New York two years ago, by the Gulf Ports Steamship Company, under the name of *Dumbarton*, she was about 600 tons and was built in Dumbarton, Scotland.

Accident to the Propeller "Indian."—As the propeller "Indian" was on her first trip from Hamilton to Montreal, with a cargo of flour, on Friday evening, she struck on a rock below Gananoque, and near Fiddler's Elbow. The concussion was so violent that she began to leak freely, and the Captain fearing that the result might prove serious, ran her aground on the Flats. Messrs Calvin & Breck's steamer "Hiram A. Calvin" is ordered to her assistance, and it is expected she will arrive here on Monday to be hauled out on the Marine Railway for repairing. The cargo will be more or less damaged.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

American Silver Coin.

On and after the SIXTH DAY OF MAY instant, the rate at which AMERICAN SILVER COIN will be received by the Banks for exportation on Government account, will be six per cent. discount. Until that time the rate will continue at five and one half per cent. discount.

W WEIR.

Montreal, May 2, 1870. 1348 1

Grand Trunk Railway.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.

Ottawa to Chicago............................$7 00

All other points in proportion. Baggage checked through.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents,
Office York street, Corner of Sussex street.

Ottawa, May 3, 1870. 134..

Her Majesty's Theatre.

MARSHALL'S
LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,
TUESDAY, MAY 3rd,

Will be presented the powerful drama of

"OLIVER TWIST."

To conclude with the Laughable Farce of

THE TOODLES.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs. ... & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER..........................W J MARSHALL.

May 3, 1870. 1334 6

Young Men's Christian Association.

A public meeting to inaugurate the new Hall, of the Association will be held in Bangs' Block opposite the Russell House, TO-NIGHT, at ... o'clock.

Prominent members of Parliament and several clergymen of the city are expected to deliver addresses.

Vocal and instrumental music by several well known amateurs.

Admission 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 3, 1870. 1348 1

List of Letters remaining in the Ottawa P O, 30th April, 1870.

Anderson Mrs C	Kelly Thos
Andrews W	Kealy Mrs
Armstrong Arthur	King Joe
Armstrong Miss M	Knight Ed H
Armstrong Jas	Lamoert Thos
Arless Geo C	Lamb & Son Thos
Armstrong L	Leitch H A
Basset Ed	Lindsay Jno C
Beston Mrs M S	Linton Windsor
Bain Arch	Lilloo Miss Mary
Bayliss Jno	Logan Jos
Beaumont Bros	Lyons Jno
Birt Mrs D	Mackey Jos
Blake Miss M	Malone W P
Black Miss M	Mason Jas
Botrell Jr —	Martin Jas
Brown Mrs S	Mahoney Miss B
Brennan M	Meade D C
Bramby G H	Mitchell Mrs M
Bradelin Cath	Morrison Miss S
Brady And	Mottet Alex
Brown J P	Murphy Jno
Brainard J L	Moore Miss C
Brown Geo	O'Brien Pat
Bridgham C	O'Brien Sarah
Brooke Mrs or Miss M A	O'Connor Jno
Burrows Jas	O'Connor Kate
Burnett Jas	Parish J W B
Burgess & Co	Palumter Miss
Cameron Thos	Peterson Hy
Cameron Alex	Peddlar Jno
Caldwell Wm	Peters D
Carter Mrs E	Power Miss B
Christie Alex	Post J H
Church Alex	Poole C ...
Clark W	Poole Jos
Clairmont F X	Pritchard Miss
Clements Chas	Pudeah Mrs M
Cline S	Rendles Thos
Cooper W J	Reilly M
Colins & Co J	Reilly Jno
Craig Mrs J	Ritchie Robt
Currier Arthur	Ripley L N
Cunningham Thos	Reilly Miss B
Curry W	Roberts E L
Cunningham Miss J A	Rose Jno
Daly And	Robertson J
Daley Jas	Redden W H
Dent Jno	Robinson Miss S
Dick B	Ryan Miss J
Dionne F	Sayers Mrs Hy
Donaldson Miss A	Sullivan Mrs
Dow R	Scott N
Drew Geo A	Scott W
Elliott Geo E	Scott R
Elliot A	Sennett Miss A
Foe Mrs Jane	Sherwood Geo
Fenton J F	Sisson Chas
Findley Jno	Smith And
Fitzgerald J W	Smith Mrs F L
Fleming Mrs E	Smith Miss E
Forbes Dan	Smith Mrs
Foster Sam W	Smith J M
Garland Geo	Smart Alex
Gardener Geo	Spelman Ed
Gashor M	Stewart Miss M
Gammon Miss Ann	Stewart Fes
Gorman Mrs Ann	Street Alb
Greene Jas	Sullivan Geo
Grant Miss M	Taylor Thos
Grand Miss Cath	Tardiff Fred
Greene Jno	Teller J
Grant Jno	Thomson Jno
Hatch Thos	Thompson Jos
Hamilton Mrs M	Thomas Mrs M
Hayworth Mrs J	Thompson Mrs J
Halowell G S	Thorne Miss L M
Hamilton And	Tiley Geo
Heuston Wm	Tomlinson Miss J
Hinds H Y	Tucker J H
Henshaw G H	Warren Hy
Helon Jno	Wade Geo F
Hollis Jno	Wait Jas
Holder Geo	White Jno
Hodgson Miss R	Young Mr
Hurst Robt	McCabe Pat
Hughes M	McCutcheon Miss M
Hall E B	McCready Jane
Hurley Pat	McDonald Geo
Hutchings R C	McDonald Mrs A
Hysen Sergt Jno	McGrath M
James Miss L A	McIntosh Miss M A
Jackson Alf	McLean & F
Jackson Miss E	McLeod D
Jackson Mrs Jos	McLean A
Johnston Mrs G R	McMorgan Jas
Johnston Miss Anna	McMurrow Miss M
Kelly Miss E	McPherson J
Kennedy Jas	McQuade Sarah
Kelly Miss Mary	McKeon Miss J
Kempt Jno	

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1348 ..

Wanted.

A first class SERVANT GIRL wanted immediately. Apply to

E ROWSELL,
13486 Next Door to The Times Office.

A Good Investment.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

Great Catalogue Sale

—OF—

Elegant Household and Portable Furniture, Oil Paintings, Chromos, Engravings, Carpets, Plated Ware, Cutlery, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM has received instructions from J. P. MACPHERSON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Vittoria street, off Wellington, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 5th and 6th of May, all the superb furniture therein contained, comprising a rich Drawing Room set in Mahogany, Card Tables, Ottomans, Cabinets Side Boards, and Chiffoniers, Ornaments, Pictures, Lounges, Extension Dining Table, Hanging Carpets, and a beautiful carved Hall Table an Chairs, very excellent Black Walnut Bedroom Furniture, Breakfast, Dinner and Dessert Services, the latter exquisitely hand painted, and each piece differing in design.

A very fine Mare 7 years old, splendid traveller, one very fine Horse 5 years old, sired by "Old St. Lawrence," combining beauty, strength and agility. One Foal, eleven months old, by "Don Juan," the winner of the Queen's plate.

Four very fine Ingersoll Hand Power Hay Presses used for hops, rags, &c. Cost $180 each. One very fine Horse Power Beater Hay Press —cost $100

An antiquarian collection of coins and curiosities.

The furniture may be seen at the house, from 12 o'clock noon until 4 p. m., day previous to sale. Catalogues may be had from the undersigned on Tuesday the 3rd, and at the house day of sale.

Sale each day at 11 o'clock a. m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 30, 1870 1347 3

Geo. H. Lemaitre, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Dress Goods.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

Universal Exhibition of 1855,

First class Meda..

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminent ... tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree in which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Tenders

Addressed to ... undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattresses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 1d 2

Dry Goods.

New Kid Gloves,

New Printed Muslins.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

this season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th,

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

To Let.

To Let.

The MONTREAL COTTAGE, Daly street, one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent moderate.

Apply to
MR SADLER,
Protestant Hospital.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 6

To Let.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West and Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to
MR SADLER,
Protestant Hospital.

1347 3

To Let.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

To Let.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, Esq.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

A House to Let

In the Village of New Edinburgh, McKay Street, a NEW BRICK HOUSE fitted up in modern style, with Marble Chimney-pieces Storm Windows and Venetian Blinds, and Newly Papered and Painted. Apply to R. LEWIS, at ... M'RT:MER'S, Esq., Chemist, Sussex Street, Ottawa. 1343 6

House to Let.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £20 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DANIS ... GAN,
1335tf Ashburnham Hill.

To Let.

Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Albans Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

Apply to
J J MURPHY,
Solicitor,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1345 6

Wanted.

A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the Russell House.

Apply at
1341 6 THE TIMES OFFICE.

Customs Department,

Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

Farm for Sale.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

West End

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara Silk and Velveteen
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in a the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Naphins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

New Drug Store.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

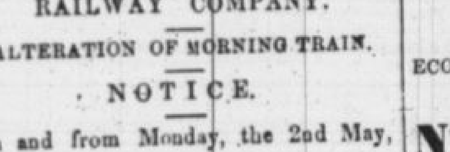
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 .. y



The St. Lawrence & Ottawa

RAILWAY COMPANY.

ALTERATION OF MORNING TRAIN.

NOTICE.

On and from Monday, the 2nd May,

THE MORNING TRAIN

Will leave OTTAWA at 7 a. m. instead of 8 in order to connect with the ROYAL MAIL steamers for the East and West at Prescott Wharf.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1346 2

McGill University,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two Thomson Exhibitions, value $125; the Charles Alexander Scholarship, value $120; the Jovhanoes' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the Jane Redpath Exhibition, value $100; the Taylor Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A,
Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

Several

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Gorsborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring so to do will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c., may be had by applying to Mr McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2,000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

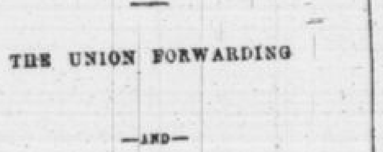
Apply to
R A BRADLEY, Soliciter, &c.
Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

For Sale.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to
HECTOR McLEAN,
1336tf Auctioneer.



Notice.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

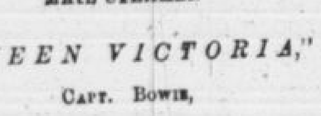
Is now open to Joachim,

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.

R S CASSELS,
1341tf President.



The Ottawa River

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

Capt. Bowie,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

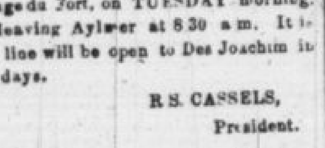
FAIRY

Capt. Nichols,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

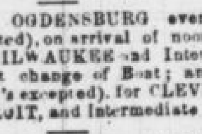


Notice.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8 30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, April 23, 187 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

Northern Transportation Co.'s

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his Office, corner of York and Sussex Street, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Found.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1338 tf

---

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

Removal.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A G. GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand,

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Jacks, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

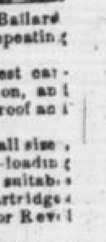
Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,
RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

Eley's Ammunition.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 7 m., 9 m. and 7 m. bore.

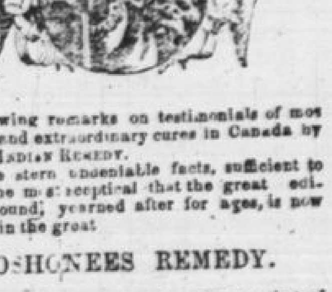
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

Shoshonees Remedy.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 1y

Farms for Sale or to Let.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
30 .. Rideau Road, Ottawa City.

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

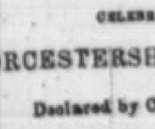
Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, May 3, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	2 50	@	0 00
Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs	1 10	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	17 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	23 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 40
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	[illegible]	@	0 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY ... consumption, towell in the wake of civilization

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?



LEA & PERRINS'

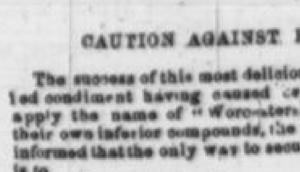
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1326 1aw 6m 1qwkfm

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

Additional Train each way, daily, during the Parliamentary Session.

On and from the 10th FEBRUARY, 1870, until the close of the ensuing Session of Parliament, 3 trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Prescott	1 30	7 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	11 00	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa	8 10	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	8 50	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	9 10	2 00	
Osgoode	9 30	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	10 00	2 55	11 40
			A.M.
Oxford	10 20	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	10 45	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	11 10	4 10	12 45
Prescott	11 25	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

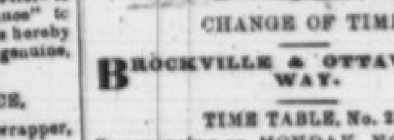
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m. p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS S A ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BRIDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavoured do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

J. BAIRD, MD, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Camp, Ontario. 28 3m

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. MCLEOD, W. MCK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

COSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

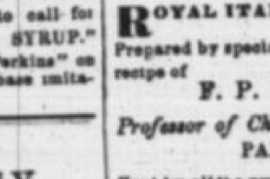
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A M F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

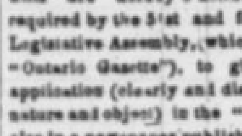
The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer,

1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or ERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa

Medical.

TRADE—MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS in Canada.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from Illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,

457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

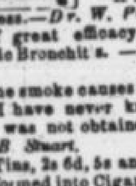
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. 1y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 6s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible]

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

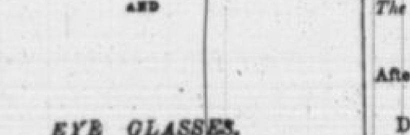
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

D. MIKELASSY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 963d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street .... Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Ball's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES—R A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,

R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq , Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1316 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c.
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

25 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of he worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, January 21

[illegible]rnment could e... by the issue c... British Government... per cent. interest... General Governmen... For... exceed $12,000,000... would give us yearly intere... General Government... objector might say... charge,—Militia...

its natural...

...is spent a large sum... healed the canals... for p... hair... hair is... to its orig... with the... freshness... Thin hair is... ened, falling hair checked... ness often, though not always... by its use. Nothing can... hair where the follicles are... or the glands atrophied and... But such as remain can be... usefulness by this application... of fouling the hair with a... ment, it will keep it clean and... Its occasional use will prevent... from turning gray or falling off... consequently prevent baldness... from those deleterious substances... make some preparations dangerous... injurious to the hair, the V... only benefit but not harm it. If... merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account... Our pride is gratified by the... receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

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The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its importance... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance... not when the premiums are being paid... losses are being settled, and, from the... promptness of its settlements... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR...

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET

DUKE STREET, C...

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & ...

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, ... Old Rye and Proof of the best ...

Those not having had a trial of ... requested to call and judge for ... your neighbours who have tried ... Liquors. All Goods warranted and ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and ... stantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE ...

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, ... relief from Frasers Magnetic Pain ... GREAT PAIN CURER ... three minutes Neuralgia ... face. is distinguishable from ... intenseness of its pain and ... attack, may be cured ... Fluid is composed entirely of ... and contains nothing which ... system either by outward or inward ... Try it and you will not be disappointed ... by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER ...

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour ... and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, ... Centre Town, Ottawa. James ... *Managing Director.*

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

...S ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

...HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

...ington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

..., December 29, 1869. 1236

... WHELAN,

... RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA*

... OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

... for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Brooms, ... Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Br... ..., Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary ... a complete stock.

...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial, ... quite fresh and cheap.

...Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily ...

...Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. ... Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, ... bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira ... all prices, in wood and bottle, improved HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY,

...proof and over, at extremely low ... and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey ... Irish Whiskey. ... Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM ... SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... time or bar also. 11...

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY

...porated under Chapter LXVII ... Consolidated Statutes of Canada

...HEAD OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S ... Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON ... FOOTE & THOMSON, T H ... RICHMOND, Manager.

...OTTAWA

...HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, ... SALOON STORES AND OTHERS.

...hereby give notice of my intention to ... extend of otherwise TOMATO ... KETCHUP be wholesale. ... of trade during the last few ... to make the wholesale ... I have now is undoubtedly the ... the quantity of quality ... known the fact that I ... from seed procured at any ... it is the best, they will ... ensure, on account fact is ... manufactured in Ottawa ... packing, duty and other ... sell full 40 per cent ...

...I think, cannot ... may favor me with their ... NASH, Wholesale and Retail ... Park street, Ottawa, or ... Post Office, Ottawa. ... Manufactory on the bank of the ...

...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles ... highest prices given.

... EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Pork, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, ...

OTTAWA,

End of Little S...

...advances on goods consigned ... Prompt returns in all cases ... R.

...S. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

...A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms ... including the Capital will find superior ... by the day or week at moderate ... —This house is situated in the ... of the Parliament Buildings ... banks.

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

...Robert Stewart having made ... an accomplished lady teacher ... Dancing Classes will ... Tuesday, the 22nd instant. ... further particulars may be obtained ... to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod ... Ottawa September 9th, 1869.

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber ... decided to divide his time equally ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg ... old patrons and others, that he ... attend to their orders for tuning ... Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's ... and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. ...

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist) ... a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatoire ... Lessons on Piano at 1 Sie... ..., corner of King street. ... Ottawa, June 17, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION ...

... Street, next to the ...

Ottawa.

... patronage of the Lower ... generally in the Ottawa. From ... done in the trade he offers his services ... and standing to their rafts ... the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

... Wal... R W... 1324tf

... OYSTERS, GAME, ...

... legs to ... on hand, ... which will ... any other ... GEORGE ... No 8...

DEPARTMENT ...

... Ottawa ... discount on American ... 12 per cent.

... M BOUCHER ... Commission ...

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1349. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

...HAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, ...ENS'Y STONE BUILDING, ...Sussex Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Tinware, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. *Always on Hand.* ...December 29, 1869. 1236.1

...WHELAN, ...RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA ...HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) ...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ...numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauternes and Maderia Wines ...all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY. ...proof and ... at extremely low prices. ...and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ...Irish Whiskey. ...Old Irish Potteen. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...and other Ales. ...Syrups, all grades. ...' prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...ING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ...the time for bar sales. 1165

...TELEGRAPH COMPANY. *Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.* ...OFFICE—...P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: ...Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

...KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS. ...give notice of my intention to supply ...TOMATO SAUCE, ...KETCHUP to wholesale. ...trade during the last four years ...enlarge my manufactory ...to make the wholesale trade my ...I have now is undoubtedly the largest and the quality is readily ...known the fact that I raise my ...procured at any expense ...best, they will therefore ...comparison with any imported. ...important fact is that being ...factored in Ottawa thereby ...packing, duty and other expenses ...sell full 40 per cent lower than ...stages, I think, cannot fail to ...who may favor me with their orders ...NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...Post Office, Ottawa.* ...Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...highest prices given. 1?9y

...EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN ...Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. ...advanced on goods consigned for transportation. Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON

...MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ...more gentlemen can be accommodated ...comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ...visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. ...Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces ...her Dancing Classes will commence on ...Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ...and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ...corner of King street. Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ...Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing ...to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and ... ...begs to inform the public ...on hand, in season, a large ...which will be sold as cheap ...any other house in the city. GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

...PARTMENT, Ottawa, April 29, 1870. Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent. ...BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY, COMMISSION MERCHANT *FORWARDER,* GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c. No. 3, St. Peter-st. QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada: No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81 The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M P P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half or the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa, H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa, Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

By L. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES,

L. B. TACKABERRY has been favoured with a large consignment from Montreal of Buffalo Robes, also about 300 pairs of Quanty and Horse Blankets, which he is prepared to sell lower than can be obtained elsewhere in Ottawa. All wanting Buffalo Robes had better call soon as there will not be another such opportunity. Ottawa, Nov. 22 1869. 1213

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET. Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney. 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office 1328 1m

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to MRS T A CUMMING, Metcalfe Street. 1321tf

TO LET.

From 1st May, three good DWELLING HOUSES on the east side of O'Connor street, with out premises with good spring water therein. Also on the southerly side of Rideau street, a good BRICK STORE with cellar and storehouse For particulars apply to R HARDY. Ottawa, April 2, 1870. 1323 1m1

TO LET.

A HOUSE, situate on Augusta street, Sandy Hill—good stone cellar. Apply to JAS G ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Sussex street. 1306tM1

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace 1290t

HOUSE TO LET.

MRS. CAMERON'S COTTAGE opposite the Wellington Ward Market. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Rent moderate. Apply to Messrs. Kennedy and Christie, solicitors Elgin Street. 1325 3awk 1M1

TO LET.

A first class residence, eligibly situated, containing twelve rooms, viz:—8 Bed Rooms Parlour 14 x 24 with marble mantel and grate, Sitting Room and Library 14 x 24, Dining Room 16 x 24, Kitchen 13 x 24, with Store Rooms, &c, and good out buildings. The house is in excellent order, having been repainted and papered throughout.

Also a COTTAGE. Also an Office and good Batchelors' Chambers in Aumond's buildings, now occupied by Wm Allen. Application to D O'CONNOR, Office No. 1 Rideau street. Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1330a

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 3 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1196 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

WANTED.

A FURNISHED PARLOUR and three or four Bed Rooms in the vicinity of the Russell House. Apply at THE TIMES OFFICE. 1343 6

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE.

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a neat run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or tableuse, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tins

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's an "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving. The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG, PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS, Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street. 1311.3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY No. 14, Rideau street Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals Congress, Goods English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion. GEORGE MURPHY, Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £ s d
Circulation	281,279 4
Other Liabilities	1,868,204 8 0
	2,149,483 12 (

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £ s d
Specie	354,807 17 9
Other Assets	2,973,454 19 3
	3,328,262 17 0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112 17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851 37	118,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397 54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,680 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors). R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary. Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870. 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE, At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company, BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870. To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1366tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	6.00	12 Noon	9.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon				5.30
St. John, N. B., daily		12 Noon			11.30	5.30
United States	6.00	12 Noon	9.30		11.30	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		5.00	8.00	11.30	
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	6.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, North ...	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa			6.00	8.00	11.50	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	12 Noon			11.50	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart	8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive	4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING —AND— FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT. NO. 14 SPARKS SREET, OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING —AND— BABY LINEN, Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH. ONLY ONE PRICE, MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock. R L JAMES & CO. Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec. and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH, ED. CHANDLER. C. J BRYDGES, A. W. McLELAN, Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ONTARIO FARMER. SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon G. W. Allen Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph. Orders and Remittances will be sent to T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY. Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.* JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1338 tf

The Byron Banquet.

From the New York World.

The precise purpose of the persons who have been giving a banquet to the memory of Byron is not very clear. Inasmuch as the poet was born on the 22nd of January and died on the 19th of April, this cannot be considered as an anniversary celebration, unless indeed he was either married or separated from his spouse on the day of which they chose the occurrence to eat one of Mr. Delmonico's dinners, at the cost of listening to one of Mr Cassius M. Clay's speeches, in commemoration of him. There can, of course, be no objection to the conduct of any number of private persons who, smitten with enthusiasm for a poet's works, choose to meet and generate eloquence and dyspepsia on behalf of him. Nor would it be proper for the public press to criticise the performance of such a meeting even if it went to the absurd length of consisting adult male persons to extemporatory in response to such succeeding toasts as the "Prisoner of Chillon," 'Hours of Idleness,' 'the Corsair,' and 'The Dogs of Venice.' But when a public 'banquet' is erected upon such a foundation, and the reporters of the public press are invited to transcribe the wisdom and eloquence of the orators, it becomes a matter for public deprecation. It is true that our Caledonian friends annually celebrate the birthday of Burns by similar proceedings. But the birth of Burns was a national event, and we can ascribe to a patriotic ardor whatever in its commemoration we cannot account for upon the principle of purely æsthetic enthusiasm; whereas most of the celebrators of Byron were Americans, and the only event of any political significance which can be adduced to account for their choice of this occasion is the recent robbery and murder in Greece. It is possible that these Byron lovers are Philhellenes as well; and the fact that "Greece" was one of their toasts gives color to the supposition that one of their objects was to express their admiration for the present condition of the country in behalf of which their hero died.

But we suppose the truth to be that this banquet sprang from a desire to vindicate the memory of Lord Byron from the aspersions of Mrs Stowe. To have produced some additional, even if superfluous, exculpatory evidence seems to the ordinary mind a more effectual method of doing this than the absorption of food and drink and the exudation of eloquence. But to the Byronic and banquet going mind it seemed otherwise. And Mrs Stowe may accordingly consider herself rebuked alike by the prandial and the post-prandial performances of the banqueters.

The question is, Where is this sort of thing to end? If an indignation banquet to Byron can properly be fulminated against Mrs. Stowe, it is clearly Mrs Stowe's right to organize a ratification banquet to herself in rejoinder. At this feast the assailants of Lord Byron will have their innings. The editor of the *Christian Union* will uplift his fraternal voice and the editor of *Harper's Weekly* wind his feeble horn in defence of the truth and the taste of Mrs. Stowe's story. This will be bad enough. But worse remains behind. For, the prudent issue being once re-opened, the feud will begin again, and throughout the land there will be the abomination of Byron barbecues and the desolation of Stowe tea parties. Such a grievous work have the promoters of the Byron banquet done.

But our cup of agony will not yet be full. Shakespeare has several professed admirers. And Shakespeare has been more vilely treated than Byron. For an attempt has been made not only to defame but to abolish him. A judge has written a book full of denials of his existence. This judicial Betsy Prig declares that he does not "believe there was ever any such person" as the Shakespeare whom mankind reveres. It behooves the friends of Shakespeare to resent this attempt at annihilation. A precedent is now established, in the shape of the Byron banquet, for them to exhibit their indignation by dining and their erudition by subsequent oratory. The amount of nonsense with which the industrious imbecility of three centuries has contrived to obfuscate Shakespeare's memory will at once be swollen to an appaling volume and density, in which he will be utterly hidden and lost.

Then there is a poor Homer. The critical controversy about the existence of Homer will be carried, as has the critical controversy about the conduct of Byron, from the cloister to the restaurant. When we consider that there is a maximum of one hundred men in the country who know something about Homer, and a minimum of one million who would like to be considered to know something about him, the prospect of the opening of the flood gates of ignorant declamation upon him is dreadful to contemplate. Infallibly we shall have to hear Logan on the 'Iliad' and Walbridge on the 'Odyssey.' This is too much. We feel compelled to reprehend in the severest terms the entering wedge to such frightful schisms which is driven by the Byron banquet.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshones Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The 'Globe' says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... Homeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—that is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. E DEAN, St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility. J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating. S. Z. EARLE, M D. St. John, N.B.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homoeopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemist London, England. 11285W6m

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
The St Lawrence & Ottawa Railway—Thomas Reynolds
Northern Transportation Company—J T Corcoran
A Boat Wanted—Apply at The Times Office

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1236d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page

THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBAH.

The Bill, for the erection of a portion of the North West Territory into a Province to be confederated with the Dominion of Canada, received a first reading on Monday last. In extent the new Province will consist of 10,000 square miles, stretching from the 49th to the 50th parallel of latitude, or 60 miles north, including the Red River and the Assiniboine River where they meet together, or, to be more particular, the Province is to include that region commencing at a point on the frontier of the United States Territory 96 degrees west of Greenwich, and extends to a point 98 degrees 15 minutes west, being bounded on the north by the 49th parallel of latitude, and on the south by latitude 50 degrees 20 minutes. The name of the new province is to be Manitobah, or, "The God who speaks." Its extent is by no means great, and the present inhabitants not over 15,000. For governing and legislative purposes there is to be a Lieutenant Governor, under a commission from the Governor-General of Canada with power over that portion of the North West not at present embraced, but intended to be embraced, in the new Province of Manitobah, ruling by instructions received upon Order in Council from Canada; a Legislative Council consisting of 7 members; and a House of Assembly consisting of 24 members, from which bodies a ministry, responsible to the people, will be selected to assist the Lieutenant Governor in the conduct of the Government. The new Province will also form an integral part of Confederated Canada, and have two Senator representatives and four Commoners in the Dominion Parliament, the Senate representation to be increased, when the population shall reach 75,000 to four. In addition to this transcript of the British Constitution, or rather of the Canadian Constitution to be bestowed upon the little Province of Manitobah the English and French languages are to be considered legal languages, and all the possessions of the present resident populations secured to them in free and common soccage, while there shall be a reservation for the purpose of extinguishing the Indian title of 1,200,000 acres out of lands, which, not being the property of individuals, shall belong to the Dominion of Canada. This is the scheme as concisely and briefly as it can be put. That it will meet with favor there is scarcely any doubt. No one can question the disposition to do full justice to the present inhabitants and to provide for the requirements of future generations. There is nothing indeed wanting to make Manitobah a prosperous and happy land but order—that sense of security which a belief in the majesty of law over prejudice and passion produces. This desire for order is strong among the law abiding residents of Red River as it is determined upon here. There must be freedom to go to and freedom to return from that country to all honest men. There must be freedom to dwell there. All classes and sects, and degrees and conditions of men must be permitted to do as they please within the bounds of the laws made upon the spot for local government, and within those laws, which will affect the Province as a part of the Dominion Confederation. There will be freedom of opinion on all matters, and no supremacy in any. All men, in the eyes of the law, will be equal. The men within the gates and the stranger without will be on an equal footing, so far as law is concerned, and to secure this desirable aim 390 regular soldiers of the Queen, with a force of Canadian Militia, fully organized, equipped and disciplined, three-fourths greater, will proceed to Winnepeg, the nucleus of the capital of Manitobah on a mission of peace.

This miniature government may seem to Mr. Mackenzie to be like something which he has seen described by the Dean of St. Patrick's in Gulliver's Travels. A House of Lords, consisting only of seven persons and a Commons of two dozen smacks of littleness, but the honourable gentleman should remember that his own great Province of Ontario had even a smaller beginning under Governor Simcoe than the Province of Manitobah. In Roger's Canada we find the following account of the first Parliament of Upper Canada, on the 18th September, 1792:

"The capital of the Province was at Newark, now Niagara. The seat of Government, according to the Duke de la Rochefoucault Liancourt, who visited it in 1795, consisted of about a hundred houses, "mostly very fine structures." Governor Simcoe apparently did not occupy one of them, but a "miserable wooden house," formerly occupied by the Commissaries, who resided there on account of the navigation of the lake,—his guard consisting of four soldiers, who every morning came from the fort, to which they returned in the evening. It is difficult even to guess at the appearance of the Parliament building. Assuredly it did not require to be of great size. When the time arrived for opening the session, only two, instead of seven members of the Legislative Council, were present. No Chief Justice appeared to fill the office of Speaker of the Council. Instead of sixteen members of the Legislative Assembly, five only attended. What was still more embarrassing, no more could be collected. The House was, nevertheless, opened. A guard of honor, consisting of fifty soldiers from the fort, were in attendance. Dressed in silk, Governor Simcoe entered the hall, with his hat on his head, attended by his Adjutant and two Secretaries. The two members of the Council gave notice of his presence in the Upper House to the Legislative Assembly, and the five members of the latter having appeared at the Bar of the two Lords, His Excellency read his speech from the throne. He informed the honorable gentlemen of the Legislative Council and the gentlemen of the House of Assembly, that he had summoned them together under the authority of an Act of Parliament of Great Britain, which had established the British constitution, and all that secured and maintained it to Upper Canada; that the wisdom and beneficence of the sovereign had been eminently proved by many provisions in the memorable Act of Separation, which would extend to the remotest posterity the invaluable blessings of that constitution; that great and momentous trusts and duties had been committed to the representatives of the Province, infinitely beyond whatever had distinguished any other British Colony; that they were called upon to exercise, with due deliberation and foresight, various offices of civil administration, with a view of laying the foundation of that union of industry and wealth, of commerce and power, which may last through all succeeding ages; that the natural advantages of the new Province were inferior to none on this side of the Atlantic; that the British Government had paved the way for its speedy colonization; and that a numerous and agricultural people would speedily take possession of the soil and climate. To this speech the replies of the Council and Assembly were but an echo. The seven gentlemen legislators proceeded actively to business."

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald stated that the Bill for the Government of the North West was not yet printed, several clauses of the copy from which he had read last night not being completed.

Mr. Mackenzie attacked the Government for having received Father Richot and Mr. Alfred Scott in an official capacity as delegates from the people of the North West while, in reality, they were the mere nominees of Riel and his gang, and the Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, who was always insinuating that those opposed to him were rebels, and was in the habit of charging them with disloyalty, had left a stain upon his own loyalty.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald stated that those gentlemen were received as delegates in accordance with instructions from Her Majesty's Imperial Government and that His Excellency the Governor General as an Imperial officer, had given him leave to state, as they knew all along that he intended to receive these delegates, and consider their representations as well as those of other parties coming from Red River; that the sole object the Government had in view was the peaceable acquisition of the country at as little expense as possible; and he had no doubt if their efforts were not defeated by the Opposition that they would frame a Bill, which would satisfy the House and the inhabitants of the North West.

Mr. Bellerose stated that Dr. Lynch, whom he had esteemed as an honourable man, had been guilty of falsehood in charging Father Richot with being present at the execution of Thomas Scott, it having been proved before the magistrate that he had nothing to do with it.

Hon. Mr. Macdougall stated that the whole evidence from that country went to show that Richot was the instigator of the rebellion, and had been encouraging it. He attacked Sir George E. Cartier for his conduct, as reported in walking in public with Father Richot, whose hands were red with the blood of his countrymen.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier, after alluding to his feeling of sympathy for the member for North Lanark in his disappointment, claimed the right to exercise his own judgment in these matters, and said that when delegates were considered worthy to be received by the Governor General, there was nothing derogatory to him in holding intercourse with them.

Hon. Joseph Howe referring to the attack of the member for North Lanark on the Government for having held communication with the Delegates, enquired who had sent a sneaking and infamous letter to Riel, asking him to meet him on the sly.

Hon. Mr. McDougall replied that he knew in doing so that there was a traitor in the Cabinet with whom he had to hold official communication, and that to guard against him he had resolved to ascertain what statements and representations had been made by Mr. Howe among the people of the North West. He knew that he had been sneering at the Government officials, and at the proclamation, and that he (Mr. Howe) had done all in his power to bring Canadians into contempt.

The resolutions respecting the Superannuation Fund and Bank of Upper Canada Bill were passed in Committee.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald stated that it was the intention of the Government to abandon the Election Law, and after a conversation relative to the business of the Session, the House adjourned until to-day at 3 o'clock.

At this distance, there seems to be a somewhat ludicrous antagonism existing municipally in the City of Quebec. It is to be hoped that the presence of the military will not be required.

The Hon. John Hilliard Cameron and Mr. R. A. Harrison, left this city yesterday, to attend the assizes at Cornwall, in connection with the celebrated case of Allen vs. Vankoughnet.

The 60th Rifles.—In the haste to condemn an act of desertion from the army, which is most particularly unworthy of a brave man, the personal courage of the man was awkwardly alluded to in our issue of yesterday. It is of course unnecessary for us to state that nothing could be further from the fact than the supposition that any man of the 60th Rifles is, in the ordinary sense of the word afraid of danger. This gallant and distinguished corps has ever proudly maintained its honor from the Colonel to the Drummer. It was the act which merited condemnation and that only.

To Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald K. C. B., Minister of Justice, Premier, &c., &c.

Sir,—Whereas it is proposed in the Bill now before the House of Commons relating to the North West Territory, and regarding the formation therein of the Province of Manitobah, "That the region which is to form the said new Province shall be bounded on the East by the 96th° of longitude, on the West by longitude 98° 15m., on the North by latitude 50° 30m., and on the South by the 49th parallel,

And whereas this Western limit excludes the important Settlements of Portage la Prairie and White Mud River—containing a population of 2,500 souls—whilst on the East it takes in a portion of country wholly unsettled and not so well fitted for agricultural purposes. Therefore in the name and on behalf of the people of these Settlements I most respectfully protest against such exclusion.

And I most humbly pray that should your Government have good reasons for desiring to confine the proposed Province to the extent of area specified, whilst retaining the proposed Northern and Southern limits, you will be pleased to locate the longitudinal boundaries three-quarters of a degree further West, thus making the Eastern and Western boundaries, respectively, 96° 45m., and 99°.

Allow me, moreover, to suggest, that in fairness to all the inhabitants of that territory, to the dwellers on the Red River and lower course of the Assiniboine, and not less to the residents of Portage la Prairie, themselves, these two thousand people are equally entitled to consideration with the rest, in the matter of the pecuniary advantages accruing to them, by connection with the Dominion, the subsidy granted &c., &c.,

I have the honor to be, hon. Sir,
Your most humble servant,
JAMES LYNCH.

Russell's, Ottawa, May 3, 1870.

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

(CONTINUED.)

OTTAWA, May 2, 1870.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said it would have been more opportune to have taken the objections at the second reading, rather than now. He himself would not enter on the merits of the Bill, but make a few prefatory observations in answer to those of the member for Lambton. He had found fault with the Constitution of the Territory, and there being two Houses for so small a portion of the Territory. He referred to Prince Edward Island, with its population of only 85,000, and an area of only 1,300,000 acres, which, from the first, had a political organization and all the machinery of a Government, and to New Brunswick, which, at the time of its separation from Nova Scotia, had a population not larger than that of Nova Scotia. Manitobah was the key to the whole territory, and when they had defined its limits they had done a good work. This Bill had, as it were, disclosed the policy of the Government, for it was evident there was room between Ontario and the Rocky Mountains for several Provinces, and Manitobah was made the model or starting point for the Provinces to be erected to the Pacific Ocean. As to the objection that there was too large a subsidy, he said the new Province was entitled to be placed on the same footing as any other. If the people had waited till they were 50,000 or 75,000, instead of being entitled to $21,000 a year from the Government, they would have been entitled to double or perhaps treble that amount. There was room in the Territory for a million of inhabitants, and yet for some time all the expenditure for this would be only $21,000 for local wants, and a subsidy of $30,000 a year for the Local Government. The land, except 1,200,000 acres, was under the control of the Government, and these were held for the purpose of extinguishing the claims of the Half-breeds, which it was a desire to leave unsettled, as they had been the first settlers, and made the Territory. These lands were not to be dealt with as the Indian reserves, but were to be given to the heads of families to settle their children. The policy, after settling these claims, was to give away the land so as to fill up the country. As it did so emigration would go westward, fill up other portions of the Territory, and so the grand scheme of Confederation would be carried out. Instead of, as in Newfoundland, where they were to pay $150,000 a year for these lands, those in the North-West had been given up for nothing. It must be in the contemplation of the members of the House that these could be used for the construction of the British Pacific Railway from the East to the West, and yet the member for Lambton complained of the grant of $30,000 at the beginning of the existence of the Province. Then they were to get 80 cents a head till the population amounted to 400,000, and at the greatest estimate there never would be more than $425,000 a year ever going to that Province, and that not for many years hence, but the sooner the better, as the greater would be the contributions to the exchequer. The population was now only 15,000, but the consumption was not for them alone, but for 200,000 Indians, who consumed an immense quantity of dutiable articles. After a few other observations, in which he said he would not enter into the question of the appointment of an officer of constabulary, and stated that he believed, when the member for Lambton read the Bill carefully, he would recognise the wisdom of its provisions.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he had not entered into any explanation as to the mounted police, and the appointment of Captain Cameron.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that it was intended to have a body of mounted rifles to protect the people from the chance of an Indian war. Under the beneficent rule of the Hudson's Bay Company there was peace in the Territory, while across the line there were frequent wars, and the Indians were shot down by emigrants going West—shot down ruthlessly. As the expectation was that there would be a large influx of emigrants from Europe or from Canada, and there was a fear that emigrants from the American States, accustomed to deal with the Indians as enemies, would be shooting them down and causing great disturbances. The necessity, therefore, arose to have a small but active force of cavalry to act as mounted police, so that they could move rapidly along the frontier to repress disturbances; and it was not proposed to make the force more than 200 men. They would be drilled as cavalry, or rather as mounted riflemen, and be disciplined as a military body, but act as constabulary. Such a force would be amply sufficient for the purpose, and be enough to secure order.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the question as to whether Captain Cameron was employed had not been answered. If he was raising a force, how and where was he doing so?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said Captain Cameron had not received a commission. The Government had employed Mr. McMicken and Mr. Coursol, as Police Commissioners, the latter of whom was engaging men in Lower Canada speaking French, and able to read and write, and to speak both French and English if possible. He intended to raise 50 men in Canada altogether, and 150 more in the Territory, commingling the different races, as had been done in India so successfully. It was the best force that could be raised, and by the commingling no predominance would be given to either.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he was glad to find that the Government had not employed Capt. Cameron.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he did not say that. He said that a Commission had not been issued. He might say, however, that he was a most efficient officer.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he might be in his own place, but not in the position proposed. He had a further question to ask. A number of persons had lost their all in these disturbances, and had all their goods seized and used. Were they to receive compensation.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he did not know what he meant. He did not see how this House could deal with such a question. That might be a matter to be settled in England.

Mr. MACKENZIE did not see how they could go to England for compensation. He presumed they would not deny some remedy should be provided.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they had not yet reached that point, as this Bill was simply one for the Government of the country. The other was a separate matter, and will be so considered either here or in England, but it was premature to discuss it now.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER explained in French, in the course of which,

Mr. GODIN asked if the Constitution was to be submitted to the people before being passed.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER No.

Hon Mr. McDOUGALL said he spoke with some reluctance on account of the position he had unfortunately held with respect to the Territory. With respect to the Bill, he might say he was both pleased and displeased. Pleased at its having been brought down, and displeased at its unsatisfactory character. It must be displeasing to every one to know that the bargain settled with the three Governments, had been refused to be carried out on the pretence of the motive, which it was said actuated the Government. It was known that the reason given was that the Government desired to compel the Imperial Government to put them in peaceable possession of the country. They had been so far successful that the Imperial Government had promised to send 200 or 300 troops into the country and to pay one fourth of the expenses. He apprehended there would be some condition attached to that agreement which would probably lessen its value to this country. Were they to understand that the Imperial Government agreed to pay one fourth of all the expense, no matter what might be the extravagance of our Government? Were they to bear one fourth of the expense of constructing boats, many of which were constructed in Lower Canada upon the miserable rule that everything done must be distributed between French and English. The transportation of these boats to Collingwood would cost as much as the boats themselves. Were they to understand that the Imperial Government agreed to bear one-fourth of that extravagance? He believed not. With regard to the leading features of the Bill they did not commend themselves to his judgment. People were not prepared for, and did not want so cumbrous and intricate a system of Government, and it was absurd to impose it upon them. A cheap simple and direct system of Government such as that provided for in the Bill of last Session would answer every purpose, and would meet the almost universal approval of the people. He objected to the system of two Chambers, and was astonished to find the system proposed for Red River in view of its expense in Quebec and the success of one chamber system in Ontario. He hoped the Government would consent to change in this respect. In looking over the map of the new Province laid on the table, he noticed that an important Canadian settlement containing some four or five hundred families, namely; Portage la Prairie, had been left beyond the limits of the Provinces, though the boundary line diverged 15 minutes to take in a small settlement marked on the map "Roman Catholic Mission." It was just as well there should be a little plain speaking on this point at an early day. It was known by the Government and the country that the rebellion in the North West originated with the Roman Catholic priesthood (no, no, from French members). That fact was substantiated by the Commissioners of the Government who had been sent to that country. The priesthood desired to secure certain advantages for themselves, their Church or their people. And they advised their people to take the course they did. These facts could be proved beyond doubt if the House would grant a Committee of enquiry. He believed the respectable, wealthy, intelligent portion of the Roman Catholic population were opposed to that course and loyal to this Government, and would willingly accept the Government that was provided for in the Bill of last session. He warned the Government that amendments would be proposed to this Bill. With regard to the claims of loyalists from the Territory, he understood the Minister of Militia to say that they must look to England.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he had not stated that. He had mentioned when the Minister of Justice was speaking that these claims might fall on us or perhaps on England. He did not say decidedly that they would have to be settled by England.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL accepted the explanation, and went on to argue the justice of these claims, and the necessity of their being attended to by the Government. The Imperial Government were under no obligation to settle these claims. He concluded by denouncing the appointment of Captain Cameron to the head of the police for Red River as the most unfortunate selection that could be made.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the hon. member for North Lanark seemed unable to comprehend the policy of the Government. With regard to the non-payment of the money, he would only ask the House to consider the position of the Government when the unfortunate interruption to the hon. gentleman's entrance into the territory took place. They should look at the season of the year and the surrounding circumstances. What would have been the consequences of the payment of the money on the 1st December last? The inevitable consequences would have been the immediate transfer of the country to Canada. (Hear.) They had been told by the press that they should have sent up a military officer, who would have gone to the country by railroad, as did the hon. gentleman, and entered the country alone.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL—An absurd suggestion.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said the Government at once saw that at that season of the year, in the first place, it was impossible that Canada should take the government of that country. It was essentially important, and every day had made them more convinced of the view they took, that without reference to the paltry question of expenses, that we should have the prestige of the Imperial Government in getting up and sending an expedition there, to establish the Queen's authority, instead of leaving Canada to commence the war with that people on its own account and on its own responsibility, thereby inviting fillibusters and sympathisers from the neighboring States to come in and join in, and thus involve the country in an expenditure of which no one can have any conception.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER—Hear, hear.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said, when the Government first heard of these circumstances, before the lamentable events which subsequently occurred had taken place, they at once took the very best means to allay the discontent which existed more particularly among a certain portion of the population. We were unsuccessful because—he was sorry to say it and regretted to have to go into that question—of the unfortunate mistake committed by the hon. gentleman.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL—No, no.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS could readily understand, and feel that it was his bounden duty to stand up and defend himself. But if things he had been allowed to remain until the Government of this country had been able to prescribe a policy which, under the circumstances, if they had been allowed to employ the agencies which they at once took steps to employ if Father Thibault had gone up, and the proclamation never been issued, and the force not been invited to go on, he was perfectly certain that in a very few days Father Thibault would have settled matters. (Hear.) If the hon. gentleman had remained quiet until he had known the views of the Government, there would have been no difficulty whatever. It was not a question of expediency. The time of paying the money was the question. They thought that the right time for paying the money was when the Queen's authority had been restored. Then it was quite right that quiet should be restored by a force acting under the Imperial officers, and having the prestige of our Sovereign, thus presenting the appearance of its being a war between one section of the Dominion and the people. It was a view taken by the Government, it was not a mere question of expenditure. If the territory, of course, had been transferred to Canada, they could not expect England to contribute any share of the expenses. We have got to maintain peace in our own territories, but under the peculiar circumstances of the case, it was important that the force should be essentially an Imperial force and not a Canadian force. (Hear.)

It being six o'clock the House rose for recess.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS resumed the debate. He said he was bound to place on record his opinion of the Act which had produced the most disastrous consequences in the Territory, that was the issue of the proclamation by the member for North Lanark, when sent as Governor of the Territory. The intentions of the Government were most liberal. The Legislature was only provisional in its nature, and they had sent one who had been a warm advocate of the policy of acquiring this Territory to be settled in great part from the four older Provinces. The Government had given instructions which in his (Sir Francis') judgment, no exception could be taken. His object was to get there, to place himself in communication with all parties, to obtain all the information possible and inform the Government what kind of constitution was most suitable. Notwithstanding what he conceived to be the wise course taken by the Government, the strongest opposition was offered by the leading organs of the Opposition in Ontario. Every means was taken to excite distrust in the Canadian Government. It was said they intended to ill-treat the inhabitants of that country, that they had no intention to regard their wishes, and he believed that a great deal of the discontent was due to these efforts. He was disposed to make every allowance for errors of judgment in the performance of the duties imposed on the member for North Lanark. But when the Government as a Government expressed their disapproval of his course which they firmly believed led to the consequences which they had all seen, he could not but deplore the action which led to such a disastrous result. It was the duty of hon. members, and they could not but sympathise with those who were acting in that Territory, in sympathy with the Canadian Government, but there could be no doubt they took a course which led to evil results. Honourable members talk of claims, but he could not see how the Government could deal with claims which had not been presented. No such claims had been made but even if they had that was a question entirely apart from that of the Bill brought in by the Minister of Justice. It had nothing to do with it, and it was unfortunate that the question should be raised. He would deal with representations made by those persons peculiarly distinguished as Canadians as opposed to what some honourable gentlemen were pleased to call the rebel party, but which he would distinguish as the mixed French and Indian race, chiefly Catholic in religion. Could it be made clear to him that those against whom the hon. gentleman protested had asked exclusive privileges he could understand it. But he had read a letter in one of the papers to-day, addressed to the Governor General, and signed James Lynch, a gentleman assuming, and no doubt correctly assuming to represent the wishes of a large portion of the population, and one for whom he had the highest respect. He had carefully read the letter, and had endeavoured to see if there was any real grievance against these persons, or if the Government had committed any error from the point of view of those whom Dr. Lynch represented. It had already come out in the course of the discussion that in all questions coming before the Government, they had not considered the question whether the delegates were representatives of the majority or minority. Admit that they represented the minority; admit even that as alleged in the letter, had been the appointed by gentleman Mr. Riel (cries of gentleman and confusion). It were admitted that one delegate did not represent him. That was Judge Black who was brought to accept the mission with great reluctance, his name having been given as the letter states, as a sort of sop to those not under Mr. Riel's influence. Assume that all the statements made by Dr. Lynch were correct and he would ask if the Bill was open to the objection of pressing on those whom Dr. Lynch represented. What were the points in contention? First, these delegates would have desired—as stated in the Bill of Rights—that they should have the whole lands of Manatoba into their possession, that is into the possession of the Local Government. What he wanted to establish was simply this: that all those identifying themselves with the Province of Manitoba were all equally interested in getting all they could out of Canada whether by way of subsidy or otherwise. He did not understand that any of them were afraid of elective institutions. On the contrary they were quite ready to assent to them. Put aside for the moment the second chamber and elective institutions with an elective chamber as in other Provinces, he was satisfied they would not object to. His experience in the Dominion Government satisfied him that the Governments of all the Provinces and the people desired to get all they could out of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU—Except Quebec.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKR said he excepted neither Quebec nor Ontario. On the other hand the Dominion Government were there to protect the Dominion Treasury. Well, as far as he was aware, all points had been fully discussed between the Dominion Government and the gentlemen who had been sent as delegates. He believed the Dominion Government could have made better terms with those representing Canadian interests, than with those representing the Convention. Whether they had been freely elected or elected under terror he would not discuss, and, so far as he could find, they did not come to ask any special legislation for any class, Canadians as well as others being equally protected.

Mr. MACKENZIE—At whose instance was the English settlement excluded?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—He would come to that by-and-by, that was a small question. But on all points no particular party claimed any special interest; the best terms were to be obtained for all parties. The member for Lambton had argued that the Dominion Government had given too much. That was a fair subject for criticism, but not as between one section of the population there and another, for the arrangement was made for the good of all. It was perfectly clear that when the difficulties were settled and the Queen's authority established that a vast emigration would be pouring into the country, from the four Provinces but principally, there was no doubt, from Ontario, and the original inhabitants would thus be placed in a hopeless minority, and of this, they themselves had no doubt. If this were correct it was perfectly obvious that those who had been occupying the Territory, all their lives would naturally take this view? That they were to be entirely swamped and their influence destroyed, that all their lands were to be taken, not as in the other Provinces, and that they would have to take simply a moderate portion of land for the settlers and their children, not for one class but for all. There was not one point he could discover in which the delegates—representing a minority if you will—took a sectarian view. There had been a good deal of sneering at large institutions for a small number of people in the Territory. Although he could cite constitutions granted by the Imperial Government to places with populations smaller, and without the least prospect of increasing, as there was likely to be an increase here with a representative chamber, yes, and with a second chamber. Yet he would readily admit the perfect absurdity (hear, hear), of the whole scheme if they were providing for the total of 15,000, instead of the population which would go there. Before the month they were now entering was well advanced, they would be flocking in, and in so short a time that he was afraid to say how short an immense population would be enjoying the institutions of a free British people. His hon. friend, the Minister of Militia, had correctly pointed to the fact that in 1791 when Upper Canada was made a Province its population was less than the population in the North West now. He had great faith in the future of that country. Unfortunately the gentleman to whom the Government looked to for responsible advice had from circumstances been unable to afford this, and the Government were compelled to deal with it on their own responsibility. Therefore, it was not dictated, nor had the result been brought about by any delegates, although they were consulting with them and were happy to believe they were prepared to acquiesce in the discussion at which the Government were arrived.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Then they saw the Bill before we did.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—They have not seen it yet.

Mr. MACKENZIE—How could they acquiesce?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—They knew its general principles. Did he mean to say it was wrong to communicate with these persons?

Mr. MACKENZIE—He did mean to say so. Drs. Schultz and Lynch and Mr. Fletcher were as much entitled to be consulted as the rebel delegates and they never had been so.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he must know that the whole object was to make such condition as would be for the interests of the friends of Drs. Schultz, Lynch, and Mr. Fletcher. They were quite satisfied with the policy of the Government, and acquiesced in it for the Canadians.

Mr. MACKENZIE said they were not satisfied.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he held in his hands proof of it in the letter of Dr. Lynch, in which he said he had confidence that the Government would deal fairly with the people. They were not the dissatisfied party. Did the hon. gentleman mean that it would be a statesman-like policy to force the people into war. The Government policy was to get the country peacefully, and when it became thoroughly Canadian the people now there must necessarily be in the minority. But, not satisfied with getting the country, they must also have war,

Mr. MACKENZIE.—Who says that?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said, it was not only the opinion of the Canadian Government that no policy could be more adverse than that to the interests of Canada, and, if they had adopted a policy against conciliation, they would not have had the confidence of the Imperial Government. They had taken the course, from first to last, which was wise and prudent, and in consonance with a majority of this House. The Imperial Government had, at first, found fault with the Government for not paying over the money, but when they saw the reasons that were given, that they were wise and statesmanlike, they approved of them, and were now acting in close co-operation.

Mr. MACKENZIE said they had never said so.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said they had acted in a manner to show that they were satisfied. It would have been an act of madness if they had paid over the money in December, in the depth of winter, to be left on the hands of Canada, who would be compelled to enter on the war in the spring, and exposed to meet all kind of fillibustering, and an expensive and disastrous war. He was not going to enter into any details of the Bill. That would be better done on the second reading, but he had called attention to the remarks on the unsound policy of the Government to show that it had been a unsound policy throughout.

Mr. FERGUSON asked how 190 families had been left out at Portage la Prairie, as laid down in the map.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the object of the residents had been to obtain possession of the whole country. They wished Rupert's Land made into one Province and to have all the land within the boundary as in other Provinces. The Government thought, as he believed did the majority of Parliament, that that great country should be divided into Provinces with as restricted a boundary as possible, and the only reason that led to the exclusion was the belief that the settlement would form the nucleus of the new Province altogether British (hear hear and oh). It was pointed out that it was impossible to hand over the country, to be legislated for by the present inhabitants. He pointed out that the Territory had been purchased for a large sum from the H. B. Co., that settlement had to be made with the Indians, the guardianship of whom involved, that the land could not be handed over to them, it was of the greatest importance to the Dominion to have possession of it, for the Pacific Railway must be built by means of the land through which it had to pass. He could assure them that in discussing with the delegates from the Convention they did not suggest this division. They wanted the whole country, but they insisted at last on so arranging that they should touch and obtain access to Manitobah Lake on the one side and Lake Winnepeg on the other.

Mr. MACKENZIE And exclude the English.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said if they were excluded from that Province they still belonged to the Dominion, and if asked man by man they would prefer Government by the Dominion to be governed from Fort Garry. But the Bill provided that the Province should be extended if Parliament should insist on a different policy and instead of a series of Provinces extend the boundaries.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there were other gentlemen in the Province not included.

Mr. MACKENZIE—No—Several members. Name them.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the posts of the H. B. C. were settlements.

Mr. FERGUSON was exceedingly sorry to have given the hon. and gallant knight, the Minister of Justice, the trouble of making so lengthy an explanation, which was, nevertheless, he regretted to say, not quite satisfactory to him. He should have desired that the whole people of the North West should have been included in the new province. This he perceived, was not the intention of the Government. He, however, could not help believing that the three thousand English-speaking settlers at Portage la Prairie should have formed part of the Province of Manitobah, coming thereby within the new Government and taking a share in it. Nay, he would go further, and say that he had hoped that even those posts of the Hudson's Bay Company, within reasonable bounds, where there were two hundred settlers, should not have been left out of the pale of the proposed Government and Legislature of Manitobah. The determination at which the Government, apparently, had arrived of leaving out the settlement of the Portage La Prairie, and the settlers at the posts, had no doubt been come to after mature consideration, and was the result of the best information which they had obtained. That information, nevertheless, may have been, to some slight extent, one-sided, and he might be excused for entertaining the idea that on this point the opinions of gentlemen representing the loyal people of the country were entitled to as much weight as were those of the men whom Riel had delegated to express his views and wishes. With some of those loyal gentleman he had come in contact and he could not refrain from stating that he had never heard them express any wish to the effect that the people of Laprairie, or any other of of the English settlers in the North West, should be left out of the proposed Government. He, indeed, thought that they could not do otherwise than desire to be included in it. Fort Garry, which was the capital, the chief, and he might say the only city in the proposed Province of Manitobah, was not more than sixty miles distant from La Prairie. There was every reason why they should form a part of the new Province, and no good reason, whatever that they should be excluded. The idea of excluding them was preposterous. The exclusion of an English speaking settlement so near the chief city—the capital, in fact, of the new Government—could not be carried into effect without causing remark and suggesting the inference that there were other reasons besides those alleged for so short-sighted a proceeding. The cutting off of these people was not a mere temporary expedient, but an arrangement which might last for years.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there were other settlements in the Province not included.

Cries of "Name."

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the posts of the Hudson's Bay Company were settlements.

Mr. FERGUSON repeated that, in his opinion, all the settlements should be included in the new Province. At Portage La Prairie there were 3,000 settlers, and at the posts there were 200 settlers at the lowest computation. These should all come within, and be included in the Province of Manitobah. Setting that matter aside for the moment, he might further be permitted to remark that there seemed to him to be no necessity for a Legislature with two Chambers—an Upper and a Lower House—for 11,000 people—the balance of the whole population of 15,000, when La Prairie and the posts were left out of the question. Indeed, he very much doubted whether this House had authority under the Act of Confederation, to constitute an Upper Chamber. There did not seem to him, to be the slightest necessity for two Houses, and he could not conceive it to be possible that two Senators should be permitted to so very few people as their representatives in the Upper House of the Dominion Parliament. The new Province, in his opinion ought to embrace far wider limits than was intended and, without the power of attaining his wishes in this respect, he could not resist the temptation of giving expression to his views upon what seemed to him to be a very important matter. There was one other matter to which he would allude before sitting down. Heretofore, in all his transactions, he had always found the Hon. Minister of Militia liberal towards the whole English speaking race, and he (Mr. Ferguson) had never failed to defend him—and that too, at a time when his name did not stand so high in Ontario as it now does, when he was attacked. He admired the honourable gentleman for his undoubted pluck, public spirit and liberality, and only regretted that he could not now go so fully along with him in this measure as he could have desired. He had no hesitation in remarking further that he had, on excellent authority, ascertained that the origin of the outbreak was not attributable, as had been alleged, altogether to priestly influence. There were possibly some priests, who had from mistaken motives, taken part in the resistance to Canadian authority, but there were other parties besides Roman Catholic priests, who had no mean share in instigating the outbreak. He certainly trusted that the Bill was open to amendment, as unless it were so open, he could not afford to give it his support.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONADD said the Bill, of course, was open to amendment.

Mr. FERGUSON hoped that it might be so amended as to include the Portage La Prairie in the new Province.

Mr. MASSON (Terrebonne) had found it impossible to agree up to the present moment, with the Government on the North West embroglio. Had always thought that the Government had made a great mistake in not consulting the inhabitants of the territories, in not taking the advice of persons of standing, who would have been most happy to tender advice if required. He had not one word to discover in all he had said on this question, and had remarked with pleasure some time ago, that the Hon. Minister of Militia had manfully admitted himself, that the Government had been mistaken as to the nature of the Government existing in the Red River settlement, thereby admitting what he (Mr. Masson) had contended for, that the rule of common prudence had been discarded. He had always thought one of the greatest faults of the Government had been the nomination of the Hon. Mr. Macdougall as Lieutenant Governor. He was sure that many an Englishman, both in the House, and in the country, who by their liberal turn of mind, would have been most acceptable to the population. The hon. member for North Lanark had this evening by his attack on the Catholic clergy fully justified the opinion that no worse nomination could be made to govern a people composed of men of different religion and races. He (the member for North Lanark) had found fault with the Government for having granted a liberal representative Government to the new Province. The accusition came bodily from a member of the great liberal party of Ontario and would be resented by all men in the country, who believed in liberal institutions. The accusation came badly from a gentleman belonging to the then small Province of which had obtained representative institution when only inhabited by a few thousand people. He (Mr. Masson) was grieved to hear the member from North Lanark attacking the Roman Catholic clergy in this very moment, when it is perfectly known that the pacification of the Red River was due to the untiring efforts of the Right Rev. Bishop Tache, a most patriotic, able, and liberal minded gentleman, who had by his loyal influence, induced Riel and his followers to hoist the English flag on the bastions of Fort Garry, and had it saluted by the guns of the Fort. He (Bishop Tache) had brought to submission men who had taken from their fathers those principles of freedom, of which the two great races inhabiting this country are so proud, and their interests of liberty of the wild men of the desert. The member for North Lanark had charged the Government with being the cause of the disasters which occured in the North West, and were responsible for all danger] done. He (Mr. Masson) was of opinion that the Government were not blameless in this matter; he held them responsible for a great part of the mischief done, but it did not come well from the member to charge them with it, when it was known that his unfortunate and unauthorized proclamation had more to do with the continuance of the disturbance, than the mistakes of the Government. Had his proclamation been acted upon, he would have been responsible for the lives and property of Her Majesty's subjects, and the weight of damages done by the Government, would have been still greater, and told more heavily on those, and wherever they may be, who will be obliged to pay the indemnity. As to the measure he [Mr. Masson] thonght it was a liberal minded measure so far, and would be considered by the people of Red River as an atonement for their disregarded rights. He would not now examine the question of the expedition further than to state that he thought every member of the House felt that the Imperial Government had not dealt fairly with us, and our Government in the proportion they assumed of the expenditure required for that expedition, when it was considered that the country had never been ours. He would support the Bill as a whole with all reserves as to the expediency of the expedition, and our share of the contribution.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the discussion might be carried out on some of the questions that had arisen during the debate. He could not expect to be entirely silent on the subject of the North West, and strange criticisms and remarks had been passed on him. With regard to the charge made against the Government that they acted dishonourably in not paying the £300,000 for the possession of the country. If they had paid that money, under the circumstances, was it likely that they should have got possession of the Territory? He wondered what would have been said if the money had been paid and lost the Territory too. He would have liked to here the member for Lambton speak on that if it had occurred at the following Session. They had some reason to apprehend that not being then well satified with the transfer of the Territory that there was some uneasiness among the employees of the Hudson's Bay Company. While they have to pay over that money to strengthen the hands of those men? No, they paused in their action. They raised the money, put it in depot, and in … days they had a strong … the wisdom of their proceedings … telegrams from Hon. Mr. Macdougall … lating that disturbances had taken … and showing the want of action … Hudson's Bay Company, … weakness and imbecility of the … This was evident of the weakness … Company furnished to them on the … November, and he put it to the … tleman, that matter not being … during the whole winter, … would not have incurred grave … ties? (hear, hear). The company … have said we have got the … there is nothing for us to … matter of preserving peace … leave it entirely to the Government … Canada. They, therefore, … and were there to answer for it … tion if they had paid the money … resulted in circumstances … have merited the application … being worse than abusive … have been in a position of … authority and possession of … the whole winter, in which they … place their foot. They threw the … sibility on the Hudson Bay Company … the Imperial Government. … held on to the money, that was … point, (laughter). He did not … the honour of the country had … ished by that action. If the … ernment did not come to … power in this territory it was … cult course to that which he … associated with the name of Great Britain … If that ancient empire was to be held to… gether, if the loyalty of the country … habitants were to be maintained, … not the course to be adopted. … with which the British people met … Abyssinian outlay gave strength and … tige to the present expedition. … something to have the Queen's … for passing out of our own limits … country where we expect to … power maintained and informed … ture. If from any cause the … ernment were to refuse to … this expedition of peace, … to advise the people of Canada … in it. The Hon. Mr. McDougall … throw on the Government … blame. He (Hon. Mr. Howe) had … the territory for several days … knowing that there was a danger … rection; but the blame rested on … Mr. McDougall as Minister of Public … who had constant communication … employees in that country, and … not inform him (Hon. Mr. Howe) … fall that there was a danger of … tion in the Province. Mr. Snow was … fifteen months, but did not say … about it, and Colonel Dennis … started in August, and was selected … Hon. Mr. McDougall, and was … to Mr. McDougall, but neither of … had given the slightest intimation … there was to be any conflict or … interruption to the progress of the … dian Government. And yet he was … pected to find it out in a single day. … inhabitants were not savages.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—Hear, hear.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the intelligence … of the people was remarkable … Bishop of Rupert's Land … to come to his house, and he found … a prelate of the highest character … telligence, and his second man … headed Scotchman (laughter). The … Sabbath and day schools. He crossed … river and found in the Catholic … St. Maurice the same intelligence … beautiful structures. He did not … term half-breed, but they were … because of that they were to be … down.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—Wh… that?

Hon. Mr. HOWE—I don't know … will assume that the idea is in … head, and is deserving of being … out. He thought at the time … Norman Conquest that the English … half-breeds, but out of these … came the noblest breeds. With … the system of two Chambers, … dual member of the Government … prefer a single Chamber if the … sired it; but in giving them two … they were only giving them … given to every British Colony, … give the people of Manitobah … complaint. *Of course the Legisla… ture would have power to do away …* Chamber if they did not want … would not undertake to say that … two or three priests had not … insurrection; but supposing that … the plain duty of the Government … what was right irrespective of … of two or three priests. Let … glorious work of founding … which would one day be an … Empire, by any reference to … religion (hear, hear). The … man went on to defend the … of Captain Cameron, and … had he owned or controlled … his conduct would have been … a different light. With regard … claims of the loyalists, he would … this Government and Parliament … trusted to do justice in a … kind. All claims would have … tigated before they were considered.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said … Secretary of State endeavoured … himself from the just indignation … country, by throwing the blame … Dennis and himself. He would … that the Government had no … when he was appointed, of a … uprising against the authority of … dian Government. On the … Government had an interview … ernor McTavish not long before … pointment, and he gave no … prospect of trouble. But when … tary of State went to Red River … trouble exhibited, but yet he did … allay it, but on the contrary … that they were right in resisting … to the coming Government, and … that hon. gentleman with being … instrument in the whole matter … so seriously. He had informed … in effect, that they had only to … Scotia did and they would … rebellion would have been … affair had it not been … vice and recommendation of the … of State. These facts he could … fore a Committee of the House … appointed. With regard to … duct, he held that he was … ming that the day agreed upon … fer, the transfer would take … his commission would come … he discovered, a few days after … December, from a paragraph … per, which was the first intimation … that the Government had failed … their promise, and that the money … not be paid over. Why was not … ger sent to him to inform him of … tion of the Government to break … arrangement with the Imperial … ment? With regard to the … the Secretary of State to him, … so much had been said, he would … opportunity of replying as he … done, it being understood … would not be laid on … along with the other … He explained that at the time … mation was to be issued, the … were ready to admit him, … fact for him to come, and under … stances he felt he had a right … that the royal proclamation … sued. Acting on that … Col. Dennis ahead, but as Riel … mised that he only wanted the … the people. Col. Dennis acting … advice of leading men, had decided … keep the people in arms. He (Mr. … gall) admitted he had no … but how was he to know … to say that the Hudson Bay … should have maintained … in a moribund state … regard to the remarks … Finance, he contended … Col. Dennis had not … ing the rebellion.

their plans all laid, and were determined to carry them under all circumstances. He was not disposed to accept any more than his share of blame in the matter. He acted faithfully with the Government, and he never for a moment dreamed that they would go back from the agreement they had entered into. He believed that if Bishop Tache, when he returned had exerted his full authority to induce the followers of Riel to return to their homes, Riel would not have a Corporal's guard left to sustain him. He referred to the recommendations of Mr. D. Smith that a force should be sent to keep the Indians quiet, and characterized it as a libel on the Indians, who were thoroughly loyal to the British Crown. Referring to the Bill, he hoped the boundaries would be changed so as to include the country lying between the Red River and Lake Superior, and also the English settlement of Portage la Prairie.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU replied to the remarks of the member for North Lanark, that Quebec was on the verge of bankruptcy owing to the burden of the two Chambers. He asserted that Quebec had a balance on hand of $500,000, and explained the different position Quebec occupied to that of Ontario. He went on to argue that half-breeds were not an inferior race, and contended that no proof had been produced of the charges against the Roman Catholic priesthood that they had fomented the insurrection. He proceeded to criticise at length the action of the member for North Lanark in the North West, and the despatches and subsequent conduct of that hon. gentleman.

Mr. MILLS asked if the Dominion Government would retain the right to appoint Senators from Red River, or would that right be left to the Local Government.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it was impossible at the time the address was passed for the admission of Rupert's Land, to know what representation should be given in the Dominion Parliament, and, therefore, he had put it in the original Constitution—so representation was provided for in the present Bill. It would be hopeless to expect that freemen would consent to be united to Canada without a representation in the Canadian Parliament being provided for. Hence the necessity for such a provision in that Bill. He regretted the nature of the discussion that had taken place with regard to the principles and details of the Bill. Government would be glad to have full and free discussion. He hoped that the hon. gentlemen in ventilating their private grievances would take care not to use any expression that would throw any obstruction in their way, expressions which would be reported in the North West; that they would take care that by throwing words across the floor of the House they did not wound the sensibilities of a high minded and jealous people. With regard to the question of boundary and the size of the new Province, the Government would fully consider it, but he considered it would be injudicious to have a large province which would have control over lands, and might interfere with the general policy of the Government in opening up communication to the Pacific, besides the land legislation of the Province might be destructive to emmigration. All that vast Territory should be for purposes of settlement under one control, and that the Dominion Legislature. Another consideration was that by obtaining the control of these lands they would be able to obtain means by which they would be in a position to obtain repayment of the disbursement of the £300,000 for the purchase and of the expenditure which they might be hereafter put to. The expense would be defrayed by that means instead of being charged against the people of the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick (hear). That could be done, however, only by carrying out that policy of keeping the control of the lands of the country, and that they had determined to do. The Government thought it was a wise policy that the limits of the Province should not be too large. These considerations, however, they would place more strongly on the judgment and discretion of the House on the second reading.

Mr. STIRTON asked if the Minister of Justice had any authority for the statement that the people of Portage la Praire desired to be left out of the new Province?

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he had, and would give it to-morrow if he obtained permission.

Mr. STIRTON said some of the people settled there had gone from his neighborhood, and he happened to know that the sentiments did not bear out the assertion of the hon. gentleman. He (Mr. Stirton) thought one objection to the creation of small Provinces was that it involved further increase in the number of Cabinet Ministers, so as to give them all representation in the Privy Council. He also objected to leaving a large area of Territory between Lake Superior and Red River without any organization. It would be a sort of no man's land, belonging neither to the Province of Ontario nor Manitoba, and would probably become the refuge of every outlaw in both Provinces, and a source of constant trouble and difficulty.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he was not inclined to submit to the exclusion of the Portage La Prairie country from the new Province; and unless the Government yielded upon that point, he would offer an amendment on the second reading. He also objected to the smallness of the Province, and said, if the whole of the fertile belt were to be cut up in that way, it would make some twenty or thirty Provinces. He demanded that the Government should bring down further information upon the subject, so that the House might be able to discuss it intelligently, with the aid of all the facts which have enabled the Government to form the conclusions it had reached.

Dr. GRANT said it would wound the sensibilities of the people at Portage La Prairie if they were excluded, and he urged the Government to reconsider its conclusion on that point.

Hon. Mr WOOD said the general features of the measure met his approval; but there was one point to which the attention of the Government, it seemed to him, had not been sufficiently directed, and that was the care and guardianship of the Indian tribes. He referred to the laws which had been passed in Canada with regard to Indian annuities, which were now placed upon the civil lists in obedience to the requirements of the Imperial Government, and asked if the Minister of Justice had stated that 1,200,000 acres of land were to be reserved and placed at the disposal of the Local Government of the Province for the extinction of the Indian titles. Now he (Hon. Mr. Wood) wanted to know if the Government proposed to entrust to this new Province, unaccustomed to the exercise of the functions of a Government, the payment of the Indian annuities, which would have to be made for the purpose of extinguishing those Indian titles, or did the Dominion Government intend to retain in its own hands the power of dealing with those Indians and seeing whether contracts or undertakings, made with them should be faithfully carried out. There was an apprehension that under the pretence of confirming grants made by the Hudson Bay Company, large blocks of land might find their way into the hands of certain corporations and thus be locked up and withheld from settlement. He confessed the explanations of the Minister of Justice had not satisfied him on this point.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the reservation of 1,200,000 acres which it was proposed to place under the control of the Province, was not for the purpose of buying out the full blooded Indians and extinguishing their titles. There were very few such Indians remaining in the Province, but such as there were they would be distinctly under the guardianship of the Dominion Government. The main representatives of the original tribes were their descendants, the half-breeds, and the best way of dealing with them was the same as United Empire loyalists had been dealt with, namely giving small grants of land for them and their children. That was the answer he had to give to his hon. friend.

In reply to Mr. RYMAL,

Hon. Mr. HOWE said that the Government only knew that the prisoners were all released, the mails were free, the country was open, and the Hudson Bay Company had commenced to sell their goods again.

In further reply to Mr. Rymal.

Sir J. A. MACDONALD said no writ had been issued against Riel; the proper power to arrest Riel was the Imperial Power. It was with her and her only that steps could be taken. If any offenders are brought within the bounds of Canada, they had to be tried. They could not have any *ex post facto* jurisdiction.

Mr. MILLS asked if the prisoners were in confinement would they be set free therefore on the transfer to this Government, and whether crimes committed anterior to the transfer would not be subject to punishment according to law.

Sir J. A. MACDONALD said if there was a prisoner in Newfoundland at Confederation he would be tried under the same laws as he was taken into custody under.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if the Bill was complete, or whether it would be recast after the discussion that night?

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Bill was drafted and complete.

The Bill was read a first time.

Second time to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. HOWE then laid on the table the report of Father Thibault's mission.

Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD laid on the table the report of the Postmaster-General for 1869. (Hear.)

Mr. MILLS asked if any application had been made to the Government on behalf of any person or persons on account of losses sustained by him or them from the destruction of property by the insurgents in the North West.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there had been no formal applications, but they had heard statements made of such losses.

Mr. MILLS asked if the Hudson's Bay Company had made any such claim?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No.

Mr. BOWMAN asked why postage rates on papers to Germany had been raised from 6c to 9c, while postage on letters had been reduced, and whether it was the intention of the Government to correct this anomaly?

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the arrangement rested with the Imperial Government. The matter, however, was still in abeyance.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS gave notice of a resolution relating to supperannuation.

The House then adjourned at 11:55 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION LINE.—The Agency of this company, here, is held in the Russell House block, Sparks st. Mr. Corcoran the agent, will always be prepared to give all necessary information to parties intending to go Westward.

THE BAND YESTERDAY.—The band of the 60th played splendidly yesterday to several hundred admirers. Many regrets were expressed that a part of these well trained musicians should be taken away to the Red River. It must also be a matter of annoyance to Signor Raineri; but duty before all.

CRICKET CLUB.—At the annual meeting of the Ottawa Cricket Club held on Monday Wm. McK. Wright, Esq., was named as President, and Capt. Hincks as Vice-President. Mr. F. H. Benjamin was elected Secretary and Treasurer. The Committee appointed are G. P. Baker, C. S. Scott, C. F. C. S. Cunningham, and the Rev. T. D. Phillipps.

CRUELTY.—On Saturday a poor ox overladen with fat, was driven by some butcher's boys down Rideau-st. He fell from exhaustion near O'Meara's saloon. One of the drivers most cruelly drove a piece of wood up the animal's nostrils, causing them to bleed profusely. We only wish some of our police had been present to bring the fellows to justice.

ACCIDENT.—The long bridge known as "Sabourin's bridge, and the Wabashee Creek bridge," in Templeton have both been seriously injured. A span of horses belonging to a farmer named Schart, fell through the former, and a horse attached to a cart was swept off the latter during the past week. The covering is not spiked, and the planks floated off leaving traps for the animals passing over.

THE QUEEN'S PRINTERSHIP.—An evening co-temporary has associated the name of Mr Hartney with the appointment of a new Queen's Printer. Another, and equally as efficient, and worthy a member of society, rumor says, is spoken of in connection with the same responsible office—Mr. Hayden of the Post Office Department. The printing responsibilities of these gentlemen, so well attended to, equally recommend them.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—A fair audience greeted Marshall's Company last night. The pieces were well performed, and the audience were duly satisfied. Lindley, the Misses Webster and Nelson were appreciated by the people in front as they should have been—Lindley as "Toodles" and Miss Nelson as his better half, were very amusing. To-night Marshall takes a benefit. We hope the house will be filled, as no manager ever deserved better from an Ottawa public.

Among the staff appointments made by the Government for the expedition to Red River, we notice that Quartermaster Armstrong, of the Garrison Artillery, has been called as Brigade Quartermaster from this District. Mr. Armstrong has been, for some time past, Quartermaster to the Garrison Artillery. During their term of service at Prescott, in 1868, and afterward while the artillery were in camp, where he gained for himself the good opinion of the officers and the respect of the men.

Mr. Armstrong is now going to take a very responsible position, but we are quite sure for the very able manner he has always done his duty that he will make one of the most competent Quartermasters in the volunteer service. Although we are sorry to part with one who was so much respected by all, we are indeed glad to see that the Government have appointed so good an officer.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Use Frazer's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 3, 1870

The *Telegraph's* special from St. Paul is as follows:—

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 2.—News is received from Fort Garry up to the 10th April, reporting that the Sioux Indians are becoming very insolent and troublesome. They had appeared at the lines of the Hudson Bay Company's trading post, at White Horse Plains, and after procuring supplies, said they were going to fight the Americans in the settlement and clear them out. They were prevailed upon to return peaceably, which they did, saying, however, they would come back again, and cause the American settlers trouble before long.

Letters from Pembina of the 11th, says the Americans are very anxious for the establishment of a garrison there to protect them, should the Sioux on the British side begin the warfare.

The Hudson Bay Company have resumed business, on condition of recognising Riel and his Provisional Government, and advancing Riel a loan of £3,000, and in case the Canadian Government refuses to accept the terms offered them, to increase it to £5,000. The Company were also compelled to advance a loan to the Government of four thousand pounds worth of goods for soldiers and hangers on. The Company were allowed to use part of Fort Garry for trading purposes.

Parliament was in session at Fort Garry, and everything quiet.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 3.

Arrivals from sea.—Ships *Queen of the Clyde*, with coal from Glasgow; *Ancestor*, general cargo, for Montreal; *Amelia*, general cargo, for Montreal; *Adriatic*, coals; *Louise*, from London; *Lord Lyons*, from Carthagena.

Ship launches:—One from Valins, one from Dinnings, one from Mackey and Warners, and one steamer from Gerands.

Captain Connell of the lost steamer "City of Quebec" was presented with an address, signed by the passengers per said steamer, praising his gallant conduct in saving the passengers, and remaining on board till all had been rescued.

The steward Levesque, was also remembered in the same strain.

Actions are to be taken out by Messrs. Allans, Rae & Co., and the Gulf Ports Steamship Company and freighters.

The "City of Quebec" was insured for ten thousand dollars.

Yesterday the old members of the Corporation took possession of the City Hall, and resisted the entry of the newly elected members. The City Clerk, Mr. Cannon, was by them dismissed in order to prevent his acting officially. They are acting under the advice of Okill Stuart. The new members were declared elected from the steps of the City Hall, by Recorder Cremazie, and then proceeded to the house of Councillor Bosse, and elected Ald. Garneau Mayor. Quebec is now governed by the Mayors and a double set of members. Both hold meetings to-night.

Eliza Tracey, who swallowed poison is dead.

The City Hall is still in possession of the old Councillors.

The police have been placed by the Board of Commissioners under the control of the newly appointed Mayor Garneau.

Possession is to be taken of the City Hall this evening by the newly elected Mayor and Councillors, and force will be resorted to if necessary.

Rioting is probable, and much uneasiness is felt as to the existing state of municipal affairs.

SPRING FRESHET.—THE LATEST DISASTERS.—The Ottawa and its tributaries are doing the mischief with the lumbering interest. Two bridges on the Madawaska have been carried off—one at Bammar's Island, and another which had lately been erected at serious cost. The Springtown boom, though very strong, had to bear the pressure of myriads of pieces of timber against a strong current. It is to be hoped it will hang out.

The water at the Chaudiere, here, in its mad course boils up against the Suspension Bridge, and actually causes it to swing. Down the river through Templeton and Buckingham, bridges have been swept away or materially damaged.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

Grand Complimentary Benefit to WM. J. MARSHALL, Manager of the London Comedy Company, under the patronage of the President and Officers of the ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4th,

Will be presented Dion Boucicault's Legendary Drama,

THE PHANTOM.

To conclude with the glorious old English farce THE YOUNG WIDOW.

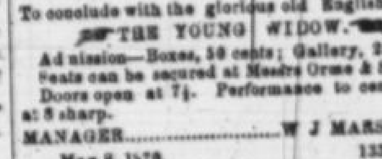
Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER..........W J MARSHALL.

May 3, 1870. 1333 8

A BOAT.

Any person having a NICE SKIFF for sale cheap, will hear of a customer by applying at THE TIMES Office. 1349 3



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	8 00
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 35	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

GREAT CATALOGUE SALE

—OF—

Elegant Household and Portable Furniture, Oil Paintings, Chromos, Engravings, Carpets, Plated Ware, Cutlery, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Robes, &c., &c.

J. BERMINGHAM has received instructions from J. P. MACPHERSON, Esq., to sell at his residence, Vittoria street, off Wellington, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 5th and 6th of May, all the superb furniture therein contained, comprising a rich Drawing Room set in Mahogany, Card Tables, Ottomans, Cabinets, Side Boards, and Chiffoniers, Ornaments, Pictures, Lounges, Extension Living Table, Hangings, Carpets, and a beautiful carved Hall Table an Chairs, very excellent Black Walnut Bedroom Furniture, Breakfast, Dinner and Dessert Services, the latter exquisitely hand painted, and each piece differing in design.

A very fine Mare 7 years old, splendid traveller, one very fine Horse 5 years old, sired by "old St. Lawrence," combining beauty, strength and agility. One Foal, eleven months old, by "Don Juan," the winner of the Queen's plate.

Four very fine Ingersoll Hand Power Hay Presses used for hops, rags, &c. Cost $150 each.

One very fine Horse Power Beater Hay Press —cost $500

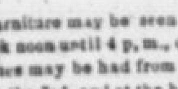
An antiquarian collection of coins and curiosities.

The furniture may be seen at the house, from 12 o'clock noon until 4 p. m., day previous to sale. Catalogues may be had from the undersigned on Tuesday the 3rd, and at the house day of sale.

Sale each day at 11 o'clock a. m.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 30, 1870 1347 3

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are shewing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.

Ottawa to Chicago..........$7 00

All other points in proportion. Baggage checked through.

A & A B TAYLOR, Agents,

Office York street, Corner of Sussex street.

Ottawa, May 3, 1870 1348

Dry Goods.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

this season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

To Let.

TO LET.

The MONTREAL COTTAGE, Daly street, one of the prettiest spots in the city. Rent moderate

Apply to MR SADLER, Protestant Hospital.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 6

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR SADLER, Protestant Hospital.

1347 3

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £45 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS EGAN, Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Albans Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

Apply to J J MURPHY, Solicitor, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1345 6

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING, Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19, 1870 1339 6 18 2

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O, 30th April, 1870.

Anderson Mrs C	Kelly Thos
Andrews W	Kealy Mrs
Armstrong Arthur	King Jno
Armstrong Miss M	Knight Ed H
Armstrong Jas	Lambert Thos
Arless Geo C	Lamb & Son Thos
Armstrong L	Leitch H A
Basset Ed	Lindsay Jno C
Baston Mrs M S	Liston Windsor
Bain Arch	Lilico Miss Mary
Bayliss Jno	Logan Jos
Beaumont Bros	Lyons Jno
Birt Mrs D	Mackey Jos
Blake Miss M	Malone W P
Black Miss M	Masson Jas
Botrell Jr —	Martin Jas
Brown Mrs S	Mahoney Miss B
Brennan M	Meade D C
Bramby G H	Mitchell Mrs M
Bracelin Cath	Morrison Miss S
Brady And	Moffatt Alex
Brown J P	Murphy Jno
Brainard J L	Myers Miss C
Brown Geo	O'Brien Pat
Bridham C	O'Brien Sarah
Brooke Mrs or Miss M A	O'Connor Jno
Burrows Jas	O'Connor Kate
Burnett Jas	Parish J W B
Burgess & Co	Palumter Miss
Cameron Thos	Pearson Hy
Cameron Alex	Peddiar Jos
Caldwell Wm	Potter S D
Carter Mrs E	Power Miss B
Christie Alex	Post J H
Church Alex	Poole Cyrus
Clark W	Poole Jos
Clairmont F X	Pritchard Miss
Clements Chas	Pudoah Mrs M
Cline S	Rendles Thos
Cooper W J	Reilly M
Collins & Co J	Reilly Jno
Craig Mrs J	Ritchie Robt
Currier Arthur	Ripley L K
Cunningham Thos	Reilly Miss B
Curry W	Roberts E L
Cunningham Miss J A	Rose Jno
Daly And	Robertson J
Daily Jas	Redden W H
Dent Jno	Robinson Miss S
Dick B	Ryan Miss J
Doune F	Sayers Mrs Hy
Donaldson Miss A	Sullivan Mrs
Dow R	Scott N
Drew Geo A	Scott W
Elliott Geo E	Scott R
Elliott A	Sennett Miss A
Fee Mrs Jane	Sherwood Geo
Fenton J F	Sisson Chist
Findley Jno	Smith And
Fitzgerald J W	Smith Mrs F L
Fleming Mrs E	Smith Miss E
Forbes Dan	Smith Mrs
Foster Sam W	Smith J M
Garland Geo	Smart Alex
Gardener Geo	Spelman Ed
Gashor M	Stewart Miss M
Gammon Miss Ann	Stewart Frs
Gorman Mrs Ann	Street Alb
Greene Jas	Sullivan Geo
Grant Miss M	Taylor Thos
Grand Miss Cath	Tardiff Fred
Greene Jno	Teller J
Grant Jno	Thomson Jno
Hatch Thos	Thompson Jos
Hamilton Mrs M	Thomas Mrs M
Haworth Mrs J	Thompson Mrs J
Hallowell G S	Thorne Miss L M
Hamilton And	Tiley Geo
Heuston Wm	Tomlinson Miss J
Hinds H Y	Tucker J H
Henshaw G H	Warren Hy
Helen Jno	Wade Geo F
Hollis Jno	Watt Jas
Hodder Geo	White Jno
Hodgson Miss R	Young Mr
Hurst Robt	McCabe Pat
Hughes M	McCotters Miss M
Hull E B	McCready Jane
Hurley Pat	McDonald Geo
Hutchings R C	McDonald Mrs A
Hyson Sergt Jno	McGrath M
James Miss L A	McIntosh Miss M A
Jackson Alf	McLean R F
Jackson Miss E	McLeod D
Jackson Mrs Jos	McLean A
Johnston Mrs G R	McMorgan Jas
Johnston Miss Anna	McMorrow Miss M
Kelly Miss E	McPherson J
Kennedy Jas	McQuake Sarah
Kealy Miss Mary	McKean Miss J
Kempt Jno	

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1348 2

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

SEVERAL

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING SITES

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

—ON—

THE THIRD OF MAY NEXT.

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer, Sparks Street has received instructions from R A BRADLEY, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Russell Corner, on TUESDAY, the 3rd day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

Nearly 200 choice and beautifully situated building sites in the Village of Goreborough, in the Township of Gloucester.

These lots lie on the north side of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road, known as the Montreal Road, just one mile from the City of Ottawa, a great proportion of them being at present under the highest state of garden culture.

Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them before the day of sale. Parties desiring to do so will please observe the following directions: Having crossed the Rideau Bridge at the foot of Rideau street, then follow the Montreal Road to where a red flag will be posted, a few feet east of the "One Mile Post," and between the first red flag and one of a similar description further on lies the above property.

A beautifully executed plan of the above property and the City of Ottawa, showing their relations with each other, and giving full particulars of situation, &c, may be had by applying to Mr. McLEAN, or to the proprietor, Mr. BRADLEY, at his law office, Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Terms of sale one quarter down, balance in three equal yearly payments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum.

Several of the choicest of the above lots will be distributed among the purchasers on the day of sale, when full particulars will be made known.

A first class country residence, new, containing nine rooms; with one acre of land attached, beautifully wooded, to let or for sale in the same vicinity. Rent £40 per annum. Selling price $1,800 cash, or $2 000 as follows, viz., one third down, balance in two years at 7 per cent.

N B—$100,000 to lend on city and country property in small or large sums, and for long or short periods, at a low rate of interest and upon most advantageous terms.

Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, &c.

Bangs' Block, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

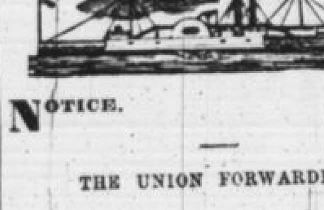
Ottawa, April 21, 1870 1339 10

FOR SALE.

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

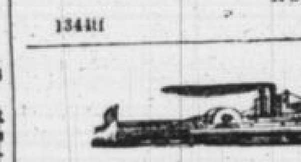
THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

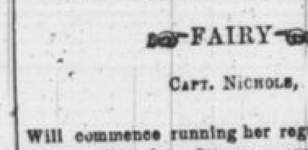
FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8,30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 25, 187 1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,

European and American Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

FARMS FOR SLAE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

20.6m

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, beg leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, to 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodded the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

WANTED.

A first class SERVANT GIRL wanted immediately. Apply to

E ROWSELL, Next Door to THE TIMES Office.

1348 6

AMERICAN SILVER COIN.

On and after the SIXTH DAY OF MAY, instant, the rate at which AMERICAN SILVER COIN will be received by the Banks for exportation on Government account, will be six per cent. discount. Until that time the rate will continue at five and one-half per cent. discount.

W WEIR.

Montreal, May 2, 1870 1348 1

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

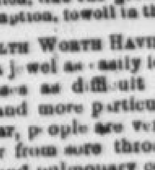
Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 4, 1870

Flour—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
	0 70	@	0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Oats " 34 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	27 00	@	00 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel		@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.		none.	
Prime	9 00	@	10 00
Pork (fresh)	0 12	@	0 15
Hams	5 50	@	7 50
Beef per 100 lbs	0 07	@	0 00
Mutton per lb	0 45	@	0 60
Geese Each	0 75	@	1 50
Turkeys	0 45	@	0 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 40	@	0 45
Ducks	0 18	@	0 20
Butter—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2	0 13	@	0 40
Eggs	3 50	@	4 00
Apples—per brl.	0 10	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	11 00	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	0 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure	3 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	2 50	@	3 00
Tamarac	2 25	@	0 00
Soft Wood			
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime increases on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, cure consumption, to will in the wake of civilization.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?



LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for L A & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 1491 36 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 d&w 18 3m

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1323 Law6m Iawk6m

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 5 a m, 4 40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.0 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

R. ABBOTT.

Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connection between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, instant, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10 45 a m and 4 30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 12 45 p m and 6 15 p m, and at Annapolis at 4 30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St. John N.B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St. John, leaving there at 9 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 6.40, Windsor at 8.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN on lot 35 in Con 4, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

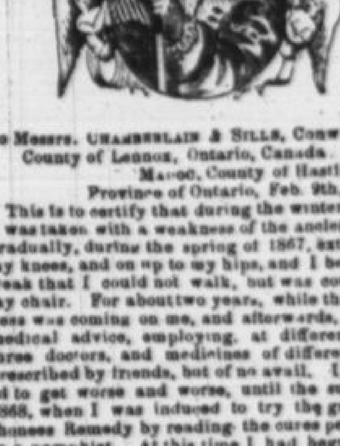
On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con 4, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada.

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while the weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY.

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate it.

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea, 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon road passes to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the route is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)	$1 00
" colored	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain	1 50
" colored	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage, on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express pr paid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,
Windsor.

Windsor, April 6, 1870.

J. BAIN, M. D., C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 13 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

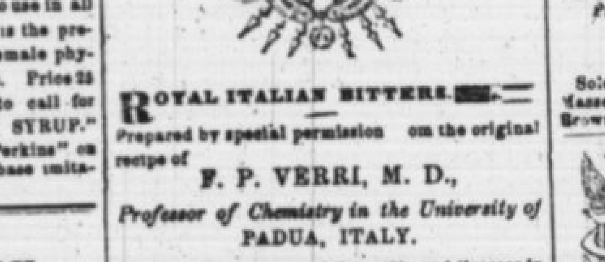
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N B—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A M F GIANELLI

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

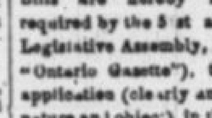
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State.
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P.M.G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

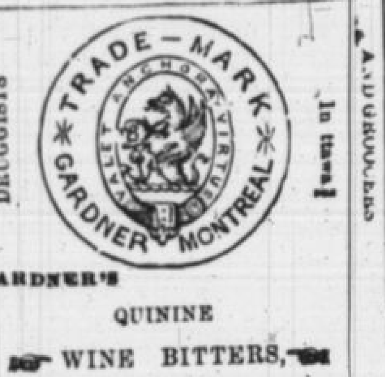
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 &
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.



GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

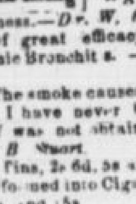
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.



FOR ASTHMA

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Jos B. Smart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the oil eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N B—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible]

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouse and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. 1e2-141-tf

ALHABASAR

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1325d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Union Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N.S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion Duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq. Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000 Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer t[illegible]able

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, [illegible]

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

VOL V. NO.

Hardware.

[illegible] ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, [illegible]STONE BUILDING, [illegible] Street, Upper Town, Ottawa [illegible] and Fancy Stove [illegible] Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

[illegible] 1236

[illegible] PHELAN,

RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAS OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

[illegible] at VERY LOW PRICES a [illegible] stock comprising Groceries, Tobacco, Laundry and [illegible] Spices, Pickles, Brooms, [illegible] and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

[illegible] other articles necessary [illegible] stock.

[illegible] Oolong, Congou, Imperial [illegible] and cheap.

[illegible] Coffee ground and roasted daily

[illegible] Brandies; Hennessy & Co., [illegible] and other brands.

[illegible] GIN— De Kuyper's and Hoffman's, &c.

[illegible] Sherries all grades, Ports [illegible] Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira, in wood and bottle, Improved [illegible] OLD RYE, PROOF WHISKEY,

[illegible] at extremely low [illegible] Stewart's Scotch Whiskey

[illegible] Irish Whiskey.
[illegible] Old Irish Potteen.
[illegible] London Porter, pts and qts
[illegible] other Ales.
[illegible] Syrups, all grades.
[illegible] prices.

STOCK, SAVED FROM [illegible] AT TWENTY-FIVE [illegible] CENT BELOW COST.

[illegible] 110

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[illegible] under Chapter LXVII [illegible] Statutes of Canada

[illegible]—G P DRUMMOND'S [illegible] No. 13 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible], Chairman; D C THOMSON [illegible] A THOMSON, T H [illegible] Manager.

[illegible] KEEPERS, GROCERS, P[illegible] STORES AND OTHERS.

[illegible] notice of my intention to [illegible] or otherwise, TOMATO [illegible] KETCHUP, &c. wholesale.

[illegible] of trade during the last [illegible] to enlarge my manufactory [illegible] to make the wholesale [illegible]

[illegible] have now is undoubtedly the [illegible] the question of quality is [illegible] known the fact that I [illegible] procured at any [illegible] the best, they will [illegible] comparison with any im[illegible] important fact is the [illegible] manufactured in Ottawa [illegible] packing, duty and other [illegible] 40 per cent to

[illegible] I think, cannot [illegible] favor me with the [illegible] Wholesale and Retail [illegible] street, Ottawa, or [illegible] Ottawa.

[illegible] on the bank of the [illegible]

[illegible] Pickle bottles [illegible] given.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, [illegible]

Other Directors—C J Campbell, [illegible] Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, [illegible] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, [illegible] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and for promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjuster [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the [illegible] of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

[illegible] BAN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

[illegible] Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, P[illegible]

OTTAWA,

End of Little S[illegible]

[illegible] attended to goods consigned [illegible] Prompt returns in all cases

R. [illegible]

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

[illegible] gentlemen can be accommodated with [illegible] table board and rooms. [illegible] the Capital will find superior [illegible] the day or week at moderate [illegible] house is situated in the [illegible] the Parliament Buildings

Educational.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA [illegible]

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET

[illegible] AND DEPORTMENT

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

[illegible] Stewart having made ar[illegible] accomplished lady teacher, [illegible] Dancing Classes will com[illegible] the 22nd instant.

[illegible] particulars may be obtained [illegible] Robert Stewart, Wilbrod [illegible] September 9th, 1869.

P. BASKERVILLE AND [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

[illegible] TUNING.—The subscriber [illegible] to divide his time equally [illegible] and Ogdensburgh, would beg [illegible] and others, that he hopes [illegible] their orders for tuning [illegible]. Shall visit Ottawa [illegible] at Mr. Bermingham's [illegible] at E. Miller's Music Store.

GEO. N. B[illegible]

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

[illegible] GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist [illegible] Graduate of the Imperial [illegible] Lessons on Piano at 1 Sing[illegible] of King-street. [illegible] 18-3

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea [illegible] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of [illegible] requested to call and judge for themselves; your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, Cheese and [illegible] stantly on hand.

Remember—[illegible]

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

[illegible] FOX.

[illegible] COMMISSION A[illegible] next to the [illegible] Ottawa.

[illegible] patronage of the Lum[illegible] From his [illegible] he offers his servic[illegible] their rafts [illegible] of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[illegible] Walter [illegible] R W C[illegible]

1324tf

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache [illegible] relief from Fraser's Magnetic [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain [illegible] attack, may be cured within [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely [illegible] and contains nothing which [illegible] system either by outward or [illegible] Try it and you will not be disappointed. [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, [illegible]

1364 ly

[illegible] OYSTERS, GAME, F[illegible] FRUIT.

[illegible] undersigned begs to inform [illegible] always on hand, in [illegible] of the above, which will be [illegible] than any other house [illegible]

[illegible] GEORGE N[illegible] No 85

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour [illegible] and Sand Point.

[illegible]

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

[illegible] DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, [illegible] allowed on Americ[illegible] 1½ per cent.

R & M BOUCHER [illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, No. [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. James [illegible] Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1350. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

FELIX CARBRAY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FORWARDER,

GENERAL AGENT, &c., &c.,

No. 3, St. Peter-st.

QUEBEC.

Special attention given to the purchasing on Commission and Forwarding of Coals, Salt, Pig Iron, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B. & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscriber, nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa,
H. LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, April 14, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and March streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to
D GRAHAM, Esq.,
Collector of Customs.

1344tf

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, a FRAME DWELLING on Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, containing ten rooms and kitchen. Good well of water on the premises. Rent £15 a year. Apply to the proprietor,

DENIS AGAN,
Ashburnham Hill.

1335tf

TO LET.

Three first class DWELLINGS in St. Albans Terrace, Daly street; also two first class DWELLINGS on Stewart street. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

Apply to
J J MURPHY,
Solicitor,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 1345 6

TO LET.

SITTING ROOM and BED ROOM to let, furnished or unfurnished, in Daly street. Apply at the Times office. 1328 1m

HOUSE TO LET.

To let, the BRICK HOUSE on Daly Street, now occupied by R. S. M. Bouchette. Possession given on the 1st May. Apply to

MRS T A CUMMING,
Metcalfe Street.

1327tf

TO LET.

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River.

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1299t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His long tested experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
1298 tf

Ottawa, March 1, 1870.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c. &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

30 3m

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE. Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS. A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 16, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS.,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1311 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Children's Kid, Goat and Prunella in Button and Balmorals, English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assets, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	3
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112 17	146,649 19
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851 37	110,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397 54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,683 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors).
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870. 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the rudimental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & ROLLAND.

1346tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon.	9.00		11.30	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	6.00		9.00	8.00	11.50	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon.				5.30
St. John, N. B.; daily		12 Noon.				5.30
United States	6.00	12 Noon.	9.30	8.00	11.50	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		3.00		11.30	
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	6.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa			6.00	8.00	11.50	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	12 Noon.			11.50	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart	8.10 a m,	1.00 p m,	10 00 pm
Arrive	4.10 p m,	11.00 a m,	9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1339y

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post. Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station O, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,
ED. CHANDLER.
C. J BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music,

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers	$5 00
Club of 10 "	8 00
Club of 20 "	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE,
Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE,
Publishers Ontario Farmer,
Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

The Country Cousin, or I Saw Esau Kissing Kate.

I

'Twas just about a year ago,
When I was down at Glo'ster,
I found a lass, but now, alas!
I find that I have lost her.
I'm sure I never can forget,
The happy days that we saw
Before the day on which we met
Her Country Cousin Esau.

Spoken,—For it was on that unlucky day that—

Chorus—I saw Esau kissing Kate
And the fact is we all three saw,
For I saw Esau, he saw me,
And she saw, I saw Esau.

2

I'd rather go without my beer,
Or even get my sconce hurt,
Than ever go again to hear
A Crystal Palace Concert,
For I took Kitty there and then,
Unfortunately she saw
The horiuest of country-men,
Her Country Cousin Esau.

Spoken—But even then I never thought I should have to say—

Chorus—I saw Esau, &c.

3

She introduced this man to me,
And soon behind a statue,
I saw what made me audibly
Sing out, "I'm looking at you."
'Tis sad indeed to have to state,
What poor unlucky me saw,
For there was Esau kissing Kate,
And Kate was kissing Esau.

Spoken—Yes! they had commenced the business arithmetically, they began with simple Addition, went right through Subtraction, and would have gone on to Multiplication, had it not been that—

Chorus—I saw Esau, &c.

4

Is this why you both quitted me?
Said I you little Tartar!
Oh yes! said she, the Rule of Three
Is not so good as Barter,
I went to school with him, she said,
And used to play at see-saw
So if you please I think I'll wed
My Country Cousin Esau.

Spoken—Well, said I, I came to the concert, but this is a concerted piece I didn't expect to see. I scarcely knew what to say, for it was enough to disconcert me altogether when—

Chorus—I saw Esau, &c.

5

I went away in quite a pet,
And toddled home to tea, oh!
For I could see that their *Duet*
Had put me up a *tree Oh!*
But still my sorrow wasn't great,
When in the papers we saw,
That Mr. Esau'd married Kate,
And Kate had married Esau.

Spoken—Oh! yes! I've quite recovered now, and am courting a prettier girl, but still it is not pleasant to reflect upon the day when—

Chorus—I saw Esau, &c.

SPEECH OF MR. ROSS (VICTORIA) ON THE TARIFF.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1870.

Mr. Speaker, I voted last night against the amendment of my hon. friend from Glengarry, believing that unless a small duty should be permitted to be placed on flour and meal, coming from the United States, that we should be unable to obtain a duty on coal. Without the one I would have voted against the other. While enjoying the advantages of free trade—Reciprocity with the United States—no portion of the Dominion had prospered more than Nova Scotia. We are now suffering for the want of it; and our people assert and believe that no efforts have been used by this Government to obtain a renewal of that treaty. But there are always two sides to a question. The Government on the other hand, state that every means have been exhausted, and, that it now rests entirely with the Americans themselves, whether a treaty can be obtained or not. If this is correct, it would be very satisfactory to have all the correspondence published, so that we should all know how far the Government were willing to meet the Americans, and what are the real points in dispute between the United States Government and the Government of this Dominion. Here, I may be allowed to state that I view the protection of our coast fisheries with more favour than many other members of this House are believed to do. If the protection to our fisheries is an earnest one, if our fishermen are protected by our own police vessels, backed and sided by the steam cruisers of the British Government; if there be a sincere and honest desire to exclude the American fishermen from our fishing grounds, much may be done in the way of protecting a branch of industry always hazardous and uncertain in its results; but, if like the protection of late years, it be not properly attended to, it will be worse than a sham. Willing as I am to go any reasonable length to attain reciprocal trade with our neighbors, I know that to touch their pockets and their interests is the only way to move them. With a duty placed on coal a larger trade will be opened with Quebec and Montreal. Our coal is protected fifty cents per ton or seventy-five cents per chaldron, even against English coal, and vessels bringing coal will return with flour and Canadian goods, free of duty, and thus lessen the present direct trade with the Americans, by the near routes of Portland and Boston. We are told that our mines are owned by Americans. To some extent this is true. Some of our mines are owned in England, some in the United States, some in Montreal, and others in Nova Scotia, but what matters it, who owns them as long as they are successfully and extensively worked. Every thousand tons of coal that will be shipped this year, more than last tends to increase the prosperity of the people of Cape Breton—both farmers and fishermen—while it is a source of revenue to the Local Government. The policy of the Government, as a protective one, does not go far enough; and, as a revenue policy, the duty might be placed advantageously more on the luxuries and less on the necessaries of life. There are natural barriers, it must be recollected, which will prevent us sending coals into the lakes of Canada. Transhipment would so increase the price as to make importation unprofitable. To carry it successfully a long distance, large vessels must be used, and the canals are not deep enough to admit them. In some degree this may be overcome by the employment of flat-bottomed vessels and steamers, which can be sent down with flour and other produce, and bring coals back in return. In this way, if we cannot have free trade with the Americans, we may extend the trade with ourselves to an extent which will enable us to dispense with it. We are indeed promised Reciprocity under the present arrangment—acting together with a determination to protect our fisheries and to increase the market, and create a demand for home produced coal, may even be dispensed with. I am willing to try its effects for one year. I fully admit that a protective policy is wrong in principle, and should not be continued long, but we cannot be expected to allow the Americans to have everything their own way without affording any advantages in return.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating so.

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

TIGHT BINDING

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
In Chancery—W M Matheson.
New Brick Tenements to Let—Mr Sadler
Removal—Dr C A Martin

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1870.

☞ *For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth page.*

RAILROADS, PUBLIC ROADS.

Whether railways shall become, as ordinary public roads, open for general use or no, there is a tendency in the public mind that the railway system shall not continue to be a monopoly—a road which can only be subjected to competition by a parallel road. In cities the railroad, whether the carriages be propelled by steam or are drawn by horses, do not at all interfere with the business of the streets, and it is certainly, within the bounds of human probability, that the time will come when the railroad will be essentially, in the country as in the town, a common road. The objection to Stephenson's first railroad was the danger which might arise to a cow in the event of trains running at so high a rate of speed as twelve miles an hour, and there will no doubt be objections to the idea of steam carriages being used by any one that may desire to use them upon a road, the property of the general public. The innovation is nevertheless gaining ground. The Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, and an American company are about to construct a bridge across the Niagara river, from Fort Erie to Buffalo, at a cost of £240,000 sterling, which is to be leased to the Grand Trunk Company upon payment of a certain annual sum, and the bridge itself is to be made to pay by levying tolls upon foot passengers, carts, and other railway companies. Now it is to us quite obvious that if a railway bridge can be built and made to pay by the levying of tolls upon foot passengers, carts, and other railway rolling stock passing over it, a railway can be built, used, and made to pay precisely in the same manner. There would of course require to be up and down tracks to make passing trains or single carriages keep to their own side of the road, and there would necessarily require to be some immediate means of guarding against accidents in the event of carriages or train of carriages impeding the track. There would require to be some means of speedily and surely arresting the progress of a train almost immediately while running at a high rate of speed, and of the instant notification of disaster through telegraphic agency to the conductors of carriages, while travelling upon the road. This, however seeming improbable is possible, and the means of doing so will, in times, be discoveredded. Meanwhile the following article will be read with interest:

THE INTERCOLONIAL BRIDGE.

(From the Buffalo Express.)

In the London *Railway News*, of April 16, we find an interesting report of the proceedings at the half yearly meeting of the English shareholders of the Grand Trunk Railway, held on the 4th ult., at which meeting a resolution was adopted appropriating £20,000 out of the capital funds of the company with which to make an immediate commencement of work on the bridge across the river from Fort Erie to Buffalo. The proposition was presented to the meeting by the Chairman of the company, Richard Potter, Esq., who represented, in a strong speech, the necessity for getting the foundations of the bridge laid the present season, in order that it may be finished by the end of 1871, to save the renewal of the ferry steamer, which would otherwise have to be made the following year. The appropriation named was voted in advance of the maturing of a scheme for raising the entire sum necessary to build the bridge, and with the understanding that a despatch should be sent by cable to Mr. Brydges the following morning, instructing him to close a contract immediately for the construction of the foundations, and to have the work in progress within a fortnight. In the course of his remarks to the meeting, the Chairman, Mr. Potter, said:—

The powers for making the bridge are now vested in two companies, one of them Canadian and the other American. These two companies are practically in our hands; our officers are the directors of these companies; they are entirely in our hands, and the powers for making the bridge have been carefully continued from year to year. The idea is this, that by deeds those two companies shall transfer in perpetuity the bridges, its tools, its rights, and its approaches to the Grand Trunk upon payment of a certain annual sum, that sum being the amount of the cost of present working of an inefficient means of transit. * * * * If all the deeds are in perfect order, and if legally and in perpetuity the bridge and its powers of levying tolls from the public for foot passengers and carts, and from other railway companies —large powers—all come to us—if these deeds are perfect we shall be able without difficulty to present such a scheme to you as in the present state of the credit of the Grand Trunk will induce you and the public to subscribe the money. It is very important that the bridge should belong to the Grand Trunk, and the Grand Trunk alone. Other railroad companies of course, will have power to run through traffic over it by paying tolls; for instance, there is the Great Western of Canada. At the meeting yesterday their chairman spoke of making the Southern line, but if that line is made, the traffic will run over fifty miles of our Buffalo branch and over this bridge, paying us tolls. Of course, it is an immense advantage to the Grand Trunk, if we are going to compete for traffic, to have the control of the bridge, and it is an immense advantage to us that it should belong solely to us. I cannot too strongly insist upon this point, that if we have the means, sufficient to make it, and if the documents are all in order, the sooner we can make this bridge the better.

A Proprietor—Perhaps you would kindly give us the probable cost?

The Chairman—The bridge, with all its approaches, would cost £240,000. We did think of making the bridge alone for £165,000, a price was offered in New York, but our engineer has added something like £35,000 of material to the strength of the piers. It will then cost £200,000 and the approaches £40,000, making altogether £240,000.

A Proprietor—What length will the bridge be?

The Chairman—I do not remember the exact length, but it may be made thoroughly well for that money, but unless the foundations of the piers that are in deep water are commenced within the next fortnight, the whole structure cannot be finished before the end of 1872. At the same time we have not got the documents ready for you, and it is impossible to have them ready and to have the money raised within the next fortnight or three weeks. Now, it appears to me, and to all of us, for we agreed yesterday that we would mention the subject at the meeting to-day, in order that some expression of opinion might be elicited—that, looking to the risk which we run if that bridge is not finished by the end of 1871, and having to renew at a cost of £20,000 the present ferry-boat, and looking to the loss of the whole toll for 1872 which that bridge would bring, we think that this company might run a small risk and order at once, to the extent of £15,000 or £20,000 out of their own funds, the commencement of works which will be ruling works, and upon which the opening of the bridge must depend.

A Proprietor—Of course the bridge would be done by contract?

The Chairman—Oh, yes. The contractor for the whole work would be chosen at once. A message would go by cable to-morrow, and a contractor would be chosen. We have two offering; either one would do, and both of whom I know and have seen. He would be chosen at once, and would have let to him two or three parts only, the foundations, which are the ruling features in the bridge scheme leaving it until the bridge is formally conveyed by these documents to have the remainder of the contract given to him at an agreed price.

Of course it is quite natural, and proper enough, that a railroad company undertaking to built this bridge should expect to derive some profit and advantage from the ownership of it, as the due reward of its enterprise in carrying out the undertaking. But public interests in such a case demand that the advantage enjoyed by the owning company shall not be an embarrassing disadvantage to other railroad companies whose business may depend upon the use of the bridge. We hope that the stress which the Chairman of the Grand Trunk lays upon the importance of the control of the bridge does not imply an intention to make that control a block in the way of the formation of connections across the river by competing roads. Against the possibility of any such use of the rights of ownership in the bridge, if there are not sure safeguards provided already, there ought to be. With the Great Western Railway Company, meditating the construction of a short cut from their line, at Glencoe, west of London, to Buffalo, and in possession of a charter authorizing it, and with excellent prospects, as we learn, for the early building of the projected Canada Southern, from Fort Erie to Amherstburg or St. Clair, we could not afford to allow these important enterprises to be discouraged by the establishment of any improper monopoly in the control of the passage over the Niagara.

We refer to this point with no disposition to throw a straw of hinderance or embarrassment in the way of an undertaking, the hope of which we have cherished so long, and the present promise of which we hail with intense satisfaction. Our remarks are such as are naturally suggested by the expression simply of the London Chairman.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

In answer to Hon. Mr. Wood,

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald said that all the papers from the Rev. Mr. Thibault that could be produced, had been furnished.

The Act respecting interest being called, Hon. Dr. Tupper asked that it be be read on Monday next.

Mr. Masson said he did not believe the Government were sincere in this matter. Had they desired they could have carried their Interest Bill.

Hon. Mr Dorion said that there was no doubt that it was intended that the Bill should be read on Monday last, and he considered that the vote ought to be taken at once. The third reading of the Bill was fixed for to-day.

Mr. Cumming moved for the names of the employees of the Dominion Government—their origin, creed, position and pay—which was carried.

Mr. Brousseau moved the adoption of the 12th report of the Printing Committee, which after some discussion was fixed for Monday.

The Bill to Amend the Act respecting Justices of the Peace out of Session, was considered in Committee, and on motion of Mr. Drew was reported without amendment and read a third time.

Mr. Savary moved the House into Committee to consider the Act to amend the Act on Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange, which was reported without amendment, and read a third time.

Hon. Mr. Wood resumed discussion on the subject of the sum payable under the Municipal Loan Fund for 1859 for the benefit of the Townships of Lower Canada, contending that as the equivalent to the population of the Eastern Townships as compared with the $2,218,000 paid to the Seigniors, so should there have been the equivalent in Upper Canada in proportion to the population, which he did not choose to discuss. The law had established the sum and mode of distribution, and by no possibility could he see how the Townships could insist on being paid 100 cents on the dollar.

If the Minister of Justice said that the Government considered they were obliged to pay the full amount, it would be useless for him to go on, and to show that his view was the correct one. He read the clauses of the Act in support of it. His object was to obtain an authoritative decision on this matter, to which he could refer should the subject be brought up, and reflections made on him that he had not paid attention to this matter.

Mr. Casault said that the whole matter had been referred by Ontario to Arbitrators, and a claim had been made before them which was now under consideration. He thought that the matter should be settled, but argued at some length to show the state of the law and the position of the Fund.

Mr. Wood contended that the question before the Arbitrators was a different subject altogether.

Hon. Sir A. T. Galt said the House must after this discussion, be satisfied that this was not the proper tribunal. It was already before the tribunal which had cognizance of the matter, and he thought that the opinion of this House ought not to be allowed to influence the arbitrators.

Mr. Ferguson thought that the arbitrators were not required to determine the law. The Minister of Justice was simply asked to interpret the law as it existed.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau said the House had no power to deal with the matter.

Hon. Mr. Irvine was of the same opinion.

Mr. Mackenzie said that the House had power to deal with the matter, but, as the Minister of Justice was not prepared to give any opinion, he would move the adjournment of the debate.

Hon Sir John A. Macdonald said he had no objection to the adjournment of the debate, but the result of any premature decision of the House would be, that if it decided that only 75 cents on the dollar were payable, and it was afterwards decided that 100 cents must be paid, the Dominion Government would be liable for the whole amount, after the Province had been let off for the lesser sum.

AFTER RECESS.

On the Bill respecting the Currency,

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks moved that it be discharged. There was no doubt but the currency of the Dominion should be assimilated, but the difference of opinion with regard to the Dominion currency being assimilated to that of Nova Scotia being great he would not press assimilation now. He had no hope of an early solution of the question of international currency. Complaints had arisen in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, but he was glad to say that arrangements had been made by which the Receiver of Public Departments would take notes at St. John at the same terms as at Halifax, postponing complete legislation to a future, but not distant, period.

Hon. Mr. Holton said this was another instance of infanticide. The measure had been introduced with considerable flourish of trumpets. All felt that the currency ought to have been assimilated last session, when it was withdrawn for the same reason as now given—the discussion of the question by other nations. The present Finance Minister discovers that there was great difference of opinion on this subject in the different Provinces. Were we to go to Nova Scotia, or was Nova Scotia to abandon her currency. They could not compel the Government to go on, but he appealed to the Minister of Customs if it was fair towards his own Province to allow the Bill to be withdrawn.

Mr. Savary was exceedingly anxious for assimilation of currency, and was even willing to waive his own views. He found now that there was good reason for delay, as it appeared that the Chancellor of Exchequer had stated that there was a prospect of assimilation between Great Britain and France. He hoped that the reports of Paris Conference would be laid before the members.

Mr. McDougall (Renfrew) desired to know what prospect there was for the measure next session.

Hon. Mr. Archibald said there was so little difference between the currency of Britain and that of the continent that there need be little difficulty in assimilating them. He thought the Government had acted wisely in delaying.

In the superannuation scheme,

Hon. Mr. Howe said that it was against his wishes that the deduction of 12½ per cent had been made for the employees of the House.

Hon. Mr. Archibald was glad to hear the honourable gentleman say so. He thought that a cast iron rule of the kind referred to was unjust and the present scheme was virtually a reduction amounting to one-sixth of their salaries.

Mr. Mackenzie complained that the salaries of public officers had been increased.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald said that the two matters—the reduction of 12½ per cent. and the 4 per cent. for superannuation, had no connection with each other. He asserted that the increase of salaries was in accordance with a law of Parliament. The House accepted the report of the Civil Service Commission and was responsible for what was done in accordance with its recommendation.

Hon. Mr. Holton thought that the Civil Service Act and the Superannuation Act had a logical connection, and if the officers of the House did not receive the benefit of the Civil Service Act, they ought not to be required to come under the Superannuation Act. He considered the scheme as applied to the officers of the House a case of manifest injustice.

Mr. McDougall, of (Renfrew,) thought the percentage should be regulated *pro rata*.

Resolutions passed, and

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks introduced the Bill for the Superannuation of officers of the Civil Service.

On the Bill for the establishment of the Government of Manitobah.

Mr. Mackenzie said the House was not in a position to proceed with the discussion of this Bill to-night, not having read it.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald would not press upon the House the consideration of the Bill, but hoped he might be permitted to explain wherein the Bill differed from that which was first introduced. He mentioned that the Government had been informed by Judge Black that the people of the Portage La Prairie would prefer remaining as they are now, but since they had received other information from gentlemen who had come from Portage La Prairie, that the people of that settlement would not object to being included in Manitobah and to get rid of a charge that that settlement had been purposely left out of the new territory, the Government had come to the determination of including it. There had been, too, a broad statement to the effect that the Portage La Prairie being left out of the new province was attributable to priestly influence which he denied. The line would have to run through the lands of a tribe of Indians called the Shoshonees, a very friendly tribe, and to avoid anything disagreeable, they had carried the line by the 96th parallel; the population to be included by the first proposed scheme was 15,000, now it would be 17,000. He stated that the new province, not being in debt, could receive from Canada interest at the rate of 5 per cent on $472,000 a year, and that $30,000 should be paid yearly by Canada to Manitobah for the support of its Government, and an annual grant equal to 80 cents per head of a population of 17,000. The Custom's duties now chargeable on Rupert's Land to be continued for ten years, as if the tariff of Canada were now applied to Manitobah, the imports being principally by Hudson's Bay and Pembina, the charges on imports would be ruinous. He then alluded to the appropriation of 1,400,000 acres of ungranted lands for the benefit of the families of the half-breeds. He explained that there were few pure Indians in the Territory—their descendants were chiefly half-breeds, and were none the less, however, inheritors of the soil, and, therefore, entitled to compensation for any loss which might accrue to them on account of the erection of the new Government. It was worthy of attention, how carefully the interests of the Dominion had been looked to in the reservation made of the lands for all purposes.

Mr. Mackenzie was glad that the hon. gentleman had been compelled to include the settlements previously left out, and which strong circumstantial evidence pointed out had been done at the suggestion of certain parties. He did not care who had caused the change in the scheme, but it was a good one There were some matters in the Bill conflicting with Confederation Act, which he would endeavour to have amended. A certain paper had been published threatening the perpetual banishment of the hon. member for North Lanark, and several other members of his party. He complained of the state of ignorance in which the House was kept and thought the Bill contained still many objectionable clauses.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier regretted that his hon. friend had not adhered to his first determination of not discussing the measure. He had nevertheless done so. He did not complain of that except so far as that he ought not to pretend to do one thing, while actually doing another. He explained that it had been represented that the Portage la Prairie had been purposely excluded while a deviation had been made in the Province line to include a Roman Catholic mission. The alteration had been made principally to get rid of this prejudice. He denied that the Government had treated in the matter of public documents, one set of members with more consideration than others.

Hon. Mr. McDougall looked upon the present remarks as merely conversational, but he complained of the length at which the Minister of Justice had gone into his preliminary explanations, and he condemned the publication and circulation of information to individuals, which was withheld from the House. He read a report from reverend gentleman recommending the appointment of Judge Black. He alluded to the excellence of the country and hoped that a measure would be framed in the interests of those who would settle there.

Colonel Gray asked something about duties and moved the adjournment of the debate.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald explained that the printed letter of the Revd. Mr. Thibault, which had been alluded to was one of those confidential documents which were printed for the information of the Government, and the copy circulated must have been stolen. It was a mere private letter printed for convenience sake.

The debate was then adjourned.

The supplementary estimates were next brought up. There was one item of $200,000 for the Fenian invasion, and an item for immigration purposes, which elicited some remarks, the Honorable Mr. Dunkin stating that immigrants arriving at Quebec now, instead of merely passing through the Dominion, remained in it.

Mr. Harrison regretted that the salary of the agent at Toronto, who was one of the most energetic and useful agents in the Dominion, was not increased.

Mr. Stirton was not surprised at Mr Harrison's recommendation, the Toronto Immigration Agent being a very vigorous advocate of Toronto interests. He thought the immigration hobby had been somewhat over-ridden. If Canada had a good, honest Government, and few taxes, it would be a greater inducement to immigrants to come here than sending to England a few broken down editors to encourage immigration hither. He said our own young people, who were worth very much more than immigrants to the country, were leaving it. He thought it was one of the hobbies of the day, and must be carried out. The Minister of Agriculture had given them a very lucid explanation, but he could not say that he was not glad when he sat down. He, however, admitted that immigration was wanted.

Hon. Mr. Carling defended Mr. White, the emigration agent of Ontario from the charge of being a broken down editor, and spoke of his energy and intelligence, and the good which he had effected. He believed that there would be an immigration of from 25,000 to 30,000 as the result of his exertions. He thought the Toronto agent the most efficient officer and deserved an increase of salary. He was a Dominion officer, and his salary ought to be increased by the Dominion Government.

Mr. Ferguson spoke highly of Mr. Donaldson and the item was carried.

Mr. D. A. Macdonald (Glengarry) complained of the Imperial Government for suffering the United States, through the medium of Fenianism, to periodically invade this country. He thought it was humiliating to England.

Hon. Mr. Holton considered that there should have been no "scare," and demanded particulars as to the information which induced the expenditure of $20,000 on account of it. Now that the volunteers had been sent back to their homes, he thought the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act and this expenditure should be explained. He hoped the Government would seize the opportunity of satisfying the House that the expenditure was judicious. He thought it the duty of the Government to repeal the Act suspending the *Habeas Corpus*.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier explained that when in England he and Mr. Macdougall drew the attention of the Imperial Government on the occasion of the previous raid, to the necessity for requiring the interference of the American Government to such raids. With the exception of a very few persons, the Irish of the Dominion are loyal, and the Fenian organization only, in truth, existed on the other side of the line. He said that he represented that if a similar organization existed in France the English Government would speedily remonstrate and insist upon its suppression. He could not give the information desired, because the lives of certain parties would thereby be jeopardized. The Government had been informed, from Washington, that there was to be an invasion on the 15th. It was then possible for that Government to make sufficient preparations to prevent the raid. The Government also received information from Montreal. Even yesterday information was received which startled the Government and might have induced even the member for Chateauguay to hold communication with the general commanding. The suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act had had an excellent effect towards suppressing the raid.

Mr. Mackenzie suggested that the Fenians should be suspended.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier hoped that his hon. friend might be induced to undertake the job. The end of the Session was near at hand, but before the prorogation, the Government would inform the House whether or not it would be proper to withdraw the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act.

Mr. Mackenzie (Glengarry) said that the allusion to France was a very apt one. The truth was that England did not think of Canada, it being too far off.

Mr. Chamberlin stated that he had personal opportunity of knowing that a raid was intended.

Mr. Harrison thought that something ought to be done by the United States to prevent those threats and raids. Fenianism paraded publicly, drilled publicly, was publicly armed, and yet the United States Government took no steps to put it down. He thought a representation should be made to the Imperial Government to have this thing stopped. He thought that more money might be expended towards the support of the British army in this Province and less for the military service.

Mr. Rymal thought that O'Neill might be invited to send delegates here to say what he wants. Riel had done it with good effect. All had been made serene. O'Neill should be told to send in delegates and he would get all he wants. He thought it was humiliating now to ask England to defend us. We were a nation, and should not be scared in this way.

Mr. Mackenzie considered that the Government had been imposed upon. He did not accuse the Government, but believed they had obtained information from not very reliable parties. He had heard it said by a clergyman, in 1866, that it was lucky the Fenians were led by Generals as fat as our own. It cost us $200,000 to move a few men, what would it cost the Fenians?

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald said that in such matters the Government was necessarily placed at a disadvantage, and he showed how some two years ago a raid was foreshadowed in the *Globe*, every word of which was true, but such preparations were made as induced the Fenians to forego their intention. The Government had even received a special warning from the English Foreign Office. He showed that the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act had a special application.

Hon. Mr. Holton still thought that the Government had been misinformed, but with regard to information having been received from his friends, he would only say that there could be no party in such a matter, and that he would consider it to be his own duty to warn the Government with a view to the preservation of the peace of the country.

The Committee rose and reported progress, and the House adjourned at a quarter past one.

We are glad to learn that Mr. Little, M. P., for Simcoe, is rapidly recovering. And we hope to hear that he will be convalescent in a few days.

STEWART'S QUARTERLY—APRIL, 1870

AT THE LITERARY REPOSITORY, ELGIN STREET, OTTAWA.

This very able and interesting periodical has just come to hand. The April number is more than usually good. Whether we consider the variety of its contents, the style in which the articles are written, or the valuable information which they convey, it is indeed an admirable number. The prose papers are all of a superior stamp, and in the poetry even there is nothing like mediocrity. The Editor, whilst making his selections, must have had before his eyes, and within the chambers of his mind, a salutary dread of shocking good taste, and of violating that canon which the Prince of Poets has pronounced, and which mankind, by their approving *fiat*, have made infallible.

"*Mediocribus esse Poetis, non dii non homines non concessere columnæ.*"

The Rev. Dr. Harvey's second paper on Newfoundland must prove highly satisfactory to the numerous Canadians whose interest in a rich and important colony was awakened by the previous one.

The article entitled, "Pen Photographs," is continued, and gives a particularly pleasing biography of that amiable philosopher—Dr. Dick—and of the charming but unfortunate Poet—"the Knight of the Awl."

There is something very "*distingué*" about "distinguished Canadians;" and the "Commons of Canada" are admirably disposed of.

There is a truly sensible dissertation on women's rights; and our scientific bodies will delight in a paper entitled "A Plea for the Study of Natural History." A learned Professor gives a learned "Sketch of Travel," and one of the *literati* has actually favoured the Editor with a Gaelic Poem which, most assuredly, will fascinate our Commoners who delight in polyglott debates. Altogether, there are over twenty papers which cannot fail to be perused with pleasure and profit.

The Poetry is far above the average of magazine effusions. In proof of this statement, we transfer to our columns the following lines by the celebrated Canadian lyrist—Alexander McLachlan:—

WE'RE ALL AFLOAT.

We're all afloat in a leaky boat,
O'er Time's tempestuous sea;
Death at the helm steers for his realm,
And a motley crew are we.
Through waters wide on every side,
Away to the sunken shoals,
He steers us o'er to the passions' roar,
And the heave of living souls.

We hear the splash and the heavy dash,
And the weary, weary moan,
And only know we embarked in woe,
And are bound for the great unknown:
Some telling tales of happy vales,
That lie beyond the gloom,
While greed and spite are at their fight,
For another inch of room.

And fraud and pride how they push aside,
The weak ones and the old,
While curses deep from the mad hearts leap,
That they're huddled in the hold.
'Tis sad to hear 'mid the tempest drear,
How the selfish crew go on;
How they curse and swear and snarl there,
As dogs do o'er a bone.

Anon, as a brief but sweet relief,
In the midst of the fighting throng,
Some poor waif starts to cheer our hearts,
With the blessed voice of song:
He sings of peace and the heart's increase,
When love o'er the crew shall reign;
And the rudest hear with a willing ear,
And each heart cries out "Amen."

BILL.

An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

Whereas it is probable that Her Majesty the Queen may, pursuant to the "British North America Act of 1867," be pleased to admit Rupert's Land and the North-Western Territory into the Union or Dominion of Canada, before the next Session of the Parliament of Canada:

And whereas it is expedient to prepare for the transfer of the said Territories to the Government of Canada at the time appointed by the Queen for such admission.

And Whereas it is expedient also to provide for the organization of part of the said Territories into a Province, and for the establishment of a Government therefor, and to make provision for the Civil Government of the remaining part of the said Territories, not included within the limits of the Province:

Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. On, from and after the day upon which the Queen, by and with the advice and consent of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, under the authority of the 146th Section of the British North America Act, 1867, shall, by Order in Council in that behalf, admit Rupert's Land and the North Western Territory into the Union or Dominion of Canada, there shall be formed out of the same, a Province which shall be one of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada, and which shall be called the Province of Manitoba and be bounded as follows: that is to say, commencing at the point where the meridian of ninety-six degrees west longitude from Greenwich intersects the parallel of forty-nine degrees north latitude thence due west along said parallel of forty-nine degrees north latitude (which forms a portion of the boundary line between the United States of America and the said North Western Territory) to the meridian of ninety-nine degrees of west longitude, then due north along said meridian of ninety-nine degrees west longitude to the intersection of the same with the parallel of fifty degrees and thirty minutes north latitude,—thence due east along said parallel of fifty degrees and thirty minutes north latitude to its intersection with the before-mentioned meridian of the ninety-six degrees west longitude, thence due south along said meridian of ninety-six degrees west longitude to the place of beginning.

2. On, from and after the said day on which the Order of the Queen in Council shall issue as aforesaid, the provisions of the British North America Act, 1867, shall, except those parts thereof which are in terms made, or, by reasonable intendment, may be held to be specially applicable to, or only to affect one or more but not the whole of the Provinces now composing the Dominion, and except so far as the same may be varied by this Act, be applicable to the Province of Manitoba, in the same way, and to the like extent as they apply to the several Provinces of Canada and as if the Province of Manitoba, had been one of the Provinces originally united by the said Act.

3. The said Province shall be represented in the Senate by two members until it shall have, according to decennial census, a population of fifty thousand souls, and from thenceforth it shall be represented therein by three members until it shall have, according to decennial census, a population of seventy-five thousand souls, and from thenceforth it shall be represented therein by four members.

4. The said Province shall be represented in the first instance in the House of Commons by four members, and for that purpose shall be divided by proclamation of the Governor General, into four Electoral Districts, each of which shall be represented by one member; provided that on the completion of the census in the year 1881 and of each decennial census afterwards, the representation of the said Province shall be re-adjusted according to the provision of the fifty-first section of the British North America Act, 1867.

5. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, the qualification of voters at elections of members of the House of Commons shall be the same as for the Legislative Assembly hereinafter mentioned; and no person shall be qualified to be elected to sit and vote as a member for any Electoral District unless he is a duly qualified voter within the said Province.

6. For the said Province there shall be an officer styled the Lieutenant Governor, appointed by the Governor General in Council, by instrument under the Great Seal of Canada.

7. The Executive Council of the Province shall be composed of such persons, and under such designations, as the Lieutenant Genernor shall from time to time, think fit, and, in the first instance of not more than five persons.

8 Unless and until the Executive Government of the Province otherwise direct, the seat of Government of the same shall be at Fort Garry, or within one mile thereof.

9. There shall be a Legislature for the Province, consisting of the Lieutenant Governor, and of two houses styled respectively the Legislative Council of Manitoba, and the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba.

10 The Legislative Council shall in the first instance be composed of seven members, and after the expiration of four years from the time of the first appointment of such seven members, may be increased to not more than twelve members. Every member of the Legislative Council shall be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in the Queen's name by Instrument under the Great Seal of Manitoba, and shall hold office for the term of his life, unless and until the Legislature of Manitoba otherwise provides under the British North America Act, 1867.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, by instrument under the Great Seal, appoint a Member of the Legislative Council to be Speaker thereof, and may remove him and appoint another in his stead.

12. Until the Legislature of the Province otherwise provides, the presence of a majority of the whole number of the Legislative Council, including the Speaker, shall be necessary to constitute a meeting for the exercise of its powers.

13.—Questions arising in the Legislative Council shall be decided by a majority of voices, and the Speaker shall, in all cases, have a vote, and when the voices are equal, the decision shall be deemed to be in the negative.

14. The Legislative Assembly shall be composed of twenty-four Members, to be elected to represent the Electoral Divisions into which the said Province may be divided by the Lieutenant-Governor as hereinafter mentioned.

15. The Lieutenant-Governor shall, (within six months of the date of the Order of Her Majesty in Council, admitting Rupert's Land and the North Western Territory into the Union,) by Proclamation under the Great Seal, divide the said Province into twenty-four Electoral Divisions, due regard being had to existing Local Divisions and population.

16. Every male person shall be entitled to vote for a Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly for any Electoral Division, who is qualified as follows; that is to say, if he is:—

1. Of the full age of twenty-one years, and not subject to any legal incapacity.

2. A Subject of Her Majesty by birth or naturalization.

3. And a *bona fide* householder within the Electoral Division at the date of the Writ of Election for the same, and has been a *bona fide* householder for one year next before the said date.

17. Every Legislative Assembly shall continue for four years from the date of the return of the writs for returning the same, (subject, nevertheless, to being sooner dissolved by the Lieutenant-Governor,) and no longer.

18. There shall be a Session of the Legislature once at least in every year, so that twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Legislature in one Session, and its first sitting in the next Session.

19. The following provisions of the British North America Act, 1867, respecting the House of Commons of Canada, shall extend and apply to the Legislative Assembly that is to say:—Provisions relating to the election of a Speaker, originally, and on vacancies—the duties of the Speaker,—the absence of the Speaker and the mode of voting, as if those Provisions were here re-enacted, and made applicable in terms to the Legislative Assembly.

20. In and for the Province, the said Legislature may exclusively make Laws in relation to education, subject and according to the follow provisions.

(1.) Nothing in any such Law shall prejudicially affect any right or privilege with respect to Denominational Schools which any class of persons have by Law or practice in the Province at the Union:—

(2.) An appeal shall lie to the Governor General in Council from any Act or decision of the Legislature of the Province, or of any Provincial authority affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's Subjects in relation to education.

(3.) In case any such Provincial Law as from time to time seems to the Governor General in Council requisite for the due execution of the provisions of this Section is not made, or in case any decision of the Governor General in Council on any appeal under this Section is not duly executed by the proper Provincial authority in that behalf, then, and in every such case, and as far only as the circumstances of each case require, the Parliament of Canada may make remedial laws for the due execution of the provisions of this Section, and of any decision of the Governor General in Council under this Section.

21. Either the English or the French language may be used by any person, in the Debates of the Houses of the Legislature, and both those Languages shall be used in the respective Records and Journals of those Houses, and either of those Languages may be used by any person or in any Pleading or Process in, or issuing from any Court of Canada established under the British North America Act, 1867, or in or from all or any of the Courts of the Province. The Acts of the Legislature shall be printed and published in both those Languages.

[*N. B.—The Clauses from 22 to 30, inclusive, are to be introduced by Resolution, and do not form part of this Bill.*]

22. Inasmuch as the Province is not in debt, the said Province shall be entitled to be paid, and to receive from the Government of Canada, by half yearly payments in advance, interest at the rate of five per centum per annum on the sum of four hundred and seventy-two thousand and ninety dollars.

23. The sum of Thirty Thousand dollars shall be paid yearly by Canada to the Province for the support of its Government and Legislature, and an annual grant, in aid of the said Province, shall be made, equal to Eighty cents per head of the Population, estimated at seventeen thousand souls; and such grant of Eighty cents per head shall be augmented in proportion to the increase of population, as may be shown by the census that shall be taken thereof, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and by each subsequent decennial census, until its population amounts to four hundred thousand souls, at which amount such grant shall remain thereafter, and such sum shall be in full settlement of all future demands on Canada, and shall be paid half-yearly, in advance, to the said Provinces.

24. Canada will assume and defray the charges for the following services:—

1. Salary of the Lieutenant Governor.
2. Salaries and allowances of the Judges of the Superior and District or County Courts.
3. Charges in respect of the Department of the Customs.
4. Postal Department.
5. Protection of Fisheries.
6. Militia.
7. Geological Survey.
8. The Penitentiary.
9. And such further charges as may be incident to, and connected with the services which by the British North America Act, 1867, appertain to the Government, and as are, or may be allowed to the other Provinces.

25. The Customs' duties now by law chargeable in Rupert's Land, shall be continued without increase for the period of three years from and after the passing of this Act.

26. All ungranted or waste lands in the Province shall be, from and after the date of the said transfer, vested in the Crown, and administered by the Government of Canada for the purposes of the Dominion, subject to and except and so far as the same may be affected by the conditions and stipulations contained in the agreement for the surrender of Rupert's Land by the Hudson's Bay Company to Her Majesty.

27. And whereas it is expedient towards the extinguishment of the Indian Title to the lands in the Province, to appropriate a portion of such ungranted lands, to the extent of one million four hundred thousand acres thereof, for the benefit of the families of the half-breed residents, it is hereby enacted, that under regulations to be from time to time made by the Governor General in Council, the Lieutenant Governor shall select such lots or tracts in such parts of the Province as he may deem expedient, to the extent aforesaid, and divide the same among the children of the half-breed heads of families, residing in the Province at the time of the said transfer to Canada, and the same shall be granted to the said children respectively, in such mode and on such condition as to settlement and otherwise, as the Governor General in Council may from time to time determine.

28. For the quieting of titles, and assuring to the settlers in the Province the peaceable possession of the lands now held by them, it is enacted as follows:—

1. All grants of land in freehold made by the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada, shall, if required by the owner, be confirmed by grant from the Crown.

2. All grants of estates less than freehold in land made by the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada, shall, if required by the owner be converted into an estate in freehold by grant from the Crown.

3. All titles by occupancy with the sanction and under the licence and authority of the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada, of land in that part of the Province in which the Indian title has been extinguished, shall, if required by the owner, be converted into an estate in freehold by grant from the Crown.

4. All persons in peaceable possession of tracts of land at the time of the said transfer, in those parts of the Province in which the Indian Title has not been extinguished, shall have the right of pre-emption of the same, on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Governor in Council.

5. The Lieutenant Governor is hereby authorized, under regulations to be made from time to time by the Governor General in Council, to make all such provisions for ascertaining and adjusting, on fair and equitable terms, the rights of Common, and rights of cutting Hay held and enjoyed by the settlers in the Province, and for the commutation of the same by grants of land from the Crown.

29. The Governor General in Council shall from time to time settle and appoint the mode and form of Grants of Land from the Crown, and any Order in Council for that purpose when published in the *Canada Gazette*, shall have the same force and effect as if it were a portion of this Act.

30. Nothing in this Act shall in any way prejudice or affect the rights or properties of the Hudson's Bay Company, as contained in the conditions under which that Company surrendered Rupert's Land to Her Majesty.

31. And with respect to such portion of Rupert's Land and the North Western Territory, as is not included in the Province of Manitoba, it is hereby enacted, that the Lieutenant-Governor of the said Province shall be appointed, by commission under the Great Seal of Canada, to be the Lieutenant-Governor of the same, under the name of the North West Territories, and subject to the provisions of the Act in the next Section mentioned.

32. Except as hereinbefore is enacted and provided, the Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the now last Session thereof, and entitled "An Act for the temporary Government of Rupert's Land, and the North Western Territory when united with Canada," is hereby re-enacted, extended and continued in force until the first day of January, 1871, and untill the end of the Session of Parliament then next succeeding.

WASHINGTON, 3rd.—Several Cubans, prominent in insurrectionary movement, lately made overtures to the Spanish Minister in this city, to come to direct understanding with the Spanish Government, through him, preparatory to giving up the contest.

WASHINGTON—General Sheridan telegraphs that the Indians have taken possession of several of the small Forts near Fort Sally, and have made prisoners of the command. Gen. Sheridan has left for the front again.

Vincent Collyer, secretary to Indian Peace Commission, fears that war is inevitable.

ST. LOUIS—Col. H. Payne and M. C. Stapleton, two influential citizens of Monticello, Kansas, quarrelled and agreed to settle the difficulty in a dark room, Payne with a knife, and Stapleton with a revolver. Stapleton's throat was cut, and Payne shot through the lungs, and neither are expected to recover.

RICHMOND.—Chief Justice Chase, yesterday called on the members of the bar who were injured in the late calamity.

Joseph B. Robinson, another victim died.

NEW YORK.—In the case of Heath *et al* English stock holders vs Erie Railway, the defendants have formally enterkd their appearance in the clerks office of the United States Circuit Court. An answer will be filed in the first place.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 4.

The anniversary of the Upper Canada Tract Society, was celebrated last evening in Knox Church, Dean Grasett presiding. The annual report showed 478,703 tracts and periodicals had been sold and distributed gratuitously, during the year, being an increase of 122,634 over the previous year. The receipts were 13,304, expenditure [illegible] 432. Rev James Richardson was president; Hon. John McMurrich, [illegible] John K. McDonald and Rev. Mr. [illegible] Secretaries. Addresses were delivered by the Chairman, Revs. Mr. Stewart; J. [illegible] Chas. Walker, of St. Catherines, Prof. [illegible] Rev. M. M. Punshon, and others.

The Montreal volunteers under Capt. [illegible] Allan, and Major Lafranch, arrived here yesterday, also other officers and men from various points. Sixty-six men in all have been enlisted in this district.

A meeting of the Toronto Grey & Bruce Railway Company was held yesterday, when the directors were authorised to issue bonds.

The *Globe* and *Telegraph* denounce the Government policy with regard to the North West, and the organization of the Province of Manitobah in unmeasured terms as [illegible] together in the interests of the [illegible] French element.

A special to the *Telegraph* from [illegible] dated May 3rd, says that large numbers of Sioux are being driven from the American Territories, and are crossing over the boundary, and it is feared they will give Hudson's Bay hunters trouble.

The Sioux are under the impression there is disturbance in Fort Garry [illegible] that the half-breeds are plundering the company, and they express a desire to have a share. An encounter between the Crees and Sioux was soon expected, and the community look to Canada for protection of life and property. The writer says, the Bishop Tache, is working night and day through his missionaries and other means to preserve peace among the Indians, half-breeds and whites. He has prevailed upon the half breeds and Indians to respect the rights and property of the Hudson's Bay Company and each other, and is gradually bringing security and order out of chaos. The Red River community cannot understand why the Canada press and people extend them so little sympathy or credit for honesty of purpose in their present trying position. Travelling over the plains is represented as improving.

Parsien, who shot Sutherland, died of his wounds on the 6th ult.

The Provisional Government has appointed James McKay Commissioner to enquire into the nature of the complaints, and into the conduct of the Sioux.

The *New Nation* of the 8th April contains the following items:

Bishop Tache visited White Horse Plains last week, by request, and addressed the people in the chapel. After alluding to his visit to the Council at Rome and his recall by telegram from the Dominion Bishop, he said it was his belief that Canada would treat the people of the land in the kindest and most honorable way. He told the people, when they reflected fully, as he felt sure, trust to the sincerity of the professions of Canada, for they could not but feel that by many links the countries were bound together; he, himself, and most of the Fathers in the Church here were Canadians; the Sisters living here were also to a large extent Canadians, and the fathers of his hearers for the most part had been Canadians. His Lordship has always met with a hearty reception from his people in this quarter, and his remarks seemed to leave a favourable impression.

Good times are looked for this Spring. Hunters and traders are reported laden with robes and provisions.

The catch of fine fur has been a full one, the supply of buffalo robes is larger than it has been for years.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 4.

It is understood that the last Allan steamer which arrived at Quebec, had on board one hundred and twenty thousand dollars in Canadian coins, consisting of 25, 10, and 5 cent pieces, which will be put into circulation shortly.

The passengers of the "Lake Erie" were nearly all disposed of by the officers of St. George's Society.

Last night some fifty of the "Medway" passengers arrived at the Home, and according to their statement, their cases are pitiful and hard.

Their passages they say were paid through to Toronto, where they have friends, yet their tickets were taken from them at Quebec, and replaced by tickets to Montreal. The agent here says he has no demand for their potential employments, but he declines paying their way to Toronto, except in giving them half the tickets, but they have not the amount with which to pay the half, and they are, therefore, on the Society's hands.

This morning about half-past four o'clock, John Bryson, living in a yard at No. [illegible] Dominique street, an old man, 60 years of age, an ex-bailiff, and in poor circumstances, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. An inquest is being held this forenoon.

The water police report that at [illegible] o'clock this morning a fire broke out on board the steamer *Beaver*, lying at the [illegible] dock. The fire is said to have originated in the forecastle, where two of the crew were sleeping at the time. One of the latter named Allard on awakening ran out and gave the alarm, and the fire was extinguished with a few buckets of water.

The jury in the St. Dominique street suicide case returned a verdict that the said Bryson committed suicide while in a state of mental alienation.

An officer and three sergeants of H. M. 69th Regt., arrived here yesterday from Quebec to attend a court martial, which is to be held this week at the military headquarters, this city.

Although the "B" Battery of the [illegible] Brigade R. H. Artillery, at present stationed at Hochelaga, volunteered for service at Red River, only two gunners, two [illegible] an officer have been selected. They will probably leave this city on Monday [illegible] headquarters at Toronto.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping Holloway's in the cupboard. It is the "... ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, ... wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. ... housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 4.

...nicipal affairs are interesting: Mayor ...gon, with about 30 persons are still ... of the City Hall ... city police, under instructions from ... surround the building and ... all communication.

... night at midnight two companies of ... Regiment were called out, and sent ... are now posted to assist the police. ... new members have changed their tac... ... intend starving out the besieged ... cannot take long, as but little provisions ... the building. Both parties are deter... ... to fight it out.

... master Villiers left last evening with ... men for Red River.

... People's line have established an office ... Imperial Hotel.

... occurred between habitants and some ... on the Gosford line.

... S. S. "Peruvian" and the ship ... Ward" have arrived.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Despatches from India report that rebellion has broken out among the ... tribes on the shores of the Caspian ...

White, who attempted the life of Buxton, has been arrested in Paris—arms were found on his person.

The Dublin Freeman denounces Disraeli's "Lothair," for its gross immorality.

The House of Lords to-day, passed the ... Bill to a second reading.

The reforms in the war office were read a ... time, and circumstances of its pas... ... in the House of Commons were ex...

The Earl of Richmond severely criticized the ... Bill. Earl Grey blamed its failure to ... the chaos in the War Department.

The motion for the second reading was ... to, and the House adjourned.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Otway in... the House that an expression of the satisfaction of Her Majesty with the Greek Government, the intended visit of the British squadron in the Mediterranean to the Birveno, had been countermanded. What other measures the Government proposed to take, it would be premature to make public.

Mr. Monsell denied that the Colonial Office had been informed of the recruiting of the Red River expedition from the Papal Zouaves, recently returned to Canada.

Mr. Cave while he disliked the extension of ... system of commercial treaties, was averse ... to protection.

The House divided on Mr. Birley's motion ... a select Committee, and the majority ... it was 88.

... Hughes moved that the public schools ... been open to dissenters.

The House adjourned without action.

The Pall Mall Gazette has authority for de... the truth of the report that Mr. Bright ... resigned.

... great race for 2,000 guineas at Newmarket came off to-day, and was won by ... Normandy second and King... third.

... report has been received from Madras of ... uprising among the native tribe of Tuak ... Newar. Two hundred miles south... of Delhi, some two thousand of the tribe ... against the chief and his followers, ... terrible massacre had taken place.

The Weekly Register, the recognized organ of the Roman Catholics here, and well in... as to the movements of the Vatican, says: The Ecumenical Council has work ... for a year.

Dundee vessels returning from Greenland ... 3,000 tons of seal oil.

The Examiner says: A fallacy pervading ... entire debate in Parliament on Colonial ... is that liberty and imperial solidity are ...patible. In Commons to-night, Mr. ... announced debate in Committee ... the Irish Land Bill, be postponed until ... Mr. Newdegate's motion for enquiry ... monastic institutions, would next be con... ...ed, and the discussion of the Red River ... was postponed until the 27th of ...

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The explosive machines to be used against the Emperor, resemble the ... rings; they are divided into seven chambers, each of which contains a ... nitrate of potash. Percussion caps ... ingeniously fitted in and slightly raised ... the surface, so that in falling upon any ... the machine was nearly certain to explode. The ring was attached to ... artery, to aid in throwing this missile.

The police are searching for M. Baltot, who ... is implicated in the conspiracy. M. ... was an officer of Garibaldi, and is a ... friend of Gustave Florens.

The maker of the bombs seized by the police, ... that they were ordered for Amer...

A serious riot occurred yesterday at St. ... caused by the arrest of a member of ... International railway

Two thousand workmen attacked the National Guards and Gendarmes stationed around the prison to watch the men who had been taken. The guards held their ground, though a number were wounded.

At a recent meeting of the New York Sorosis a resolution was adopted which entitles the ... members to the thanks of all neat and decent people; and especially all gentlemen who pride themselves on wearing well-polished boots, and all housekeepers who would have clean carpets. It was as follows:

Resolved, That if an effort should be made to ... the dirty and disgusting fashion of ... skirts in the street, that the universal ... of American women should utter a protest that would be heard throughout this country and Europe, and move that whoever chooses to follow the senseless lead of a ... or a coterie, American women can think and act for themselves.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York ... a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel ... in what they have done and restraining ... from further like injury to the public. ... class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from im..., it is the sick and suffering who are ... to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all ... to cure and prevent disease, should ... have every security the law can afford ... counterfeit and imitation.—Cabinet, Schenectady.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in ... Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections ... relieving the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these ... Wafers are known, they bear down ... opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand ... has steadily increased for the last ... years, until now the sales average over ... thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number ... that they know of no preparation produ... beneficial results as these Wafers. ... taken in season they effect a permanent ... by every druggist and most of the ... stores throughout the Province, at 25 ...

... hesitation in recommending Fellows ... Syrup of Hypophosphites to my ... who suffer from General Debility, or any ... of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases ... it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M. D.

... nerves the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. I... impaired by age or disease, the muscles ... to perform strange or unnecessary acts; ... the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital ... are sure to suffer, and from their inaction ... Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak ... and General Debility, with their accompanying train of evil and resulting diseases. ... Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, ... Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede ...

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypo... the nerves regain their vigor, the brain ... clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, ... a disease of the past, the heart's regu... is restored, the blood made pure, the ... strong, and all the functions of the body are ... up to a hearty standard.

... enabled to state the above on the most ... testimony.

... by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N. B.

Agents—Francis Caudill & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

LOCAL NEWS.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

WORTH seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

THE MARKET—WEDNESDAY.—A good array of waggons was to be seen on the Market Square. Prices remained unchanged, and the articles went off briskly.

ARRIVAL.—We noticed Vice-Chancellor Strong in the city yesterday. He reminds one of old Bytown, in his healthy appearance.

THE RED RIVER.—Ensign Nesbitt, and Privates Butler and Acres of the 42nd Carleton Volunteers, left for Brockville this morning, to join the expeditionary force for Red River.

THE STREETS.—Our highways were less dusty yesterday than the previous ones. The merchants have found it in their interests to put on water carts, and the choking dust no longer annoys our citizens.

QUITE A SURPRISE.—An old and respectable resident of this city was surprised by discovering a fine healthy child at his door yesterday morning. The little stranger will be well cared for.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS.—Nearly two car loads of emigrants arrived yesterday. They are English farming laborers, and are the very people for the Upper Ottawa country. Let us hope they will remain here.

LADIES' COLLEGE.—The building committee of this proposed Institution is composed of the following gentlemen.—Dr. Sweetland; E. B. Eddy; H. F. Bronson, and Robert Blackburn, Esqs.

LIGHTNING OIL MAN IN TROUBLE.—The authorities in Kingston prevent the "Lightning man" from selling on the market square. Let him give them a bottle of his oil, and he'll either kill, or cure them.

INJURED.—A little fellow while sitting on the brink of the third lock from the canal, had one of his legs badly injured by the snubbing rope of a barge passing through. The barge fortunately lurched in his direction, and he escaped a fracture of his nether limb.

LANDLORD'S WARRANTS.—The bailiffs are busy at work throughout the city executing warrants on defaulting tenants. This class of individuals can well exclaim, "Landlords have flinty hearts; tenants must be wretched!"

FOR THE WATERMEN.—The residents on Wellington street have subscribed $36 as a weekly sum to defray the expense of watering that thoroughfare. T. M. Blasdell, Esq., will engage any enterprising waterman who is prepared to "come down with the dust," if he will keep it down.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Mr. Marshall's benefit called forth a fair house last night. The bill was well performed. Mr. Marshall is daily growing into public favor. His substitution of gas lights around the circle, in lieu of the old and useless chandelier has been a material improvement in the appearance of the Theatre.

POLICE COURT—WEDNESDAY.—Thomas McInstry, drunk and disorderly; $3 and costs or one week. He was sent up.

John Dunn, vagrancy; two weeks in gaol.

A. I. Dunning, assault on Constable Jordan; fined $5 and costs or two weeks. He was sent up.

AUCTION SALE.—Mr. Bermingham Queen's Auctioneer, will sell as advertised to-day, at the residence of J. P. Macpherson Esq., Victoria Street, all that gentleman's household effects, as well as a very fine and extensive collection of the best law and standard works. Some fine horses, carriages, buggies and hay propes are to be sold, and all requiring such, would do well to attend, as the property must be sold regardless of price. The sale will be held for two days, Thursday and Friday, commencing at 11 o'clock each day.

FAIR DAY.—Yesterday was Fair day—the display was very small. About a dozen of horned cattle, and as many horses, were all that could be mustered. One cow was sold for $53. The thoroughbred horse "Sunshine" was trotted out, but failed to attract much attention. The Lower Town water carriers were out in numbers with their jaded nags and carts. Horse flesh had to suffer for some time. Some of them managed to strike a trade; but as a general thing the swapping business was not brisk.

PRESENTATION.—The band of the Royal Canadian rifle regiment, prior to its disbandment, and giving up of the instruments which have so long animated and thrilled the hearts of the citizens of Kingston by their sweet music, presented to Mr. Carey, bandmaster, at the Tete du Pont barracks, this (Saturday) morning, a beautiful silver goblet, the workmanship of Mr. O. Meves. The goblet, on the side of which is inscribed in a circle of maple leaves "With affectionate esteem, by the band of the Royal Canadian Rifles," is supported by two trom bones, crossed, and with a kettle drum and sticks lying between them. The members of the band, at the same time, presented him with a large sized, framed photograph of themselves, bearing also the inscription, "1870—Band of the Royal Canadian Rifles, on disbandment. Presented to Mr. Carey." After the presentation had been made the band adjourned to the barracks where they played, amid many expressions of regret from a number of spectators, the last tune, "Auld Lang Syne." A number of the instruments having been purchased by the Rifle Brigade, Montreal, they leave at once for their destination.

PROMOTION.—Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment—Lieutenant Albert William Money to be Captain, by purchase, vice Mortimer James Macdonald, who retires. Ensign John Arthur Gurney to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Money.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Use Frazer's Magnetic Fluid for Neuralgia

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proven that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks: "The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1133 Wsm

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have other used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast*—The 'Globe' says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœpaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY.

THURSDAY, MAY 5th,

Will be presented Tom Taylor's Life drama in 5 acts, entitled,

TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

To conclude with the absurdity entitled,

THE WEAVERS.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER .... W J MARSHALL.

May 2, 1870. 1332 6

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West and Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR SADLER, Protestant Hospital.

1350 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.

Ottawa to Chicago.............$7 00

All other points in proportion. Baggage checked through.

A & A B TAYLOR, Agents,

Office York street, Corner of Sussex street.

Ottawa, May 3. 1870 1343a

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Dry Goods.

NEW KID GLOVES.

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

his Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

A BOAT.

Any person having a NICE SKIFF for sale cheap, will hear of a customer by applying at THE TIMES Office. 1349 3

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 43 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)....	$1 00
" colored,............	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain,............	1 50
" colored............	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

April 6, 1870.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE,

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace

New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens

New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.

New Parasols and Sunshades

New Flowers and Feathers

New Straw Goods, a large assortment

New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated **Josephine Kid Gloves** in a the new Shades

New Crapes and Arcophanes

New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace and Muslin Ties

New Laces and Lace Falls

New Sewed Edgings and Insertions

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New **Grey and White Cottons**, excellent value

New **Sheetings and Pillow Cottons**

New **Irish Linens and Linen Lawns**

New **Linen and Cotton Diapers**

New **Grass Linens and Brown Hollands**

New **Table Linens**, Bleached and Unbleached

New **Table Covers and Napkins**

New **Towels and Towellings**

New **Window Holland**, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New **Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes**

New **Printed and Fancy Flannels**

New **Shirting Winceys**

New **Saxony and Welsh Flannels** in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino **Underclothing**

New Cotton and Merino **Socks**

New **White Dress Shirts**

New **Linen and Paper Collars** in all Styles

New **Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts**

New **Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves**

New **White and Coloured Marcella Vests**

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O, 30th April, 1870.

Anderson Mrs C	Kelly Thos
Andrews W	Kealy Mrs
Armstrong Arthur	King Jno
Armstrong Miss M	Knight Ed H
Armstrong Jas	Lambert Thos
Arless Geo C	Lamb & Son Thos
Armstrong L	Leitch H A
Basset Ed	Lindsay Jno C
Baston Mrs M S	Lonton Windsor
Bain Arch	Lilloo Miss Mary
Bayliss Jno	Logan Jas
Beaumont Bros	Lyons Jno
Birt Mrs D	Mackey Jas
Blake Miss M	Malone W P
Black Miss M	Masson Jas
Botrell Jr —	Martin Jas
Brown Mrs S	Mahoney Miss B
Brennan M	Meade D C
Bramby G H	Mitchell Mrs M
Bracelin Cath	Morrison Miss S
Brady And	Moffatt Alex
Brown J P	Murphy Jno
Brainard J L	Myers Miss C
Brown Geo	O'Brien Pat
Bridham C	O'Brien Sarah
Brooke Mrs or Miss M A	O'Connor Jno
Burrows Jas	O'Connor Kate
Burnett Jas	Parish J W B
Burgess & Co	Palumter Miss
Cameron Thos	Pearlon Hy
Cameron Alex	Peddiar Jos
Caldwell Wm	Potter S D
Carter Mrs E	Power Miss B
Christie Alex	Post J H
Church Alex	Poole Cyrus
Clark W	Poste Jos
Clairmont F X	Pritchard Miss
Clements Chas	Pudosh Mrs M
Cline S	Rendles Thos
Cooper W J	Reilly M
Collins & Co J	Reilly Jno
Craig Mrs J	Ritchie Robt
Currier Arthur	Ripley L K
Cunningham Thos	Reilly Miss B
Curry W	Roberts E L
Cunningham Miss J A	Rose Jno
Davy And	Robertson J
Daily Jas	Redden W H
Dent Jno	Robinson Miss S
Disk B	Ryan Miss J
Dinane F	Sayers Mrs Hy
Donaldson Miss A	Sullivan Mrs
Dow R	Scott N
Drew Geo A	Scott W
Elliott Geo E	Scott R
Elliott A	Sennett Miss A
Fee Mrs Jane	Sherwood Geo
Fenton J F	Sisson Chist
Findley Jno	Smith And
Fitzgerald J W	Smith Mrs F L
Fleming Mrs E	Smith Miss E
Forbes Dan	Smith Mrs
Foster Sam W	Smith J M
Garland Geo	Smart Alex
Gardener Geo	Spelman Ed
Gasbor M	Stewart Miss M
Gammon Miss Ann	Stewart Fre
Gorman Mrs Ann	Street Alb
Greene Jas	Sullivan Geo
Grant Miss M	Taylor Thos
Grand Miss Cath	Tardiff Fred
Greene Jno	Teller J
Grant Jno	Thomson Jno
Hatch Thos	Thompson Jos
Hamilton Mrs M	Thomas Mrs M
Harworth Mrs J	Thompson Mrs J
Hallowell G S	Thorne Miss L M
Hamilton And	Tiley Geo
Heuston Wm	Tomlinson Miss J
Hinds H Y	Tucker J H
Henshaw G H	Warren Hy
Helen Jno	Wade Geo F
Hollis Jno	Watt Jas
Hodder Geo	White Jno
Hodgson Miss R	Young Mr
Hurst Robt	McCabe Pat
Hughes M	McCotters Miss M
Hall E B	McCready Jane
Hurley Pat	McDonald Geo
Hutchings R C	McDonald Mrs A
Hyson bergt Jno	McGrath M
James Miss L A	McIntosh Miss M A
Jackson Alf	McLean R F
Jackson Miss E	McLeod D
Jackson Mrs Jos	McLean A
Johnston Mrs G R	McMorgan Jas
Johnston Miss Anna	McMorrow Miss M
Kelly Miss E	McPherson J
Kennedy Jas	McQuake Sarah
Kealy Miss Mary	McKean Miss J
Kempt Jno	

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

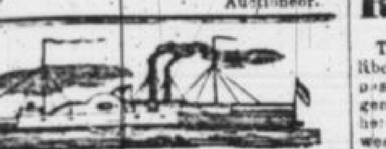
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1348 2

FOR SALE

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA*,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

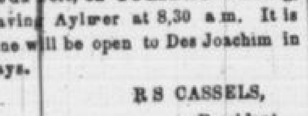
FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8,30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

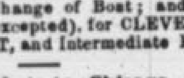
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y



ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING, Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 18 2

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW.

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the ... Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAY... Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

WANTED.

A first class SERVANT GIRL wanted immediately. Apply to E ROWSELL,

13486 Next Door to THE TIMES Office.

AMERICAN SILVER COIN.

On and after the SIXTH DAY OF MAY, instant, the rate at which AMERICAN SILVER COIN will be received by the Banks for exportation on Government account, will be six per cent. discount. Until that time the rate will continue at five and one half per cent. discount.

W WEIR.

Montreal, May 2, 1870 1348 1

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

AS A DRAUGHT.—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

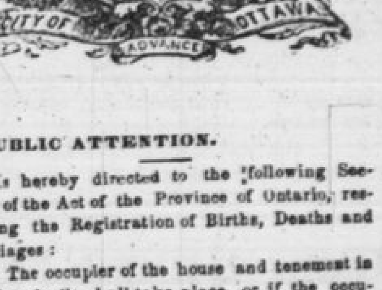
BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

AS A LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1312.6wlawk

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 5, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
" 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 70	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	0 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

SUNSTROKE—This accidental infliction called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, are tending to will in the wake of civilization.

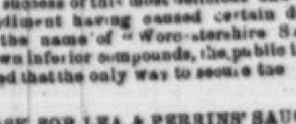
IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is prove it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quick and most effectual remedy?

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 45y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

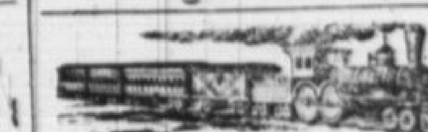
GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1636 1aw6m 1awk6m

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway)

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 40
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 0	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiter	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 5	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiter	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			M
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 20
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a.m.

Night do do do do do 7:30 p.m.

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a.m.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a.m.

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a.m., 7:00 a.m., 9 a.m., 12 noon, 1:30 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6:30 p.m.

The 1.30 p.m. train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a.m.

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a.m.

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p.m. via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a.m., 4.40 p.m.

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p.m.

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p.m., for St John, N.B., &c.

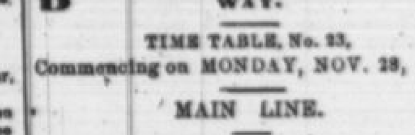
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p.m., 7.4 a.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p.m., p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a.m. and 2.3 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p.m., 8.3 p.m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p.m. and 9.05 a.m. arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p.m. and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

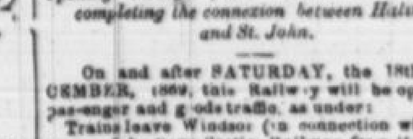
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a.m. and 4.35 p.m., arriving at Perth at 10.55 a.m. and 5.25 p.m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connection between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a.m. and 6.50 p.m., arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a.m., and 8.45 p.m., and at Annapolis at 7.30 p.m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p.m., with passengers by steamer from St John leaving there at 8 a.m. and arrive at Kentville at 1.20, Windsor at 3.40, and Halifax at 9 p.m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.
On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.
On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR. Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 25c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

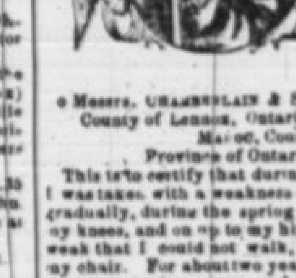
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address— The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st. Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.



o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while the weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P., &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.,
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, MD, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 15 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N.B.—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 385y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A M F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or elsewhere. He appeals with confidence to all who may have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald.
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis B. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y or SHERICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

TRADE-MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL. For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa!

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to Invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

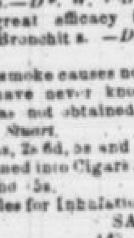
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown. 1y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 11s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

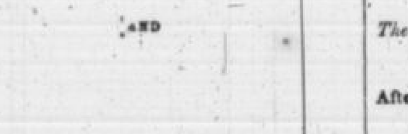
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm 1. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. 1e2-141-tf

ALKABASAR

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1338d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist. Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Mager & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street........ Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 50 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

29tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

[illegible] BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—B. A. Sims, Esq., Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq., Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds. English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 3, 1869.

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science*.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY, ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases, Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq., McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J. [illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the [illegible] promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Teas are requested to call and judge for themselves or ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 3, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, Immediate relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ingredients and contains nothing which can injure the human system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at Ottawa and Sand Point.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office 35, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1351. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

...December 29, 1869. 1236.t

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...ers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising *Groceries,* Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Henault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries in all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and ... at extremely low rates. Dunville's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Tom. ...ville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. ...Bass's and other Ales. Cigars and Syrups, all grades. ...at ordinary prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

...time or bar ains. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

...JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, PROVISION STORES AND OTHERS.

...hereby give notice of my intention to supply PICKLES, mixed or otherwise, TOMATO SAUCE, TOMATO KETCHUP, &c. wholesale. ...increase of trade during the last four years compelled me to enlarge my manufactory I decided to make the wholesale trade my ...purpose. ...that I have now is undoubtedly the largest ...and the question of quality is readily ...by making known the fact that I raise my ...from seed procured at any expense ...it is the best; they will therefore ...favorable comparison with any imported. Another and important fact is that being ...and manufactured in Ottawa thereby ...freight, packing, duty and other expenses ...enabled to sell full 40 per cent lower than ...porter. ...advantages, I think, cannot fail to ...those who may favor me with their orders. ...NASH, *Wholesale and Retail Pickle ...Park street, Ottawa, or direct Box ...PostOffice, Ottawa.* ...Manufactory on the bank of the Rideau ...Notice—Empty Pickle bottles collected ...highest prices given. 1196y

R. M. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

...Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

...advanced on goods consigned for immediate ... Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces her Dancing Classes will commence on Tuesday, the 22nd instant.

Other particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Mart, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral,) Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ..., Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ...corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 17, 1869. 775y

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

...Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

...the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ...of Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ...and attending to their rafts while passing ...the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

...Fraser, Esq., Walter Smith, Esq.

...Prospect, Esq., R W Cruice, Esq. 1374tf

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large ...of the above, which will be sold as cheap, ...cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK;

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B. & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SLAE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also he south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

39.6m

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, Esq., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1290 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY.

The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the Hall of the said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

JOHN FENTON, Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office, Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 153

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Miss,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a vast run by it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON, No 28, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Sparks Street.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s
Circulation	281,279	4
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8 0
	2,149,483	12 (

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s
Specie	354,807	17 9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19 2
	3,328,262	17 0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie.	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112 17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851 37	110,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,297 54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,680 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors).

R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870. 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1346tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails,

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		12 Noon	9.00		11.30	5.30
Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	6.00		9.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily		12 Noon				5.30
St. John, N. B.; daily		12 Noon				5.30
United States	6.00	12 Noon	9.30		11.30	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30		5.00	8.00	11.30	
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	6.00					5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30					5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa			6.00	8.00		
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	12 Noon			11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart..........8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 pm

Arrive..........4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1330y

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos, 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH,

ED. CHANDLER.

C. J. BRYDGES,

A. W. McLELAN,

Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ONTARIO FARMER.

SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Cadada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland, Hon. G. W. Allan, Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of ...cular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others, is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first-class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers..........$5 00

Club of 10 " 8 00

Club of 20 " 15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication, Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to

W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph.

Orders and Remittances will be sent to

T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOUND.

On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1334 tf

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, May 3rd, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

PETITIONS.

Petitions were presented from Montreal in favour of protection of native industries, and from Toronto against the proposed coal duty.

STOPPAGE OF PUBLIC BUSINESS.

On the Orders of the Day being called—

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that owing to a number of circumstances which had arisen, the Government wished to meet in Council that night, and he should ask the House to adjourn after recess.

THE NORTH WEST BILL.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the session of the House was protracted, owing to the want of deliberate preparation of the Government measures. Days and weeks had been totally lost in consequence of the utter want of preparation for the business of the country. The principal Bill now before the House was not distributed. He should like to know if the Government intended to remodel it after the debate last night.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Bill had been hurried. Every source of information had been availed of by the Government, including the delegates appointed by the people.

Mr. MACKENZIE—"No!"

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they were!

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—"They were appointed by Riel and his gang."

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—"Of course, if the hon. gentleman wishes to lose that country he will pursue this course."

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—"We shall not lose it, if you do your duty."

Hon. Sir J. A. MACDONALD—"I do mine as well as you did yours where you were."

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—"You have not up to the present time, according to public opinion."

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD repeated that the delegates were representatives of the people, elected by a Council of the inhabitants. The Government had sent up Commissioners, amongst whom was the Rev. Father Thibault, who had laboured there for years, and then they asked Mr. Donald Smith, who was a Hudson's Bay Company officer, also to proceed to the Red River Territory. They did so because Lord Granville had assured them that the Hudson's Bay Company officials would exert themselves to maintain the authority of Her Majesty. The Government thought that Mr. Smith would dot have any difficulty in obtaining entrance into the country, and would obtain admittance when no other party would be admitted. He endeavoured to produce a calmer feeling, and obtained the election of a convention, which chose Judge Black, Father Richot and A. Scott to act as delegates. This Convention was called by the representatives of the Government. Those three men, then, had come, and the Government had heard them as representatives of the people. The elective Council was conducted with regularity, and these men were held to be in some primitive way representatives of the people. Until those gentlemen came to Ottawa, and until the Government heard in what way the Government of Canada was distasteful to them, it was out of the question to prepare a Bill for the government of the Territory. It had been no easy matter to discuss every question that came up. The difficulty in settling matters by compromise was in small matters, not in large ones, because they were particularly affected by them. He asked whether a Constitution could be prepared in a day or two. He would assert that they had arrived at a satisfactory conclusion. He believed the Government, by having a few hours' consideration, would be able to bring down the Bill in perfect form. He appealed to the member for Lambton to aid them and not attack the Government.

Mr. MACKENZIE said, with regard to the last appeal, he had never, while he had held a seat in that House, made any speech or given any vote merely with a view to embarrass the Government, not for the purpose even of building up his party. Under the circumstances he might claim to have his views considered in such a measure as that one, (hear). The hon. gentleman had told them that he would not receive the delegates.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No! no! directly the reverse. (Cries of "Yes" and "No.")

Mr. MACKENZIE—"Yes. The hon. gentleman's words go to the country. If my memory serves me right, he said so to others and personally to myself. I am positively sure he said so."—Mr. Mackenzie continued. He had said to-day that they were the delegates of the people. But he (Mr. Mackenzie) gave to that assertion an emphatic "No!" (Hear.) He read from Dr. Lynch's memorial, to this effect:—"I have also the honour of stating for the information of Your Excellency that a meeting was convened of the representatives from all the parishes, at the request of Mr. Donald A. Smith, Special Commissioner from Canada. This meeting, or Council was held in the Court house, within the stockade and adjoining the Fort. Riel had a large armed force under his direct control; armed guards surrounded the building in which the meeting was held, and were stationed at the door of the chamber; guards held the gate of the stockade some left, of the loyal people and their leaders were huddled together in small rooms within the Fort, and within 200 yeards of the Council Chamber; a reign of terror existed; freedom of speech was prohibited; and, with his armed force, Riel threatened daily the delegates, both French and English, who attempted to express any opposition to his demands or vote contrary to his wishes. Some he frightened away; and one Geo. Klyne, a French half-breed representative, was forcibly expelled for expresing loyal sentiments and refusing to vote according to Riel's orders." He (Mr. Mackenzie) was not willing that they should be recognized as the representatives of the people, nor in any sense considered with more favour than the loyal men who had suffered from their (the delegates) rebellion. He was willing to hear every one from that Territory—but what was the loyalty of the Premier? He had often lectured the Opposition in the absence of argument, on their want of loyalty, but he (Mr. Mackenzie) would not sit in that House without raising his indignation protest against the reception of those men nominated by Riel as delegates. He would leave the Government to do as they liked with their satelites who had defined the bounds of the Province so as to effectually exclude the loyal Settlement of Portage la Prairie. He had shown consideration for the Government, and was not prepared to take any extreme views or perpetrate any injustice on any portion of the people, but he was not prepared to see those men received as delegates representing the people over whom they had tyrannized because of their loyalty, while the representatives of the truly loyal settlers who had remained true to their allegiance throughout, were treated as outcasts and bastards, no atten-

TIGHT BINDING

tion being paid to their presentations [hear].

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD reiterated that his language had been misrepresented. The Government were endeavouring to restore peace and order; and they would do right if they were not subject to these attacks. He did not wish to provoke further discussion until the Bill was presented to the House for its consideration.

Mr. BELLEROSE said that he was ready to believe Dr. Lynch was a truthful man, until he found that he had told a great falsehood in his letter. He stated that Father Richot was present at the murder of Scott, when it had been sworn that he was not there at the Court

Mr. WHITEHEAD said he had known Dr. Lynch for years, and he was an honourable and truthful man (hear).

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he knew something of the matter, and would say, in confirmation of the statement of Dr. Lynch and other parties, that Father Richot was one of the strongest supporters and principal advisers of Riel, and the evidence produced in the Police Court in Canada not being sufficient to convict him was no proof that he was not guilty of the charge. Richot had described Riel as an Angel sent from Heaven to free the Country. (Shame). He had read in the newspapers that the Minister of Militia had been seen walking arm in arm with Richot, whose hands were red with the blood of a loyal Canadian (Cheers). Such an act was a disgrace to the country, and the hon. gentleman ought to have consulted the dignity and propriety of the station which he occupied (hear, hear).

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he had no ill feeling against the hon. member who had felt disappointed, for that disappointment was shared by the whole Government. But he did not think that the hon. gentleman would resort in debate to the use of an article from a newspaper as to what he did in his own private house, and outside it. He was ready to confess he had had the company of the delegates at his house, and he would not levey himself to the hon. gentleman. He would not say anything about him, but would leave the matter to the House and the public.

Hon. Mr. HOWE asked if it was dishonourable to treat with those people, when His Excellency the Lieut-Governor when at Pembina, had written a sneaking, cowardly, and infamous letter, asking Riel to meet him on the sly. (Great excitement).

Mr. BOWELL—Had he then committed a murder; that alters the question. (Loud Cheers).

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he would give to the hon. gentleman the answer that he deserved. His answer was that he knew that in the Government of Canada there was a traitor to the British Crown, (great excitement). A man with whom he was obliged to hold official correspondence, who had done all that he could to destroy the character and authority of the Canadian Government in that country; and in order to guard against the attacks of the hon. gentleman, he thought it his duty to give an invitation to the leader of the rebels to hold a conference with him as to the cause of the disturbance, so that it might be in his power to say that he had exhausted every expedient within his reach. (Hear, hear.) He knew the reception that he would meet with from the hon. gentleman, and he called the attention of the House and country to the fact that the hon. gentleman had sneered at every loyal representative of Canada in that country. (Hear, hear.) By doing so he had shown where his sympathies were, to the extent of his small power. He encouraged treason and was now ready, it would seem, to maintain and to sustain rebel authority in that country (cheers).

The subject then dropped.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

In reply to Hon. Mr. HOLTON.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said the Supplementary Estimates would probably be brought down to-morrow.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL—SUPERANNUATION.

A Message was received from the Governor-General respecting the Superannuation Bill.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS moved the House into Committee on the Resolutions.

The Committee, with the Hon. Mr. Gray in the Chair, passed the Resolutions without amendment, and will receive the report to-morrow.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

The House went into Committee of the Whole respecting the Bank of Upper Canada, Hon. Col. GRAY in the Chair.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked if the Government intended to appoint one or more Commissioners to act in the matter.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said that what could not be done by the Department could be done by a Solicitor. To appoint any one in the nature of a Commissioner, with a regular salary, was not thought of by the Government.

Hon. Mr. DORION repeated his objections to the mode of winding up the estate provided by the Bill. The principle of the Bill was most objectionable.

In the course of discussion,

Mr. MACKENZIE hoped the Government would give a pledge to sell the property by public auction immediately.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he could not give a distinct pledge to that effect.

The clauses of the Bill were then agreed to, and the Committee rose and reported. Third reading to-morrow.

PUBLIC REVENUE AND AUDIT.

A Bill to amend the Act respecting collection and management of revenue, auditing of public accounts and liability of public accountants, passed through Committee.

THE ELECTION BILL.

Hon. Sir J. A. MACDONALD then moved the discharge of the order for the Election Bill. He said that the public interests would not suffer by postponing it for another session, as there would not be in all probability an appeal to the people until the present Parliament met again. The Government had the advantage, and it was a very great one of having some of the principles of the Bill very fully discussed. He would have been glad if they could have got into Committee and discussed the various series of propositions, but they were stopped by an amendment which struck at the whole Bill, which would have to be fought out again *de novo*. The Franchise clauses had been discussed, and every possible objection and suggestion for amendment had been brought forward. The Banking Bill and financial policy of the Government had occupied much time, but these amendments could not be raised again next year, and he then hoped to get the Bill through its stages.

Mr. MACKENZIE said with regard to the amendment proposed it was quite clear that Government were not prepared to run the risk of a vote on it. He regretted that more time had not been given to discussing the Bill.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—Two or three nights.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was only a portion of three nights. He was very anxious to speak on it, but did not have an opportunity, and if the Government wished to have the opinions of the House fully, they ought to have afforded more opportunity. Only the hon. member for Durham and Mr. Boulton had spoken fully and effectually. He hoped the Government would not bring down the Bill again. If they did, he expected it would be a rather different one in some respects [hear, hear].

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the only measures of importance now on notice papers, were the North West Bill, Supreme Court Bill, and Supplementary Estimates. He thought the House would be glad to see some prospect of bringing the session to a close [hear, hear].

CURRENCY RESOLUTIONS.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—What about Currency Resolutions?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—We will tell you to-morrow after our Council to-night.

The House then adjourned at 5:50 p.m.

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company—R Surtees.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12364 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1870.

For interesting Reading Matter see First Page; for Ottawa Markets see Fourth Page.

FENIAN FEINTS.

The item of $200,000 in the Supplementary Estimates, on account of Fenianism, led to some remarks in the House of Commons on Wednesday evening last, in reference to the expenses incurred, to guard against, or to prevent the incursions into Canada of this most detestable of all organizations. It was justly supposed that if the movement of a few thousands of men should have caused so large an expenditure in Canada the expenditure of a Fenian army of invasion must be considerable, and that the feints of the Fenians might be so costly to them, if inconvenient to us, as to be one grand means of demoralizing and ultimately destroying the organization. Two or three more "scares," while only a costly annoyance to this Dominion, would assuredly have the effect of completely extinguishing the Fenians themselves. No more bloodless plan of exterminating the vermin could possibly be devised, than repeated raids, or pretended raids rather, against Canada. All the money, which an interested hatred of the conquering and tyrannical Anglo-Saxon, could produce by the most powerful appeals to prejudice, will not be sufficient to maintain the chiefs of the order in anything like comfort if these "scares" be repeated. This kind of annoyance, indeed, is beyond the power of the "brotherhood" to frequently indulge in. Canada, however, can survive a great many of such "scares." She has the means of repelling them always on hand, and the cost of the movement of troops, however expensive, is not altogether lost to the country. The chief expenditure is among the people. It is an outlay by the Government among the people whose energies contribute to pay it. There was some doubt manifested by some members of the House of Commons as to the intentions of the Fenians with regard to this country. It was seemingly impossible to convince these honourable gentlemen that Fenianism had been crazy enough even to meditate another incursion into Canada. The impression seemed to be that our Government had been imposed upon—that there was no design to invade this country, either on the 15th of April or the 1st of May—that they had neither arms, men, nor money sufficient to attempt a raid—and that the action of the Government had been the result of false information. This idea the Government at once repudiated. They always knew everything that was going on. They were thoroughly acquainted even with the secrets of the organization. They had means of ascertaining exactly every movement, and the United States Government, acting in good faith, had warned them of an intended movement of lawless adventurers, under the auspices of Fenianism. Even the Imperial Government had notified the Government of the Dominion of what was to be expected. Nothing, in fact, but the knowledge that Canada was prepared and determined to repel the invaders had prevented the invasion. They could have waited quietly and have permitted, at the risk of blame from their own people, the invasion to take place. There was every opportunity for allowing blood to be spilt. They did not take this plan, which every one could have seen and understood, but by their preparations, openly made, they caused the ruffian ringleaders of an outrageous organization to remain at home, instead of coming hither to slay and to be slain. These "scares," however, should be at once rendered impossible by the United States. It is the business of that nation to put a stop to Fillibusterism, or assume the national responsibility of all the consequences. They can suppress it. They need not interfere with liberty of speech. They may suffer the leaders of Fenianism to take as much liberties with speech as they choose. They may suffer Fenianism to rave, and boast, and bluster, and threaten, and anathematise everything British and extol everything green or grey in Ireland to the very skies. They may suffer them to whine over deceased patriots and defunct heroes, and to rejoice over a disorder, destroying the land which they pretend to love; but it is the business of the Government of the United States to prevent the departure of anything in the shape of a military force from their soil to act with hostile intent upon either this or any other soil with the Government of which they are at peace. It may be that if, temporarily, these raids, or pretended raids, are costly to us they may as claims by Canada against the people of the United States become very disagreeable to that people, who are not so much blinded with sympathy for Ireland's wrongs as to do a greater wrong to themselves by winking at the rascalities of those, who increase while they pretend to lessen the wrongs of which they are eternally complaining.

SKETCH OF THE NORTH WEST OF AMERICA by MGR. TACHE, Bishop of St. Boniface, 1868, translated from the French by CAPT. D. R. CAMERON, Royal Artillery. JOHN LOVELL, Montreal, 1870.

From Messrs. Durie & Son, Stationers, Sparks street, we have received a copy of this interesting and valuable publication, of which the gallant translator thus speaks:—

"The deep interest which now attaches to everything connected with the North West Territories, induces the translator to hope that this work may not be unacceptable to the public.

Few, if any, have had so good opportunities as Bishop Tache for obtaining information regarding the country his Lordship describes; and, although he may not be so sanguine as many others are about the capabilities and future of the North West, the facts, which his Lordship's long residence there enables him to give from personal experience, show conclusively, that the climate, soil and mineral resources of the country are such as must render it highly attractive to the emigrant."

The magnitude of the country—only "the Northern Department"—its full extent—is given by his Lordship, the Bishop of St Boniface, in a breath; it is 1,200 miles broad from west to east, and 1,500 miles long from north to south, with an area of 1,800,000 miles. Bishop Tache divides the country into "desert," "prairie," and "forest." The first form an area of 60,000 square miles, and nothing grows upon it but hay, so thin that the gravel can be seen between each stalk and yet so nourishing that horses fatten upon it in a few days. There is also game to be found. But "the wearied eye seeks in vain for a shore to this ocean of short hay." The weakened traveller sighs in vain for a stream or a spring at which to quench his thirst. The heavens, dry as the earth, hardly ever grant their dews and beneficent showers. The dryness of the atmosphere aids the aridity of the soil; some places of which the geological formation would appear to favor vegetation, produce no more than the naturally sterile ground. One travels across this desert for days and weeks without seeing the smallest shrub. The only fuel procurable by the traveller or hunter is buffalo dung, which our Half-breeds call "bois de prairie" (prairie wood). Then this desert has its winters—severe winters, with violent wind, and a temperature often below 30 ° centigrade!

This desert deprives husbandry of one tenth of the Southern Division—a shadow clouding the brilliant picture of the Far West. The "Prairie" is about as large as the "desert" or 60,000 square miles, touching upon it, and extending to the wooded country—fertile, with a great coal field, and rich in mineral as well as vegetable deposits.

This is the empire of the buffalo hunter. "There is his empire. Seen in the flower season the prairie is really beautiful, for its verdure-covered ground is quite enamelled with different colours. It is a rich carpet of which the various tints seem to have been arranged by the hand of an artist; it is a sea, which, on the least breath, undulates its scented waves. The plain, sometimes so uniform as to show an apparent artificial horizon, suddenly changes into rolling prairie. Its beauty then increases; a thousand little hills now raise themselves here and there, and by their almost regular variety give the idea of waves of the ocean in the midst of the great storm."

Such is the style of Bishop Tache. The translation is admirable.

LAURIE'S NEW MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORY.

This map appears at a time when much needed. Besides containing the corrected matter of most previous maps, it has in addition on one of the corners a map of the Selkirk Settlement, which, being an exact transcript of the map used in connection with the Hudson's Bay Company's Land Register, may be looked upon as correct. This map shows the different English and French parishes, the churches, town, forts, &c.

The general correctness of this map is attested by the following letter of Dr. Schultz, which we publish at the request of the compiler of the map, Mr. Codd, who has himself spent some time in the North West:

RUSSELL HOUSE, OTTAWA, May 4, 1870.

MR. CODD, OTTAWA.

SIR,—In compliance with your request, I have examined the map which accompanied your note, and in regard to those portions of the country with which I am familiar, I have no hesitation in stating that they are laid down in your map more correctly than in any other map that I have examined. The parts I am not familiar with I have referred to Mr. Monkman, and he attests to the general accuracy of the portions which he has travelled over, and joins with me in the belief that your map will prove to the intending immigrant, and to all who desire accurate information, invaluable.

I am, Sir,
Yours, &c.,
JOHN SCHULTZ.

Mr. Kirkpatrick paired last night with Mr. Bertrand. Mr. Kirkpatrick voting with the Government.

Hon Sir John A. Macdonald, last night, stated that the Red River Expedition would be commanded by a distinguished Imperial officer; and that the minimum strength of the force would be 1000 men, the whole force being rendered a regular force acting [illegible] the prestige of the Imperial authority.

BROKEN UP.—The signs of disbandment of the R. C. Rifle Regiment are daily becoming more numerous, and regretful. On Saturday, after the handsome presentation to Mr Carey, Bandmaster, the band of the Corps marched out to the centre of the Tete de Pont Barrack Square, where it played its last piece the traditional parting air, "Auld Lang Syne." The expression of a number of spectators was one of sincere regret at the disbandment of the splendid body, and it is certain that many of them will ever remember its high [illegible] and this last episode in its history. Nearly all the instruments have been purchased for the use of the Rifle Brigade, and will be forwarded to Montreal, but we are glad to hear that a portion of them has been secured by Lt.-Col. Hamilton, for the benefit, it is [illegible], of the 47th Frontenac Battalion. The Bugle Major's staff, a very handsome one, was purchased by George A. Kirkpatrick, M. P., Major of the same corps.—*British Whig.*

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

OTTAWA, May 5th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3:20 p.m.

SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply, Hon. Col. GRAY in the Chair.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS referred to the item of $12,146.41 for printing, binding and distributing, and said that the reason why it was larger this year than last, was because last year there was no estimate made for distributing.

Mr. MACKENZIE said nevertheless this was a large sum for distributing, and he would like to have a detailed statement of account which this estimate was designed to cover.

HON. SIR FRANCIS HINCKS said such a statement would be submitted to the House when the items came up again.

The items of $20,000 for the protection of the fisheries (Marine policy); the fishery service in Ontario, $1,891; the fishery in Nova Scotia $5,340; and the fishery service in New Brunswick $1,532, were carried.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that with regard to the item, as small a one as it was, $96,61 to pay the Board of Trade of Montreal, for expenses incurred in the appointment of official assignees in connection with the Insolvent Act of 1869, if it was passed every city in the Dominion would be looking for compensation for expenses incurred in the same manner.

Mr. HARRISON hoped the Government would drop this item. The amount was a small one it was true, but it would be establishing a bad precedent to pass it.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said it had been suggested to him by some of the Montreal members that it would be well to withdraw the item. He would, therefore, move to have it struck from the estimates.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the hon. Minister of Finance had acted wisely in withdrawing the item. It should never have been placed in the estimates.

On the item of $10,000 for cullers,

Mr. CURRIER said he thought the rotation system of culling should be done away with. He thought six cullers would be sufficient to do the work of thirty-five or forty cullers that were employed.

HON. MR. IRVINE thought that the culling ought to be self supporting, and that the item ought to be struck out altogether.

MR. WRIGHT could not see why there should be any deficiency in that estimate at all as there were a great many cullers who could not be depended on at all, and he did not think that rotation system should be continued, as many would have to wait until they could get a culler in whom confidence could be placed.

The item was passed.

A discussion arose on the item of $20,000 for Customs.

Hon. MR. TILLEY said that though the item appeared large, it did not increase the expenses, as it was merely transferring it from the Dominion Government, to the outside Government.—Carried.

The item of $6,000 required during the current year, on account of money order and Savings Banks' branches, not specially included in estimate was carried without discussion.

The item of $6,480.00 for rent paid the Welland Canal Loan Company for lease of water power being under consideration,

Mr. THOMPSON wished to know if there would be any compensation allowed to people residing along the Welland for damage done by the water being raised in the Canal.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No.

The item of $2,486.78 in the case of Peter Stewart against the Nova Scotia Railway, was carried on the point that the Government was as responsible for accidents on their railways as a private company, and as long as the Government acted as carriers, they should be liable to the same responsibilities as carriers.

The items of $3,597.00 to Mrs. E. A. Jones, against the Nova Scotia R.R., and $3,597.00 of gratuity to Ellen and Catharine McCanon, relatives of an engine driver killed on the Nova Scotia R. R., were also carried.

The item of $8,000 for repairs on Eastern Extension R. R. was carried.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought that this estimate was merely to help to cover the expenses of the Military expedition to Red River.

The item of $1,460,000 for opening communication with, establishing the Government in, and providing for the settlement of, such territories, including the expedition to Red River, being read,

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said when this estimate was made it was entirely uncertain whether the expedition on foot would be an expedition of war or peace, and if the House refused to submit this item to the cost of the expedition they would put it to a vote of concurrence.

Hon. JOHN H. CAMERON thought the most satisfactory thing the Government could do was to explain thoroughly their policy on the expenses of this expedition to the North West, and he thought if the Government would act in a straight forward manner they would find the country would stand to their back.

Hon. Mr. DORION said this vote was $160,000 more than the first estimate, and wished to know if it was intended to cover expenses of the military expedition to North West. He wished to know what the real expenses would be for opening up communication with Red River, and the Hon. Minister of Finance ought to know what the cost of such communication would be, and he thought it would be only doing justice to the House to give them this information. He thought the military expedition should be put in different estimates. It would be just as well to run the rest of the estimates into one item as he thought it was due the House to know what the estimate of the hon. Minister of Finance was for both of these items.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD said the Government had the power to invest the whole amount in either opening up communication or on a military expedition. At the time the first estimate was made there was no thought of a military expedition, but in events a military expedition was to be made, and he thought the Government had the power of applying the whole amount to it, and if they wanted more to come to Parliament for it. And when the House is voting for this sum, they know they are voting for the purpose of opening up communication, and for the cost of the military expedition to the Red River. The basis that the expenses of the expedition is calculated on, is that Canada pays three-fourths of the cost and the Home Government the other one-fourth of the whole, but he believed that at an early day they would hear that the whole of the difficulty would be peaceably cleared up at the Red River, and he would rather the further consideration of this item would be postponed than that happy prospect of peace should be marred.

Mr. HOLTON said the Hon. Minister of Justice did not show that the appropriation did not come under the act showing that any unappropriated funds at the end of the year should fall back into the hands of the Government, and he thought the appropriation should be reduced.

Mr. JONES (Leeds) thought the appropriation was small enough, and if made any smaller after the expenses of the expedition were paid, there would be very little left to open up communication. He thought that the British Government had a right to give them every assistance.

Hon. SIR A. T. GALT thought that the House had every right to have full explanation of the arrangements of the Imperial Government with regard to this expedition, and before the appropriation was put to a vote full explanation should be made. The House did not know on what ground three-quarters of the number of the expedition should be sent from Canada, and one-quarter of the Imperial troops; the House should have the reasons of the Government why it is so. He concurred with the Hon. Minister of Justice in not having this appropriation put to a vote till they were better assured what the probable cost of the expedition would be.

Hon. Mr. DORION thought the Hon. Minister of Justice should be able to tell the House what the cost of opening up communication with the North West will be, and then they would be able to judge what the balance would be that would be left for the expedition.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN thought that the probable cost of communication would be $200,000.

Mr. MACKENZIE thought that it was extraordinary the amount that was spent in the same manner before, and the $200,000 now, it would be a large sum of money. He thought the troops would find that for the amount of money expended on making roads in that country there had made very little improvement.

Mr. D. A. MCDONALD thought that the making of a road to Fort Garry should be done by tender, as it was always cheaper and better than the Government paying men by the day.

Mr. MASSON thought it was not right to offer the Olive branch, and the head of a bayonet at the same time. He did not think that any of his countrymen sympathised with Riel in the murder of Scott, but he thought the Government was making a constitution for the people of the North West, and then sending an expedition to force it on them. He thought that the land of the North West would cost this Government $10 per acre, before they were in possession of it.

Mr. FERGUSON said he was glad to hear Mr Masson for himself and on the part of his countrymen, say that they did not sympathise with Riel, but it did not look like it when he refused to vote for an appropriation to send an expedition to the North West, to get rid of a set of vagabonds.

The House rose and reported, and asked leave to sit again.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Bill respecting Customs and Inland Revenue.

Hon. Mr. DORION moved the six months' hoist, or rather until an inquiry could be made with a view of averting the increased taxation on coal and breadstuffs. He did not make this motion with the intention of throwing out the Bill altogether, but simply to set it aside till an enquiry should be made. He referred to the deficits of former years and to the additional taxes required. He was, however, opposed to taxes on the necessaries of life, and thought that on inquiry into the different Departments it would be seen that there was room for considerable retrenchment. The increase of ordinary expenditure in the Departments had been shown to be, within a few years past, upwards of thirty thousand dollars.

Mr. MACKENZIE would support the motion. He was opposed to the extravagant proclivities of the honourable gentleman and his associates—proclivities which have alarmingly increased our obligations unnecessarily, and have merely led to increased taxation. He, however, had no intention of occupying the time of the House, which had been so long already occupied.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS believed that during the present session he had not unnecessarily occupied the time of the House. He had always been brief. He objected to the opposition to the tariff being placed on the ground of economy. In the course of his political career, which had extended over a great number of years, he had always found this question of economy, which was, in fact, nothing else but clap-trap. The House adopted the system of economy in reducing the salaries of the officers of this House by 12½ per cent, and yet the gentleman who had done this attempted to force the Government to go back and restore them, which were out of proportion to the salaries of the officers of the Crown, who were employed the whole year round, and yet these people cry out about economy. He protested against such economy. He did not deny that there were some objectionable items in the tariff such as the duty on coal, against which the member for Montreal very strongly protested. Any attempt at economy in the matter of the tariff, which had been adopted on the broad ground of intent economy [hear, hear]. They might cry hear, hear, but the Government took their stand on that ground and would either stand or fall by it. It was absolutely necessary with a view to increase revenue to establish such a tariff as they had done.

HON. MR. BLANCHET did not approve of protection, but would nevertheless support the policy of the Government.

HON. MR. IRVINE did not believe in what is called a national policy. He looked upon the imposition of duties on coal and wheat as a mistake. He was not prepared to vote for the resolution of the hon. member for Hochelaga, and he did not accuse the Government of wasteful expenditure and would vote against the motion.

The motion was lost, Yeas, 75 nays, 86.

Mr. WORKMAN moved in amendment that it is not expedient to impose taxes on coal, coke, wheat, &c. He said the tax on these matters was most injurious to the whole carrying trade of the country. Our large fleet was principally engaged in carrying these articles.

Yeas 66; nays 75.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was quite manifest that the sense of the House apart from their own votes was against the imposition of the tax. He alluded to the bantings of his honourable friend and saw by his longing face that he would gladly accept the opportunity of ameliorating his tariff.

Hon. SIR GEO. E. CARTIER recommended the deduction of the Opposition leaders from the vote, and then see how matters would stand.

The Bill was then read a second time.

The House resumed the debate on the motion for the second reading of the Bill to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

Hon. Col. GRAY alluded to the establishment of Governments by the effusion of blood, but hoped that in consideration of this evil all irritation of feeling arising out of such effusion would be set aside, and that a measure not intended to be only for the benefit of 15,000 people, but of future generations, might be calmly and judiciously considered. He advocated the establishment of two Chambers.

Mr. YOUNG alluded to the excitement throughout the country on this subject, and never knew the great Province of Ontario more stern than upon this question, feeling that the country had been humiliated and disgraced by the proceedings at Red River. The excitement was dangerous, inasmuch as it was calculated to stir up religious strife. There was so much involved in the question that it would be criminal to remain silent. He looked upon the murder of Scott as a blunder, which was worse than a crime. He asserted that the officials who had been sent out as Surveyors had contributed to the difficulty, and the capping of the climax was the presence of the Honorable Secretary of State for the Provinces on the scene. He accused that Minister of inciting the insurgents to resist, and thought he ought no longer to hold the position of an adviser of the Crown and Colony. He believed that since the expulsion of Governor McDougall the Government had neither shown wisdom nor patriotism.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—What should they have done?

Mr. YOUNG—They should have paid the purchase money; had the money been paid the Territory would not have ceased to have been British Territory. He looked upon the refusal to pay over the money as a breach of faith. He thought that it ought to have been made to appear was as quickly punishable as if it had been committed on the banks of the St. Lawrence. He believed, however, in the necessity of establishing the Province of Manitoba.

Mr. COLBY alluded to the withholding of the payment of the £300,000 as one of the greatest blunders that could be committed. He remarked that he had heard the astuteness of the Minister of Justice as being directed towards maintaining his place, but in this instance he believed it had been directed in saving the country. The non-payment of the money had had the effect of making the Imperial Government responsible for the restoration of order in the Territory. He condemned those who associated with Riel, and accused them of the crime of murder. He approved of the dimensions of the new Province, which might hereafter be extended. He believed that those who were most to be depended upon were the French Catholic population, and that their religion gave the strongest guarantee of loyalty. He thought that the French people placed in the avenue to the new territory would be faithfully guarded by the French element. He approved of two chambers. He was not usually the apologist of this Government and only gave them an independent support, but he now cordially approved of this policy in this matter. The Dominion was composed of a mixed people and their measures must be those of compromise.

MR. CARTWRIGHT did not approve of any course calculated to embarrass the Government on this matter. The Government had not been flattered with any charge of having exercised foresight; it had merely been pleaded for them that the difficulties had unexpectedly come upon them. He considered the acquisition of the Red River Territory essential to Dominion progress. He saw no necessity for subjecting to severe criticism the measures of the Government. He was willing to make less concessions to satisfy the prejudices of these people, and he thought the Government had gone to an extreme lenght in doing so. He scarcely approved of the large representation to be accorded to them. He thought one half would have been sufficient. The Government could not be held responsible for the murder of Scott. But they had not exercised a wise discretion in the agents they had sent there. He thought the expedition would do much towards developing the country.

Mr. MCCALLUM having complained of the Secretary of State for the Provinces at having warned the incoming Governor of the insurrection,

Hon. Mr. ROSS read from the report to show that Mr. Howe had really given such information.

Mr. MCCALLUM—However that might be, did not give the Government credit for foresight, but was favourable to the expedition. He blamed Col. Dennis for making a spontaneous war upon the poor half-breeds.

Mr. MCDOUGALL thought it would have been in better taste had Mr. McCallum not alluded to the difficulties between himself and Col. Dennis, on the occasion of a certain fight. Col. Dennis had been acquitted in full of all the charges made against him, and he thought it unfair to attack a gentleman who could not defend himself.

The Bill after some further remarks, was read a second time.

Mr. MACKENZIE wanted to know if this Bill would be the first Government order of the day to-morrow.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD answered in the affirmative.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved the second reading of the Bill respecting certain works on the River Ottawa.

After a conversational debate the Bill was read a second time.

The House then resolved itself into a Committee of Supply.

Mr. MACKENZIE inquired about the appointment of a new officer in the Library. The chief Librarian had received an extra salary of $400 at the instance of the Senate out of their contingencies, to give them some control over that officer. He thought this was wrong and a rather expensive way of doing business. He thought the officers of this House ought to be without such remuneration, amenable for their conduct to the members of both Houses.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said it would be well that the Librarian should have been appointed a joint officer of both Houses, but as he had not been so, he thought there was no harm in this course pursued. He believed that Mr. Todd fulfilled his duties satisfactorily, and that even with the addition from the Senate his salary was not too large. He was not aware that he had got the additional salary.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON condemned the whole system of pluralism, but spoke complimentarily of Mr. Todd. He objected, however, to the invasion of the privileges of this House by the increase of Mr. Todd's salary, when, in respect of other officers, a reduction had taken place. He thought the action of the Senate bad policy.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD could not interfere with the action of the Senate.

Several items of supply were then passed and the House rose.

FIRE EATERS.—The fierce political passions, which have resulted in the Tours trial appear to be still in full play among certain class in Paris, and a recent instance of provocation to bloodshed is reported in *Le Figaro* of March 26. A certain M. Charles Lullier, a naval officer, who has just completed a term of imprisonment for a political offence, has sent the following letter to M Paul Cassagnac, of the *Pays*: It is only one hour since I left prison. My first thought is of you. Since our first conversation I have passed six times under the fire of a Bonapartist public ministry. I have come out safe and sound in respect of honor. I defy you—1, to pass under the fire of a public ministry of a Republican, Orleanist, or Legitimist Government, or, in a word, any honest Government whatever, without being damaged; 2, to hold a weapon before me in the presence of four *maîtres d'armes*, I engaging to allow you to aim at me for six minutes without attacking you; that time expired I undertake to wipe you out (*nettoyer*) on the spot I will indicate secretly to my seconds. I only make one condition that we shall fight in Belgium." M. Paul Cassagnac replied that he would not fight with M. Lullier, who had insulted him without the pretext of a personal grievance or a party motive, and concluded his letter thus: "As for threats, I defy them. The day when my liberty as a citizen is imperilled another knife and fork may be prepared for hell, as Victor Noir will have company to supper."

The *Marseillaise* continues to be sold on the Boulevards, though it teems with the foulest abuse of everybody and everything which is not irreconcilable. The greatest admirers of freedom of the press must admit, that the government, after a perfectly unprejudiced trial at Tours, would be justified in proceeding to the utmost severity of the law against this foul mouthed, libellous little paper, which has ceased to be well written even in its own style."

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 5, 1870

According to the assessment returns which were handed in yesterday by the city assessor, the total amount of real and personal property is $27,232,704 being a decrease of $1,315,915 as compared with 1869. The population numbers 49 328 which gives an increase during the year of 2 309.

The anniversary meeting of the Canada Bible Society was held last evening in Knox Church, Hon. G. M. Allan, presiding. The report showed receipts from the sales to be $9,653, contributions and subscriptions $14,524, balance now in the Treasurer's hands $5,158, issues during the year 36, showing a decrease of $261,397. Hon. G. M. Allan was re-elected President, Hon Mr. McMaster Treasurer; G. Hodgins, Geo. Hague and Rev John Gembley, secretaries. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Thos. Waldrope, Rev. A. W. Munro, Rev. M. M. Punshon, Rev. Dr. Taylor, &c.

Seven car loads of emigrants arrived here yesterday, one hundred remaining in Canada.

The semi-annual meeting of the Bank of Upper Canada shareholders was held yesterday. Nothing was done.

Seventy volunteers enlisted at Kingston, under the command of Brigade Major Phillips, arrived here yesterday per *Spartan*. They were barracked at the Crystal Palace, where there are now about 200 men.

Recruiting here goes on, but slowly, on account of numerous rejections by medical examiners. 18 men are required to complete the quota from this district.

The schooner *Pandona*, laden with 500 barrels of pork, 40,000 feet of lumber and 9 open boats, left this port last evening en route for Thunder Bay.

The schooner *Orion* will start to-day with the same quantity of lumber, the same number of boats, and other material.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 5.

Of the 137 Zouaves who left this city the 19th July, 1868, ninety-two returned the 16th April last, and 18 yesterday, making in all 110 returned. The remainding 27 have, it is reported, re-enlisted for an additional six months.

Yesterday a grand pic-nic of the school of the Congregational nunnery was given at Monklands. H. R. H. Prince Arthur, also the Mayor, along with Ladies Northcote, Cartier and Lafontaine and others were present.

Yesterday evening the Rev. R. F. Burns, who for three years has been the pastor of the first Scotch Presbyterian congregation of this city, preached his farewell sermon to a large and sorrowful audience.

The water in the river is still overflowing a portion of the wharves.

As part of the decision of Mr. Justice Mondelet in the Guibord case on Monday, the Court ordered that the body of the deceased be presented before witnesses for burial to the authorities of the Roman Catholic Cemetery, and the result to be reported into court on Friday, to-morrow. In the meantime the fabrique appealed against the decision of Judge Mondelet, and the prothonotary has refused, in consequence of said appeal, to grant the writ for burial. The question will be brought before His Honour in the Superior Court to-morrow, when it will be for the Judge to determine whether or not the refusal to issue the writ was justifiable. It is contended that the burial should have taken place irrespective of the final general decision which will be before the Court of Appeal on 25th inst.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 5.

A hosemaker of St. Roch's, named Giguere, dropped dead in the street yesterday.

A society has been formed to alleviate distress during next winter, called the "St. Patrick's Ladies' Charitable Society."

Capt. Storey writes in to-day's *Chronicle*, criticising very severely the conduct of the officers on board the S.S *Germany* towards the passengers taken from the S. S. *City of Quebec*.

Twenty more recruits for Red River left last night in charge of Col. De Salaberry.

Mr. Henry Fry lectured this evening in the hall of the Morin College, on the Life of Sir Robert Hall.

An Alderman of the old Council this morning broke into the City Hall. He was arrested and was bailed out.

THREE RIVERS.

THREE RIVERS, May 5.

The body of the late Thomas Cooke, Lord Bishop, of the Roman Catholic Church in this city, was yesterday removed from the Episcopal palace, to the Cathedral. The part of Notre dame and Bonaventure, streets through which the cortege passed, was hung in black and white draperies, and festooned. The body was placed near the altar in the Cathedral, and the different religious and Civil Societies, and Volunteers passed the cortege, and a large number of citizens followed. Every place of business in the city being closed. This morning the burial services took place at ten o'clock, the Cathedral being crowded to suffocation. The Arch Bishop of Quebec, Bishop McClusky and Bishop Larocque from St. Hyacinthe with one hundred and thirty-eight priests were seated within the chancel railings. It is considered to be the grandest funeral service that has ever taken place in this city.

The body is to be buried in a vault under the Cathedral.

Bunting is flying at half mast from the different public buildings, hotels, Consulates, and private residencies in this city, every place of business being again closed this morning during the service.

The late Bishop was 78 years old, and had been 56 years a priest, and was highly respected by all. He was a native of the Diocese, and was ordained in 1814. He was consecrated Bishop of Three Rivers in 1852.

Bishop Laflèche, at present in Rome, and Coadjutor to the late Bishop, will succeed as Bishop of Three Rivers.

Grand Vicar Olivier Caron, Administrator of the Diocese here, conducted the services.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—It is reported that the London *Sun*, an evening paper, liberal in politics and advocating free trade, has been purchased by the Marquis of Bute, and will hereafter be issued as a daily Catholic Organ.

The *Times* of this morning says the most remarkable thing about that the plot against the Emperor is its opportuneness for official electioneering.

There is much incredulity here in regards to the last conspiracy discovered by the French Government. A writer on the evening ... of the *Times* cites precedents justifying ... doubts which prevail.

In the House of Commons, ... Bright, after presenting a petition for female suffrage, moved the second reading of the Bill removing the disabilities of women with regard to voting. He said, if the ... was adopted, there would be but one ... to nine masculine votes.

Mr. Sykes said, from this fact, ... the movers were in earnest.

Mr. Scofield moved the previous question. He saw there was no proof that ... demand the privilege craved for them.

Sir C. W. Dilke said he had not ... heard any valid argument against the ... There could be none in the country ... women who had to make speeches ... throne.

Mr. Hope ridiculed the reasoning of the speaker and opposed the Bill.

Sir J. L. Jenkinson was unable ... women like Mrs Coutts ...

The House divided on the ... shall the question be now put, ... adopted by a vote of 124 yeas ...

The announcement of the result ... with enthusiastic cheering. The Bill ... passed to a second reading, ... the House adjourned.

Court of Chancery.

The Ottawa Spring Sittings of the ... were opened at the City Hall ... Hon. Vice-Chancellor Strong presiding ... causes set down were as follows:—

Ryan vs O'Dogherty—M ... for plff.; W. A. Ross solicitor for ... The case was withdrawn.

Smith vs. Dey.—Mr Fitzgerald and ... Kennedy & Christie ... English & Foster solicitors for deft.

Olivier Dumet—Have been in the employment of Smith since the ferry was established, some 39 years, and regularly ... the boats have been kept ... ing the summer season, from ... April till the ice closes; Smith ... many boats as the people want ... boats; the boats run every ... ginning at half-past 5, or 4 if ... p. m.; they are all the time going ... had boats last year, only part of the ...

J. W. Peachy—I am a clerk in the ... Department. I know that letters ... issued to Mr. Smith. The municipality of the city of Ottawa transmitted to ... list of tariff charges. No action has ... taken in the matter. The approval ... received on the 7th August, 186... control of ferries is under the Customs ... partment.

A decree was granted for the plaintiff ... costs.

Griffith vs. Griffith—E. P. Remon for Plaintiff, Morris & Radenhurst for Defendant.

Holmes vs. Holmes—Lees & Gemmill for Plaintiff, H. P. Hill, Mr. Fitzgerald, Kennedy & Christie for Defendant. The case was withdrawn.

Cunningham vs Ryan—Lees & Gemmill for Plaintiff, Lewis & Pinhey for Defendant. Adjourned to next term.

In re Sullivan—Kennedy and Christie for Plaintiff. Evidence taken for the ... Toronto.

BLACK RIVER AND MORRISTOWN RAILROAD.

This road is a proposed railroad from Morristown, opposite Brockville, to ... where the Utica and Black River ... meets, making a through line between ... ville and Utica, about 100 miles.

The lumber of the Ottawa will ... road.

The Canada Central will take the ... from Ottawa city.

The Brockville and Ottawa Railway ... over its line 70 millions feet ... the Canada Central is complete ... 200,000 millions more.

It is proposed to carry the lumber from Ottawa city to Utica. The ... which the lumber is loaded at ... Ottawa takes it through to Utica ... ped there on canal boats and ... Albany in better condition, and ... or five days from the time it leaves.

The consequence of this road ... will be that merchants in Utica ... can order direct from Ottawa ... lumber they require brought in ... from the order. Ottawa will be ... lumber mart, as it is the great ... centre.

In order to see the lumber of the ... the Black River and Morristown ... started from Brockville at 7 a.m., ... and came through by way of the ... and Ottawa Railway, arriving in ... p.m.

This delegation consisted of the ... gentlemen:—

Mr. John Taom, President of the Black River Railway.

Mr. Graham, Vice-President.

Mr. Neiler, Mr. Wheeler, and ... tors; also

Mr. Bearup, President of the ... and Morristown Railway.

Mr. King, Vice-President; and ... tors.

The delegation reached Arnprior ... special train at 12. After ... they embarked on the *Alliance* ... at Brittania, and at Ottawa at ...

Few persons that have lived in ... where lumber is plenty, can ... astonishment of these people ... parts where lumber is scarce. ... tion was great, for they beheld ... of immense wealth in those ... lumber.

The Mayor of Ottawa, Hon. Mr. ... Bronson and some of the wealthy ... have an interest in lumber, met ... at Britannia, and we were conveyed ... and taken care of with that ... the reputation and honour of Ottawa.

Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald ... tickets for the sixty-five delegates ... Houses of Parliament, and they ... larly struck with the splendour ... ment Houses. It was also a ... gratification to them as they ... the Ministry and Opposition ... each other before—in fact ... they have no Opposition or ...

To-day they start, carrying ... best wishes for the prosperity ...

Secretary of ...

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD ... display his usual tact and ... exalted position to which ... raised him. We ... his popularity would ... know that when a man's ... result of his own intrinsic worth ... tion is fixed and ... Great Shoshones Remedy ... diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. ... all druggists.

Use Fraser's Magnetic Fluid for ...

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—... COMFORTING.—The very ... this preparation has ... favourite. The Civil Service Gazette ... marks:—"The singular success ... Epps attained by his homœopathic ... of cocoa has never been surpassed ... experimentalist. By a thorough ... of the natural laws which govern ... tions of digestion and nutrition ... careful application of the fine ... well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps ... our breakfast tables with a delicately ... ed beverage which may save us many ... doctors' bills." Made simply ... water or milk. Sold by the ... 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets ... JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic ... London, England.

LOCAL NEWS

... of this season's Lettuce, ... &c., &c., at J. B. Bure ... street.

Carpets and House Furnishings ... speciality. The largest stock of ... and lowest prices in the city at ... Batchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display ... and Mantles, and the crowd ... inspecting the Spring Fashions ... Batchmor & Co.

ARRIVALS OF EMIGRANTS.—A large ... English emigrants came into the ... These are the men who ...

THE MARKET—Thursday.—There ... buying up, and the ... vegetables, chickens, &c, &c, were ... by purchasers long ere noon.

IMPASSABLE.—The road through ... Buckingham is almost impassable ... the flood. The bridges are ... state. Why don't the Council ... matter? The law gives it ... power.

A JOLLIFICATION BROKE UP.—... during a wedding jollification in ... the party was broke up by a party ... rowdies returning from the ... shanties. The cry of "Fenians" ... and there was a general scattering.

THE COURT OF CHANCERY.—A ... of the denizens of old Bytown ... the City Hall to enjoy the satisfaction ... Vice-Chancellor Strong, who ... this city, on the bench. They ... gratification, and many adjourned ... their opinions.

MIDNIGHT MOVING.—About midnight ... our policemen overhauled a ... his way to Hull village, with a load ... ture. The fellow gave his name ... was employed by a party moving ... One of the constables expressed ... that "some landlord was cheated."

DISAPPOINTMENT.—A large number ... and sterner sex of the city, ... that bitter feeling of disappointment ... on finding Her Majesty's Theatre ... The actors, no doubt, exclaimed ... Hamlet "Let us have light" ... of the performance is the ... defective gas-furnishing ...

RUNAWAY.—About six o'clock ... anticipated express horse ... to runaway. He must have ... practised, for he did it ... starting from his base of operations ... Post Office, on Elgin street ... break the trappings which ... wheels of the waggon to which ... fixed, in trim. The wheels ... and the horse ran down to ... smashing everything behind him.

THE POLICE COURT.—Three ... were dismissed.

Peter Albert, for being drunk ... had a fine imposed on ... or one week in gaol. ... but he promised ... necessary amount, and was ... attempt.

A case of larceny was adjourned.

A MAN named John Dew... police station yesterday for ... the delusion that a gang of ... him to murder him. It was ... deranged, and he was locked ... his hallucination was ... of men robbing him, ... took advantage of the ... poor fellow to the gaol by ... the robbers locked up ... Dewan to come down ... The lunatic was quite ... to bring the supposed ... and was driven in a ...

THE FERRY CASE.—Among ... the Court of Chancery ... yesterday, was that based on ... of the Ottawa ferry ... granted with costs against ... and a perpetual injunction ... Court. It is really a pity ... should have been entered ... testimony in the matter ... and the defendant must have ... to proceed to extremities ... the fares received, since ... of the case and of the ... a sore lesson to Mr. Dey ... not but sympathize.

EXCURSION.—About 65 ... "sarched" to this city ... They have come here in ... Morrisburgh and Black River ... road stretches from Morristown ... then connects with the ... Railroad. They state that ... by about 160 miles from ... York city than by any ... arrived in Brockville on ... greeted by a public ... taken, and speeches were ... 7 a.m., and came to ... and Aylmer. They will ... and will return this afternoon ... party are Mr. Curtiss, of the ... Mr. Wiy, of the Brockville ... staff, accompanied the ... seems to be that of ... route for transportation ...

An amusing incident ... villagers on the route ... inquired who the ... informed they were Fenians ... "Well, if they are Fenians ... was captured by one ... The greater portion ...

... Cocoa.—... says:—Various ... have attempted ... prepared Cocoas ...

St. John, N.B.

LOCAL NEWS

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bu*s & Co's, 21 ... street.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS.—A large number of English emigrants came into this city yesterday. These are the men who are ready to ... land.

THE MARKET—Thursday.—There was quite brisk buying up, and the exposition of vegetables, chickens, &c, &c, were all taken up by purchasers long ere noon.

IMPASSABLE.—The road through Templeton to Buckingham is almost impassable, owing to the flood. The bridges are all in a defective state. Why don't the Council act in the matter? The law gives it the necessary power.

A JOLLIFICATION BROKE UP.—Last night during a wedding jollification in Cumberland, the party was broke up by a party of drunken rowdies returning from the Upper Ottawa shanties. The cry of "Fenians" was raised, and there was a general scattering.

THE COURT OF CHANCERY.—A large number of the denizens of old Bytown assembled at the City Hall to enjoy the satisfaction of seeing Vice-Chancellor Strong, who was reared in this city, on the bench. They all felt their gratification, and many adjourned—to express their opinions.

MIDNIGHT MOVING.—About midnight two of our policemen overhauled a carter making his way to Hull village, with a load of furniture. The fellow gave his name; stated he was employed by a party moving over there. One of the constables expressed the opinion that "some landlord was cheated."

DISAPPOINTMENT.—A large number of the fair, and sterner sex of the city, had to feel that bitter feeling disappointment, last evening on finding Her Majesty's Theatre closed. The actors, no doubt, exclaimed as 'Glorious' Hamlet "Let us have light." The suspension of the performance is the consequence of defective gas-furnishing, for which the proper states, the gas company is responsible.

RUNAWAY.—About six o'clock last evening an antiquated express horse took into his head to runaway. He must have been pretty well practised, for he did it to a nicety. On starting from his base of operations, opposite the Post Office, on Elgin street, he managed to break the trappings which kept the rear wheels of the waggon to which he was attached, in trim. The wheels began to rattle, and the horse ran down to the Rink-hall smashing everything behind him.

THE POLICE COURT—Three adjourned cases were dismissed.

Peter Albert, for being drunk on the public streets, had a fine imposed on him of $2 and costs, or one week in gaol. A committal was written out, but he promised to raise the necessary amount, and was permitted to make the attempt.

A case of larceny was adjourned till tomorrow.

A MADMAN named John Dowan ran into the police station yesterday for protection, under the delusion that a gang of men were chasing him to murder him. It was evident the man was deranged, and he was locked up in a cell under the hallucination that there was a gang of men robbing him, and Detective ... took advantage of the illusion to decoy the poor fellow to the gaol by telling him that he had the robbers locked up there, and that he wished Dowan to come down and identify them. The lunatic was quite willing to go there to bring the supposed prisoners to justice, and was driven in a cab to gaol for security.

THE FIRST CASE.—Among the cases entertained in the Court of Chancery held here yesterday, was that based on the vexed question of the Ottawa ferry. A decree was granted with costs against Dey, the defendant, and a perpetual injunction declared by the Court. It is really a pity that such a case should have been entered into Court. The testimony in the matter can be seen elsewhere, and the defendant must have been very ill-advised to proceed to extremities. The payment of the fares received, since the commencement of the case and of the costs of the suit, will be a sore lesson to Mr. Dey, with whom we cannot but sympathize.

EXCURSION.—About 65 gentlemen "excursioned" to this city yesterday afternoon. They have come here in the interest of the Morrisburgh and Black River Railroad. The road stretches from Morrisburgh to Utica, and then connects with the New York Central Railroad. They state that this route is shorter by about 160 miles from Ottawa to New-York city than by any other. The parties arrived in Brockville on Wednesday and were greeted by a public meeting. Dinner was taken, and speeches were made. They left at 7 a.m., and came to Ottawa via Arnprior and Aylmer. They will interview Ottawa and will return this afternoon. Among the party are Mr. Curtiss, of the Utica *Herald*, and Mr. Wiley, of the Brockville *Press*; Messrs. S... and No..t, of the American Consulate staff, accompanied the party. The object seems to be that of getting a most direct route for transportation to New York city. An amusing incident occurred at one of the villages on the route. A young and pretty girl inquired who the party were. She was informed they were Fenians. She answered, "Well, if they are Fenians, I wouldn't mind if I was captured by one myself."

The greater portion went to the House of Commons.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The 'Globe' says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases apparently hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

St. John, N.B. S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they affect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle. Ont., proprietors for Canada.

BIRTH.

At Popular Grove, Halifax, N. S., on 4th May, the wife of Willis Riddick Stowe-Wainwright, Esq., of son.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY.

FRIDAY, MAY 6th.

Will be presented Tom Taylor's Life drama in 5 acts, entitled,

TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

To conclude with the absurdity entitled,

THE WEAVERS.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.......................W J MARSHALL.

May 2, 1870. 1331 6

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company,

Will be held at the Office of the Company, in the Village of New Edinburgh, on FRIDAY, May 13th, 1870, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of obtaining their consent to the exercise by the Directors of the Company of the powers conferred on them by the 29 and 30 Vic. chap. 16, section 13, for raising money for the purposes of the Company, and for securing the same and interest as specified in that section.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

New Edinburgh, May 5, 1870 1351 3

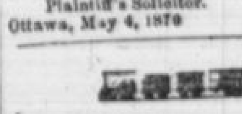
IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.

Ottawa to Chicago.......................$7 00

All other points in proportion. Baggage checked through.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

Office York street, Corner of Sussex street.

Ottawa, May 3. 1870. 134-a

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Dry Goods.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

his Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments.

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)....	$1 00
" colored,............	1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain,............	1 50
" colored,............	2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

April 6, 1870.

A BOAT.

Any person having a NICE SKIFF for sale cheap, will hear of a customer by applying at THE TIMES Office. 1349 3

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

- New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
- New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
- New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
- New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
- New Parasols and Sunshades
- New Flowers and Feathers
- New Straw Goods, a large assortment
- New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
- New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
- New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades

- New Crapes and Arcophanes
- New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
- New Lace and Muslin Ties
- New Laces and Lace Falls
- New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
- Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

- New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
- New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
- New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
- New Linen and Cotton Diapers
- New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
- New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
- New Table Covers and Naphins
- New Towels and Towellings
- New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
- New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
- New Printed and Fancy Flannels
- New Shirting Winceys
- New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

- New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
- New Cotton and Merino Socks
- New White Dress Shirts
- New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
- New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
- New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
- New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O, 30th April, 1870.

Anderson Mrs C	Kelly Thos
Andrews W	Kealy Mrs
Armstrong Arthur	King Jno
Armstrong Miss M	Knight Ed H
Armstrong Jas	Lambert Thos
Arless Geo C	Lamb & Son Thos
Armstrong L	Leitch H A
Basset Ed	Lindsay Jno C
Baston Mrs M S	Linton Windsor
Bain Arch	Lillico Miss Mary
Bayliss Jno	Logan Jos
Beaumont Bros	Lyons Jno
Birt Mrs D	Mackey Jos
Blake Miss M	Malone W P
Black Miss M	Mason Jas
Botrell Jr —	Martin Jas
Brown Mrs S	Mahoney Miss B
Brennan M	Meade D C
Bramby G H	Mitchell Mrs M
Bracelin Cath	Morrison Miss S
Brady And	Moffatt Alex
Brown J P	Murphy Jno
Brainard J L	Myers Miss C
Brown Geo	O'Brien Pat
Bridham C	O'Brien Sarah
Brooke Mrs or Miss M A	O'Connor Jno
Burrows Jas	O'Connor Kate
Burnett Jas	Parish J W B
Burgess & Co	Palumter Miss
Cameron Thos	Pearson Hy
Cameron Alex	Peddiar Jos
Caldwell Wm	Potter S D
Carter Mrs E	Power Miss B
Christie Alex	Post J H
Church Alex	Poole Cyrus
Clark W	Poole Jos
Clairmont F X	Pritchard Miss
Clements Chas	Pudesh Mrs M
Cline S	Rendles Thos
Cooper W J	Reilly M
Collins & Co J	Reilly Jno
Craig Mrs J	Ritchie Robt
Currier Arthur	Ripley L K
Cunningham Thos	Reilly Miss B
Curry W	Roberts E L
Cunningham Miss J A	Rose Jno
Davy And	Robertson J
Daily Jas	Redden W H
Dent Jno	Robinson Miss S
Dick B	Ryan Miss J
Dixane F	Sayers Mrs Hy
Donaldson Miss A	Sullivan Mrs
Dow R	Scott N
Drew Geo A	Scott S
Elliott Geo E	Scott R
Elliot A	Sennett Miss A
Fee Mrs Jane	Sherwood Geo
Fenton J F	Susson Chist
Findley Jno	Smith And
Fitzgerald J W	Smith Mrs F L
Fleming Mrs E	Smith Miss E
Forbes Geo	Smith Miss
Foster Sam W	Smith J M
Garland Geo	Stuart Alex
Gardener Geo	Spelman Ed
Gasher M	Stewart Miss M
Gammon Miss Ann	Stewart Fis
Gorman Mrs Ann	Street Alb
Greene Jas	Sullivan Geo
Grant Miss M	Taylor Thos
Grand Miss Cath	Tardiff Fred
Greene Jno	Teller J
Grant Jno	Thomson Jno
Hatch Thos	Thompson Jos
Hamilton Mrs M	Thomas Mrs M
Hayworth Mrs J	Thompson Miss J
Hallowell G S	Thorne Miss L M
Hamilton And	Tilley Geo
Houston Wm	Tomlinson Miss J
Harris H Y	Tucker J H
Henshaw G H	Warren Hy
Holden Jno	Wade Geo F
Hollis Jno	Watt Jas
Hodder Geo	White Jno
Hodgson Miss R	Young Mr
Hurst Robt	McCabe Pat
Hughes M	McCotters Miss M
Hull E B	McCready Jane
Hurley Pat	McDonald Geo
Hutchings R C	McDonald Mrs A
Hyson Sergt Jno	McGrath M
James Miss L A	McIntosh Miss M A
Jackson Alf	McLean R F
Jackson Miss E	McLeod D
Jackson Mrs Jos	McLean A
Johnston Mrs G R	McMorgan Jas
Johnston Miss Anna	McMorrow Miss M
Kelly Miss E	McPherson J
Kennedy Jas	McQuade Sarah
Kealy Miss Mary	McKean Miss J
Kempt Jno	

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

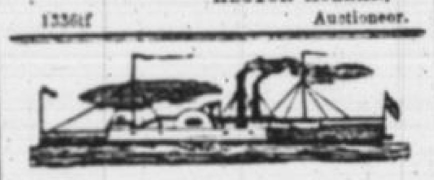
Otta 1348 2

FOR SALE

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1336tf



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

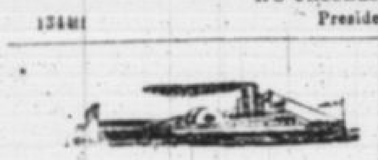
THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

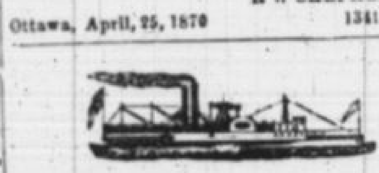
"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8:30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 187 1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

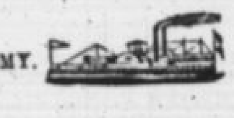
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

60 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

BELLOC'S CHARCOAL.

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine the 27th December, 1849.

It is especially to its eminently absorbent properties that BELLOC'S CHARCOAL owes great efficacy. It is specially recommended the following affections:

GASTRALGIA
DYSPEPSIA
PYROSIS
ACIDITY
DIFFICULT DIGESTIONS
CRAMPS IN THE STOMACH
CONSTIPATION
COLICS
DIARRHOEA
DYSENTERY
CHOLERINE.

MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.—Belloc's Charcoal is taken before or after each meal, in the form of POWDER or LOZENGES. In the majority of cases its beneficial effects are felt after the first doses. Detailed instructions accompany each box of powder and box of lozenges.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade,

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS.

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

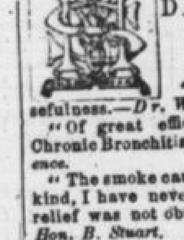
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Ottawa, 21



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ...

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminent tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

WANTED.

A first class SERVANT GIRL wanted immediately. Apply to

E ROWSELL,

1348 6 Next Door to THE TIMES Office.

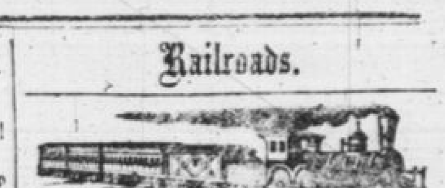
AMERICAN SILVER COIN.

On and after the SIXTH DAY OF MAY, instant, the rate at which AMERICAN SILVER COIN will be received by the Banks for exportation on Government account, will be six per cent. discount. Until that time the rate will continue at five and one half per cent. discount.

W WEIR.

Montreal, May 2, 1870 1348 1

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. ....8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at.......................... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at...... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at......5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at.................. 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at............10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

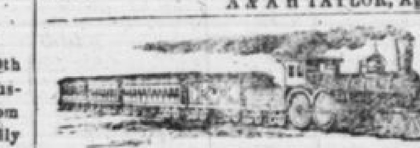
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m, arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

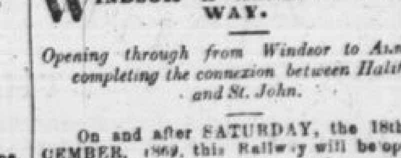
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a m., and 8 45 p m., and at Annapolis at 2 30 p m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5:20, Windsor at 8.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

TORONTO NURSERIES.

We have for Spring Planting an immense stock of

STANDARD AND DWARF APPLE TREES,

PLUMS, PEARS, CHERRIES, CURRANTS, GOOSBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, &c., &c.

ALSO,

A complete assortment of Ornamental Trees, Flowering, Shrubs and Roses; 5,000 Dahlia Roots and Pot Plants, Bedding Plants, Herbaceous Plants, &c.

Packing done to ensure safe carriage to any part of the world.

Orders by post will have same attention as purchasers were personally present.

Send a two cent stamp for priced descriptive catalogue containing much valuable information.

GEO LESLIE & SONS,

17 3 Leslie P O, Ont

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR SADLER, Protestant Hospital.

135(3

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

	Times Office, Ottawa, May 6, 1870.		
Flour—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
Pork—per barrel	17 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
Butter—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton	11 00	@	0 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY ... reception, to well in the wake of civilization.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 42y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. 1238 2awfm 1awkfm

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

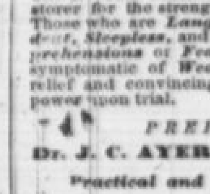
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313 6w1awk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate It
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH ... 1000-ray

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

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HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

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Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

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N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

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York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

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Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
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Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House. Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk

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INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
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Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

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For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

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GARDNER MONTREAL

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QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

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Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

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LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Pallisses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 1d 2

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jn2-141-tf

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WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

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M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 5 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

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CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

29?tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by

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ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS!

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The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house or 10 a. m. and 3 p. m on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!
NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

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Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

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SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

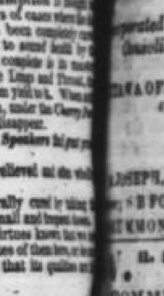
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hessey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows;—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted. thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor. Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair will be produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For *Bilious Disorders* and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs. ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is ... not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, ... promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf ARTHUR ...

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea ... Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, ... Old Rye and Proof of the best ...

Those not having had a trial of ... requested to call and judge for themselves ... your neighbours who have tried ... Liquors. All Goods warranted and ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits. P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, ... relief from Frasers's Magnetic ... GREAT PAIN CURER ... three minutes. Neuralgia, ... face, is distinguishable from ... intenseness of its pain and ... attack, may be cured with ... Fluid is composed entirely ... and contains nothing which ... system either by outward ... Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange ...

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour ... and Sand Point. ...

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa. ... Managing Director.

VOL V.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDINGS

Wellington Street, Upper Town

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand

Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old ...)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW ... a well selected stock, comprising Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Lamps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. *Bordeaux and other Wines*

MESS PORK, PICKLED LABR. HERRINGS

the numerous other articles ... a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, ... quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and ...

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and ...

WINES—Sherries, all grades, ... Burgundy, ... all prices, in wood and bottle, ... HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, WHISKEY.

High proof and ... at extreme ...

Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch ... Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades ... prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED ... SELLING AT TWENTY PER CENT BELOW ...

THE PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH ...

... under Chapter ... Consolidated Statutes of ...

... OFFICE—G P Darwood ... 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... Chairman; D O'Connor ... BOOTS A THOMSON ... RICHMOND, Manager.

H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal

OTTAWA.

... DUIGNAN'S,

... SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

... This house is situated in ... Parliament Buildings ...

Educational.

... AND DEPORTMENT.

... having made ... accomplished lady teacher ... Dancing Classes will ... instant.

... September 9th, 1869.

... TUNING.—The subscriber ... to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh ...

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist), Graduate of the Imperial ... Lessons on Piano and ... corner of King-street. ... June 23, 1868.

... CONCENTRATED PROOF ...

... BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, ... OF THE COLDS, OBSTINATE COUGHS, IRRITATION OF THE ... WHOOPING COUGH, DISEASES OF THE PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, AFFECTIONS OF THE ... ITCHING, DISEASES OF THE ...

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION ... Street, next to ... Ottawa.

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1352. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1870. PRICE--3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

..., December 30, 1869. 1238.t

...IS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) ...s for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS; the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ...proof and over, at extremely low prices. Dewar's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Kinahan's Irish Whiskey. ...'s Old Irish Potteen. Bass' and London Porter, pts and qts. ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ... the time for bargains. 1165

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY. *Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.*

HEAD OFFICE—J P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: ...PH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

R. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, DEALERS IN ...Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA. End of Little Sussex-st. Advances made on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON

...DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ... gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen attending the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Monday, the 13th instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...a, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms and at E. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. GUSTAVE SMITH, (*Organist of the Cathedral*), Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ..., corner of King-street. ..., June 15, 1868. 775y

...OT'S TAR, CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR. ...has succeeded in depriving tar of its ... sources and bitterness, and in ... very soluble. Profiting by this discovery, he prepares a concentrated ... of tar, which in a small volume contains ... proportion of active principles. ... tar possesses all the advantages of ... tar water without any of its drawbacks ... excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained ... a teaspoonful into a glass of water. ... thus prepare his glass of tar water ... he requires it, thus economising ... carriage, and obviating the ... necessity of handling tar. ... tar replaces advantageously several ... ptisans in the treatment of ... coughs and catarrhs. ... tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases: ...—A teaspoonful in a glass of ... two table-spoonfuls in a bottle: BRONCHITIS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, COLDS, OBSTINATE COUGHS, IRRITATION OF THE CHEST, HOOPING COUGH, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PULMONARY CONSUMPTION. ...—Pure or diluted with a little water: AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, ITCHINGS, DISEASES OF THE SCALP. ... tar has been tried with the greatest ... in the principal hospitals of France, ... and Spain. Experience has proved it ... and hygienic drink in hot weather and ... epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany ... Depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue ...

FRANCIS FOX, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, ... Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. ... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging ... and attending to their rafts while passing ... the best of his ability. REFERENCES. ...Esq., Walter Smith, Esq., ...Esq., R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE. A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa, H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa, Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 1s 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET. Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. ...'s Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney. 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE. CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City. 39.6m

To Let.

TO LET. To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate. Apply to I B TACKABERRY. Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 1m

TO LET. The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May. Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street, Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs. 1344tf

TO LET, On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace. 1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates, Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract, should be borne in mind by merchants, shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1298 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND, which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel. Cure for Bunions. Cure for Piles. Cure for the Heart Disease. Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to ... public.

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY. The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the Hall of the said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon. JOHN FENTON, Township Clerk. Township Clerk's Office, Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 13 8

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evenig Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a ... assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants; for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 28, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED *STALL-fed* BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.* To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W A being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS, Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street. 1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY No. 14, Rideau street. Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition. GEORGE MURPHY, Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie		Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636	37	75,815 54
February	1,106,5..	1,503,857	16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319	80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111	50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693	81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251	76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112	17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301	95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465	29	93,036 20
October	1,300,827	1,604,851	37	110,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397	54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,689	83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors). R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary. Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870. 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS. Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the rudimental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND COFFEE, At the Agency of the India and China Tea Company, BANGS BLOCK, Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870. To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1366tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
6.00	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	5.30
		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	
	12 Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B., daily			5.30
6.00	12 Noon	9.30	United States		11.50	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc.			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	8.00		
6.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	5.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.50	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster. POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive .... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING —AND— FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT. NO. 14 SPARKS STREET, OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our]

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term of LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING —AND— BABY LINEN, Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH. ONLY ONE PRICE, MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock. R L JAMES & CO. Ottawa, April 7, 1870. 1328y

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that having annulled the Contracts for Sections Nos. 5, 6 and 7, they are prepared to receive Tenders for re-letting the same.

Section No. 5 is in the Province of Quebec, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 2, forty miles east of Riviere du Loup, to the Sixty-sixth mile post, near Rimouski, a distance of about 26 miles.

Section No. 6 is in the Province of New Brunswick, and extends from the Easterly end of Section No. 3, opposite Dalhousie, to the West side of the main Post Road, near the forty-eighth mile post, Easterly from Jacquet River, a distance of about 21 miles.

Section No. 7 is in the Province of Nova Scotia, and extends from the Southerly end of Section 4, near River Philip, to Station 0, (formerly Station Fifty,) at Folly Lake, a distance of about 24 miles.

The Contracts for the above Sections to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the 1st of July, 1871.

The Commissioners also give public notice, that they are prepared to receive Tenders for four further sections of the line.

Section No. 17 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 14, down the Matapedia Valley, to Station No. 685, about one mile above the boundary line between the Counties of Rimouski and Bonaventure, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 18 will be in the Province of Quebec, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 17, down the Matapedia Valley to Station No. 380, near Clark's Brook, a distance of about 20 miles.

Section No. 19, will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 18, in the Province of Quebec, down the Matapedia Valley to its mouth, and thence across the River Restigouche to Station No. 370, at the Westerly end of Section No. 3, in the Province of New Brunswick, a distance of about 9½ miles, including the bridge over the River Restigouche.

Section No. 20, will be in the Province of New Brunswick, and will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 10, in the Town of Newcastle, on the Chaplin Island road, thence crossing the North West and South West branches of the River Miramichi, and terminating at Station No. 320, about one mile and three quarters South of the South West branch, a distance of about six miles, including the bridges over the branches of the River Miramichi.

The Contracts for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, to be completely finished and ready for laying the track by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles, with Specifications and terms of contract for Section No. 7, will be exhibited at the office of the Chief Engineer in Ottawa, and at the offices of the Commissioners in Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhousie, Newcastle, St. John and Halifax, on and after Monday, the 11th day of April next; for Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at the same offices, on and after Wednesday, the 20th April next, and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, at the same offices, on and after Tuesday, the 10th day of May next.

Sealed tenders for Sections 5, 6 and 7 addressed to the Commissioners of the Intercolonial Railway, and marked "Tenders," will be received at their office in Ottawa, up to 7 o'clock p.m., on Saturday the 7th day of May next; and for Sections Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20, up to 7 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday the 25th day of May next.

Sureties for the completion of the contract will be required to sign the Tender.

A. WALSH, ED. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES, A. W. McLELAN, Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, Ottawa, 24th March, 1870.

THE ONTARIO FARMER. SECOND YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

This ably conducted popular and invaluable rural Journal, will, on and after January 1st, 1870, be issued from the city of Hamilton, Ont. Messrs. T. & R. White having purchased a proprietory interest in it, become its publishers, in the belief that this region of country, second to no part of Canada in agricultural and horticultural resources and progress, needs and will ably sustain, a periodical devoted specially to the interests of the farm and garden.

The ONTARIO FARMER will continue to be edited by Rev. W. F. Clarke, who is universally acknowledged to be the ablest agricultural writer in the Dominion, and whose name, from its long connection with the rural press, has become "familiar as a household word" among the farmers of Canada. During the past year, Reverend Henry Ward Beecher, Professor Buckland Hon. G. W. Allan Mr. W. Edwards and other eminent contributors have written for the ONTARIO FARMER, and no pains will be spared to secure the continued co-operation of leading agriculturists, and horticulturists, in adding variety and interest to its contents.

During the coming year engraved portraits of prize animals at the late Provincial Exhibition, will, from time to time, appear in the ONTARIO FARMER. These engravings will be executed by those incomparable stock artists, Messrs. Page and Carson, of New York.

Special attention will continue to be given to the advancement of Emigration, the promotion of Arts and Manufactures, and as during the past year, each number will contain a choice piece of secular or sacred music.

The attention of farm implement makers, seeds men, nursery men, dairy men, and others is invited to the ONTARIO FARMER, as a first class advertising medium. Terms—10 cents per line, with liberal discount for quarterly, half yearly and yearly advertisements.

Subscription Price, free of Postage, $1.00 a year, payable in advance.

334 Large Octavo Pages for One Dollar.

Special Club Offer—Furnished to Agricultural and Horticultural Societies, in Clubs of any number, at Seventy-Five Cents each, free of postage.

GENERAL CLUB RATES FOR 1870.

Club of 6 Subscribers		$5 00
Club of 10	"	8 00
Club of 20	"	15 00

And all over 20, at 75 cents per copy, free of postage.

Communications intended for publication. Items of Agricultural intelligence, &c., may be addressed to W F CLARKE, Editor Ontario Farmer, Guelph. Orders and Remittances will be sent to T & R WHITE, Publishers Ontario Farmer, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, December 28, 1869.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY. Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.* JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets. Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOUND. On Elgin Street, near the Russell House, a SUM OF MOONEY. The owner can have it by applying to this office, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. 1336 tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

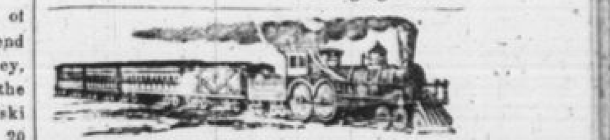
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 5	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 [illegible]	10 0	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	[illegible]	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 0	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 45	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE.—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Toronto leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

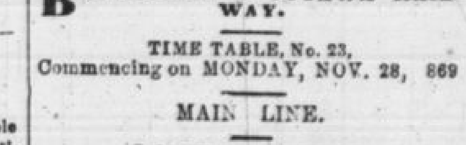
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, 1 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

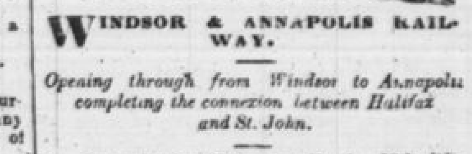
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

G. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

TORONTO NURSERIES. We have for Spring Planting an immense stock of STANDARD AND DWARF APPLE TREES, PLUMS, PEARS, CHERRIES, CURRANTS, GOOSBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, &c., &c. ALSO, A complete assortment of Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs and Roses; 5,000 Dahlia Roots and Pot Plants, Bedding Plants, Herbaceous Plants, &c.

Packing done to ensure safe carriage to any part of the world.

Orders by post will have same attention as purchasers were personally present.

Send a two-cent stamp for priced descriptive catalogue containing much valuable information. GEO LESLIE & SONS, Leslie P O, Ont. 17 3

TIGHT BINDING

NOTICE TO WEEKLY SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY TIMES.

From to-day, American silver will only be accepted in payment of subscriptions at the legal rates of 40 cents for the half and 20 cents for the quarter dollar &c., but to obviate as much as possible any inconvenience that may arise, the hitherto WEEKLY subscribers will be only called upon fortnightly, when a Quarter Dollar Dominion Note may be paid instead of silver.

On and after this date Silver will be only received at the reduced rate in payment of accounts due to this Office on April 18th.

TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Ottawa, April 16, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Auction Sale of Building Sites—J. Bermingham
Ice, Ice—J Nash
Situation Wanted—Apply at THE TIMES Office
Canada Life Assurance Company—A Ramsay
Auction Sale of Plants—A Rowe

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from MAGEE & RUSSELL.
12364

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1870.

CROWNING OF A MAY QUEEN.—This afternoon the interesting ceremony of crowning a "May Queen" will take place at the Convent of the Congregation of Notre Dame. The fortunate young lady will be crowned by Lady Young, who has kindly condescended to preside at the ceremony. The pupils of this useful institution will sing "The Crowning of the Queen of May." A melodrama, written for the occasion will be played. Both vocal and instrumental music will grace the *fete*. Lady Young will crown the successful competitor at 4 p. m. Friends of education are especially invited to assist at the time-honored and interesting ceremony.

The Interest Bill received the three months hoist last night by the casting vote of Mr. Speaker.

ILLNESS OF THE PREMIER.

There are very few people in this Dominion, who will not be grieved to learn that the Minister of Justice, the Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald, was yesterday afternoon seized with an illness of so serious a nature that instant medical attendance was necessary, and that it was impossible to remove him from his office, where he is now attended by Drs. Grant and Bown, to his own home—a bed having been made up for him where he was taken ill. Lady Macdonald, Colonel Bernard and other relations were waiting upon him there. Unless, however, there should be another attack of his malady, cramp of the bowels, in the opinion of the attendant physicians, real, or, at least, immediate danger is past.

Sir George Cartier stated in the House that on account of the illness of Sir John, it would be impossible to proceed with the Bill for the erection of Manitoba into a Province of the Dominion, but that he hoped to be able to do so to-day.

THE MANITOBA COMPROMISE.

There was much force in the remarks of Mr. Colby, member for Stanstead, in the House of Commons on Thursday evening last, that the French Canadian element was the most conservative and consequently the most loyal of all the nationalities in the Dominion, and that the introduction of "*notre langue and nos institutions*," would have an excellent effect towards the preservation of the new Province of Manitoba from Yankee contamination and Fenian encroachment. Assuredly it would be no ordinary mistake to crush out French Canadian nativism at Red River. Nothing could come of such crushing out, but that wild democracy, which overspreads everything that it touches. The cohesiveness of the French element is very much preferable to the diffusiveness of the English speaking element in the conservation of monarchical ideas. The Roman Catholic religion, while exercising omnipotence equally over the very poor and the very rich, over the weak and over the strong, recognises the inequality of men, and the requirements of rank, whether social or political. The republicanism of presbyterianism, which politically dwindles into clear-grittism, finds no favour with the followers of Loyola—the shrewdest of all teachers within the pale of that Church, the decrees of which Pius IX desires, as its chief Bishop, should be looked upon as infallible. Mr. Colby further well remarked that in a mixed community such as that of Canada is socially, religiously, and politically, the practice of Government and legislation must more or less consist in compromise. In all mixed communities where harmony is desired the prejudices of the component parts must to a great extent receive consideration and not be too rudely assailed at any time. Taking it for granted that some ill-informed people, in the interests of religion, did oppose the unguaranteed possession of the whole of the Red River by a new authority, and did so wrongfully, it might nevertheless be expedient to effect a compromise with such ignorance and such prejudice. In this sense Mr. Colby spoke flatteringly of the action of the Government. He saw in the resistance to the Dominion Government by the French Roman Catholic element a resemblance to the Cameronian resistance to episcopacy in Scotland, resulting in Drumclog, Bothwell Bridge, and somewhat more distantly in point of view and intention, Killiekrankie. People will fight for their religion, however much they may neglect religion otherwise—and that Riel has touches of religion about him may be gathered from the fact that, while shooting poor Scott—perpetrating a cold blooded and inhuman murder—he considered it necessary that somebody should pray for his soul. The guarantee of the religious toleration is not an unreasonable one to ask, and the desire to grant it reflects credit upon those who have the power to do so. The compromise to religious or semi-national prejudice, is not, in this view of the case, discreditable to any party. It was no humiliation to England that Presbyterianism supplanted Episcopalianism, and it has been a sad humiliation to England, in its later results, that Episcopalianism ever had an establishment in Ireland. The Red River troubles, now so speedily to be ended, may be all for the best, if, as Mr. Colby more than insinuates, the future of that vast territory of desert, forest, and prairie should depend upon the loyalty of the compatriots of the scoundrel Riel and the religious zeal of those personified by Pere Lestanc.

THE WINNIPEG PARLIAMENT.

We have received the Winnipeg *New Nation* of 18th March last, stained with the leather of the mailbag, which must have been soaked with water. The paper contains among other things the account of the Parliamentary proceedings, where Bishop Tache addressed the "Legislative Assembly of Rupert's Land," in the terms already reported. The "President" occupied the chair, and there were present the *Honorable* Mr. Bunn, *Honorable* Mr. Oligne, *Honorable* Mr. Scott, *Honorable* Mr. O'Donohue, *Honorable* Mr. Tait, *Honorable* Mr. Bannatyne, and James Ross Esq., Chief Justice. Objection was taken to Mr. Chief Justice Ross, being placed upon a Parliamentary Committee, and the "President" held the objection to be good.

His Excellency the 'President' stated 'once for all that we cannot hope to conduct parliamentary business as they do at London or Ottawa. But we must seek to be as orderly and business-like as possible in our proceedings, and I hope this will be the endeavor of every honorable member.'

The Ottawa TIMES is quoted from, to the effect that 'Colonel De Salaberry, the special agent of the Dominion Government, openly engaged in the same work (of hostility to Mr. McDougall) and did his best to make more hostile the public feeling against the proposed Governor,' which the *New Nation* asserts is 'simply *a lie, in toto*.' The lying words have been erroneously attributed to the TIMES, and we are content to let the lie rest with whom it originated.

The following is a copy of the 'important communication from the President to the Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company:'—

TRANSLATION.

To William McTavish, Esq., Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company in the North West.

SIR,—In reference to our interviews regarding the affairs of the Hudson's Bay Company in this country, I have the honor to assure you that it is my great desire to open as soon as possible, in the interest of the people, free and undisturbed, the commerce of the country.

The people in rallying themselves to the Provisional Government with unanimity prescribe to each of us our respective conduct.

The Provisional Government established upon the principle of justice and reason, will fulfil its work.

By the action of the Hudson's Bay Company, its commercial interests may be saved to a certain extent; but that is entirely for your consideration, and depends upon the Company itself. I have had the honor to tell you that arrangements were possible, and the following are the conditions:—

1st. That the whole of the Company in the North West shall recognise the Provisional Government.

2nd. That you, in the name of the Hudson's Bay Company, do agree to loan the Provisional Government, the sum of three thousand pounds sterling.

3rd. That on demand by the Provisional Government, in case arrangements with Canada should be opposed, you do guarantee a supplement of two thousand pounds sterling to the above mentioned sum.

4th. That there shall be granted by the Hudson's Bay Company, for the support of the present military force, goods and provisions to the value of four thousand pounds sterling, at current prices.

5th. That the Hudson Bay Company do immediately put into circulation their bills.

6th. That the Provisional Government shall also retain an additional specified quantity of goods in the stores of the Hudson's Bay Company.

In accepting the above conditions, the Hudson's Bay Company will be allowed to resume its business, under the protection of the Provisional Government.

Fort Garry will be open, but in the meanwhile, it being the seat of Government, a small guard of fifty men will be retained.

Only the buildings at present occupied by the Government will be reserved for Government purposes.

Such, Sir, are the conditions which the situation imposes upon us.

I have a duty to perform from which I shall not retreat. I am aware that you fully possess the knowledge of your duty, and I trust that your decision will be favourable.

Allow me here to express my deep feeling of sympathy for you in your continued illness, and to sincerely trust that your health may be speedily restored.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
LOUIS RIEL.
President.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Fort Garry, March 28, 1870.

AN ERROR OF JUDGMENT.

Rev. Charles B. Smyth, pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Eleventh street, was tried yesterday in the First United Presbyterian Presbytery for bringing scandal on the Church by inviting reporters to lunch, and drinking gin and milk in a common restaurant on the Sabbath day. Mr. Smyth admitted the charges but pleaded nervous exhaustion in excuse for the gin and milk. Rev. Drs. Harper and Armstrong made strong speeches against him, and a report on the case will be rendered this morning.—*New York World, May 4.*

That which is not wrong in a layman should not be considered wrong in a clergyman. There are, nevertheless, certain fleshly indulgencies, which are more reprehensible in those whose business it is to teach morality by precept and example, than they are to ordinary people. The grievance here is not that the Reverend Mr. Smyth drank gin and milk, on Sunday, but that he did so publicly, in a public house, and in the company of publicans and sinners. This was wrong. It is wrong in any man to break the fourth commandment. It was outrageously wrong in a man whose duty it was to preach against the besetting sins of human nature. Mr. Smyth violated the moral law and the law of the land as well, but he did so because his nerves were so unstrung as to demand strengthening, and, as is alleged, he not only drank gin and milk, but got tight upon gin and milk, a disguised drink, which, seemingly, resulted in disguising the Rev. Mr. Smyth. We are really sorry that a clergyman should have been so unfortunate as to make an exhibition of himself as there is little or no allowance made, as in the cases of other men, for lapses on the part of clergymen. People sneer not at Mr. Smyth, but at religious, reverend Mr. Smyth. The great wrong to society in that religion is mocked through the carelessness of Mr. Smith. He ought to have waited for his stimulant until he got home. He had a home and was, therefore, unlike the wretches, who drink gin having no home, and who yet need "a drink." The *World* thus remarks upon the matter, and we publish the remarks to show how the mistake of a reverend gentleman is visited upon others and a religious profession mocked at:—

Gin and Milk.

The Rev. Charles B. Smyth is now on trial before the Presbyterian church in this city of which he is the pastor, on the grievous charge of having broken the fourth commandment, to say nothing of the excise law, by drinking gin and milk at a worldly restaurant on a recent Sunday evening. An aggravating circumstance connected with the offence was the fact that the ministerial gin and milk was absorbed in company with a reporter attached to a morning paper. The latter, horrified at the bibulous eccentricity of the Rev. Mr Smyth, straightway published the incident, and so brought down the authorities of the church upon the erring pastor. It is understood that Mr. Smyth pleads guilty both to the drinking of the gin and milk and to the association with the reporter; but he alleges in his defence that his conduct was prompted solely by medicinal reasons. The ecclesiastical court, which is known to recognize the precedent established in the case of Timothy, who took a little wine for his stomach's sake can find no authority sufficient to justify its pastor in taking gin and milk for his kidneys' sake, on a Sabbath day and in a sinful restaurant. It is, therefore, probable that Mr. Smyth will be made a warning example for the terror of all persons, especially ministers, who may have a craving for gin and milk. And it is useless to conceal the fact that there will be few who will think any punishment too severe for the aggravated and complicated nature of the offence. Had Mr. Smyth confined himself to gin pure and simple, or even to gin in the compound form of the cheering cocktail or the satisfying sling, he would have met with some little sympathy. But when he deliberately chose so unnatural a compound as gin and milk, and adds thereto a reporter of a sensation paper, he sinned against every law of intelligent and refined drinking. By all means, let the Church suspend him from the ministry until he gives satisfactory evidence that he has learned to drink the drinks which pertain to man in the civilized condition, and that he has forever abandoned such indecent and unclerical beverages as gin and milk, flavoured by the presence of a certain type of the reportorial fraternity.

UNITED STATES' CIVIL SERVICE.

In the House of Representatives at Washington on the 3rd instant, a Bill was introduced with the view of making admission to employment in the Civil Service of the United States, depend upon competitive examination as is now the case in England, but which has not been productive there of good effects. Here the Civil Service should be possessed of such educational attainments as are necessary to the successful conduct of office duties, and every young man admitted into any of the Departments is examined as to his scholarly acquirements. That is quite enough. Too much learning is dangerous, as is too little—or a little. The debate upon Mr. Jencke's Bill is curiously instructive:—

JENCKES'S CIVIL SERVICE BILL.

The House then proceeded to the business of the morning hour, when Mr. Jenckes (Rad., R. I.), from the Committee on the Reorganization of the Civil Service, reported a bill to regulate the civil service of the United States. The bill provides that all appointments of civil officers of the Government, except postmasters and such officers as are required to be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall be made from persons found best qualified for the position after open and competitive examinations, and after terms of probation. It provides for three who shall constitute the Civil Service Commission. The Commissioners to hold the office for five years. This commission is to prescribe qualifications requisite for an appointment to each branch and grade of the civil service, to establish rules governing applications, examinations, and periods and conditions of probation, and to report to Congress at the opening of each session. An examination of all officers is to be held every four years, and such as may not be found qualified are to be recommended for dismissal, and to be dismissed accordingly. The President of the Senate may require an applicant for any office that requires confirmation by the Senate to appear before the board and be examined as to qualifications. Mr. Jenckes explained to the House the principles and details of the Bill, which dealt, he said, entirely with the inferior officers of the Government. Speaking of the great inducements held out to smugglers by the frequent changes of custom house officers, and the consequent ignorance of those officers, he mentioned the fact that in New York there had been, in two years 400 changes for 240 offices. That was the harvest time for smugglers.

Mr. Peters (Rad., Me.) objected to the Bill, that there was nothing in it to prevent rebels with their hands dripping with loyal blood, from passing examinations and obtaining offices.

Mr. Jenckes asked what there was now to prevent the appointment of disloyal men to these minor offices.

Mr. Peters said that he would have neither a rebel nor a Democrat in any of the offices of the Government.

Mr. Beck remarked that the gentlemen from Maine did not seem to care whether office-holders were thieves or not, so long as they were not Democrats.

Mr. Peters replied that they did not have thieves in the Republican party. (Laughter on the Democratic side.)

Mr. Beck was glad to hear it—that was a new discovery.

Mr. Jenckes objected to the introduction of political elements which did not not belong to the bill.

Mr. Peters inquired whether the section authorising the President or Senate to send for examination applicants for office requiring confirmation by the Senate, would not have justified them in sending Judge Strong, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Bradley, of New York, before the commission to be examined as to their fitness for the Supreme Court bench.

Mr. Jenckes wanted to know if there was anything in the law now to prevent the President from examining any applicant for office to his heart's content.

Mr. Peters remarked that that was a Yankee mode of answering a question.

Mr. Jenckes thought it answered it completely. He did not suppose that the proposed measure met all the difficulties in the way. The wit of man could not devise any bill that would.

Mr. Ela (Rad., N. H.) suggested that the principal robberies of the government were perpetrated by those high officers whose appointment required confirmation by the Senate.

Mr. Jenckes admitted that, but thought it an additional argument in favour of the bill, because if the minor officers had felt secure in their position such frauds would not have been attempted.

Mr. Benton (Rad., N. H.) inquired whether, if competitive examination should be applied to the lower offices, the same principle ought not to hold good as to the higher offices?

Mr. Jenckes replied that the argument for the bill was as strong as the proportion of the members. There were 23,000 officers within the scope of the bill, and only 4,000 officers outside of it. If the bases were sound the superstructure would be secure.

Mr. Benton wanted to know why the same principle should not as well apply to Members of Congress.

Mr Jenckes suggested in reply that members did go before their constituents for examination every two years.

Mr Benton remarked that his objection to the bill was that it took the power out of the hands of the people and put it in the hands of a commission. The more this power was removed from the people the more anti-Democratic the government became.

Mr. Jenckes would like to be pointed to a more Democratic or Republican measure than the one before the House. It opened the door of public service to all, the only exclusiveness applying to ignorance, incapacity, and viciousness.

Mr. Sargent moved to insert an additional section forbidding members of Congress to solicit verbally or in writing, from the President or any head of any department or bureau, the appointment of any person to office, and making the offence a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding $1,000.

Mr. Peters suggested whether the punishment should not be hanging. (Laughter.)

The Hon. Sir John A. McDonald, K. C. B., Minister of Justice, Premier, &c.

SIR,—With reference to the Bill now before the House, it was stated by you on Wednesday evening that certain representations had been made to your Government by Judge Black, which had induced the formation of the Bill as it had previously been brought before the House, but that further information from other quarters had decided your Government to make an important alteration with regard to the western boundary.

Believing that your Government is still misinformed respecting the wishes of the people who will comprise the population of Manitobah, and seeing that a disposition is shown to deal liberally with them. I venture again to urge upon your Government several alterations in various clauses of the Bill as it now stands.

I will preface my suggestions by stating for your information, that Judge Black *does not possess* the esteem and support of all parties in the settlement as has been stated. On the contrary, as the paid officer of a wealthy corporation and Government, whose interests diametrically opposed to and whose unswerving policy has ever been inimical to the settlers, and to Canada, he is universally distrusted.

For instance, with regard to the Portage La Prairie settlement, which by his representations Judge Black endeavoured to exclude, actuated thereto, in furthering the Company's interests, I may mention for your information that this settlement owed its origin to the enterprise and independence of Archdeacon Cochrane, who to shield his parishioners from the tyranny and unjust administration of the laws of the Company's Government within their limits, founded the present settlement outside the Company's jurisdiction.

From then up to the present time, the Company has entertained the bitterest feeling towards the people comprising this settlement, who, nevertheless, have prospered in spite of them.

This fact may explain the motive for the representations already made by Judge Black, and if his advice is to be followed, and his approval consulted, throughout the clauses of the Bill, the new Province stands in imminent danger of having imposed upon it another Hudson Bay Company's Government, such as the people there have for years, by petitions and appeals, been endeavouring to rid themselves.

What the settlers want:

1. Troops to protect them and maintain law and order.

2. A treaty with the Indians over the entire Territory, so that traders, miners, hunters, &c., whose avocations take them without the limits of the Province, may follow their respective callings with safety. With a view also of securing immunity from danger to the settlements likely to be established at an early date along the Saskatchewan Valley.

3. Representative institutions of the simplest kind.

4. Equal privileges to all natives—white, mixed, and civilized or Christian Indians.

5. The franchise extended to all British subjects, actual householders six months from date of the order in Council.

I have the honor to be,
Honorable Sir,
Your most obd't. serv't,
JAMES LYNCH.

Russell House, May 6, 1870.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

OTTAWA, May 6th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3.25 p.m.

Mr. BROUSSEAU called the attention of the House to the map of the North West in connection with the Senate report on the Territory, which he considered incorrect, and explained his proposal to prepare a map of the whole Dominion under the direction of the Printing Committee.

Mr. MACKENZIE wished to know if the Civil Service Commission was still in existence.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that reports were complete with regard to the departments at Ottawa.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he had heard there was a third report made that was kept a secret from the House, and he thought it was not acting fairly towards the House.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON wished to know if it was the intention of the House to carry out the recommendation of the Civil Service Commission with regard to the salaries of Government employees.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS thought he would be able to produce the report to-morrow.

Hon Sir F. HINCKS moved the third reading of the Superannuation Bill.

Mr. JOLY spoke at some length on the inconvenience that would result from the adoption of a 2½ per cent discount from some, and 4 per cent on other salaries of the civil service officers, and thought that those servants who had insured their lives, before the passing of this Bill, should be exempt from the proposed reduction, and those persons should not be entitled to any of the Superannuation Fund so long as their lives continued to be insured. He moved an amendment to that effect which was put to a vote and lost. Yeas, 58; nays, 69.

Mr. GODIN moved an amendment to the effect that no officer should be entitled to receive any share of the Fund, who had not contributed to it for five years.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said that the amendment of his hon. friend was merely a scheme for a benefit society, and would prevent the Government from getting rid of old and inefficient officers for five years to come.

Mr. HARRISON—This amendment was clearly out of order; the Act declared that no vote be taken for the appropriation of any part of public revenue to any purpose that has not first been recommended by message from His Excellency. This amendment proposed to apply part of the public revenue, not only to the superannuated servants, but to their widows and children.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved an amendment that the officers of this House should be exempted from the operation of this Bill.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that this amendment if carried, would injuriously affect many of the employees of this House.

The amendment was put to a vote and lost Yeas, 49; nays, 81.

Mr. GODIN moved a further amendment to the effect that providing that the pensions secured by this Bill should be paid exclusively out of the fund created by the abatement from the salaries of public officers, provided by this Bill, without any contribution from the consolidated funds of the Dominion. The amendment was put to a vote, and lost, yeas 48, nays; 83.

Mr. COSTIGAN moved a three months' hoist—division taken, yeas 33, nays 87.

The third reading was carried on division.

A message from His Excellency relating to the protection of fisheries was read. The correspondence was from Downing street, informing the Canadian Government that a sufficient force would be sent for the protection of the Canadian fisheries. The communication was received with applause.

Mr. MCDOUGALL thought there would be no more necessity for the six fast schooners down in the Gulf.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that the fisheries required for their protection the six fast schooners, as it was not the intention of the Imperial Government to do police duty, and British vessels were not calculated for such work.

Hon. MR. DORION wished the Finance Minister to inform the House what the Canadian Government was to contribute to the protection of the fisheries, would it be like the North West expedition.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—No! no!

Hon. Mr. DORION thought this House should be put in possession of the full correspondence respecting the protection of the fisheries.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the Honourable Minister of Justice promised yesterday that the North West Bill would be the first discussed to-day, and the time of the House had been taken up in unimportant discussion.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he was sorry to have to explain to the House, that the Hon. Minister of Justice while coming to the House was taken very ill and could not attend, and he would ask the House to postpone the discussion. He had just received another message from the hon. gentleman, that it will be impossible for the Minister of Justice to make his appearance at the House this evening. He knew that the hon. member for Lambton had his heart set on the discussion, and if he insisted on it they would accommodate him.

Mr. MACKENZIE was sorry to hear of the illness of his hon. friend, and would be happy to postpone the discussion on that account.

The House rose at 6 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The House went into Committee on the Bill respecting certain works on the River Ottawa, Mr. HARRISON in the chair.

The Bill passed through the Committee and was read a third time and passed.

Mr. MACKENZIE on the item for Militia expenses, wished to know if the building formerly occupied by Colonel Coffin on the Rideau had been sold.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN—Yes, the building has been sold.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Where does it appear in the public accounts?

Hon Mr. LANGEVIN—It must have been sold since July last.

Concurrence was taken on supplementary estimates, which had passed through Committee of Supply, and passed.

Mr. BELLEROSE, in the absence of the Hon. Dr. Tupper, moved the Act respecting Interest be read the third time.

Mr. Oliver moved the three months' hoist.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER thought that the majority of the members of this House, who voted against the Government on the Bill settling the maximum rate of interest at 8 per cent, should now vote for this Bill, fixing the lawful rate of interest at 6 per cent.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON did not see because he had voted against the fixing of the lawful rate of interest at 8 per cent, that it followed, logically, that he should vote for the Bill at 6 per cent, but he was better pleased with the amendment of the Bill than he was with it at its first appearance; but he did not think this House had the power of fixing the rate of interest.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—Then why did the hon. member vote for the 6 per cent., when the Government introduced the 8 per cent. rate?

Mr. HENDERSON moved that the Bill get the three months hoist. He did not think the House had the power to fix the rate of interest, and the attempt was unworthy of the age in which we lived.

The motion of a three months hoist was put to a vote and came to a tie. Yeas 56; nays 56.

The Speaker gave the casting vote, and voted yea.

Mr. J. S. ROSS moved the House into Committee to consider certain resolutions on the subject of interest. He thought that as it was a subject of great importance to the country, he would like to have a full discussion on the Bill before the House.

Hon. Mr. WOOD, on a question of order, said the House had been in Committee on the same resolution before, and he thought there should be some limit to putting the House in Committee on the same question.

The Speaker ruled in order. The discussion on the Bill alone had simply been postponed. The question of fixing the rate of interest had not been disposed of.

Hon. Mr. WOOD moved that the House pass to the next order of the day. The motion was put to a vote and carried. Yeas, 69; nays, 53.

Mr. ROSS moved the second reading of the Bill to limit the rate of interest.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that this question must be examined by a committee of the whole.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER denied that this was a measure affecting trade or commerce.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that money was a matter related to trade and commerce, and was bought and sold like any other commodity.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN mentioned incidents that had occurred during his parliamentary career in which Bills relating to money had been introduced, without having originated with resolutions in committee. No doubt the course had been followed this session, but it never had been done before.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Yes, it was done last session.

After some further discussion on a question of order made by Mr. WOOD, the Speaker ruled that the Bill was irregular and out of order.

Mr. MILLS rose to another point of order, and said that the House had already decided on postponing the consideration of this question for three months.

After some further discussion the Speaker ruled that this Bill was substantially the same as the measure, the discussion on which had been postponed for three months, and was therefore out of order.

Mr. MASSON moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act respecting Railways. After a slight discussion the second reading of the Bill was carried.

Mr. DEFRESNE moved the second reading of the Bill to facilitate the incorporation of Institutions of Landed Credit. It was referred to standing committee on Banking and commerce.

The House went into Committee on the Bill for registration of marks or Brands used in marking timber (Mr. Wright)

Mr. MILLS in the chair.

The Bill was reported without amendments, Read the third time and passed

Mr. KEELER moved second reading of the Bill to amend the Insolvent Act of 1869.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said he did not see any advantage to be gained by Mr. Keeler's change in the Bill.

The Bill was referred to a special Committee.

The Bill respecting Official Assignees, appointed under the Insolvent Act of 1864, (Mr Abbott), was read a second time and referred to a special Committee.

A Bill to amend the law relating to the inspection of Raw Hides and Leather (Mr. Lawson) passed through Committee with some slight amendments. Read the third time and passed.

The Bill to amend section 142 of the Insolvent Act of 1869 was read the second time and referred to Committee.

In reply to Mr. MACKENZIE,

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said owing to the illness of the Hon. Minister of Justice they were not able to proceed with the Manitoba question, but hoped they would be able to do so to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 11:20 p.m.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual royal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 4th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at the usual hour.

The Canadian Vessels Discipline Bill, assented to by the Commons, was passed.

Hon. Mr. MCPHERSON presented a report from the Committee suggesting a scheme for reporting and publishing the debates of the House next session.

In answer to an enquiry from Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said there was a correspondence going on about reciprocity with the United States, but between the Dominion Government and the British Minister at Washington, not with the American Government.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved the second reading of the New Brunswick Police Force Bill.—Carried.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Harbours and Channels Improvement Bill.

The Committee rose and reported, and the Bill was read a third time and passed.

In reply to Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said there was no discrepancy between what had been stated in the Senate and what had been stated in the other House in respect to the Red River delegates. These delegates had been received as coming from the people, not from the so-called Riel Government, and they had been invited to come, and had been received at the earnest request of the Imperial Government. The prorogation of the Parliament, he thought, might be early next week, but he spoke simply from his own views of the position of public business.

In answer to another enquiry, he said that the fractional notes had not been numbered, simply because for small bills the process would be expensive. The notes were printed on letter denominations, and there were 40,000 in each denomination, and the paper was of a peculiar kind, which it would be difficult to counterfeit.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS,

OTTAWA, May 4th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

COAL DUTIES.

Mr. BEATY (Toronto) presented a petition against coal from City Council, Toronto, (hear and laughter) as being unjust and oppressive.

NORTH WEST CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. MACKENZIE said with permission of the House he would make a motion. Two days ago he had asked that before the discussion on the Bill for the organization of the Government of the North West Territory should be brought down, the House should be put in possession of correspondence and documents connected with the difficulty, especially that correspondence which had been had with the Imperial Government, and he desired to make a motion with that view at the present time. He hoped the Government and the House would not object to the motion, as it was of the very utmost importance that in a matter of such grave consequence to the country they should proceed with the utmost possible deliberation and caution, so that nothing which they might do or say, or any Act they might pass, should have the effect of conflicting in any way with the Imperial authorities, under whom, they were supposed to govern that Continent. And in the organization of the Provinces out of that North West Territory, of which they expected to have a number, it was especially desirable that before the first step should be taken, all negotiations and communications should be laid before the House. He could not divert himself of the impression that the Government had failed in their duty in not laying that correspondence before the House at an earlier period, including all documents which were manifestly necessary for the consideration of the subject. He had not made his motion for the purpose of opening up any discussion, but for the sole object he had mentioned. He then moved that copies of all correspondence with the Imperial Government relative to Red River Territory, by telegraph or otherwise, since the prorogation of Parliament in 1869, or with any other parties in Canada or the Territory, may be laid before the House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD did not object to the motion. Most, if not all the correspondence not injurious to the public interest was already down. There had been subsequent correspondence, all of which not injurious to the public interest would be produced, but this was not to have any effect in deferring the consideration of the Bill, nor would it lead to the inference that there had been unnecessary delay. There were a great many of these documents, some marked confidential, and others affecting life and property; these could not be brought down.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked when the Government would bring them down?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—That is a matter of time.

Mr. MACKENZIE hoped the hon. gentleman would not consider the despatches objectionable merely because they were awkward to particular Ministers.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONCLD dissented.

After some conversation, the motion was carried.

INTERCOLONIAL FUND AND SECURITIES.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT asked what were the exact sums standing at the credit of the Dominion at their various Bankers or Bank agents, either in Canada or in England, upon the 1st day of March last, and 2nd, whether there were any special advances, balances or deposits made with or held by any of the Banking agents of the Dominion for the purpose of providing funds for the completion of the Intercolonial Railroad, and also whether any, and what, collateral securities have been deposited with such Bank agents as security for such advances or deposits.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS gave the following particulars in answer to the first question:—

BALANCE OF DEPOSITS IN

Molson's Bank	$ 1 22
Quebec Bank	2,164 00
Bank of Montreal, at Montreal	939,592 00
Do. St. John's	56,202 00
Do. Halifax	163,786 00
Merchants' Bank	6,346 00
Gore Bank	10 00
Bank of British North America	565 00
Toronto Bank	10,223 00
Niagara District	3,292 00
Ontario Bank	2,382 00
Total balances	1,184,658 00

AMOUNT OF SPECIE RESERVE.

Montreal	$996,450 00
St. John	53,200 00
Halifax	46,200 00
Total Specie Reserve	1,095,850 00

ISSUE.

Montreal	$678,550 00
St. John	12,200 00
Halifax	15,200 00
Total	705,950 00
Glyn Mills & Co.	655,663 00
Baring Bros.	332,408 00
Total	988,011 00
Total	3,974,440 00

With regard to the second question, there were India bonds $684,333; Provincial debentures $159,053; deposited in the Bank of Montreal $2,031,549; advanced by Bank of Montreal in Great Western bonds, $2,768,234—Total $5,640,170. The Bank of Montreal hold five per cent. bonds of the Consolidated Canadian Loan $1,946,666, Collateral securities for bonds of Great Western.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE STATEMENTS.

Mr. WORKMAN enquired whether the supplementary returns of statements made by Life Insurance Companies, have been furnished to the Government since the one contained in the Blue Book, dated, "Credit Office, 10th March last," which book contained returns from twenty six companies only, while twenty-seven, at least, were doing business in Canada?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said they would be sent down as early as possible. Some of the returns had required revision and correction.

In reply to the Hon. Mr. HOLTON,

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said that the Board of Customs, Excise and Stamps was not cotinued.

DROPPED AND UNOPPOSED ORDERS.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD then proposed that the House should go through the Orders, and dispose of those which were dropped and unopposed.

Hon. Mr. MCKENZIE said that that was usually done when Government announced their intentions, for if session should last some time yet it would be unfair to deprive members of the right of proceed.

Mr. SAVARY approved of the suggestion.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it would be premature to slaughter the innocents yet. It was stated yesterday that the measures to be brought forward by Government would be mentioned, and among these the Currency Bill.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the proper time to do so would be in the evening when Government orders would be taken up.

INTERCOLONIAL BRIDGES.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD moved an Address for a Return showing the number of bridges required to be constructed on the Intercolonial Railway, &c. He explained that his object was to ascertain the manner in which the bridges of the Railway were to be built, as it was desirable that it should be done in the most durable and substantial manner. When the estimates were made items on that subject were based on a report of the Secretary of State, although it seemed to be the intention to deviate from the original instructions. He was glad to observe that six or seven most important bridges were likely to be made of iron. Nor would that cause additional cost, for there would be less cost in keeping them in repair. The risk of fire as well as the necessity for making frequent repairs in wooden bridges, in his mind, was a sufficient inducement to the Commissioners to build bridges of iron. The motion was carried.

RECIPROCITY.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved for a return of correspondence on the subject of commercial reciprocal relations with the United States. His object in making the motion was that he had heard that offers to renew the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada had been rejected. There was another object; he wished to know what negotiation to that effect had been entered into between Prince Edwards Island and Canada. None of the correspondence had yet been made public.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD replied that all the correspondence which could be furnished would be submitted to the House.

THE FISHERIES.

Sir A. T. GALT asked if the correspondence respecting fisheries had been prepared yet.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD replied that a number of documents were of an un-official nature and the Government had no authority to bring them down. They would publish all that could be supplied as early as possible.

INTEREST.

Mr. BELLEROSE moved that the Bill respecting interest be repealed.—Carried.

In reply to Hon. Mr. WOOD,

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they had brought down all the correspondence respecting the North West that it was intended to submit to the House.

RATE OF INTEREST.

Hon. Dr. TUPPER moved the further consideration of the proposed motion that the Bill respecting interest be read a third time on Monday next.

After a short discussion the motion was carried and the third reading fixed for to morrow.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) moved the second reading of an Act concerning weights and measures.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD desired to have the Bill dropped.

Mr. MASSON complied, but hoped the House would take the matter up and endeavour to assimilate the weights and measures of the country.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said a Committee of the Senate had been appointed to consider the subject.

DROPPED BILLS.

The following public Bills in the hands of private members among others were dropped.

Bill respecting the extradition of criminals from Canada for crimes committed in the United States, and other foreign countries, Mr. Mills.

Bill respecting the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, Mr. Jones.

Bill respecting the Law of Usury in Nova Scotia, Mr. Savary.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.

Mr. CURRIER moved for the names, creed, age, nationality and former occupation of all employees of the Dominion Government.—Carried.

PRINTING COMMITTEE'S REPORTS.

Mr. BROUSSEAU moved the adoption of the report of the Joint Committee of both Houses on Printing.—Carried.

Hon Mr. HOLTON wished to know if the other House had adopted the report?

Mr. BROUSSEAU—Yes.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said if so, it must have been with the consent of the Government.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said there must be some misunderstanding about the the matter. Government had no objection to the adoption of the report.—Motion carried.

Mr. BROUSSEAU then moved the adoption of the 10th report of the Joint Committee on Printing. In doing so he stated that the Committee in that report had recommended an increase of the salaries of the distributer and his assistant from $600 and $500 to $800 and $600

Mr. STEPHENSON quite agreed with the hon. gentleman that the salaries of those officers should be increased.

Mr. SCATCHERD did not approve of increasing the salaries of officers in any but a regular way.

Mr. STEPHENSON said that was not an ordinary case. The officers referred to were taken from the list of the regular civil service officers, and their salaries were not increased at the same time as others.

Mr. MILLS believed the Committee had exceeded their powers in making such [illegible] commendation.

Mr. MACKENZIE begged to differ from the hon. member for Bothwell. The Committee were composed of members from both Houses, and, therefore, had power to increase the salaries of those officers. It was a matter in which neither House would interfere.

Motion carried.

Mr. BROUSSEAU moved the adoption of the 12th report of the Joint Committee on Printing.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he found certain things in the report he did not quite agree with, the report which had been presented on the [illegible] April, and as the Government [illegible] time to consider it, he desired to let the matter stand over.

Mr. MACKENZIE said if the Government desired to have time they [illegible] get it. Their attention, he [illegible] be directed not merely to the [illegible] to the manner in which the accounts [illegible] made up. He observed, that [illegible] printer charged 40c. for [illegible] another charged 50c for the same amount of work, and those accounts been paid without a question.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said there [illegible] regular Auditors appointed to [illegible] accounts. He directed attention [illegible] Private Printing accounts especially.

After some further discussion [illegible] tion of the report was allowed [illegible] over till Monday.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

A Bill to amend the Act respecting the duties of Justices of the Peace out of Session in relation to summary Convictions and orders, was read a third time and passed.—Mr. Drew.

PROMISSORY [illegible].

A Bill to amend the Act [illegible] on Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange was read a third time and passed.—Mr. Savary.

MUNICIPAL LOAN FU[illegible].

Mr. WOOD resumed the discussion on the subject of the sum payable [illegible] Municipal Loan fund of 1859 for the benefit of the townships of Lower Canada. He contended that as the equivalent [illegible] population of the *Eastern Townships* compared with the $2,218,000 paid [illegible] Seigniors so should have been the [illegible] lent to Upper Canada in proportion [illegible] population. But he did not choose [illegible] cuss that. The law had established [illegible] sum and the mode of its distribution [illegible] by no possibility could he see how [illegible] townships could insist on being paid [illegible] cents on the dollar. If the Minister of Justice said that the Government [illegible] ed they were obliged to pay the full amount it would be useless for him to [illegible] on. He read the clauses of the [illegible] support of this. He desired to [illegible] authoritative decision on this matter which he could refer should the subject [illegible] brought up and reflections made [illegible] that he had not paid attention to the matter.

Mr. CASAULT said the whole [illegible] had been referred by Ontario to the arbitrators, and made a claim [illegible] which was now under considera[illegible] thought that should settle the [illegible] argued at some length to show [illegible] of the law and the position of [illegible] funds.

Hon. Mr. WOOD contended [illegible] question before the arbitrators was a different subject altogether.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT [illegible] after the discussion must be [illegible] this was not the proper tribunal [illegible] already before the tribunal which [illegible] nizince of the matter, and if the [illegible] this motion to be carried there [illegible] no security that all the other [illegible] not be brought in the same [illegible] sake of indulging the arbitrators.

Mr. FERGUSON maintained [illegible] arbitrators were not bound [illegible] the question of law, and the [illegible] Minister of Justice, who had [illegible] ed to, would be satisfactory to [illegible]

Hon Mr. CHAUVEAU argued [illegible] House had no power to deal with [illegible] ter.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE followed, [illegible] constitutional grounds the inability [illegible] House to deal with the subject.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that the [illegible] had power to deal with this matter [illegible] as the Minister of Justice was not [illegible] to give any opinion on the subject [illegible] would move the adjournment of [illegible] bate.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD [illegible] that the result of a premature [illegible] by this House would be that [illegible] that only 75 cents on the dollar [illegible] able, and it was decided by [illegible] unal that 100 cents must [illegible] Dominion Government would [illegible] the whole amount after [illegible] had been let off for the [illegible]

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that [illegible] was a decision, and not to [illegible] affairs of the two Provinces [illegible] for want of this.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS [illegible] the decision had already been [illegible] the Government that they [illegible] the Townships to accept [illegible] member for West Brant would [illegible] that decision.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said [illegible] already been considered [illegible] no such objections had there [illegible] the Treasurer of Ontario [illegible] charged by him against Quebec [illegible] chargeable to Ontario. A [illegible] of the debt was already fixed [illegible] Treasurer of Ontario was [illegible] these questions there were [illegible] brought up by Quebec.

Hon. Mr. WOOD denied the [illegible] been settled by any Order in Council [illegible] item as an item had been settled [illegible] the amount. This was what he [illegible] have done.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said [illegible] contemplated that the Dominion [illegible] ment express any opinion [illegible] they were parties to the [illegible] them, the Dominion being [illegible] tain portion of the amount [illegible] could no doubt be settled by [illegible] of the Government, but [illegible] of injustice to the Provinces [illegible] there might be protests, and [illegible] therefore the Minister of Justice [illegible] wisely.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor-General, submitting the Supplementary Estimates, which were referred to the Committee of Supply.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

A message was also read from [illegible] ernor-General submitting [illegible] the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

It being now 6 o'clock, the [illegible] for recess.

LOCAL NEWS

Fine of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Rose & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Curtains and House Furnishings made a specialty. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Hutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing.—The grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Hutchmor & Co.

Appointment.—We have been informed that Dr. Codd has been named to a staff appointment in the Red River expeditionary force.

The Excursionists.—Our worthy mayor, and many of our prominent citizens have lent themselves to give grace and honor to the gentlemen who have just visited us from the other side of 45°.

Swimming Dull.—Two companies of the 60th Rifles accompanied by their splended band went through drill yesterday. The men looked well, and the severe exercise was performed with credit even to the 60th.

The Market—Friday—Was good. The fish stalls of Lapointe were well filled during the first part of the day; but were speedily emptied by hundreds of customers. The price of vegetables is easier than in the beginning of the week.

A Smash.—Yesterday morning, a person coming to the market with a waggon load of eggs and butter, butted against one of the parapets of the Sappers' bridge. The boxes overturned on the sidewalk, and the butter almost all placed beyond service.

Our Staples.—We learn from parties coming from the Upper Ottawa that the high spring tide of the present season will bring the timber to market at a very early season. There is a large quantity on the drive, and the market promises to be a good one.

A Monster Shark.—The house of the notorious Victoire Lemique was pretty well demolished on Thursday night by a party who, it would appear, had assembled for that purpose. Sue ran, in fright, but, it is said, no injury was intended to her, personally. The object was merely to break up the establishment.

Sale of Fruit Trees.—Mr. Rowe, one of our pushing city auctioneers, will sell a large number of fruit trees—grape vines &c, &c., opposite his auction rooms on Rideau Street The sale will be carried out without any regard to sacrifice. Look out for bargains.—See advertisement.

Runaway.—A horse belonging to Mr. Lapointe, grocer on Rideau street, was provoked to runaway yesterday near the Sappers' bridge by the breaking of the shafts of the bunny to which it was attached. After some furious kicking and strong attempts, the animal was caught and unhitched from the vehicle.

Why is it?—Last night the main avenues of our city were in utter darkness. A few nights ago Mr. Marshall had to close his theatre owing to a defective gas-metre. Can, or cannot our city gas company supply the wants of the community. Had we better pitch them overboard, and return to coal oil? This state of things is absolutely abominable.

Map of Ottawa.—We have seen a lately published map of this city by Mr. Taylor, of the Citizen. It is compiled from the archives of Ottawa by W. A. Thistle & Co. The map bears the evidence of the greatest care in its getting up. The publishers' work has been more than well executed;—it is excellently done. The map is altogether a credit to the publishing establishment from which it emanated. Its reliability has been assured by the testimonials of our foremost citizens.

Police Court.—Friday Arthur Watt was brought up on a charge of having been drunk and disorderly. During the night he had been conducting himself in a most violent manner in the station house. He was fined $10 and costs, or three weeks in gaol. He was committed.

J. Galipeau, drunk and disorderly, was fined $2 and costs.

A case of using abusive language was adjourned.

The adjourned larceny case was further put off.

Love Levons at Lochiel.—A couple of lovers managed to make themselves happy in spite of a flinty parent. About eleven o'clock on Thursday night, a friend of the sighing swain, having arranged matters before hand, managed to get a young lady, in Lower Town, out of a second-story window of her father's house. Her anxious admirer was impatiently waiting at a short distance. During the hurry of the strange affair the "Juliet" of the occasion fell on the head of her lover's friend. He unfortunately happened to be wearing a spank new silk hat, which came to grief by being driven down over his ears. He, however, pulled out of the disagreeable situation, and landed over the expectant bride to her future lord, and master. We learn the knot was tied, and we wish the young pair happiness.

Mr. Mackenzie and the Chaudiere Mill Owners.—Mr. Mackenzie's motion last night before the House, concerning the works of the mill owners at the Chaudiere, showed a very short-sighted policy. Mr. Mackenzie cannot be aware of the good the lumbermen of Hull are doing for the country, giving employment to great numbers of men and bringing a large amount of money into the city by building these very works referred to by Mr. Mackenzie. If he would take the trouble to examine the local columns of the newspapers of the day, he would find that the water has been unusually high in all parts of the Dominion this spring; booms have even been broken, bridges floated off, saw-mills swept away and considerable damage done on every tributary of both the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Rivers. He cannot suppose that the building of the dams at the Chaudiere had any effect on the waters of the Madawaska, where Mr. McLaughlin's mills were swept away or on the Rideau when the bridges at Manotic village were carried down the river, and yet because the waters of the Ottawa rose this year at the Chaudiere some three feet above its ordinary high water mark and flooded an old bridge that had never been built high enough to prevent it from being flooded, he would paralize the energies of those who are building up the wealth and prosperity of Ottawa by their skill and enterprise, instead of compelling the Aylmer Road Company to expend three or four hundred dollars in making their road passable at a point where it was always in danger of being flooded, had there never been a dam built at the Chaudiere.

Theatre.—The Company now performing at Her Majesty's Theatre in Ottawa, taken as a whole, present a very superior order of histrionic talent. Not only is the low Comedian, Mr. Lindley, good—we might with great truth use a stronger expression—but the whole company are much above the ordinary run of players. The representation of "The Ticket of Leave Man" last night, would not have disgraced the London boards. Hawkshaw, as the detective was most admirable, and Mr. Bissell personified "Rose" with great tact and effect. "The Ticket of Leave Man" is rarely better personified than it was by Mr. Clinton, and "May Edwards," by Miss Florence Webster, was a superior piece of acting, frequently bringing down the house. A more interesting or more attractive piece has not been better played upon the boards of an Ottawa theatre for many a day. To-night, there will also be an attractive piece, and we trust a larger audience to appreciate it, as assuredly all will do, who witness it.

Mr. Marshall, the lessee of the Theatre, deserves encouragement. Unfortunately, he opened his theatre at a time, when to many, the greater attraction of the Parliament taks to the House of Commons numbers, who, only for the interest which they naturally take in the proceedings of that House would assuredly devote a few leisure hours to the theatre. This drawback to theatre-going, however, will not now be of long continuance, and we trust, that Mr. Marshall will yet reap the fruit of a most anxious desire to gratify all, whose education and tastes lead them to patronize the legitimate drama.

Let us remark further, that the orchestral music is of the highest order of excellence, and worthy of the reputation which Mr. Sutherland's band have long and deservedly enjoyed, while the greatest pains are taken to adapt the scenery to local intimacies—even Sparks street, or, at least, familiar places in it, being sometimes most particularly kept in view.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line.

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 6, 1870

The residence of Dr. Hodder was entered by burglars on Wednesday night, and $600 worth of plate taken.

Edward Hall, groom in Dr. Hodder's employment, Alexander McKee, and a prostitute, named Wilson, have been arrested. Hall confessed to have stolen the property together with McKee.

The London contingent of Red River volunteers arrived yesterday, and 80 men from Quebec.

They went into the headquarters at the Crystal Palace.

The rations issued to the troops are complained of as being insufficient, and of a poor quality.

Each man will receive his kit to-day.

The following officers of the Niagara battalion have been appointed:—Lieut Colonel P. Jarvis, Kingston; Major Griffin, Wainwright, Cobourg; Adjutant William J. B. Parson, Captain 60th Rifles.

The London officers of the Quebec battalion are not yet appointed.

It is expected that Lieutenant Colonel Cavanit will command the battalion, and that Captain Allan will be Adjutant General.

General Lindsay and staff arrived yesterday morning.

Four hundred emigrants arrived yesterday.

The propellor "Lewis Stickland," is loading with pors for Red River.

Six privates of the 60th Rifles deserted on Tuesday and Wednesday; four of them crossed the Lake in a boat, and reached the American side.

The Dominion Cigar makers held a meeting on Wednesday, and resolved to memorialize the Government for an alteration of the tariff.

Orders have been issued that no newspaper correspondents are to accompany the troops to Red River.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, May 6.

Arrived from sea:—S.S. *European* and S.S. *St. David*; ships *Ottawa, Avran, Acme, Algiers*; barque *Defender*; schooner *Pioneer*.

The City Council meets to-night, when the lately elected members will take their place. A collision is expected then with the old members.

Bishop Williams addresses the Young Men's Christian Association this evening.

Capt. Storey writes in to-day's *Chronicle*, pleading the peculiar situation and excitement on board the S.S. *Germany*, and denying the correctness of certain statements.

At the annual meeting of La Banque Nationale a dividend of seven and a half per cent. was declared.

E. Chertier was elected President, and A. St. Joseph, Vice-President.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 5.

Two fires occurred last night, both in stables, in one of them a horse was found suffocated.

Some 60 of the Indian braves of the Caughnawagas, who were recently engaged by the government for a Civil Service corps, in the expeditionary force for Red River left Bonaventure station this morning by the 8.30 train, for Toronto. They are to be sent on to Fort William, and will be employed in managing the boats and in the transport service of the expedition.

The attendance to-day by farmers and supply of produce was more than equal to the demand. Farmers say that rain is much needed in the country.

Last night a merchant representing himself as from Prince Edward Island, reported to the police of the St. Charles Bommoce station that he had been robbed in McGill-st, of over $400 in cash, by two men, whom he did not know, but with whom he had only a few hours been acquainted.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London.—Despatches from the Governor General of Canada to the Colonial Office, announcing the peaceful settlement of the Red River troubles, were read by Earl Granville in the House of Lords to-night.

The *Times* deplores the Woman's Rights movement in the House of Commons, and does not believe that the women of England are at all in sympathy with it.

The Government offers free passage in transports, about to sail for Canada, to all dock-yard laborers recently discharged, who wish to emigrate.

At the Newmarket races the Prince of Wales stakes was won *Bowes-Tarson*. The handicap of 100 sovereigns was won by *Skip Jack. McGregor* is a strong favorite at 3 to 1 against the field for the Derby. The one thousand guinea stakes was won by *Nestor; Frivolity* was second.

Sir John Gray, yielding to Ministerial pressure, postponed his amendment to the Bill, making the Ulster custom general, and prohibiting subletting.

An amendment restricting compensation to outgoing tenants gave rise to an excited debate, which was brought to a close by Mr. Gladstone. He implored the committee to reject the amendment.

Sir John A. Macdonald still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shootoma Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

SATURDAY, MAY 7th,

Will be presented the Domestic Pathetic Drama, entitled,

AGNES DeVERE.

To conclude with the original farce of

THE SPITFIRE.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....W J MARSHALL.

May 2, 1870. 1332 6

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

ADJOURNED SALE OF R. A. BRADLEY'S CHOICE BUILDING SITES AT *GOREBOROUGH.*

Public notice is hereby given that the great sale of Choice Building sites in the Village of Goreborough, on the Montreal Road, (just one mile from Ottawa,) will be resumed by J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, at the City Auction Mart, at the close of the Ordnance Sale of Lands, on FRIDAY next, the 13th INSTANT.

The object of the proprietor in resuming the above sale at the time and place mentioned, is amongst other things, to afford an opportunity to intending purchasers who were disappointed by attending too late at the last sale, and who have unanimously expressed the desire that another sale should be called. It is to be hoped that the public have been sufficiently advised as to the locality in question, and also as to the eligibility of the situation for country residences, &c.

Parties desiring to purchase any of the above lots by private sale may do so on advantageous terms up to the day of sale.

Plans will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Auction Rooms of J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa, or at the Law Office of the Proprietor.

R A BRADLEY,
Bangs' Block,
Corner Sparks and Elgin streets,
Ottawa.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer. 1334d

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M RAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Fickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

WANTED.

By an experienced TAILOR a situation as CUTTER. Apply at THE TIMES Office. 1332 1

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April inst.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company,

Will be held at the Office of the Company, in the Village of New Edinburgh, on FRIDAY, May 13th, 1870, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of obtaining their consent to the exercise by the Directors of the Company of the powers conferred on them by the 29 and 30 Vic. chap. 16, section 12, for raising money for the purposes of the Company, and for securing the same and interest as specified in that section.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

New Edinburgh, May 5, 1870 1331 3

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.*

Suspenders, Socks, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ANNUAL SALE.

IMPORTANT TO GENTLEMEN FLORISTS AND OTHERS,

Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Flowering Plants.

Extensive sale of rare and valuable PLANTS, consisting of Crab Apples, Dwarf de Choice and Large. A large variety of Plum Trees and Currants, Gooseberries and strawberries.

A variety of different qualities of Grapes A large quantity of Asparagus, dug up in twenty-first. Bitys and hundreds to purchasers. Ornamental plants and trees, consisting of Roses, H. P., Moss do, Perpetual Highbrid and Climbing do., Mountain Ash, Horse Chestnut, Weeping Willows, and a variety of shrubbery. This will be a rare opportunity to secure these goods, as it is the largest consignment ever [illegible] to this market, and it is expected that there will be the last sale, as the duty is advanced to such an extent that it is almost impossible for the importer to bring these goods to the Canadian market.

Sale will take place on

TUESDAY, MAY 10th at TWO O'CLOCK,

On the vacant lot in front of the subscriber's Warerooms, East end Sappers' Bridge.

Terms Cash in Dominion Funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870 1332d

Dry Goods.

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW PRINTED MUSLINS.

MACEE & RUSSELL

Have just received

"JOUVIN" KID GLOVES,

in all colours.

ALSO,

ONE CASE

PRINTED MUSLINS

this Season's Patterns

"A CHOICE LOT."

Ottawa, April 19th.

Garland, Hutchmor & Co.

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, HUTCHMOR & CO

Invite special attention to their

CHOICE STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

In all the new materials and fashionable colors,

BLACK AND COLORED

ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

in great variety.

All extra good value.

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS,

A LARGE STOCK,

Cheapest in the Dominion.

Their stock is now complete in all departments

In the CARPET and HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT they are showing new and choice goods in great variety.

Extra good value in LACE CURTAINS.

Inspection invited.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 50 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in a the new shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa P O, 30th April, 1870.

Anderson Mrs C	Kelly Thos
Andrews W	Kealy Mrs
Armstrong Arthur	King Jno
Armstrong Miss M	Knight Ed H
Armstrong Jas	Lambert Thos
Arless Geo C	Lamb & Son Thos
Armstrong L	Leitch H A
Bassel Ed	Lindsay Jno C
Baston Mrs M S	Linton Windsor
Bain Arch	Lilico Miss Mary
Bayliss Jno	Logan Jas
Beaumont Bros	Lyons Jno
Birt Mrs D	Mackey Jas
Blake Miss M	Malone W P
Black Miss M	Masson Jas
Botrell Jr —	Martin Jas
Brown Mrs S	Mahoney Miss B
Brennan M	Meade D C
Bramby G H	Mitchell Mrs M
Brancelin Cath	Morrison Miss S
Brady And	Moffatt Alex
Brown J P	Murphy Jno
Brainard J L	Myers Miss C
Brown Geo	O'Brien Pat
Bridgman C	O'Brien Sarah
Brooke Mrs or Miss M A	O'Connor Jno
Barrows Jas	O Connor Kate
Burnett Jas	Parish J W B
Burgess & Co	Palumbo Miss
Cameron Thos	Pearson Ily
Cameron Alex	Peddiar Jos
Caldwell Wm	Potter S D
Carter Mrs E	Power Miss B
Christie Alex	Post J H
Church Alex	Poole Cyrus
Clark W	Poole Jos
Clairmont F X	Pritchard Miss
Clements Chas	Pudosh Mrs M
Cline S	Rendles Thos
Cooper W J	Reilly M
Collins & Co J	Reilly Jno
Craig Mrs J	Ritchie Robt
Currier Arthur	Ripley L K
Cunningham Thos	Reilly Miss B
Curry W	Roberts E L
Cunningham Miss J A	Rose Jno
Daly And	Robertson J
Daily Jas	Redden W H
Dent Jno	Robinson Miss S
Dick B	Ryan Miss J
Dionne F	Sayers Mrs Hy
Donaldson Miss A	Sullivan Mrs
Dow R	Scott N
Drew Geo A	Scott J
Elliott Geo E	Scott R
Elliott A	Sennett Miss A
Fee Mrs Jane	Sherwood Geo
Fenton J F	Sisson Chas
Findley Jno	Smith And
Fingerald J W	Smith Mrs F L
Fleming Mrs E	Smith Miss E
Forbes Dan	Smith Mrs
Foster Sam W	Smith J M
Garland Geo	Smart Alex
Gardener Geo	Spelman Ed
Gauher M	Stewart Miss M
Gammon Miss Ann	Stewart Fra
Gorman Mrs Ann	Street Alb
Greene Jas	Sullivan Geo
Grant Mrs M	Taylor Thos
Grand Miss Cath	Tardiff Fred
Greene Jno	Teller J
Grant Jno	Thomson Jno
Hatch Thos	Thompson Jos
Hamilton Mrs M	Thomas Mrs M
Hayworth Mrs J	Thompson Mrs J
Halliwell G S	Thorne Miss L M
Hamilton And	Tiley Geo
Henston Wm	Tomlinson Miss J
Hinds H Y	Tucker J R
Henshaw G H	Warren Hy
Helen Jno	Wade Geo F
Hollis Jno	Watt Jas
Hodder Geo	White Jno
Hodgson Miss R	Young Mr
Hurst Robt	McCabe Pat
Hughes M	McCutters Miss M
Hall E B	McCready Jane
Hurley Pat	McDonald Geo
Hutchings R C	McDonald Mrs A
Hyson Sergt Jno	McGrath M
James Miss L A	Molstoch Miss M A
Jackson Alf	McLean R F
Jackson Miss E	McLeod D
Jackson Mrs Jos	McLean A
Johnston Mrs G R	McMorgan Jas
Johnston Miss Anna	McMorrow Miss M
Kelly Miss E	McPherson J
Kennedy Jas	McQuake Sarah
Kealy Miss Mary	McKean Miss J
Kempt Jno	

G P BAKER, Postmaster.

Ottawa 1348 2

FOR SALE

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN, Auctioneer.

1330tf

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8.30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 187 1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

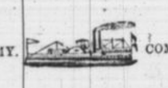
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y



ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

[illegible] the baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to MR SADLER, Protestant Hospital.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 69 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up of a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, [illegible] sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER TS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two Thomson Exhibitions, value $125; the Charles Alexander Scholarship, value $120; the Sovereigns' Exhibitions, value $100 to $120; the Jane Redpath Exhibition, value $100; the Taylor Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B.A.
1342 1awtf Secretary McGill University.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shows:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every good Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size).....$1 00
" " colored,..... 1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain,..... 1 50
" " colored..... 2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE, Windsor,

April 6, 1870.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Barkets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "Nott's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 3, 1869.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 7, 1870.

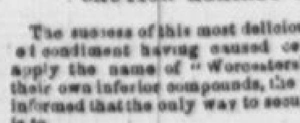
FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 48 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs.	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb.	0 07	@	0 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys "	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0
No. 1 Firkin	0 1?	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 10
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 50
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 60
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	13 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French coup de soleil, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY are in operation, toward in the wake of civilization.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the name of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1336 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1322 2awdm 1awkdm

Sarsaparilla,

FYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

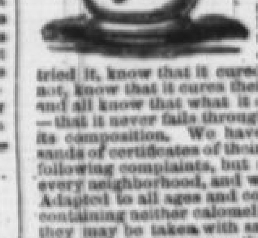
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

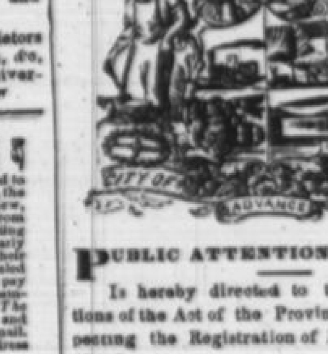
For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.



PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act.

24. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313 6wlawk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa,

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers, THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

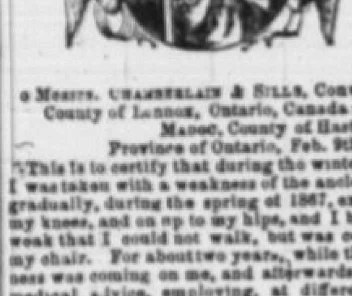
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
15 Sparks street.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J. Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street). Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa. M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR. Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 992y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1032tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P,

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS and GROCERS in towns

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

YOUNG & RADFORD

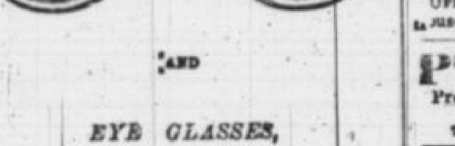
Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & Co.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 1s 2

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINNEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 5 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st., Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—B A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS!

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

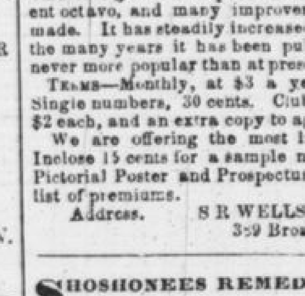
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

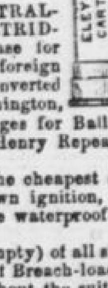
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less: also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS. PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its large experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 35, RIDEAU STREET

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Teas and a well Assorted Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Whiskey, Old Rye and Proof of the best manufacture.

Those not having had a trial of our Teas, are requested to call and judge for themselves, and tell your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, headache or relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid, GREAT PAIN CURER. Toothache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain, is distinguishable from the others by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable matter, and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, Queen Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, James Cotton, Managing Director.

VOL V.

Hardware

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Twine, Glass, Putty, &c., *Always on Hand.* Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, HAVING OPENED HIS ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the ...) for sale at VERY LOW ... well selected stock, of Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt, Bordeaux and ...

MESS PORK, P CKLED LABR. HERRINGS ... the numerous other articles ... a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Hyson, quite fresh and cheap. COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground ... on the premises. LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands. HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and ... bottle. WINES—Sherries of all grades, quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and ... all prices, in wood and bottle. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE WHISKEY high proof and ... at ... Thorne's and Stewart' ... Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter. McEwan's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades ... Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVE BY SELLING AT TWENTY PERCENT BELOW ... for is the time or bar ...

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH ... incorporated under Chapter ... Consolidated Statutes. OTTAWA OFFICE—G P D ... Office, 19 Sparks ... DIRECTORS ... JOSEPH, Chairman; D ... SFOOTE ATHOL ... DRUMMOND, Manager.

W. H. EASTON & ... COMMISSION MERCHANTS FORWARDING ... DEALER IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oats ... OTTAWA ... Cash advanced on goods ... sale. Prompt returns ... H. Easton

MAL DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET ... more gentlemen ... comfortable board and ... visiting the Capital will find ... by the day or week at ... This house is situated ... of the Parliament ... banks.

Education

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT ... Robert Stewart having ... accomplished ... Dancing Classes ... Wednesday, the 22nd inst ... further particulars may ... to Mr Robert Stewart ... Ottawa, September 9th, ...

PIANO TUNING.—... decided to divide his ... and Ogdensburgh, ... patrons and others, ... to their orders for ... hereafter. Shall visit ... Orders received at Mr ... Rooms, and at E. Miles' ...

MUSICAL ACADEMY ... Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH (Organist) a Graduate of the ... Paris. Lessons on Piano ... street, corner of King-st ... Ottawa, June 23, 1869.

GUYOT'S TAR, CONCENTRATED ... M Guyot has succeeded ... insupportable sourness ... rendering it very soluble ... happy discovery, he ... tar, which ... a large proportion of ... Guyot's tar possesses ... ordinary tarwater with ... glass of excellent tar ... agreeable taste may be ... by pouring a teaspoonful ... any one can thus prepare ... the moment he requires ... time, facilitating carriage ... disagreeable necessity ... Guyot's tar replaces ... more or less inactive ... colds, bronchitis, coughs ... Guyot's tar is employed ... success in the following diseases ... As a DRAUGHT—A ... water, or two table-spoons ...

BRONCHITIS, CATARRH OF ... COLDS, OBSTINATE IRRITATION ... WHOOPING COUGH, DISEASES OF THE PULMONARY ... AFFECTIONS ... DISEASES OF ...

DOMINICK FO... GENERAL CO... Clarence Street, ...

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1353. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 9, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEYSSTONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236 tf

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and their Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS;

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Henault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houttean's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and aver, at extremely low prices; Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bar gains. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.

H. Easton. R. M. Easton

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bormingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing expense, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a Draught—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a Lotion—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L. FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co. General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacture and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stoock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa.
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SLAE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1348f Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public.

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY.

The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

JOHN FENTON,
Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office,
Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 15 3

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miles.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants; for cooking or table use. finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole AMOUNT of of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the close of the year, 1869; and showing also the amount of its NOTES payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year; together with the amount of Specie and other Assetts, distinguishing each kind immediately available in every such month, for the discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation).

DEBTS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Circulation	281,279	4	
Other Liabilities	1,868,204	8	0
	2,149,483	12	

ASSETS.

	Sterling. £	s	d
Specie	354,807	17	9
Other Assets	2,973,454	19	3
	3,328,262	17	0

1869	Notes in Circulation	Specie	Notes of other Banks.
January	1,146,614	1,799,636 37	75,815 54
February	1,106,352	1,503,857 16	107,321 11
March	1,162,418	1,351,319 80	93,154 02
April	1,137,287	1,291,111 50	104,326 09
May	1,159,739	1,449,693 81	99,151 98
June	1,194,031	1,663,251 76	90,116 44
July	1,214,998	1,677,112 17	146,649 18
August	1,257,967	1,623,301 95	136,991 87
September	1,292,874	1,702,465 29	93,036 20
October	1,500,827	1,604,851 37	110,916 53
November	1,548,140	1,968,397 54	128,332 89
December	1,491,154	1,500,680 83	147,561 10

(By order of the Court of Directors).

R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

Bank of British North America, London, April 4, 1870 1345 3

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

SPLENDID FRESH GROUND

COFFEE,

At the Agency of the

India and China Tea Company,

BANGS BLOCK,
Elgin Street.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1346tf JONES & HOLLAND.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE (Noon)	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	5.30
6.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.50	5.30
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon.		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.50	5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	4.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	8.00	11.50	4.30
6.00	12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	4.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

Office Hours from 8 A.M., to 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our!

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, May 4th, 1870.

AFTER RECESS.

CURRENCY RESOLUTIONS.

Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the discharge of the Currency Resolutions. He said that there was no doubt that there was no difference of opinion among hon. members as to the desirability and absolute necessity of the assimilation of the currency of the Dominion at an early day (hear, hear). There was, however, a certain difference of opinion as to the mode by which that object could be effected, namely, whether the currency of the other Provinces should be assimilated to that of Nova Scotia, or the opposite course. On that subject it was well known that there had been propositions considered by the whole of Europe as well as America, and that there was a desire to have an assimilated international currency. Unfortunately they were not yet arrived at the solution of the question, and he did not look for a very early settlement of it. The members from Nova Scotia were very anxious that the matter should be postponed for some time; but, on the other hand, very great complaint had existed in the Province of New Brunswick as to the state of the currency. Since those discussions had arisen, the Government had under consideration the possibility of meeting the difficulties which existed in New Brunswick without disturbing for the present the existing state of currency in Nova Scotia. He was happy to say that in consequence of negotiations which had been going on, one proposition had been resolved on, namely, that on a certain day the Nova Scotia notes circulating in New Brunswick would be received at the public offices at St. John on the same terms as at Halifax, (cheers.) The postponement of the question was merely temporary, however.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that was another case of infanticide which the hon. gentleman had committed during the session. The measure was introduced by a considerable flourish of trumpets. The House felt that the currency ought to be assimilated last session; and last session the hon. gentleman's predecessor had introduced resolutions of a similiar character to those now withdrawn, and had withdrawn them for the same reasons as those now given by the Finance Minister. The hon. gentleman had said that there existed a great difference between Nova Scotia and the rest of the Dominion, but did the hon. gentleman ever expect to find uniformity of opinion on that subject.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Yes.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would like to know whether the Canadians were to go to Nova Scotia, or the reverse. There could of course be no objection to the hon. member withdrawing the resolutions, but the people of New Brunswick were led to believe by the hon. Minister of Customs that this difficulty would be removed. The hon. member did not seem to act up to his promise.

Mr. SAVARY was exceedingly anxious for an assimilation of the currency, and was even willing to waive his own views. He found now that there was good reason for the delay, as it appeared that the Chancellor of the Exchequer had stated that there was a prospect of assimilation between Great Britain and France. He hoped that the reports of the Paris Conference would be laid before the members.

Mr. MACDOUGALL (Renfrew) desired to know what prospect there was of a measure being introduced next session.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD said there was hope that at no distant day there would be assimilation of the currency throughout Europe. In fact one hundred and ten millions of people on that continent had a common currency now. He approved of the course adopted by the hon. Finance Minister.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said we were too small a people to hope to have a currency differing from other nations. It was especially necessary to assimilate the currency with that of the United States. It was not likely that they were going to assimilate their currency to that of Nova Scotia in preference to the currency adopted by the whole of the rest of the continent. Until the question of a universal currency was settled, it would not be well to press the matter. There was, no doubt, great inconvenience resulting from the present system of currency, and he would like to see it assimilated, but at present he considered such a step inexpedient. He therefore moved that the order be discharged.

The resolutions were discharged accordingly.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved that the House go into Committee tomorrow, on the message and accompanying resolutions respecting the Government of Manitoba.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

An Act to vest in Her Majesty for purposes therein-mentioned, the property and power now vested in the Trustees of the Bank of Upper Canada,—(Hon. Sir Francis Hincks)—was read a third time and passed.

SUPERANNUATION.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the reception of the report of the Committee on certain resolutions providing for the superannuation of persons employed in the Civil Service, and as officers of the Legislature.

The first two resolutions were read without discussion.

On the third resolution,

Mr. JOLY moved an amendment with a view of deducting 2 per cent. instead of, as in the resolutions, 4 per cent., from the salaries of employees.

The amendment was put to a vote and lost. Yeas 48; nays 80; and the resolution was carried.

The remaining resolutions were carried without discussion.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS introduced his Bill founded on the resolutions, which were read a first time.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ACT.

An Act respecting Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, was read a third time and passed.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of the Act to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it was evident that if the Hon. Minister of Justice proceeded with the second reading of the Bill there would be a debate on it. He had not read the Bill yet himself, and he ventured to say that not half a dozen members in the House had read it. They were, therefore, unprepared to discuss it that night. He confessed frankly that he was not ready to enter into a debate on the subject till he had read the Bill

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said he was about to preface his remarks by saying that as the Bill had not been more than an hour in the hands of the members he did not wish to press a discussion. He merely desired to bring it up for the purpose of stating very shortly in what respects the measure now in the hands of the members differed from the one presented at the first reading. The first change in the Bill, he would not say, was the boundary produced for the new Province. It would be remembered that the boundary commenced at 96 degrees and extended from east to west to 98 degrees 15 minutes. They desired to change the boundary, allowing it to run to the meridian, 99 degrees west. At the same time power would be held to increase the boundaries of the Province towards the west. The reason why the Government introduced the Bill with the former limitations, and leaving especially the settlement of Portage LaPrairie, concerning which a good deal of remarks had been made, was, that the Government had reason to believe that the people of Portage LaPrairie were averse to being connected with the people of Red River. It was known to all that two years ago they were in pacific but still open resistance to authorities at Fort Garry. Two years ago they established a Republic known as the Republic of Manitoba, not the Province of Manitoba. They preferred a separation so as to govern themselves rather than to be connected with the government then existing at Fort Garry. In addition to that they were informed that the people at Portage LaPrairie would prefer remaining out of the New Province to coming into it. Government had made considerable enquiries since that time and had been told that it would be for the interests of those people to come into the Province of Manitoba. Now that it was proposed to organize a regular Government in the Settlement, the Government understood that although originally it was the desire of those people to stand alone, they preferred now to come into the Province. Under the altered circumstances, and owing to the representations of the Rev. Mr. Fletcher, the Government had altered the original Bill so as to include Portage LaPrairie in the new Province. At the same time Mr. Fletcher was fair enough to state that individually he would prefer to have the Settlement remain outside it. Under these circumstances, and more especially as it was not only insinuated, but asserted that the fact of the western line of Manitoba being placed there, it had been done for the purpose of making Manitoba a kind of French Canadian reserve. For those reasons, the Government altered that portion of the Bill, which fixed the western boundary at 98 degrees, with the power of extending westward hereafter, and extending the boundary to 99 degrees, which would bring in Portage LaPrairie and all the settlements, in fact, which existed in that direction.

Hon. Mr. DORION—Does that include the settlers on River Blanche, and the two or three settlements beyond that?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD.—Yes; all the settlements, including Portage La Prairie and the Settlement. He ought to say that the fixing of the line as it had been at first, did not originate with a Franco Canadian; it did not come from priestly influence; it did not come to them by any way which had been insinuated—but came from information which they had received, and they acted accordingly. He had great pleasure in stating the fact. The eastern boundary would remain the same as in the former Bill, at 96 degrees. He would make a few remarks on this point, and the House would at once see the reason why they did not invite discussion on it. The line was fixed at 96 degrees, because a large body of the Sioux Indians, who were enemies of the Canadian Government, and not very friendly towards the Red River authorities, dwelt to the east of that line, and to hand them over to the new Province would not tend to promote friendly feelings towards the Canadian Government, or give a peaceful passage to the troops through their country. If those Indians were handed over without any treaty being made with them, or without consulting their rights or wishes, they might cut off, or seriously interfere with, communication between the head of Lake Superior and Fort Garry. For that reason they fixed the eastern boundary at the 96th meridian. That was the only change made, even with respect to boundary. The consequences of the increase of the population in the new Province necessitated a change in the amount of the debt with which the new Province should come into the Dominion, and this would be increased by the number of the population added since the Bill had been introduced. The original proposition was that the number of inhabitants should be estimated at 15,000. It was now based on a supposed population of 17,000. The amount of debt at which they would be allowed to come into the Dominion was calculated on that population of 15,000, and so with regard to the subsidy, they commence with a subsidy of 80c per head on the population of 17,000, which would be held to be the population of the Province until the decennial census of 1881. The Government believed 17,000 was a very liberal estimate of the population.

Mr. MACKENZIE.—Hear, hear.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—The population will not be affected in any way by the census to be taken next year. Then on the same principle as they had added 1,000 to the number of inhabitants of the proposed Province, a proportion of whom were half-breeds, they proposed to add 200,000 acres more, increasing the area from 120,000 acres to 1,400,000 to provide for the families of half-breeds living in the country. Now a good deal of discussion took place on the measure, in which it was evident some apprehension had arisen with respect to the pecuniary arrangements and with respect to the disposal of lands. Those apprehensions were very natural, inasmuch as the Bill was not in the hands of hon. gentlemen, and they could only gather the intentions of the Government from the statements he had made at the time he had introduced the Bill. In order that the House might at once see the arrangements that had been made with respect to land, he would read the clauses relating to it, calling the attention of the House to them. He would say, however, that those clauses must be introduced by resolution, and would not be considered as portions of the Bill until adopted in Committee. The 22nd clause implied that the Province should be entitled to come in and receive interest at the rate of five per cent per annum on the sum of $472,000 being at the same rate as was allowed Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Newfoundland. The 23rd clause provided that the sum of $30,000 should be paid yearly for the support of the Government, and be increased every decennial census till the population should reach 400,000 souls. The 25th clause provided that the Custom's duties now in force in Rupert's Land should be continued for three years after the passage of this Act. The rate was 4 per cent *ad valorem* on all imports with the exception of spirits and coal, on which there was a duty amounting almost to prohibition. The Government had decided on this in consequence of the remoteness of the Settlement from the great markets of supply. Goods being supplied by way of York Factory or through the United States, *via* St. Paul's, and then when the goods reached the consumers they cost ruinous prices. They would not have the advantage of improved intercourse with Canada for at least three years, and it was deemed expedient that they should not commence with the Government of that country by providing that the price of the necessaries of life should be increased as a very first consequence of their becoming a portion of the Dominion. Therefore the

TIGHT BINDING

House would agree that it was a wise provision that the duty which existed in Canada should not be prematurely imposed upon the people of the new Province. Under the charter of the Hudson's Bay Company all the lands whatever that might be contained in the country covered by that charter were vested in fee simple in the Company. Under the arrangements by which the country was transferred to the Dominion, those lands and all the rights of the Hudson's Bay Co. in those lands would become part of the Dominion of Canada. For the reasons which he gave when he first introduced the measure, it had not been thought well that the same principle should be adopted in the new Territory as had been adopted in the other Provinces, of handing over all the lands to the Local Legislature. They were in the present case retained by the Dominion. The 26th clause provided that all ungranted or waste lands in the Province shall be free, and, after the date of the said transfer, vested in the Crown and administered by the Government of Canada for purposes of the Dominion, subject to and except so far as the same may be affected by the conditions and stipulations contained in the agreement for the surrender of Rupert's Land by the Hudson's Bay Company to Her Majesty. Those clauses referred to the land for the half bloods, and go toward extinquishing the Indian title. If those half breeds were not pure-blooded Indians, they were their descendants. There were very few full-blooded Indians now remaining, and there would not be any pecuniary difficulty in meeting their claims. Those half-breeds had a strong claim to the lands, in consequence of their extraction, as well as from being settlers. The Government therefore proposed for the purpose of settling those claims, this reserve of 14,000 acres. The clause provided that the lands should be regulated under orders in Council by the Governor-General, acting by the Lieut.-Governor, who should select such lots of the tracts on such parts of the Province as he might deem expedient to the extent aforesaid, and divide the same among the children of half-breeds—heads of families. No land would be reserved for the benefit of white speculators, the land being only given for the actual purpose of settlement. The conditions had to be made in that Parliament who would show that care and anxiety for the interest of those tribes which would prevent that liberal and just appropriation from being abused. The next clause provided for granting the title and assuring the settlers in the Province the peaceable possession of the lands now held by them. The sections were—1st. All grants of land in freehold made by the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada, shall, if required by the owner be confirmed by grant from the Crown. 2nd. All grants of estates less than freehold in land made by the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada shall, if required by the owner, be converted into an estate in freehold by grant from the Crown. 3rd. All titles by occupancy with the sanction and under license and authority of the Hudson's Bay Company prior to the transfer to Canada of land in that part of the Province in which Indian Title has been extinguished, shall have the right of pre-emption of the same on such terms and conditions as may be determined on by the Governor in Council. 5th. The Lieutenant Governor is hereby authorized under regulations to be made from time to time, by the Governor General in Council, to make all such provisions for ascertaining and adjusting on fair and equitable terms the rights of common and rights of cutting hay, held and enjoyed by settlers in the Province, and for the commutation of the same by grants of land from the Crown. It had been said that this section was illogical because the question of the title of the Hudson's Bay Company was disputed. The people wished to have the matter set at rest, and it was therefore proposed to allow their grants to be confirmed by the Crown if they desired it. The second section was proposed under the view that it was advisable to grant this privilege, always under the condition that there should be actual settlement. A question had been put under the next section as to whether it gave large tracts of land to existing large corporations. He and his colleagues had made enquiries and found that there were no such large grants nor large corporations existing there. The policy of the Hudson's Bay Campany had been to grant a lot of 100 acres for churches and buildings to all denominations. The Seminary of St. Boniface had no right or claim to the grant of 5 square miles alluded to, but the first bishop had, it was said, received a grant from Lord Selkirk, but that the claim had never been made. But the clause referred only to the title held by occupancy with the sanction and under the license and authority of the Hudson Bay Company. This question of a grant to the seminary was not touched by the clause, and if a claim was brought forward, it would have to be decided in a Court of Law. Bishop Taché had never said anything about it, and no attempt had ever been made to force an advantage from the Government for the benefit of the Roman Catholic Church (hear). With regard to the fourth class, they were merely squatters; but they ought to be protected and have the right of preemption of the same on such terms and conditions as might be determined by the Governor-General in Council.

Hon. Mr. WOOD asked who was to examine the titles.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the experience of the Province of Canada would point out how that was to be done. There would be the same system and process as had prevailed in those Provinces.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said they must come to a Court to decide that question.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said that would be the Council of the Governor General. It was clear that he must have an officer under his control, the Lieutenant Governor, who would be acting under him. It would be under the direction of the Government of Canada. The 5th section affected the white settlers principally the rights of commons and of cutting hay. This had been enjoyed by the settlers; and although when the country was more settled, it was clear that those rights would disappear. It would be a great injustice and inconvenience to take away the right at present. It was a very difficult question to decide; and the clause, he thought was the only clear way of solving the difficulty. Of course there would be many cases which could only be decided by an official present at the spot. The 29th clause was a point of debate. It would be hard to require settlers to come to Ottawa to obtain grants of land; and the clause was to enable a remedy to be found for this difficulty. He wished to bring the Bill thus simply before the House—and would move its second reading.

Mr. MACKENZIE did not intend to discuss the Bill, and understood that the hon. gentleman's intentions in introducing the Bill was merely to indicate his reasons for changing its provisions from those as originally introduced. He was glad that the hon. gentlemen had been compelled by the expression of the House to change the western boundary of the Province so as to embrace the settlements that he had previously deliberately excluded. What his motives were for that exclusion he [Mr. Mackenzie] could not say, but circumstantial evidence showed strongly that they were excluded for the reasons which had been given by him. The boundary had so far been changed in the right direction; but it was not yet at all what in his opinion it ought to be in the interest of the people of the Province. The Bill was not satisfactory with regard to its provisions as to Lands, Local Government, &c., which were yet to be discussed. If those who proposed to discuss the Bill would refer to the treaty concluded in London, they would find the titles presented by the Hudson's Bay Company to be maintained were only to be those granted up to the 1st December, 1869, but the Bill now proposed to affirm them up to the passing of this Act [hear]. He could only say that he objected entirely to allowing the Hudson's Bay Company the right to convey lands from the time stated in the treaty, and he felt confident that the House would not recognize titles granted after that date.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—I have been informed by the best authority, the Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, that they have not granted a single title since the time stipulated [hear].

Mr. MACKENZIE said if that were so it was better to have it in the Bill, and he should make an amendment to that effect. The hon. gentleman could not object to inserting the date already agreed upon in his Bill. Some other provisions also conflicted with the terms of Union agreed upon in the Confederation Act, and these of course must be modified. He should attempt to modify it in those clauses in which the agreements in the Act were applicable to all provinces. The provisions of the Bill as brought down concerning land grants, and confirmation of titles were also objectionable in another particular. The hon. gentleman had said that he had examined into them, and that there was no kind of claim which could possibly have been conferred on any ecclesiastical body, except the so-called grant of Lord Selkirk, which the Hudson's Bay Company had repudiated. He said they could not invalidate that claim, but he (Mr McKenzie) thought it was within their power. He should go more fully into the question to-morrow. He had expected that the Government would have brought down some information with respect to these matters; but although the House were told that all the information in possession of the Government would be laid before the House, yet it was not done. With regard to Father Thibault's report, they were told that some portions of it were suppressed because it would have been injurious to the public interest to have published it. Now, he happened to have seen some of the members of the House reading the suppressed portion of the delegates' reports. The Government had it in type, and it was apparently distributed to favorites in the House.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—No, no.

Mr. MACKENZIE—I could read it to you, for some friend sent it to me (hear, hear, and cries of "read." It stated that the hon. member for Lanark and his friends were to be banished from the Territory (hear, hear). If that sentence of banishment was to be pronounced by delegates of the Government against any of their people, the House and country ought to know it (hear, hear). He had protested last night against that kind of legislating in secret, and he could not admire the spirit of any Legislature that would submit to it (cheers). To ask the House at that late period of the session to proceed with so important a measure without any information would not lead them to a sound conclusion on such important matters as the Land Tenure in that country. It was asking too much. The terms of the treaty of Lord Selkirk and the Hudson's Bay Company might be found out and considered by one or two members, but the great bulk of the members would not be able to obtain information unless Government aided them. He objected to that treatment because it showed a desire to get this Bill, which contained so many objectionable clauses, through without discussion. The debate yesterday succeeded in obtaining several important amendations from the Bill, and he hoped that the same energy directed to other clauses would greatly amend the general character of the Bill (hear, hear). He did not at the present time intend to discuss its general provisions.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER deprecated the discussion, of the Bill then. The Government had no objection to the discussion, but the hon. gentleman ought not to say that he was not ready to discuss it and yet to do so. The Premier had stated when introducing the Bill with regard to Portage La Prairie that it having been said that people there did not wish to be admitted it would not be done; but that provision was made by the Bill for its entrance when they desired. Since then the Government had received opinions expressed which justified them in saying positively that the Settlement wished to be included, and they therefore made the proposition. With regard to Father Thibault's report, the Government had not committed the foul and low proceedings ascribed to them by the hon. member for Lambton. They were able to do without any such acts. No part of Father Thibault's report had been suppressed. If the hon. member had any suggestion to improve the measure the Government would receive and consider them and as this taunt that the Government was slow in its action, he retorted upon the hon. member by the assertion that he (Sir G. E. Cartier) was willing to give the hon. member time to prepare a scheme if he wished to do so (laughter). The preparation of the Bill had been a difficult task.

Hon. Mr McDOUGALL entirely disagreed with the doctrine of the Minister of Justice, which he had propounded several times, that the information which was withheld from the House, but which was shown to their own friends, that it was stolen property. The Minister of Militia attempted to get out of difficulty by using appropriate epithets, but he thought the real question was—did such information exist, and had the hon. gentleman sufficient cause to withhold it from the country. The Minister of Militia had said that nothing had been suppressed from the report, but he (Hon. Mr. McDougall) had the *ipsissima verba* of the letter, which was printed at the office of the Government. Did the hon. gentleman mean to say that the following was not written by the Government's Commissioner —

ST. BONIFACE, 20th March, 1870.

The Hon. Mr. Howe:

SIR—I am happy to be able to inform you that the delegates are to leave tomorrow in the hope of effecting a satisfactory arrangement with the Canadian Government. To accomplish this result we have been obliged to use much caution. I must confess that when we arrived here I had very slight hopes of success, as every one then spoke of annexation to the United States. The report of our proceedings is sent separately. We have not tried to hurry through our business, and it is to this, mainly, that our success is due. As for Mr. McDougall, neither he nor any of his party will ever be received into the Territory. The Territory is now quiet.

(Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL.—Yes, peace reigns at Warsaw. Recollect this was after the murder of Scott. No reference is made to that.)

"And I believe that if Mr. Black were appointed Governor all would be well, for that gentleman enjoys the esteem of the entire population, French and English. I entertain, sir, a confident hope that the Canadian Government will deal kindly with our poor people, who, I can assure you, are not ill-disposed.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your very humble servant,
J. W. THIEBAULT.

The various statements of the letter were read amid considerable excitement.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL continued—that it was the view taken by the Rev. Commissioner, and whether it was a correct view or not, it did not seem to him to be a genuine document (hear, hear). It sounded very much as if it came from the Government. It ought to have been sent with the other. At all events it was now before the House and the country.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—How is it before the House.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he had read it pretty clearly, and although it was not in a formal manner before the House, it would answer all the purposes he intended at all events (hear hear). It was before the House and country in about the same manner in which a private circular to the Reform party of the hon. gentleman was. (Loud laughter).

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Exactly.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—The hon. gentleman had denied that there was such a circular, and that no one had a right to discuss it.

Mr MACKENZIE—We paid for printing it afterwards (laughter).

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL—And we have paid for this too, I expect (hear). With regard to the Bill, he sincerely dissented from many of its provisions. Several important changes had taken place in the Bill; and although the hon. gentleman represented the changes as being small, the lands were previously left under the control of the Local Government, but now they were taken charge of by the Government here; and an important amendment had been made in regard to the boundary. He would like to see it extended to the boundaries of Lord Selkirk's Grant. The hon. gentleman opposite had taunted them with not being able to prepare a Bill; but he contended that the Opposition would be able to draft Bills as well written and as little liable to be amended next Session of Parliament as were produced from the other side (hear.) The Bill struck him as being drawn up hastily in two or three days; but it was now some three or four weeks since the delegates had arrived in town. It appeared that owing to some remarks from the Opposition side, the Government had consulted other parties, and the result of that consultation had been the modification of the Bill, and some further modification might be still obtained.

Hon. Col. GRAY moved the adjournment of the debate.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the member for North Lanark ought not to have read the letter when informed that it was strictly confidential. The letter was not a portion of the report of the Rev. Mr. Thiebault to the Government, but was merely a letter to the Secretary of State, and was printed confidentially for the convenience of the Cabinet. Some copies were stolen, and the receivers of these copies were receivers of stolen goods.

Mr. MILLS asked if the Government intended to ask the Imperial confirmation of the power of this Bill, or whether it would be a tentative one, which might be withdrawn?

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said there was some doubt in this respect about the appointment of Senators, with regard to other portions of the Bill the course to be adopted will depend a great deal on the way in which the Bill passed in Parliament.

Hon. Mr. WOOD thought with the exception of Senators the provisions of the Bill would be embraced under an Imperial Order in Council.

Hon Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said the question would be open for a further consideration.

The debate was then adjourned.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The House then went into Committee of Supply.

Hon. Col. GRAY in the chair.

On item of $2,480 to pay various members of Civil Service increases which would have accrued under the old Civil Service Act for the years 1867 and 1868.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it would be advisable that the hon. gentleman should make a supplementary financial statement allowing the rationale of those estimates, and the surplus or deficit of the year as affected by them.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS thought there would be nothing interesting in that statement. The proposed considerable expenses had been caused by calling out the militia, which had added a sum of $200,000 to the Estimates; but for that extraordinary expenditure, it would only have been necessary to ask for votes which would not have affected the financial state of the country. He had no doubt that the surplus anticipated by his predecessor would be realized; but there might be something of a deficit caused by that extraordinary militia expense, but that would be compensated for by the surplus he expected next year. He did not think he would be required to ask the House to give him any additional Ways and Means this year.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he was expressing the opinion of the House when he said the Supplementary Estimates was of a startling character. Setting aside the expenditure on the North West, and of $200,000 for the Fenian invasion there was not a single one which ought not to have been included in the ordinary estimate last session. He pointed out that by that mode of dealing with the public expenditure, the House and public now knew the exact expenditure of the Government. The House would this year, as in the Province of Canada during the last ten years, have a considerable deficit. That was not a satisfactory state of affairs, nor was it such a state of the finances as the Minister had at an early part of the session led them to imagine [hear].

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said all would admit whether the Fenian invasion was imaginary or not. His predecessor could not foresee it.

The item of $25,000 for lighthouses on the River St. Lawrence, was an advance of a vote for next year.

Another item of $20,000 for Fisheries and Marine Police was also concurred in, and was voted for next year. It was only to allow them to be used in the current year.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Will the hon. gentleman deduct these from the sums already voted?"

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Certainly.

On item for $7,500 to meet current expenditure for the remainder of the year,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked an explanation of the cause of such a large amount being asked for?

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he would speak with perfect candour, and say that the estimates last year had been so cut down that a large sum was required. His predecessor in office found it necessary to ask a large sum, but the Opposition would insist on having it cut down, and it was necessary to make up the deficiency.

The following items were then carried:—Civil Government:—$2,480; Dominion Police, Legislative Printing, Binding, Ruling, Paper, &c., $12,146.41; Geological Survey Observation, $2,000; Immigration and Quarantine, $12,668 Ocean and River Steam Service, $500.

On item $200,000 to meet the expenditure incurred in repelling a threatened invasion by Fenians.

Mr. McDONALD (Glengarry) said he thought it disgraceful that we should any longer submit to invasions from American citizens. It was high time that something should be done about it. It was time that this country should make representations to the Imperial Government of these repeated threats of invasion (hear). Year after year they have gone on in this way; appropriations had been made to pay expences occasioned by these scares, and trade was interfered with, for which the United States Government should be held responsible. He would like to know how long the people of the United States would submit to such an invasion from the Canadas. There was something wrong somewhere, and the time had arrived when something should be done. He was as loyal to Britain as any man in the Dominion, but he must admit he felt degraded at the manner in which we were treated by the Home Government.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON believed the information of the Government was baseless, that there had been no organized Fenian Government looking to an invasion of the country during the present year, and he thought when the Government asked for that appropriation of $200,000 the time had come when the Government should disclose to the House the information on which they acted, and submit the details respecting the number of troops called into active service and all information in the possession of the Government respecting the subject. There could be no good reason for further delay in giving the reasons which justified that appropriation, and the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act. He hoped the Government would seize that opportunity to satisfy the House that they had yielded upon sufficient information to satisfy the House that they did not give way to undue alarm and that the expenditure had been judicious, and above all to say when they intended to repeal the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said when his late colleague and himself were in England and the *Alabama* claims were urged on the Imperial Government, they felt if that claim was to be referred to arbitration the Canadian claim against the United States should be dealt with. As that organization was allowed to be carried on in the United States, they had a good claim for indemnity. He would not say how far they should complain against the Imperial Government for not seeing to immediately stopping the Fenian organization. The public press of the country, and the presence of armed bodies of troops in various parts, must force itself on the notice of the United States Government. It would be hard to say, though, how far they were responsible for not suppressing the organization, or how far the Imperial Government were to blame for not seeing it put down. If such a body of men were in France, threatening the peace of England, the Imperial Government would not be long in demanding its suppression. (Hear, hear.) The hon. member opposite asked for all the information in the possession of the Government, but it would be unwise to give it, for it would be the means of jeopardizing the lives of parties who supplied it. Information was supplied by a secret police, and it would be unwise to give the source of news. He might say, however, that information was from reliable sources, and justified the action taken by the Government.

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD—Were you not deceived.

Hon. Sir GEO. CARTIER said the Government had been informed from Washington and other sources that a movement was about to take place. It was known to the United States Government and they warned them that though they were aware of it they could not then take steps to prevent it. But for the steps taken by the Government there was no doubt an invasion would have occurred, and the Government would have been unmindful of their duty to the country if they had not resorted to the means which they had taken to prevent it. Even that day they had received information which in fact warned them. He was not at liberty to give the name of the party who informed him, but might say the person was an intimate friend of the hon. member for Chateauguay himself. With regard to the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus* Act, it had done as much as the calling out of the Volunteers towards checking the threatened invasion.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Was it for the suspension of Fenians. (Laughter.)

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER—If the hon. member for Lambton will undertake that job, we will not only pay him $200,000, but $100,000.

Mr MACKENZIE—You have plenty on your own side of the House fit to undertake the job.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER continued—Owing to letters received to-day, he could not say when the *Habeas Corpus* Act would be restored.

Mr. MACDONALD (Glengarry), Mr. CHAMBERLIN and Mr. HARRISON having made some remarks,

Mr. RYMAL said they were too old now to appeal to Britain for help.

Mr. MACKENZIE discredited the rumours that had been circulated about the Fenian raid. He thought that the sum of $200,000 was a very large amount to expend in moving two or three thousand men. He did not think that such extensive preparations were required.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD defended the course of the Government.

After some further discussion, the item was carried.

The Committee rose and reported.

The House adjourned at 1:30 a.m.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

GLASGOW.—The steamer *India*, which arrived from New York to-day, report she spoke the steamer *Siberia* which sailed from Liverpool April 19th for Boston, heading east. The *Siberia* had broken her shaft, and was on her way back to Queenstown. She needed no assistance.

LONDON.—It is stated that the expedition recently organized to operate against the Red River insurgents, has been abandoned, owing to the recent receipt of favorable news from that region.

Thirty-eight Spanish Bishops announce from Rome their refusal to the new Constitution of Spain, although the Pope interposes no objection.

Edmund Antribas, senor partner of the firm of Coutts, is dead.

The House of Lords to-day was engaged in business purely local.

In the Commons Mr. Otway submitted another instalment of the correspondence with the Greek Government on the recent massacre.

Mr Stansfield, Secretary of Treasury, stated that the 7,000,000 paid for the telegraph lines was included in the sum total—£801,000,000—of the national debt on March 31st.

Mr. Monsell, Under Colonial Secretary explained that the compromise of the Red River difficulty had been effected by the introduction into the Dominion Parliament of the Bill creating the Province of Manitoba. He stated that Canada would retain all the public lands of the new Province, with the exception of 13,000 acres to secure its debt.

The Convocation has asked the Crown for a revision of the translation of the bible.

The *Examiner*, commenting on cotton production, says the indefinate expansion of manufacturing in England is a dissolving view. Capital and population increase faster than employment. New fields are demanded. Without them destitution and discontent would become a political danger. The accumulation of monster fortunes in cotton spinning is no longer possible.

The International yacht race between the *Cambria* and *Sappho*, which was fixed for May 10th, depends for a start on that day, on the opinion of the umpires whether there exists at the time a fair wind. The rounding will be 60 miles to windward for the first two races, and the third race will be over a triangular course, each side being 20 miles long.

The umpires' steamer will take a select party to witness the races.

The betting on the Chester cup is 4 to 1 against *Sabinus*, and on the Derby 8 to 1 against *Sunshine*, 20 to 1 against *Palmerston* and 100 to 15 against *Prince of Wales*.

FRANCE.

PARIS—The Joint Committee of the Deputies of the Left and the representatives of the Democratic press have issued another manifesto to the electors. They protest against the trickery of the Government in publishing on the eve of an election violent and ill-considered reports, for the purpose of creating a panic. They denounce the Government for charging all its opponents with insurrection and assassination, and for endeavoring to create the impression that France has escaped a great danger. The Committee say they despise the calumnies.

France knows on which side are the men of violence; she who has the power of the coup-d'etat, and who reserve the rights of the coup-d'etat.

The *Gaulois* says the Oppposition party has sent committees to London and Brussels to ascertain the real truth of the alleged conspiracy.

A conference was held yesterday at the Tuilleries. The design of the conference was to agree upon the precautions necessary to be taken to preserve public order on Sunday next, the day of voting.

PARIS.—The editor of the *Rappel* was seized to-day by the police.

Trouble is reported at Lyons, where the authorities have interrupted the publication of the Cloche newspaper.

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The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, MAY 9, 1870.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Dr. Campbell, of Montreal, arrived here yesterday morning at four o'clock by express train, to lend his professional assistance in the case of the Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, who, we are glad to learn, is now making favourable progress after the most extreme suffering.

His Excellency the Governor General visited Sir John yesterday afternoon, as did very many others, who take a sincere interest in him, and an anxious desire for his recovery.

CAPTAIN CAMERON.

Few men have been more rudely spoken of, without just, or indeed any cause than, Captain Cameron, Royal Artillery, who went to Red River when Mr. McDougall proceeded there in readiness to assume the Governorship of the North West Territory. The saying attributed to him of "take away that blawsted fence," became a by word. He was jeered at as a jackanapes; scouted at as a fool. His veryname had become a reproach. It did not even seem unworthy of the Toronto *Globe* to malign and speak contemptuously of the son-in-law of Dr. Tupper. To employ a person who used an eye-glass and wore jack-boots with a body, comparatively speaking, no larger than that of a wasp, as a commander of a troop of mounted police, was not only contrary to common sense, but a positive shock to propriety. There never had been so contemptibly small a man as Captain Cameron, Tittlebit Titmouse gave but a faint conception of the extreme littleness of Captain Cameron. It was not at all wonderful that this gross slander should come at last to be believed as true. It is impossible to throw dirt at any man without some of it sticking to him, but, from the circumstance that Captain Cameron did not, in some spiritied remonstrance, show that he was other than the man of "the blasted fence," the whole dirt clung to him, completely hiding his real appearance and true character. Justice, however, which rarely sleeps and never dies, has at length come to the assistance of this really talented officer and much maligned individual. The Hon. Mr. Archibald, from his place in Parliament, on Saturday last, showed conclusively that the man who has been thus offensively jeered at is a man of indisputable talent and irreproachable private character. Mr. Archibald, without having any particular reason for being that gentleman's champion—more honor to him—speaks of him, "for a slight acquaintance" as being "a gentleman and a scholar," and of whose acquaintance "any man might be proud. Holding in his hand the record of Captain Cameron's services in the army—the history of his life indeed—he found that the attacks upon this gentleman were grossly unjust. In India, Captain Cameron had been ordered to conduct a train of Artillery in the rainy season, under most difficult and trying circumstances, succeeding in doing so to the point desired, without a single European being of his party and without the loss of a horseman or even a rope. He had been a most efficient adjutant. He had given such information about the Armstrong gun that the general commanding had spoken of him as deserving the thanks of his country, and Colonel Watson says he considered him an excellent officer in every respect. It is unnecessary here to pursue the matter further. The reader will find the true estimate of Captain Cameron in Mr. Archibald's speech in another column. But we may remark, in reply to the absurd opinion of an ignorant postmaster paraded in the *Globe*, with respect to what Captain Cameron's appearance led that functionary to believe of him, that neither Napoleon the first nor the Duke of Wellington were of the Quixotic height of the Knight of La Mancha or of the Honorable Mr. George Brown, G.T.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS.

There is no chance of the Civil Service Bill, introduced by Mr. Jenckes for the consideration of the United States House of Representatives becoming law. The opinion gains ground that competitive examinations are worse than useless. Only very clever lads could thereby obtain appointments, and very clever lads are generally very lazy lads. It is a quiet, easy, steady, obtuse lad, who makes the best continuous laborer in the monotonous field of routine business. There was no want of competency in the officers of the Civil Service. There was one terrible want—that of integrity. A four years profession of office induced thieving to an extent scarcely conceivable by us. There, every employee who is smart enough—rogue enough is the expression which would be more applicable—makes hay while the sun shines. Having no superannuation fund to look forward to the United States, Civil Service look for pickings. A class of men, appointed for life would have less reason for dishonesty, and even they need not be for the inferior office men of large capacity. President Jackson, in his first annual message said: "the duties of all public officers are, or, at least admit of being made so plain and simple that men of intelligence may readily qualify themselves for their performance." The President was not quite right in what he said. A stranger cannot immediately adapt himself to the requirements of official employment. Men accustomed to outside business do not instantly grasp the requirements of a public office. There are things beyond the ken of outsiders—a knowledge as peculiar as that which makes it more difficult for an outsider, however well he may be up in the theory of steam locomotion, to drive a locomotive engine, with a train of cars behind him, without experience of the work. This is true, however, and well expressed by the New York *World*—"a legible handwriting and a knowledge of the simple rules of arithmetic are all that is needed in a majority of the clerks; and these qualifications are so common, in a country where education is universal, that no elaborate machinery of examination is necessary." It is in truth, here, as elsewhere, a sham and a farce. The *World* adds—"Our most numerous class of officers are postmasters of small towns; and there is none among them who cannot take proper care of the mails on the first day after they are sworn in. On the score of qualifications, there is no more reason why the appointed officers should go through a competitive examination than the elected officers of the State and Local Governments. The *World* goes on to say:—

"It requires, for example, more judgment and capacity to be the supervisor of a town than are requisite in a country postmaster or a Washington clerk. But we elect our supervisors every year, and they seldom prove incompetent. The argument would be just as strong for selecting them by examination and keeping them in office for life, as for selecting appointed officers by the same method and giving them the same permanent tenure. It is the very essence of republican Government that important officers are chosen by the people at frequent intervals. But if the mass of the people can judge of the qualifications of the higher officers without a competitive examination, it is absurd to say that those higher officers are not competent to judge of the qualifications of their subordinates. As for life tenure, it is of little consequence except to the holders of the office. As General Jackson said, in the message from which we have quoted, "in a country where offices are created solely for the benefit of the people, no one man has any more intrinsic right to official station than another. Offices were not established to give support to particular men at public expense. No individual wrong is therefore done by removal, since neither appointment to nor continuance in office is a matter of right. * * *

He who is removed has the same means of obtaining a living as the millions that never held office."

The really valid objection to the present system is not that it fails to give officers qualified for their duties, but that it corrupts and debauches our politics. By making all the offices of the country party prizes, it degrades our politics into a mere struggle for spoils and plunder. The men appointed by a new administration are likely to be just as competent as their displaced predecessors; but the practice of appointing them as a reward for party services makes every election a fierce scramble for patronage instead of a contest of principle. But, unfortunately, the chief reason for changing the present system is the very reason why a change is practically impossible. A party in power will not surrender the chief source of its influence; and a party out of power will not consent to renounce its hopes of wielding the public patronage. The success and perpetuity of our free institutions are more endangered by the spoils system than by all other causes; but the system is so strongly intrenched in the interests of politicians that the prospect of its overthrow is very remote.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

The Speaker took the chair at 3:10.

Hon. Mr. TILLEY presented the third report of the Civil Service Commissioner.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER moved that the Government orders have precedence every day till the close of the session.

The Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending 1870:

Public Works (chargeable to income). To repair damages done to the works connected with the Madawaska and other rivers in the Ottawa district, $20,000.

Dr. BOWS said he proceeded to the residence of Sir John A. Macdonald and offered his services, but not till he was called upon by Dr. Grant. He found Sir John A. Macdonald lying in a very bad state with cramps, he found that it proceeded from great strain on the mind and body, brought on by too close attention to business, and found that he was suffering excruciating agony. He had passed the night with him and found that he was restless, and feared for his life. Before leaving Sir John A. Macdonald requested him as to whether he thought he could be removed from the office, and told him not, and he told me to communicate with Sir George E. Cartier. Since 10 o'clock to-day there has been a slight amendment, and he hoped that the Minister of Justice would be soon able to appear before his friends on the fisheries question.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT wished to know if American Fishermen were to be excluded from the waters of Prince Edward's Island.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—With regard to the policy of the three mile limits, they should be protected.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT—Was he to understand that the American Fishermen were to fish under their interpretation of their Fisheries Act.

Mr. FORTIN.—The year after the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty the orders to British cruisers were that American vessels were not to fish farther in than the width of a way was 10 miles, but they had the privilege of excluding them outside of a line drawn from point to point. He hoped the Americans would be excluded from the inshore fisheries of Prince Edward Island.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL thought that the discussion of this question would be deferred till the whole of the correspondence on this matter could be produced.

A message was received from His Excellency transmitting supplementary estimates—certain sums required for the year 1870.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER moved, in the absence of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, the Bill to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

Mr. MACKENZIE said there was not wanting those in this Government who looked on the question before the House with ridicule. His wish was to assist the Government to assume complete political power over that country, and his only object was to act with a view to the advancement and colonization of this great country and not as his friends on the benches to the court side in a sectional and one sided manner with regard to hanging the murderer at Red River. He would wish to bring Riel to justice, and on looking over the Act, he found that the British Government had always jurisdiction in that country, and that the Canadian has more jurisdiction in that country in regard to what has passed. He wished to have law and order restored in that country and have the great stream of emigration that flows to the United States turned into the great Red River country. After some remarks on the transfer of the Red River country by Lord Granville and the dissatisfaction of some of the inhabitants, he mentioned the expedition of the Hon. Mr. Howe to that country, accused him of openly sympathising with the rebels at Red River, and by his language induced them to continue in a state of revolt, and never tried to contradict the false rumors concerning the intentions of the Canadian Government towards them, and that his actions while in that country has involved this country in a great amount of trouble and everlasting disgrace. He said that the Hon. Secretary of State could have given Mr. McDougall information that would have averted his trouble and expulsion from the country. He said that it had been alleged that the inhabitants at Red River were excited to revolt by the proceedings of Col. Dennis, but it was proved that Col. Dennis had proceeded to make surveys in that country with the complete assent of the inhabitants. He charged Mr. Howe with knowing there was a feeling of discontent against the Canadian Government and Mr. McDougall, as its representative, and intentionally letting Mr. McDougall enter the territory under these circumstances without informing him of the state of affairs. With regard to the rebellion itself it was evident that it sprang out of the chagrin of the Hudson's Bay Company's employees, who sowed the seeds of discontent which were carefully matured and fostered by such friends of this Government as Mr. Howe, Father Richot, Riel and others. He then referred to the time prior to the commencement of those difficulties, that had a proper person been commissioned to explain the intention of the Canadian Government towards that country these present troubles would have been averted. But the Government had never sent any one amongst those people but two pleasant old gentlemen, Col. DeSalaberry and Rev. Mr. Thibault, who, instead of ascertaining the feeling of the people, and trying to allay their fears, never visited the back parts of the country, but acted towards Riel as though he was a person of whom the Canadian Government was afraid. He was addressed as "President" Riel, and acted altogether in a most despicable manner. He wished to know if any other conduct could have been more infamous or derogatory to the honor of the country, when the miserable wretches, Father Richot and Scott, were chosen for delegates to this Government. Mr. Judge Black was also appointed, but he spurned such a proposition as to go with such a pair of scoundrels as Father Richot and his drunken companion Scott. He believed that Father Richot was one of the prime movers of the insurrection, and yet our Government received him and his colleague Scott, while they refused to hold communication with the loyal representatives Mr. Black and Dr Schultz. He hoped that the Bill before the House would be discussed without any sectional spirit. He thought the boundaries of the Province was too small. He thought there were others to be consulted on the construction of the country than Father Richot and Scott and *possibly* Judge Black, and he would propose a Provisional Government at present till the views and wishes of the inhabitants of that country should be ascertained. His policy was contrary to the Minister of Justice, he would give a free grant of 200 acres to every settler that would come along no matter what country or religion he belonged to, and with regard to the half-breeds instead of appropriating land for them, he would say there was the land of 200 acres for each man of them free of expense. As to the claims given to settlers by the Hudson's Bay Company, the titles made it compulsory on the part of the settlers to support the clergy, he would have the clergy supported by voluntary contributions and no other way. With respect to the clause of the Bill that excludes a man's vote who has not been a resident for twelve months previous to the election, he did not think it right or politic as there might be a great stream of immigration into that country immediately, and all should have a voice in the forming of its constitution. As to the two years term of Government, he would oppose it on the same grounds.

Mr. HARRISON said there were some who said we should never have anything to do with the North West, and others who said if we could honourably withdraw from it now to do it, he did not belong to either. He would have the country constructed under the Dominion of Canada, and he believed it would be to the lasting disgrace and ruin of this Dominion if it were not brought into this Confederation. He thought that throughout the country would flow the whole great trade of the East, the future of that country was to be a great and wealthy country. The alleged ground of complaint of the people of the North West, was they were about to be absorbed into this Dominion without consulting their inclinations, rights or privileges. He thought the great difficulty in that country was the ignorance of the people and the influence of a newspaper that has a great power in that country.

Mr. MACKENZIE—What paper?

Mr. HARRISON—He did not wish to name the paper, but it was carefully studied by his hon. friend.

Hon. Mr. DORION—Is it French or English.

Mr. HARRISON thought his hon. friend knew the paper he alluded to very well, but if he wished him to tell, he would say the *Globe*. He thought that paper through its leading articles incited the people of the Red River against our Government. He did not think the Government made a blunder when they sent the hon. member for North Lanark as Governor to the Red River. He thought as affairs stood in that country, any other representative would have met with the same kind of a reception. He thought from the time the hon. member for North Lanark was appointed there was nothing but a series of blunders. From the time he went till he left Pembina his conduct was a series of blunders and rash actions; he took upon himself the duties of

half this was given away, not in only 1,-
...ing settlers would be a very
...ion. He was convinced that it
...the government the full control of the
...of that country, and for them to give
...away a grant of 1,000,000 acres of it was
...rather a premature legislation.

Hon. Mr. McDougall said that the reputation
...of the Hudson's Bay officials in power there
...would merely continue till a new Governor
...came in.

Mr. ... said that if the Government re-
...delegates they recognized Riel's
...party as a Government, self constituted
...though they be, and it Riel's party appointed
...officers they would remain as officers till a
...new Government was established. He was
...sorry to hear his hon. friend on the other side
...of the House say that the insults thrown at
...the delegates were insults to the settlers at
...Red River; he did not think that those men,
...followed by a small party in that country
...had sent down as delegates, should be recog-
...ised as being the representatives of the opin-
...ion of the settlement. He did not hold Judge
...Black in the high estimation that the hon.
...member for Lambton held him. He believed
...that he (Judge Black) was the principal man
...in the trouble at White Mud River.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks thought there was
...no point the hon. member did not hear in
...mind. There were persons invited to
...send delegates to the Canadian Government to
...state their grievances. He did not
...think there were any grievances,
...as every opportunity was given them to state
...what they desired, and the Government never
...heard from them. The Bill before the House
...was framed by the Government along and not
...from the dictation of any one from that coun-
...try.

Mr. Bowell. Then was he to understand that
...so long as the Government could frame a Bill
...that could meet the requirements of the mal-
...contents, the wants of the loyal people were
...not to be thought of.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks The whole framing
...of the Bill was in favour of those loyal peo-
...ple.

Mr. Mackenzie said that the hon Minister
...told him that the delegates were consulted
...as to the framing of this Bill.

Hon. Mr. Morris said that in the absence
...of his hon. friend the Minister of Justice he
...would state most emphatically that the Bill
...was framed wholly and solely on the respon-
...sibility of the Government.

Mr. Mackenzie—he knew that Father
...Nichols, Scott, Judge Black and Doctor
...Schultz had been consulted as to the bound-
...ary.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier said that it
...was the opinion of those gentleman that the
...boundary should take in Portage La Prairie,
...but they had themselves fixed the boundary
...when it was in the Bill. He would propose
...that the Government accept the amendment
...of the claim concerning the titles to lands
...sold by the Hudson's Bay Company since the
...20th of March, 1869.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier moved the
...House in Committee on the message of His
...Excellency respecting the establishment of
...Government of Manitoba.

The Committee, rose and reported asked
...leave to sit on Monday.

The House adjourned at midnight.

THE FESTIVAL ON SATURDAY.

The ancient custom of crowning a "May Queen" was honored in the observance on Saturday afternoon at the convent of the congregation of Notre Dame. The good taste of perpetuating a practice, so long upheld, not only inspires the spectators with whatever he may remember of the past; but gives zest to the pupils in their emulation. Lady Young, as announced, presided over a fair assemblage of ladies, who were interested in the success of their juvenile relatives entrusted to the care of the institution. Among the guests were Col. Elphinstone, Lieut.-Col. Irvine, The Very Rev. D. D. Dandurand, Vicar General and administrator of the Diocese. Dr O'Connor, Rev. J. J. Collins, Rev. Mr. Royer and members of the House of Commons. The stage end of the hall was festooned with evergreens interspersed with flowers. At one side of the stage a throne was erected for the fortunate "Queen of the May." It was surrounded by evergreens, and was constricted with delicate taste. Scrolls bearing the motto 'Virtus' reign, welcome, welcome,' surmounted the stage. The inaugratory was a duo on two pianos performed by Misses Duignan, Robertson, Ross and Cook; and the Misses Pollant, McCarthy and McKinnon. The effect was charming and merited hearty applause.

A neat Prologue was as neatly read by Miss, Odell, which was followed by "The Queen of the Dummies" A dialogue in which several young ladies took part, among whom were Miss Caldwell, "The Queen"—Miss Ritchie Miss McNaughton. "The Queen's mother, Miss Robillard. "The Queen's Companion." The dialogue comprised several other young ladies.

This was followed by some well executed music on the piano, and the expected original melodrama of "Cosin" was played with good effect. This play was written expressly for the festival—among the cases of good elocution as taught by the ladies of this Seminary, might instance, in this piece, Miss A. Kimber, as "Cosin," and Miss F. Aumond as "Minonah."

The May Queen, Miss Emma, M. Armstrong was introduced with all mimic royal pomp—and having made a graceful obeisance, was crowned by Her Excellency Lady Young, who seemed to feel more than ordinary interest in the ceremony. The Queen assumed her sung little throne, and then received the homage of her fair subjects in addresses in which the variation of metre kept the ear unfatigued. Miss Duignan overseeing the performance as the "Goddess of Flowers." The maids of honor were the Misses McCarthy, McKay, Kimber, Ritchie, Tallyman, Bauset and Cotton—all of whom recognised Her Majesty of "the May."

Adieu on two pianos came next, the overture "Tancredi" performed by Misses Patrick, Wallace, Bernhard and Armstrong, in a style which would have pleased the author, himself. The address to Her Excellency was read by the chosen Queen—with good grace—a chorus followed. "An Revoir" by Miss A. Kimber. A trio on piano by the Misses O'Connor, Mullin and Feron.

This very entertaining afternoon wound up with the National Anthem, *Vive la Canadienne*, St. Patrick's Day. Miss Cotton asked for the usual holiday following such occasions. It was requested, and granted. Her Excellency was pleased to express her appreciation of the progress made, and of her enjoyment of the afternoon's entertainment, and further her desire to assist, next year, should such another interesting ceremony take place.

The Fire of Saturday.

About half-past three o'clock on Saturday afternoon, a dense smoke was perceived to escape from a new shop erected by Mr. Mills, marble cutter at the corner Sparks and Bank streets. In less than five minutes the building was all in flames. The fire alarm was quickly given, and but a few minutes elapsed when the gallant Chaudiere company came down; but too late to save the building, Mr. Fauncous did not insure, and the marble factory which was also on fire. The flames soon reached a large tenement house, owned by Mark Bishoprick, and made their merciless way into his carriage factory, where a quantity of turpentine and varnish, become ignited. The fire flew wild, and in a short time enveloped his dwelling. The efforts of the fire companies, who were promptly on hand, were useless. The fire king had assumed supreme rule. The timbers of the buildings were dry, and the flames light; they were in consequence speedily consumed. The furniture of eight or ten families was exposed, on Bank st. to the relentless attacks of the flames, much of which was destroyed. The conduct of the Chaudiere Co. exerts special mention, although all our fire companies exerted themselves to the utmost. The warm day, and the fearful heat from the blazing buildings could not prevent the gallant fellows of this company from saving the buildings opposite on Bank st. which took fire in three or four different places. The Hook and Ladder Companies acquitted themselves with honor in saving the furniture. Two members of Mr. Marshall's Theatrical Company exhibited a courage, and a coolness extraordinary at the peril of their lives in Bishoprick's building. The fire, in all did not last over two hours, during which time three factories and eight tenements were destroyed. Mr. Bishoprick has lost his implements, and stock. Mr. Mills has lost a large amount of prepared stock, besides several hundred feet of rough marble. They were both about to insure, but had not done so. Bishoprick had been offered $3,000 for his property a few days before. The total loss to these gentlemen approximates $8,000.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

Floor Breaking through and Precipitating three Females and Kitchen Furniture 25 feet.

About two o'clock on Saturday, as Mrs. Poulin, wife of Mr. Pierre Poulin, grocer, with two servant maids, was attending to her domestic duties in the kitchen of her house—the flooring of that section of the establishment gave way, and the three persons were, with the kitchen furniture, among which were two heavy stoves, precipitated some 25 feet among a mass of ruins. Their escape from death is almost miraculous. Mrs. Poulin was severally injured in an arm and otherwise bruised. The two servant maids fared hardly in the disaster. One Marie Villeneuve had her wrist dislocated, and the bones of her arm bruised almost to a fracture. The floors ing went down as a trap-door; and it was fortunate that the position of the stoves was such as to glide off before the woman. The kitchen floor was almost unsupported, as are many in the same range of buildings on Sussex-st. But for the timely interference of some three or four persons who happened to be at hand, and for the prompt aid rendered by Drs. St. Jean, and Valade, more serious results would have taken place. As it is Marie Villeneuve is in a very critical condition. It is all well to be economical in building a house, but parties so being should consider the value of human life. A few more dollars would have placed that kitchen floor in a secure state.

LOCAL NEWS

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Worth seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

St Alban's School House Monday Readings.—Readings this evening by Rev. E. Frederick Street, W. White, Mr. McLean, Mr. Watt and Mr. Whitcher. Music and songs.

Our Lumber Trade.—There were nearly six millions of feet of lumber shipped from the Chaudiere, last week; and over five millions of feet sawed there during the same period, although the mills are only partially worked So much for Ottawa enterprise.

The Market—Saturday—was really a good one. The western end of the square was filled with waggons bearing produce and other commodities. A dog fight enlivened one of the lulls, but it did not result in any thing serious to the later. They seemed too lazy to take inspiration. The prices remain unchanged.

Broken Sidewalk.—During the excitement of the fire of Saturday, an engine coming up the sidewalk on Sparks st. at broke through the planks—a miserable *debris* is the consequence. Our corporation might save damages by supplying the deficiencies as soon as practicable, as the break is a bad one, and might easily *easily* a worse.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—Marshall's excellent Company gave another performance on Saturday night The play of "Agnes De Vere" was performed in such a manner as to do credit to any theatre in the country. The neat nautical farce of "The Spitfire" was altogether new to the audience. It was well got through—the entire audience remaining till the curtain dropped, and the National Anthem was struck up by Sutherland's band.

Anticipations.—The jumbling disposition of such a large amount of furniture was was carried and thrown on a vacant lot during the late fire, without regard to any ownership, has already been the cause of several disputes among the women-folk who suffered. It is to be hoped that after the misfortune of a fire the further calamity of a Police-court trial will be avoided.

Fire in the Woods.—A too frequent fire has occurred in the wooded sections of the surrounding townships. Has been raging with fearful fury on the Quebec side of the river. In the Townships of Templeton about four miles square has been passed over by the consuming element. Several houses and barns, the latter charged with produce, have been destroyed. In several cases it was with difficulty that the cattle were saved. Portions of other townships, it is said, are being desolated by the furious element.

Police Court.—Saturday—Terence O'Neil, drunk and disorderly, was sent up for one week in default of paying $2 and costs.

W. H. Campbell was fined $2 and costs for being disorderly.

Timothy Murphy, for an assault on Emelia Lalonde, was sent up for one week in default of paying a fine of $2 and the costs of action.

Edward Alty, charged with having stolen $75 from Mrs. McKenna, pleaded "not guilty" and elected to be tried summarily. The testimony went to prove that he had actually taken the money—his own acknowledgement having backed it. He stated he believed he had taken the sum; but was so drunk that he did not remember the fact. After the testimony had been taken, he withdrew his plea of "not guilty" and pleaded "guilty" to the charge. His Worship, after a severe lecture, gave him the extreme penalty authorized by the Statute—six months in the common gaol at hard labor. The sum of $17, was restored to Mrs. McKenna. This is the first instance in which His Worship has given so severe a sentence.

By Telegraph

MONTREAL

Montreal, April 7.

A couple of Turkish officers are at present in the city. They are en route for San Francisco. Their appearance in the streets excited considerable attention.

Yesterday, in the Guilford case, in the Superior Court, Mr. Doucet, Q. C., appeared before His Honor Justice Mondelet, and made application for an order to compel a prothonotary to issue a writ of Mandamus enjoined by His Honor's judgment on its merits. Mr. Doucet stated the Prothonotary had refused a writ on the ground that the case had been taken to review. He then or inquired of the Prothonotary if the case had been carried to Court of Review Mr. Henry produced a record and a petition to review. His honor then said the writ for burial could not issue and expressed his satisfaction that other tribunals would have an opportunity of adjudicating upon a case of such great importance and which involved so many questions of public interest. The case will be tried, being a writ of mandamus before the Court of Review of three Judges of the Superior Court, of the 25th inst.

Shortly after two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a stable belonging to Felix Bernard, above Guilbault Gaspine. The stable was destroyed, and the fire spread to the adjoining buildings, occupied by Bedeau, a shoemaker, and others. The houses but not the furniture were insured. Two stables adjoining the above houses were also badly destroyed by fire. The firemen did not get to the fire as quickly as usual, in consequence of a mistake in striking the alarm. The cause of the fire is not known but is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

BIRTH.

At Fairview Hall on the 7th of May, Mrs. R. W. Scott, of a daughter.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S

LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

MONDAY, MAY 9th,

By desire

THE FRENCH SPY

To conclude with the Laughable Farce of

GOOD FOR NOTHING

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....W J MARSHALL.

May 2, 1870. 1333 6

TO THE PATRONS OF THE TURF.

I have nearly completed my race track and wish to place its management in the hands of a TURF CLUB in order that it may be conducted in a proper manner, and I therefore invite the Sporting Gentlemen of Ottawa to meet at the Russell House, on TUESDAY afternoon next, at 4 p. m., to form a CLUB, and to allow me to explain my intentions.

RALPH MUTCHMOR.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1334 2

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hartland's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,

1353 f Rideau street.

CARD OF THANKS

I beg to acknowledge the prompt payment of my claim for three thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, against the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, by their agents at this place Messrs. D. COWARD & CO,

H H DUFFILL.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870 1332 1

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON,

Secretary Treasurer,

Ottawa, & Russell Road Company.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870 1332 4

NEW CITY DIRECTORY.

The subscribers beg to announce that they purpose bringing out within three months, a new edition of the CITY OF OTTAWA DIRECTORY, which will contain an alphabetical list of residents; a Business Directory; list of farmers in the counties of Carleton and Russell; the several societies and institutions of the city; names and Post Office addresses of members of the Senate and House of Commons; names and residence of the Civil Service employees; brief notices of our manufactures; the New Tariff, &c., and a map of the city.

As the mercantile, professional and manufacturing interests of the Towns of Prescott and Pembroke are so intimately connected with the city, the publishers will include these places in this Directory.

The edition will be large, and advertisers will find it to their advantage to participate in the undertaking.

Our agents are now canvassing the city for all the necessary information requisite to make the volume as perfect and as accurate as possible.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,

Printers, Bookbinders and Publishers.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1333 3

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it. A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock. Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the following assortment, which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices 25 per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at

ESMONDE BROS.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

OF THE

STOCKHOLDERS

OF THE

Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company,

Will be held at the Office of the Company, in the Village of New Edinburgh, on FRIDAY, May 13th, 1870, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of obtaining their consent to the exercise by the Directors of the Company of the powers conferred on them by the 29 and 30 Vict. chap. 16, section 13, for raising money for the purposes of the Company, and for securing the same and interest as specified in that section.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES,

Secretary.

New Edinburgh, May 5, 1870 1331 3

TO LET.

Two BRICK TENEMENTS on West end Theodore street, above the gaol. Rent moderate.

Apply to

MR SADLER,

1330 3 Protestant Hospital.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

ADJOURNED SALE OF R. A. BRADLEY'S CHOICE BUILDING SITES AT GOREBOROUGH.

Public notice is hereby given that the great sale of Choice Building Sites in the Village of Gorebrough on the Richmond Road, (just one mile from Ottawa) will be resumed by J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, at the City Auction Mart, at the close of the above Sale of Lands, on FRIDAY next, the 13th INSTANT.

The object of the proposing to resuming the above sale at the time and place mentioned, is amongst other things, to afford an opportunity to intending purchasers who were disappointed by attending too late at the last sale, and who have unanimously expressed the desire that another sale should be called. It is to be hoped that the public have been sufficiently advised as to the locality in question, and also as to the eligibility of the situation for country residences, &c.

Parties desiring to purchase any of the above lots by private sale may do so on advantageous terms up to the day of sale.

Plans will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Auction Rooms of J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa, or at the Law office of the Proprietor.

R A BRADLEY,

Sangs' Block,

Corner Sparks and Elgin streets.

Ottawa.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer. 1334d

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 7s 6d, Gentlemen's 2s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,

Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,

Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1195y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April inst.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FOR SALE

A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order.

Apply to

HECTOR McLEAN,

1336tf Auctioneer.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,

No 85 Rideau street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indians and Black Lace

New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattans, Silk and Velveteens

New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.

New Parasols and Sunshades

New Flowers and Feathers,

New straw Goods, a large assortment

New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades

New Crapes and Arcophanes

New Linen Sets, Collars and Cuffs

New Sewed Sets, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace Sets, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace and Muslin Ties

New Laces and Lace Falls

New Sewed Edgings and Insertions

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value

New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons

New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns

New Linen and Cotton Diapers

New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands

New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached

New Table Covers and Napkins

New Towels and Towellings

New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes

New Printed and Fancy Flannels

New Shirting Winceys

New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing

New Cotton and Merino Socks

New White Dress Shirts

New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles

New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts

New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves

New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Ottawa, April 26, 1870.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

ANNUAL SALE.

IMPORTANT TO GENTLEMEN

FLORISTS AND OTHERS,

Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Flowering Plants.

Extensive sale of rare and valuable PLANTS, consisting of Crab Apples, Dwarf de Chinee and Large. A large variety of Plum Trees and Currants, Gooseberries and Strawberries.

A variety of different qualities of Grapes A large quantity of Asparagus, done up in twenty-fives, fifty and hundreds to purchasers. Ornamental plants and trees, consisting of Roses, Rhododendrons, Perpetual Highbrid and Climbing do., Mountain Ash, Horse Chestnut, Weeping Willows, and a variety of Shrubery. This will be a rare opportunity to secure those goods, as it is the largest collection ever brought to this market, and it is expected that this will be the last sale, as the duty is advanced to such an extent that it is almost impossible for the importer to bring these goods to the Canadian market.

Sale will take place on

TUESDAY, MAY 10th at TWO O'CLOCK,

On the vacant lot in front of the subscriber's Warerooms, East End Sappers' Bridge.

Terms Cash in Bankable Funds.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1335td

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

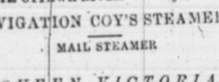
THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf



THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

Capt. Bowie,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

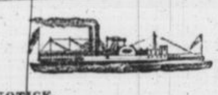
FAIRY

Capt. Nichols.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



NOTICE.

The steamers of the Union Forwarding and Railway Company will commence their daily trips to Portage du Fort, on TUESDAY morning, 26th April, leaving Aylmer at 8,30 a m. It is expected the line will be open to Des Joachim in two or three days.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, April 23, 1870 1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,

European and American Patent Medicines,

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Line leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL, and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up of a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER PANS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C F DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Ten McDonald Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two Thomson Exhibitions, value $125; the Charles Alexander Scholarship, value $120; the Joyner Smiths' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the Jane Redpath Exhibition, value $100; the Taylor Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C DAWNES, B A,

1342 1aw1d Secretary McGill University.

THE RED RIVER ROUTE MAP

Will be ready for delivery

ON THE 25th OF APRIL, 1870

LAURIE'S MAP OF THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

This map supplies a desideratum long felt, and shews:

I.—The whole of the Fertile Belt, and those parts of Wisconsin, Minnesota and Dacota through which the waggon roads pass to Fort Garry.

II.—The actual survey of the Selkirk Settlement, with all the roads, churches, &c., including the New Government Road from Fort William to Fort Garry.

III.—The Canoe route from Fort William to Fort Garry.

IV.—A Sectional Map giving all the Railway or Steamboat Routes by which St. Cloud can be reached—(St. Cloud is the present terminus of railway travel).

V.—Tables of distances on the Overland Route.

Emigrants can see at a glance where every oged Camping Ground or Station (Hotel) on the road is situated, and calculate the rate of travel accordingly.

Newspaper readers will find it an invaluable aid to a proper understanding of the news from that interesting region.

The map has been compiled by D. CODD, Esq., of Ottawa, from official maps and reports never yet made public; and in this work he has been assisted greatly by a practical knowledge of the country laid down.

The Map is 24 by 48 inches, beautifully lithographed, and will be furnished at the following prices:—

Bound in Cloth, plain, (pocket size)....$1 00
" colored,.....1 50
Mounted on rollers, plain,.....1 50
" colored,.....2 00

The pocket size mailed, free of postage on receipt of price.

Five mounted maps, to one address, sent by express prepaid.

Address orders to

P. G. LAURIE,

Windsor,

April 6, 1870.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Barkets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS AND MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

55 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

	Times Office, Ottawa, May 7, 1870.		
FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0
No. 1 Firkin	0 1[illegible]	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	13 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

LEA & PERRINS'

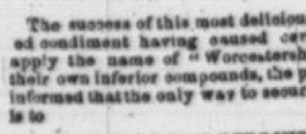
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.

Dentists.

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1626 1awdm 1awkdm

Sarsaparilla,

VYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

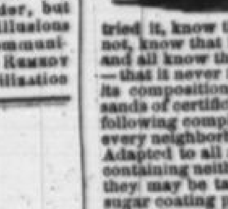
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them: those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death, or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 20. [illegible]

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

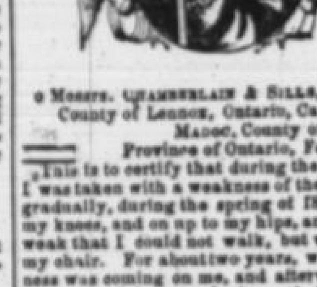
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 13 3m

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

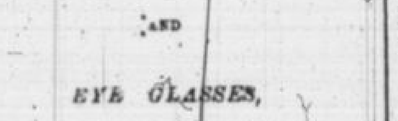
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattresses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 18 2

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

ALHAMBRA

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Union Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accouchour. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1316 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

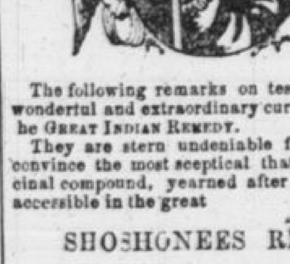
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

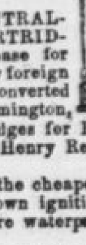
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For *Bilious Disorders* and *Liver Complaints*, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mackenzie, Esq, A McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, A M Smith, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is [illegible] not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and [illegible] promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests [illegible] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial [illegible] requested to call and judge for [illegible] your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and [illegible] stantly on hand.

Remember—[illegible] P. BASKERVILLE & [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Frazer's Magnetic [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER. [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and the [illegible] attack, may be cured within [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of [illegible] and contains nothing which can [illegible] system either by outward or inward [illegible] Try it and you will not be disappointed. [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, [illegible]

1304 1y

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 [illegible] and Sand Point. [illegible]

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and [illegible] THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING [illegible] ING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa, [illegible] Managing Director. [illegible]

VOL V.

Hardware.

[illegible] ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, [illegible] Street, Upper Town, Cooking and Fancy [illegible] Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand

[illegible] December 20, 1869.

[illegible] WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

[illegible] OPENED HIS [illegible] LISHMENT

(nearly opposite the [illegible])

[illegible] for sale at VERY LOW [illegible] well selected stock, comprising [illegible] Liquors, Tobacco, [illegible] Sauces, Spices, Pickles, [illegible] Coarse and Fine Salt. Bordeaux and other [illegible]

MESS PORK, PICKLED LABR. HERRING

[illegible] numerous other articles [illegible] a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, [illegible] quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and [illegible]

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; [illegible] Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and [illegible] bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, [illegible] quality, Burgundy, [illegible] all prices, in wood and bottle, HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, WHISKEY, high proof and over, at extra [illegible] Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch [illegible] Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, Bass's and other Ales. [illegible] and Syrups, all grades [illegible] distillers' prices.

[illegible] OLD STOCK, SAVED SELLING AT TWENTY PERCENT BELOW [illegible]

[illegible] the time or bar [illegible]

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH [illegible]

[illegible] under Chapter [illegible] Consolidated Statutes

[illegible] OFFICE—G P Dr[illegible] Office, 19 Sparks [illegible]

DIRECTORS

[illegible] JOSEPH, Chairman; D C [illegible] FOOTE A THOMPSON [illegible] HAMMOND, Manager.

[illegible] EASTON & C[illegible]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDING

DEALERS IN

[illegible] Corn, Flour, Oat[illegible]

OTTAWA

[illegible] advanced on goods [illegible] Prompt returns [illegible]

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET,

[illegible] gentlemen [illegible] board and [illegible] by the day or week at [illegible] This house is situated [illegible] of the Parliament [illegible]

Education

[illegible] AND DEPORTMENT

[illegible] having [illegible] lady [illegible] her Dancing Classes [illegible] the 22nd instant [illegible] may be [illegible] Mrs Robert Stewart [illegible] September 9th, [illegible]

PIANO TUNING.—[illegible] decided to divide his [illegible] and Ogdensburgh, [illegible] old patrons and others, [illegible] to their orders for [illegible] heretofore. Shall visit [illegible] Orders received at Mr. [illegible] and at E. Miles' [illegible]

MUSICAL ACADEMY

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH [illegible] a Graduate of the [illegible] Paris. Lessons on Piano [illegible] corner of King-st [illegible] Ottawa, June 23, 1869

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED

[illegible] Guyot has succeeded [illegible] unpalatable sourness [illegible] rendering it very soluble [illegible] happy discovery, he [illegible] a large proportion of [illegible]

Guyot's tar possesses [illegible] tar water with [illegible] A glass of excellent tar [illegible] agreeable taste may be [illegible] pouring a teaspoonful [illegible] Any one can thus prepare [illegible] the moment he requires [illegible] time, facilitating carriage [illegible] disagreeable necessity [illegible]

Guyot's tar replaces [illegible] more or less inactive [illegible] colds, bronchitis, coughs [illegible] Guyot's tar is employed [illegible] in the following diseases [illegible]

As a DRAUGHT—[illegible] water, or two table-spoons [illegible]

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE

IRRITATION [illegible]

HOOPING [illegible]

DISEASES OF [illegible]

PULMONARY [illegible]

AFFECTIONS

ITCH

DISEASES OF [illegible]

Guyot's tar has been [illegible] use in the principal [illegible] France and Spain. [illegible] the most hygienic [illegible] time of epidemics. [illegible] each bottle. [illegible] General depot in [illegible]

DOMINICK FO[illegible]

GENERAL CO[illegible]

Clarence Street, [illegible]

[illegible] the patronage [illegible] generally on the Ottawa [illegible] in the trade he [illegible] and attending [illegible] to the best of his [illegible]

Alex Fraser, Esq, [illegible] John Poupore, Esq, [illegible]

The [crest] Times

VOL V. NO. 1354. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314.2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario
Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to
PATRICK HERBERT,
39.3m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.
Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.
Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to
D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River
Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years in some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.
Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.
Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.
Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.
Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.
Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.
Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public.

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY.

The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the hall of said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
JOHN FENTON,
Township Clerk.
Township Clerk's Office,
Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 133

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it; It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.
3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG,

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.
1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.
GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W, LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiffs Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.
J W W WARD, W M MATHESON,
Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.
The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.
The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.
The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sicknesses; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.
In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.
Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.
1366tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon	9.00	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	6.30
6.00		9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
	12-Noon		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.50	5.30
6.00	12 Noon	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa			
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	8.00		5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa		11.50	4.30
6.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			6.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau		11.30	
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.
Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart............ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive............ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our]

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term o

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870 R L JAMES & CO. 1328y

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, May 5, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

SUPPLY.

The House went into Committee of Supply, Hon. Col. GRAY in the chair.

On item of $2,146 41 to meet the amount required to cover expenditure for printing, binding and distributing laws for the remainder of the year,

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS explained that the sum was a vote for expenses which were not taken into consideration last year.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the charges for distributing seemed extravagant, the cost of carting from the Departments alone being $1,200. He asked that a statement should be furnished of the actual cost of printing done under contract; and other charges should be brought up before the item came up for concurrence.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS promised this should be done.

Item carried.

Items of $25,000 to meet the expenditure on account of the construction of light houses for the river St. Lawrence, in advance of $10,000 in the Estimate for 1870-71. $4,916 for light house and coast service in New Brunswick; $20,000 for protection of fisheries and marine police, in advance of vote for 1870-71, and $6,963 to cover the expenditure for fishing services in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, over estimated expenditure, were carried.

On the item $9,661 to pay the Board of Trade of Montreal for expenses incurred in the appointment of Official Assignees in connection with the Insolvent Act of 1869.

Mr. MACKENZIE said that duty was fulfilled by Boards of Trade in all parts, and no exception should be made in favour of Montreal.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said the result of that item would be that Boards of Trade in other cities would make similar charges.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said the services performed in Montreal were very numerous. The charge was not a new one, and the duty had been performed by the same officers. The item appeared in last year's estimates.

Hon. Mr. WOOD—I did not see it.

Mr. MORISON said that the amount of the item was small, but there was a principle involved and he hoped the Government would consent to drop it.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said after the representations made to him by the members for the city of Montreal he would drop the item.

Mr. THOMPSON (Haldimand)—Another change in the Government policy. (Laughter).

Item accordingly withdrawn.

Item of $10,000 for Cullers—In reply to Hon. Mr. HOLTON,

Hon. Mr. MORRIS explained that the vote was necessary in consequence of enlarged business. He should find it necessary either to introduce a new system or increase the fees so as to make the receipts equal to the expenditure.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE said that the charge for culling ought not to be imposed upon the revenue. The lumber trade ought to be able to support its necessary charges. He thought that culling fees were now a great deal higher than needed. The real difficulty was that there were a great many more men employed than required.

Hon. Mr. WOOD said that in the Estimates for the year '68 '69 the wages of cullers alone were put down at $22,000, but in the current year the item was reduced by $10,065.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said the estimated loss was $5,000. He had persistently refused to make an addition to the staff. The present vote was required for the current quarter.

Mr. MACKENZIE said surely that ought to have been provided for in the regular estimates of last year.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said the reason was that last year's vote was not sufficient to meet the expenditure.

The item was then carried.

On the item of $20,000 for completion of Customs' services,

Hon. Mr. TILLEY briefly explained the reasons for this supplementary vote.

The item was carried.

On the item of $6,000 for covering expenditure of Money Order and Savings' Bank Departments, not especially included in the estimates,

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS said there was a misunderstanding between the two parties which had been obviated in the estimates for next year.

The item was carried.

On the item $6,480 for the amount paid to the Welland Canal Loan Company for rent or lease of water power, Government having resumed possession,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN explained that the Company obtained from Government a lease of the surplus water between locks No's. 1 and 2, and under certain conditions mentioned in the deed, the Company give sub-leases; but it was found afterwards that they required with their lease a certain extent of land along the banks of the canal to work the water powers. The Chief Engineer having been sent up reported against the lease of that land, and stated that it would be impolitic to allow the Company to go on, and it would be better to make some arrangement with them to have them give up that lease which had been granted altogether for 21 years—by which the power would be vested in the hands of the Government. The Company agreed to give up their lease and be discharged of any future payment, if their claims should be recognized by Government, and that a sum equal to the amount of rent paid by the Company to Government should be paid over to the Company for the abandonment of their rights. That was the sum mentioned in the item of $6,480.

Mr. THOMPSON—Has any reduction been allowed to tenants of water powers along the Welland Canal for the loss of water power last year?

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN—No. I understand there has been no remission.

Item $6,683 for awards and gratuity to individuals injured on the Nova Scotia Railway, and of $8,000 for the Eastern Extension Railway, were carried.

NORTH WEST EXPEDITION.

On the item of $1,460,000 for opening communication with and establishing Government aid, and providing the settlement of such Territories, including the expedition to Red River—revote.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it would be remembered that in the Committee of Supply, in the ordinary estimates, that amount was voted for the purpose of opening negotiating and establishing a settlement in the North West; but when the question of concurrence came up, the hon. member for Soulanges moved an amendment, declaring in effect that no part of that appropriation should be expended in a military expedition to that country, which was said at that time to be in contemplation. The House was assured at that time by the Minister of Justice that no part of that money would be expended upon this proposed military expedition, and that if such an expedition was contemplated, the sanction of that House would be asked for it, and that the requisite money would be asked in a straightforward question, (hear). The motion of the member for Soulanges had been allowed to remain on the order papers for more than a fortnight, and the Government had not called up the item. But they now proposed to drop the previous vote and moved the motion of the hon. member for Soulanges.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—(hear.)

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Yes; by introducing into the Supplementary Estimates this item in another form which would cover in point of fact the expense of this proposed military expedition, (hear). He did not think that this was dealing fairly with the House, and was grossly digressing from what he believed to be the true Parliamentary practice by appropriating to meet those military expenses out of the money voted for different purposes two years ago, (hear). He could not imagine anything more repugnant to sound Parliamentary practice than that course of the hon. gentleman. If a military expedition were being equipped, why did not the Government come down and frankly state the policy on which that expedition was founded? (hear). Why not bring down estimates showing the number of men that were to be employed, and the amount expended, and other information to which, as a free Parliament they were entitled to from the Ministry, instead of seeking to accomplish all their purposes, by that indirect, irregular and unconstitutional measure? (hear). He waited for an explanation from the Ministers as to that point.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said he could not conceive anything more distinct than the terms of the resolution now before the chair. With referrence to the fact that it was proposed to defray the cost of that expedition out of the vote the House was then asked for, the hon. gentleman had referred to a discussion on the previous vote. It was perfectly true that the original vote which was taken last year, and for which a loan was authorized by Parliament last year, was asked for when no military expedition was contemplated; and it was moreover perfectly true that when the Estimates were last year brought down, and that when estimated provided for the balance of the vote which had been previously taken, and to which this loan had been granted; it was perfectly true that it was not then contemplated to apply any portion of it for that expedition, and that was distinctly stated, as the hon. member well knew. The hon. gentleman complained that the resolution, having been reported from Committee, the Government stated they were not prepared to go into the discussion of the whole question on the motion proposed by the hon. member for Soulanges, which was calculated to bring on discussion. The hon. gentleman wished to know why the Government did not come down with their policy? It was answered at the time that whether the expedition was to be what might be called a warlike expedition or one of peace they could not state. He believed, looking at the state of matters, that he regarded it as one of peace, and consequently likely to incur less expense than was once anticipated. The hon. gentleman charged the Government with endeavouring to evade a discussion on the subject. Government had no such desire. It was perfectly well known that it was their intention to send troops to the North-West and a discussion would take place on the subject; but they simply asked that vote, intending to supply out of the fund already voted and sanctioned by the House, a sum to go to pay the costs of the expedition. If this House, knowing that fact, was not prepared to grant that sum then a straight vote would be taken on the resolution.

Hon. Mr. HILLYARD CAMERON believed not only the House but the country at large would sustain the course the Government had taken in that matter, and they had no reason to be alarmed. They had placed the matter in such a state that must give satisfaction to the country at large. If they were going to the Nor'-West for the purpose of protecting the people, the House ought to understand what amount was intended for such a purpose. The Government have no fear in stating that, and no better opportunity for making explanations on the subject could be given. They had placed everything on a satisfactory footing, and their best course was to state their policy and what they intended to do and the people would sustain them beyond doubt.

Hon. Mr. DORION said that the vote was only $160,000 more than the first estimate. He wished to know if that sum was intended to cover the military expedition to the North-West. (No, no.) Well then they had either estimated more than was necessary at first, or had asked a vote of money for purposes which they had not stated. They first asked for $1,800,000, and now they asked for $1,460,000. The first vote was not intended to cover the military expedition, while that one was. Therefore, when the estimates were prepared, all that was required was the first mentioned sum, for the purpose of opening up and providing for the government of the Territory, and it followed that only $160,000 was required to cover the military expedition.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS—"No, no."

Hon. Mr. DORION—Then he was to understand that when the Finance Minister brought down the first Estimates they asked a much larger amount for the purpose of opening up the country than they intended to spend during the year. If so, it was proper that the Estimate should be about the amount intended to be expended during the year for which the vote was asked. The Finance Minister said now that when the House was asked to vote $1,800,000 he did not intend to expend during the year, for which the vote was asked, anything like that amount. Well, it was an objectionable course, and the House was entitled to know what was the amount out of the vote of $1,460,000 that the Government intended to expend in opening up the country and for the Government of the North West, and what was the amount that they expected to expend in the military expedition. And he thought it due to the House that they should know when voting that large sum of money what it was for, and what portion was to be appropriated to each particular service, and he did not know that he should object to any of the items when he should know for what purpose they were required. Perhaps the hon. member did not know what that expedition would cost. He (Hon. Mr. Dorion) could understand that very well, but the House should know what amount was asked for that purpose, and it should be separated from the sums intended for other purposes. If they should vote several items in a lump they might just as well vote everything in a lump. He thought that not only, should they be told the amount required for the expedition, but that each item should be voted for separately.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought, as a preliminary to further discussion, that the suggestion he was about to make would be in order, and would be acquiesced in by the Minister of Finance. He thought the House could hardly be asked to vote money already expended, and he thought they might make the present resolution in perfect conformity with the resolution already proposed. That resolution was for $1,800,000, it being alleged in general terms that $160,000 had been already expended. He proposed to take the vote of $1,460,000, to cover the amount already spent. He thought, as a mere matter of convenience and regularity, it would be better not to go further with the resolution in its present shape.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Milliner and Dressmaker—Miss Malone
Caution—John Curtis
A good Cutter Wanted—Thos Borbridge
Sale of Valuable Building Lots—A Rowe
Sale of Household Furniture—J Bermingham
Caution—Robert Skead
To Mill Owners and Lumbermen—R W Cruice
British Columbia—Hon H Holbrook
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Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1286 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1870.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

We are happy to inform the public that the Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD has been gradually improving, during the past twenty-four hours.

EXCITING TO JEALOUSY.

Difficult it certainly is to make a silk purse out of a sows' ear, and it seems to be nearly quite as difficult to convey any true idea of Responsible Government to the Toronto *Globe*. There is news from Downing street, the *Globe* tells its readers. There is news which the Parliament of Canada, for the first time learns to the effect, that the difficulty at Red River is settled. The Governor General of Canada employs the Atlantic telegraph to convey to Earl Granville certain information, which the noble Earl communicates to the people of England, and the information of what Lord Granville has said and done comes back again, over the bottom of the wide Atlantic, for the benefit of the public here, and their representatives in Parliament. The cable gives the first information to the Commons of Canada, that all is serene. We, the Toronto *Globe* had thought that the Commons of Canada in Parliament assembled, might have something to say in the settlement of this matter, but it seems in all this, we have been mistaken. The Commons of Canada are not the Governors of Canada. Canada is not a Republic. Canada has a government responsible to the Queen's representative and to the people's representatives, for their conduct of affairs, but the Government is nevertheless quite a distinct piece of machinery of the House of Commons. Parliament accords or withholds confidence in Ministers, but assuredly does not govern. The sovereign's representative rules by, and [illegible] advisers [illegible] the people. The Parliament grants the supplies, makes acts of Parliament, assists or hinders governmental action by legislative interference, but it does no more. The ruling of the country is sanctioned by Parliament or condemned by Parliament, but the ruling, nevertheless is not immediately the business of either Lords or Commons. The ruling power is with the Queen and her Ministers. Parliament is consulted by the Crown in all matters of grave interest, and the wishes of the people invariably ascertained. Everything is done with the concurrence of Parliament where parliamentary concurrence is either desired or necessary; but there are many things done beyond the ken of Parliament, and which the Parliament is in the habit of acknowledging that it has no right to know. Every day only such information is given to Parliament with regard to important public measures as may be compatible with the public interests, and Parliament never seeks to know more. In the very matter of Fenianism, the Government refuses even to tell Parliament every circumstance within its knowledge which had led to an expenditure of two hundred thousand dollars. It is very probable, nevertheless, that Earl Granville knows all about it. There is no independence of parliamentary assistance dreamed of in all this. Government depends upon the wise and judicious assistance of the people's representatives. Without the full confidence of the majority the Government would of the people not attempt to conduct public affairs even for an hour. The ministry govern under the belief that they are trusted and are trustworthy. The *Globe*, however, to set this matter aside, for the moment, asserts on the authority of an [illegible] telegram that Earl Granville has [illegible] information about the settlement of the Red River question, which the people of Canada have not received. This we deny. Earl Granville knows nothing more than is known in Canada. He knows nothing more, than the Parliament of Canada have for some time past known—that the Red River difficulty is virtually extinguished, although it may be necessary to send a force to the new Province of Manitoba, for various reasons. The means to be employed for the sufficient government of that new Province have been submitted to the Parliament, after mature consideration by Government, and it is for the Parliament of Canada to consider whether the proposed means are likely to be effective. Parliament is consulted, and the consent of that High Court desired and always obtained before the Government take any steps involving a greater expenditure of money than the people have intrusted them with. It is really to be hoped that the *Globe* has no intention of stirring up jealousies between the people of England and the people of Canada. Surely the Red River difficulty is enough for F. M., the Honorable G. B. at present.

COLONEL RANKIN, THE BRITISH, AND THE BISHOP.

Colonel Arthur Rankin, of the Detroit Lancers, one of Her Majesty's most loyal subjects, nevertheless, has addressed a letter to the newspapers. It will be recollected that this most distinguished officer and ex-member of Parliament visited Red River, on his own mere motion, and obtained an audience with, [illegible] popularly styled, [illegible] Off [illegible] services [illegible] of Red River to obtain, not only peace with Canada, but honorable terms for that noted individual, from the Canadian Government, with the members of which Government Colonel Rankin alleged that he had influence, for a while the gallant American officer and distinguished Canadian politician enjoyed the esteem and confidence of the murderously inclined rebel chief. Elated by his success the gallant Colonel in a very short time pursued such a course of conduct as to excite suspicion of his fealty to the Provisional Government, and was invited to leave, which he very promptly and most unceremoniously did. Of course so active, energetic, and talented a man must have seen much during the period of his stay at Fort Garry, and he considered it necessary to come to Ottawa and give the result of his experience. Whether his knowledge of cavalry tactics were not sufficiently appreciated, or whether he did not receive that attention, at the hands of "the authorities" here, which his merits deserved, he was not long here before he went back again. That "blawsted fence" possibly stood in the way of his expectations. Be that as it may, the gallant Colonel now addresses the public in defence of English rights as opposed to those of a French and Catholic *minority* in the Red River settlement, the superiors and enlightenment and education to Riel and his supporters, but wanting in that *dash—elan* would possibly be a better word—for which the French are famous. Now this is kind of Colonel Rankin, when rejected by Riel to come to the aid of the intelligent English speaking population of Red River. Drs. Schultz and Lynch must owe Colonel Rankin an irredeemable debt of gratitude, and indeed, Governor McDougall must be thankful that that so disinterested a champion has appeared on his behalf. One thing pleases us very much; Colonel Rankin is to-day eminently British in his leanings. One day he is American in his proclivities, another day French, and now he is British. We are indeed, exceedingly gratified. There is still another gentleman, who is much indebted to Colonel Rankin, and that is Sir John A. Macdonald—now unfortunately too ill too appreciate his kindness. Him, at last, the gallant Colonel, relieves from the imputation of placing the Government of Manitoba in the hands of a Roman Catholic Bishop. He gives the credit of the Bill for the government of Manitoba, to Father Richot, whom he accompanied from Red River as far as Essex. He seems to think, too, that this Bill will be quite satisfactory to the people of Toronto, who expressed indignation at the murder of Scott. If they do not quickly complain, Colonel Rankin tells them, it will be too late, for it is improper to resist the law, and the Bill will be law and irresistible in a trice. But oh, naughty Colonel, notwithstanding your respect for law and order, you, who have been counselling Riel to keep the peace, advise the people to rise up, like one man, and resist the establishment of the Government of Manitobah. But you do not mean what you say, kind soul. If the Bill passes—as you expect—you recommend that Dr. Tache be sent to Red River to assist his brother of St. Boniface to govern Manitoba—God-like man, you recommend the brother of a Bishop to go to the assistance of a holy brother to rule a province the name of which in England would signify the Province of the "Speaking God." That, however, is not the grievance. Captain Cameron goes to Red River—the Colonel tells us—with fifty men, and the gallant, judicious, and patriotic Colonel Rankin is only permitted, after all his exertions, to remain at home.

LAW.

The following article respecting the right of a private prosecutor to appear in a Crown case, is taken from the New York *World*. It may show to some parties that their knowledge of law is not quite so extensive as hitherto they have ignorantly supposed. A lawyer, pleading for his fee, may say and almost do anything; a lawyer, who is a judge, ought not to forget that he is a lawyer:—

Private Prosecutors in Criminal Trials

The question whether private prosecutors should be permitted to employ, for a fee or reward, counsel to assist the law officers of the State and county in effecting a conviction for a crime punishable with death came up in the trial, some forty years ago, of Knapp, in Salem, Massachusetts, as an accessory before the fact to the murder of Captain White. The circumstances are officially reported in the tenth volume of Pickering's Reports, p 477. Daniel Webster appeared for the prosecution, at the request of the Attorney-General of the commonwealth. The prisoner's counsel objected to his appearance upon the ground that the latter was to receive "*a compensation for his services from a private prosecutor.*" In a note written that day to Judge Story, he added that he had not received and should not receive any fee in the case. Mr Webster replied that "he appeared solely at the request of the Attorney-General, and without any pecuniary inducement." Whereupon the judges deliberated, and on the following day delivered the opinion of the court. They said:

In the present case, Mr. Webster avows that he is induced to aid the Attorney General merely at his request, and without any other consideration; so that this case presents the question whether a councillor may, at the request of the Attorney General, be admitted to aid him in the prosecution, without any pecuniary consideration being paid to him, or any other consideration which may be supposed to influence him, excepting a disinterested regard for the public good. And we all think that, under these circumstances, the application should be granted.

It is quite evident in this case that the court could have excluded Mr. Webster, on application by the prisoner's counsel, if it had appeared that he was influenced by any other motive "excepting a disinterested regard for the public good." And the rule laid down is a sound one to prevent juries being hurried beyond the law and evidence. It is a sound rule in another respect, for it tends to compel the power which creates prosecuting officers to be watchful that only such lawyers reach those positions as are competent to try *all* causes in which the people are concerned, no matter how important or what the array in the opposing side. To justify the appearance of private counsel, there must be a case of such supreme public magnitude, and such a capacity of labor in preparation and ability, in the trial on behalf of the accused, that regard for the common weal alone inspires public spirited members of the bar to respond to application for aid by the prosecuting officers. If the tendency of the testimony of Mr. Horace Greeley is to be trusted, such are not the circumstances under which Mr. Noah Davis leaves his public functions in Washington to assist District Attorney Garvin to do what he is quite equal to doing alone.

Some days ago we erroneously stated that Mr. Kirkpatrick voted with the Government. We should have said that he *voted for Mr. Workman's amendment*.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pains. Sold by druggists

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales [illegible] over [illegible] thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they affect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores through all the Province, at 25 cents per box.

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E DEAN,
St. John, N.B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M D,
Gagetown, N.B

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 10, 1870.

Yesterday afternoon, in the Senate, the Act respecting Customs and Inland Revenue was brought up from the House of Commons, and on the motion for the second reading at the next sitting a long debate ensued.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. Wilmot, that the Bill be not read until this day six months.

Hon. Mr. MACPHERSON moved in amendment, seconded by Hon. Mr. Robertson, that it be resolved that in the opinion of the House by subjecting to duty of Customs Breadstuffs of any kind, or Rice, Coal, Coke, Salt or any of the "Natural Products" enumerated in Schedule C. of the present tariff, and which at present are admitted into Canada free of duty, a principle would be introduced that would be partial in its operation between the Provinces constituting the Dominion, that would distribute the burden of taxation unequally and vexatiously among the people, that would injuriously disturb trade, and tend to engender sentiments of sectionalism and disunion in the minds of the people of Canada.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL deprecated any collision between the two Houses, on a subject of such a character, at the present stage of affairs, and argued in favour of the policy of the Government.

Hon. Messrs. Letellier de St. Just, Wilmot, McPherson, Miller, Robertson, Reesor, Allan, Bourinot, Sanborn, Wark, and Locke addressed the House against the Bill, and Hon Mr. Skead supported it.

The Senate divided on Mr. McPherson's amendment, which was lost on the following division. Contents, 24; non-contents, 28.

The Bill was read a third time, and the third meeting put down for to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3:25.

Mr. JACKSON stated that Mr. Holbrook of Westminster, British Columbia, was in town and would be glad to confer with members on the subject of a railway through British Territory to British Columbia.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER intimated that the Premier was much better.

The debate on the message of His Excellency, and the resolutions respecting the establishment of the Government of Manitoba being received,

Mr. MACKENZIE said that they would only offer such amendments to the Bill as would secure to the people of Red River their rights and liberties.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL said, without any reference to any of the members of the House, he had on last Saturday prepared amendments, which, when in the Government he had considered necessary.

The House then went into Committee, Mr. MCDONALD (Middlesex) in the chair.

Mr FERGUSON was quite willing to do justice to the claims of the Indians, but did not think it would be right to grant for their exclusive use 1,400,000 acres of land, leaving only 1,800,000 for the settlers, and moved that that section should be omitted.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER hoped that the motion would not be pressed as it might have the effect of placing the wild land in the hands of the Local Government and be embarrassing, should be it hereafter necessary to cede land for railway purposes. It was the wish of all the inhabitants of Manitoba that these lands should be reserved as proposed.

Mr. BOWELL wanted to know how the descendants of people who had no Indian blood in their veins were to be provided for.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the intention was to treat all parties in the most liberal manner.

Mr. STIRTON asked why there should be any distinction made between the different classes of settlers.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that there were not ten of the better-halves of the settlers who had not Indian blood in their veins.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL did not think that any but actual Indians had a claim to consideration in the reservation of lands. He did not believe that they would even be an agricultural people.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said that Canada had always contended that the Hudson's Bay Company never had a claim to what was called "The Fertile Belt." There was every intention to deal liberally and fairly, however, with the present settlers of Manitoba. He thought it a small matter to concede to them what they desired with a view to peaceable possession.

Mr. MACKENZIE considered that if all the claims were satisfied but very little land would be left for settlement. His policy was to give a grant of 200 acres to any person who would settle in the country. He did not believe in giving the Hudson's Bay Company large tracts of land, locking up the country and retarding settlement.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER thought that all the inhabitants of Manitoba had Indian blood in their veins, and that such blood extended to the fourth generation, and that all should be regarded in respect of Indian claims

Hon. Mr. HOWE showed by the Congressional Reports that the claims of the half-breed Indians were recognized by the United States Government.

Hon. JOHN H. CAMERON did not think the claims of the Indians could be extinguished, and if the half breeds had any rights he believed they ought to have the full benefit of them.

Hon. Mr MCDOUGALL said that the House would have had the benefit of the legal opinion of the member for Peel. He believed that as soon as an Indian woman married a white man, in the eyes of the red man she was no longer an Indian.

Mr. FERGUSON said that the hon. member for North Lanark need not be under any apprehension that he would withdraw his motion. If Mr. Scott and Father Richot had made propositions as to the claims of minors he certainly did not think such propositions would be entertained. He thought if the representations of the rebels were entertained those of the loyalists ought to be listened to. He did not think that such fellows as Father Richot and Scott ought to be allowed to dictate to the Government. He thought that such men would go a long way towards creating future rebels.

The motion was lost, yeas; 37, nays, 57.

The Bill was reported without amendment.

Hon Mr. TILLEY moved the second reading of the Bill to prevent difficulties arising from the expiration of certain New Brunswick Acts.

Hon Sir FRANCIS HINCKS presented the 8th report of the Public Accounts relating to the improved manner of keeping the Public Accounts.

AFTER RECESS.

Hon Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER moved concurrence in amendments to the Manitoba Bill

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL objected to the Bill as being too complicated for an ignorant people, to the double system of legislation, and to the franchise. He would afford every facility for immigration, and would make provision for public schools and public lands. He defended his conduct while at Pembina. He spoke sarcastically of the lukewarm manner in which the Government viewed the murder of Scott, and attacked Mr. Howe for what he was supposed to have said and done in the Northwest.

Hon. Sir GEORGE CARTIER was less surprised at the defence of the hon. member for North Lanark, from the aspersions cast upon him, than at the illiberality in the matter of the Government for the proposed Province of Manitoba. He had hitherto looked upon him as a liberal. He did not, however, blame the honourable gentleman for the bitterness of feeling which he exhibited towards the people of Red River, but he did not believe in their being spoken of as rebels. They certainly owed Canada allegiance and everybody deplored their action, but the part of the Government was to reconcile, not exasperate them. The measure before the House had a conciliatory tendency. He feared that Mr. McDougall had underrated the intelligence of the people of Manitoba. He thought if the debates at Winnipeg and those at Ottawa were compared the comparisons would not be flattering to the latter. He conceived that the scheme of the Government for Manitoba, not like the bastard scheme of Mr. McDougall, would induce immigration. The Government of the New Province would for the next ten years cost the Dominion only $66,204. The proposed Government would be the most economical on the continent. He did not think Judge Black was much conversant with political affairs, and thought that Father Richot did not deserve the expressions cast upon him. The intention of the Government was to have a policy that could not be equalled in liberality. The hon. member for North Lanark knew that his acts were illegal, and charging his colleagues with a breach of faith came from him with an exceedingly bad grace.

Mr. MACKENZIE recommended a temporary form of Government until the wishes of the people of Red River could be more correctly ascertained. He thought the reservation of land would have a bad effect in the way of inducing immigration. When the Minister of Militia spoke of the people of Rupert's Land maintaining their allegiance, it was to be inferred that he had not read their declaration of independence.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—Independence as regards the rule of the Hudson's Bay Company.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that for two years the Government of Manitoba should be a temporary one. He thought that as the Government were making so small a province they ought to fence it round and whitewash the fence.

Hon. Mr. HOWE had listened to a bitter and somewhat personal attack by the member for Lambton a day or two ago, but did not think that it would be in good taste to follow his example. His object was to have the British flag float free over the land of a free and happy people. If he was guilty of such charges as had been laid against him he should consider himself unworthy of a seat in the House. When Mr. McDougall was at Pembina, he was asked to lecture and explain his position, but he declined doing so. He considered that it was the so-called loyal people who had created the rebellion. When some 40 of them were cooped up in Dr. Shultz's house they had surrendered like so many hens without even firing a shot. Had he been able to have spoken French fluently he might have said something to have allayed the discontent, but he could not, and, therefore, did not attempt it. Nevertheless he had candidly and fairly stated to the people the good intentions of Canada, and even made a personal defence of Mr. McDougall when he found there was a strong feeling of prejudice against him. The last advice he gave to Governor McTavish was to do all he could to give a cordial welcome to Mr. McDougall. He held that he had written to Mr. McDougall giving both advice and warning. He denied doing anything in the most remote degree to excite an ill-feeling among the half-breeds towards Canada, but the very reverse. He could not see what the Canadian Government were any more liberal in the Bill before the House than was the United States government were with the State of Minnesota.

Mr. BOWELL charged the Hon. Mr. Howe with being the first member in the House to commence attacks of a personal character. He was sorry to hear the hon. gentleman so far lower himself in the opinion of this House as to allude to Riel in such terms of commendation as he did, to a man who was a murderer and opposed to the best interests of this country and the country in which he lived. He was sure the hon. gentleman's allusion to the manner in which the loyalists were taken prisoners in the house of Dr. Shultz would go to Ontario and be commented on in the manner such remarks deserved. He was sure the people of Ontario would feel humiliated at the half apologetic manner in which his hon. friend had spoken of a foul murder for which there was no palliation.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL thought there was some strange perversion in the state of feeling held by the members on the Treasury Benches, they seemed to wish to apologise for a ruffian and a loafer, who without reason took up arms and murdered and imprisoned loyal subjects of Her Majesty. He alleged that the Canadian Government gave the Red River people no reason for taking arms in rebellion against their rule. He again charged Mr. Howe with inducing the inhabitants of Manitoba to treat the Canadian Government with contempt, and inciting them to rebellion. He challenged the hon. gentleman to deny that he had repudiated the act of rising the British flag with the word Canada written on it—raised in his honour. He thought the hon. gentleman was merely playing on the words *hauling down* the flag. And as for the letters his hon. friend had produced, the one from the lady was an open sympathizer with the rebels, and the Postmaster at Pembina was honest enough to tell himself (Mr. McDougall) that he sympathized with the insurgents at Red River and sincerely wished that they would succeed. As for the charge made against him for giving Colonel Dennis instructions to kill and destroy all the rebels, he would find he would say he merely gave Col. Dennis this commission to protect him as he was willing to stand between Col. Dennis and the consequences. Did the hon. member think that authority should cease because the enforcing of it might get people hurt, if the principle authority would soon be at an end. He thought there was a design somewhere in the design of this Bill to sympathise with the rebels. The exclusion of the English people at Portage La Prairie was to secure domination of the insurgent party in that country, for reasons best known to the Government.

Hon Mr H. CAMERON hoped that the House would be troubled no longer with personal recriminations as it was taking up the time of the House from the consideration of the bill before the House, but while the subject was before the House he could not let it pass without showing his disapprobation of the sentiments uttered by his hon. friend the member for North Lanark. He believed that if this Government gave the people an opportunity of disclosing their wishes as to the description of legislation they want they could not chose a mode of legislation that would meet the wishes of the majority of the inhabitants of Manitoba better than the one before the House. He admitted that there were some objections to the Bill, but those objections could be overcome. He thought that as soon as the population of the territory increased, they could have an opportunity of altering the Legislation to suit their own necessities, and if the proscribed boundary was too small, it was making the basis or nucleus of a Province that could be extended with the necessities for such an extension. He thought there were clauses in which an amendment could be made by and by, but for the peculiarity of the case he thought the Bill would answer very well for the present better than rush into something else that may not suit so well, and he did not think the members on the Opposition could frame a Bill that would better suit the situation than the one before the House.

The amendment of Mr. MACKENZIE was put to a vote and was lost.

Yeas, 35; nays, 95.

After some remarks from Mr. YOUNG a vote was taken on Mr. McDougall's amendment and lost.

Mr. FERGUSON thought the boundaries proposed by the Government too small, and the boundaries proposed by the hon. member for North Lanark too large; he proposed a middle course. He thought that by making the boundary so small it would be serving the Hudson's Bay Company, but if the boundaries were extended, they would have to make their selection at once and pay taxes on it, as they would not have a chance, unless they expected poor land. He did not believe in having the Territory divided into several small Provinces as it would be in the course of time

Mr. CARTWRIGHT took the position of throwing the whole responsibility of the formation of the legislation of the Province of Manitoba on the Government. He did think there was a sufficient knowledge of the state of the country or its requirements to form a judgment as to whether the amendment of the member for North Lanark, that of the member for Lambton, or the amendment of Mr Ferguson were best suited for the new Province, and he would move an amendment "providing that it shall be lawful to the Parliament of Canada to enlarge and make such changes in the boundry as may appear expedient from time to time."

Mr. FERGUSON would say the motion of his friend would just take in two degrees more in the West and made no other difference.

Mr. GIBBS suggested that the boundaries of the proposed Province should be enlarged at once. He thought the Province was too small, and he proposed to have its area enlarged at once.

Mr. GIBBS supported Mr. Cartwright's amendment, as he believed that the Government should be held responsible here after.

The motion was put to a vote and lost—yeas 52, nays 72.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an amendment on Mr. Ferguson's motion, the boundary of Ontario is the Lake of the Woods, and the bounding proposed by the Bill is a little west of this, he proposed having the western boundary of Ontario to be the eastern boundary of Manitoba.

Mr. JONES made some calculations from which he made out only 200,000 acres that would remain for settlers when the other claims were settled.

Dr. GRANT thought if the prosperity of the country was what was wished it would not be attained by the circumscribed boundaries that are laid down in the Bill before the House, and feeling confident that it would be for the benefit of the territory by promoting an emigration to have the boundaries enlarged. He would support the last amendment.

A vote was taken on the motion and lost. Yeas, 47; nays, 72.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Ferguson's amendment—Yeas; 49, nays; 73.

Mr. MILLS proposed an amendment to extend the North America Act to members of the Legislation of Manitoba. The amendment was put to a vote and lost—yeas 45, nays 72.

Mr. FERGUSON moved in amendment that the amendments be not concurred in, but referred to a Committee of the Whole.

On the motion of striking out clause 27 of the Bill, a vote being taken the motion stood—Yeas 40 nays 77.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved an amendment to the clause relating to qualification of voters. The motion was lost. Yeas 38; nays 78.

Mr. DREW moved an amendment relating to the term of legislation.

MR. MACKENZIE showed the necessity of having the term without an election limited to two years. He expected that in two years the population of the country would be trebled, and if members were elected for four years on the chance of Parliament being dissolved by the Governor it was not giving new settlers an opportunity of having a vote in the legislation of the country, which he considered would be detrimental to the inhabitants of the Province.

The amendment was put to a vote and lost. Yeas 41; nays 66.

Hon. Mr. MACKENZIE moved an adjournment, as there would have to be a discussion on the amendments no time would be saved by continuing the debate.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought there could be no objection to an adjournment at 3 o'clock in the morning.

The House adjourned at 3:3 a. m.

HON. MR. ARCHIBALD'S SPEECH ON THE MANITOBA BILL.

OTTAWA, May 7, 1870.

Mr. Speaker, the hon. member for Lambton in breaking ground this afternoon, has entered into a great variety of details. He has criticized the conduct of the Government and of individual members of the Government at great length and with great asperity. The observations he has made—the line he has followed, would be proper enough if we were discussing a question of want of confidence, but does not seem to me at all suitable to the subject now before the House. The question we have to deal with is the kind of constitution we are to give to the new Province, the kind of organization under which the people of Manitobah are to enter upon a new phase of national existence. When my hon. friend for Lambton tells this House that on a subject of such vast importance to the future welfare of the Dominion, should be approached in a spirit of gravity and decorum, he carries with him the judgement and good sense of this House, but I ask my hon. friend if he thinks the style of address which he has adopted is in conformity with his own views—whether it is the kind of address, which is worthy of his position—his high position—in this House, or which is likely to promote the true interests of this country. Sir, when my hon. friend for Lambton undertakes to speak of my hon. friend the Secretary of State for the Provinces, as a traitor to his country, as a traitor to the Government of which he is a member, when he condescends to make himself the channel by which all the idle tales of a country, which the member for Lanark, describes as a country of semi-savages, shall find their way into this House, I ask him whether he is keeping himself within the bounds of decorum, which he has described as suitable for the discussion of this great subject. I will not humiliate my hon. friend, the Secretary of State, by treating the charges brought against him as requiring a defence or a denial. I will not treat them as requiring any other defence or denial than their intrinsic improbability and absurdity. But I will take the liberty of pointing my honourable friend to one source of consolation which he has under the circumstances. My honourable friend the member for Lambton sits along side of the honourable member for Lanark. They are engaged in a joint assault on my honourable friend the Secretary of State. They have so far a common object, but it must have been a source of amusement to my honourable friend, as it certainly was to the House, to see the hon. member for Lambton suddenly pause in the course of his fierce invective and turn to his friend at his side, to let him know what he thought of him and his conduct, to his political party and friends. It was quite clear that the hon. member for Lanark was still unforgiven, and my hon. friend the Secretary of State has the consolation to know that there is nothing which either of these gentleman can say of him, that they have not, during the last three years over and over again said of each other, and that if the hon. Member for Lambton, has on this occasion allied himself with the hon. Member for Lanark, it is because he wants his services as a kind of political Sioux in hunting down and scalping my hon. friend the Secretary of State. The hon. member for Lambton has said the delegates from the Territory ought to be received.

Mr. MACKENZIE.—I did not say so.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD.—Then I have mistaken the hon. gentleman, and I supposed him to have said what I think he ought to have said. These men are here by the invitation of the Canadian Government. They were appointed at a meeting of representatives from the various districts, convened at Fort Garry for that purpose. They are here, therefore, as the representatives of the people of that district, or, at all events, the representatives of the people who have taken part in these troubles. They may have sympathized with the actors in the *emeute*. Very likely they did—and if they did not they would hardly have been chosen as representatives and would have been of little value if they had been chosen. If they can be of any use, it will be because they have the confidence and may be supposed to understand the views of the people behind them. These people are in armed insurrection, we wish to know what the difficulties are, we invite them to send delegates, and they send them on our invitation. The question is not whether the conduct of these people has been right or wrong. We want to know what it is they complain of, and they send these men to tell us. They are, therefore, so far representatives, and any insults hurled against them are insults to the people who sent them here. I ask my honorable friend for Lambton, if he thinks any good is to come of his undertaking to proclaim on the floor of this House that one of these men is a drunkard and a loafer—and that another, in reckless disregard of his sacred character, has been complicated with rebellion, and violence and outrages of the worst kind. A man holding the high position of the hon. member for Lambton in this House and in this country has a large measure of responsibility thrown upon him. His words should be weighed and measured. I fear such language is not calculated to promote the settlement of these unhappy troubles.

Sir, I do not say that we should not frame our measure agreeably to the views of these or any other delegates. We should get our information from every quarter, and the measure should be the one which recommends itself as best for the interests of the Dominion, and for the prosperity of our common country. My hon. friend from Lambton speaks of the value of the great domain on which we are about to enter in the most glowing terms. He dwells on its importance as the site of the only railway which can find its way to the Pacific, over a fertile country. I entirely agree with him in his estimate. I feel that the value of this great Territory cannot be over estimated, and it is because I feel thus—and because the Province we are now organizing is the key of the whole—that I entertain so strong a desire that we should get possession of this, which assures us of the whole. I consider it sound policy to deal in a liberal spirit with the troubles we have, so as to efface them at once and forever. If this Bill proposed to deal with the whole North West Territory, we should feel much more difficulty in approaching the subject. If we were called upon to give form and shape to the political institutions which were to regulate a whole continent, we would do well to hesitate. To my mind the smallness of the limits of the Province is no objection. If it be one, it is one capable of an easy remedy. All we require to know is that a larger Territory ought to be included, and at any time the limits can be extended. You may enlarge, but you will find it difficult to contract.

But after all, is it so very small? It contains 14,000 square miles. That is not a very large tract, perhaps, in the minds of the people of the great Province of Ontario, but with us by the seaboard a Province five or six times as large as Prince Edward Island, is no contemptible Territory.

Mr. MACKENZIE it is not so large as Nova Scotia.

Hon Mr. ARCHIBALD it is not, but it differs from Nova Scotia in this. A large portion of the interior of Nova Scotia is barren, much of it is rocky, a large tract is covered with lakes. If 1-5th of our soil is capable of cultivation, it is as much as we can count on, but in Manitobah there is hardly an acre that is not cultivable. It is capable of sustaining a population of millions from the soil alone, and such a Province cannot be called mean or contemptible. It is true the present population does not exceed fifteen to seventeen thousand, but they will not remain long at that figure. One of the first results which will follow the organization of the country, will be a large influx of Immigration.

Quebec will contribute its share, Ontario will do the same. Many will come from beyond the water, and in two years we shall find there a population of double the number; and in five years it will amount to a very considerable population. Let them come from where they may; let them be of any origin, race or creed; let them go in and possess the country, working it under the organization we are now framing, or under any other organization which they may think fit to adopt, all that we have to do is to see them fairly started in the race. And it is because I would like them started fairly that I objected to a feature of the Bill as it originally stood; that I approve of the alteration which extends the boundaries to include all the people. I have no doubt the Government have given a correct account of the view they had in excluding a portion of its people, but whether that account be accebted or not, the Bill in its original shape was liable to much misinterpretation, and the Government have acted wisely in changing it.

In dealing with this question we are certainly in a much better position than we were last year. A flood of light has poured in upon us, and yet it is impossible to deny that in many points we are still in the dark.

This little community which has grown up in the very heart of the continent is unique. There is nothing like it in the world. Separated by boundless prairies from intercourse with the people of the South, barred out from Canada by 800 miles of swamp and wilderness, and mountain and lake, separated from the people on the Pacific shores, by the almost impassable chain of the Rocky Mountains, they have had little intercourse with the outer world. And yet they have among them men, who have had the advantages of the best education which Europe can afford—Men who in intellectual culture, in manners and in every social qualification are not surpassed in any country. And yet, these men are brought into immediate contact with the most primitive people in the world, with men in the primary stages of society, in the lowest and rudest conditions of civilization.

Is it any wonder that a community so secluded from all the rest of the world, uninformed of all that is transpiring around them, should be subject to great, to unreasonable alarms, when suddenly the barrier is burst, which separates them from the rest of the world, and they see their country about to be entered by strangers? Is it any wonder that their fears should be raised; should be traded upon by Demagogues ambitious of power and place? I do not think it is. I deplore as much as any man in this House, I can blame with as much severity as any man in this House the fatal results which have followed, but I can not say I am astonished that under the circumstances in which these men were placed, and with the fears they entertained, just such things should occur as have occurred, and that they should have culminated in the sad event which we all alike deplore and condemn the circumstances in which these events place us impose on us a stern duty. We must re-establish law and order. We must vindicate the supremacy of the national flag. But the readiest mode of doing so is, at the same time, to show these people that their fears are unfounded, that their rights shall be guaranteed, their property held sacred, and that they shall be secured in all the privileges and advantages which belong to them, as Britons and as freemen.

This is why I rejoice that the Government have proposed a most liberal Bill, which gives the people every guarantee they have a right to ask. With this Bill in one hand, and the flag of our country in the other, we can enter, not as conquerors, but as pacificators, and we shall satisfy the people there that we have no selfish object of our own to accomplish, that we go there for their good as well as for our good.

Sir, I see provisions in this Bill, which are creditable to the Government. It has, hitherto been the pride of Canada, that in her dealings with the Indian tribes, she has evinced a spirit of generosity. That in making treaties she has dealt liberally, and what she has promised solemnly, she has kept faithfully. And at this moment she is reaping the reward of her good faith. If there is any one thing more than another that will assist us in putting an end to those Western troubles, it is the fact that the Indian tribes in every quarter are grateful to their great mother the Queen, for the way in which they have been dealt with, and are loyal to a man.

There is also one other thing that very much helps us. In the country at this moment there are no more loyal subjects of the Crown than our fellow citizens of French descent. There are no men more truly British in their feelings, in their attachment to the Soverign, in their love of British connection than are the French Canadians. And in this respect the half-breeds of French origin in the territory reflect the loyalty which they inherit from both races. They have no sympathy with republican institutions, and if at this moment we have but little to fear from filibusters and Fenians in the West, it is due to the fact that the men who are frightened unnecessarily frightened into aggressive attitude, have no sympathy with the people and no regard for the institutions of their Southern neighbours.

Sir, I think the main features of the Bill which the Government have introduced are conceived in a spirit of fair play to this people, and I shall have great pleasure in giving it my support,

And now, Mr. Speaker, there is one matter which I feel bound to allude to before I conclude. It really has nothing to do with this discussion, but it has been introduced into it by gentlemen on both sides. The hon. member for Lambton; the hon. member for Lanark, and the hon member for West Toronto have referred to a gentleman who is not in this House, who is unable therefore to defend himself, in terms which I think, call upon some one to repel a gross injustice.

A British House of Commons will never refuse to listen to the defence of any person, however, humble when unjustly assailed, and it is because Captain Cameron has been unjustly and ungenerously dealt with, that I feel it my duty to trespass for a little while on the indulgence of the House, in endeavouring to do him justice.

I have no particular reason to be the champion of Captain Cameron. I have not an intimacy with him of sufficiently close a character to justify me in assuming that function, but I have the honor of some acquaintance with him. I have sufficient acquaintance with him to feel myself justified in saying to this House, that as a man of cultivated intellect and refined taste, as a scholar and a gentleman, he is not second to the very best of his detractors.

The principal point which has been made against this gentleman is that he is not a man of gigantic stature. Now, I can understand the Editor of the *Globe*, whose fine proportions are familiar to many members of this House—I can even understand the member for North Lanark being prejudiced in this way, but I have difficulty in conceiving why the hon. member for Lambton should consider qualification for office to be dependent, either on height or on girth.

I have said that Captain Cameron is a gentleman and a scholar. I have to say further that as an officer in the branch of the service to which he belongs, he has, had a very extensive and varied experience. He was appointed to the artillery in 1856, and from that time to 1869, in different parts of the world, he has been engaged in continuous service of a kind which demanded the highest order of qualification. I hold in my hand a record of his services. It is long, and I shall not detain the House to read it, but after what has occurred I shall feel it my duty to see that it finds its way to the press.

I would merely say in reference to this point and as an illustration of the species of service which Capt. Cameron has seen that, on one occasion he conducted an artillery train from one end of India to the other, from Peshawur in the west to Dinnapore in the East, that he did this in the rainy season, crossing the unbridged rivers of the Punjaub, and performing the whole march which occupied three months, without the aid of any European except a suergeant and the officer in charge of the cavalry escort. This is not a service that implies the absence of high qualities.

The men under whom Captain Cameron served were able to appreciate his qualities. Their opinions might fairly outweigh those of a Pembina postmaster, even if the postmaster did pronounce on the subject. At all events I shall take the liberty to read to the House what General Tyler says of Captain Cameron in a despatch to the Military Secretary of the Commander in-Chief dated in 1867.

"Capt. Cameron, R. A., served as Adjutant to the Artillery attached to the Left Brigade Dooar Field Force throughout the Bhootan campaign. He was also attached to the Armstrong 6th Pr. Batt., which he even commanded for a limited period.

Capt. Cameron's services in the field, where he frequently commanded the portion of his own arm employed, were most meritorious—nor were his efforts for the advancement of the public service confined to his own branch. On two occasion, at least, he rendered important services in the intelligence department.

Out of the field he ably and zealously seconded the efforts of his commanding officer, Capt. Wilson, in the conversion of the 6th Pr. Armstrong Battery into a mountain one, capable of being worked with efficiency in the very rugged and precipitous mountains of Bhootan.

I venture strongly to recommend Capt. Cameron to the favorable notice of His Royal Highness. He has, in my humble opinion, well earned a step in army rank."

Perhaps the House will indulge me while I read the certificate of another general officer, Brigadier General Dunsford, dated the 6th June, same year.

"Captain Donald Cameron served under my command in the Dooars campaign, 1864, and gave numerous proofs of energy, zeal and courage. Though not engaged with the column under my immediate command, he was highly reported on by Colonel Watson and Major Huxshaw, under whom he was actively engaged against the enemy, and was brought favorably to the notice of His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

I consider Captain Cameron an excellent officer in every respect. He evinced skill, judgment, and energy wherever he was employed throughout the campaign, and I would venture to recommend his services to the favorable notice of Government."

In 1868 and 1869 Captain Cameron was appointed Adjutant to the first brigade of Royal Artillery, stationed at Halifax. Captain C. identified himself with many useful and benevolent institutions in Halifax outside the line of his military duties, and I am happy to be able to say to this House that there, in private society as well as in military circles, he endeared himself to a large number of friends and acquaintances.

There too he formed a connection by marriage with the family of a member of this House, a circumstance to which, perhaps he has been indebted for some of the asperities of the public press.

When the arrangements were being made for Red River, I am not surprised that the Government, desirous to avail themselves of the services of a gentleman, of such large and varied expression offered him an appointment in the West. He proceeded there and with the rest of the party, was barred out of the Territory.

A great effort has been made to cast ridicule upon Captain Cameron, for what took place at Pembina. The *Globe* has been at great pains to retail some sneering observation said to have been made by the French master of that place. I do not know what may be the exact value of the opinion of a petty official of the United States, in a frontier town, consisting of a few huts. I would not have thought myself of quoting such an opinion, but as the press which sympathizes with the gentlemen in opposition have thought fit to do so, he is their witness and not mine. Now it just happens that I hold in my hand a letter from this same postmaster written on the 18th February, and as the hon. member for North Lanark seems to attach some importance to this gentleman's sayings he will have the gratification to find that he does not confine himself to Captain Cameron alone, but gives some opinions about others of the same party.

I read from the letter:

We were sorry to loose the [illegible] and his lady as they were very much [illegible] by all of us.

I must admit that our first impressions of the Captain were not very favorable. Probably from some of his eccentricities, *but more* from the ignoring of him by the party that he came with, at the time denied in toto, that he was one of them. That he was a hanger-on to their party, whom they picked up somewhere on the road, or in the settlement, and that they had nothing to do with him, his being a member of their Council, nor their knowledge had he any appointment or promise of appointment from the Canadian Government. Even Governor McDougall, in the meeting held with the Pembina officials, in the Customs Office, gave him a sneering [illegible] for which he received no response; however, as by that time we learned to estimate the Captain *as the best* [illegible].

I do not write this in a spirit [illegible] ousness, but simply to do justice to him for whom we all have the highest [illegible] as a gentleman, a good and kind neighbour, and laying aside his eccentricities being superior to those who culminated him.

You will please say to them for us [illegible] should they ever come this way again he will *meet a cordial welcome from all here.*

But, sir, I will call other evidence from the Opposition quarter.

The Reporter of the *Globe* and the Reporter of the *Telegraph* were both sent out of the *territory*, and on their return, these gentlemen bore testimony to the high character which Capt. Cameron bore while in the confines of the country.

And now, Mr. Speaker, I have to thank the House for the kind indulgence with which they have listened to observations which partake so much of a personal nature. I was quite sure that I was counting too much upon their spirit of fair play when I asked the liberty of giving this explanation—and I thank them sincerely for the opportunity they have given me of dispelling, as I have endeavoured to do, some unjust aspersions on a meritorious officer, and I have only to regret that his medication have not fallen into abler hands.

Memorandum of Services of Capt. D. Cameron, R. A., referred to by Mr. Archibald, on his Speech on the Manitoba Bill, May 7, 1870.

1836. Commissioned in March 1856.

1839. Selected to join the school of gunnery on its first formation. Adjutant of the Royal Artillery at Aldomey, one of the most strongly fortified places in the British dominions during its re-armament.

1860, 1862. Instructor of gunnery of the 1st Brigade, R. A., on its first organization at Fort Elson.

1863. Appointed to field battery, 24th Brigade, on its first organization. Commanded two batteries in cholera camp. Adjutant of Royal Artillery at Agra. Selected and telegraphed for by Mr. E. to the Commander-in Chief in India, to organize an Armstrong mountain battery for service in the Himaleylah campaign, north west of India. Appointed to conduct the battery from Peshawur, on the Eghenu, north west of India, to Donapore, some miles the north of Calcutta, preparatory to the Bhootan campaign. This march of three months was begun in the unhealthy season, when it was considered unsafe for European troops to travel, and when the Punjaub rivers (5) were unbridged. The Indus at Allook—a rapid—one of the streams seven miles in breadth, and a freshet from the Himalayahs, expected to flood the country. Besides the Battery, the train included a long train of waggons with stores, resources of ammunition, horses and cattle. The only other European who accompanied the train was a sergeant and the officers of the cavalry escort, the remaining hands being natives. Not a single day's march was lost, and the only loss that occurred was from the breaking of a rope in lowering a [illegible] on to a raft in crossing the Jumna at Allahabad.

1864-5-6. Recommended for appointment to the Horse Artillery, in the Bhootan campaign. Served throughout as Adjutant. Detached command of the right half Armstrong Battery. Succeeded to the command of the whole battery on the death of Major Griffin and the wounding of Capt. Oliver. Shelled the enemy's position above Baya. Reconnoitred a day in advance of the force marching on Bala. Commanded the rifled gun battery in attack and capture of Bala. Commanded reconnoitring party of Native Infantry at Nagoo, and took two prisoners. At the capture of Nagoo suggested, commanded and led the party of native infantry employed to clear the heights, when the column of attack was caught in the pass and cut off in front and rear—cleared the heights taking six breast works in succession, commanded the Armstrong guns under Captain Dunsford, when reconnoitring the enemy's position at Tsagan in command of force. Reconnoitred in command of native cavalry and infantry under fire the enemy's guns and advanced works at Bala. Associated under General [illegible] with the Quarter Master General in making a secret reconnaissance in front, with the men employed to secretly reconnoitre the approaches to the enemy's position at the left, surprised an armed party conveying supplies to the enemy, captured three prisoners, and explored the route among the mountains for the left attack, commanded the artillery with the left attack in the recapture of Tazagaun, commanded the rifled guns at the recapture of [illegible].

1868. Adjutant of the Royal Artillery of the Eastern Frontier District (India). Officer of the troops, equal to Brigade Major, at Judpegoree.

Staff officer of the troops at [illegible]. Adjutant of the first Brigade Royal Artillery Halefrey, twice or three times mentioned in general despatches recommended to the favourable consideration of the Government by General Dunsford. Recommended for promotion by General Tyler.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Soreness of the Throat, Chest, tion, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

LOCAL NEWS.

LOCAL NEWS

...r of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, ...h, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 ... street.

...ed House Furnishings made a ...ity. The largest stock of New Goods, ...west prices in the city at Garland, ...tmor & Co.

...wing, the grand display of Millinery, Mantles, and the crowds of people ...g the Spring Fashions at Garland, ...d & Co.

...novelties in summer goods by lad... from England opened to-day at Magee ...ssell's.

...Market.—New York, May 4th, ...pened 14½; closed 14½.

...Patrick's Society.—The members of ...ty will meet at their hall for the ...tion of business.

...pit.—We refer our readers to the ...al of Miss Malone, milliner and ...maker, to Wellington street. See ...tisement.

...Theatre.—A very good audience ...ed the troupe last night, and they ...not disappointed in their anticipa...

...Lumber Trade.—Last evening the ...raft of the season was putting over Chaudiere slides. A fair prospect of ...ing the timber early to market.

...For Summer.—Mr. Starmer, so long ...vourable known as always being on ... to supply ice during the hottest ...s of our hot summer season, is now ...red to furnish any quantity of that ...ry of the dog-days. He has enough ...d to supply a population of 50,000.

...Bank Among The Carters.—Yesterday ...fellow flung a boot out of a window ...gin Street, and frightened one of the ...rs' horses. The alarm spread among ...quines, and it was with some difficul... at a stampede was prevented.

...Snow Sale.—We refer our readers to ...vertisement of Mr. Bermingham for ...le of furniture of Major Robertson of ...yal 60th Rifles, at his residence on ...street, on Thursday the 12th instant. ...le will take place at eleven o'clock

...Turf.—We would remind the pat... of the Turf, of the fact that a meet... ...rm a Turf Club will be held this ...on at the Russell House, at 4 ...k. The site for a projected race... will not be surpassed in Canada, ...d.

...y at two o'clock Mr. A. Rowe will ...the vacant lot opposite his own ...one of the largest consignments of ...ornamental and trees ever brought to ...arket. The goods are from the ...y of R. J. Donley, of Rochester, N. ...d the agents, Messrs. Shanley and ...er, are no strangers to the Ottawa ...From the reputation these gen... bear we have no hesitation in re... ...ding parties wanting trees to at... ...his sale.

...News on British Columbia.—The ...e of the House of Commons has ... open the door of the Railway ...ittee Room to enable the Hon. H. ...ok, a member of the Legislature of ... Columbia, to deliver a lecture on ...ources of that important Colony of ...rtant Empire, in connection with ...ing and mining capabilities, and ...railway. We trust there will be ...attendance of such as take an in... ...in the progress of the Dominion.

...—Nine tailors, it is said, have ... man; few men would be much to ... without the aid of a tailor. Know... Messrs. Preston & Rowsell, Mer... tailors, Sparks street, military and ... tailors are able, willing, and we ...d, anxious to improve the outer ...all who will extend towards them ...ntage. Extensively engaged in ... England, at the business of tail... and by this time, tolerably well ... in Canada, Messrs. Preston & ... can take the shape of any man in ... without fear of doing him an in... which very few men, besides, can ... pretend to do.

...Attempt at Murder.—On Sunday even... Mr. Doucet accompanied by a young ... his acquaintance took a promenade ...e New Edinburgh. They were met ... ruffians, one of whom struck ... with a stone on the head, levelling ... the ground. The other drew a ...d inflicted three wounds on the ...d man. The young woman seized ... knife, when she became ...stately assaulted by the rowdies—... of whom struck her down. ..., and the young woman were fear... beaten by kicks, the latter on ac... of her resistance to the attacks of ...fians. Her shrieks called the at... of some of the Governor General's ..., on whose arrival the miscreants de... ...d. The victims were afterwards ...ht to Dr. Bell's office, in New Edin... where Doucet's wounds were dress... ...oth are in a precarious condition, ...ive O'Neil is at work, and will, ...less, bring the parties to justice.

...Louis A. Macdonald still continues to ... his usual tact and energy in the ... position to which his talents have ...tion. We once heard it remarked that ...opularity would one day decline, but we ... that when a man's advancement is the ... of his own intrinsic worth his reputa... is firm and effulgent, like that of the ...Frankincense Remedy for rheumatism, ...ness of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by ...gists.

...ul governs the muscles through the ner... system, as the telegraph apparatus is influ... by a remote operator through the wire. I ... impaired by age or disease, the muscles ...ot to perform strange or unnecessary acts; ... the nervous system is diseased, the muscles ...Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital ... are sure to suffer, and from their inaction ... Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak ... and General Debility, with their accom... ...ing train of evil and resulting diseases. ...Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, ...gestion and Weak Lungs, always precede ...ption.

...timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypo... ...ates the nerves regain their vigor, the brain ...ates clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, ...ce a disease of the past, the heart's regu... ...ion is restored, the blood made pure, the ...strong, and all the functions of the body are ...ought to a healthy standard. ...are assisted to state the above on the most ...ing testimony. ...d by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle, ...for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, ... St John, N B. ...ers—Frantz Gendil & Co, Wholesale ...ts, Montreal. 1176 6b

Cricket.

A match was played on the Rideau Hall ground on Saturday, between the Headquarter Wing of the 60th Royal Rifles and the Ottawa Club. Ending in a victory for the Rifles in one innings and 19 runs.

60th Rifles.	First Innings.	Second Innings.
Pvt. Taffe c Phillipps b Scott	5	
Hon. Keith Turnour c Hardinge b Carter	15	
J. Toole b Carter	15	
R. C. Davies b Carter	14	
H. S. Marsham b Hardinge	0	
W. H. Holbeck b Carter	12	
Pte. Archer b Hardinge	0	
A. Mitchell-Innes b Carter	0	
Pte. Tillen run out	2	
Pte. Fannon not out	1	
Pte. Sullivan b Carter	3	
Byes	15	
Leg Byes	4	
Wides	10	
Total	96	

Ottawa.	First Innings.	Second Innings.
Rev. T. D. Phillipps c and b Sullivan		
A. Power c and b Turnour		
C. Hardinge run out		
Hon. F. Carter c and b Turnour		
Capt. Scott c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Hardinge c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Hardinge c and b Sullivan		
Lieut. Parsons c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Bagot c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Davies c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Davies c and b Turnour		
Lieut. Davies

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES)

Times Office, Ottawa,
May 10, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 1½	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	12 00	@	13 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
SIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c; &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1336 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY.

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s. 1023 2awfm 1awkfm

Sarsaparilla,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act

23. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT,
Division Registrar,
In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6wlawk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,
E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870. } 3

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March ... 1303-ly

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c, Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 13 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N-B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq. M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS;

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or BRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS

TRADE-MARK
GARDNER MONTREAL

AND GROCERS In Ottawa

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

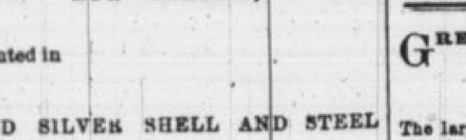
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

☞ 700 BEADSTEADS, ☜

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliases, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums.

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING,
Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 18 2

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres. Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ALKUBASAN

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-15y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 50 per day,

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, & Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ap l 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq., Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science*.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

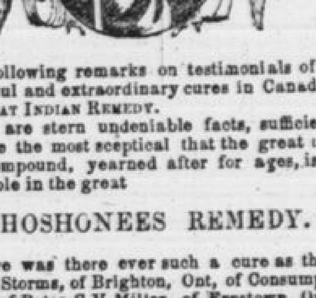
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

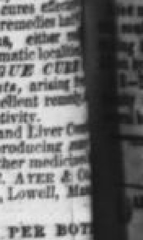
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN-CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton,

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. ☞ 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1358a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, Esq., Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as is consistent with ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is ... not when the premiums are being paid ... losses are being settled, and for the promptness of its settlement the ... Insurance Company is second to ...

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly ...

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S ...

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET ...

DUKE STREET, ...

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, ...

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE ...

Wholesale and Retail Dealer ...

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT ...

Just receiving ... Assortment of Groceries, ... Liquors; also, Canadian ... Old Rye and Proof of the ...

Those not having had a trial ... requested to call and judge for ... your neighbours who have ... Liquors. All Goods warranted ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and ... stantly on hand.

☞ Remember— ...

P. BASKERVILLE ...

Ottawa, March 31, ...

READER.

Are you afflicted with ... relief from FRASER'S ... GREAT PAIN CURE ... three minutes. ... face, is distinguishable ... intenseness of its pain ... attack, may be cured ... Fluid is composed ... and contains nothing ... system either by outward ... Try it and you will ... by Chemists and Druggists ...

W W FRASER ...

1304 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 ... and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office ... Centre Town, Ottawa ... Managing Director.

VOL V.

Hardware

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, ... Twine, Glass, ... Putty, &c., ...

Always on Hand ...

Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS ... ESTABLISHMENT ...

(nearly opposite the ...)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW ... and well selected stock, comprising Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, ... Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt, *Bordeaux and their* ...

MESS PORK, P CKLED ... LABR. HERRINGS ...

the numerous other articles ... a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou ... quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and ...

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; ... Piper's and other brands ...

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and ...

WINES—Sherries, all grades, quality, Burgundy, ... in wood and bottles, ... all prices, ...

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, ... WHISKEY, ...

high proof and over, at ... Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch ... Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, ... Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades, ... at ordinary prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED ... SELLING AT TWENTY PERCENT BELOW ...

... of the time or bar ...

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH ...

Incorporated under Chapter ... Consolidated Statutes ...

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Dr... Office, 19 Sparks ...

DIRECTORS

... JOSEPH, Chairman; D C ... S FOOTE A THOMS ... DRUMMOND, Manager.

W. H. EASTON & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oats ...

OTTAWA.

Cash advanced on goods con... for sale. Prompt returns in ...

MR. DUIGNAN'S, ...

SPARKS STREET, ...

Two more gentlemen can ... comfortable board and ... the Capital will find ... the day or week at ... This house is situated ... of the Parliament ...

Education

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT

Mr. Robert Stewart having ... an accomplished lady ... his Dancing Classes ... Wednesday, the 22nd instant ... further particulars may be ... Mr. Robert Stewart, ... Ottawa September 9th, 18...

PIANO TUNING.—The ... decided to divide his time ... Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, ... old patrons and others, ... attend to their orders ... heretofore. Shall visit ... orders received at Mr. ... and at E. Miles' ...

MUSICAL ACADEMY

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, ... a Graduate of the ... Paris. Lessons on Piano ... corner of King-street ... Ottawa, June 23, 1868.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED ...

M Guyot has succeeded ... perceptible sourness ... rendering it very soluble ... happy discovery, he ... use of tar, which ... large proportion of ... Guyot's tar replaces ... tar water without ... a glass of excellent tar ... pouring a teaspoonful ... any one can thus prepare ... the moment he requires ... facilitating carriage ... disagreeable necessity ... Guyot's tar replaces ... more or less inactive ... Guyot's tar is employed ... in the following diseases ... As a Beverage—A teaspoonful ... or two table-spoonfuls ...

BRONCHITIS ...
CATARRH OF THE ...
COLDS ...
OBSTINATE ...
IRRITATION OF ...
HOOPING ...
DISEASES OF ...
PULMONARY ...
—Pure or diluted ...
AFFECTIONS OF ...
ITCH ...
DISEASES OF ...

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION ... Sussex Street, near ...

Ott...

Solicits the patronage ... generally in the Ottawa ... the tradeship of ... to the best of his ability ...

REFERENCES ...

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1355. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and their Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

&c. the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Henessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and over, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter; pts and qts.

Allsopp's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Also stra[illegible] prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bargains. 1165

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

J. JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for transale. Prompt returns in all cases.

H. EASTON. R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Some more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.

N. B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes, will commence on Monday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. H. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M. Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liquor of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a Drought—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As Lotion—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the best hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L. FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing down to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks' streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK,

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa.

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau-Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,

39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 1m.

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON,

Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,

1346tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Bear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,

Dept Public Works,

1298tf or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 86 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease,

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public.

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY.

The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

JOHN FENTON,

Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office,

Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 153

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had:

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

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Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half, Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and

1360tf JONES & HOLLAND.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway	......	12 Noon.	9.00	......	11.30	5.30
Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	6.00	......	9.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Halifax, N. S., Daily	......	12 Noon.	......	......	......	5.30
St. John, N. B.; daily	6.00	12 Noon	......	......	11.30	5.30
United States	6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	......	......	5.30
Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	11.30	......	5.00	8.00	11.30	......
Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa	6.00	......	......	......	......	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	7.30	......	......	......	......	5.00
Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	......	12 Noon	6.00	8.00	11.30	5.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00	......	......	......	11.30	......
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00	......	......	......	......	......
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	6.00	......	......	......	......	6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	......	12.30	......	11.30	......

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

Post Office,

Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive.................. 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west,

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

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LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our]

GOODS ARE CHEAP.

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to see and examine our Stock.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 R L JAMES & CO. 1328y

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

CONTINUED.

OTTAWA, May 5, 1870.

Hon. Sir J. A. MACDONALD said the Government might have made a mistake, but at any rate it was a mistake in the right direction. It was arranged by statute that all appropriations unexpended in the course of the year should be submitted again to the House. The vote of £300,000 for the North West Territory was a case in point, there not being the slightest necessity to ask the House for its renewed sanction. He found from the 4th clause of Vic., chap. 5, that the Government might have effected a loan, and have fairly expended the whole of that money in organizing, preparing, and sending up an expedition for the purpose stated. He considered the Government would be fully warranted in expending the whole of the vote in endeavouring to establish a Government in that country. In bringing down the original estimate, the Government merely desired to repeat the original vote, and an assurance was given that no portion of that money should be applied to military purposes. It was clear to the House, if the vote was now passed for merely the purposes of opening communication, &c., it would leave the country open to unknown expenses on account of the expedition. There was no certainty in calculating the expenses of the expedition, it could only be guessed at; but he hoped, owing to recent events, that the expenses would be much less than once feared. He asked the House not to press the Government to disclose particulars as to the expedition. They did not at present know whether the expedition was to be a peaceable or hostile one. If it was to be a peaceable one, there could be no objection to giving the information, but if the intention was hostile to state the information would be to give information to the enemy. (Laughter). He contended that it would be unwise and imprudent to give the information which might have the effect of increasing the expense of the present expedition, and might render subsequent additions to it necessary. He was happy to believe that in consequence of the generous and liberal spirit which had been shown by the people and Parliament of Canada the character of the hostile expedition would be that of a friendly procession. (Hear, hear). He was almost certain that unless at the very last moment, owing to personal or party conflicts in that House, they marred what had been hitherto so successfully begun, they might look almost immediately for a pacific solution of all the difficulties, and that the expedition would be received by the people of the Territory as the restorer of order rather than as threatenings of war, (hear). He thought the House would see that it was not wise to enter into details in reference to this expedition; but he might give the minimum of force to be sent. It was to be composed of one-fourth regulars and three-fourths Canadian volunteers, who were to be considered as regulars, and would be under the command of regular officers commissioned by Her Majesty—the expedition having the prestige and sanction of the Imperial Government, a fact to which he attached much importance. The minimum strength of force would be about 1,000 men, and any addition to that number would altogether depend on circumstances, over which at present they had no control. He hoped the House would be satisfied with the explanation that he had now given. He would prefer, under the circumstances, that the vote should be adjourned until they made further progress with the Bill he had introduced. He would rather not have any expression of opinion on that item than have the happy prospects marred. He would ask the Finance Minister to postpone the item until the principle of the Bill had been adopted, so that it might go to the West that a measure which was liberal to generosity in its terms had received the sanction of the majority of Parliament.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that the argument of the Minister of Justice as to the power with regard to the disposal of funds raised by loans and appropriations was not correct.

Mr. JONES made a few remarks as to the expedition.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said the House had a right to know some particulars of the expedition. The Minister of Justice said he had taken the House into his confidence, but it seemed to him (Sir A. T. Galt) to have been but a very little way. They ought to know more of details as to the length of time it was supposed the Imperial troops would be on that expedition; when the liability of the Imperial Government was to cease; and when the £300,000 was to be paid to the Hudson's Bay Company. He had understood that it was to be an Imperial expedition, and if that was so the whole control and responsibility of the expedition would be with the Imperial authorities, although in the matter of finance they were to pay three-fourths, [hear, hear]. He certainly considered that it was of the highest importance that the Imperial Government should be responsible for that expedition, and he should have been glad if their responsibility in a pecuniary sense had been larger than it was, [hear, hear and laughter]. He would like to know how the proposition of one fourth and three fourths had been arrived at. He did not think that they could expect that the present vote would cover all expenditure.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said they would have to come to Parliament if more was required.

Hon. Sir A. T. GALT said if they sent up a force they would have to maintain it.

Hon. HILLYARD CAMERON was obliged for the information they had obtained, but would have liked it to have been fuller.

In reply to Hon. Mr. DORION,

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that $200,000 was the amount of the vote to be expended in opening up communication.

Mr. MACKENZIE said according to the information he had before him the entire expenditure up to the present time amounted to about $137,000. Now the entire estimates of Mr. Dawson for opening up the whole communication was $165,000 in round numbers. This estimate had been frightfully exceeded. If $137,000 had been already expended, and if hon. gentlemen intended to add $200,000 more there was something wrong. He called the attention of the House at the commencement to what he believed to be a very correct account of the extravagance of that department of Public Works, and he was afraid that the hon. gentleman had given good reason for the charges brought against the mode of conducting works which appeared in the newspapers, and which he learned from other sources. He [Mr. Mackenzie] was afraid that the expedition going west ward would find a fearful difficulty in getting over what was called a road, but what was really not fit to be travelled over by regular vehicles, and more particularly when heavily laden. He was afraid the road would be impossible for military expedition. It was quite evident the expeidition was to go there, and the House must vote the means to pay for that expedition, and he could only say that the Government ought to give the House the fullest information as to what they intend doing. He would with great cheerfulness support and vote for measures carrying out that intention. The Government would lose nothing by being entirely frank with the House, though the course they had pursued during the session had been entirely the opposite.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD—hear, hear.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the hon. member seemed to be very much amused at the idea, but he would not be so pleased if he [Mr. Mackenzie] descended to particulars, as he certainly should if the hon. member challenged him to do so, in voting money, and in reference to startling events occurring in their territory, and which required the consideration of Parliament. It was wrong on the part of the Government to withhold information, and entirely wrong to do so under the pretence that it was in the public interest, as if the House should in the interest of the public, be kept in ignorance, as if they should be kept in front of the scenes, while the hon. gentleman opposite walked behind the screens in perfect mastery. That was not the way to treat a free Parliament, and he would not consent to such treatment at their hands; but especially in an emergency like the present, he thought every member was bound to give a fair support to Government provided they trusted the House. When the item came up again he would take the stand which he had expressed.

Mr. MASSON [Soulanges] said he would move the amendment, which would have almost the same effect as one moved on a former occasion, because he still failed to see the necessity of that North West expedition. After the introduction of a new measure for the Government of the North West Territory, and which he desired to see carried, he did not see the necessity for sending up troops, and offering the olive branch with one hand while they carried war with the other. It meant you must either accept the measure or swallow it. They heard from the papers that peace existed in that part of the country since the arrival of Bishop Tache. It was said that Riel was about to run away with some money belonging to the Hudson's Bay Company, and he hoped that Riel would, for he did not deserve to live in the country. The whole French population had been treated as rebels, or sympathisers with them. In his own name, and in the name of his people, he denied such an assertion, because they could not assent to such proceedings. They could not approve of the murder of Scott in that part of the country; and he would say for his fellow countrymen that no Frenchman in the Dominion approved of it, [hear]. It was not because they sympathized with Riel that they opposed the expedition to Red River. When he moved the resolution against the expenditure of $1,300,000, it was in the belief that it was the intention of the Government to send an expedition into that part of the country. How was it that at that time preparations were being made for it? Where were they going to use that money if not for that purpose? To-day in discussing that item it was avowed that it was their intention yet to send a military expedition into the Red River country to make the people of that country swallow that measure whether they liked it or not. For his part he was a freeman, thank God, and believed while under the British Crown, and while protected by the British flag, he had a right to be heard, and he asserted that before asking those people to accept that measure they should be consulted. But no Government desired to frame laws and send troops to enforce them without asking the opinions of the people on the subject. If the Confederation scheme had been submitted to the people it would hardly have been accepted, and as the hon. member for Cornwall said, they would not be in the condition in which they found themselves today. When Confederation was carried they had a national debt of some seventy-seven millions, to-day it amounts to 100,000,000, and before many years he ventured to say it would exceed 150,000,000. The debt would be rolled up at the rate of from two to three millions per year in carrying on the Government of the North West alone. Under those circumstances he wondered how any member of the House could wish to have anything to do with the new Territory.

After a few remarks from Mr. FERGUSON, the House rose for recess at six o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

MISCELLANEOUS STASISTICS.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS laid on the table the Miscellaneous statistics of Canada.

THE CUSTOMS BILL.

Hon. Sir F. HINCKS moved the second reading of the Customs Bill.

Hon. Mr. DORION referred to the deficit of last year, and to the additional taxes required. He was opposed to duties on the necessaries of life, and thought that an enquiry into the expenditure and in the various departments would show that there was considerable room for retrenchment, almost equal to the amount expected to be gained from taxation. He therefore moved an amendment, "that the Bill be not now read a second time but that in the opinion of the House, it was expedient with the view of increased expenditure and the imposition of additional taxation, to enquire whether by adopting a system of retrenchment the necessity for that increased taxation could not be obviated."

Mr. MASSON [Soulanges] combatted the views of the hon. member for Hochelaga.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the motion was made that the House might express its opinion on the general principle of economical administration, and he had no hesitation in saying that the Government even now considered the Bill a bad one, and if the House would adopt that motion it would be the means of saving the country loss proportionate to the extent of the tariff. The extravagant proclivities of the hon. Minister of Finance and his associates, proclivities that were sinking the country into a state of bankruptcy, and as proclivities that have produced in a time of profound peace, and without anything that could be called disturbance of the public in the way of insurrection or anything else, with the exception of that emeute in the North West, had alarmingly increased their obligations. It was a policy which must have an end some time or other and so long as the Government were permitted to increase the expenses of the country by unnecessarily increasing salaries, and multiplying offices and resorting to fresh taxation, and instead of economizing money entrusted to their care and so ending dissatisfaction, continued to go on increasing debt. Believing it necessary to stop this as soon as possible, he had seconded the motion of the hon. member for Hochelaga. He would not take up the time of the House with a long discussion. It would be unfair to themselves for they had been kept so long here doing nothing except discussing a Bill for two days which the hon. Finance Minister would withdraw on the third night if he dared, and which he had no doubt they would withdraw now, but it would be too ridiculous to withdraw the only measure they had passed through the House.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said the hon. member for Lambton had seconded the motion on the ground of economy. Now he [Sir Francis] must enter his most emphatic protest against this proposition being put forward on economical

TIGHT BINDING

ground Not a single member in the House, not even the member who moved the resolution believed this was a question of economy.

Mr. MACKENZIE—"Order."

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS not a single member. Now, he had during the course of his political career, which extended over a great number of years, not only in this country but elsewhere, he had had the same question elsewhere to consider and he had always found these questions of economy to be really, he did not like to use a vulgar expression, but it was impossible to express it otherwise than as a clap-trap. The House attempted not long since to adopt a system of economy by reducing the salaries of officers of the House by 12½ per cent; and it was not a short time since that an hon. gentleman opposite had attempted to force the Government into going back and increasing the salaries again. The proposition of the Government was based on the ground of its being a national policy, [laughter]. A national policy, and the Government were willing to stand or fall by it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New-Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Military Tailors—Preston and Rowsell
Court of Revision—W P Lett
St Andrew's Society—W B Billings
Government House Ottawa—W H Lee
Do Do Do

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
1236d

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1870.

ILLNESS OF THE PREMIER.

Sir John A. Macdonald, we are happy to be able to state, still continues to improve. At twelve, last night, the report concerning him was favorable.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

The Honourable Sir George Cartier announced, last night, that Parliament will be prorogued to-morrow (Thursday).

INDISPUTABLY A MURDER.

Eloquent and instructive as the Honourable Mr. CHAUVEAU ordinarily is, while being invariably truthful, he was particularly so in commenting upon the rights of the Protestants of Manitoba last night. Quite willing that those rights should not be overlooked, he alluded, in his usually eloquent style, to the murder of SCOTT, and comparing it with that of the Honourable D'ARCY MCGEE, whose murderer suffered, almost on the spot where he had committed the crime, Mr. CHAUVEAU said it would be as unjust to blame the whole Irish population in Canada for the death of MCGEE as to brand the whole French population of Manitoba and Canada with complicity in, or indifference to, the death of SCOTT. It was indisputably a murder, and deserving of punishment precisely as the man WHELAN was punished, but every Frenchman in Canada deprecated the murder of SCOTT, and not a man was to be found who sympathized with the atrocities of RIEL. Such was the evident meaning of Mr. CHAUVEAU, and the earnest desire to free from the stain of being supposed to sympathize with a murderer the French population was as creditable to his judgment as it is honourable to his feelings, as abhorrent of the most heinous of all crimes.

INCREASE OF ENGLISH POWER IN AMERICA.

Her Majesty the Queen, Earl Granville tells the Governor of British Columbia, will probably be advised before long, to issue an order in Council, which will incorporate in the Dominion of Canada the whole of the British possessions on the North American Continent, except British Columbia. Now this is startling as it is important news. There is to be no consultation of the people of Newfoundland or Prince Edward's Island with a view to the amalgamation of British interests in British territory. It is the wish and it is the purpose of the advisers of the Crown of England to incorporate all the colonies, and if possible, even British Columbia, in the Dominion of Canada. It is to be done by order of Council. This is the speediest as it is the most sensible way of doing the business There will be no interference with local matters, but that which is of importance to the empire is to be done by the Imperial order in Council. Surely it is a pity that the *Globe* was not aware of this purpose before it wrote upon the omnipotence of Colonial Parliaments, and questioned the right of the exercise of the powers of Government without the previous sanction of the people. Had our contemporary been aware of the circumstance that there is really a Government in England, as well as a Parliament, he would not have taken exception to the announcement by Earl Granville that the affairs of Red River were likely to be peaceably arranged before he himself was aware of that important fact, and was consoling himself with the idea that the country to be settled by the British immigrant must first be overrun and conquered. Setting this aside, however, we are rejoiced at the prospect which the probability of a coming order in Council for the incorporation of all British America into one Dominion affords. There will then be scope enough for all our energies, room to trade and grow prosperous, wealthy and happy. There will be a British territory on this continent accessible from ocean to ocean. The barren districts of Newfoundland as well as on the desert, the prairie, and the forest of the Far West will be opened up to civilization. There will be coal to the west of us and coal to the east of us, as well as mines of the precious and useful metals. There will be a speedier communication to the East Indies and China than we now possess, rendering even the Suez Canal of less than its present importance. There will be further employment of steam power and a much greater development of steamship wealth than ever. The two oceans will employ fleets of ferry steamships in daily communication, in point of starting and arrival from and to the Thames and the Ganges. British power will increase in a degree greater than can well be now comprehended, and it is not improbable that even the English speaking nation to the south of us may yet be also incorporated with the great Dominion of Canada which is to be. There is no knowing what may happen with the decay of ocean wealth on the part of the United States, and the increase of it so far as England is concerned. It is a principle of science that the greater shall attract the lesser, and the consummation of the idea of the Imperial Government will make England so much greater in material wealth to the United States on the ocean and by virtue of her capital on American soil that the Government of England will assuredly be the Government of America. A new prospect opens itself up before us. Colonial littleness seems to sink before Imperial greatness, and the old colonies may be literally brought back again, and ruled once more by the wealth which an Indian Empire and an American Dominion combined will indisputably effect. Of course this grand idea will not be realised for many a long day to come, but the very prospect of it is enough to thrust aside those little "annexation" and "independence," schemes with which the loyalty of Canada has been threatened and pestered at stated periods with intervals of 20 years for the past century, and which now find expression, when anything occurs to arouse the suspicions of those, who fancy that Britain is indifferent to her own honor and reckless as to the maintenance of power over her Colonial possessions.

The statement, says the New York *World*, that the British Admiralty are about to send to Canadian waters "a force sufficient to protect Canadian fishermen and maintain order" does nor read much as if it was really England's purpose to withdraw her fostering care from the Dominion. But a short time since British regulars were, on the application of the Canadian authorities, furnished for the Red River expedition among them being picked artillerymen from Woolwich; and now we have war vessels forthcoming on a similar requisition. If, whenever they get into trouble, the Canadians are to have British land and naval forces at their service, it is evident the day is not yet come when England leaves her colonies to shift for themselves. Somebody has been too hasty in seeking to create that impression.

We acknowledge from Messrs. Durie & Son, Stationers, 10 Sparks-street, the London *Quarterly Review* for April.

The contents are: "The English Bible," "Lanfrey's Napoleon," "The Church in Wales," "Sir Charles Eastlake and the English School of Painting," "Mon Histoire Times," "The Education of the People," Mr. Froudes "Queen Elizabeth," "Annals of an Eventful Life," and "Government Dealing with Irish Crime."

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 10, 1870.

Yesterday in the Senate the third reading of the Tariff Bill was carried by a majority of three.

Contents, 26; non-contents, 23.

A good deal of other business was transacted.

COMMONS.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER announced that the Premier was progressing slowly but favourably.

The debate on concurrence on the Manitoba Bill was resumed.

Mr. FERGUSON made some remarks as to liberal treatment the volunteers should receive in their expedition to Red River, and should be allowed the privilege of voting at the first election in Manitoba next fall.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said that the intention of the Government in sending troops to Red River was not to out-vote the settlers at their polls, the Government never had any such intentions. He spoke at length of an idea that seemed to exist in the minds of the Opposition, that the Government were determined to deprive Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch and others of their franchise privilege on account of their leaving the territory. He then read a clause providing for such cases as loyal refugees who had been forced out of the country, having their rights provided for when they returned.

Mr. FERGUSON denied having proposed any motion before the House giving soldiers the privilege of voting. It was not when they were soldiers or volunteers, but when they became residents in the territory and were likely to remain as land owners. He thought they should be as much entitled to a vote as the coming election next fall, so long as they had resided in the territory as land owners for one month previous to the election.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER said that the motion of the hon. gentleman came within the provisions of the Bill if he would take the trouble to examine it.

Mr. BOWELL said if he understood the Bill, it only provided for a vote at the first election by settlers who had been landowners before the passage of this act. With respect to the loyal men who had been driven from their homes he did not think it right to let the insults given them by this Government pass without a defence, he denied that they were less intelligent than the people with whom they were invidiously compared, they had been sneeringly taunted with 40 men allowing themselves to be taken prisoners like so many hens in a coop, but the hon. gentleman forgot to state that they laid down their arms, and disbanded at the command of Col. Dennis.

Mr. YOUNG hoped as the first election in the Territory of Manitoba is an exceptional case, that every British subject who goes to that country, should have a right of voting at the first election.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN did not think a man who had left a country for a few months, for pleasure or business, and came back again, had changed his residence, or was disqualified for voting, but he did not believe in allowing the volunteers the franchise privilege. He believed that a circumstance similar to that, in Kansas, was one of the remote causes of the rebellion in the U. S.

Mr. MILLS thought the proposition of the Government was to place a legislative power in the hands of a few people who were entirely ignorant of such matters, and he was sure, had such a proposition come from his side of the House, it would have been laughed at. He thought it was bad policy to place undue privileges in the hands of the first settlers, and depriving the incoming immigrant of his political rights. He did not think the few of the old settlers should have the power of legislating for a population that would, in the course of three years, be four times greater than the present one.

Mr. BOWELL thought that the franchise should be extended to residents as there were many people in that country that were residents, but not settlers, he therefore moved an amendment that any person being a resident in the country for one month previous to the warrant of election should be entitled to the franchise.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he would vote for the amendment as being a wise policy.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER did not think the amendment was just to the half-breeds, giving universal suffrage.

Mr. MACKENZIE said the amendment of his hon. friend was intended not to give universal suffrage, but to give influential young men who were unmarried and had no houses of their own a privilege of voting. He did not think those young men should be put on a worse footing than others that were living in any kind of a miserable hut or tent.

Mr. RYMAL wished to know if it was the intention of the Government to allow the loyal refugees from Red River to vote?

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER—Yes!

Mr. RYMAL—Did the Government suppose that rule would be according to the wishes of Louis 1st (laughter). If those loyal people are to have a vote, what about Riel and his party. He could not understand it, but he thought there was some power behind the throne that had yet to make its appearance.

A vote was taken on the amendment and lost—yeas, 35; nays, 82.

Mr. FERGUSON's amendment giving the franchise privilege to all who were householder for one month prior to the election, was put to a vote and lost—yeas, 41; nays 76.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL moved another amendment, that no person that has been convicted, or is then under arrest for felony, shall be eligible as a member of the Legislature, or be allowed the privilege of a vote.

Mr. CAMERON thought that the amendment not only made provision for those persons who were not elligible as members, but did not describe those who were elligible as members of the legislature.

AFTER RECESS.

The debate on Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL's amendment was resumed by Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER. He did not know what day himself and his colleague would be ready to advise with His Excellency as to proroguing the Parliament, but if the Senate would be prepared, he thought it would be on Thursday next. With respect to the motion of his hon. friend, he would say that if adopted it would place a great many in the Red River country in a false positions as there was no doubt there would be a great many arrests and charges of felony made in that territory before an election would take place. He maintained the legislation proposed for Manitoba had the power to protect itself, and spoke of several cases where members had been expelled by Canadian and other Parliaments for their unworthiness. He did not think the amendment was necessary, and it would only produce feelings of irritation in the minds of those people whom it was the wish of the Government to conciliate.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON maintained that the Parliament had the power in their own hands to expel any person who was not eligible, but the principle of the British law was to consider a man innocent till found guilty, and he would not support a Bill so unnecessary and uncalled for.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL maintained the Bill was necessary under the peculiar circumstances of the case to exclude such men as Messrs. Lone, Riel, La Pine and O'Donahough from the legislature of the country As the Bill stood there was every probability of their taking their seats in the Parliament of Manitoba.

Hon. Mr. LAWSCONTE thought the Bill proposed by the member for North Lanark would be considered as a stigma on their character by the people of Manitoba.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL considered they would be a singular people if they would take offence at a Bill that would exclude felons from their legislation.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL's motion was lost on division.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved that the amendments be not concurred in, but referred to a committee of the whole to discuss the clause relating to the appropriation of lands for the children of the half-breeds. The amendment was to grant to children of half-breeds 200 acres of land each on their attaining their eighteenth year.

A vote being taken it was lost. Yeas, 37; nays, 80.

Mr. OLLIVER moved an amendment in the clause relating to the education in Manitobah.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU thought the rights of the minority in Manitoba should be protected, and wished to have a legislation, for he wished to prevent party discussion. He wished to have no recrimination on either sides. He spoke of the murder of Scott, and did not believe that the whole of the French party should be stigmatized for that murder any more than that the Irish nation should be accused of the murder of Hon. Mr. McGee by Whelan. He would like to see the same powers and privileges extended to Monitoba that already existed in this country. He did not care whether the majority were Protestant or Roman Catholic, his desire was to protect the minority. With this view he would support the clause and vote against the amendment.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL suggested that the House should merely lay down a fundamental law that could not be set aside by the Local Legislature, and let the Local Parliament enter into details that could not be settled in the Canadian Parliament with a due regard to the wants of the settlers in Manitobah.

Mr. FERGUSON said it was hardly fair to perpetuate the burdens on people who had been imposed on the country by the Hudson's Bay Company. With respect to education he would have a system that would work equally well with all denominations he would, have a system that emigrants going into that country would see there was no privileged class, but that education was as free to one sect as another without party discussion or arrogance.

A vote was taken on Mr. Olliver's motion, which was lost—yeas 34, nays 81.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON demanded an explanation from the Minister of Militia respecting the criminal laws for the new Province.

Hon. Sir GEO. E. CARTIER thought the question a very proper one. The criminal law in operation in that country is the English law, and would still continue in force, until altered by legislative authorities, which shall be that of the Confederate Government.

Hon. JOHN H. CAMERON explained there were only two classes of offences that were beyond the jurisdiction of the Government of Manitobah at present were—capital offences or offences that are punishable by transportation, and the nearest Courts of Jurisdiction for such offences were in Ontario and Quebec.

On motion of Sir Hon. GEO. E. CARTIER the Bill was recommitted for the purpose of amending the clause respecting elections. Mr. MILLS in the Chair. Committee rose and reported the Bill with amendments. The amendments having been read the Bill was passed.

The adjourned debate on the item respecting the North West Territories, reported from the Committee of Supply, with Mr. Masson's amendment, was resumed.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN moved an amendment to recommend this item to same Committee to which a similar vote in Suppelmentary Estimates had been referred, with a view to placing them in juxtaposition.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON raised a point of order that both were re-votes of the same sum, and the proper course would be to discharge one item.

After some discussion the Speaker ruled that the House had the privilege of refering the items to Committee of Supply.

Mr. MASSON (Soulanges) wished to know if it was the intention of the Government to grant a general amnesty to the people of the Red River.

House went into Committee on Hon. M. Dunkin's amendment: On the item of $1,400,000 for opening up of communication with the North West and Military Expedition, there was considerable discussion.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON wished to know how much money had been spent already on the Military Expedition; how much of the appropriation would be required for the expedition, and how much would remain for opening up communication with the North West. He thought that if any of the appropriation had been expended in the expedition it was not acting in good faith with the House,

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said he had the estimates with him and could produce them when the proper time arrived. There had been a portion of the money expended in building boats for communication between Fort Garry and Thunder Bay for the use of the Imperial troops, their cost was $16,000; Horses, Oxen, &c., $35,000; Forage, $5,000; Waggons and Carts, $5,000. This expenditure was merely preliminaries to be adjusted between the Canadian and the Imperial Governments.

Dr. GRANT said he had asked some time ago for the returns of the $170,000 that was being expended in opening up a road to Fort Garry.

Mr. MACKENZIE asked for information as to whether there was any intimation from the authorities at Washington that armed steamers would not be allowed to pass through the Sault St. Marie.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER was happy to say there was no opposition, and that the steamer *Algoma* had already gone through. They had heard that opposition would be offered by the American Government, and consequently they had made no such request of them.

Mr. MACKENZIE said it would be a most unfriendly act on the part of the American Government if they had, as they had the use of our canals whenever they required them.

Mr. MACKENZIE objected to maintaining Dominion offices at St. John's and Halifax.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS said these offices were established because they were indispensable at the time they were established, but he hoped to make some retrenchments in that quarter.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD said these offices were necessary, on account of the great distance of St. John's and Halifax from the seat of Government.

The item of $2,400 for Dominion offices at St. John's and Halifax was withdrawn.

The item of $100,000 for secret service was cut down to $75,000.

One item of $25,000 was demanded by Mr. Langevin for the purpose of repairing public works damaged by floods this spring on the Upper Ottawa and Madawaska.

Hon. Mr. MCDOUGALL did not think it should be under the expense of building works on the river Madawaska, as the lumber lumber limits were nearly exausted; he would recommend if any works were made it should temporary, so as to enable lumbermen to pass their timber for a couple of seasons.

Mr. FERGUSON thought it would be wrong to threw the expense of such works on the Local Government, as the timber furnished a large portion of the revenue of the country.

After a short discussion the item was carried. Committee rose and reported, and asked leave to sit again to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 2 a.m.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 9th, 1870.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

After some routine business,

The Bill "to amend the Acts respecting Customs and Inland Revenue, and to make certain provisions respecting vessels navigating the Inland Waters of Canada above Montreal," was read a first time.

THE TARIFF

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL moved that the Bill be read a second time at the next sitting of the House.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that he would move in amendment that the Bill be read that day six months, as he was convinced that it would be most inexpedient to pass a measure so contrary to the interests of the people of the Dominion. He was prepared to acknowledge that it was sound policy to interfere as little as possible with money bills which were sent up from the Commons; but, at the same time, he felt that when measures involving most important interests came up for consideration, it became the duty of the Senate, which was a sort of intermediary between the Crown and the people, to take care that they did not sanction any proceeding which would injuriously affect the public welfare. The measure before the House imposed a tax on breadstuffs and other articles of prime necessity, and it was obligatory on the House to consider it with great care before agreeing to its passage. The manner, indeed, in which it had been carried through the other branch rendered it more necessary for the Senate to consider it with great circumspection. Eleven out of thirteen members of the Government had agreed that the policy they had adopted was bad, and made a declaration to that effect in the House; but immediately afterwards it was found that their views were reversed by two others of their colleagues. When it was seen that the same Government which propounded one policy in the afternoon, had a different one in the evening, it was time for every man who was anxious for the welfare of his country to pause and consider the character and effect of the measure, which had been brought forward and passed in the Commons under such extraordinary circumstances. Again, when it was found that the commercial cities of Quebec and Ontario had declared themselves most emphatically in opposition to the measure, there was additional reason why the Senate should interfere and save the country from the consequences of a policy which was so unsound. Breadstuffs—articles of prime necessity—were henceforth to be dearer, simply that the Government might raise a revenue of about eleven hundred thousand dollars; but surely some other means could have been devised to raise the amount without burthening the masses of the people. No doubt could exist in the mind of anyone that all the money required could have been easily raised by imposing a small duty on the luxuries of life instead of taxing the necessaries, which enter into the consumption of the laboring class. The House should also carefully consider the effect of the policy upon the manufacturing interests of the country. It was well known how many difficulties stood in the way of the establishment of manufactories in this country—that they were chiefly protected by the cheapness of the raw material. Now it was obvious that the moment a tax was imposed on the raw product, there was a discrimination against our manufacturing interests. Whether the measure was considered with regard to our manufacturing, our commercial, or our shipping interests, it must be recognized as embodying a policy most detrimental to the best interests of the Dominion; and he was convinced that the members of the Government themselves, were they to reveal their secret thoughts, would confess that he was right. He would acknowledge that the motion which he had made was of an extraordinary character, and if it had been practicable he would have preferred moving in another way. If he could have done so, he would have moved to amend the Bill, for he did not wish to deprive the Government of the means of meeting the public expenditures. Not being able to pursue such a course, he had chosen the mode customary in the House of Lords, and moved the six months' hoist. But it might be said what would be the result of rejecting a measure providing means of meeting the public expenditure. It was true there might be a difficulty, but it was one that could be removed by the Government. In the year 1856, the Supply Bill came before the Legislative Council of Canada, in connection with the question of the selection of the Seat of Government. The selection of the Seat of Government was one of the privileges of the Crown, but inasmuch as the Legislative Assembly had moved in the matter, the Council contended that they had the same right to be consulted, and decided finally that inasmuch as they had been overlooked they would refuse the Supply. The Bill was proposed for the first reading, and immediately afterwards, and previous to the second reading, it was moved that the House should dispense with the 19th Rule, and for reasons set forth in the Resolution declare "that it cannot concur in the Bill of Supply." The Bill was taken back to the Assembly, and the objectionable part of it repealed; and then it was returned to the Legislative Council, where it received the assent of the House. If it were asked what the Government could do if they were refused the means of meeting taxation, he would reply that they could pursue the course that was taken in 1856. They would take back the measure and amend it so as to make it conform with what was the sentiment of the House and country—nay, the sentiment of eleven members of the Government. If taxation was requisite to raise money, let it be imposed upon the luxuries of the rich and well-to-do classes of the people. The Senate should not hesitate a moment as to the proper course for it to pursue in the case of a measure which was notoriously obnoxious to all classes of the people of the Dominion, from one end to the other. If the Senate were to interpose its authority in order to prevent such injurious legislation being fastened upon the country, it would win the gratitude of the people. In any system of taxation for general purposes, each Province should be placed on the same footing. No section should be benefited to the injury of another, and yet that was exactly what the Bill was doing. In New Brunswick and Quebec the people were obliged to get considerable quantities of their coal, flour and wheat from abroad, instead of affording them facilities for doing so, the Government proposed burthening them with taxes on commodities which they required. The people of Quebec, Montreal, Toronto and other places in the Province of old Canada, were to have their fuel taxed, ostensibly for the purpose of benefitting a particular class in a single Province. Such a policy would only perpetuate sectional jealousies, and prevent the harmonious working of Confederation. If the Bill passed, he was persuaded that it would create an amount of irritation in New Brunswick that must lead to the most prejudicial consequences, and to show that he was not speaking without authority, he would refer to the representatives of the Province in the House, who, he felt convinced, would vote against the measure. Those gentlemen would declare that the policy in question was destructive of the best interests of the Province—subversive of the Confederation—and directly in the interests of the advocates of annexation to the American Union. In the other Provinces the consequences would be equally serious; trade and enterprise would be cramped and the people irritated; and under these circumstances he could not bring himself to believe that there could be found even a majority among the supporters of the Government prepared to sanction a policy which was so opposed to the true principles of economic science and antagonistic to the true interests of every section of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. WILMOT followed, and said that he had no doubt whatever that the motion of the hon. member for Grandville was perfectly constitutional—entirely in accordance with the practice of the House of Lords as well as of the Council of the old Province of Canada. He had little hesitation in seconding the motion, from the fact that he knew that the Bill, as it had passed the other branch of the Legislature, would not meet with the approval of the people of the Province from which he came. He regretted that in almost all measures relative to Customs, he had been obliged to express opinions contrary to the Government of the day. The increase in the duties upon articles of necessity had naturally created a great deal of irritation in the Province of New Brunswick, and added to the dissatisfaction that had already existed there. In maturing a tariff, every care should be taken not to press heavily upon the masses, or embarrass trade and enterprise; and he must acknowledge that such would be the effect of the present measure. If the Government had chosen to add two and a half per cent. to the *ad valorem* duties, they would have raised a large fund in a less objectionable way. But the new tariff imposed certain specific, in addition to the *ad valorem* duties; and merchants would have to make additional entries, and be subject to much trouble and inconvenience. It was the true policy to have a tariff of as simple a character as possible; but the present measure only complicated matters. The measure was called "a national policy," on the ground that it was intended to meet the policy adopted by the United States with respect to ourselves since the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty. Looking at it even from that stand-point, he considered it unjustifiable. Before deciding on the measure, the Government should have considered more carefully whether it bore fairly on all interests and sections, and was not calculated to benefit one locality or class at the expense of the great majority. As respects the differential duty on salt, he had been under the impression that under the Royal instructions no such tax could be imposed. Gentlemen connected with trade were aware that coal was brought from Great Britain as ballast, and consequently could be procured by our manufacturers and others at a lower price than would otherwise be the case. If coal had been charged an *ad valorem* duty on the cost at the place of production, the duty would not have been felt, and it would have been able to compete with the coal coming in from the United States, where the cost is considerably higher. In whatever point of view he looked at the question, he was convinced that he was bound to vote for the rejection of the Bill. If it were rejected, he thought that the Government would have no difficulty in finding the means to meet their obligations, especially as the amount they required was very small. If the consideration of the question was postponed for another year, they might be able to mature a system which would meet with more general acceptance. As respects the duty on packages, he added, he was sure that it would cause a great deal of dissatisfaction among importers, on account of the complicated nature of the system. It must be considered, too, that the packages, although costing considerable at the place of shipment, were of little value at the place of arrival; and it was, therefore, manifestly unfair to tax such packages. For these and other reasons, he hoped that the Senate would agree to reject the Bill.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied that the Government, in his opinion, had some reason to complain of the course that had been pursued by the hon. member for Grandville, especially in view of the manner in which public business had been conducted in that branch of the Legislature. The Government might have expected that if the hon. member had decided to pursue the usual course of making such a motion on the first reading of the Bill, he would have taken the opportunity of informing them of his intentions. He did not think that anything that had occurred during the present or previous session could warrant him in taking the course that he had and surprising the Government (laughter on the Opposition side).

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST did not suppose that the hon. member wished to attribute motives to any one.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL meant that the only interpretation that the Government could draw from the course of the hon. gentlemen was that he wished to surprise them. It was not usual to make such motions until the Bill had come up for its second reading. However, the Government were quite content that the discussion should take place at that stage, though he did feel that they might well have been informed of the intention of the gentlemen opposite. The Government were quite prepared to defend their policy, and discuss it on its merits, in the confidence that it would receive the sanction and approval of a majority of the House. He did not think that the hon. member had fairly considered—and he hoped certainly that others would do so—the position in which he would place the House with reference to the Bill of Supply before them. Honourable gentlemen should remember that they were sent to the House, not merely for the purposes of the present Parliament, but to establish a system which, it was to be hoped, would last for ages; and that the example they were now setting would influence those who should occupy their seats hereafter. Under these circumstances the House should proceed with great caution and reflect, not simply on the results of their action for the moment, but with reference to the future legislation of this country. If it was really desirable,—and he believed it was—that there should be a second Chamber of the Parliament in this country, it became of great importance that the House should confine itself to strict constitutional practice and usage, and that it should not be diverted by any temporary reasons from the course that it ought to pursue with reference to matters which come especially within the purview of the other branch of the Legislature. Now he was of opinion that a Bill regulating the tariff was hardly ever rejected in the upper branch. Every one admitted that it could not be amended, and, therefore, the hon. member had moved that it be rejected entirely. That was a course which had never been taken in the Parliament of Canada.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER de St. JUST—I have just referred to such a case.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL did not consider it fully in point. Such a course was not followed either in the Parliament of Canada or in the Imperial Legislature. He had endeavoured to ascertain the practice of the British Parliament, and the only instance, of late years, where the House of Lords had interfered with the action of the Commons on a money Bill was in the case of the Paper Duty Bill, which was not a measure involving a general tariff, like that now under consideration. Why was it that the Tariff Bill was never rejected? Because it had been passed by the House of Commons,—the body which represented the people, and was specially charged with the imposition of taxation. Therefore, it was understood, that in accordance with the Constitution, the Commons had the exclusive right—and they had ever successfully vindicated it—to deal with such matters. Gentlemen who would look into the matter would find that after the measure in question was rejected by the Peers, Lord Palmerston reiterated in the strongest terms the exclusive right of Parliament to deal with such matters; and the result was that next session the same measure was adopted by the House of Commons and went to the Lords where it passed with the Bill of Supply. His hon. friend opposite had referred to the case that occurred in 1856 when the Legislative Council objected to the course pursued with reference to the seat of Government. In that case the Bill could be amended without difficulty, by striking out the item providing for the expenses of the seat of Government. But the same thing could not be done to the present Bill. It must be amended by supplying new items; and the result of the passage of the motion of the hon. member would be that the matter would have to be reconsidered in the House of Commons—that the members would have to be summoned from all parts of the country, and the session consequently indefinitely delayed, whilst a new tariff was introduced and all the usual forms proceeded with. He could not understand how gentlemen could deem it their duty on a question of such a nature to vote as the honourable gentleman's resolution proposed. The effect of the passage of such a motion must be to bring the Senate into collision with the other branch of the Legislature. He would call attention—for it was a case in point—to the feeling that was exhibited, when an address came to the Senate asking that its clerk should be examined by a Committee of the Commons with respect to the indemnity and mileage of hon. members. That was considered a matter of privilege, and the House refused permission to allow its officer to be examined with respect to its accounts. Could it be supposed, then, that there would be no irritation in the Commons were the Senate to interfere with their action respecting a measure immediately within their purview, and of which they are traditionally jealous? Was it likely that they would recede from their position and allow themselves to be dictated to by the Senate in reference to a measure which must originate with themselves, and which is especially under their control in accordance with our constitution? He could not believe that those who wished to see the Constitution preserved intact and handed down to posterity, were ready to sanction any course which would create jealousies between the two branches of the Legislature, and jeopardize the harmonious operation of our legislative machinery. Therefore he would ask hon. gentlemen in view of the future, and the security and harmony of our Constitution, not to approve of a course which was revolutionary and calculated to bring the two Houses into serious conflict. With these remarks respecting the constitutional aspect of the question, he would now refer to the merits of the measure itself. It had been said that there were eleven members of the Government really opposed to the present policy; but the fact was, that there was no division at all in the Cabinet on the subject, and that the Government was a unit and had settled on their policy after grave deliberation and under the conviction that it was calculated to promote the interests of the whole Dominion. The question was necessarily attended with difficulty—it could not be an easy task to arrange a tariff satisfactory to the whole Dominion. If hon. gentlemen, who might hereafter find themselves members of a Cabinet, believed that they would be able to brave such a policy as would meet with universal approval, they would soon recognize their mistake. It had been the desire of the Government to frame a tariff that would embrace the interests of the whole Dominion. The leading idea was to protect the fisheries, and stimulate certain great interests in all the Provinces. We had been endeavouring for years to obtain a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, but all or patience and forbearance had been perfectly futile; and under these circumstances it became a matter for consideration whether it was not advisable to pursue such a policy as would keep our fisheries within our own control and stimulate commercial intercourse between ourselves. The Government finally adopted the present policy; and, gentlemen, when they objected to the duties on wheat and coal, and other items in the tariff, should remember that each and all were part of a general system, Difficulties arose, subsequent to the introduction of the new policy, and it was apprehended for a while that the sanction of a majority in the other branch would not be given to the scheme as a whole. Under such circumstances, and anxious to avoid a crisis at a very trying period in our affairs, the Government deviated somewhat from their policy for a time, but only to come back again to it when they found it was fully in accord with the majority, It had been said by the hon. member opposite that the tariff proposed to tax breadstuffs and other necessaries of life. Now he (Mr. Campbell) denied that coal was a necessary of life.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST explained that he had said "Breadstuffs and other articles of prime necessity."

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL replied that nine-tenths of the people were farmers who did not use coal in any shape, and to them it was not a necessary of life. Coal was used chiefly in manufactures—certainly in Ontario, and did not enter into the consumption of the general community in the upper Province Now, if a duty on wood had been proposed, that would have been a tax on the masses. Honourable gentlemen coming from the large cities, knew perfectly well were the pressure on the question originated. Take for instance, his hon. friend from Toronto (Mr. McPherson) who was smiling in his usual magnificent way; he was at the head of a large establishment, which consumed large quantities of coal. The tariff might affect such an establishment in the city, but it certainly did not interest the rural constituency which he (Mr. Campbell) represented. Even in Toronto, the consumers of coal were exclusively to be found among the wealthy classes, and the same might be said of Ottawa, and other towns. But under any circumstances, coal was not an article of greater necessity than clothing or boots and shoes, and yet those articles were heavily taxed. It was only a few manufacturing establishments, after all, that had any real interest in the question of coal, so far as Ontario and the rural districts of Quebec were concerned. The arguments that had been adduced against other features of the tariff were equally fallacious. Did any one suppose that we were going to pay more for bread in consequence of the insignificant tax on American flour and wheat? The majority of our our people make their own flour, and could supply their friends in the Lower Provinces with all that they required. By encouraging the coal of Nova Scotia and the flour of Ontario, commercial intercourse would be encouraged between the two Provinces, and the Confederation necessarily strengthened. The Government had beed led to understand that a very small duty would enable the coal owners of Nova Scotia to supply the Dominion with fuel. It was a wise policy to make one Province supply the wants of the other, and keep the Dominion as independent as possible of the Americans. During the rebellion in the United States, it would be remembered that the Government issued an order prohibiting the exportation of coal altogether.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—That was only anthracite coal, which cannot be got in Nova Scotia.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—The prohibition might have been put on all kinds of coal; and it was wise to guard against such dangers in the future. All should unite in building up an Intercolonial Trade, and stimulating native industry. He had been told by a member of the Legislature that the result of the policy of the Americans, in the particular just referred to, had been to jeopardize the operations of a large establishment on Lake Erie, and the owner confessed that he would rather see a dollar a ton put on coal than be again subject to the same difficulty. The tax would soon be considered a blessing if it had the effect it was expected to have—of supplying our own coal to all parts of the Dominion. He found that the Americans imposed $1.25 on bituminous coal, 40 per cent on the anthracite, 20 per cent a bushel on wheat, and wheat flour, 10 per cent on rye. Situated as the Dominion was, along side of the United States, it was necessary to shape our policy with reference to theirs. He would not, however, dwell at any greater length on the question. He was himself most influenced by the constitutional aspect of the subject, and he implored hon. gentlemen, before voting for the amendment, to consider the consequences that would ensue by coming into collision with the other branch of the Legislature, and the effect of the example they would give to those who succeeded them in the Senate.

TO BE CONTINUED.

LECTURE ON BRITISH COLUMBIA.

At noon yesterday about a hundred gentlemen assembled in the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners Room, in the House of Commons to hear the promised lecture from the Hon. Mr. Holbrook from British Columbia. The auditory was chiefly composed of members of both Houses. Mr. Jackson, M. P., for Grey occupied the chair. The lecture was a very lengthy one, and the information must have been compiled with the greatest care. It was highly interesting in its newness, and importance, and was listened to throughout, with marked attention. The following is a *resume* of the lecture.

After a residence of eleven years, engaged in mercantile pursuits at New Westminster, the former capital of the Colony, and still the principal city on the mainland, he was about to revisit England, and took advantage of setting before the public his experience as a merchant. Considering that great political changes are about so take place in that colony, he did so without any private political object. We were on the eve of the greatest national changes, as far as the transmission of England's power was concerned, known in history. The general good of the colony; its character, interests, wealth and natural resources were unknown abroad to the extent they should be at this particular juncture. He, therefore, proposed to supply, as far as he could, that deficiency of knowledge abroad of a country destined to become the key-stone of this great Confederation. The wants of the day were fast bearing on the events of the day, and it became necessary to complete, in the shortest possible time, the changes which will remove dissatisfaction and depression—that is to say to prove the real value of British Columbia to Canada and to England. The lecturer then proceeded to glance over the area. Starting that from Victoria by way of Place River to the foot of the Western slope of the Rocky Mountains is little short of 1,300 miles in length, and the width from the Columbia river to the ocean averaging from 250 to 400 miles. This magnificent country was at first and for a long time governed by the Hudson Bay Company, the country remaining in insignificance till 1858 when gold was first found on the Frazer river. From 1858 the progress of the country was marvellous, rivalling California and Australia, thousands of people flocking in. The mines on the Fraser river were soon exhausted, although still worked in places—the deposits were shallow—and were commonly called float gold. Experienced California and Australia miners concluded to penetrate to the interior in search of coarse gold, and were successful in finding it in paying quantities. Still encouraged they pressed on further till they discovered the world renowned Cariboo. The year 1861 may be dated as the most destructive period in the colony's history from its transition from wealth to indigence, and shewing the necessity of Confederation. The great want of the country was communication from the source of supply to the mines. In three years a waggon road of 383 miles was constructed—other side roads were made, [illegible] of which cost $1,309,100. Cities and Towns almost simultaneously sprang up, the wants of commerce were supplied, and the pleasures of refined life enjoyed to a marvellous extent when we consider the country to have been only four years old. Soon after a depression began, which continued with unmitigated obstinacy until today when bright accounts from "Peraplin [illegible]" have arrived, which if true will outrival California and Australia put together. We do not want you to be indifferent to the great value of British Columbia to Confederation and England. We want you to act in the matter, before it is too late. Through the untiring efforts of an unscrupulous set. The prosperity of the country was based on its mineral wealth, and an unstilled mass were naturally induced who over-traded to the sacrifice of agriculture and other pursuits on which the permanent prosperity of a country is based. it soon became apparent that further population was necessary, and that more roads had to be constructed. The cost of the present road is stated as enormous. This road would be built for the benefit of future generations, and the expense would fall on the present small population. The Government [illegible] ed population over a rugged territory required a more numerous civil list for the protection of life and property. [illegible] during the depression, while the population was decreasing these responsibilities remain to be borne by less than 10,000 adult whites. [illegible] the colonies remain rich in mineral wealth the people are steeped in poverty. [illegible] ed from England, or any of her colonies we require population and capital. The result must be *immediate Confederation* or immediate annexation. The lecturer then went into a history of the *Government* of the Colonies before and after the union, and included in his references the political causes of the decay he had been speaking of, and stated that had the mainland and islands not been united it would have been better. He stated that the majority on the mainland were in favor of Confederation since the proclamation of Governor Musgrave. That if any difficulty would be thrown in the way, [illegible] would be certain restless persons through selfish motives. He then referred to the advancing condition of the people, that the progress they are making was now the result of ligitimate enterprise and honest industry. From the wild speculations of [illegible] times, they have returned to the [illegible] occupations of man. The day of [illegible] fortunes has passed, it is replaced by the day of labor, and we are no longer a nation of vampires, sucking each other's blood to the last drop, but a community of settlers. The people now know the necessity of the production of labor as a means of subsistence, and the country exhibits to the world in her annual export of cereals, [illegible] is, in the strict sense of the term, an agricultural country, and will largely participate in the exportation of grain to the world's use. They had a larger amount of good land than California [illegible] will support an enormous population without the aid of Oregon or California. That the investment of Capital and labor pays better in British Columbia as well as any other country in the world. The lecturer went on to adduce facts in support. He referred to the valley of the [illegible] Fraser, containing 900 square miles of arable land, the most fertile in the country, and in many places equal to the celebrated Sacramento Valley. There [illegible] only 6,000 acres in occupation; and settlers duly confine themselves to [illegible] farms, the cattle have excellent food [illegible] whole year, and become enormously [illegible] There are only 400 head. On examination wheat was produced at the rate of [illegible] bushels to the acre. Cauliflowers as high as [illegible] lbs; cabbage 41 lbs; sugar, but [illegible] carrots, 9½ lbs; turnips, 30 lbs; [illegible] marrows 36 lbs; squashes, [illegible] land is well adaped for the cultivation of flax, barley and oats. He referred to the lower portion of this section—3,000 acres in occupation, with about 1,300 head of cattle, and proved by a succession of crops to yield 35 bushels of grain to the acre. From this section they were chiefly supplied with butter, cheese, eggs, &c. The again, another section, 3,000 occupied [illegible] head of cattle, the capacity of land is [illegible] 35 bushels of grain per acre. The last section yields fruits of every description. The lecturer gave an idea of the remuneration of farming in stating that [illegible] foot, brought 5 cents per lb; [illegible] cents; wheat, 24 cents; [illegible] barley, 1½ cents; potatoes, 1 cent; [illegible] 8 cents; apples, 4 cents; butter, [illegible] eggs 36 cents per dozen; hay $15 per [illegible] and so on throughout in the same proportion. If the whole of this [illegible] valley now brought into cultivation [illegible] would supply a population of 300,000 with the principal necessaries of life. [illegible] an evidence of prosperity there were [illegible] acres of land taken up last. The lecturer then took up the Upper Fraser, [illegible] from 50 to 60,000 acres of splendid land were in occupation, of which at least [illegible] 000 acres were under cultivation. The yield of this land has been found to be from 25 to 30 bushels to the acre, [illegible] vegetables of every kind grow to an enormous size. Throughout this country there are millions of acres of good land. He turned to another section, the [illegible] gold field on the Columbia river. In the valleys, only a few choice spots are [illegible] cultivation, and are used chiefly for stock raising. This section is so rich for grazing purposes that Americans have acknowledged they have no equal in the United States, Mexico or Lower California. [illegible] heads here amount to only 20,000 [illegible] horned cattle, and about 20,000 [illegible] while they are capable of sustaining [illegible] lions. It is common to find [illegible] weighing 500 pounds. He [illegible] Chilicotin plains, reaching [illegible] of the Pacific, where a [illegible] emption of 160 acres can be had for [illegible] *dollars*, and referred to the [illegible] which gives protection to the [illegible] $2,500. He said, "Send along the [illegible] iron-horse, the great civilizer of the world by anihilating time, and [illegible] in his second journey to the Pacific, [illegible] him along as quick as possible, and [illegible] of the vast Red River and Saskatchewan Territories, be assured we can [illegible] room and profitable employment for all who may come to our shores." He [illegible] to the climate of the country as [illegible] beautiful; and to the vast forests yet to be utilized; that the Colonies export to South America, China, Sandwich Islands, &c., yearly, 30,000,000 feet of timber per annum. The principle pine is the Douglas pine, which, for the production of spars from 80 to 100 feet long, cannot be beaten in the world. The lecturer entered at some length into a further history of the gold mines of. Their yield was [illegible] equalled by Cariboo, Australia, or any other country known in ancient or modern history. Up to 1863, there were [illegible] over 5,000 men at work there, and [illegible] yield to that time is set down at $3,000,000 per year, an average without a parallel

world. In speaking of the annual ...e of gold, he wished to be understood not to imply that the mines were ...austed. After the first and second ...eposits, easily attained, are exhausted ...ore comes a lull. Wages are high, ...ade large amounts retire on their ...e. William's Creek yielded, in two ...rs, the sum of $30,000,000. He then ...into a detailed statement of facts in ...rt of the statement, and made a fa... comparison between the Cariboo ...and those of California, producing ...in support. The lecturer's remarks ...the modes used, and his suggestions ...to an improved system in digging ...preparing the precious metal show ...experience, no light study on the ...

Hon. Mr. Holbrooke closed a ...and interesting lecture amid loud ...s. Mr. Mackenzie, after some ...entary remarks, moved a vote of ...

Hon. Malcolm Cameron rose to ...and made reference to a visit ...he had made, and alluded to the ...sonal character of the hon. lecturer ...onded the motion.

A LETTER FROM RANKIN.

Colonel gives his view of the Manitoba Bill—Macdougall's Pilgrimage—How Loyal Men Acted when "The Gravedigger" was in the Country—The Colonel's Ideas of Riel—A Tinge of Sarcasm.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

We give the following from Col. Rankin ...give it in the spirit of fair play. We do ...that all parties shall be heard, and ...Col. Rankin's sentiments are right or ...let the people judge:—

MACDOUGALL'S PILGRIMAGE.

...fell, the Government of the Dominion ...a gentleman, whom they thought a fit ...proper person, on a pilgrimage to Fort ...to assume the Governorship of Rupert's ...and the whole North-west territory. ...British and Protestant portion of the inhabitants of what it called "The Red River Settlement," being the majority in number, superior in education and enlight nment ...the most substantial as regards the possession of this world's goods, would have ...fully, if not cordially received this gentleman as acknowledged him as Governor; but ...is a French and Catholic minority in ...settlement, not so rich, not so substantial ...of property, nor so enlightened as ...education, but possessed of more "dash" ...enthusiasm—in short, better *disciplined*, ...led by, and under the able lead ship ...priests, the people resolved that the ...sent to them by the authorities at ...should not rule over them, and the ...speaking portion of the community ...so anxious to have Mr. Macdougall ...over soon to be willing to fight about ...after a somewhat protracted and ...most disagreeable sojourn at that ...place. Fombina His Excellency was ...compelled to take an affectionate ...of his friends, Stutsman, Cavalier, Ro... and at his leisure wend his weary way ...place from whence he came. His enemies ...those who don't like him, have had their ...in seeing he will now have his ...opportunity. For this is the ...to be decided that this is a British ...or Irish country? That the British constitution, British laws, and British usages ...and reveal through out this Dominion? ...shall the will of the majority of the ...people be carried out, or shall the will ...body of clergy, many of whom are not ...British subjects prevail? This is the ...involved in the proposal to set up ...cabbage garden" of a Province call d ...Manitoba. Let Mr. Macdougall, therefore, ...on his rounds and may he prove a ...Hotspur in the fray.

WHAT LOYAL MEN DID.

...Scotts and a few other "Adventurers ...Canada," as Mr. Donald Smith calls ...were simple enough to think that in ...such resistance as they could, to the ...of Riel and his followers, they ...doing their duty as British subjects. ...Mr. Rose was in the country, Dr. ...was rash enough, (in that British ...) to hoist the British flag, with the ...Canada insribed upon it, for doing this ...for things, which in his innocence, ...ved it to be his duty as a subject of ...Majesty, he was hunted out of the country, ...goods stolen, his houses and lands ...and a price set upon his head by ...Riel, while the British flag was ...trodden down, and ever since the ...of the Fenian brotherhood, or a cross ...it and the flag of France has floated ...place.

WHO IS THE AUTHOR OF THE BILL.

...who is the author of this Bill to ...the Province of Manitoba? Is there a ...in Parliament or out of it, in this Dominion, who believes that Sir John A. Macdonald, if left to his own free action, would ...our concocted, or even thought ...such a measure, does any one believe that ...English speaking majority of the Red ...settlement would ask for or accept of ...a measure if they could help it? In short ...any one believe that a community, a ...majority of whom are Protestants, would ...hereby ask that the whole powers and ...control of the destinies of their country ...be placed in the hands of a Roman ...Catholic Bishop and his clergy? For if it ...does, this is what the Bill will do. Of the ...opposed seven in the Upper House, or Provincial Senate, at least four, Bishop Tache ...three others, will be members, while, as ...members of the House of Commons at Ottawa, ...should have Messrs Riel, Lepine, Bruce ...O'Donohue, this is what the Bill will do. ...made it? Sir John A. Macdonald or ...Riel? The effect of its passage ...to legalize treason and punish loyal... to make the majority subordinate to the ...minority, in short, to put the rebels on the ...throne, while the loyalists, including the "adventurers from Canada," are driven out of the country, and all this by Acts of Parliament. ...Here are the hosts who lately assembled in ...Toronto to denounce the killing of poor ...Scott, and to warn the Government not to ...secure Riel's delegates? Are they asleep, ...have they left the country, and in a body ...go to the Province of Manitobah? Is there ...one there, and why don't they rouse ...themselves? Now is the time for them to ...come out and make themselves felt. When ...the Act has passed, and it becomes the law of ...the land, it is rebellion to resist it; but ...it is the constitual right, nay, it is the duty ...of every good subject to do all that in him lies ...to defeat the passage of a bad Bill.

THE COL. IS SARCASTIC.

Under our Constitution, it is the people ...who make and unmake Government; if we ...are badly governed we have no one to blame ...but ourselves. Our Constitution is the best ...that ever been devised. Under it the ...will can be brought to bear upon the ...Government more expeditiously than under ...that of the United States. A highly objectionable and most unjust measure is now before ...Parliament, a measure fraught with disastrous consequences to the best interest of ...the whole Dominion. What ought a free ...and intelligent people to do under ...such circumstances? Sir, they ought to ...rise up as one man; they ought ...to rise en masse on every constituency, and ...make known their abhorrence of Mr. Riel's bill ...by the adoption of resolutions, calling upon ...their representatives to kick it out of the ...House, on pain of being branded as traitors to ...the trust reposed in them by those who sent ...them where they are, and if in spite of all remonstrance there should still remain a majority ...subservient enough to pass so iniquitous a measure, then, in the name of common honesty, let us be spared the expense of the proposed military expedition. Not force will ...be wanted to quiet Mr. Riel and his followers if this bill passes. It is ...his bill. It provides for all he wants, or rather, it will meet the wants of his master ...and patron, the Bishop of St. Boniface, in ...whose hands the President is a mere gag, ...elastic as a piece of putty between the ...finger and thumb of any glazier. Why ...put troops to Manitoba? Unless, indeed, they are to be employed in protecting ...Mr. Riel against the British malcontents ...of his own precious Province, or to guard him against apprehended danger from the loyal, but indignant Indian tribes who have ...yet to learn the bitter lesson taught to the "adventurers from Canada" who were rash enough to venture into Mr. Riel's kingdom.

It will be bad enough if such a bill passes, at the dictation of a set of priests, to burden the already sufficiently loaded tax payers of Ontario, with the cost of an armed expedition, will only be adding injury to insult, while to allow the enthusiasm of our young and experienced volunteers to be practiced upon, by subjecting them to all the miseries they must endure on the five or six weeks passage, from the head of Lake Superior to Fort Garry, in order that when they get there they may have the honor of taking part in defending the person, and upholding the dignity of the man, in obedience to whose order, a former comrade, a volunteer, as loyal and as brave as any of themselves was foully murdered, will be an act so vile, so treacherous, and so absolutely mean, that it would be difficult to find language adequately to characterize it.

Sir, if Mr. Riel's bill passes—the bill to make the Province of Manitobah—let Doctor Tache be sent up as Governor; he and his brother the Bishop, can run the provincial machine between them. With Bruce, Lepine, Riel and O'Donohue in the Provincial Cabinet, there will be no need of British troops, but if the semblance of a force must be sent, Captain Cameron and the fifty policemen be (according to Sir John A's explanation) is to take with him from Canada, added to the hundred and fifty of Mr. Riel's subjects, to whom they will be joined, will be amply sufficient to maintain order, and in the name of all that is honesty and manly, let our volunteers be saved the sufferings they must undergo on the passage and the degradation they must endure after they get there, from being employed in so humiliating and unworthy a service, and let us—the tax-payers—be spared the worse than useless expenditure that must be incurred in sending our troops on so needless and inglorious an expedition.

Yours, very truly,
ARTHUR RANKIN.

Thornhill, May 5, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

MILITARY TAILORS AND HABIT MAKERS.—Messrs. Preston and Rowsell's advertisement in another column is worthy of attention.

ARTILLERY BAND.—The officers of the Garrisons Artillery are to meet at the Drill Shed to-night, for the purpose of making arrangements about the Brigade Band.

SPRING DRILL.—No. 2, Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery will parade at the drill-shed this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.

THE RAIN.—Farmers will sing a hymn of thanks for the timely rain of yesterday. It is to be hoped that the blessing will be continued a day or two more.

THE MARKET.—The hard pouring rain kept the farmers out of the city yesterday. There were but six teams on the square, and they were doomed to remain there till the afternoon.

RUNAWAY.—A horse with an express waggon attached, became frightened opposite Howell's store, on Sparks street, and took flight up the street, scattering the crowds crossing, till the animal was brought to, by running the vehicle against a post.

COMING.—The citizens of the capital will learn with pleasure that La Signora Maria Gillie, late of La Scala, Milan, is en route for Ottawa. She is accompanied by a distinguished troupe of artists from the Italian Opera, New York.

A ROW BETWEEN TWO NAIMOCKS.—Quite a brisk fight for a few minutes occurred yesterday morning in the yard of Bloom's tavern on York street, opposite the market, between Mr. Gorman, the hotel-keeper, on Clarence street, and Thomas Coffy, the market leaser. They both came off second best, one being tolerably scratched and the other slightly bruised. The cause was not directly stated.

POLICE COURT.—Joseph Farrell, assault on a little boy, the son of one Daniel Mullin. The urchin was proved to be vicious, and uncontrolable. The Police Magistrate reprimanded Farrell and dismissed the case.

Thomas Gallagher and Patrick Brady, were charged with vagrancy, having been found sleeping on a hay loft, at the request of Detective O'Neil, who stated a burglary had been committed and he had some suspicion about them. They were remanded.

ORDINANCE LAND SALE.—This great sale will come off at Bermingham's City Auction Mart, York street, on Friday next, the 13th instant at 12 o'clock noon. Several lots in Upper Town, beautifully situated, and well adapted for public or private buildings, will be sold. Quite a number of excellent lots in Nepean and adjacent to the canal, varying in size from 3 to 10 acres, and well adapted for private residences. The terms are very moderate, and will be made known at time of sale.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Streets in New York" was well played last evening. Lindley, as usual, was inimitable. Miss Webster, and Miss Nelson were well and meritoriously applauded throughout the piece. The piece is an interesting one, and the interest was well conveyed to the audience. To-night "Mazeppa" comes on. The piece is full of startling incidents, among others a horse, with "Mazeppa"—Miss Nelson—tied on his back ascends to the top of the theatre, and comes down again. This is a thrilling portion of the play. "Mazeppa" never fails to attract a full house.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

MARSHALL'S
LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11th,
Will be presented the grand spectacular Drama of
MAZEPPA OR THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.
Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Tickets can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performances to commence at 8 sharp.
MANAGER.....W J MARSHALL.
May 11, 1870. 1332 6

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY OF OTTAWA.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the above named Society will be held at GOWAN'S HALL on
THURSDAY, the 12th INSTANT,
At 8 o'clock p. m.
By order
W H BILLINGS,
Corresponding Secretary.
Ottawa, May 10, 1870. 1334 1

DAVID RATCHIE,
Farmer, having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him after date of this advertisement, as any one found doing so shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.
ROBERT ARMEAD.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1334 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS.
MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.
MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.
Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.
A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1335 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Will show THIS MORNING
NEW DRESS SILKS
NEW DRESS SATINS
NEW TRIMMING SATINS
NEW MANTLE VELVETS
NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS
NEW VELVET RIBBONS
NEW HAIR NETS
NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS
NEW STREAMER NETS
NEW PUFFINGS
NEW DUCHESSE LACE
NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS
NEW KID GLOVES
NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS
NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

ICE, ICE, ICE.
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.
Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.
All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER,
Rideau street.
1335d

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.
Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.
Profile and specification to be seen at this office.
The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer,
Ottawa & Russell Road Company.
Ottawa, May 7, 1870 1333 4

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,
Has removed to
WELLINGTON STREET,
OVER
SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.
MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334 1m

CAUTION.
All parties are hereby cautioned, not to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.
JOHN CURTIS.

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.
RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.
A large quantity of
FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES AND WEDGES,
For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.
Enquire
R W CRUICE.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1334 10

THE COURT OF REVISION
For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on
WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,
At Two o'clock p. m.
W P LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1335 6

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.
SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
ON THURSDAY, 12th INSTANT.
The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR ROBERT of Her Majesty's 60th Rifles to sell at his residence Lady street, near St. Alban's Church, on THURSDAY 14th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of very handsome Drawing Room Chairs, Spring Seat, and upholstries in rich Damask with handsome Lounge to match, Easy Chairs, Centre Tables, Trifle Tables, Sofas, very handsome Brussells, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets nearly new, being only a few months in use, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture, all nearly new, one very handsome and excellently finished Iron Bedstead, with Curled Hair Mattrass, Iron Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Bedding, a Wanzer Sewing Machine encased in Black Walnut. One very handsome vis a vis Carriage, cost ... one very fine Dog Cart, an excellent Ride cost $60, English made Bridles, Saddles and Harness, a superior and valuable Chestnut Horse, 7 years old, 15½ hands high, well bred, well trained, very handsome, stout and fast.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.
NOTICE.
ADJOURNED SALE OF R. A. BRADLEY'S CHOICE BUILDING SITES AT
GOREBOROUGH.
Public notice is hereby given that the great sale of Choice Building sites in the Village of Goreborough, on the Montreal Road, (just one mile from Ottawa,) will be resumed by J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, at the City Auction Mart, at the close of the Ordnance Sale of Lands, on FRIDAY next, the 13th INSTANT.
The object of the proprietor in resuming the above sale at the time and place mentioned, is amongst other things, to afford an opportunity to intending purchasers who were disappointed by attending too late at the last sale, and who have unanimously expressed the desire that another sale should be called. It is to be hoped that the public have been sufficiently advised as to the locality in question, and also as to the eligibility of the situation for country residences, &c.
Parties desiring to purchase any of the above lots by private sale may do so on advantageous terms up to the day of sale.
Plans will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Auction Rooms of J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa, or at the Law office of the Proprietor.
R A BRADLEY,
Bangs' Block,
Corner Sparks and Elgin streets,
OTTAWA.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer. 1335d

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
EXTRAORDINARY VALUE
IN
DRESS GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Are now offering a large lot of
NEW FASHIONABLE
DRESS GOODS
Purchased far below value,
AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.
SELF-COLORED
FIGURED LUSTRES,
In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.
NEW MARLED CHALLIES,
In Beautiful Colorings,
Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.
GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,
WIDE WIDTH,
Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.
NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,
In the various Summer Shades.
BLACK LUSTRES,
Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.
EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN
BLACK SILKS,
At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.
KID GLOVES,
A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d
INSPECTION INVITED.

ICE, ICE, ICE.
TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE
FOR THE
SEASON OF 1870.
To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.
Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.
JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.
Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.
Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, April 29, 1870.
Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.
FARM FOR SALE.
About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 50 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.
For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END
DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.
BLYTH & RUSSELL
Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also
New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indians and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Satin, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers.
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Grey, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves
—ALSO—
The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in a the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Laces and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings
We would also call attention to our stock of
STAPLE GOODS
COMPRISING
New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured
GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests
—ALSO—
A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.
Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.
Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.
BLYTH & RUSSELL
Ottawa, April 26, 1870.

Dry Goods.
1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.
FOR SALE
On Liberal Terms a Stock of
GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,
Together with the
LEASE OF STORE,
—AND A—
WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,
Carried on by
D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.
In Ottawa.
Application to be made to
C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,
Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 5, 1870 1347tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.
SALE
OF VERY
VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,
On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.
The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. These situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described in fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.
Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.
Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.
Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.
A ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334d

NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY LINE
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.
R S CASSELS,
President.
1341tf

NEW DRUG STORE.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.
The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in his new building adjoining the Ottawa Hotel, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines,
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.
Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.
Physicians and country merchants supplied.
The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

ECONOMY. COMFORT.
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.
Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.
Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.
Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their trains, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.
These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.
No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.
Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.
100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.
Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to
J T CORCORAN, Agent,
At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Transit office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.
April 21, 1870.

THANKS!
ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.
A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.
Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the
JOBBING DEPARTMENT
Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be convinced that they will receive the worth of their money.
Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

NEW CITY DIRECTORY.
The subscribers beg to announce that they purpose bringing out within three months, a new edition of the CITY OF OTTAWA DIRECTORY, which will contain an alphabetical list of residents; a Business Directory; list of farmers in the counties of Carleton and Russell; the several societies and institutions of the city; names and Post Office addresses of members of the Senate and House of Commons; names and residence of the Civil Service employees; brief notices of our manufactures; the New Tariff, &c., and also a map of the city.
As the mercantile, professional and manufacturing interests of the Towns of Prescott and Pembroke are so intimately connected with this city, the publishers will include these places in this Directory.
The editions will be large, and advertisers will find it to their advantage to patronize the undertaking.
Our agents are now canvassing the city for all the necessary information requisite to make the volume as perfect and as accurate as possible.
HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Printers, Bookbinders and Publishers.
Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1353 3

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.
REMOVAL.
The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as
LANG'S BUILDING,
OPPOSITE
THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,
Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up on a
FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE.
and having purchased a very heavy stock,
(A BANKRUPT STOCK),
at a very low figure,
I am now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.
He would call particular attention to his
COAL OIL
STOVES AND TINWARE,
now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.
LUMBERMEN'S GOODS
made up purposely for their trade
—ALSO,—
Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.
ALSO,
Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers.
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantler Plates,
Chantler Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.
BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER PATS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,
AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
ALSO ON HAND,
LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
Common and Best Refined Oils.
Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.
Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.
Remember,
RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C F DORION, Proprietor.
Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.
MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. BOWIE,
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily,
MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS,
Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.
Ottawa to Chicago.....$7 00
All other points in proportion. Baggage checked through.
A & A B TAYLOR, Agents,
Office York street, Corner of Sussex street.
Ottawa, May 3, 1870 1340m

FINAL NOTICE.
CLOSE OF THE LISTS
To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April
CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.
To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before
TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,
Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.
R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.
A G RAMSAY, Manager

FOR SALE
A splendid RACING SKIFF in good order. Apply to
HECTOR McLEAN,
1336tf Auctioneer.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic, Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.
BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!
Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.
Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,
—ALSO—
Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.
STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS
AT THE
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET.
H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES.
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
In great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
PLATED WARE,
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.
New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,
New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,
New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.
Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.
All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.
Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.
Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.
J BOYDEN,
General Agent.
Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.
SELLING AT COST PRICE
To all
CASH PURCHASERS,
For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock
READY MADE CLOTHING
Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price
All goods marked in plain figures.
Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.
T RAJOTTE
1326 3m

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.
The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.
PRESENT,
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.
On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
[illegible]—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per [illegible]	20 00	@	00 00
Prime [illegible]	none.		
Pork (fresh)	0 00	@	10 00
[illegible]	0 12	@	0 15
[illegible] per 100 lbs	5 00	@	7 50
[illegible] per lb	0 07	@	0 00
[illegible] each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 10
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 00
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, travel in the wake of civilization.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 42y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache. Price 5s. Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. 1323 2awfm 1awkdm

Sarsaparilla, [illegible] THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

CITY OF OTTAWA. ADVANCE.

PUBLIC ATTENTION.

Is hereby directed to the following Sections of the Act of the Province of Ontario, respecting the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages:

11. The occupier of the house and tenement in which a death shall take place, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, then some one of the persons residing in the house in which the death took place, or, if such death shall not have taken place within a house, then any person present at the death or having any knowledge of the circumstances attending the same, or the coroner who may have attended any inquest held on such person, shall, before the interment of the body, or within ten days after, supply to the Division Registrar of the Division in which such death took place, according to his or her knowledge or belief, all the particulars required to be registered touching such death by the form provided by this Act

22. If any householder, head of a family, clergyman, physician or other person or persons required by this Act to report births, marriages and deaths, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such persons shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than one dollar, nor more than twenty dollars and costs, in the discretion of the presiding Justice before whom the case shall be heard; and it shall be the duty of the Division Registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make the required reports.

WM P LETT, Division Registrar, In the City of Ottawa.

City Hall, Ottawa, March 21, 1870. 1313.6w1awk

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz,

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT, Under Secretary of State.

WILLIAM F. COFFIN, Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March 30. [illegible]

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiors article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be *sure* and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers, THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business is rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal. Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

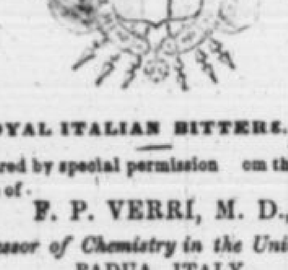
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House. Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y or KERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS In Ottawa AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK. ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET. GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

YOUNG & RADFORD

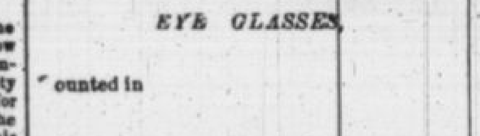
Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

Mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks treet, Ottawa.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

TUESDAY THE 10th MAY,

For the Supply of

700 BEADSTEADS,

With Hair Mattrasses and Pillows, and Straw Palliasses, for the Toronto and London Lunatic Asylums

Full particulars as to conditions of tender, with specifications, will be supplied on application to the Secretary of the Department.

JOHN CARLING, Com of Agriculture and Public Works.

Department of Public Works, Ontario, April 19 1870 1339 6 18 2

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15-6m WM HALPENNY.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je3-141-tf

D. Mlubasay (star and crescent)

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Medical Cards.

R. J. A. PICKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the [illegible] late TIMES Printing Office Lang's block, No. 40, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..........Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 5 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort; 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa*.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS!

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house or 10 a. m, and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq, Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House,"

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract,

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science*.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

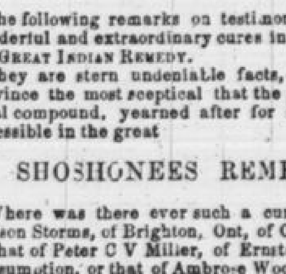
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

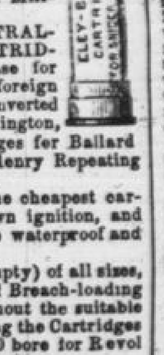
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hooey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON. WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to JONAS AP JONES, Esq., Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER, Village Clerk.

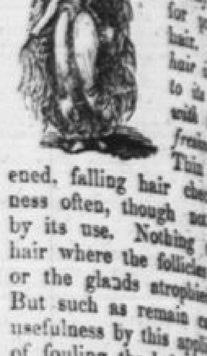
Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870, 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's Hair Vigor, For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. [illegible] hair is [illegible] to its [illegible] with the [illegible] freshness [illegible]. Thin hair [illegible] ened, falling hair checked, [illegible] ness often, though not always, [illegible] by its use. Nothing can [illegible] hair where the follicles [illegible] or the glands atrophied [illegible]. But such as remain can [illegible] usefulness by this application [illegible] of fouling the hair with [illegible] ment, it will keep it clean [illegible]. Its occasional use will [illegible] from turning gray or [illegible] consequently prevent [illegible] from those deleterious [illegible] make some preparations [illegible] injurious to the hair, the [illegible] only benefit but not harm it. [illegible] merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found [illegible]. Containing neither oil nor dye, [illegible] not soil white cambric, [illegible] long on the hair, giving it [illegible] lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer [illegible] PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL [illegible] LOWELL, MA[illegible]

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pe[ctoral], For Diseases of the Throat [illegible] such as Coughs, Colds, W[illegible] Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma [illegible] and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole [illegible] medicine, has anything won so widely [illegible] upon the confidence of mankind, as this [illegible] remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through [illegible] series of years, and among most of the [illegible] men it has risen higher and higher [illegible] tion, as it has become better known. Its [illegible] character and power to cure the various [illegible] of the lungs and throat, have made it known [illegible] liable protector against them. While [illegible] milder forms of disease and to young [illegible] at the same time the most effectual remedy [illegible] be given for incipient consumption, and [illegible] gerous affections of the throat and lungs. [illegible] vision against sudden attacks of Croup, [illegible] be kept on hand in every family, and [illegible] are sometimes subject to colds and [illegible] should be provided with this antidote [illegible]. Although settled Consumption is [illegible] curable, still great numbers of cases where [illegible] ease seemed settled, have been completely [illegible] and the patient restored to sound health [illegible] *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its [illegible] over the disorders of the lungs and throat [illegible] the most obstinate of them yield [illegible] ing else could reach them, under the [illegible] *toral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known [illegible] not publish the certificates of them here, [illegible] than assure the public that its qualities [illegible] maintained.

Ayer's Ague C[ure], For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, [illegible] Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, [illegible] and indeed all the affections which [illegible] from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE [illegible] of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

Pr[esid]ent—The Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, [illegible]

Other Directors—C J Campbell, [illegible] Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, [illegible] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, [illegible] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank [illegible]

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs. J[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL [illegible] COMPANY are as low as is [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance [illegible] not when the premiums are being [illegible] losses are being settled, and the [illegible] promptness of its settlements [illegible] Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses [illegible]

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE, No. 36, RIDEAU STREET

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

P. BASKERVILLE [illegible]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers [illegible]

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and [illegible] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of [illegible] requested to call and judge for themselves [illegible] your neighbours who have [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted and [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, Cheese and [illegible] stantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and [illegible] P. BASKERVILLE [illegible]

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] Relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURE [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable [illegible] intenseness of the pain [illegible] attack, may be cured [illegible] Fluid is composed [illegible] and contains nothing [illegible] system either by external [illegible] Try it and you will not be [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists [illegible]

W W FRASER, Proprietor [illegible]

1301 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour [illegible] and Sand Point. [illegible]

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

VOL V.

Hardware

[illegible] ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy H[ardware] HENRY'S STONE BU[ilding] [illegible] Street, Upper [illegible] Cooking and Fancy [illegible] Coal, Steel, Iron, [illegible] Twine, Glass, [illegible] Putty, &c., [illegible] *Always on H[and]*

December 20, 1869.

[illegible] WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU ST[REET] OTTAWA [HAVI]NG OPENED HIS [ESTAB]LISHMENT (nearly opposite the [illegible]) for sale at VERY LOW [prices] well selected stock, con[sisting of] [illegible] Liquors, Tobacco, Le[illegible] [illegible] Sauces, Spices, Pickles, [illegible] Coarse and Fine Salt, [illegible] Bordeaux and ther [illegible]

[ME]SS PORK, P[I]CKL[ED] LABR. HERR[ING] [illegible] numerous other articles [illegible] complete stock.

[TE]AS—Japan, Oolong, Congo [illegible] quite fresh and cheap.

[COF]FEE—Fresh Coffee ground [illegible]

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; [illegible] Piper's and other brand[s]

[illegible] Do. [illegible] and [illegible] bottle.

WINES—Sherries & all [illegible] quality, Burgundy, Sauterne [illegible] all prices, in wood and bottle [illegible] HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, WHISKEY

[illegible] proof and over, at [illegible] [illegible] and Stewart' Sc[otch] [illegible]'s Irish Whiskey, [illegible]'s Old Irish Potteen [illegible] and London Porter [illegible] and other Ales. [illegible] and Syrups, all grad[es] [illegible] prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVE [SE]LLING AT TWE[NTY] PER CENT BELO[W] [illegible] the time or bar als[o]

[PE]OPLE'S TELEGR[APH] [Inco]rporated under Chapt[er] [illegible] Consolidated Statutes

[HE]AD OFFICE—G P D[illegible] Ottawa, 19 Sparks [illegible]

DIRECTOR[S] [JO]SEPH, Chairman; D [illegible] S B FOOTE A THO[illegible] [RI]CHMOND, Manager.

[illegible] H. EASTON & C[O.] COMMISSION ME[RCHANTS] FORWARD[ERS] DEALERS IN [illegible] Corn, Flour, O[ats] OTTAWA

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S, [S]PARKS STREET [illegible] gentlemen [illegible] board [illegible] the day or week at [illegible] This house is situa[ted] [illegible] of the Parliament [Buildings]

Educat[ion]

[illegible] AND DEP[ORTMENT] [DA]NCING TUNING. [illegible] to divide his [illegible] and Ogdensburgh [illegible] and other [illegible] orders [illegible] Shall [illegible] received at Mr. [illegible] and at R. Miller [illegible]

MUSICAL ACADE[MY] Mr. GUSTAVE SMIT[H] Graduate of the [illegible] Lessons on Piano [illegible] corner of King-str[eet] [illegible], June 23, 1869.

GUYOT'S TAR, CONCENTRATED [illegible] has succeeded [illegible] table sources [illegible] it very solub[le] [illegible]

ROB[illegible] CATARRH O[illegible] OBSTINA[TE] IRRITATION HOOPI[NG] DISEASES O[F THE] PULMONARY [illegible] AFFECTION[S] [illegible] DISEASES [illegible]

DOMINICK [illegible] GENERAL C[illegible] [Lawr]ence Street [illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published [illegible] THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director. [illegible] Fraser, Esq, [illegible] Prospere, Esq.

The Times

OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1870.

PRICE—3 CENTS.

VOL V. NO. 1356.

Hardware.

[...] ISAAC,

DEALER IN

[Shelf] and Heavy Hardware,

[...]STONE BUILDING,

[...] Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

[...] and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

[...]ember 20, 1869. 1336.1

[...] WHELAN,

[...] RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

[HAVI]NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand)

[...] for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, [...], Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy [...], Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, [...] Sauces and Pine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

[ME]SS PORK, P CKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

[...] numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

[...] Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young [Hyson ...] fresh and cheap.

[COF]FEE — Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on [the premises].

[...] Sauces; Renault & Co, Hennessy, Pinet and other brands.

[W...] and Houtman's, a wood [...]

W[INES] — [...] Ports of fine [...] and Maderia Wines [...] improved by age. [...] OLD RYE, PROOF AND [...] WHISKEY,

[...] at extremely low rices. [...] Scotch Whiskey and [...]

[...] Irish Whiskey.

[...] Irish Potteen.

[...] London Porter, pts and qts.

[...] Ales.

[...] grades.

[...] STOCK SAVED FROM FIRE [...] AT TWENTY-FIVE [PER] CENT BELOW COST.

[...] 1165

[...] TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[Incorporated] under *Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.*

[...] OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange [...] 12 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[...], Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; [...] A THOMSON, T H DUNN.

[...] Manager. 1141tf

[...] EASTON & CO.,

[C]OMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

[...], Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

[...] on goods consigned for immediate [...] Prompt returns in all cases.

K. M. EASTON

[...] HOUSE,

[SPAR]KS STREET, OTTAWA.

[...] gentlemen can be accommodated [...] board and rooms. Gentlemen [...] the Capital will find superior accommodation [...] by day or week at moderate terms. [...] is situated in the immediate [...] to Parliament Buildings and the [...] 219tf

Educational.

[...] DEPORTMENT.

[The subscri]ber having made arrangements [with an] accomplished lady teacher, announces [that her Danc]ing Classes will commence on [...] instant.

[...] may be obtained on application [...] Stewart, Wilbrod street.

[...] September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[DAN]CING TUITION.—The subscriber having [decided] to divide his time equally between [Ottawa] and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his [...] pupils and others, that he hopes, in future, [...] orders for tuning more promptly [...] heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. [Orders] received at Mr. Harrington's Auction [...] and at S. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. E. BENEDICT

[M]USICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral), a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of [...], Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau [...], corner of King street.

[...] June 22, 1869. 775y

[...] TAR, &

[CONC]ENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

[...] has succeeded in depriving tar of its [...] and bitterness, and in [...] very soluble. Profiting by this [...], he prepares a concentrated [...] in a small volume contains [...] active principles.

[...] all the adv ntages o [...] water without any of its drawbacks [...] tar water without any dis[...] may be instantaneously obtained [...] teaspoonful into a glass of water. [...] prepare his glass of tar water [...] he requires it, thus economising [...] carriage, and obviating the [...] necessity of handling tar.

[...] replaces advantageously several [...] tisanes in the treatment of [...] coughs and catarrhs.

[...] employed with the greatest success [...] following diseases:—

[...] Dose—A teaspoonful in a glass of [...] dessert-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE C UGHS

[IRRIT]ATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

[DIS]EASES OF THE THROAT

[PUL]MONARY CONSUMPTION

[AF]FECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

[DIS]EASES OF THE SCALP.

[...] tar has been tried with the greatest [...] in the principal hospitals of France, [...] and Spain. Experience has proved it [...] the most hygienic drink in hot weather and [...] of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany [...] bottle.

[...] Depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue [...]

[FREDE]RICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

[...] Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

[Solicits] the patronage of the Lumber Merchants [...] of the Ottawa. From his long experience [...] the trade he offers his services in engaging [...] and attending to their rafts while passing [...] best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[...] Esq., Walter Smith, Esq.

[...] Esq., R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co. General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U[NION MUTUAL]

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sappers' Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1327tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situate within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
30.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY,

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to
D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1346f Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 3, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO. R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day. Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaint can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles for the public

TOWNSHIP OF HUNTLEY.

The Court of Revision for the Township Huntley will hold its first sitting for the current year, in the hal[l of th]e said Township, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of MAY next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

JOHN FENTON,
Township Clerk.

Township Clerk's Office,
Huntley, 1st April, 1870. 15 3

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA, LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a [fu]ll [ass]ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above [go]ods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING, GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be ha[d at]

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French Imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiffs Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, W M MATHESON,
Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and tebrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1300tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Mails.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
6.00	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily		11.30	5.30
12 Noon.		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.30	5.30
6.00 12 Noon.	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30	5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	
6.00		Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30		Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
	6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	8.00		
6.00 12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
6.00		Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	6.00
6.00		Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau		11.30	
	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive .... 4.40 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING

—AND—

FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,

OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING

—AND—

BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1338y

ASSESSMENT OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR THE CITY OF OTTAWA.

No. of Concession, Street, or other Designation.	Value of Real Property.	Amount of Non-resident Lands.	Value of Personal Property.	Total Value and Am't of Real and Personal Property and Income.	No. of Persons in the Family.	No. of Cattle.	No. of Sheep.	No. of Hogs.	No. of Horses.	Dogs.	Bitches.	Statute labor, Persons from 21 to 60 years.
Victoria Ward	$851,175	$12,225	$99,500	$962,900	3,160	68	4	42	143	144	6	67
Wellington do	1,478,292	54,825	199,400	1,682,517	3,957	155	14	66	129	229	8	158
St. George do	1,03?,792	71,034	94,600	1,169,426	3,685	90	7	29	122	199	19	82
By do	754,430	35,990	59,475	849,825	4,640	46	1	75	159	182	11	85
Ottawa do	578,699	39,675	10,750	629,124	6,400	53	6	46	135	134	21	43
Total for 1870	4,616,408	213,639	463,725	5,293,792	21,842	412	32	258	688	888	65	437
" " 1869	4,429,872	152,554	509,233	5,081,679	20,681	305	48	178	612	873	46	568
" " 1868	4,262,468	78,817	657,064	4,998,348	20,305	484	179	528	810	827	56	621

Increase in Real and Personal Property for 1870 over 1869.................. $212,113

Real Property (only) 1870 " 1869.................. 247,641 }

" " 1869 " 1868.................. 291,141 } 538,782 increase in 2 years.

Increase in Population 1870 over 1869.................. 1161.

By taking columns 10 and 11—added—you will find a steady increase in Real Property. But the several alterations in the Assessment Law as touching incomes have reduced that item.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,

Birds Baths,

Bird Swings,

Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,

Wire Egg Boilers,

Wire Dish Covers,

Wire Toast Forks and Racks,

Wire Egg Beaters,

Wire Skewers,

Larding Needles,

Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL.

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE D[EPOT]

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE

STOVES, STOVES,

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Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

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From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

CONTINUED.

OTTAWA, May 5, 1870.

Mr. MACKENZIE—Why change it then? [Great laughter].

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—Well, never mind, I'll answer that presently. The proposition of the hon. gentleman was unwarranted, and an attempt to obtain a vote against the proposed tariff by a side wind.

Mr. BLANCHET was a free-trader, but supported the tariff as an experiment, and in the hope that Reciprocity would be obtained thereby—If this was not done during the year, he hoped the Government would reconsider the question. He should vote against the amendment.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE did not believe that this so called National policy would obtain Reciprocity. He had opposed the imposition of several duties, but he could not support the amendment because he did not approve of the principles involved in it.

A division was taken—Yeas 55, Nays 86.

YEAS—Messrs. Bechard, Benoit, Bodwell, Bolton, Bourassa, Bowman, Burpee, Caldwell, Cartwright, Cheval, Connell, Coupal, Dorion, Dufresne, Fortier, Galt, Gaudet, Godin, Hagar, Holton, Hutchinson, Joly, Kempt, [Kierzkowski, Macdonald [Glengarry], Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Magill, Masson, [Soulanges], McCarthy, McConkey, McDougall [Lanark], McDougall [Renfrew], McMonies, Metcalfe, Mills, Morrison [Victoria, Ont.], Paquet, Pelletier, Pickard, Pinsonneault, Pozer, Redford, Ross [Wellington, Ryan [Montreal West], Rymal, Scatcherd, Snider, Stirton, Thompson [Ontario], Tremblay, Wallace, Wells, Workman, Wright [York Ontario], and Young—55.

NAYS—Messrs. Archambault, Ault, Beaubien, Bellerose, Benoit, Blanchet, Bowell, Bown, Brousseau, Brown, Burton, Cameron [Huron], Cameron [Peel], Campbell, Carling, Cartier, Sir G. E., Casault, Cayley, Chamberlin, Chauveau, Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Crawford [Brockville], Currier, Daoust, Dobbie, Drew, Dufresne, Ferguson, Fortier, Gaucher, Gibbs, Gray, Grover, Harrison, Heath, Hincks, Sir F., Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Irvine, Jackson, Jones [Leeds], Keeler, Kirkpatrick, Lacerte, Langevin, Langlois, Lawson, Le Vesconte, Macdonald Sir J. A., McDonald [Lunenburg], McDonald [Middlesex], Masson [Terrebonne], McCallum, McDougall [Three Rivers], McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison, [Niagara], Munroe, O'Connor, Oliver, Perry, Pope, Pouliot, Ray, Read, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross [Dundas], Ross, [Prince Edward], Ross [Victoria N. S.], Scriver, Shanly, Simard, Stephenson, Tilley, Walsh, Webb, White, Whitehead, Wilson, Wright [Ottawa Co.]—86.

Mr. WORKMAN moved that the Bill be not now read, but that it be resolved "that it is not in the public interest to impose taxes on coal, coke, flour and wheat, inasmuch as the said taxation will fall with peculiar and exceptional severity on the coaling sections of the Dominion." The Finance Minister, the other day, in announcing his 3 o'clock policy, had said that the whole of the Ministers, without exception, were against such taxation, and he hoped that they would accept the amendment.

A division was at once taken—Yeas, 66; nays, 75.

YEAS—Bechard, Benoit, Bodwell, Bolton, Bourassa, Bowman, Brousseau, Burpee, Caldwell, Cartwright, Casault, Cheval, Connell, Coupal, Currier, Dorion, Dufresne, Fortier, Sir A. T. Galt, Gaudet, Gendron, Godin, Hagar, Holton, Hutchinson, Irvine, Joly, Kempt, Kierzkowski, Langlois, Macdonald (Glengarry), Macfarlane, Mackenzie, Magill, Masson (Soulanges), Masson (Terrebonne), McCarthy, McConkey, McDougall (Lanark), McDougall (Renfrew), McDougall (Three Rivers), McMonies, Metcalf, Mills, Morrison (Victoria), Paquet, Pelletier, Pickard, Pinsonneault, Pouliot, Pozer, Redford, Ross (Wellington), Ryan, Rymal, Scatcherd, Snider, Stirton, Thompson (Ont.), Tremblay, Wallace, Wells, Wood, Workman, Wright (York, Ont.), Young—66.

NAYS—Archambeault, Ault, Beaubien, Bellerose, Blanchet, Bowell, Burton, Cameron (Huron), Cameron (Peel), Campbell, Carling, Cartier, Cayley, Chamberlin, Chauveau, Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Crawford (Brockville), Daoust, Dobbie, Drew, Dunkin, Ferguson, Fortin, Gaucher, Gibbs, Gray, Grover, Harrison, Heath, Hincks (Sir F.), Howe, Huot, Hurdon, Jackson, Jones (Leeds), Keeler, Lacerte, Langevin, Lawson, Levesconte, Macdonald (Sir J. A.), McDonald (Lunenburg), McDonald (Middlesex), McCallum, McKeagney, McMillan, Merritt, Morris, Morrison (Niagara), Munroe, O'Connor, Oliver, Perry, Pope, Ray, Read, Renaud, Robitaille, Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward Island), Ross (Victoria, N. S.), Scriver, Shanly, Simard, Stephenson, Tilley, Walsh, Webb, White, Whitehead, Wilson, Wright (Ottawa County)—75.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON hoped, in view of that vote, the hon. gentleman would revert to the imposition of Tuesday week (laughter). The mines yielded, they said, to the pressure of the opinion of the House on their conduct, and after their vote he thought they might fairly accept the opinion of the House as being in favour of their position in withdrawing those propositions.

The second reading was then carried on a division, and the Bill at once read a third time and passed.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

The debate on the Bill for the Government of the Province of Manitoba was then resumed.

Hon. Col. GRAY was glad to hear that the policy of the Bill was peace to all parties concerned in the insurrection. They ought to look at the Bill in the light of future and not in the light of the present irritating circumstances, and he should support it.

Mr. YOUNG said the question should be considered with moderation, but the issues were too important if the future of the Dominion was so deeply involved, that it would be criminal to remain silent. He was not astonished at the feeling in Ontario, for the people not only felt that the country had been humiliated by the insurrection, and that a loyal Canadian had been murdered, but that the future of the magnificent North-West Territories was trembling in the balance. The Government had blundered in not consulting the Red River people, in pushing through a Bill at the close of last session to govern them by a Lieutenant-Governor and Orders in Council. This provoked an odious comparison with the neighbouring American territories, and the action of the officials sent there had increased the jealousy and alarm of the people. To cap the climax the Secretary of State for the Provinces arrived on the scene, and the Loyalists looked anxiously to him to dispel their doubts by stating the real intentions of the Canadian Government; but that gentleman remained silent at a time when silence was to betray his country's cause, and if the hon. member for North Lanark was to be believed, the hon. gentleman actually encouraged the discontented to resist the transfer to Canada, and to insist in obtaining what he called their rights (hear, hear). Those were grave charges, and if true the hon. gentleman should not longer hold a position in the Councils of Her Majesty (hear, hear). Since the

[...] public [...] large [...] as cheap, [...] the city. [...]OLSON, [R]ideau street.

TIGHT BINDING

pulsion of Lieutenant-Governor McDougall, the Government had neither acted with wisdom nor patriotism.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS—What could we have done?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Auction Sale—J. Bermingham
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Rink Music Hall—Italian Operatic Concert
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Prorogation of Parliament—R. E. Kimber

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NOTICE
Is hereby given that
His Excellency the Governor General
—WILL—
PROROGUE PARLIAMENT
At Four o'clock this Afternoon.
By order
R E KIMBER,
Acting Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

LADIES holding cards for the floor of the SENATE are not expected to be in full evening dress.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870. 1356 1

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1870.

ILLNESS OF THE PREMIER.

There were very painful rumours afloat, yesterday afternoon, in connection with Sir John A. Macdonald's illness, which it is some satisfaction to know were unfounded. The latest reliable information, up to 11 o'clock last night, was to the effect that he was much easier, and that there was still hopes of his valuable life being spared for some time longer.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament is to be prorogued to-day after a tedious and arduous session. Contrary to expectation, but agreeably to common sense, the Red River *embroglio* has been got over without creating such great strife, heat, and ill-feeling as many supposed it would tend to. The ill-timed allusion to "independence" in the early part of the session did much towards strengthening British feeling, and the Tariff only caused a disturbance in the political relation of parties, which time will speedily and effectually reconstruct. One thing is certain, the legislation of the session will tend towards present and future progress. We shall not however, anticipate that which will be much better and more particularly attended to in the closing speech of His Excellency the Governor General at the prorogation, which takes place at four o'clock this afternoon.

THE HORSE SADDLED.

Ontario supports the Government. It is not the *moutons* of Quebec—the parliamentary minions of Sir Geo. E. Cartier—the Chauveauites and Irvinites, and Colbyites of Lower Lower Canada—the notaires, the avocats, the marchands, and the habitants in conjunction with a few city English respectabilities, and one or two Eastern or Northern Township gentlemen, whose mothers spoke the tongue which Wolfe spake, ordinarily composing a Lower Canada majority, who keep the Government in power. It is Ontario that permits Sir Francis Hincks to continue Finance Minister; it is Ontario that makes interest bills and destructive tariffs, and makes administrative blundering possible. These are the assertions of the *Globe*, and they are true. It is Ontario, which wisely sustains the Government, and condemns the folly of the *Globe*. It is a clear proof that the representatives of Ottawa, in Parliament, know what they are about, and that a wise and determined support of the Government is, at the present moment, to their interest, to the interest of Ontario, and to the interest of the Dominion. Whom have we better adapted for the position of Finance Minister, at the present moment, than Sir Francis Hincks? Who is more liberal, more judicious, and more economical of his strength than Sir Geo. Cartier now? Ontario is not blind to the fact that moderation will best conduce towards the establishment of a thoroughly British policy within the Dominion, and the men of Ontario who have no party ends to serve, give their support to the men in power. Are the people of Ontario blind? Do they not see that the opposition in Parliament are endeavouring to do now that which the *Globe*, up to this very moment, has blamed the Government of Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier for doing—sending up a Governor to govern provisionally for a while—ascertain the wishes of the people—and then give a constitution? This is what the Government were doing in sending Mr. McDougall to rule. This is what the *Globe* condemned. This is what Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. McDougall now insist upon. This is not what Ontario supports. Ontario suppports and insists upon free institutions to the North West, and the suppression and punishment of crime. Ontario has no fear of evil consequences to accrue from public justice. Ontario has no fear of the establishment of an English system of Government on the very line which separates the territory of the United States from that of Britain in the great prairies of the West. The men whom the *Globe* would gag with a *plebiscitum a la Napoleon*, are those who support in this Red River difficulty the wise and conciliatory policy of the Government, and virtually censure the crude mouthings of the *Globe*.

WE notice, in our telegrams from Toronto that a movement is on foot in that city to present Dr. Schultz with a testimonial, which we believe will take the shape of a gold watch. The Montreal *Herald* says we understand a similar movement is on foot here, and that it has been decided to present the Doctor with a handsomely mounted rifle, which he may take with him to Red River as a token of the esteem which his loyalty to the Canadian cause has gained for him among his many friends in Montreal.

PETTY SNARLING.

The New York press are commenting vigorously or rather villainously on the Red River expedition. Some are disposed to close the canal gates of the Sault Ste. Marie against us; others are for letting us pass through, but, in retaliation the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals be closed against American commerce; and the New York *Albion* is most particularly exercised on account of the smallness of the force. Of course, even if we would, we cannot prevent the New York press from "meddling and muddling" in our affairs. They take such an interest in the welfare of this Dominion, and mean so well towards themselves in connection with our affairs that they are, to a certain extent, excusable for taking the interest in our affairs that they do. It is of no use telling the *Sun*, and *World*, and *Star* and all the lesser luminaries to stay their reflections upon us; but we might be permitted to beg as a favour from the *Albion*, our pet American contemporary, not to put Mr. President Riel upon our war path between Thunder Bay and Fort Garry. It is not pleasant to be indirectly reminded of the Braddock-Washington failure. Indeed, there is no need for it. The difficulty at Red River has been calmed down. The only drawback is Colonel Arthur Rankin, of the Lancers, if the telegraph reports are to be credited, but his peculiarities are too well understood to cause serious apprehension. The Montreal *Herald* thus comments upon the sayings of the New Yorkers, which we certainly endorse:

"There can be no doubt at all about our power to suppress the trumpery little rebellion which has been got up there! Surely the silliness of much of the newspaper writing these gentlemen saw about their own rebellion might have warned them against falling into the same vein of imbecility. We have never, for our parts, been able to see why the abuse or the depreciation of a foreign country or its resources should be considered by either writers or readers, as evincing love and admiration for one's own country. But if there be any reason why patriotic passion must be thus displayed, men who have any respect for their own intellectual standing should endeavor to choose some probably ground for their invective, and to make the invective respectable in the rotundity and extensiveness of its evil speaking. A constant succession of futile and petty snarling, having neither the windy power of good round blasphemy, nor the appearance of argument, is hardly worthy of the industry even of the smallest scribblers. We might, perhaps, be frightened if our American contemporaries could authoritatively threaten us with the interference of their Government; but we only despise the fidgetty satisfaction with which they recur to a hoped for discomfiture, which is very certain not to happen."

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

SENATE.

Yesterday a discussion arose in the Senate on the second reading of the Superannuation Bill, in which Hon. Messrs. Campbell, Mitchell, Letellier de St. Just, Bourinot, Chapais, Olivier, and Armond took part. Mr. Sanborn moved, and Mr. Bourinot seconded the motion, that the Bill be read that day three months. On a divison the motion was lost.

Some debate then ensued on the report of the Select Committee on the Intercolonial Railway.

The Superannuation, Manitoba, Supply, and other Bills finally passed, at the evening sitting of the House.

Hon. Mr. Campbell informed the House that Parliament would be prorogued to-day at 4 o'clock.

COMMONS.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

The Speaker took the chair at 3:20.

After routine.

Mr. McKenzie complained of the incomplete manner in which the Minister of Agriculture had presented his report. He wished to have the business of the House performed without months of delay.

Mr. McKenzie objected to the passage of the Tariff Bill by the Senate "without amendment, on the ground that they had not the power, and hoped the Minister of Militia would move that the message be returned as not being in form.

Hon. Sir Geo. Cartier explained it was merely a matter of form.

Mr. Masson (Terrebonne) wished to know if the Government had any positive information as to the state of feeling existing between the settlers in the Nor' West and the Indians, as he had heard there was likely to be trouble.

Hon. Sir Geo. Cartier said it was one of the reasons for sending a military expedition to that country to keep the peace.

Mr. McDougall said from every information he could receive, any trouble that was likely to come from the Indians at Red River was their wish to assist the loyal people of that country to drive Riel and his party out of the country

Hon. Mr. Dorion knew that the Indians were in the habit of moving down to Red River every year on a friendly visit.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks presented a report from Committee relating to the supplementary report on Insurance Companies.

Resolution No. 6, relating to Salaries, Department of Secretary of State for the Provinces, was carried.

On the motion of

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks to receive the report of the Committee of Supply,

Mr. Masson (Soulanges) moved an amendment to strike out the words "and for Red River expedition" and to add words to the effect that in the opinion of the House, it was the duty of the Imperial Government to subdue the insurrection and that arrangement by which the Dominion was called on to bear the required portion of the expense was in the highest degree inexpedient.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier stated that in sending troops to Red River it was not for the purpose of creating a war, but to establish peace.

Mr. Masson (Soulanges) maintained that the British Government should bear the expense of placing the North West Territories in the possession of this Dominion.

Mr. McDonald (Glengarry) was not at all sanguine of the success of the expedition to the North West, but he did not see how this Government could back out of it, and thought it was too late for the hon. Minister to turn his back on a bill he had himself helped to organize. He thought that if the territory was acquired, troops would be required in the country, as a check in case of any disturbance.

Mr. Dufresne thought the Expedition was useless, and he would vote against any appropriation for a military expedition

Hon. Mr. Dorion said he had supported the Government in the Manitoba Bill because he thought it was one that would go far towards the conciliation of the inhabitants of that country, but he would not support the Government in a measure that tended to bring expense, trouble, and distrust of the inhabitants of that territory; and he would, therefore, support the amendment of his hon. friend.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks maintained that it was absolutely necessary to establish the Queen's authority in that country, and he believed that as soon as a person appeared in that territory with authority from the British Government there would be no difficulty in establishing that authority, and he felt confident that before the end of another month that Red River would be quietly in the possession of this Dominion.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier stated that the money had been paid, and the transfer would take place before the end of June.

Mr. Mackenzie maintained that as the Government now had practically the quit claim of the North West Territory that it had the power of dealing with it as one of the possessions of the Dominion, but whether the member for Soulanges withdrew his amendment or not, he would like to see how men in the House would vote for a Bill that would satisfy only the few brigand rebels who were ill-treating, banishing and confiscating the goods of the loyal people of Manitoba. He opposed the Bill introduced by the Government, because it was framed only for the pacification of those scoundrels, and now he would support the Government in sending troops to the Red River to protect the people who were to be the sufferers through that ill-advised measure, and would send 20,000 men if it was necessary.

Hon. Mr. Holton thought it was inconsistent, on the part of the Government, if their policy was framed for the conciliation of the people and the establishment of British authority in that country, to bring forward a measure for an appropriation to send a military expedition to enforce that policy, and he would vote against such appropriation till the Government would produce a correspondence that made it necessary to expend such an amount of money in a military expedition.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks said it was against the interest of the public service to produce the correspondence between this Government and the Imperial Government, and have it published to the world.

Mr. McDonald (Glengarry) maintained it was the right to have an agreement entered into between this Government and any other, produced before the House when they had to foot the Bill.

Mr. Jones (Leeds) did not think it was expedient that it should be published to the world the movements of the Government in the North West expedition.

Mr. Masson (Soulanges) withdrew his motion, and the item was carried.

A discussion took place on the item of $75,000 for the secret service.

Mr. McDonald, of Glengarry, moved that the appropriation be reduced to $25,000, which, after some discussion, he changed to $50,000.

Sir F. Hincks maintained that less than $75,000 would not be sufficient for the secret service, as it was well known that the Fenian organization was still in existance, and that it was expedient to have a large sum of money under their control for the protection of the country.

Hon. Mr. McDougall thought the members should trust the honor of the Government. He did not think that it would abuse the trust, as they were responsible for the security of the country. He thought the Government had been imposed on at times and said money for information that was incorrect, a mistake to which all Governments are liable.

Mr. McDonald withdrew his amendment and the item was carried

The following items were carried without opposition: Departmental printing, $5,000; works on the Upper Ottawa and Madawaska, $25,000.

The House went into Committee of Supply and passed certain sums required for the service of the Government during the current financial year. The House rose and reported, and the Bill founded on the resolution was introduced by Hon. Sir Francis Hincks.

The House went into Committee on a Bill to remedy the inconvenience of the expiration of certain Acts before the passing of an Act to continue the same—Mr. Keeler in the Chair. Committee rose and reported the Bill without amendments.

The Bill was read the third time and passed.

House went into Committee on Bill respecting Bills of Exchange and promissory notes.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier explained that the object of the Bill was to assimilate the laws of the various Provinces respecting the protestation of notes.

Mr. Casault hoped the Government would not press the Bill this Session as the laws were already very similar and besides this Bill was not calculated to cure the ground that its framers designed that it should.

After a short discussion the Committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

AFTER RECESS.

After a short discussion,

On motion of Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, the Committee rose and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again to-morrow.

Hon. Sir George E. Cartier moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act respecting fishing by foreign vessels.

Hon. Mr. Holton did not wish the Government to understand that he approved of the measure because he did not oppose it. The correspondence had only been brought down last night, and consequently he had not the opportunity to give it the consideration that was necessary to form a conclusive opinion on the subject. He would allow it to pass, throwing the whole responsibility of the measure on this Government.

The Supreme Court Bill was dropped.

The Bill to provide for the organization of the Department of the Secretary of State for the Provinces, after some discussion was dropped.

House went into committee on the Bill respecting official assignees appointed under the Insolvent Act of 1864.

Mr. Scatcherd objected to the Bill, on the ground that it gave small creditors too much of an advantage over large creditors of an insolvent.

Hon. Mr. Morris explained that the object of the Bill was not to injure large creditors of an insolvent estate, but to give small creditors a better chance than was given under the old Act.

The Bill was reported, with amendments, read a third time and passed.

A number of public Bills and orders were discharged.

On motion for the third reading of the Supply Bill, Mr. Tremblay moved an amendment to the same effect as that of Mr. Masson (Soulanges), which had been withdrawn. The motion was lost on a vote—Yeas 13; nays 69.

Mr. Mackenzie objected to the item of $7,000 for the assimilation of the laws of the Provinces, and moved an amendment. Division was taken and the motion lost—Yeas 34; nays 43.

Hon. Mr. Holton and Mr. McKenzie expressed their deep sympathy at the illness of Sir John A. McDonald. They had intended to make some remarks on the progress of business through House this Session, but refrained on account of the affliction of the Premier.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier read a letter from the Doctor in attendance on Sir John A. McDonald, to the effect that the Premier was much easier and was able to change his position, and lie on his side for the first time since he was taken ill.

Mr. Wright moved an amendment on the Bill respecting the marking of timber. He spoke of the importance of the lumber trade and the necessity of increasing the penalty for non-registration of trade marks by lumber merchants to $50 instead of $5. The motion was carried.

Hon. Sir Geo. E. Cartier announced the Government was ready to advise with His Excellency to prorogue the Parliament to-morrow at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The House adjourned at midnight to meet at 2 o'clock to-morrow,

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.—At a special meeting of the officers of this Corporation, held at Salmon's Hotel, on Tuesday evening last, the following resolution was adopted:—

"That the thanks of this Society are due, and are hereby tendered to the Rev. J. S. Lauder, Rector of Christ's Church, for the use of his church on St. George's day,—to the Rev. H. Pollard for the able sermon preached by him; to the Rev. C. C. Codd, for assisting in the celebration of divine service, and to H. R. Fripp, Esq., organist, and the ladies and gentlemen of the choir, under his direction. Also to John Mercer, Esq., conductor, and the several ladies and gentlemen, whose valuable services contributed to the success of the recent anniversary concert."

We understand that after the payment of all expenses, a sum of $83.50 remained, half of which amount, ($41.75) the Treasurer has been instructed to pay over to the Treasurer of the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital, for the benefit of that institution.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 9th, 1870.

(CONTINUED.)

Hon. Mr. MILLER said he rose with some diffidence to address the Senate on the important question under consideration, after the very earnest and persuasive speech of the hon. Postmaster General. That hon. gentleman, from his ability and position, as well as from his great personal popularity, deservedly possessed great influence with the House, and his high regard for him made it a very unpleasant duty to oppose him on the present occasion. But he believed as a representative from the Province of Nova Scotia, it was his duty to oppose the Bill before the Senate. Not only did he regret being obliged to assume a position of antagonism towards his hon. friend, but he was also sorry to be compelled to place himself in hostility to the Government of which the hon. gentleman was a distinguished member. Since he had the honour of a seat in the Senate, he had given the Government a cordial and unwavering support, even when in many cases, his convictions lent only a qualified approval to their acts. Coming as he did to this House strongly committed to the great experiment of Government, which, under Confederation, the Provinces of British North America were endeavouring to work out, and deeply interested as he was in the success of that experiment, he had felt it his duty on all possible occasions to give the friends of the measure his humble assistance. He had not yet lost faith, although many of its earliest advocates had, in the great scheme of building up on British soil on this continent a New Nationality under a sound policy and an economical administration of public affairs. If disaster were to overtake this great experiment, it would be in consequence of the incapacity of our rulers, and their want of wisdom in forcing on the country such vicious legislation as the Bill before the House. To that Bill he was decidedly opposed, as unsound in principle, and certain to prove unjust in its operation, and injurious to the best interests of the whole Dominion. But much as he deprecated the Bill itself, he would infinitely prefer the passage of a tariff a dozen times more obnoxious to the country, than that by any means this Senate should concur in the extraordinary constitutional doctrine laid down by the Hon. Postmaster General as to their power to deal with a measure of this kind (hear, hear). Against that doctrine he protested, and called on this House to protest in the strongest manner (hear, hear). He regretted to hear so high an authority as the hon. gentleman disputing the unqualified right of the House to exercise a deliberative judgment upon this Bill, and to reject it if they saw fit. He must tell the Hon. Postmaster General that this doctrine was contrary to all precedent, and it was necessary that it should be met and its fallacy exposed on its first assertion in this body (hear, hear). The privileges of this House in respect to Money Bills were at least equal to those of the House of Lords, and the Commons of England have invariably conceded to that branch of the Legislature the right to deal with such Bills, as a whole, either by assenting to or rejecting them. Disputes have from time to time arisen between the two Houses of Parliament in England during the last two or three hundred years as to the right claimed by the Lords to amend Money Bills—a claim which has now in practice been abandoned, but no dispute could fairly exist as to the absolute right of rejection of such Bills by the Upper House. May, a great authority on Parliamentary practice, says:—"The Lords were not originally precluded from amending Bills of Supply; for there are numerous cases on the Journals in which the Lords' amendments to such Bills were agreed to." Practically, he admitted this right of amendment had been abandoned, by the Lords, and he did not claim it for the Senate of this Dominion. But he did claim, and he was sorry to hear it denied or doubted in any quarter, that this House, under the practice and precedents of the House of Lords, possessed the right—the undoubted right—to reject this Tariff Bill, or any other measure emanating from the Commons. Were the Senate to adopt the position, the Hon. Postmaster General asked them to take—to acknowledge that they had no right to deal with the question before it, then they would establish a precedent that would be quoted for all time to come against this body. (Hear, hear.) They would yield their right to exercise those functions which they ought to enjoy under the Constitution. In order to understand their true position, he would turn the attention of the House to the functions of the House of Lords in reference to Money votes. He might strengthen his position by old authorities, but would not go back further than the celebrated Conference of the Lords and Commons in 1671, on a question of this character. Then the Lords complained, in the language of their own Resolution, "that by a new maxim of the Commons a hard and ignoble choice is left to the Lords, either to refuse the Crown Supplies when most necessary, or to consent to ways and propositions of aid which neither their own judgment nor the good of the people can admit." Here evidently the right of alteration and amendment was contended for, and what was the answer of the Commons? "Your Lordships first reason is from the happiness of the Constitution that the two Houses are mutual checks on each other. Our answer is, 'So they are still,' for *Your Lordships have a negative to the whole*." In contradiction to what has fallen from the Hon. Postmaster General, he asserted that until this day, the right admitted by the Commons in that celebrated case has never been yielded on the one hand, or successfully questioned on the other. He challenged the honourable gentleman to cite an instance in which it had. (Hear, hear.) Again, in 1689, when the Poll Bill was amended by the House of Lords, the Commons insisted it was a breach of privilege, and this was the language of their remonstrance: "The Lords cannot alter the grant proposed, or otherwise interpose in such a Bill than to pass or reject the same, without alteration or amendment." Could any admission of the right to reject be more clear or emphatic than these expressions, not of hasty action, but of solemn deliberation on the part of the Commons?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Can you cite a case in which this right has been exercised in modern times?

Hon. Mr. MILLER could cite many cases in proof of his position. In 1758, a Bill to repeal the duties payable on tallow imported from Ireland, having been sent to the Lords from the Commons, was rejected by that House. In 1671, a Bill for the imposition of duty on foreign commodities was also rejected by the Lords. But coming to more recent cases, in 1789, a Bill for placing a duty on cocoa-nuts, which had received the sanction of the Commons, was thrown out in the Upper House. In 1807, a Bill for imposing certain duties on malt was rejected by the Lords. In the same year a Bill to abolish payments to officers of Customs in Ireland was disallowed without remonstrance. A Bill passed the House of Commons in 1811 to suspend for a year the duty on corn-wash for the distillation of spirits in England. That was a Bill of great importance, involving revenue to the amount of one million and a half of pounds, and underwent a long discussion in the Commons. In both Houses the ministers took an active part in the debates. Yet the Bill was rejected by the Lords, and no complaint was made on the part of the Commons. On the contrary, when the Chancellor of the Exchequer introduced a few days afterwards a Bill to provide for the loss of duties; he said, "I introduce this Bill in consequence of the rejection of a Bill by the other House." (Hear, hear.) He would not trouble the Senate with further cases, until he came to the remarkable Bill for the repeal of the paper duties in 1860.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—What I mean to say is, that my hon. friend cannot cite me a case in which the Lords have rejected a Tariff Bill.

Hon. Mr. MILLER—Perhaps not, but why? The necessity for doing so could hardly have arisen under the practice of the House of Commons prior to 1860. (Hear, hear). What was that practice? The hon. gentleman is as well acquainted with it as any member of this House. He well knows that in the Parliament of England, until very recently, most of the Bills of Supply and Taxation related to specific commodities. Previously to 1860, a great portion of the revenue there was raised by Acts imposing duties, so to speak, in detail. Separate Acts were passed placing duties on different articles, any one of which, if obnoxious, could be rejected by the Lords, without endangering the whole fiscal policy of the Administration. If therefore an unjust or objectionable tax were proposed to be imposed by the Commons, it would come before the Lords, not in the Tariff Bill, but usually in a separate Bill to be considered on its own merits. Nearly all debateable taxation was introduced in that way, every item had to stand or fall by itself. Hence the reason why no necessity has occurred of rejecting a Tariff Bill. But the right claimed and exercised, the principle involved in the rejection of any money Bill, applies to the Tariff as a whole, as well as to the Tariff by items or parts. The reverse of this proposition is too absurd for argument (Hear, hear). In this country our practice has been different. Our Tariff Bills include nearly all descriptions of taxation and supply. The Minister of Finance gives no opportunity to Parliament of passing on specific items, apart from the general policy of the Government. All we can do is to reject the whole Bill, if we consider it contains items of unwise or unjust taxation. Our right to do this should not be doubted, and must be settled and admitted (hear, hear). Will it be said that while under the practice and precedents of the House of Lords, we have the right to reject Tax Bills in detail, we have not the right to do so when the substance of such Bills comes before us in the aggregate form of a Tariff Bill?

The Hon. Postmaster General told the Senate that this was the first time since its creation on which hon. gentlemen were asked to pass a resolution such as that before the House, and he warned them against the precedent their decision would establish, and the example it would set.

He would earnestly reiterate the warning of the hon. gentleman. He begged to remind the House that they were to some extent called upon to establish a precedent, and in the words of the Hon. Postmaster General, set an example for future imitation (hear), What were that precedent and that example to be? A servile surrender of their undoubted rights or an unequivocal assertion of them? That is the issue the Postmaster General has placed before the Senate, and those who support him must adopt the degrading doctrine he propounds. For his part, he should prefer that this body should cease to exist rather than endorse such a doctrine. Was it not more than a farce to ask a deliberative Assembly—that body which occupied the highest position under the constitution—to deliberate where it was contended they had no right to deliberate—but simply, under the fiction of deliberation, to re-echo the wishes of the other Branch, and perform no functions of their own. If the Senate were intended as a check on the popular branch, as a guard to the different sections of the Dominion, especially the smaller ones, it would be most unwise and suicidal, they would be deposing themselves from the high position they should occupy, were they to say that they had no right to reject such a Bill as the one now before them. Therefore he agreed with the Postmaster General that the course the Senate would now pursue would be considered as a precedent in the future, and it was most important, it should not be such as would hereafter be cited as limiting their functions. He would especially press this point on hon. gentlemen representing the smaller Provinces in the Confederation. In the constitution of this Senate the weaker Provinces were guaranteed a protection against the encroachments of the more powerful communities of the Dominion. In the House of Commons, Ontario or Quebec can easily over-ride the wishes of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick on any question. In the Senate the case was very different, for here the smaller Provinces united could always resist unjust legislation. It was essential to the interests of these Provinces that their representatives in this House should control the imposition of taxes and the granting of supplies. The large representation of the Maritime Provinces in the Senate was given for the purpose of acting as a check on the more powerful members of the Confederation in the other branch of the Legislature. Of what value will this check be, if they yield up the great right and privilege of controlling taxation and the expenditures of the Government? (Hear, hear.) New Brunswick and Nova Scotia should, therefore, guard the privileges of this Senate with a jealous care, as in it they may always find a safeguard against injustice or oppression. He feared he was wearying the House on this question. (No, no.) But after the speech of the hon. Postmaster General he felt it should be fully discussed, (hear, hear.) He had alluded to the great case of the Paper Duties Repeal Bill before the British Parliament in 1860. If the House would indulge him, he would quote the opinions of some of the eminent men who took part in the debate on that question, as to the privileges of the Upper House in relation to Money Bills, (hear, hear; go on.) The great speech of that occasion, in favour of those privileges, was made by Lord Lyndhurst, then in his eighty-eighth year. In an exhaustive argument, that great authority used this language:—"I take leave to say that there is not an instance to be found in which the House of Commons has controverted our right to reject Money Bills. Over and over again, I repeat it, nothing can be found in the Parliamentary Journals, or in any history of Parliamentary proceedings, to show that our right to reject Money Bills has been questioned." Lord Monteagle, who followed in the discussion, and who in a powerful argument moved the rejection of the Bill, said in reference to the speech of Lord Lyndhurst:—"After my noble and learned friend's speech, I do not think that any one will be disposed to question the full and unqualified right of the House, admitted by high authorities, and sanctioned by uncontradicted practice, to deal with any Money Bill, as a whole, either by accepting or rejecting it." In the same debate Lord Chelmsford expressed himself as follows:—"We are all agreed as to the privileges of the two Houses of Parliament with respect to Money Bills. We are agreed with reference to Bills of Supply and Taxation, that your Lordships have, at all events, the power to reject them. You have, to some extent, admitted you have no power to alter Money Bills." Lord Derby used language to the same effect, and he could quote Blackstone and other high authorities in support of the constitutional right of the Upper Branch of Parliament to deal, as a whole, with all Money Bills. He was only surprised that in the face of such authorities the leader of the Government in this House would dispute the privilege for which he contended. But controverted as it was for the first time, he considered the argument should be fairly and fully met and answered (hear, hear).

He would now say a few words with respect to the merits of the measure itself which had been heralded as a portion of a great national policy. The framers of the policy had certainly been fortunate in their selection of a name, whatever might be its shortcomings in other respects. No doubt they felt that unpleasant things were best concealed under a specious name. He, for one, was not ready to accept the policy of the Bill as a true national policy. Inasmuch as it might be intended to operate against the Americans, it could more properly be called a retaliatory policy, and as such it was ridiculous. In that point of view, it was really worse than no policy at all. If the Government had brought down a measure adequately protecting our coal and agricultural products, then it might with some propriety be called a retaliatory, if not a national policy; but he was prepared to show that the present scheme was entirely useless as a means of protection, and could only be serviceable as a means of taxation. It was proposed, in the first place, to levy 50 cents a ton upon coal coming into the Dominion. Every gentleman who knew anything of the trade of Canada was well aware that above Montreal the 50 cents would not be sufficient protection to the coal of Nova Scotia; and therefore American coal would continue to be brought into the country, and the consumers would be obliged to pay the tax themselves without any benefit to our coal interests. If the people of Ontario were desirous of paying that tax, of course they were at perfect liberty to do so; but he thought from the expressions of public opinion in that Province, the majority of the gentlemen representing it in the Senate would not be disposed to favor the imposition of that duty. It had been said by the hon. Postmaster-General that coal did not go into actual consumption among the poor; and although that might be, to a large extent, true, yet it was well known that when coal rose in price, wood also increased in cost, correspondingly (hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—To some extent, perhaps.

Hon. Mr. MILLER—Its cost would increase considerably in the large cities. Therefore, the price of wood was to be raised during the long winter months, when it was an article of prime necessity alike among the rich and poor, and without any benefit to the coal interests of Nova Scotia. He would then ask if the House was prepared to sanction a policy, which was to raise revenue in a way that would bear most unfairly on the poor people of this country. He did not think such a course was worthy of being called a national policy. If it went into operation, before a year passed by, it would be condemned from one end of the Dominion to the other. Now how was this policy to benefit Nova Scotia; where was the Nova Scotia coal to find a market. Fifty cents a ton will not send their coal above Montreal. Can we even compete in Quebec for the supply of that locality? I think not. In Quebec, the average price of English coal was 20 shillings a chaldron, or 13 shillings and 4 pence a ton, and the market was now altogether supplied from England. At 2 shillings and 6 pence a ton, the whole cost would be 15 shillings and 10 pence, or say 16 shillings; but Nova Scotia coal could not be put into the market at less than 20 shillings, and, therefore, it could not enter into competition with the English article. It was true that some enterprising gentlemen in Montreal had invested considerable capital in the Nova Scotia coal mines and may succeed by their influence, and business connections in introducing a small quantity into Montreal, but it cannot be much. It would, therefore, be seen that this great concession to the coal interest of Nova Scotia amounted to nothing, but on the contrary, it was calculated to excite odium against that Province in the other sections of the Dominion. He also objected to the duty on rice, which is an article of luxury among the poor fishermen and labouring classes, and ought not to be taxed. It was an article that the Legislature of Nova Scotia had always hesitated to touch for the reason he had just given, and the duty would certainly be considered of a most objectionable character in the Maritime Provinces. As respects the duty on flour, it was understood to be a sort of compensation to Ontario for the duty on coal. Why is there no compensation to Quebec and New Brunswick? Last year the people of Nova Scotia imported something like 160,000 barrels of American flour and 60,000 barrels of corn meal, the duty on which would amount to $50,000 a year. These were articles that entered into the consumption of the people generally, and yet they were to be taxed under the great "national policy." Even supposing 20,000 tons of coal could be sent this year into Ontario and Quebec in consequence of the protection of this tariff—and he doubted whether such would be the case—it would be only a few capitalists and monopolists that would receive the benefit, whereas the flour duty would fall on all classes; and for that trifling advantage to the coal owners the people of Nova Scotia would have to pay $50,000 in duties on breadstuffs alone.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—A large portion of that flour was Canadian sent through in bond.

Hon. Mr. MILLER undertook to say that he knew something about the trade of Nova Scotia, and that he was quite correct in his statement. Some Canadian flour might have come from Boston, but the larger proportion certainly was American.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said that his hon. friend was misinformed

Hon. Mr. MILLER—If the hon. gentleman would look at the trade returns of Nova Scotia, when a duty was imposed on American flour, he would find that he (Mr. Miller) was borne out by the facts. Previous to the Reciprocity Treaty, there was a duty on flour, and after the repeal of the treaty it was re-imposed. His conclusions were drawn from the returns of these periods.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST—The duty was imposed for the purposes of revenue.

Hon. Mr. MILLER—The argument was then used that by imposing a duty on American flour, we might facilitate negotiations with the United States for a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—That will be one of the effects of the present duty.

Hon. Mr. MILLER—The argument has been totally dispelled by the facts of the case for the past five or six years. He also had strong objections to the duty on agricultural products. It was likely, if the Bill became law, that a proclamation, in accordance with the original resolutions—which might be fairly presumed to foreshadow the intentions of the Government—would be soon issued to put certain agricultural products under the ten per cent. Although the duty on flour and corn meal would be a very serious tax on the people of Nova Scotia, it would not in a large section of the Province produce so much discontent as this provision of the Bill, should it go into operation. A large portion of the people of that Province were engaged in mining, fishing, and maritime pursuits. The people of a large section of the Gulf and Atlantic sea-board depended to a considerable extent upon Prince Edward Island for certain necessaries. In the fall of the year, vessels leave many of the numerous ports of Nova Scotia, and proceed to P. E. Island, where they get cargoes of oats, potatoes, &c. These vessels bring back their cargoes, and the entries show—and they are not always made—a very large import of agricultural products. If the people along a large section of the sea coast were to find that this agricultural produce was to be taxed, as one of the results of Union, they would naturally feel deeply irritated; and the consequence would be that the harmonious working of the Confederation must be delayed. Such a tax was unjust in principle, and vexatious in its operation, and calculated to do more to produce dissension than any other system of taxation that could be devised—more irritating even than the postage on newspapers or the stamp duty. Under these circumstances he had a right to assert that the measure was not a national policy. It was a policy that would bear most unjustly on the labouring classes. It was not such a policy as would draw forth the sentiment that was expressed by a British statesman when he hoped his name would go down to the future as having given bread to the poor, "unleavened by unjust taxation." This Bill will not only leaven the bread of rich and poor with the bitter leaven of unjust taxation, but it will impose taxes on nearly all the prime necessaries of life. Does such a result deserve to be dignified with the name of a "National Policy?" He might be told that taking it in connection with other matters of legislation, it might be considered a national policy; but he was not able to appreciate such an argument. The protection of the fisheries had nothing whatever to do with the question. Our fisheries were as much our property as our soil, and should be equally protected from the encroachments of foreigners. It might with the same reason be argued that the expenditure of $200,000 to meet the anticipated Fenian raids, was a part of the grand national policy of which gentlemen opposite were so fond of declaiming. The one was as much a portion of the fiscal policy of the country as the other. If the measure went the length which it should, if it met American products by the same duties imposed on our commodities in American markets, then there might be some reason for supporting it, but to say that such a tariff as the one proposed would ever lead to reciprocity was nothing else than an absurdity.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—Then the hon. gentleman's objection is that we do not go far enough. Is it so?

Hon. Mr. MILLER—If they had imposed a duty on coal sufficient to protect the Nova Scotia product in Hamilton or London, he would feel proud to support it.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—Would it not do to send it to Toronto.

Hon. Mr. MILLER—He did not believe that any duty could be put on American coal sufficient to be of service to Nova Scotia, with justice to Ontario. It should be recollected that our manufacturing interests in this Dominion had claims on this Legislature. If we could not protect them, we should not crush them out of existence. This assumed protection to Nova Scotia coal would bear heavily on these enterprises. The prosperity of this Dominion must to a large extent depend on the growth and success of its manufactories, but you are striking a heavy blow at them by this Bill. He supposed, however, it was all right, because it was a "National Policy." He would not detain the House any longer on the merits of the Bill as he rose chiefly to speak to the Constitutional aspect of the question. In conclusion, he would say that the country was looking anxiously to the action of this Senate on the question before it. Should the House be met by the argument—that it should not bring itself into collision with the other branch? Could they be influenced by any intimation of that kind? Should they hesitate a moment as to their proper course when public opinion pointed so unmistakeably to it? He believed if hon. gentlemen were true to the interests they represented—if they rose above party considerations, and those other influences susceptible of being exercised in this House, and rejected this Bill, they would win for themselves the gratitude of the people from one end of the Dominion to the other. The Senate had a duty to perform to the country and to themselves, and that was to protect the interests of the people, and, at the same time, to assert and vindicate their own rights and privileges.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON said that he was impelled by a strong sense of public duty to resume a position of hostility to the Government on the important question under consideration. At the outset, he must say that he had been as much taken by surprise as any other member of the House by the motion of the hon. member for Grandville; for he had expected that the amendment would have been moved when the Bill came up for its second reading to-morrow. Such a course would be more in accordance with the usage of the House; but now that the subject was fairly brought up, he was obliged to deal with it. It was his intention to move an amendment to the amendment, to the following effect:—

That all the words after "That" be left out and the following inserted:

Resolved,—That in the opinion of this House, by subjecting to duty of Customs as proposed in the said Bill—breadstuffs of any kind, or rice, coal and coke, salt, or any of the "natural products" enumerated in schedule C of the present tariff (31 Vic. chs. 7 and 44), and which at present are admitted into Canada, free of duty—a principle would be introduced, that would be partial in its operation between the Provinces constituting the Dominion, that would distribute the burden of taxation unequally and vexatiously amongst the people, that would injuriously disturb trade, and tend to engender sentiments of sectionalism and disunion in the minds of the people of Canada.

He regretted exceedingly that it was his duty to oppose the second reading of a Bill of such importance as that under consideration. He was fully conscious of the responsibility of rejecting a measure coming from the other branch and intended to meet the public expenditures; but he did so under the conviction that any other course would be antagonistic to the best interests of the country. It was not sufficient for members to give a simple negative to the Bill—he thought all should put their views on record. The gentlemen who opposed the measure were not actuated by factious motives, but by a high sense of public duty. All the propositions in the amendment he had just read could be easily sustained. He believed it to be exceedingly unsound to impose a duty on coal and breadstuffs, or any natural products that were now free. He acknowledged that there was difficulty in framing a tariff that would be acceptable to all the people of the Dominion; but certainly it would have been an easy task to mature one that would be more just to all sections than the measure before the House. If it had been the object to devise a tariff that would set one Province against another—that would create and perpetuate sectional jealousies and antipathies, the Government had certainly succeeded. Breadstuffs were to be taxed to please the people of Ontario; but he believed it was a great injustice to the agriculturalists of Ontario to suppose that they were prepared to accept such a tariff, or that it would be a protection to them. The market where their surplus produce was disposed of fixed the price of the whole, and the duty could not be of any positive advantage so far as the price of their breadstuffs was concerned. Then, the duty would be a great obstruction to trade all throughout the country, which should, in accordance with the true principles of commerce, be left as unrestricted as possible. Not only would the tariff be worthless to the people of Ontario, but it would be most burthensome to the other sections—to the fishermen and the great masses of the people of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick as well as of Quebec; for it was a well known fact that a large quantity of breadstuffs were yearly taken into the latter Province from the United States. Then, as a part of this great "national policy" a duty was imposed on foreign coal, as a means of propitiating the people of Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec were taxed to satisfy Ontario—Quebec, Ontario, and New Brunswick were to be burthened to please a minority in Nova Scotia! Nothing could be more calculated to create dissension and disturb the harmonious working of Confederation than such legislation. The Hon. Postmaster General had said that he (Mr. McPherson) was connected with an establishment which consumed large quantities of foreign coal, and therefore it was natural that he should not favour that part of the tariff. Now he would say in reply that that establishment would not be af-

fected by the policy to the ex[illegible]
single dollar.
Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—Hear, hear.
Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—The pro[illegible]
would collect the duty for the [illegible]
ment, but their customers would [illegible]
It was quite true that the tax w[illegible]
burthensome to all manufacturers [illegible]
country, and make it more diff[illegible]
them to compete with the for[illegible]
ducer. As respects the [illegible]
referred to, it only turns out [illegible]
and he must take that opp[illegible]
ing that when it was proposed [illegible]
be no duty on that [illegible]
oppose the proposition, for he [illegible]
allowed himself to be influ[illegible]
private business in legislat[illegible]
whole country. He believed [illegible]
tective duty was unjust, and [illegible]
be supported on true princ[illegible]
also convinced that there w[illegible]
more illogical than that [illegible]
tion which some said was [illegible]
of the measure. The object of [illegible]
venue, and in order to [illegible]
tures sufficiently it was nec[illegible]
fere with the revenue. The [illegible]
notwithstanding what the Fi[illegible]
eral said, would be a very se[illegible]
the poor, in the cities. The [illegible]
the price of that article would [illegible]
a ton, and it must react upon [illegible]
wood. He considered it a [illegible]
principle to diminish the [illegible]
articles on the free list, as it [illegible]
the present case. The policy [illegible]
try hitherto had been to follow [illegible]
ple of England, and to make the [illegible]
from leading articles and [illegible]
the free list as much as possible [illegible]
Finance Minister had acknowledged [illegible]
he did not expect a revenue much [illegible]
from the duty on coal [illegible]
and probably he was right. [illegible]
gentleman seemed to have [illegible]
self for the duty on salt, as [illegible]
reference to it. That was a [illegible]
able tax, for salt was an art[illegible]
consumed by every man, [illegible]
but because, forsooth, some [illegible]
been found in Ontario, the [illegible]
to be taxed. The Finance [illegible]
said that "there was a g[illegible]
on the other side of the line [illegible]
simply a question whether the [illegible]
ufacture of salt in this country [illegible]
put down by persons who, w[illegible]
gard whatever to what the co[illegible]
be, would crush in some way [illegible]
manufacture." That monopoly [illegible]
for a great many years in the [illegible]
York. Now, he had taken [illegible]
to ascertain the price of salt [illegible]
of years; and he found that it [illegible]
per barrel in 1863; $1.40 in 186[illegible]
1866-7, when the taxes were [illegible]
United States; $1.65 in 186[illegible]
1869—the prices in the month of [illegible]
each of those years. So last year [illegible]
of the article had fallen to what [illegible]
ally its normal cost. He was not [illegible]
find any evidence that the Canadi[illegible]
prise was being crushed out; [illegible]
were it so, would the House sanction [illegible]
crease in the cost of the article [illegible]
to 25 cents a barrel, which would [illegible]
be paid by the consumer. Was [illegible]
ready to subsidize every little [illegible]
that might be established in [illegible]
without reference to the [illegible]
people? The whole amount [illegible]
vested in the salt interest [illegible]
could not exceed $100,000; [illegible]
the wish of the Government [illegible]
that interest artificially [illegible]
better to give it [illegible]
subsidy than to increase the [illegible]
article by a tax on the consum[illegible]
same argument would apply to [illegible]
Nova Scotia. If it was the [illegible]
encourage monopolists at the exp[illegible]
the people, then let it be done [illegible]
out of the consolidated fund [illegible]
soon know what it would cost. [illegible]
to the tariff in other respects, [illegible]
ceedingly surprised to see [illegible]
things were taken out of the [illegible]
sides those to which he had [illegible]
Animals of all kinds, [illegible]
shall be imported for the [illegible]
Stock, which shall be ad[illegible]
duty, under regulations to be [illegible]
Treasury Board, and approved [illegible]
ernor in Council. *Green Fruit* [illegible]
Hay, Straw, Bran, Seeds [illegible]
cereals, Vegetables includ[illegible]
and other roots, Plants, [illegible]
Shrubs.
It was most objectionable [illegible]
such things, and he was surpris[illegible]
Government could attempt to [illegible]
impost. Fruit trees and veget[illegible]
better description than we [illegible]
ought not to be taxed, more [illegible]
imported for the impr[illegible]
stock. The more the tariff [illegible]
the more clearly would its [illegible]
be seen. The clause in refe[illegible]
ages was most cumbrous, [illegible]
copied almost verbatim from [illegible]
States tariff. The effect [illegible]
goods was to increase [illegible]
beyond the higher [illegible]
are less bulky and [illegible]
which are not [illegible]
to the contents. The [illegible]
make a difference of [illegible]
in the price of the cheap [illegible]
articles which are used [illegible]
of ten; and [illegible]
were used by [illegible]
classes would be [illegible]
fected. The duty on [illegible]
goods might range from [illegible]
This must be considered [illegible]
against the poor that [illegible]
able and ought not to be [illegible]
the House. All the duty [illegible]
paid, whether on goods [illegible]
charges must be put on [illegible]
collected from the consumer [illegible]
object to the duty on [illegible]
thought stimulants of all [illegible]
ries were fair subjects [illegible]
Finance Minister need [illegible]
difficulty in raising all the [illegible]
required, in a much [illegible]
than is proposed in the [illegible]
posed to increase all duties [illegible]
of one per cent, and [illegible]
estimated he will receive [illegible]
would have been little [illegible]
making the increase [illegible]
half per cent, which [illegible]
according to his own [illegible]
This with the estimated [illegible]
enue from tobacco of [illegible]
a total additional amount [illegible]
being $50,000 more than [illegible]
will be received from [illegible]
tional duties imposed [illegible]
—$50,000 more than [illegible]
He suggested that as the [illegible]
raising all the revenue [illegible]
quired. If the public [illegible]
jeopardised by accepting [illegible]
be proposed, he might [illegible]
but he knew that [illegible]
rejected no [illegible]
arise. He had no [illegible]
Banks would [illegible]
of Dominion [illegible]
of the year. He [illegible]
Government [illegible]
which they would [illegible]
venue. The money [illegible]
Notes would be [illegible]
venue to pay debts. [illegible]
Hon. Mr. MITCHELL [illegible]
money so received would [illegible]
but what would be the [illegible]
lists? Would they not [illegible]
money to a country [illegible]
in that way?
Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—[illegible]
tleman could not deny [illegible]
of Dominion Notes would [illegible]
revenue. Pursuing the [illegible]
sideration a little further, [illegible]
the action of the Government [illegible]
place had been [illegible]
House. The Budget [illegible]
a strictly party question [illegible]
consequence of the course [illegible]
Government, in changing [illegible]
subsequently going back [illegible]
propositions, they made the [illegible]
of confidence or non-confidence [illegible]
vented the House of Commons [illegible]
ercising their judgment on the [illegible]

connection, Mr. McPherson referred to the opinions of eminent British statesmen to show that a Budget should not be treated in a purely party aspect, and went on to say that if the Tariff resolutions had been discussed with perfect freedom in the House of Commons, it would now be so unpalatable. The resolutions, however, were not fettered by such discussion, but dealt with it free from party bias and with a strict regard to the interests involved. Two years ago, when Criminal Laws came up from the Commons at a very advanced stage of the session, the Senate refused to consider them, but there was not a word said about any wrangling affecting the stability of the Government. The Senate, in the case of the Tariff, was called upon to exercise an impartial judgment, especially as it was only representing particular sections or interests which were unfairly dealt with in the Bill.

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

AFTER RECESS.

The Senate resumed at Eight o'clock, and the debate on the tariff was continued.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—Before the House adjourned he had argued that, instead of taxing the people, for the sake of benefitting a few monopolists, it would have been a wise policy to have subsidized the latter directly out of the public revenues. It was well known that the majority of the owners of the mines of Nova Scotia were not residents of the country, and therefore any benefit shown to them would not be a benefit to the great mass of the people of Nova Scotia. Therefore, it would be seen that the tariff, so far as it touched salt and coal, was only intended to benefit monopolists to the injury of the great mass of the people. Many individuals would be found to proceed from the operations of the tariff. A large number of the vessels that come every year from the United Kingdom for timber were loaded with coal instead of ballast. Where they got for it went in reduction of the freight charges of the vessels; and it necessarily followed that the profit of the Canadian shipping of Ontario was greatly affected insomuch as a large number of vessels were now engaged in carrying American coal. He did not think the tax would be operative, but if it did the revenue would be disappointed by the operations of the Government. If it were seized, then the result would be that it had stated most injurious to our interests. Another interest in Ontario would also be affected by the salt duty, and that was the Lake Fishery. The ocean fisheries could not be touched inasmuch as the salt used in curing the fish was allowed to be free from Great Britain and her possessions; but there was no such provision affected to the inland fisheries. It was called a great national policy. It was to protect all interests and please all sections, and lead to the renewal of reciprocity with the United States. If the argument was correct, then the tariff would destroy itself; but what was to be done? Was it to suppose that an intelligent nation of ourselves to the extent of two hundred thousand dollars was going to have the effect of forcing the Americans to resume free trade with Canada? If it was true that a mutual interchange of products would be the best for both countries, we should receive all that we required from them untaxed in other words at the lowest possible rates for ourselves (hear, hear). What could be more illogical than to say to the Americans—"If you do not make what is consumed by your people, we shall impose a tax on what is consumed by our men." If we could make the Americans pay the taxes, then there would be some reason in the arguments of the gentlemen opposite; but so long as we had to pay themselves, there could be nothing advanced in favour of the tariff. Because he had stated that the course he was pursuing was influenced by a high sense of public duty; and he had no hesitation in urging the Senate to adopt the resolutions which he had laid before it. If money was wanted, he imagined that the Government would have no difficulty in devising such a tax as would be more acceptable to the people of this country than that now under consideration. He believed that if the Government had adhered to the changes first made on a memorable afternoon, when up in the House of Commons, they would have acted more wisely; for if so amended, would have been more acceptable than the present measure, which was unpopular from one end of the Dominion to the other.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—No, no.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—The hon. gentleman could see how many members from this Province would support him in the question. (Hear, hear). Public opinion was unmistakeably opposed to the measure; he had not seen a newspaper of any mark or influence that was fully in favor of it. The Local Legislature of Nova Scotia had unanimously expressed their dissent from his policy. In the election shortly to come off in that Province, no candidate he was assured was likely to present himself and pronounce in favour of the tariff. In New Brunswick and Quebec the press was as a rule and against the measure. Under these circumstances, a great responsibility devolved upon the Senate in dealing with a Bill of so important a character. No doubt it was said it is the perfect right of the House to dispose of the question in the way proposed; and in this connection, Mr. McPherson quoted from Todd, and other authorities on British Parliamentary Practice, in support of his argument. Not withstanding British precedents in favour of the right of the Senate to deal with such a measure, Canada could afford examples in the opposite direction. In 1859, the Legislature was sitting at Toronto, and the question of the removal of the seat of Government to Quebec arose. The Government had pledged itself to the Legislative Assembly to remove the Government to Quebec, but the Council was opposed to such a measure. An item on the subject was passed in the estimates—the Government had pledged itself on the question. The Hon. Mr. De Blaquerie moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Allan that the Council itself called upon to decide and resolve in defence of its dignity and unquestioned rights as a coordinate and co-equal branch of the Legislature, and as the only means of preserving its independence, that it will not take the Question of Supply into consideration, &c." The motion was carried. Among the names constituting the majority on that occasion, there was one who would be considered as of great authority—and deservedly so—the Hon. Mr. Campbell, the present Postmaster General.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST—He was "revolutionary!"

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON—At that time Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet took the ground that the Postmaster General assumed now. Mr. Campbell then said that the responsibility rested on the Government and not on the Senate. It was right to assume that the hon. gentleman took the correct view in 1869 rather than in 1870. The Bill was amended, and the extreme step of stopping the supplies was taken, but a few days after the Government had an accession of strength by the arrival of members of parliament and the measure passed the Commons by a majority of two. The only debateable point now in fact, was whether the Supply Bill should be amended in the Senate. So far as he was individually concerned, he had no other desire except to enhance the dignity of the House, and enable it to retain the respect and gratitude of the people throughout the Dominion.

Were seeing, the grand display of Millinery and Mantles, and the crowds of people admiring the Spring Fashions at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

Fine of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Cashews and House Furnishings made a specialty. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

St. Andrew's Society.—A meeting of this Society will be held at Gowan's Hall this evening.

A Raft.—In a few days we shall be visited by a raft of 2,400 pieces of red and white pine timber, the property of Mr. O'Meara—a neat little raft.

At 11 o'clock this day, Mr. Bermingham will sell at the residence of Major Robertson, Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, all that gentleman's household property.

The Market—Wednesday.—Was pretty fair, and was quickly cleared by the crowds on the square. Some live stock offered for sale. Flour has an upward tendency.

Accident.—A laborer, named Jodouin, had one of his hands cut off by a circular saw yesterday morning, at Wright and Batson's Mill, Hull. The poor fellow was soon assisted in his affection by Dr. Graham.

The Aylmer Court House.—The Aylmer *Times* don't like the manner in which the Court House in that village is being reconstructed. It states the rear wall is so curved that a person standing at the base cannot see the top.

Lumber Trade.—Yesterday there were over 40,000,000 feet of sawed lumber for importation at the Chaudiere. The sawed lumber of the Rideau, Blanche and Livre is not taken in which might form half as much more.

Mr. Bermingham is out again with another auction sale of household furniture. This sale is to be on Tuesday next, the 17th inst., at the residence of Major Streatfield, on Daly street, adjoining Knox's Church. All that gentleman's household furniture, carriages, sleighs, &c., will be sold at 11 o'clock, a. m. See advertisement.

Lost and Found.—Early in spring a squaw disappeared, leaving some trumpery behind her in a rough box. Search was made for her but in vain. She turned up yesterday, and was brought to the Asylum of the Good Shepherds on Park street. She claimed, and got her chattels.

Not so Bad as Reported.—The statement made in several of our papers that Mr. McLaughlin's fine mill at Arnprior was destroyed by the high water is happily not true. A portion of the flume was carried off, and it was feared for a time serious damages would be done to the mill itself.

The Methodist Church Yard.—The Fence of this sacred repository is in a very poor condition in some places. A citizen and his wife went up to view the grave of a little one—the mother intending to render her tribute of still-living affection to her dead child; but they found in the cemetery over a dozen of cows. It appears it would cost but little to refit the enclosure.

A Gigantic Excursion.—During the course of next month an excursion will be got up to St. Francisco. This is doing things on a scale which would have been pronounced absurb by our fathers. Fancy an excursion across the Continent!

Our enterprising fellow-citizens, Messrs. A. & A. H. Taylor, Grand Trunck tickets agents are foremost in the field in offering ro pass excursionists tickets from Ottawa to the golden city and back—first class, from $230 to $170. This includes Pullham's palace, sleeping car.

New Way of Fishing.—Mr. James Kelby, the other day while walking towards the rives alongside the locks, was attracted at the sight of a huge fish at the bottom of the second lock. He procured a pike-pole, and descended the gate, and speared his fish-ship in the back. The fish struggled hardly, and nearly trough him down. It proved to be a maskinonge four feet in length, and weighing 40 pounds.

Beef and Mutton.—A good and substantial dinner is above all things desirable, and it is not easy to dine well, without a nice piece of roast. A tender, rich, juicy steak, a finely flavoured mutton chop, a nice veal cutlet, or a handsome leg of lamb, to say nothing of "the wing of an ox," can be at reasonable, and as cheaply procured from Mr. Bolton, whose advertisement is in an another column, as from anybody else in the butchering line known to us.

For Red River.—We understand Mr. Wm. Morris has received a contract for the preparation of the road to be traversed by the troops on their way to the North West, and for this purpose has engaged some thirty young men in the neighbourhood of Renfrew, who leave that place for their destination to-day or to-morrow. They will be absent six months, during which period they will get $23 per month for their services, and their expenses paid.—Pembroke *Observer*.

Grand Italian Operatic Concert.—Sometime ago we intimated the probable coming hither of the Signora Maria Gellie, who had been so favourably received at Milan last year, and more recently had been creating quite a sensation in New Jersey. She has now arrived. She gives a concert, in connection with other celebrities, under the most distinguished patronage, on the 17th instant, as will be perceived by the advertisement in another column, at the Music Hall Rink.

Police Court.—Wednesday—Ellen McTavish, an old and decrepid woman, was charged with being drunk on the streets. She stated her son would not let her into his house. She got 3 weeks in gaol.

Thomas Galagher—Disorderly conduct on the first of May. He had been arrested, but escaped. This case was dismissed. A second charge of drunk and disorderly was brought against him, which was adjourned. The prisoner was bailed.

A case of desertion from service was adjourned for further proof.

Mazeppa.—The Theatre last night was crowded. The company deserved such an ovation. The peculiarity was that Miss Nellie Nelson appeared for the first time as "Mazeppa," and the horse was partially untrained. Miss Nelson must possess a great amount of nerve—a fresh actress in such a part, with a new and partially untrained horse, to undertake the dangerous task of doing "Mazeppa." The play has been fruitful of excitement in every of its performances. Luckily, through the quiet training of Mr. Marshall, for a week or two, Miss Nelson went through her part in this thrilling drama. The horse did credit to its trainer, in all the scenes wherein the animal was introduced—the lights beaming, the music, the applause of a large audience would have frightened any but a very select animal. The self-possession of Miss Nelson, aside from her good acting, deserved the applause which she received. The play was a success in every respect. It will be repeated to-night.

Synod of Montreal.

The Synod of Montreal met on Thursday last, at Bank Street Church. Dr. Taylor, the retiring moderator, preached an instructive sermon from Rom. chap. 1, verse 16, after which the Synod was constituted.

The roll was called, and the following Rev gentlemen were marked as being present:

Presbytery of Montreal.—A. Henderson A.M., William B. Clark, James Watson, A.M., Daniel Gordon, William Scott, Adam McQueen, John Mackie, John Mackay, Donald H. McVicar, D. Patterson, A.M., John Eadie, John McDonald, J. M. Gibson, M.A., Archibald C. Gillies, David McKay, David Aikman, William McIntosh, Donald Cattanach, Finlay McIntosh, Robert Wilson

Presbytery of Ottawa.—John Crombie, A. M., James Whyte, William McKenzie, John McEwan, Joseph White, B.A., William Moore, James Tait, James Carswell, William Burns, A. M. Tait, George Hay, James Yuill, Ralph Dodds, William Porter, A. Mutchmor.

Presbytery of Brockville.—John Morrison, William Lochead, robert McKenzie, William Bennett, Alexander Matheson, John Burton, A. Kerr

Presbytery of Kingston.—Andrew Wilson, William McLaren, John Scott, Thomas S. Chambers, David Wishart, John McMechan, John Turnbull, A. Northrup, Samuel Gaw, John Getty, Andrew Patterson.

Dr. Taylor returned thanks for the kindness and forbearance of the Synod exercised towards him in the discarge of his duties. He intimated that the time had come to choose a successor.

The Rev. A. Wilson, of Kingston, was unanimously elected, and took the chair.

Routine business was then attended to, and the meeting adjourned till next morning at 10 o'clock, a. m.

MEETING OF YESTERDAY.

Among others matters, there was brought before the Synod an overture by the Kingston Presbytery on the propriety of taking steps towards the establishment of High Schools or Academies for the higher education of young ladies. The project was very favourably received. A committee was appointed to bring in a recommendation on the subject to-day. The greater part of the day was taken up with the settlement of administration questions of interest only to the parties concerned.

The evening diet was occupied with a conference on the state of religion within the bounds of the Synod.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Queenstown, May 10.—Phillips, the alleged defaulter has been discharged from custody, and the gold found on him at the time of his arrest has been refunded.

London, May 10.—The Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Dwaay, informed the House of Commons to night that orders were sent to Athens which would insure a thorough investigation of the Marathon massacre.

It is said that England proposes to clear Greece of brigands on these conditions.—

That King George temporarily withdraw; that a regent be appointed, the Ministry be dismissed, and the *habeas corpus* Act suspended.

There is a growing discontent at the income tax in Bombay. Several indignation meetings have been held.

In the House of Commons last night Mr. Lefeave explained the proposed reduction of lighthouse dues, which is chiefly in favour of coasting shipping.

Mr. Gladstone moved that the following gentlemen constitute a Select Committee to enquire by what means convents and monasteries, including Anglican institutions, hold property in England: Messrs. Villiers, Newdegate, Gessel, Thomas, Chambers, Matthews, Howes, Pemberton, O'Connor Don, and seven others. The motion was agreed to.

FRANCE.

Paris, May 10, 1 p. m.—Several riots occurred last night, but were not very serious.

Three or four barricades were erected in the Bellevue district, but were feebly defended, and the troops carried them without firing a shot. Shots were fired, but not by the troops.

There was great excitement, but owing to the large display of troops the crowds were more noisy than dangerous.

3 p.m.—Barricades have again been thrown up in the Faubourg du Temple and in Bellevue, and troops are now operating against them.

It is reported that Captain Fontaine, in command of one of the attacking columns, was wounded badly by a pistol shot.

6 p.m.—The returns of the vote on the *plebiscitum*, from all parts of the country, except Algeria, foot up—yes, 7,210,296; no, 1,530,610.

La Liberte says the Emperor intends to abrogate the decree banishing the members of the Bourbon and Orleans families.

Sir John A. Macdonald still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the great Shoshones Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY.

THURSDAY, MAY 12th,

Will be presented the grand spectacular Drama of

MAZEPPA OR THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....W J MARSHALL.

May 12, 1870. 1352 6

GRAND ITALIAN OPERATIC CONCERT.

Under the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Lady Hincks, Mrs. J. M. Currier,
Mrs. Meredith, Mrs. T. C. Keefer,
Mrs. Coffin, Mrs. C. Armstrong,
Mrs. Hamnett Hill, Mrs. G. P. Baker.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17th,

—AT THE—

RINK MUSIC HALL.

—BY—

SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE,

Assisted by the following distinguished Artistes:

SIGNOR FRANCISCO PHILLIPI, Tenore, from La Scala, Milan.

SIGNOR FOSSATI, Baritone, Max Maretzek's Italian Opera Troupe.

EDWARD HOFFMAN, Pianist, New York.

Conductor, L. S. PELETIER.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets $1.00 each—may be had at the Book and Music Stores, and at the door of the Hall on the evening of the Concert.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 3dawk

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer,
Ottawa, & Russell Road Company.
Ottawa, May 7, 1870 1353 4

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed). SAMUEL I JONES.
GEO C HOLLAND.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co-partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND.

(Signed) SAMUEL I JONES.
W G THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c., &c.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR STREATFIELD of the Royal 60th Rifles to sell at his residence, Daly Street, on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture therein, consisting in part of B. W., Centre, Side, and Trifle Tables, Sofas, Lounges, Rich Window Hangings and Poles, Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Dinner and Tea Services, B. W. Cane Seat Dining Chairs, Glass and China Ware. Some handsome Iron Bedsteads and Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Baths, Hair Mattresses, Bedsteads, and the Bedding of several Rooms, Bed Room Carpets, Hall, Kitchen and other Stoves, as well as the usual necessary Kitchen Furniture. A handsome Carriage, and a good Family Sleigh.

Sale positive and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

ON THURSDAY, 12th INSTANT.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR ROBERTSON of Her Majesty's 60th Rifles to sell at his residence Daly street, near St. Alban's Church, on THURSDAY 14th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of very handsome Drawing Room Chairs, Spring Seat, and upholstries in rich Damask with handsome Lounge to match, Easy Chairs, Centre Tables, Trifle Tables, Sofas, very handsome Brussells, Tapestry and Kidderminster Carpets nearly new, being only a few months in use, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture, all nearly new, one very handsome and excellently finished Iron Bedstead, with Curled Hair Mattrass, Iron Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Bedding, a Wanzer Sewing Machine encased in Black Walnut. One very handsome vis a vis Carriage, cost $6, one very fine Dog Cart, an excellent Rifle cost $50, English made Bridles, Saddles and Harness, a superior and valuable Chesnut Horse, 7 years old, 15½ hands high, well bred, well trained, very handsome, stout and fast.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

ADJOURNED SALE OF R. A. BRADLEY'S CHOICE BUILDING SITES AT

GOREBOROUGH.

Public notice is hereby given that the great sale of Choice Building sites in the Village of Goreborough, on the Montreal Road, (just one mile from Ottawa,) will be resumed by J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, at the City Auction Mart, at the close of the Ordnance Sale of Lands, on FRIDAY next, the 13th INSTANT.

The object of the proprietor in resuming the above sale at the time and place mentioned, is amongst other things, to afford an opportunity to intending purchasers who were disappointed by attending too late at the last sale, and who have unanimously expressed the desire that another sale should be called. It is to be hoped that the public have been sufficiently advised as to the locality in question, and also as to the eligibility of the situation for country residences, &c.

Parties desiring to purchase any of the above lots by private sale may do so on advantageous terms up to the day of sale.

Plans will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Auction Rooms of J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa, or at the Law office of the Proprietor.

R A BRADLEY,
Bangs' Block,
Corner Sparks and Elgin streets,
Ottawa.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer. 1352d

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 33, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

R PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State, Ordnance Lands Branch, Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50, steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1195y

DAVID RITCHIE,

Farmer, having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him after date of this advertisement, as any one found doing so shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

ROBERT SKEAD.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered a Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 10

THE COURT-OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W PLETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattans, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Pilated and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870, Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Searfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY LINE

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c, and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ark for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

60 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T GORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

NEW CITY DIRECTORY.

The subscribers beg to announce that they purpose bringing out within three months, a new edition of the CITY OF OTTAWA DIRECTORY, which will contain an alphabetical list of residents; a Business Directory; list of farmers in the counties of Carleton and Russell; the several societies and institutions of the city; names and Post Office addresses of members of the Senate and House of Commons; names and residence of the Civil Service employees; brief notices of our manufactures; the New Tariff, &c., and also a map of the city.

As the mercantile, professional and manufacturing interests of Towns of Prescott and Pembroke are so intimately connected with this city, the publishers will include these places in this Directory.

The editions will be large, and advertisers will find it to their advantage to patronize the undertaking.

Our agents are now canvassing the city for all the necessary information requisite to make the volume as perfect and as accurate as possible.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Printers, Bookbinders and Publishers.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1353 3

CAUTION.

All parties are hereby cautioned, no to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.

JOHN CURTIS.

1354 6

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up on a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Co

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 12, 1870.

Flour—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
" Spring "	2 35	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
" "	1 00	@	0 00
Spring	0 70	@	0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Oats " 34 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	27 00	@	00 00
Pork—Mess per barrel	23 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per	none.		
Prime	9 00	@	10 00
Pork (fresh)	0 12	@	0 15
Hams	5 50	@	7 50
Beef per 100 lbs	0 07	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb	0 45	@	0 60
Geese—Each	0 75	@	1 50
Turkeys	0 45	@	0 00
Poultry—Per pair	0 40	@	0 45
Ducks	0 20	@	0 25
Butter—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2	0 13½	@	0 00
Eggs	3 50	@	4 00
Apples—per brl	0 50	@	0 60
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	11 00	@	13 00
Hay—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	0 00
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure	3 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do. Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proven that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

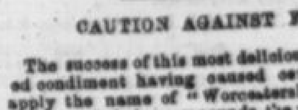
FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.
E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.
J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1336 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] E. C. ALLEN & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1833tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,
WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 7839d

Sarsaparilla,
[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.

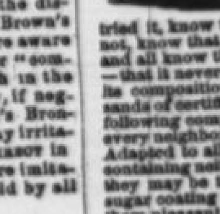
The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs" His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

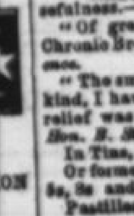
PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal, between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton.

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council.



FOR ASTHMA
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. S. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 10. 1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDEN, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL
TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party gets their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong 45c. Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c;

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

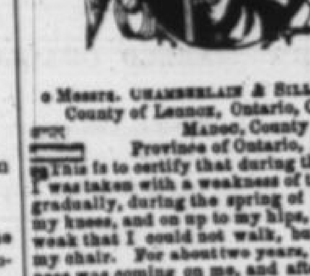
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c. Residence at J Butler's, Cary, Osgoode.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).
Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.
M. McLeod, W. McK Wright, R. S. Lawlor.
Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

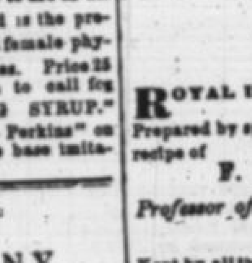
HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 85y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,
York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1369 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS!
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00
Halifax ... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00
Halifax ... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y
HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

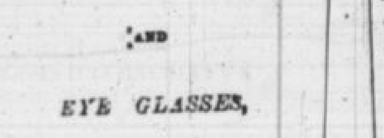
NEW ASSORTMENT

of

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.
TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s. 1336 2awGm lawk6m

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 13, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.
15 6m WM HALPENNY.

Medical Cards.

R. J. A. BECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co's "House 'ld Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Lang's Block, No. 60, sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 12, 1869. 1021-16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,
57 Argyle street.......... Halifax, N. S.
M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p.m; Dinner 5 p m; Tea 6 p m.
Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
2921 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,
Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!
ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS,

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House,"

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.
April 29, 1870. 1316 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 3m

THE 50th VOLUME!
NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL
PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,
A FIRST-CLASS
FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

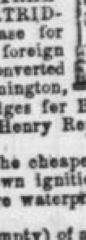
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Haney, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE
OF A
VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,
IN THE
County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of beginning, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 68 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

TERMS—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor. Masonic Hall, Toronto.
Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.
Village of Richmond, 25th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.
Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup,* it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,
For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the *Liver,* it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

Pr... —The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, ... Malcolm Cameron, W T Howland, ... McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, ... Esq. A T Fulton, Esq., ... J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as is ... shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and ... promptness of its settlements ... Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always ... important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses ...

It respectfully solicits a share of ... of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298tf

MUSIC. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH (...) a Graduate of the ... Paris. Lessons on Piano ... street, corner of King-st. ... Ottawa, June 22, 1869.

THE PEOPLE'S ...
No. 36, RIDEAU ...
DUKE STREET, ...
CHURCH STREET, ...
P. BASKERVILLE ...
Wholesale and Retail ...
COMMISSION ...

Just receiving 500 Chests ... Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors ... Old Rye and Proof ...

Those not having had a trial of ... requested to call and judge for ... your neighbours who have ... Liquors. All goods ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, ... stantly on hand.

Remember—... P. BASKERVILLE ...

Ottawa, March 31, 18...

READER.

Are you afflicted with ... relief from ... GREAT PAIN CURER ... three minutes ... face, is distinguishable ... attack, may be cured ... Fluid is composed ... and contains nothing ... system either by ... Try it and you will be ... by Chemists and Druggists ...

1304 ly

FOR SALE
Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 ... and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 5, 18...

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1357. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

OMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
ngton Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
, December 20, 1869. 1236.1

VIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Here for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Co... and Fine Salt. Also, ... and ther Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Coonac Brandies; Hennes't & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman s, n wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries a all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and over, at extremely low rices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Allsop's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
... at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar ains. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
... JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA.
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
W. H. EASTON. R. M. EASTON

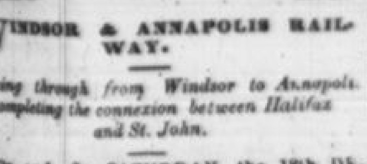
MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the principal banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSIC ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano-and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 175y



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.
On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:
Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.15 a m and 5.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 1.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers Emperor or Empress for St John, N. B.
Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p. m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 6.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel,
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1321tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.
Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.
Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329

Agencies.

C. T. H. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK
DONE AT
ESMONDE'S.
LOOK OUT FOR THE
POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
AND BUY NO OTHER,
ALSO
THE KEDZIE FILTER,
An immense quantity of
BATHS,
In a few days at
ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 10½.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 35. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR
FOR
TEAS AND COFFEES
AT THE
AGENCY OF THE INDIA
—AND—
CHINA TEA COMPANY,
BANG'S BLOCK,
ELGIN STREET.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.
Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.
JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Waring ... Streets
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S
PLATED WARE,
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.
To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.
Apply to I B TACKABERRY.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.
The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.
Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River
Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1290 tt

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c. &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR
WASHING COMPOUND,
which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.
The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.
Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.
Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.
Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.
Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.
Parties who are indicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.
Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer t... public

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE,
Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE,
Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY,
Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN,
John De Kuyper's double barrel first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY,
John Begg's, Lochingar.

RUM,
Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE,
Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S
Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES,
Dawes make

WEST INDIA
LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA
Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE,
Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a neat run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS,
Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS,
a all assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE,
A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS,
Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES
Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES,
Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES,
Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE,
And a variety of other brands; he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS,
A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS,
Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa
3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
LANG'S
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS
BOOTS and SHOES.
Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS
LATEST STYLE.
Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,
Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.
1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves.
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

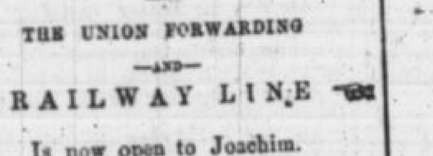
DRESS Goods, in new materials,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
No 14, Rideau street
Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.
GEORGE MURPHY,
Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY.
In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1859, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.
J W W WARD, W M MATHESON,
Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.
BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!
Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.
Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cage,
—ALSO—
Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.
STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS
AT THE
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
25 SUSSEX STREET.
H MEADOWS & CO.



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY LINE
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,
R S CASSELS,
1348tf President.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

CLOSE A.M.		CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon		St. John, N. B., daily			5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	8.00		
6.00	12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.
Per direct Packet from New-York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY
Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive.................. 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.
LADIES OUTFITTING
—AND—
FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.
NO. 14 SPARKS SREET,
OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.
The establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following
ANNOUNCEMENTS.
The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our]
GOODS ARE CHEAP!
Everything known under the general term
LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING
—AND—
BABY LINEN,
Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
ONLY ONE PRICE,
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES
We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.
R L JAMES & CO.
Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1328y

Dominion Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

CONTINUED.
OTTAWA, May 5, 1870.

Mr. YOUNG—You could have paid over the £300,000 to the Hudson Bay Company (hear, hear). They broke their agreement with the Imperial Government on the point, and as an excuse the House was told that if the Government had done so the British Government would have refused to take part in the expedition. After the transfer, the Nor'-West would still have been British territory, and the Imperial Government could hardly have done less than what has been gained by delay, and find one-fourth the men and pay one-fourth the expense—not paying the £300,000 was pretty much like a breach of faith, and at least showed a want of trust of faith in the future of the country, and when it became known encouraged Riel, and helped to prevent a settlement for months. Two great facts had been before the country—armed insurrection against the Queen's authority, and the murder of a loyal British subject. Whatever, then, their political differences were, every loyal man—every true Canadian would agree that the Queen's authority should have been re-established, and the majesty of the law upheld. The course of the Government, from the first, had been clearly to take immediate steps to re-assert the Queen's authority, and to see that the crime committed at Red River was punished, as if committed on the banks of the St. Lawrence or Ottawa. But they had delayed and delayed, and it was only now, when the increased public opinion of the country goaded them into action, that they took the first active measures to preserve that fine territory, and to uphold the laws of the land (hear, hear). As regarded the policy the Government now had before the House, the speaker approved of creating the Province of Manitoba and giving the people representative institutions, but many provisions of the Bill were objectionable. The system of the Government proposed was too cumbrous and costly. He was glad that the boundaries had been extended to take in the Portage LaPrarie settlements, but the country had not the Government to thank for that. They had been forced to withdraw that proposition which was little more than an insult to the House and the majority of the people of the Dominion (hear, hear). He (Mr. Young) strongly objected to locking up 1,400,000 acres of land for the children of half-breeds in addition to lands they now held. This would give 350 acres for each male half-breed in the country; as they would not work their farms this land would be lost to the settlement, and with the lands now held under the Hudson's Bay Company titles, and the one-twentieth to be allotted to that Company would leave very little land in the small Province to be taken up. He hoped the House would amend that clause. More information should be given by the Government before they legalized all grants made by the Hudson's Bay Company, and in no case should any grant after the 12th of March, 1869, when the territory was bargained for, be legalized. The House should limit the first Parliament to two years, and allow every British subject going to Manitoba, as soon as he became a resident or householder, to exercise all rights of British subjects. The whole Bill, particularly as first brought in, bore traces of a bargain, a compromise, and of being largely dictated by the Red River delegates. He protested against these delegates being considered the representatives of the Red River people, as they had been elected under compulsion; and he felt humiliated to think that whilst these men had largely influenced the Government, not a single representative of the loyal people of Red River in the city knew a single provision of the Bill until it had been laid before the House (hear). In regard to the Military Expedition he believed it necessary, but was glad the Government felt so sure it would be one of peace. The Minister of Finance represented that some members wanted the Government to adopt a war policy, and wanted blood-shed. The hon. gentleman was simply drawing upon his fertile imagination. The whole country wanted peace. For his part he regretted that any expedition was necessary, and but for the blundering of the Government none would have been required, and they would not have had to bear the vast expense it would cost (hear). But when it became necessary it should have been despatched as soon as navigation opened. But, as on other questions, the course of the Government was weak and vacillating; as on the Tariff, they were divided among themselves; they had no policy, no guiding principle; only one bond held them together, the cohesive power of office and place, and it was only too plain that on this great question of the preservation of the North-West in which the very future of their nationality was involved, their Bill had been cut and carved mainly with a view to enable them to engineer it easily through the House, and thus maintain themselves in place and dispense its patronage (cheers).

Mr. COLBY dissented from the views expressed by the preceding speaker. He defended the conduct of the Government throughout the entire North-West business, and contended that not only was the country satisfied with the course they had adopted, but the House was also, for he had never seen the benches so empty during an important discussion. He did not blame the Hon. Mr. McDougall, for he considered a better appointment could not have been made. He did not blame the Hon. Minister of Justice, for although it had been asserted that the hon. gentleman had never displayed astuteness except in keeping himself into office, he (Mr. Colby) believed it was through the astuteness of the Prime Minister that the country had come so safely through the difficulty. He believed it was better not to make the new Province too large at first, but to allow it to expand as the population spread over the country; and he thought a better population than French Canadian Catholics could not occupy that key to the North-West. They were *par excellence* a loyal people, and they were in the best position to render assistance in protecting that valuable avenue. The hon. member for Waterloo seemed wedded to a single Legislative Chamber for a new Province, but he (Mr. Colby) did not approve that exceptional form of legislation for the people of Manitoba.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT thought that the Government had failed to use discretion in the appointment of subordinate officials employed in the North-West. He had heard of no sufficient reasons for the large representation in the Dominion Parliament, which was given by the Bill, but they had better err on the side of generosity in the matter. The Government were responsible for the early fruits of the insurrection, but not for the murder of Scott and later actions. One good result would follow from their expedition to that Settlement, and the progress of the country would be forwarded more by it than by years of ordinary progress. He hoped the Government would be willing to accept amendments in Committee.

Mr. McCALLUM criticised the action of the Hon. Mr. Howe in the matter, especially as to his notorious conduct on the prairie.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS read from report of the Hon. Mr. McDougall, d in the North-West newspapers, stating that the Hon. Mr. Howe at that interview warned the Hon. Mr. McDougall that delicate handling was required in the Territory, but did not state that there would be an armed insurrection, because he did not apparently expect it.

Mr. McCALLUM said it was impossible to bring in a Bill to satisfy all parties, and the question was whether the Government had done all in their power to avoid the difficulty. He thought they had not. The appointment and acts of Colonel Dennis were also severely criticised.

Mr. McDOUGALL defended Colonel Dennis, who was a good surveyor.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD said full opportunity would be allowed for the discussion in Committee, and the Bill was then read a second time, and was referred to the Committee of the Whole for to-morrow, when it will be the first measure for discussion.

OTTAWA RIVER.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN moved the second reading of an act respecting certain works on the Ottawa River.

In reply to Mr. CURRIER, he explained that the Bill did not apply to the tributaries of the Ottawa River.

SUPERANNUATION BILL.

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS moved the second reading of the Superannuation Bill.—Carried.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The House then went into Committee of Supply on supply and estimates—Mr. BLANCHETTE in the chair.

Item $51,232, for unprovided items, was carried.

On the item $2,300, for Dominion Offices, Nova Scotia,

Hon. Sir FRANCIS HINCKS explained that with regard to this vote, it would be remembered that a reduction was made in the original vote of $4,000, making it the same amount as paid for the Dominion Offices of New Brunswick. There were a greater number of officials in Nova Scotia, the public works being greater, and the vote, as it now stood, was not sufficient; and the Government proposed to meet the wishes of the House by proposing the present addition, which was $1,800 less than the original vote as proposed.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that the existing number of officials were not required, and questioned whether the item could be proceeded with at the present time.

After some conversation, the item stood over.

The item $2,000, for the preparation of maps for the Railway Committee, and $400 for stationery for the House of Commons, were carried.

On the item $10,000, for canal excavations at Port Dalhousie, chargeable to capital, on the suggestion of Mr. Mackenzie, the item was made chargeable to revenue, and carried as amended.

The item $2,000, for harbours and piers at Bathurst Harbour, chargeable to income, was carried.

On the item $40,000, for two steam dredges,

Mr. MACKENZIE objected to the Government making purchases of steam dredges; he would prefer the work should be done by contract.

Item carried.

The following items were also carried:—Additions to Kings on Penitentiary, $452,392; to meet expenses of artillery guns, &c., $2,000; Trinity House, Quebec, $3,000; protection of Bird Island light house, $300; to provide for examination and classification of masters and mates in the mercantile marine, $6,000.

On item $56,000, to provide additions to the outside service in the Excise Department,

Mr. YOUNG asked for explanation.

Hon. Mr. MORRIS said a large number of new distilleries were being erected in the Lower Provinces, and it was necessary to increase the force.

Item carried.

Item $10,000, for Post Office expenditure, was carried.

The Committee rose, reported, and asked leave to sit again.

SATURDAY SITTING.

Hon. Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD moved the House sit on Saturday, commencing at the usual hour, and that the Government measures take precedence.

Carried.

The House adjourned at 1 a.m.

ARRIVAL OF ENGLISH EMIGRANTS.—On Thursday morning a large batch of emigrants from Bedfordshire, sent out in the steamship *Austrian*, under the auspices of Lady Travar, arrived in Kingston, and were promptly disposed of. Their was no official information of their coming, but a woman from the same part of England who settled in this part of the country last year, came to the city to meet them, and apprised Mr. R. Macpherson, the acting Immigration Agent here, that they were coming, and that being without funds they would require to be provided for. As the cost of railway fare and provisions for destitute immigrants is defrayed by the provincial government, Mr. McPherson at once telegraphed Hon. Mr Carling for instructions to defray their expenses and an answer was received shortly after the arrival of the immigrants on Thursday morning, 62 persons in all, principally men, but some women and children. The acting agent at once made arrangements for placing them in situations, and as the men were nearly all accustomed to farm work and of a desirable class, he concluded to send them to the township of Fredericksburg. Their passage by steamer up the Bay of Quinte was secured and arrangements made for lodging them in a big house near the landing. From the applications for labour Mr. Macpherson had no difficulty in assigning situations for all of them; and the result of his prompt action was that they were all placed and despatched on their way to their future homes on the very day of their arrival. Having acted for his brother in the office before his death, Mr. R. Macpherson is familiar with the duties, and we are glad to say on the first opportunity presented has given token of possessing the promptitude of action necessary in an emergency.—*Kingston Daily News.*

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshones Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist, London, England. 1138SW6m

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

pening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Auction Sale—John Macauley
Lot for Sale—John D O'Grady
Notice—Thos Reynolds.
Boarding House—Mrs Foley

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1236d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1870.

THE PREMIER.

Last night the gratifying intelligence reached us, at a late hour, that the Honourable Sir John A. Macdonald was much better.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

Many, it may be more truly said, very many, who have come to this country in the position of paupers, have by vigorous energy and a talent for the accumulation of wealth obtained to rank and position in an incredibly short space of time. Among those who have landed at Quebec boasting that they did so with only sixpence, a shilling, or at most, half a crown in their pockets may be reckoned the late Peter Patterson, John Muna, and Alexander Laurie. These men were paupers in every sense of the word on their arrival on our shores; but they were anything but beggars. In them was work and the ambition to emerge from poverty to wealth and social position. They had both the spirit and the ability to work and the result of their industry and self dependence was a large share of this world's wealth, before the grave had time to close over them. These men, and they are to be found in all our large cities, and in the richest sections of western Canada, have left their marks behind them. It is they who have made Canada what she is. It is the persevering industry of such people who have added to the material wealth of the Dominion—have built all our bridges and canals, have sailed our ships, farmed our lands, and have raised to themselves enduring monuments. Others have come to Canada in a higher social scale, and possessed of means, whose social habits have induced waste and ultimate beggary and ruin. New countries are essentially designed for those who are accustomed to dig, and spin, and toil. A man of high education and of good family connection is more apt to succeed at the fountains of civilisation than at the outskirts of it. Only as the toiler becomes rich does a new country offer inducements to educated talent. It was necessary to have an Adam to dig and an Eve to spin to make way for the Tubal-Cains and workers in brass and iron. The only really educated men wanted in a new country are the physician and clergyman. As the country grows the lawyer and the notary, the artist and the manufacturer spring up. For our unimproved lands then the able-bodied pauper is wanted, and where there is the will there will always be to such people a way to succeed. By the following remarks of the London *Standard* it will be observed that a large pauper immigration may be expected to arrive this year in Canada. They have been helped to come hither, and will help themselves after they are here. They are of the class who being here, send money orders to their poor relations at home to help them at home or bring them hither to gain money by honest labour for themselves. They are coming on the representations of those, who in the course of a single year have been to a certain extent successful in life. It is the favorable accounts, sent home in letters from previous emigrants to their friends—people, who at home, "were worse off than paupers,"—which have induced the emigration of this year, coupled with the judicious efforts of Mr. Dixon, of Mr. White who acts as special Commissioner from Ontario, and of the Canadian Emigration Agents in Ireland. It is these men, who are "inducing a flow of emigrants towards the Dominion," and assuredly they are inducing hither the people of the right stamp.

From the London Standard, April 30.

This morning, soon after ten o'clock, the screw steamer Ganges, a splendid vessel of 1900 tons burden, will quit the Victoria Dock, with the largest party of emigrants that ever left the Thames on board one ship. The voyagers will comprise 570 statute adults, or 761 souls, members of the East-end Emigra-club, in union with the British and Colonial Emigration Society. In our impression of yesterday we briefly mentioned the fact that about 400 of these emigrants were entertained on Monday evening at a tea meeting, held in the Burdett Hall, Limehouse, Alderman Sir James Lawrence, M P., in the chair, on which occasion many of the principal promoters of East-end emigration were present. The scene was one of much interest, and the proceedings were well calculated to give a cheerful complexion to the approaching departure of so many individuals from their native land. A very liberal and excellent tea was provided, and the hall was completely filled. The absentees consisted of the younger children, the invitations not extending below twelve years of age, but with an exception in favour of "babies." It is a feature in the emigration movements as conducted by our London philanthropists, that large families are preferred rather than otherwise. On board the Ganges this morning will be one family of 20 persons, consisting of the grandfather, with his sons and their wives and children. The cost of sending out this family is understood to be £84, the amount being made up from various sources. Several of the families going out include six or eight children. The cost of sending out the entire party in the Ganges will be about £3420, in addition to £1142 given towards outfits and landing money by Kelsall's Emigration Charity. The emigrants themselves contributed about £1600, the club £200 and the Poplar Board of Guardians £100. The balance is paid by the British and Colonial Emigration Fund, managed by an influencial committee, of which the Lord Mayor is president. It was to this fund that Mr. Goschen and his brother each contributed £1000.

It must not be supposed that this large body of emigrants has been brought together by some fictitious or spasmodic excitement. The subject has simply been laid before them, and they have only been too glad to avail themselves of the opportunities placed within their reach. Of course the people required to be satisfied that the change would be for the better. Evidence to this effect has been afforded to them in a somewhat remarkable manner. Last year Mr. E. H. Currie, an active friend of the working classes in the East London, paid a visit to Canada, and generously made it his special business to see how the emigrants were getting on who had previously left London for the Dominion. On his return to London he narrated at public meetings, what he had witnessed in Canada, and thereby satisfied the minds of the people as to the success of those who had already emigrated. There can be no doubt that this mode of proceeding, coupled with the favorable accounts sent home in letters from the emigrants to their friends, gave great additional force to the desire for going out. Mr. Currie further proceeded to form the East-end Emigration Club, aided by the Rev. J. F. Kitto, Mr. Scrutton, Mr. R. Wigram, and Mr. J. Blott. The tide of emigration is now flowing fast, and for some time to come its progress will only be limited by its opportunities. The large company leaving to-day are a selected party, and many others are waiting to go. The *Medway* left some days ago with nearly 600 souls, and to-morrow (Thursday) the screw steamer *Tweed* leaves the Victoria Dock with a third party.

Looking at the large and well-behaved assembly in the Burdett Hall the other evening, it was a painful reflection that all these individuals were—as stated by the committee—"verging on pauperism," the condition of many being such that they were even "worse off than paupers." Mr. Currie's club commenced in November last, and there are hundreds more still paying into it, anxious to raise the sum required to meet the grant of the British and Colonial Emigration Fund. In this case there are no working expenses these being defrayed from private sources by the committee. One element of satisfaction is the feeling of sympathy called out by this process of emigration, in which respect it differs so widely from the Irish exodus of past years. In the case of the London emigrants, whether English or Irish, they evidently carry with them a feeling of gratitude for the kindness extended to them, and there is ground for hope that this feeling will not be allowed to expire when the emigrants are fairly settled in their new country. Certainly they have many acts of kindness to remember, such as may properly obliterate the recollection of past hardships, consequent on a long depth of employment. In the case of the ship which streams down the Thames this morning extraordinary care has been taken to provide for the comfort of her passengers. Additional solace will be afforded in the presence of the Rev. J. Cohen, rector of St Mary's, Whitechapel, who, together with Mrs. Cohen, will accompany the emigrants to Quebec, coming back to England again on the return voyage of the Ganges. Another item of comfort, seemingly small, but in reality not altogether a trifling matter, consists in the munificent response made to Mrs. Kitto's appeal on behalf of the "baby emigrants," published in our columns a few days ago. In answer to the "very small petition" of this excellent lady, toys, books, and sweetmeats have poured in like an avalanche, entailing a correspondence far more than it is possible to keep pace with.

While masses of emigrants are thus quitting London by ship others adopt a different port, and start, in the first instance, by rail. The Rev. A. Styleman Herring has a party of 150 about to start by the North Western Railway; and the Hon. Mrs. Hobart's committee have sent off large numbers by a similar route. The Rev. A. S. Herring is the active promoter of the Clerkenwell Emigration Society, an organisation which sent out 651 persons to the colonies last year. In many cases husbands were sent out, leaving their wives and families behind—a seemingly dangerous experiment, but which, nevertheless, appears likely to end well. During the winter husbands have transmitted money to their wives, and efforts will now be made to send out those who were thus left behind. In some cases the remittances have amounted to 12s. per week. One man sent over at different times as much as £30 for the benefit of a poor and aged father. Incidents of very decided success are not wanting among the emigrants, and all seem to be doing well in a greater or less degree. It is evident also that the movement in favour of emigration is not limited to London. The reports from Liverpool speak of an exodus exceeding that of any former year. So far as concerns the assisted emigrants from London, these are almost invariably bound for Canada, though large numbers from other parts of the kingdom set out for New York. Happily the Canadian Government are more active now than they were at one time in encouraging emigration to their own shores. Mr. Dixon is doing them valuable service as their emigration agent in this country, in addition to whom Mr. White acts as special commissioner from Ontario. The latter gentleman has lately visited the north of Scotland, and finds that the emigration spirit exists there also. The Canadian agent in Ireland is likewise inducing a flow of emigrants towards the Dominion, particularly from the province of Ulster. There is no doubt that the present year will see a great development of emigration, and unless some strong counter-attraction presents itself in the United Kingdom, it is probable that the next year or two will find the movement rather accelerated than diminished. For a time a revival of industry in England might tend to encourage emigration instead of checking it, on account of the resources which the working population would then command whereby to help themselves across the Atlantic to a country where so many of their relatives and friends would accord them a hearty welcome.

It throws light on the recent amicable settlement of the Winnipeg difficulty to learn from the *New Nation*, the late insurgent organs that the insurrectionists expressly recognized the supreme domination of the Queen in an address explanatory of their position, "President" Riel making a set speech in favor of the same, and strongly reprehending any effort to assume a contrary position. On this recognition, the concessions of the Dominion Government were at once forthcoming, so that the trouble appears to have been ended by a mutual give and take.

A circular issued recently from the London General Post Office explains the operation of the new British postal law for newspapers. A newspaper weighing not more than six ounces will be carried for one halfpenny; this must be prepaid in stamps. A package of newspapers less than six ounces in weight cannot be sent at the same rate, but under the arrangements of the book post a package of newspapers may be sent at the rate of one halfpenny for every two ounces, whenever such a course should be more economical. This British reform reminds us that the *World* urged some time since that the international rates for the postage of newspapers should be lowered. One cent is quite sufficient to pay for the transmission of a six-ounce newspaper, even allowing an enormous profit to the carriers. If letters are sent for six cents there seems no reason for charging the same rate now for newspapers as was paid when the letter rate was twenty-four cents.

Daniel McFarland was yesterday acquitted of the murder of Albert D. Richardson. District Attorney Garvin spoke for the prosecution for two hours. The Recorder's charge was regarded as rather unfavorable to the prisoner. The jury retired at precisely three o'clock p.m., and, after an absence of one hour and forty minutes, brought in a verdict of "not guilty." An extraordinary scene ensued. McFarland and his counsel were surrounded by an excited mob of people, many of them women, who cheered and wept, in the frenzy of their joy, and embraced and kissed every body within their reach. The jurors came in for a share of the general congratulations. After the prisoner was formally discharged he was conducted to a carriage by his nephew and lady friends, and taken to the residence of Dr. McFarland, in Lamartine place where he passed the night. It is understood that the jury stood ten for acquittal and two against, but that a discussion of the case won over the minority to the verdict.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they affect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

COMMONS.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870.

After routine,

The SPEAKER announced that a number of Bills including the Manatoba, had passed through the Senate without amendments.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought it would be necessary to obtain Confirmation of the Imperial Government for the Legislation of this House in relation to the new Province of Manatoba.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER said the Government did not know to what extent the measure providing for the Government of Manitoba required confirmation by the Imperial Parliament.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought that the great danger of this Confederation was a tendency to exceed its authority and transcend its powers. He believed it to be essential to keep within the limits of the British North American Act.

After a few remarks from the Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL, the subject was dropped.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL wished to ask what had become of the Geological report that was made by Sir William Logan, with reference to the future building of a railroad through that country. He understood there was no particular difficulties in the way of such an undertaking as far as Lake Nippigon.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said the report had been presented. He had Mr. Bell's report then in his hand, and he found there was an error in it with respect to the elevation of Lake Nippigon, above Lake Superior mines, stated at 150 feet.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he understood that a surveying party had been sent a couple of years since to explore the country between Lake Nipissing and Lake Nippigon by the Quebec Government. He wished to know the result of the expedition.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said that some arrangements would have to be arrived at with the Indians of that country, before any proper survey could be made, but as soon as practicable, an exploration should be made.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would like to know how the Government could account for the discrepency between Mr. Dawson and Professor Bells account of the elevation of lake Nippigon and lake Nipissing.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that neither Professor Bell or Mr. Dawson had ever spoken decisively on the subject of the elevation of lake Nippigon, but Mr. Bell thought the elevation of lake Nippigon above Lake Nippissing was 150 feet, and Mr. Dawson thought it was about 450 feet, but neither of them had spoken positively concerning it. There had been three explorations made in that direction, but the result was very usatisfactory.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL urged upon the Government the necessity of having a reliable exploration made as soon as possible.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN said the matter was receiving due consideration and would be attend to without delay.

Hon. Mr. HOWE moved that the report of the geological survey be printed.—Carried.

A message arrived from His Excellency, requesting the presence of the members of the Commons.

The House then adjourned at 4 p.m.

PROROGATION of PARLIAMENT.

SPEECH OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

About an hour before that appointed, many came to secure seats in the galleries, expecting the display of fashion which has hitherto graced the opening and the close of Parliament. They had forgotten, or had not observed that it was not expected that full evening dress would be assumed by the ladies. The floor of the Senate was, on account of the official interdict, not radiant with the grace and beauty which were present at the opening of the Session.

Shortly before the arrival of His Excellency, a guard of honor, from the 60th Royal Rifles, under command of Captain Young, formed a double line from the entrance of the building to the vestibule of the Senate. The National Anthem was struck up as the Governor-General passed through the Hall, who was accompanied by Major-General Lindsay, Col. Irvine, A. D.C.; Col. McNeill, Military Secretary; Lieut.-Col. Earle, Col. Robertson Ross, Adjutant-General, Mr. Turville, Private Secretary; Capt. Young, Capt. Kelly, Mr. Davis and Mr. Marsham of the 60th Rifles.

Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER, the Hon. Mr. Campbell and the Hon. Mr. Mitchell, were beside the Throne, in the Windsor uniform; and among others present in the Chamber, we noticed Christopher Armstrong, Esq., County Judge.

The Members of the House of Commons having been summoned to the Bar of the House, His Excellency read in English and French, the following

SPEECH.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate.
Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

I cannot close the present Session without acknowledging the attention and diligence with which you have applied yourselves to the despatch of public business, and especially to the important objects which I recommended to your consideration.

In the measures which you have adopted respecting Banks and Banking, and the issue of the Dominion notes, I trust efficient guarantees will be found for the protection of the financial interests of the community.

The measure which you have passed for the Government of the new Province of Manitoba, and for the vast adjacent Territories, and the just and reasonable conditions which you have sanctioned in favour of their inhabitants, cannot fail to remove every trace of their misapprehensions which unhappily existed, and to plant in their stead feelings of confidence in your good will and of hope of the numerous and increasing advantages to be derived from joining the Dominion.

The Military Expedition which it is necessary to send will gratify and give confidence to all loyal and well disposed persons.

Her Majesty's troops go forth on an errand of peace, and will serve as an assurance to the inhabitants of the Red River Settlement and the numerous Indian tribes that occupy the North West that they have a place in the regard and the counsels of England, and may rely upon the impartial protection of the British Sceptre.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons.

I thank you for the readiness with which you have granted the necessary supplies for the public service, and have observed, with satisfaction, the precautions you have taken to guard against any possible deficiency in the Revenue.

Honourable Gentlemen and Gentlemen,—

The information which reached my Government, from many quarters, as to the designs of parties, styled Fenians, armed and openly drilled in various parts of the neighbouring States, rendered it incumbent on me to apply to Parliament to pass an Act to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, as well as to call out an armed force for the defence of the Frontier.

The vigorous steps resorted to, and the laudable promptitude with which the active Militia responded to the call to arms, chilled the hopes of the invaders and averted the menaced outrage, so that I now entertain a sanguine hope that I shall not be placed under the necessity of exercising the powers so entrusted to me.

The provisions which you have made for the taking of the Decennial Census in 1871, will be so carried out as to ensure, if possible, the taking of a simultaneous census in Her Majesty's possessions in British North America.

I sincerely hope that the preparations which have been matured for the protection of Canadian Fisheries, will be effective. Every care will be taken to combine the maintenance of the undisputed rights of our fishermen with the regard due to the just claims of foreigners; and you will, I am persuaded, acknowledge with gratitude, the countenance and moral support which Her Majesty's Government has announced the intention of affording.

The general tone of your debates and the uniform expression of prevalent opinion indicate that the people of Canada are sensible of the advantages arising from their existing form of Government. I trust their contentment may be of long continuance, and take leave of you for the present with the earnest wish that the determination and efforts of the Country to preserve the blessings which it enjoys may be crowned with the protection and distinguished favour of Providence.

The following Bills were assented to, in Her Majesty's name, by His Excellency the Governor-General, viz.:

An Act to amend the Act respecting the treatment and relief of sick and distressed mariners.

An Act respecting the Coasting Trade of Canada.

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Office of Queen's Printer.

An Act to amend the Act respecting the extradition of certain offenders to the United States of America.

An Act to amend "An Act respecting Cruelty to Animals."

An Act to facilitate the signing of Militia Commissions.

An Act to extend the powers of the Official Arbitrators to certain cases therein mentioned.

An Act to amend the Act relating to Lighthouses, Buoys and Beacons.

An Act to amend the Acts of Incorporation of the Great Western Railway Company.

An Act respecting the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Conada and the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

An Act to authorize the Town of Belleville to impose and collect Harbor Dues, and for other purposes.

An Act to incorporate the Detroit River Tunnel Company.

An Act further to amend the Acts respecting the Improvement and Management of the Harbour of Quebec.

An Act respecting the First Census.

An Act to provide for the amalgamation of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and the President, Directors and Company of the Gore Bank.

An Act to incorporate "The Society of Canadian Artists."

An Act to incorporate the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway Company.

An Act to amend the Act, 31 Victoria, Chapter 46, and to regulate the Issue of Dominion Notes.

An Act respecting Banks and Banking.

An Act to incorporate a Company for the construction of a Ship Canal to connect the waters of Lake Champlain and the River Saint Lawrence.

An Act to authorize the Corporation of the Township of Collingwood, in the County of Grey, to impose and collect Tolls or Harbor Dues at the mouth of Beaver River, and for other purposes.

An Act to incorporate the Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway Company.

An Act respecting Certificates to Masters and Mates of Ships.

An Act for the better protection of the Clothing and Property of Seamen in Her Majesty's Navy.

An Act to revive the Charter of the Grand Junction Railway Company.

An Act to amend the Act intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Sun Insurence Company of Montreal."

An Act to remove certain restrictions with respect to the issue of Bank Notes in Nova Scotia.

An Act to amend the Act respecting Perjury.

An Act to amend "The Penitentiary Act of 1868."

An Act to incorporate the Ontario and Erie Ship Canal Company,

An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Merchant's Bank of Halifax.

An Act to amend the Law respecting the Department of Finance.

An Act to continue and make permanent certain Acts and parts of Acts of the Province of New Brunswick, relative to the Police Force in the Parish of Portland, in the City and County of Saint John.

An Act to empower the Police Court in the city of Halifax to sentence juvenile offenders to be detained in the Halifax Industrial School.

An Act to extend the operation of the Act of the Legislature of the late Province of Canada, 19 and 20 Vic., chapter 141, concerning the Synod of the Church of England in Canada, to the Province of Nova Scotia.

An Act to amend An Act respecting the Security to be given by Officers of Canada.

An Act respecting the Canada Central Railway Company.

An Act to incorporate the Quebec and New Brunswick Railway Company.

An Act to make provision for discipline on board of Canadian Government Vessels.

An Act to amend and extend the Acts to provide means for improving the Harbors and Channels at certain ports in the provinces of the Dominion.

Bn Act respecting Ferries.

An Act to continue in force the provisions of divers Acts relating to La Banque du Peuple.

An Act to amend the Acts respecting Customs and Inland Revenue; and to make certain provisions respecting Vessels navigating the Inland Waters of Canada above Montreal.

An Act to remedy the inconvenience which would arise from the expiration of the Act and parts of Acts herein mentioned before the passing of the Act of this Session to continue the same.

An Act for better ensuring the efficiency of the Civil Service of Canada, by providing for the Superannuation of persons employed therein, in certain cases.

An Act respecting certain Works on the Ottawa River.

An Act to amend the Act imposing Duties on Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange.

An Act to amend the Law relating to the Inspection of Raw Hides and Leather.

An Act to vest in Her Majesty for the purposes therein mentioned, the property and powers now vested in the Trustees of the Bank of Upper Canada.

An Act respecting the Marking of Timber.

An Act to amend the Act respecting Fishing by Foreign Vessels.

An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability af Public Accountants.

An Act to amend the Act respecting the duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions in relation to Summary Convictions and Orders.

An Act respecting Official Assignees appointed under the Insolvent Act of 1864, and to amend the Insolvent Act of 1869.

An Act to continue, for a limited time, the Act therein mentioned.

The following Bill received the Royal Assent on the 14th of April, 1870.

An Act to authorize the apprehension and detention of such persons as shall be suspected of committing acts of hostility or conspiring against Her Majesty's Person and Government.

Then the Honorable the Speaker of the House of Commons addressed His Excellency, the Governor General, as follows:

May it please Your Excellency.

In the name of the Commons, I present to Your Excellency, a Bill intituled, "An Act for granting to Her Majesty, certain sums of money required to defray certain expenses of the Public Service for the Financial Years ending, respectively, the 30th June, 1870, and the 30th June, 1871," to which I humbly request Your Excellency's assent.

To this Bill the Royal Assent was signified in the following words:

In Her Majesty's name, His Excellency the Governor General thanks her loyal subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to this Bill.

On leaving the Building the usual honours were paid to His Excellency the Governor-General, and the third Session of the First Parliament of the Dominion was closed.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, May 9th 1870.
(CONTINUED).

DEBATE ON THE TARIFF.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said that no doubt the Government felt themselves so strongly entrenched that they did not consider it necessary to use any arguments in reply to those which had been advanced in behalf of the amendment. The constitutional right of the House to deal with the question had been so fully maintained by reference to the practice of the House of Lords and the old Legislative Council of Canada, that he need not dwell on it at that time; but there was another argument on which less had been said, though it appeared to him as forcible as any that had been adduced. The Confederation was formed upon certain principles which were fully enunciated and discussed. Some persons advocated the continuance of the elective principle with respect to the formation of the upper branch of the Legislature; others contended for the nominative principle. Those who sustained the latter view took the ground that the representative character of the House was not unlike that which existed formerly—that its members were nominated by a responsible Government, by those who represented the people. It was contended that the members of the House would secure the sympathy of the people, although they would be necessarily more conservative than the more popular branch. These views were sustained in the discussions on the subject by those who held a high position in the country. He found in the debates on the Confederation scheme a report of a speech delivered by Hon. Mr. Campbell, in which that hon. gentleman said: "In Upper Canada, as had been stated lately by an hon. member, the population has increased very rapidly, and would probably go on increasing in a much larger ratio than that of Lower Canada, or the other Provinces, and if the Legislative Council were elective, the time might come, when the people of that section would fancy themselves entitled to an increased representation in the Council, and commence to agitate for it. They might object to the fishing bounties paid to the Lower Province, to the money expended there in fortifications, or to something else, and claim a representation in the Council, more in accordance with their population, to enforce their views and in view of such contingencies the delegates from those Provinces conceived it would not be safe to trust their rights to an elective House." In those remarks, the Hon. Postmaster General recognized the principle of Provincial representation. The Senate was bound not to take into consideration any measure, which would affect injuriously the interests of any particular section. Further on, the same hon. gentleman said: "And if that was considered necessary in a country so compact together as the United States, how much more would it be proper in Confederation. Some of the sections of which were seperated from each other by long narrow strips of land, or wide estuaries, with small representation in the popular branch, and looking chiefly to their equality in the Upper Chamber for security for local rights and interests, and institutions." Nothing, then, could be plainer than the principle laid down by the Postmaster General, that the representative principle was applied to the Senate. If he was correct at that time, it necessarily followed that he was now incorrect in saying that the House had no right to accept or reject that which might be beneficial or injurious to the several Provinces. When the constitution was formed, the preponderance of representatives enjoyed by Ontario and Quebec over Nova Scotia and New Brunswick was very great, but it was wisely provided that the three sections of the Dominion—the Maritime Provinces, and the two Canadas—should be equally represented in the Senate. In this way, the Lower Provinces received a countervailing influence in the upper branch, in order that their interests might be protected. The Minister of Justice, speaking on the same subject in the House of Commons, laid down the doctrine that "the man put into the Upper House is as much a man of the people the day after, as the day before his elevation." According to the British constitution the King, Lords and Commons, formed the three branches of Parliament. The Lords represented themselves, the Commons represented the people, or in theory the people themselves assembled to deliberate what was necessary for their interests. Now the Senate was in an entirely different position from the Lords. The members of the Senate had no separate estate to maintain—they represented, in a secondary degree, the people, for they were appointed by those who were responsible to the people. That portion was supported by the highest constitutional authority in Parliament—by one whose opinions on such subjects were entitled to the highest respect, even by those who might differ from him politically,—at a time when the Legislature was discussing the details of the Constitution for the Confederation. In the same debate the Hon. George Brown said:—"The desire was to render the Upper House a thoroughly independent body—one that would be in the best position to canvass dispassionately the measures of this House, and stand up for the public interests in opposition to hasty or partisan legislation." Then in the British North America Act itself, the 18th clause read "The Privileges, Immunities and Powers to be held, enjoyed and exercised by the Senate and by the House of Commons and by the members thereof respectively, shall be such as are from time to time defined by Act of Parliament of Canada, but so that the same shall never exceed those, at the passing of this Act, held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and by the members thereof." That clause did not make the distinction that the privileges and immunities of the Senate should never exceed those of the House of Lords, but placed that body on an equal footing with the other branch, and provided that its powers might be extended by an act of our own Parliament. That fact showed clearly that it was contemplated to constitute a Senate which would be of equal power to the Commons, though its powers would be perhaps exercised with more moderation and discretion. The fact that the name of the Upper branch had been changed to that of the Senate was very significant. The history of the world showed that the idea which the term conveyed was that the Senate had higher duties and responsibilities than even the Legislative Council. In the course of the present debate it had been clearly demonstrated by honourable gentlemen opposite that the House of Lords had undoubtedly the power of rejecting even a Supply Bill. It had also been clearly demonstrated, that not merely a tax which came within the Supply, and which way minor in its character, but the Supply Bill itself had been directly rejected by the late Legislative Council. The present Postmaster General had himself recognized the constitutional right of the House to deal with the question by his own recorded vote in the old Council. It was certainly proper that a measure imposing taxes on the people, should emanate immediately from a body, directly representing and understanding the wants of the people; but in the present case, the Senate was called upon to express an opinion as to the propriety of the burthens to be imposed on the country. Such a right should, of course, be exercised with great care; and the question now arose, whether the Senate would be justified in exercising that right. In answer to that question, he would refer to the state of things in the House of Commons. If the question had not been made one of party, the tariff would never have come up in its present obnoxious shape to the Senate. When the Supply Bill came up in the British Parliament, it was never the practice to treat it as a strictly party question, involving the fate of the Ministry. Two or three adverse votes might be given against the Government, but the House would not necessarily consider them as votes of want of confidence. The Government, however, had said to their supporters, that unless they assisted them in passing the measure, obnoxious though it was, another set of men would probably come into power. So unpopular and unjust was the measure considered, that the Government were only sustained by a bare majority on the motion against the duty on breadstuffs. The Postmaster-General had positively declared that the Government was a unit on the question, but no one could surely believe—especially after certain occurrences in the Commons—that the Cabinet was by any means satisfied with a measure which was raising such a cry of dissatisfaction from one end of the Dominion to the other. Now it was often said that when an individual was assailed on a particular point on which he knew himself to be vulnerable, he invariably insisted upon being relieved from even the shadow of a suspicion. It was impossible to ascertain how the Government could be a unit on the question, when they had one policy before, and another after, dinner. If they could be considered a unit under such circumstances, it must be by a species of legerdemain, which could not be understood with reference to other associations of individuals. As respects the merits of the measure itself, he must confess it was most burthensome to the people. Luxuries, used by the well-to-do classes, were fair objects of taxation; but the policy—the great "national policy"—imposed duties on the poor and labouring classes of the people. It was urged that the coal duty was a matter of little importance, except to those who lived in cities; but it had been urged, with truth, that when you raised the price of one description of fuel, you necessarily enhanced the value of all others. In many localities of Quebec, there was a very great scarcity of fuel—that indeed was one of the causes of emigration from certain districts of that Province. Those who travelled over the country to St. Hyacinthe would see that the country was as bare of fuel as were the prairies of the North West. When the Postmaster General said that the duty on breadstuffs would not alter the price of a loaf of bread, it was obvious that he had not studied the science to which bakers applied themselves. He (Mr. S.) had found that when there was the slightest rise in flour, the bakers were painfully alive to the fact; and he had no doubt that the effect of the duty would be to put a cent on a loaf, without any reference to the actual tax on the whole barrel. The Postmaster General did not appear inclined to be influenced by the opinion of the cities; but in that respect he certainly differed from his colleague, the Finance Minister; for if the Banking Bill showed anything, it was that the great Banking interests of the large centres of population were consulted. Certain sections were affected injuriously by the Bill—especially the Province from which he came. The tax on coal would notoriously weigh heavily upon the population of Quebec. The same people would also suffer in the article of breadstuffs, for they were obliged to import Indian corn and flour from the United States. No doubt, the Minister of Marine felt that the Province of New Brunswick would suffer by the Bill. That hon. gentleman gloried in being a Liberal, but if that term was to mean anything, it should be applied to one who espoused the rights of the people, and under such circumstances, he would surely rise above all party considerations and assume that attitude which he must feel in his heart was due to him as a friend of the people, and a representative of New Brunswick (hear, hear). It was only necessary to read the organs of public opinion in that Province, and to see the position of the majority of its representatives in either branch, to conclude that the Tariff must be most odious to the masses in that section. It was customary with certain gentlemen to call the measure a "National policy," and to defend it on the ground that it would bring the Americans to their senses and restore Reciprocity to us. Such an argument was so purely absurd, that he would not waste any time in discussing it at length. The policy of imposing taxes on fuel and food, which were necessaries of life, could not be for a moment defended on any substantial ground; it was a policy neither in the direction of free trade nor of protection. He had great faith in fostering a manufacturing industry, because he believed that farmers in the vicinity of manufactories, were directly benefited; but the effect of the present measure was to burthen all classes and confer benefit on none. In conclusion, he would merely say that party considerations should not prevail in the Senate—whatever position hon. gentlemen might take could not affect the stability of the Government. The duty of the Senate, under the circumstances, was clearly defined, and that was to guard against any unnecessary burthen being imposed upon the people of the different sections of the Dominion; and if hon. gentlemen failed to respond to the public opinion of the country, they would be recreant to the high trust reposed in them. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. REESOR said that he did not wish to detain the House for any time, but he was unwilling to allow the vote to be taken without having given expression to the reasons which influenced him in the course he was about to pursue. At the outset he must express his regret that the Government had not given more reasons why the House should support the Bill under consideration. No doubt could exist in the minds of any one that the Bill was unpopular from one end of the Dominion to the other; and certainly a measure which gave so much dissatisfaction ought to be sustained by sound arguments before the Senate was asked to pass it. It was not a national policy in any sense of the term, for if it were such, such formidable opposition to its passage would not have arisen in every section of the Dominion. It was urged that the duty on wheat was an act of justice to the farmers of Ontario; but there was a very large quantity of surplus produce raised in that Province, and its value was regulated by the price in the foreign market—whether that market was in Montreal or South America, and could not be affected by the tariff. If we imposed a duty on American wheat and flour, the consumers would have to bear the burthen. But there were other considerations that should not be forgotten. If we allowed the produce of the far West to come through Ontario, as it had been doing for a number of years, then we were fostering a most lucrative commerce. Fifteen millions of bushels of American wheat passed through the hands of Canadian merchants last year. It might be said that there was a drawback on that merchandize, if it was intended for export; but it was well known that the very fact of the existence of such a duty must create annoyance, and cramp that trade, now so profitable to Canada. He could not understand how the Government could sanction a policy which did not benefit any great interest in the country, but on the contrary must re-act injuriously upon the farming community which was deeply interested in the development of all our commercial and manufacturing interests. In nine cases out of ten, American coal was used in manufacturing establishments throughout Ontario, and the tax upon them would be very considerable in the course of a year. It had been said by the Hon. Postmaster General that the duty on coal was only borne by the manufacturing establishments; but it was well known that whatever increased the duty that the manufacturer paid necessarily enhanced the price of the article which he had for sale. Take, for example, railway iron. The duty would necessarily interfere with any contracts that firms might have made of late. Parties engaged in constructing certain railways in the West applied to a certain firm to supply them with the iron. The price was named, but it was too high. The same parties had now agents in England to see if they could there get their iron cheaper. Was it fair to throw difficulties in the way of such enterprizes? A manufacturing interest should be encouraged, inasmuch as it brought additional consumers into the country, and stimulated the agriculture of the Dominion. He did not object to a little incidental protection to manufactures, but that protection was in no way afforded by the measure before the House. The duty on the coarse grains was particularly objectionable. It was well known that corn was the only coarse grain brought in from the United States, and inasmuch as it did not enter into competition with our own produce, the farmers of the West were not benefited by the duty. He was aware himself that within the past year thousands upon thousands of bushels of corn had been brought from the United States. Not only would the distilling and manufacturing interests be effected by the tariff—the shipping interest would also feel it. A drawback might be allowed on corn exported, but why throw difficulties in the way of our merchants and manufacturers? Under these circumstances, he was convinced that if the Senate had ever been called upon to interfere with the legislation of the country, it was in the case of a measure which bore unfairly on particular sections, and could not be justified even by those who were endeavoring to fasten it upon the people.

Hon. Mr. ROBERSTON said that he was unwilling to give a silent vote on the measure which had already been so fully and ably discussed. It was certainly one of the most important questions that had come up for consideration since the commencement of the Union, and he regretted that he was obliged to give a vote on it adverse to the Government. He felt it was the duty of the Senate to rise above party feeling and deal with the question in accordance with the true interests of the country. The constitutionality of the course proposed to be taken by the opposition to the measure had been thoroughly stated, and it was not necessary that he should go over that ground on the present occasion. Looking at the general features of the measure he must say that its effects upon the interests of the different Provinces, and ultimately upon the Confederation itself, would be of a most serious character. The Bill gave very general dissatisfaction, and would continue to create an irritation that it would be very difficult to allay. Instead of endeavouring to stimulate the manufactures of the country, the Government had addpted a policy which hampered them. An indirect tax was put on manufactures, not only by the duty on coal, but by the duty on breadstuffs which enter into the consumption of the labouring classes. If that should be the case,—and no one could doubt it—then there should be no hesitation whatever on the part of the Senate, as to the propriety of rejecting the measure. So far as public opinion had expressed itself, it was most unequivocally against the adoption of so injurious and unjust a policy. He saw no force in the argument that the duties would have the effect of renewing more liberal trade relations with the United States. If he remembered aright it was understood that the negotiations on the subject of Reciprocity terminated some time ago, but since the tariff had come up it was said there was a greater chance than ever of obtaining reciprocity. The whole amount of duties on American products was estimated at $200,000; and would anp ond assert that the Americans were going to give us a renewal of reciprocity on that account. They would only enter into reciprocity when they considered it was for their interests to do so; and it was absurd to talk of coercing them. If we chose to put a duty on goods necessary for our own consumption we would also have the privilege of paying it. Looking into the question of the coal duty, the House would see how unfairly it would operate. If you would take the article of gas coal, it would cost from 35c. to 40c. a ton in Glasgow, and the duty upon that would be about 6 per cent, *ad valorem*. Steam coal, at the shipping ports, was 6s. or 6s. 3d. a ton, and the duty on it would be $33\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. Common house coal was 9s. a ton, and the duty upon that was 24 per cent. American house coal cost, on the average, $3.76 of our present money, and the duty on it would be $13\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. Anthracite coal last year was $7.50 at the lowest price at the nearest shipping port to Canada, and the duty on it was $6\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. Now it would be seen that whilst we would pay $33\frac{1}{3}$ per cent *ad valorem* on the coal imported from Great Britain, we would only pay $6\frac{2}{3}$ per cent on the coal imported from the United States. Therefore a differential duty, to all intents and purposes, was imposed against the English coal to the extent of 26 or 27 per cent.; and yet, that was called a great national policy. It was certainly very extraordinary to hear the Postmaster General say that the duty on coal would be felt outside the cities, and there, only by the wealthy people.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL wished to ask the hon. member if he was not aware that the largest importation of coal was used in the cities, and that the rural districts had no interest in the matter.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON—Would the hon. gentleman say that if the importation of coals was stopped, it would not generally affect the price of fuel?

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—If the entire importation were stopped, it would affect, but not seriously, the price of wood. The rural districts, however, would not feel it;
but, under any circumstanc
did not preclude the import
Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON—I
certain that the Nova Sc
supply the people of the W
Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—Th
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taking off the canal tolls w
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Hon. Mr. ROBERTS
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millers of Ontario, and the
Nova Scotia, and she had to
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section of the Dominion of
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federation, but certainly there wa
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was positive it would lay the f
of discord. He asserted, with
contradiction that the men who
anxious to accomplish the mis
the most bitterly opposed to it
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federation was being worke

(TO BE CONTINU

Latest by Te

By People's Li

Office: G. P. Drummond's
Sec, 19 Sparks street.

QUEBEC,

Quebec,
Miss Fisk gives another concert
Allans, Rae & Co. have issued an
£10,000 sterling against the Gulf Port
ship Company for damages caused by
of Quebec to the steamer Germany. J. W.
Cook are retained for plaintiffs.

Messrs. Irvine, Jolly and Simard
town.

Mr. Glagne, hardware merchant
presenting himself as Alderman
Ward, rendered vacant by the election of
derman Garneau to the Mayoralty.

Col. Rhodes has imported a large
ment of starlings, thrushes and black
naturalize in Canada.

Two cases of stabbing are being
ted before the Judge of Sessions.

Rev. S Cartwright of Basin
in aid of Bishop Strahan's school.

Kate Reignolds attracts large au
every night at the Music Hall.

Mr. S. Lesage, Assistant Commissioner
Public Works, for the Province of Quebec
published a pamphlet on European im
tion, containing every information
the settler. A French copy is now
The English copy will be ready

ST. JOHNS, N. B.

St. Johns, N.B.,
Her Majesty's Plover, command
sailed this morning on a cruise
ward.

Large numbers of passengers have
tained for several days at Shediac
cross to Prince Edward Island.

The ice has jammed into the
Point Duchene, rendering it wholly
able.

The wind has now changed to
ward. The ice will probably clear
row.

Flour market firm. Price unchan

CABLE NEWS

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON—The Press and
Times, is indignant at the face of
ment, to protect Johnston, the
builder, against the outrages of
sations.

The members of the Royal
meet on Saturday next, to arrange
for the Prince of Wales' cup
for by American and British
99 tons burden.

The Queen in State, to-day
building of the University of London
interest was manifested by the
gathered on the grounds, but
were crowded, and among the
present were Gladstone, Disraeli
ing members of the Government
ment.

Earl Granville, George
Lowe received the Queen at the
presented an address.

Her Majesty, instead of reading
which had been furnished her
voice, "I declare this building

Cheers were called, and given
for the Royal Family, the Premier
raeli.

The House of Commons
short session exclusively devoted
measures.

DUBLIN.—During the progress
at Longford, yesterday, there was
Order was restored without calling
troops.

LONDON—The first of the series
tween the American yacht Sappho
English Cambria, 60 miles to windward
return, which began yesterday
this morning in a decided
Sappho, which beat the Cambria
start, at the latter's best point
namely, turning to windward
were towed very early on the morning
10th, to a point 60 miles south
roads. As a strong easterly wind
ing, the race was to westward
was up the channel.

The American yacht Dauntless
English yacht Pleiad, and a number
English crafts and steamers, accom
contesting yachts.

The scene at the start was very
exciting.

It was arranged by the
start should be given on the
which the yachts would
towards mid channel,
wind.

The Cambria having won the
weather position, and
tage at the start.

The Sappho carried 33 hands and
canvass, including, with her regular
aft sails, a main-top-mast stay-sail
jib, while the Cambria only
addition to her fore sail
and carried 26 hands.

The signal to go was given at
The Sappho took the lead
and by the time she was
about 50 miles from the starting
was fully 10 miles to the windward
Cambria.

The latter seeing it was impossible
gave up the race, and without
umpire's steamer returned to Cowes
arrived at four o'clock this morning
panied by the Dauntless. The
at times was not out of sight of
bria, returned to Cowes about
later.

Mr. Ashbury Franklyn admits
The second race will take place
next.

FRANCE.

PARIS—The troubles throughout the city last evening were much more serious than anticipated. The authorities were forced to make a large display of military power, in order to restore peace.

The barricades which had been erected in the Belleville district, were stubbornly defended by the rioters, though they were subsequently carried by the soldiers at the point of the bayonet. Several were killed and wounded on both sides. During the night other encounters occurred, in which a number of sergents, policemen and citizens were killed.

The Belleville District was occupied during the night by the military in great force, and no persons were permitted to pass.

The police made several charges upon the crowds of people who had collected out of curiosity. In some cases they used their swords and sling-shots, whereby many were seriously wounded, mainly those who had nothing to do with the disorder.

The police and riotors used fire arms freely but the troops, made no general use of them. Once during the night a Company of Carabiniers was assailed with showers of stones. They fired on their assailants. This is the only instance known where the troops have departed from their determination not to use fire arms, only as a last resort.

The working men were out in greater force than on any previous occasion.

Perfect order was restored before daylight. The Government has not relaxed its precaution to guard against future disorder.

French opposition and clerical organs, question the result of the election. They maintain that while the vote may have numerical value, it is without social political or religious significance.

The police arrested over 200 persons last night, and searched many houses in the disturbed districts.

Arrests continue to be made today.

Fresh troubles are feared tonight, and crowds are in the Faubourg du Temple. Large numbers collected in front of the barracks, but were dispersed by the police. Guards around the soldiers' quarters have been trebled.

A desperate attempt at revolt was made by the inmates of the prison of La Paquette yesterday.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK—This morning in Dr. Montgomery's church, Madison Avenue, John Twedile, President of the Mechanics' Bank of Albany, will marry Miss Warren, of Ohio. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Twedile will sail for Europe. The bridegroom, who is 72 years of age, is worth three million dollars and the bride is under 40.

ST. LOUIS—Mike McCoole, pugilist, has accepted a challenge this morning to fight Mace for $2,000 a side, six months from signing of articles, within 15 miles of New Orleans.

Secretary Boutwell, in conversation with the President, said yesterday that he expected to find fully $27,000 of the public fund this month.

Rumors that a warlike expedition is being ready to leave this port for Cuba are again rife, and a call issued by Col. Duke de Hay, late of the 44th Infantry, U. S. A., causes considerable stir among filibustering people.

McFarland pronounces the card of Mrs. McFarland to be a tissue of misrepresentations, and denies if she really wrote it. He thinks he has not been fully vindicated, and promises to take further proceedings, in the course of which he will upset the Indiana divorce case, and obtain possession of his other child.

The steamers *Denmark*, *Hansa* and *Deman* have arrived.

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

Finest of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Carvers and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Hutchmor & Co.

THE 69TH BAND.—The splendid band of the 69th Royal Rifles will play on the Major's Hill (weather permitting) to-day, at four o'clock.

THE NOR' WEST.—A detachment of the 69th, here, leave to-day for Red River. Luck, and glory to the fine fellows.

THE MARKET—Thursday.—There were exceedingly light waggons and carts on the market square. The pouring rain prevented the usual numbers from coming out, and the farmers and their horses had to stand it till noon.

BRIGHT GARRISON ARTILLERY.—The Brigade will parade this (Friday) evening at the Drill Shed at half-past seven o'clock. Every member must be present. A meeting of the officers is also called at the above mentioned place to arrange matters in connection with the Brigade Band.

A cow fell into the canal at the head of the locks yesterday morning, but was helped out by some lock labourers who witnessed the accident. The poor brute was benumbed with cold, she was scarcely able to walk after getting on shore.

ARREST.—Detective O'Neill, last night arrested a couple of young men whom he deems to have been guilty of the murderous assault committed on Doucet and Mad'lle. Gosselin last Sunday evening. The matters will be brought up this morning. One of them has been identified by Doucet.

A party of the non-commissioned officers of the Brigade Garrison Artillery, takes place tonight at seven o'clock, at the Drill Shed, to take into consideration the possibility of getting up a social on the Queen's birthday.

THE RAIN.—Some of the farmers in the vicinity who were obliged to delay their ploughing on account of the dry weather, have set to work amid the rain. It is generally anticipated among the old settlers that we shall have a good harvest. So mote it be.

POLICE COURT—Thursday.—The adjourned cases against Thomas Gallagher were further adjourned in order to permit the defendant to get witnesses.

Francois Dauforse, and Joseph Tullefer, were charged with furious driving. They were each fined $1 and costs.

A case of abusive language was adjourned.

THE MARSHALL'S THEATRE—Mr. Marshall last night, was supported by the best house of the season; so far, "Mazeppa," as played by Ada Nelson, is really a success in this city. This graceful young lady combines the qualities of a good comic actress, with the talent of letting out sensational, and telling melodramatic points. As a novice in the part of "Mazeppa," with a horse unused to the 'runs' she has had few equals. The piece will be repeated to-night, and another full house may be expected.

GOVERNMENT.—The citizens of Ottawa will lose a good opportunity if they fail to attend the adjourned sale of building sites in the village of Gorebrough, which will take place to-day at the City Auction Mart, by J. Bermingham, immediately after the ordinance sale of lands. Several of the purchasers of lots at four o'clock this morning, on their Tuesday week last have since refused 50 per cent on their bargains obtained on that day. This certainly is a step-gapper to all those who doubt the propriety of securing a lot on which to build at some future day.—See advertisement in another column.

SAD EVENT.—A clock repairer, named John Francis Aullway Kumur, a native of Switzerland, and who has resided for the past 8 or 10 years in the County of Carleton, came to his death on Tuesday last, under the following lamentable circumstances:—

While repairing a clock for Mr. Timous Lyon of Richmond he obtained some whiskey, which whetted his appetite for more. A person, named Moots, coming in, called for a half pint of whiskey and handed it to Kumur, who took it off at once. He had, however, scarcely done so, when he fell down, seemingly dead-drunk, but really in an apoplectic fit, dying immediately. An inquest was held upon the body by Coroner Bearman, when the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

"Queens Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Snoozoozo Restor, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality."

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

MARAVILLA COCOA.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adopting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' al Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Manufactory, Brick Lane, London. Eng.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

FRIDAY, MAY 13th,

Will be presented the grand spectacular Drama of

MAZEPPA OR THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.....W J MARSHALL.

May 13, 1870. 1331 6

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard white, at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and out buildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'READY,
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBERT,
March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 2t 2

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 2

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. BEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA.

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by R. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,
Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.
1357d

GRAND ITALIAN OPERATIC CONCERT.

Under the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Lady Hincks, Mrs. J. M. Currier,
Mrs. Meredith, Mrs. T. C. Keefer,
Mrs. Coffin, Mrs C. Armstrong,
Mrs. Hammett Hill, Mrs G. P. Baker,
Mrs. Langton, Mrs. Spragge,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17th,

—AT THE—

RINK MUSIC HALL.

—BY—

SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE,

Assisted by the following distinguished Artistes:

SIGNOR FRANCISCO PHILLIPI, Tenore, from La Scala, Milan,

SIGNOR FOSSATI, Baritone, Max Maretzek's Italian Opera Troupe.

EDWARD HOFFMAN, Pianist, New York.

Conductor, L. S. PELETIER.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets $1.00 each—may be had at the Book and Music Stores, and at the door of the Hall on the evening of the Concert.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356d

THANKS!

EMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at

EMONDE BROS.

ALFRED BUTTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his ope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sundays excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sundays excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change: $7 00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Line leaving Ogdensburgh.

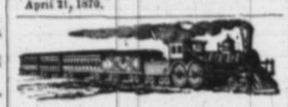
Old the baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J P CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at..... 8:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Provincial Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at..... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 5 a m, 4:40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Chrome leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N. B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ORYDO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicate fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

1323 1awfm 1awfm

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 31 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1355f Rideau street.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

E WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer,
Ottawa, & Russell Road Company.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870 1353 4

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

CAUTION.

All parties are hereby cautioned, not to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.

1354 6 JOHN CURTIS.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed). SAMUEL I JONES.
GEO. C HOLLAND.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co-partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND.

SAMUEL I JONES.
(Signed). W G THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 12 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITRE,

CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c., &c.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR STREATFIELD of the Royal 60th Rifles to sell at his residence, Daly Street, on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture therein, consisting in part of B. W., Centre, Side, and Trifle Tables, Sofas, Lounges, Rich Window Hangings and Poles, Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Dinner and Tea Services, B. W. Cane Seat Dining Chairs, Glass and China Ware. Some handsome Iron Bedsteads and Cots, Bureaux, Washstands, Baths, Hair Mattrasses, Bedsteads, and the Bedding of several Rooms, Bed Room Carpets, Hall, Kitchen and other Stoves, as well as the usual necessary Kitchen Furniture. A handsome Carriage, and a good Family Sleigh.

Sale positive and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

ADJOURNED SALE OF R. A. BRADLEY'S CHOICE BUILDING SITES AT

GOREBOROUGH.

Public notice is hereby given that the great sale of Choice Building sites in the Village of Gorebrough, on the Montreal Road, (just one mile from Ottawa,) will be resumed by J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, at the City Auction Mart, at the close of the Ordnance Sale of Lands, on FRIDAY next, the 13th INSTANT.

The object of the proprietor in resuming the above sale at the time and place mentioned, is amongst other things, to afford an opportunity to intending purchasers who were disappointed by attending too late at the last sale, and who have unanimously expressed the desire that another sale should be called. It is to be hoped that the public have been sufficiently advised as to the locality in question, and also as to the eligibility of the situation for country residences, &c.

Parties desiring to purchase any of the above lots by private sale may do so on advantageous terms up to the day of sale.

Plans will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Auction Rooms of J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer, York street, Ottawa, or at the Law Office of the Proprietor.

R A BRADLEY,
Bangs' Block,
Corner Sparks and Elgin streets,
Ottawa.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer. 1355d

ORDNANCE LANDS.

CITY OF OTTAWA AND NEPEAN.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordnance sale of LOTS in NEPEAN, on lot 35 in Con A, and on Rear Street, in the City of Ottawa, advertised to take place on the 5th APRIL next, is postponed until FRIDAY, 13th MAY, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, when there will be further offered for sale, the following sub lots in lots 34 and 35, Con B, Nepean, and lot letter N, Rideau Front, Nepean, viz.

On lot letter N, Rideau Front—Sub lots 1 and 2.

On lot 35, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 3, 4, 5, 6.

On lot 34, Con B, Rideau Front—Sub lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

Plans of these sub lots together with the plans of the sub lots on lot 35, Con A, and on Rear Street, in Ottawa, will be on view up to the day of sale (13th May) at the Office of the Ordnance Lands Branch of this Department, and at the Auction Room of J. Bermingham, Auctioneer, York Street, Ottawa.

By Order,

E PARENT,
Under Secretary of State.
WILLIAM F. COFFIN,
Ordnance Land Agent.

Department of the Secretary of State,
Ordnance Lands Branch,
Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1195y

DAVID RITCHIE,

Farmer, having left my employ contrary to the terms of his engagement with me, I hereby forbid any person or persons from hiring or harbouring him after date of this advertisement, as any one found doing so shall be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

ROBERT STREAD.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered a Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 10

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—Two McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the JOY-ERNOUS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C DAWNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Wincey
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Hutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, HUTCHMOR & CO.

Are offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 2s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. These situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354d

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

NEW CITY DIRECTORY.

The subscribers beg to announce that they purpose bringing out within three months, a new edition of the CITY OF OTTAWA DIRECTORY, which will contain an alphabetical list of residents; a Business Directory; list of farmers in the counties of Carleton and Russell; the several societies and institutions of the city; names and Post Office addresses of members of the Senate and House of Commons; names and residence of the Civil Service employees; brief notices of our manufactures; the New Tariff, &c., and also a map of the city.

As the mercantile, professional and manufacturing inter Towns of Prescott and Pembroke are so intimately connected with this city, the publishers will include these places in this Directory.

The editions will be large, and advertisers will find it to their advantage to patronize the undertaking.

Our agents are now canvassing the city for all the necessary information requisite to make the volume as perfect and as accurate as possible,

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Printers, Bookbinders and Publishers.

Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1353 3

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
of Montreal,
Or BALDWIN BROS.,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 62 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS

(Compiled [illegible] for the OTTAWA TIMES)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 13, 1870.

Flour—Extra	4 50	@	0 00
Strong Bakers	4 25	@	0 00
No. 1	4 50	@	4 75
[illegible]	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 50	@	0 00
Spring "	2 38	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
Oats—Per bushel, 36 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
Pork—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per [illegible]	2[illegible] 50	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 50	@	0 60
Hay—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

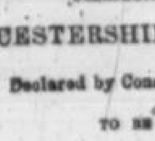
E DEAN.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the state of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*



LEA & PERRINS'

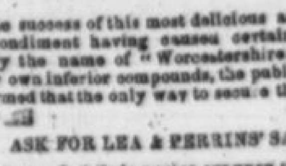
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52yt236 1aw

☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞☞

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

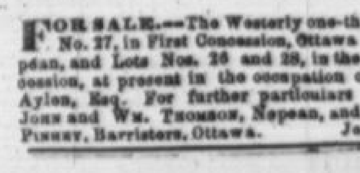
For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1053tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf



FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 13294

Sarsaparilla,

[illegible]ING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

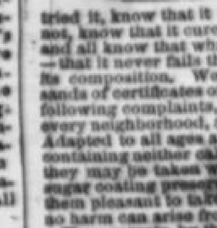
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them: those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

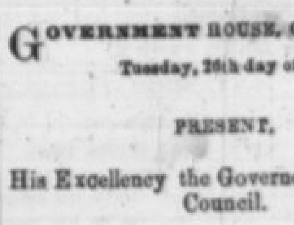
For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

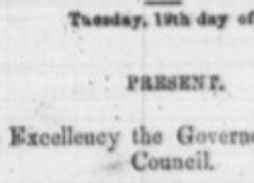
Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton.

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co. Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March [illegible] [illegible]

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BENSON, of Knoxvilleville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents [illegible] everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ *6 Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavoured do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

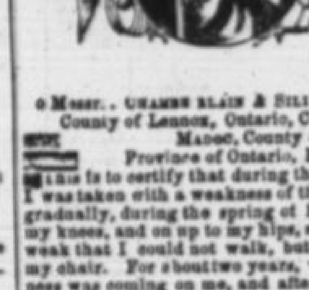
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.



O Messrs. [illegible] & [illegible], Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 18 3m

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Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48ly

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 992y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 360tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original receipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y

or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

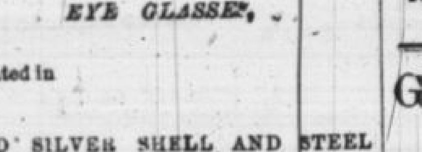
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.,

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

Medical Cards.

DR. J. A. PECKETT, Surgeon Dentist Dental Rooms over A. Graham & Co.'s "Commercial Warehouse," directly opposite the British Lion Hotel, late TIMES Printing Office Langevin Block, No. 60, Sparks-st., Ottawa City. Ottawa, April 2, 1869. 16y

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS, ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1336d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house or 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided: to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ap l 29, 1870. 1346 a

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

---

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

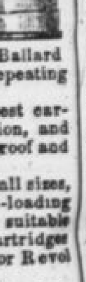
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Hand book, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m., and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. ☞ 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870, 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

---

Ayer's

Hair Vig[or]

For restoring Gray [Hair to] its natural Vitality and [Color.]

A dressing [illegible] at once [illegible] healthy, [illegible] for [illegible] hair. [illegible] hair is [illegible] to its [illegible] with the [illegible] freshness [illegible]. Thin hair [is thick]ened, falling hair checked, [and bald]ness often, though not always, [cured] by its use. Nothing can [restore the] hair where the follicles are [destroyed,] or the glands atrophied [and decayed.] But such as remain can [be saved for] usefulness by this application [and stimulated] of fouling the hair with a [pasty sedi]ment, it will keep it clean [and vigorous.] Its occasional use will [prevent the hair] from turning grey or [falling off, and] consequently prevent bald[ness. Free] from those deleterious [substances which] make some preparations [dangerous and] injurious to the hair, the [Vigor can] only benefit but not harm [it. If wanted] merely for a

HAIR DRESSIN[G]

nothing else can be found [so desirable.] Containing neither oil nor dye, [it does] not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL [CHEMISTS,]

LOWELL, M[ASS.]

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pe[ctoral,]

For Diseases of the Throat and [Lungs,] such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague C[ure,]

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BO[TTLE.]

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE [COMPANY] of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

Pr[esident]—The Hon John H[illyard Cameron,] M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, [Esq.]

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T [illegible], [illegible] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL [INSURANCE] COMPANY are as low as is [consistent with security, and are] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of [insurance is] not when the premiums are [paid, but when] losses are being settled, and [the] promptness of its settlement [proves the] Insurance Company is sound [and reliable.]

Its Inspectors are always [ready to prevent] important loss directly [illegible].

It has no adjusted losses [illegible].

It respectfully solicits a share [of the patronage] of the insuring public of Ottawa.

1298f.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA [STORE,]

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHA[UDIERE,]

CHURCH STREET, LOWER [TOWN,]

P. BASKERVILLE [& BRO.,]

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

COMMISSION MER[CHANTS.]

Just receiving 500 Chests [and half] Chests [of Tea, and a] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, [and] Old Rye and Proof of the best brands.

Those not having had a trial of [our goods are] requested to call and judge for [themselves,] your neighbours who have tried [them.] Liquors. All Goods warranted [and delivered free] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and [Eggs con]stantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick [sales and small profits.]

P. BASKERVILLE.

Ottawa, March 21, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Frasers's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURE [illegible] three minutes. [illegible] face, is distinguishable [illegible] intenseness of its pain [illegible] attack, may be cured [illegible]. Fluid is composed [illegible] and contains nothing [illegible] system either by outward [illegible]. Try it and you will not be disappointed. by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, [illegible]

1364 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 [illegible] and Sand Point.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, [illegible], Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

VOL [illegible]

Hardware

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER [IN] Shelf and Heavy [Hardware,] HENEY'S STONE [BUILDING,] Wellington Street, Upp[er Town,] Cooking and Parlor [Stoves,] Coal, Steel, Iron, [Glass,] Twine, Glass, Putty, &c.

Always on [hand.]

Ottawa, December 20, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU [STREET,]

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED [HIS ESTAB]LISHMENT

(nearly opposite the [illegible])

offers for sale at VERY [LOW PRICES a large] and well selected stock, [of] Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, [Cigars,] Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt, *Bordeaux and [illegible]*

MESS PORK, P. C[HEESE,] LARD, HE[RRINGS,]

& the numerous other articles [making] up a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and [illegible] bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all quality, Burgundy, Sauterne, all prices, in wood and bottle, **HIGHWINES, OLD R[YE] WHISKEY,** high proof and [illegible], at *Thorne's and Stewart's* Old Tom.

Denville's Irish Whiskey, Murphy's Old Irish Pottee[n], Guinness' and London Porter, Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades, Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SA[ME] SELLING AT TW[ENTY] PERCENT BEL[OW COST.]

Now is the time or bar [illegible]

PEOPLE'S TELEG[RAPH] *Incorporated under Char[ter] Consolidated Statut[es]*

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P D[illegible] Office, 19 Spar[ks]

DIRECT[ORS]

A JOSEPH, Chairman; [illegible]; [illegible] SEFOOTS A THO[MPSON]; DRUMMOND, Manager.

W. R. EASTON & COMMISSION M[ERCHANTS AND] FORWAR[DERS,] DEALERS [IN] Wheat, Corn, Flour, C[illegible] OTTAW[A]

End[illegible]

Cash advanced on goods [illegible]. Prompt returns [illegible] & Easton

McDOUGNAN'S, SPARKS STREE[T]

[illegible] gentlemen [illegible] board [illegible] the Capital will [illegible] by the day or week [illegible] the Parliament [illegible]

Educat[ional]

DANCING AND DE[PORTMENT]

Robert Stewart havi[ng] accomplished [illegible] Dancing Classes [illegible] the 22nd inst [illegible] particulars may be [illegible] Robert Stewa[rt illegible] September 9th.

PIANO TUNING.—[illegible] to divide his [illegible] and Ogdensburgh, [illegible] pianos and others, [illegible] left his orders for [illegible] received at Mr. [illegible] and at E. Miller's.

MUSICAL ACAD[EMY]

GUSTAVE SMIT[H,] a Graduate of the [illegible] Paris. Lessons on Pia[no illegible] corner of King-st[illegible] Ottawa, June 23, 186[9].

FARM FOR SAL[E]

A valuable FARM [of one] HUNDRED ACRES [illegible] township of Fitzroy, in [illegible] composed of lot [illegible] Concession of the s[aid illegible] for sale. This Fa[rm illegible] the Village of Fitzroy [illegible], about sixty acres of [illegible] never failing spring of [illegible] the Farm. It is ti[mbered illegible] and Pine timber [illegible] Price twenty [illegible] of the money paid w[illegible] half secured by m[ortgage illegible] annual instalmen[ts illegible] Parties desirous of [illegible] above property will p[illegible] DONALD residing in F[itzroy illegible] all the informati[on illegible] of the said land [illegible] by paying all e[illegible] apply by letter or

CHARLES SPA[RKS] HLAPIERRE[illegible] Or ALEX McDON[ALD]

Ottawa, April 15, 1870.

DOMINICK FOR[illegible]

GENERAL CO[MMISSION illegible] Sussex Street, ne[ar illegible]

[illegible] patronage [illegible] Ottaw[a illegible] in the trade he [illegible] deciding to [illegible] best of his [illegible] Furs, Bag[illegible], Seasonings, &c.

MUSICAL TUIT[ION]

[illegible] will be held [illegible] Sparks Stree[t illegible], or and w[illegible] the purpose of giving [illegible] principles [illegible] the study of the [illegible] the beauties of [illegible] Mr E.B. [illegible] Book [illegible] of the Holy T[rinity illegible] Toronto, du[illegible] course of [illegible] Application to [illegible] he be Hamilton

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1358. | OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1870. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

[TH]OMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, [...]STONE BUILDING, [We]llington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove[s], Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. *Always on Hand.*

[Ottaw]a, December 28, 1869. 1236.1

[DE]NIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA, [H]AVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand*) [offe]rs for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large [an]d well selected stock, *comprising Groceries*, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

[ME]SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, [...] other articles necessary to complete stock.

[TE]AS.—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young [Hy]son, quite fresh and cheap.

[C]OFFEE.—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on [the premises].

[BR]ANDIES.—[...] Renault & Co. Hennessy's and other brands.

[HOLL]AND GIN.—De Kuyper's and Hostuan's, a wood [...].

[W]INES.—of all grades, Ports of fine [...] and Maderia Wines [...] bottle, improved by age. [...] RYE, PROOF AND [WH]ISKEY, [...] at extremely low prices. [...] Scotch Whiskey and [...] Whiskey. [...] Porter, pts and qts. [...] Ales. [...] all grades.

[OL]D STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE [SE]LLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. 1165

[MON]TREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY [Incorpor]ated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

[OTTAWA] OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: [...], Chairman; D G THOMSON, Treasurer; [...] A THOMSON, T H DUNN. [...], Manager. 1141tf

[...] EASTON & CO., [COM]MISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN [Gr]ain, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. [...] consigned for immediate [...] Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON.

[...] SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

[...] can be accommodated [...] Gentlemen [...] will find superior accommodation [...] by the day or week at moderate terms. [...] is situated in the immediate [vicinity of] the Parliament Buildings, and the [...]. 219tf

Educational.

[...] AND DEPORTMENT.

[...] having made arrangements [with an acc]omplished lady teacher, announces [that ...] Classes will commence on [the ...] instant. [...] may be obtained on application [...] Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. [...] September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[M]USICAL ACADEMY. [M]r. GUSTAVE SMITH, Organist of the Cathedral, [...] of the Imperial Conservatory of [...] Lessons on Piano [...] Rideau street, corner of King street. Ottawa, June 22, 1868. 775y

[F]ARM FOR SALE. A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO [HUN]DRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the [Township] of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, [being] composed of lot number twenty, in the [...] Concession of the said Township is hereby [offered for] sale. The Farm is only half a mile [from] the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable [land, ab]out sixty acres of which are cleared with [...] spring of water about the centre [of the] farm. It is timbered principally with [...] and contains a sufficient quantity of [...] the timber for fencing and building [...] Price twenty dollars per acre, one [...] of the twenty paid at the time of sale and the [balance] secured by mortgage payable in two [...] instalments with interest. [Parties] desirous of examining or purchasing the [said] property will please call on JOHN McL[...] residing in Fitzroy Village who will [give] the information necessary as to the [...] of said land. A liberal deduction will [be made for] all cash. For further particu[lars apply] by letter or personally to the under[signed]. [...] SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa. [...] Solicitor, Ottawa. [...] McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario. [...] 1331 1m 15 6m

[...] FOX. [GENER]AL COMMISSION AGENT, [...] next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. [...] patronage of the Lumber Merchants [...] Ottawa. From his long experi[ence ...] offers his services in engaging [...] to their rafts while passing [...] of his ability. REFERENCES. [...] Walter Smith, Esq. [...] R W Cruice, Esq. 1??tf

[...] TUITION FOR BEGINNERS, [...] held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC [...] Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday [...] and after Monday, the 25th April [...] giving thorough instruction in the [...] principles of music, especially as applied [to] the PIANO FORTE under the [...] R. PHIPP, conductor of the Ottawa [...] Society, formerly organist of the [...] Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of [...], and of Christ Church, Ottawa, [...] of 20 lessons, two dollars and a [...] to be made to Mr. GOWAN. [...] limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS,

In a few days at ESMONDE'S.

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accouchour. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received *Ex St. David.*

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington Streets

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street, Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa Rive[r]

Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be resonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE. 1296 tf

Ottawa, March 1, 1870.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour duridg the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer the public.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for 1870.*

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Eveng Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a [f]ull [ass]ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants, for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands; the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials, AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W, LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiffs Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870. 1350tf

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

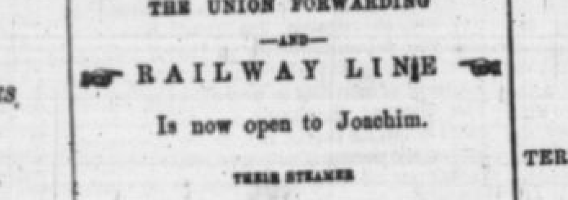
—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY LINE Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER "ANN SISSON"

Will call at Aylmer for Passengers and Britannia for Freight only, until further notice,

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Mails.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.30	5.30
6.00		9.00	Western—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon.		St. John, N. B.; daily		11.30	5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States		11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa	8.00	11.30	
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa			5.00
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc			5.00
		6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa	8.00	11.30	4.30
6.00	12 Noon.		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	4.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.50	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			6.00
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

[ST.] LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive........ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

LADIES OUTFITTING —AND— FANCY DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 14 SPARKS SREET, OPPOSITE THE RUSSELL HOUSE.

This establishment is NOW OPEN, and the subscribers invite attention to the following

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The entire STOCK is new and well assorted. The test of value is Quality as well as Price, and customers will be convinced that our

GOODS ARE CHEAP

Everything known under the general term of

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING —AND— BABY LINEN,

Manufactured on the premises.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

Having secured the services of MISS MAYNARD (Late of Peter Robinson's, West End, London, England), we can confidently say that orders will be executed in a superior manner.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

ONLY ONE PRICE,

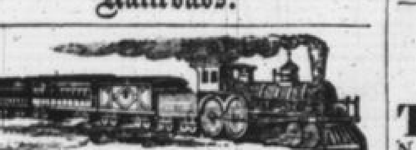
MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

We respectfully invite the public to call and examine our Stock.

R L JAMES & CO.

Ottawa, April 7, 1870 1352y

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7;30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........ 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 7:15 am

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 am

Express for Boston at.......... 8:40 am

Express for New York and Boston at...... 4:30 pm via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at...... 3 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at.......... 2:00 pm

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at.......... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

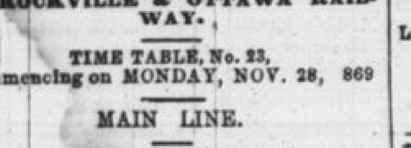
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agtne,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

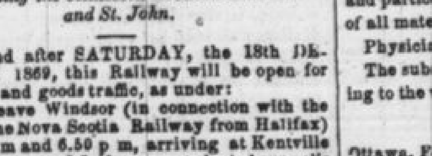
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M., —AND— OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 2

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

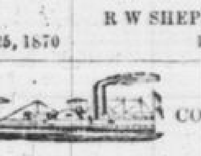
MARKET STEAMER FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq. Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m, and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

Ap l 29, 1870. 1346 a

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Ottawa Russell Road Company—Z Wilson
Music Hall—Miss Egerton
Dissolution of Partnership—Moss & Ryan
Latest Importations—R L James & Co

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12 61 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1870.

ILLNESS OF THE PREMIER.

The Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald is doing as well as can be expected. He had a severe spasm at noon yesterday, from which he speedily recovered, and as he bears himself courageously, scarcely any doubt of his restoration to health is now entertained.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNSHIP OF NOVA SCOTIA.

We learn with pleasure that the Hon. Mr. Kenney, now President of the Committees of the Privy Council, has been appointed temporarily to fill the position of Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia, during the leave of absence for four months granted to Sir Hastings Doyle.

Action on Mr. Kenney's resignation of his Portfolio, as a member of the Canadian Government, which has been sent in, will, we understand, await the recovery of Sir John Macdonald now looked for, we rejoice to learn at a not distant day.

VERY SMALL BY A VERY SMALL MAN.

There is a littleness about Mr. President Grant, in political matters, which detracts considerably from the renown of his military exploits. He seems to be rather the head of a petty clique than the chief of a great nation. In dealing with State questions, his capacity is so exceedingly limited as to lead to the impression that he is more influenced by party feeling than national spirit. The refusal to entertain the policy of an interchange of commodities, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Canada, with similar commodities of the United States; his miserably short sighted design for the increase of American ocean shipping, and his half measures in relation to the extension of United States power over new territories, point him out to be a man in every respect inferior to the very meanest of his immediate predecessors in the White House. No one ever expected General Grant to be equal to Washington in disinterestedness and true nobility of soul; no one supposed that he would exhibit the statesmanship of a Maddison, a Jefferson, or an Adams, but it was hoped that if he fell short of the crude sagacity of Lincoln, he would yet have exhibited something akin to the shrewd sense of Zachary Taylor, and be immeasurably superior to President Pierce. He has, however, quite disappointed every expectation. To-day he is less distinguished than when he assumed the Chief Magistracy, and indeed he is possibly the worst fitted by natural gifts of any man that could have been selected for the distinguished position, which, by a kind of accident, he holds. His latest act—one of the smallest of his act—is to refuse permission to the Steamer *Chicora* to pass through the Sault St. Marie canal. Acting no doubt with the advice of his Cabinet, who are only Heads of Departments not responsible ministers, President Grant has refused to suffer a British merchant vessel to pass through an American canal, that vessel being supposed to have on board provisions, boats, and other necessaries for the Canadian Red River expedition. Now this is exceedingly paltry. It is miserable in conception, mean, and impotent in effect. Already the British steamer *Algoma* is on Lake Superior having passed through the canal as vessels of her class have hitherto done, and as American vessels pass through the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals on the same footing as all other craft do. The shutting of the canal gates at the Sault to impede the progress of our expedition designed to take peaceable possession of a British land, is in wretched contrast with that liberality which permitted United States vessels of war in 1845 or 1846 to pass through the St. Lawrence canals to the ocean and more recently the gunboats which were taken from the great lakes through the St. Lawrence canals, to assist in the suppression of that rebellion, which gave Mr. President Grant the opportunity of exhibiting his littleness towards this country, in the matter of the *Chicora*. His weakness—the weakness of the nation which he rules as contrasted with the power of Great Britain—has led to this paltry interdict. No other word than paltry could so well express our idea of this transaction. Let us suppose that the Canadian authorities, acting in a similar spirit, had closed the Welland and St. Lawrence canals to the merchants of Oswego, Detroit, Chicago, and Milwaukie. This would have been an act for which no other word would have seemed so adequate to express the contempt which the American Government and the American people would have felt. Can the American Government descend to spite? They have done so. A more striking proof of contemptible spite no nation ever before exhibited in so petty and trifling a matter. The expedition will proceed. Nothing can stay that. The canal gates at Sault Ste. Marie may remain shut. Canada nor Great Britain will not attempt to open them. But the Sault will not always be impassable to any ship or craft which England may choose to send beyond it. English money can overcome the great rapid of Ste. Marie as effectually as did American money—the borrowed money of the English capitalist. English gold will make a sure and straight path through the wilderness and between Lake Superior and Lake Huron, with which the United States cannot interfere. The vexatious shutting of one door must open another, and it may be perhaps until that other door is built desirable also to close the Welland and St. Lawrence canals to American traffic. This, Canada has the power to do. While her troops, and stores, are walking that half mile of a portage, which the courtesy of General Grant might have enabled them to avoid, the American schooner and American polly-wog, and American grain laden propeller from the great Prairie cities of the West may be wending their way from Lake to Lake through Canadian canals, but that this liberality will always continue to be considered in its operation there is assuredly very much room to doubt. It will not, at all events, be a very costly matter to build a canal to overcome the rapids, which a canal of one mile and the seventeenth part of a mile on the American side, constructed by a private company, with the aid of the United States Congress, has already so effectually overcome, but which is of a less international character than that which passes through a country acknowledging the sovereignty of the Grand Turk.

THE HONORABLE MR. KENNY.

Elsewhere, it will be noticed that the Honorable Ed. Kenny, who, since the Confederation of the Provinces, has held the distinguished position of Receiver General of the Dominion, is to be, during the temporary absence on leave, of Sir Hastings Doyle, Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia. If an unassuming demeanour, prepossessing appearance, and an intelligent knowledge of public affairs be any recommendation to one holding the high and responsible office of Lieutenant Governor, assuredly those belong to no one in a greater degree than to Mr. Kenny. Possessed of an ample private fortune, amassed after years of laborious intercourse with his fellow men; of irreproachable private character; and with feelings preeminently Nova Scotian, it being the land of his whole life, the scene of his successes in business, and with superior claims upon him, even to that of the land of his birth, it is not to be doubted that in the exalted position to which he has been raised, he will exhibit those rare qualities of head and heart, which go so far towards creating a feeling of affection between the ruler and the ruled. During the long period in which he has held a chief place in the Councils of this Dominion, and while occupying a seat in the Senate, Mr. Kenny has been able to keep clear of those difficulties which too frequently beset men with greater pretences to ability. His elevation to the Lieutenant Governorship is only as much an act of deference towards the people of Nova Scotia, as it is an honor to one already distinguished among the many men of note which Nova Scotia has produced.

THE QUEEN.

However familiar the face of our beloved Queen may be, even to such as have never seen Her Majesty in the flesh, a really good and striking likeness of Queen Victoria, the first lady of the land, as she appears in every day life, is not readily obtainable. It is, however, the desire of every good subject in her realm, to see the Queen constantly before them. Every British subject takes a personal pride in the good Queen. Her noble conduct as a wife and mother; her great good sense as a sovereign; her achievements even in the literary way have combined to make her the first of women and the best of Queens.

Mr. A. J. Fell has shown to us an admirable portrait of the Queen—one of the best and most strikingly correct photographic likenesses which we have ever seen, and his agent is now in this city canvassing for subscribers. There are three sizes—one very large, one a little smaller, and the smallest of the three, which is, nevertheless, a very large photograph.

This picture was submitted to His Royal Highness, Prince Arthur, for inspection, who thus, through Colonel Elphinstone, speaks of it;

"ROSEMOUNT,
"Montreal, 12th March, 1870.

"Colonel Elphinstone begs to return herewith the photograph of Her Majesty which Mr. Fell sent for the inspection of Prince Arthur. His Royal Highness thinks it an *excellent likeness*.

MOSS AND BUCK.

A change, we perceive, has taken place in the proprietorship of the *Evening Mail*. Mr. Carroll Ryan retires, so far as the *Mail* is concerned, from the active duties of journalism into private life, and Mr. Buck, so well known here in other capacities, is associated with Mr. Moss in the publishing of the *Mail*. As usually we regret very much the loss which the public will sustain in the retirement of Mr. Ryan, whose literary labours are so well known and appreciated, but we can not do less than congratulate Mr. Buck on his assumption of a career, which we sincerely trust may be as agreeable and profitable as any occupation in which he has yet been engaged.

SPEECH OF THE HON. MR. ARCHIBALD ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGES ON THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

MAY 4th, 1870.

On the motion of the Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD, for an address to the Governor General, for a return showing the comparative cost of Bridges constructed in iron, and Bridges constructed in wood, on the line of the Intercolonial Railway made on the 4th May, 1870,

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD said, before the motion was put, he craved the indulgence of the House for a few minutes, while he explained the object he had in view, in asking the House to assent to that address. The whole Dominion had a deep interest in the Intercolonial Railway. In the Union Act it was declared to be an essential to Confederation—in the opinion of all the Provinces, and as regarded Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the Act declared, what was the fact, that their assent to Confederation was given on the condition, that the Railway should be built. The importance these Provinces attached to the construction of the Road, rendered it peculiarly the duty of their representatives in Parliament, to see that all the advantages which were contemplated by that condition, were secured to them. If it was necessary to have a railway, in the first instance, it was equally necessary that the Railway should be a solid and durable work, that it should not be built only, but should be maintained and kept up. In the original scheme it was intended that the work should be of a substantial character. In the instructions addressed to Mr. Fleming, by the late Hon. Ferguson Blair, under date of the 11th March, 1864, in reference to the Survey of the country between Riviere du Loup and Halifax, Mr. Fleming was directed to to make calculations on the matter of the probable cost of the work, "with a due regard to economy, but at the same time to full efficiency." Mr. Fleming proceeded under these instructions to make his survey, and gave in his report on the 9th February, 1865. In this he made an estimate of the cost of construction in conformity with the directions received; he proposed a rail of 70 lbs. to the lineal yard—of the best quality of iron; he proposed 5,000 cubic yards of ballast to the mile; he proposed a fish or some other equally good splice joint, and as regards bridges, he said:—"All bridges are intended to be built of durable materials and in the most substantial manner; all openings of more than 20 feet span are intended to have wrought iron beams placed on substantial bridge masonry."

"In establishing the Intercolonial Railway," he says:—"I think it would be a mistaken and dangerous economy to introduce the construction of any bridge structures, except that of a permanent and substantial character."

The estimate of the cost of construction was founded on this style of work, and these estimates formed the basis of the arrangements made at London in 1866. They formed the basis on which the negotiations for a loan were conducted with the British Government, and the basis upon which the money was eventually raised.

He could not help thinking, therefore, that any substantial deviation from that basis, was something like a breach of faith towards the Provinces most deeply interested, as well as towards the Imperial Government, which had lent its guarantee to raise the necessary funds. When he understood that the bridges on this line were to be built of wood, he confessed to have felt much disappointment. He believed it was a great mistake, and when he saw by the Report of the Commissioners lately laid before Parliament, that they had, to some extent, abandoned this idea, and that they were going to build, at least six or seven of the unjust structures of iron, he felt that they were on the right track, and he hoped they would still re-consider their determination, as to the others, and see whether in the interest of the Dominion, it would not be better, and really cheaper, that the whole should be built of iron. The Commissioners were not building the road to hand over to others—they were building for the country, and the country had to maintain it. The question of cost was not therefore confined to the charges of construction, in the first instance, it included the question of maintenance as well. In estimating the cost of the road with wooden bridges, it would be necessary to lay aside and consider as part of the cost, such a sum of money as would furnish the means to replace the bridges when worn out. And as the life of a wooden bridge did not exceed ten or twelve years, it was clear that the amount to be calculated for rebuilding, would form a very considerable item.

If then there even were some considerable difference in the first cost, that difference was more apparent than real; but it was very doubtful whether the difference, even in this respect, would be large. The Commissioners themselves had come to the conclusion, as stated in their report that as regarded a certain class of the bridges, the cost in iron was not much in excess of the cost in wood, even in the first instance.

But there were other considerations that should not be lost sight of. The renewal of bridges every twelve years, would form a very serious interruption to traffic. The road was over 500 miles in length. Imagine the inconvenience which, after a few years, must exist when, all along the line, the bridges were worn out and required to be replaced. Considering, too, the dangers to which a wooden bridge was exposed by fire, and which of course would reduce the average life of such a rtructure; considering the additional cost of watching involved in the liability of the structure to be destroyed; considering that we were now building with funds borrowed at 4 to 4½ per cent, while twelve years hence we could not hope to raise money on such terms; considering that if we built of wood now, we should probably, twelve years hence, do as all Railway Companies have lately done, and substitute permanent structures for the temporary ones we are now putting up, and if so, that we were only deferring the work, but not avoiding the actual expense; that we were putting off the work to a time when we could not hope to have a renewal of the Imperial guarantee, and, in effect throwing away the costs of the first structures. Under these circumstances, it did seem to him to be no economy, even if we saved in the first instance, to construct any of the bridges in wood. But we were not in a position to deal intelligently with this subject without having the materials to make a comparison between the costs of the two kinds of structures, and he had proposed this motion that we should get the information we needed. Meanwhile, he trusted the Commissioners would take the matter gravely into their consideration, and until the return was laid before Parliament, that they should at all events insert in any contract they might enter into clauses giving them the option on such conditions as they should think right to require the bridges to be of iron, if on further consideration they should adopt that policy. He needed hardly to say that he had made these remarks in no unfriendly feeling towards the Commissioners, on the contrary, he was happy to know from conversation with the Chairman, that the matter had occupied the serious consideration of every member of the Commission, and his only reason for moving in the matter, was the deep interest that the people of the Maritime Provinces had on a point which they deemed so essential to the effective working of the Confederation.

Hon. Mr. ARCHIBALD then read the following resolution, which was passed unanimously:—"Resolved that an humble Address be passed to His Excellency, for a return shewing so far as the same can at present be ascertained, the number of bridges, above the size of culverts, required to be constructed on the Intercolonial Railway, the localities where the same are to be built—and the estimated cost; such return to shew the estimated cost, if the the spans are constructed of timber, and the estimated cost if constructed in iron. Also a copy of so much of the contracts for the construction o f the road, as contains the provisions, if any, for enabling the Commissioners to substitute iron for Wood in the construction of bridges in case it may seem to them desirable to do so.

Dominion Parliament.

SENATE.

(DEBATE ON THE TARIFF CONTINUED.)

OTTAWA, May 9th, 1870.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTS—The Hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries might well move uneasily in his seat, for he knew that the assertion respecting the state of things in his Province was perfectly correct, and that there was no doubt the feeling would increase in intensity unless there was a change for the better in Dominion legislation. Under such circumstances it seemed to him that the Senate had ample reasons for adopting the amendment before the House. The effect of the Bill might be simply stated as setting one section against another, and exciting jealousy and prejudice from one end of the Dominion to the other. It was impossible to look into the details of the Bill without seeing that most disastrous results would follow fom its operations. The mode of assessing the duties was certainly of a most extraordinary character. Three-quarters per cent. additional was put on all articles that pay 15 per cent. *ad valorem* on which, according to the Finance Minister, $425,000 was expected to be raised. Ever so many entries would have to be made at every Custom House, and the staff of officers would have to be increased; for it would be impossible for the ordinary clerks to spare the time requisite to make the calculations that would be demanded by the Bill. The same statement was applicable to merchants engaged in large business, and having frequently to make entries. It was impossible to predict accurately the amount of confusion and trouble that must arise under the Bill. The stipulations with respect to packages was most annoying. There was not a man, in the Dominion, who had anything to do with the importations of wines, and was obliged to pay for the casks. The cask was included in the price of the wine or brandy. Section Eight of the former law was now repealed, and a most extraordinary section substituted in its place, which he must confess, he could not thoroughly comprehend.

"8. The value for duty, of goods on which an *ad valorem* Duty of Customs is imposed, imported into Canada by sea, shall be the actual value of such goods at the last place at which they are purchased; and the value of such goods for duty if imported from the United States by land or inland navigation, shall be the actual value of such goods at the last place at which they are purchased for importation into Canada, and whence they are directly conveyed, without change of package, to Canada; and whatever be the country from which the goods are imported, or in which they are purchased, such value shall be ascertained by adding to the value of such goods at the place of growth, production, or manufacture, the cost of transportation, whether by land or water, and of shipment and transhipment, with all the expenses included, from the place of growth, production, or manufacture, to the place where the goods are purchased, and if they are purchased in the United States, then to the place whence they are directly conveyed to Canada as aforesaid,—and such value shall include also the value of any box, case, sack, package, or covering of any kind in which such goods are contained, and all export duties on such goods, and all costs and charges incurred prior to their purchase."

No one could comprehend the actual meaning of such a clause. How was one to get the value of goods at New York? Such a clause might well puzzle any merchant. He was sorry to see that the Government had been under the necessity of adopting the most obnoxious part of the Tariff in the neighbouring States. It was almost impracticable to get the information asked for in that vexatious clause. Did it mean that a man buying a case of silks in New York would have to go and find its cost in China, or wherever it was manufactured, and trace every step that added to its price before it reached him? Take again the case of a bale of German cloths. One man might go to Berlin and purchase his cloth, and besides the value of the invoice he would have to state every shilling he might have to pay until he got it to its destination. Now suppose another person should purchase precisely the same class of goods in Liverpool; when he would present himself at the Customs he would be met by the officer with the remark, "What is the cost at the place of production?" He might reply, "I cannot say, for I bought the case in Liverpool;" but the officer would tell him. "You must furnish me with all the charges until the case got to Liverpool." The actual result would be that he would pay the charges on that cloth as far as Liverpool twice over. He must confess he could not see how such intricate, if not impossible, entries was ever to be made; and yet the measure was called a "national policy." It was certainly the most incongruous production that he had ever met with in the course of his business experience. As respects the cost of the packages, it must be admitted on all hands that it would fall on the consumers. If a duty had to be imposed, why not put it immediately on the goods themselves, rather than on the packages. It was simply because the Government did not wish to acknowledge they were increasing the duties to 18 or 20 per cent., that they brought forward such a policy. It would have been far preferable to have imposed additional duties directly than to have devised such an annoying and cumbrous mode of raising money. No one certainly was prepared to refuse the Government permission to raise all the money they required in a legitimate way, but what he and others objected to, was the system adopted. If two and a half per cent. additional had been put on all the *ad valorem* goods, they would have actually raised more money than they asked for, and saved trouble and annoyance. The value of the packages, commercial men say, could not be estimated with reference to the value of the contents. The more bulky and cheaper goods came in heavy packages. As respects tobacco, it must be remembered that it was the luxury of the poor man, just as the rich man's luxury was a cigar or madeira. Coming to another branch of the subject, he would mention that he saw it stated that Nova Scotia paper would be received at the Customs and Inland Revenue departments in New Brunswick at two and two-thirds per cent discount in payment for duties. He presumed that this was to be a concession to New Brunswick to make up for the abandonment of the resolutions by the Government for the assimilation of the Currency.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—The Government were the servants of Parliament, and Parliament had allowed the question to remain over for the present.

Hon. Mr. ROBERTSON—The Government promised to deal with the question, and then ignominiously backed down at the dictation of the members from Nova Scotia. Now 2½ per cent upon $5 was 13¼ cents; the discount on Nova Scotia money was sometimes as low as 3½, but that depended at the rate of exchange, and the average was 3 per cent or 15 cents—so the concession was no such great boon after all to New Brunswick merchants. It must be considered, too, that in exchanging the money so collected considerable expense would be incurred. In fact, it was impossible to consider the present fiscal legislation of the Dominion in any point of view without seeing how cumbrous, expensive and unfair it was to the mercantile interests of the country. For such reasons, he believed the Senate was bound, by a deep sense of obligation, to the people of the Dominion over whose interests it was bound to watch, to express its emphatic protest against the measure under consideration, and relieve the country from the burthens which, if it was allowed to pass, it would impose upon all classes. He had no hesitation whatever in giving his vote against the measure, inasmuch as it could not affect the position of the Government, and no great inconvenience need arise from the passage of the amendment. He was assured that the people, from one end of the Dominion to the other, would be exceedingly gratified if hon. gentlemen would consent to postpone the Bill. The resolution clearly expressed the wish why he Senate should take the course they were asked to pursue, and he was convinced that none other was open to those who were influenced by a desire to promote the true interests of the people. [Hear, hear.]

Hon. Mr. ALLAN said that he knew the House was becoming impatient, and he had no desire to prolong the discussion that night further than was necessary to place his views on record. He must say, at the commencement, that there had been no agreement between the hon. member for Grandville and other gentlemen on the same side of the House, to take the Government by surprise. He did not suppose that it would be unfair to that hon. gentleman if he were to say that if the amendment were to have the effect of bringing about a change of administration, it would not be a cause of dissatisfaction to that hon. member; but he (Mr. Allan) must say that he was convinced that hon. gentlemen had not brought forward his motion in a purely party spirit. So far as he was individually concerned, he could assure the House that he had no other object in view except the deferring of a measure which he believed to be most undesirable. It had always been his pleasure to support the Government on all measures on which he could conscientiously do so; and, as regards the gentleman who led the administration in the House, he (Mr. A) had great reluctance in assuming an attitude of hostility to him above all others. The present, however, was one of those cases when he ought not to be influenced by purely personal or party considerations. It was not necessary for him to say much about the constitutionality of the proceedings, after the remarks of the hon. gentleman who preceded him; but there was one passage in Todd's "Parliamentary Government," to which he would call particular attention.

Mr. ALLAN read a quotation from the authority in question, in elucidation of his argument, and then went on to say that there was no doubt that the Senate was justified in expressing an independent opinion on a question of such a character as that under consideration. Indeed, a case in point had already been mentioned—the vote taken in 1859, in the old Legislative Council, on the motion moved by the Hon. Mr. DeBlaquiere, and which he had the honour of seconding and supporting in company with the present Postmaster General. (Hear.) Without dwelling further on a point on which he was convinced there ought not to be a doubt in the minds of any one, namely, the constitutional right of the House to take the course the resolution asked it to pursue—he must briefly refer to the merits of the measure itself—of that "National Policy," of which they lately heard so much. As a British Canadian, he was very desirous of building up a strong nationality in this part of the continent, but he must frankly admit that he could not see how the Confederation was to be strengthened by such a policy as that before the House. What he understood by a national policy was one which was essentially for the good of the country. Such a measure should be considered carefully and conscientiously in accordance with what were believed to be the true interests of all sections of the Dominion. With respect to the protection of the fisheries, he was prepared to support the Government in guarding the rights and interests of our fellow subjects in any part of the Dominion; but that question was very different from one which could only perpetuate jealousies between the different sections, instead of creating harmony and cementing the Union. The argument that such legislation could ever tend to reciprocity was too absurd. Was it possible that four millions of people could coerce thirty-eight millions into the adoption of a particular commercial policy? He was strongly opposed to the measure, because he believed, in the first place, it was obnoxious in principle. He had no desire to see the doctrine of protection revived in Canada, and more duties imposed than were absolutely necessary for the purposes of revenue. For that reason he objected to the measure, especially, as the principle having been once allowed, it was not easy to recede. Then he objected to the policy, because it would not answer the purpose which its promoters claimed for it. Any material protection it might afford to any particular interests—and it was doubted if any would really be given—would not compensate for the great injury that would be done to the shipping and commercial interests of the country by driving into American channels a large trade that had hitherto passed through Canada. In speaking on the question, the Postmaster-General appeared to consider it a matter of indifference what the opinions of the cities might be; but the House was hardly likely to agree with him that it should not listen with respect to the wishes and sentiments of the large centres of intelligence, whence information radiated to all parts of the country district; when, therefore, it was seen that in the great centres of industry the measure was most emphatically condemned, the House had most powerful reason for rejecting it without the least hesitation. (Hear, hear). He acknowledged that if, by the imposition of the duty, it was possible to compel the manufactures of Western Canada to use Nova Scotia coal, it would be satisfactory; but no one who was conversant with the subject but acknowledged that they could not be supplied from that Province. Nova Scotia coal, he was assured, had been tried over and over in the furnaces of the large manufacturing establishments, but not with satisfactory results. No matter what the duty might be, the proprietors would be obliged to use the American authracite coal. Then, again, consider the effects upon the poorer classes of the population. It had been asserted that so far as the great body of our people were concerned, the taxes would not affect them in any way whatever, but he could not agree with that opinion. In the first place, he must state it as a fact that coal was being extensively used among all classes, owing to the increase in the price of wood—even in the large benevolent institutions they were obliged to use it altogether. Every one was aware that the destruction of the forests was going on most rapidly in every part of the Dominion, and the price of wood was annually becoming higher; and there was no doubt whatever that the moment the additional taxation came into operation the result would be to add to the price of fuel. If the effect of the measure would be to encourage intercolonial trade, it would be an argument in its favour, but his idea of the best means of effecting so desirable an object was to increase the facilities of intercourse between the different members of the Union—to improve our canals and extend the railways throughout the Dominion. During the past season, the steamer *Her Majesty*, had made regular trips between Halifax and the upper ports, but she could only go down to Montreal half laden, in consequence of the limited capacity of the canals.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—She always got her full cargo at Montreal.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN—The results, however, were far more profitable to the owners.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL—Had been told by the owner of the boat, Mr. Chisholm, that the result of taking off the canal tolls, would be to give a margin for profit, and that if the propeller had not been wrecked, he would have made a good season.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN went on to say that although he felt it to be a grave responsibility to vote for the amendment, yet he was compelled, for the reasons he had given, to support it. He believed that the measure was in itself inaugurating a mischievious system of legislation—that it would not encourage Intercolonial trade—that, on the contrary, it would interfere most seriously with many valuable branches of industry throughout the Dominion to which coal was indispensable—that it would press most heavily on a large class who were obliged to use it on account of the scarcity and expense of wood. Under such circumstances, there was no other alternative open to him as a member of the Senate, entrusted with the responsible duty of guarding the interests of all sections, than to vote against the passage of a measure which was likely to operate so injuriously upon all classes in the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. LOCKE said that the question had been so ably argued by his hon. friend and colleague from Nova Scotia (Mr. Miller,) who had clearly proved the constitutional right of the Senate to deal with the question, that it was not necessary he should delay the House with any prolonged observations on that part of the subject. It had been urged with force that they were now entering upon a new era in the history of this country, and that the example the Senate might set would be considered a precedent for the future. He thought the House had a perfect right to establish such a precedent as would clearly define its authority as a body performing responsible functions under the constitution of a Dominion, which was to become a great nationality according to the promoters of Confederation. As respects the tariff itself, he must say at the outset that the duty on coal would not be considered a concession to the majority of the people of Nova Scotia. The coal interest was confined to Pictou and Cape Breton, and the tax, if a benefit at all, could only protect a minority of the population. Whilst making a concession to the coal counties of Eastern Nova Scotia, the bread of the people in the West, was to be taxed. The Western Counties traded cheaply with the United States. At the end of the fish ing season, vessals left the western parts for the United States, where they disposed of their cargoes of fish and returned with flour, rye and cornmeal. Only once in the history of Nova Scotia had the coarse articles of rye and meal been taxed. Rye could not be procured in Canada on the same terms as in the United States, and the same remark applied to corn meal to a large extent, rice was also a commodity essential to a large class of the population—it was the luxury of the fishermen and poorer people. The man who was not able to buy any other article of luxury used rice—even the schooners when they went to the fisheries took large quantities with them. The Minister of Marine and Fisheries was perfectly well aware that meal was an article of prime necessity, not merely among fishermen, not especially among lumbermen. He would next refer to the article of tobacco, which was already taxed largely; it was the poor man's solace—absolutely necessary for his comfort when he returned home after a hard day's toil; but now he had to pay upwards of 100 per cent. more for the luxury of smoking his pipe. The duty on packages was very troublesome and unfair. The cask, for instance, in which molasses came might be worth $5 in Cuba; but when it reached Nova Scotia its value was not more than 75 or 80 cents. In the fisheries, such casks were used to some extent for butts, but otherwise they were useless, and would have to be broken up for fuel. Nowhere, except perhaps in the United States, was it usual to resort to the absurd expedient of charging a duty on packages. It had been well pointed out by the hon. gentleman from St. John (Mr. Robertson) that the Eighth Section would lead to great trouble and inconvenience, inasmuch as it was almost impossible to comply with its provisions, and under any circumstances it would require additional clerks in every large mercantile establishment, and in Custom Houses as well. Yet this measure, so perplexing and burthensome in its details, was called a great national policy. Some called it a "retaliatory policy," but before it could be entitled to that name, we would have to impose duties on American products equal to those they imposed on our own. The measure afforded no concessions to Nova Scotia—unless it was a concession to tax seven-eights of the people for the benefit of one-eight. Indeed, it was most questionable—in fact, it was positively denied—if the duty would operate beneficially for the coal producers themselves; but even under any circumstances it was a wrong policy to tax the many for the advantage of the few, (hear, hear.) The true principle, which should be at the bottom of all legislation, was to leave the people at liberty to buy where they can purchase the cheapest and sell in the dearest market. He had no doubt whatever that it was practicable to raise any money that might be required for the public expenditures by some means which would not operate unfairly on classes or sections of the people. For instance, additional revenue could more satisfactorily be raised by making a slight increase on the *ad valorem* duties from 5 to 15 per cent. He thought, after having given full consideration to the subject, that it was the wisest course for the House to reject a measure which was creating such wide-spread dissatisfaction, and relieve the country from the irritation and arrogance which would certainly arise from its passage.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD said that he felt somewhat diffident in rising to speak on the question before the House at that late hour of the night, but he could not give a silent vote. The tariff had been before Parliament for a month—it had been thoroughly discussed in the House of Commons and in the public press; but nevertheless he had not seen a single petition from the farmers in Ontario complaining of its probable effects. It was true the cities of Montreal and Quebec objected to the measure.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN—The people have with reason thought that the objectionable features of the measure would be struck out.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD was not denying that Toronto, which the hon. member represented, was opposed to certain features of the tariff. He was not himself altogether satisfied with the measure, but nevertheless he had confidence in the Government, and believed that they had devised the best measure possible under all the circumstances. They were obliged to raise additional revenue, and the only way they could do it was by imposing such duties as would be distributed over all sections. He doubted very much whether it was advisable to add to the fifteen per cent duties at the present time. As a representative of a lumbering district he was opposed to a tax on timber, and it was probable that the Government would be obliged to resort to such a step, should they not be allowed to pass the present measure. He had been, he must confess, much surprised at the statement of the hon. member from Halifax (Mr. Miller) that English coal could be bought so much cheaper than the Nova Scotia article in the Quebec market.

Hon. Mr. MITCHELL said that it was a mistake to say that any ship would bring the coal simply as ballast.

Hon. Mr. MILLER had made his statement on the best authority.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD was of opinion that unless the Nova Scotia dealers produced coal cheaper, they could not expect to get the Canada trade.

Hon. Mr. MILLER remarked that they could not get it under existing circumstances.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD said that it was obvious to him that the national policy would work to the advantage of the country if it was properly carried out, and he believed it to be the duty of the representatives of all sections to assist it; and under any circumstances, if it did not operate beneficially, it could soon be repealed. It was a wise policy, at the present time, to direct all our legislation towards the object of creating trade between the several Provinces constituting the Dominion. The present measure was a step in that direction, and was therefore an experiment worthy of trial. The Senate should also bear in mind the fact that if it rejected the Bill before it, it would subject the House of Commons to much inconvenience, by delaying the progress of public business, and keeping members for some time longer from their homes and private affairs. He was not prepared to assume the responsibility of bringing the two Houses into collision with each other, at a time when it was so desirable to bring the public business to a close. In conclusion, he must observe that he was desirous of seeing every Custom House on the frontier abolished, and free trade established between Canada and the world. Direct taxation was, after all, the true principle of meeting public expenditures; but whilst the country was not prepared to adopt such a policy, he had to take things as he found them, and he would therefore vote for a measure which had been matured by the Government as a means of raising the revenue to the amount required for the public exigences.

Hon. Mr. BOURINOT said that before the House divided, he felt it necessary to make a few remarks on the very important question which had already occupied so much time. He regretted that the members of the Government, and those who were ready to support them on the question, had not thought it advisable to explain more fully the reasons why the House should give its assent to the measure. He for one, would not apologize to the House for assuming a position which he felt he was called to assume by a sense of the duty he owed to the country. (Hear.) It was his undoubted right, as a member of the Senate, to act independently of Ministers, and he would not hesitate to exercise it on the present occasion. When the measure was brought up in the House of Commons, by the Government, he was in the city of Halifax, and in frequent intercourse with the leading men engaged in trade and interested in the coal mines of the province; and not one of those he met expressed his satisfaction with the tariff. The coal owners said they did not want the duty of 50 cents, inasmuch as it would not be protection to them in the Canadian Market. They all thought that there was a disposition on the part of the United States to agree to amend their tariff so far as coal was concerned, and that there was every probability that the prohibitory duty would be abolished or so lowered as to allow the coal dealers of Nova Scotia to send their product into the American Market with profit. It was well known that public opinion in the United States was tending to the adoption of a more liberal commercial policy towards Canada; and under the circumstances it was believed in Halifax that the policy pressed in the Canadian Parliament by certain prominent gentlemen was unsound, and not calculated to benefit Nova Scotia in the end. It was clear that the natural market for the coal of Nova Scotia was the United States, and that it would go there despite the duty imposed on it. Many of the vessels now engaged in the trade brought back flour and meal, instead of ballast, and now it was proposed to tax those commodities which the people always considered they should receive free. Such legislation was in itself calculated to burthen the very class which it was intended to benefit, and showed want of foresight on the part of those who had matured and forced it on the country. He was confident that the insignificant duty in question would never create trade between Canada and Nova Scotia—if trade should ever spring up between East and West, it must arise from natural causes. (Hear, hear.) Not from such artificial and unnatural expedients as now proposed. It was out of the question for Nova Scotia coal to compete with the British coal, which, as it had been before observed, was brought in as ballast. The best house coal sold at Sydney for over 10s. a chaldron, and for $1.75 at the new mines, and the freight to Quebec would cost nearly as much. Then the various charges that had to be incurred in going up to Montreal, were so large at present, that the coal trade could not be made profitable. The policy was unsatisfactory in whatever point of view it might be considered. It was in no way calculated to build up a "new nationality," but was certain to perpetuate a spirit of rivalry and sectionalism that might lead to most serious consequences in the future. He was not prepared to admit that a great favour had been conferred upon Nova Scotia by a concession which could not benefit even the interest it was intended to assist; but under any circumstances, he protested, as a representative of that Province, against the adoption of any measure that would create ill-feeling between different sections. As respects the argument that was used by the opposite side—that the effect of rejecting the Bill would be to bring the Senate into collision with the other branch—he did not see much force in it. The Senate had a perfect right to pursue that course which its members should deem most in accordance with the public interests, and even should they differ from the House of Commons he was convinced there was enough liberality in that body to prevent any difficulty arising.. He regretted that he had delayed the House, but he could not refrain from expressing his opinion on the question, though he knew that his hon. friends who had preceded him had exhausted the subject. He had no hesitation as to the vote he would give that night, for it would be influenced by the desire to act for the interests of the whole Dominion; and the interests, he was convinced, would be best subserved by rejecting a measure which would operate as most unsatisfactorily.

Hon. Mr. WARK said that he had been prepared to hear many diverse opinions expressed on the subject under consideration, but certainly he had never expected to find such unanimity. It was stated that it was the intention to benefit Nova Scotia and Ontario, and yet it was most surprising to see members from those sections rising, one after the other, and expressing themselves opposed to the measure. The effect upon New Brunswick was clearly to legislate her out of the Union. The people of that Province had to pay taxes on flour and corn meal for the benefit of Ontario, and on coal for the benefit of a section of Nova Scotia. He need hardly tell the House that it was not possible to force trade out of its natural channels, and that the policy in question would therefore fail in that respect. He had been always in favour of extending the canal system of the Dominion, and in that way facilitating trade and intercourse between Canada and the world. Every effort should be made to remove every barrier that prevented the St. Lawrence being the great highway between the West and Europe. The Maritime Provinces would be the carriers of that trade, and therefore he wished to see every facility afforded to its extension. Those Provinces had the means of building ships cheaply, and manning them efficiently. It had been frequently said that the effect of the American system of protection had been to drive their ships from the ocean; and yet it was now proposed to commence the same system which, according to the best authorities, was operating so injuriously to American commerce and enterprise. He regretted that he was forced to acknowledge that the legislation of the Dominion had so far been detrimental to the interests of New Brunswick; but the opposition that the present measure met with in that Province was conclusive evidence of that fact, and justified the course he was now taking.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said that the Postmaster General, in the remarks he had made at the commencement of the debate, had attempted to influence the House by a style of argument that might be called in French, *quelque chose de specieux*. The House was told that the effect of throwing out the Bill would be to create a collision between the two Houses, and that much delay delay and inconvenience must arise from such a course. Now, referring to the proceedings of the Legislative Council in 1859, he found the Postmaster-General agreeing with the sentiments in the resolution that was adopted—sentiments directly contrary to those which he had expressed that afternoon. Now that hon. gentleman was not prepared to assert the rights and privileges of the Senate; but in 1859 he assented to the declaration, "that the Legislative Council feels itself bound, in defence of its unquestionable rights as a co-equal branch of the Legislature, and as the only means of preserving its independence not to take the question of supply into consideration." Now he (M. de St. Just) argued that the motion which he had moved was precisely similar in effect to the one which he had just read as having received the support of the Postmaster-General. He did not think the Government could fairly declare they had been taken by surprise—if the Telegraph were to be brought up to give evidence on the subject, (laughter,) he thought the reverse would be shown; and he must certainly take that opportunity of congratulating the Government on the satisfactory results that had arisen from the use they had been making of the useful agency of circulating information to their friends.

The members were then called in and the House divided on Hon. Mr. McPerson's amendment, which

[illegible] wounded are being brought here, and [illegible] particulars will be obtained when the [illegible] arrive.

The collision occurred through the misapprehension of orders given to the Conductor. [illegible] The train with the wounded has [illegible] yet, 2:30 p m, but Thos. M. Hos[illegible] Superintendent, has telegraphed the following: [illegible] of the killed were pensioners returning [illegible] Kansas, and destined to points in [illegible] and Ohio. Although many of the [illegible] are seriously hurt, it is believed all [illegible] recover. They are all well cared for. [illegible] Flemington, Chief Engineer of [illegible] Toronto and Nessko Railroad is reported [illegible] misunderstanding of orders seems to [illegible] been made by the engineer of the freight [illegible] It is said he has not been seen since [illegible] accident. Another train, with coffins for [illegible] dead and comforts for the wounded, has [illegible] started for the scene of the disaster.

LOCAL NEWS

[illegible] novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee & Russell's.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The lovers of good music are sorrowful at the thoughts of the Band of the 60th going away.

New Organist.—We understand that Mr. [illegible] Howard, late organist of St. John's Church [illegible], England, has been appointed organist of Christ Church, Ottawa.

The Chaudiere Mills.—The mills on the Ottawa side of the Chaudiere, at their twelve hours per day work saw 720,000 feet of lumber per week. On the Hull side, nearly as much [illegible] is manufactured.

A New Municipality.—We learn that the village of [illegible] intends to make the formal application at the next Session of the County Council of the County of Ottawa, to be erected into a separate municipality.

Timber Passing Pembroke.—The Pembroke Observer of the 10th says: A raft belonging to [illegible] & [illegible], manufactured on the Ottawa [illegible], passed Pembroke to day. [illegible] 90 cribs of white pine timber.

[illegible]—The Treasurer of the [illegible] of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of forty-one dollars and seventy five cents, being one-half the proceeds of a Concert held on the 23rd April, by St. George's Society in aid of the said [illegible].

Yesterday morning's train was crowded with passengers, mostly Government officials and members of Parliament. All going on their way rejoicing at their release from the [illegible] labor and late hours incidental to Parliamentary business.

That peculiar genius, the Italian image vendor, has made his appearance in the streets [illegible]. All that is needed now is [illegible] organ-grinder and his monkey to convince [illegible] citizens of Ottawa that "Spring has come."

The Market—Thursday. — The country [illegible] attended fairly, and the citizens, both fair [illegible], were not slow in buying up the [illegible]. The next day being Friday Moses [illegible] fish market had somewhat of a [illegible]. Flour is up; few other changes.

A young man, with a new pair of patent leather [illegible] on his feet, stubbed his toe against [illegible] while he was sticking some three inches [illegible] the sidewalk, and ripped about an inch [illegible] of his new boot. It is needless to [illegible] that he breathed a prayer for the [illegible] of the Corporation.

Review Parade.—The 60th were put [illegible] brigade drill to-day, on the Major's [illegible], General Lindsay inspecting them [illegible] complimented the men on their [illegible] appearance, and their good instruction in [illegible] at which they had adopted. After [illegible] marching through the band headed them [illegible] to the barracks.

A [illegible] looking man was discovered [illegible] street, beastly drunk, he had fallen [illegible] the sidewalk, and was unable to rise, he [illegible] assisted to his feet by a couple of gentlemen [illegible] were passing, and he went staggering down the street, to refrain from giving his name, for the sake of his family.

Look Out.—It may be well to inform our readers that all partnerships in existence on the 1st of January last, and since formed have to be registered within six months under a penalty of $200—one half of which goes to the informer. Look out, some one will be making a good business out of ignorance, or neglect.

Mr. C. D. Pasley was astonishing citizens and farmers in the market yesterday with his [illegible]. It appears to be able to [illegible] anything and everything but broken [illegible] and that the inventor will not undertake to perform only on a bet. He has been successful in patching old boots, rubbers, furniture, crockery and glassware, and proposes [illegible] a broken head if any one will bring [illegible] subject.

One of the Opticians of the firm of Lazarus Morris & Co, will be at the store of their agents, Messrs. Young & Radford on the 13th and 14th inst., with a full assortment of their celebrated Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Smoked and Tinged Lenses, mounted in Gold, Silver, Shell, and Steel. Those requiring optical aid will do best to avail themselves of this opportunity. 1358 1

[illegible]—Yesterday a crib of board timber [illegible] near the foot of the Government [illegible] the Chaudiere. Five cribs followed, [illegible] jumping off on perceiving the state [illegible] below and in the course of half an [illegible] was a frightful mingling of pine [illegible]. One crib went rushing over [illegible] became smashed,—all was confusion. The slide master was in utter despair [illegible] was speedily given of the state [illegible] the running was stopped till the [illegible] broken.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—The thrilling [illegible] "Mazeppa" was played last night [illegible] audience. Miss Nelson performs [illegible] better every evening. Mr. Marshall [illegible] the encouragement which he [illegible]. Sutherland's band played some [illegible] with the good taste which is [illegible] to characterize it. To-night the [illegible] of "Dick Turpin" will be added [illegible] of last evening.

[illegible] named Murphy, who had been in [illegible] frequently in dead shot, fell under [illegible] of his truck on York street. True [illegible] instinct, he kept hold of the [illegible] saved himself from being run over. [illegible] assisted to mount again by a kind Frenchman, who said (we give [illegible] words) "I will took you on your [illegible] I'll may be some time like dat me, and be glad some body took me to my house till I come bettare." *Allons*, there were others standing by who never thought of providing for future assistance in the same manner.

Police Court.—John Rodgers, drunk and disorderly; fined $1 and costs.

Thomas Gallagher, for swearing and disorderly conduct on the streets; fined $1 and costs.

In the case of Thomas Coffey, charged with assault, the whole difficulty appears to have arisen from family affairs, in which Mr. Coffey suspected Gorman had a hand, and out of which an ill-feeling between the two parties arose. The case was dismissed with costs.

The Doucet assault case was adjourned till Thursday.

A young man charged with assault, fined twenty cents and costs. He had been smoking in the theatre, contrary to the rules of that establishment, and made the assault on one of the employees of the house, who undertook to put him out.

The Music Hall.—Grace Egerton, (Mrs. Geo. Case) accompanied by her husband, will appear before Ottawa audiences on the 18th, 19th and 20th instant. This lady has a talent akin to that of the celebrated Charles Mathews. She is not, however, merely a *comedienne*. In 1858, Miss Egerton (now Mrs. Case) was introduced to the London public by Mr. Charles Phelps, as leading Juvenile Tragedienne, and it was only at the solicitation of friends who perceived the versatility of her talents that she, in addition, hazarded light comedy. Now, she gives what are styled "Drawing Room Entertainments," and has given them before Her Majesty, and in England, Ireland, Scotland, the Antipodes the United States, and India.

The press speaks very highly of her performances, and we certainly anticipate particularly large houses and ample reason for them.

Horned Cattle.—Seldom have we witnessed a finer looking drove of oxen than that which passed through Sparks-street yesterday, the property of Mr. Wm. Slattery, butcher of this city. They were not simply oxen in good marketable condition, but fair and unpretending beauties of the animal kingdom, and one could only feel regret that they lived only to be eaten. There were eighteen prime beasts, purchased from the Hon. James Skead, two of them being Galloway's, straight backs chubby heads and beautifully clean limbs. There were also six head, bought from Mr. James Plunkett, of Nepean; seven head prime steers obtained from Mr. W. Beyers, near Richmond; and nine head bought from Mr. Andrew Pritchard, of the Richmond Road. These were all extraordinary fine animals, and the afford evidence of the fact that there is a strong desire felt by all classes of the community for beef, cost what it may.

The land sale at the City Auction Mart was largely attended, and from the prices the lots sold for it would appear that money is not as scarce in Ottawa as is generally supposed. The ten lots on Rear street, brought a large sum. No. 1, a small lot, 44 by 66, was sold to Mr. Graham for $750. No. 3, sold to P. E. Stewert, for $675. No. 3, to Mr. David, for $755. No. 4, to Mr. Wm. Hearn, for $825. No. 5, to Mr. Wm. Rea, $725. No. 6, to Mr. James Kelly, for $800. No. 7 and 8, to Mr. John Tilson, for $850 each. No. 4, Joseph W. Ryan, for $800. No. 10, to Mr. Hadaresser Evans, for $500. Mr. Bermingham's commission as auctioneer on the sale of these lots alone, amounts to something like $190, and the ten lots mentioned are only a small portion of the land he sold yesterday. If he had a few days more like Thursday, he might retire from the business, and start with the North West expedition as special correspondent for some newspaper, as his descriptive powers are astonishing.

The Band of the 60th treated the citizens to some music on Major's Hill. The large number of ladies and gentlemen in attendance shewed the musicians how much their performance was appreciated. Every person we came across, with the exception of one individual, was delighted. He listened with close attention to "Semerimide" till the piece was finished, then turning to another genius as old fashioned as himself, he gave his opinion in these words: "It's all foine music, but I don't undherstand it, the divil a bit. It's not loike the owld music we used to have long ago whin I was a sodger. If miself was in the ring where the band mashter is now I'd soon shtart a jig that w'd make ladies kick their heels in shpite ov thimselves. To the divil with their operatrick music say I, give me the 'Irish washerwoman,' the Fisher's Hornpipe and sich foine jigs before the likes ov that any day.' The two moved away in disgust.

The Little Stone Bridge.—At last, with much difficulty, and the exercise of a good deal of precaution, teams are able to cross the low and little stone bridge in the village of Hull. Whenever a spring freshet occurred of more than ordinary height, during the past twenty-five years, the highway to Aylmer was rendered unavailable owing to the flood covering this bridge. The Aylmer Road Company have, for nearly twenty years, been in receipt of large amounts from the public, and surely they might have, to some extent, regarded public convenience. They have declared large dividends; they are in fact a wealthy Company. By some stupidity they have disregarded all advice, and have spurned the common dictates of reasons. Last year we suggested the propriety of raising the road. The expense of this improvement would not have been over $500, and the result would have been that the road would have remained undamaged, and the public trade would not have been impeded. The amount was too small, seemingly, for the company. They preferred a law suit to a regard for the public convenience. Not only has the village of Aylmer been seriously injured by their neglect in this matter, by the removal of the travelling to the Ontario side, but a large portion of the Township of Hull, and Eardley have materially felt the obstruction. The Company, had it known its duties, should have duly kept the road above high water mark, and if then damaged to claim indemnities from any firm causing such injury. The public cannot sue and recover damages from the mill-owners, but they can from the Road Company. It is not our desire to take sides between the Road Company and the mill-owners, but it is our duty to see that the public interests are not invaded, either through the niggardly conduct of a corporation, or the unscrupulous innovations of any individual or individuals. If both the Aylmer and Gatineau road companies maintained their roads and bridges at a proper height all this trouble could have been avoided. We hope they will, at once, take the necessary steps, and thus remove all causes of discontent, and what is worse litigation.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Musical.—Signora Maria Gellie, who gives the concert on Monday evening in the Mechanics' Hall, is a native of Ottawa, and formerly resided in Montreal, where she was well known in musical circles as an amateur of superior attainments, and as gifted with a fine contralto voice. For several years she resided in New York, still pursuing her musical education. Three years hence to further perfect herself in music, she went to Italy, where she studied under the best masters, chiefly residing in Milan. Her voice is now a full; clear soprano. The concert on Monday evening is the first grand concert she has given since her return to America. Signora Gellie will be heartily welcomed to Montreal, both on account of her superior attainments as a singer, and as one returning among old friends and schoolmates.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, [illegible]al Homoepathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. [illegible]eam Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce *Dyspepsia*, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healty standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist,
St John, N B.

Agents—Francis' Cundil & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176 6b

Sir John A. Macdonald still continues to display his usual tact and energy in the exalted position to which his talents have raised him. We once heard it remarked that his popularity would one day decline, but we know that when a man's advancement is the result of his own intrinsic worth his reputation is fixed and effulgent, like that of the Great Shoshonees Remedy for rheumatism, diseases of the throat, lungs, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Breakfast.—Epps's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homoeopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SW6m

BIRTH.

At Mattawa, Ontario, on the 5th inst., the wife of John A. McDonald of a son.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF
MARSHALL'S
LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE
COMPANY,

SATURDAY, MAY 14th,

Will be presented

Dick Turpin and Tom King and Mazeppa!!!

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.......... W J MARSHALL.

May 14, 1870. 1352 6

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.

Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.

GRACE EGERTON,

MRS. GEO. CASE and MR. GEO. CASE,

Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,

SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE

Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearances of these

ARTISTES,

As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan, California, and many parts of the United States with one unvarying success.

It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50.

Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Pianoforte Warehouse.

Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

NOTICE

—OF—

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as Printers and Publishers of THE EVENING MAIL, at the City of Ottawa, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the said Partnership are to be paid to the undersigned, GEORGE MOSS, and all claims against the said Partnership are to be presented to the said GEORGE MOSS, by whom the same shall be settled.

Dated this Thirteenth day of May, A. D., 1870.

Witness W A ROSS. CARROLL RYAN. GEORGE MOSS.

NOTICE.

With reference to the above the undersigned beg to announce that they have entered into Partnership for the Printing and Publishing of THE EVENING MAIL, under the firm, name and style of

MOSS & BUCK.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1358 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamising five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer,
Ottawa, & Russell Road Company.

Time for securing Tender extended until FRIDAY, 20th instant,

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1353d

R. L. JAMES CO.,

ANNOUNCE (SPARKS-ST. 14) LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS. JUST RECEIVED

TRIMMED HATS
UNTRIMMED HATS
FLOWERS
FEATHERS
LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS
LUSTRES
BRILLIANTS
MUSLINS

Splendid value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY
UNDERCLOTHING
BABY LINEN
COLLARS AND CUFFS
HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING DRESSMAKING DRESSMAKING DRESSMAKING } under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, Eng.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD, SILVER, SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks Street,
Ottawa.

GABRIEL'S

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm lawkfm

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

GRAND ITALIAN OPERATIC CONCERT.

Under the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Lady Hincks,	Mrs. J. M. Currier,
Mrs. Meredith,	Mrs. T. C. Keefer,
Mrs. Coffin,	Mrs. C. Armstrong,
Mrs. Hamnett Hill,	Mrs. G. P. Baker,
Mrs. Langton,	Mrs. Sprague.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17th,

—AT THE—

RINK MUSIC HALL.

—BY—

SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE,

Assisted by the following distinguished Arrtistes:

SIGNOR FRANCISCO PHILLIPI, Tenore, from La Scala, Milan.

SIGNOR FOSSATI, Baritone, Max Maretzek's Italian Opera Troupe.

EDWARD HOFFMAN, Pianist, New York.

Conductor, L. S. PELETIER.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets $1.00 each—may be had at the Book and Music Stores, and at the door of the Hall on the evening of the Concert.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1355d

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st., CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,
Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.
1357td

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'GRADY.
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBERT.
March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1356 1m

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c., &c.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR STREATFIELD of the Royal 60th Rifles to sell at his residence, Daly Street, on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture therein, consisting in part of B. W., Centre, Side, and Trifle Tables, Sofas, Lounges, Rich Window Hangings and Poles, Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Dinner and Tea Services, B. W. Cane Seat Dining Chairs, Glass and China Ware. Some handsome Iron Bedsteads and Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Baths, Hair Mettrasses, Bedsteads, and the Bedding of several Rooms, Bed Room Carpets, Hall, Kitchen and other Stoves, as well as the usual necessary Kitchen Furniture. A handsome Carriage, and a good Family Sleigh.

Sale positive and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356d

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the Ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1296y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 10

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is herby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed), SAMUEL I JONES, GEO C HOLLAND.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co-partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND.

(Signed) SAMUEL I JONES. W G THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

CAUTION.

All parties are hereby cautioned, no to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.

1354 6 JOHN CURTIS.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353df Rideau street.

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

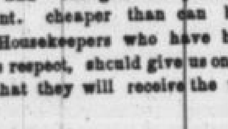
A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at ESMONDE BROS.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamized Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. These situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

[illegible] Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
[illegible]
[illegible], Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders.

1327 3m

TIGHT BINDING

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES

Times Office, Ottawa, May 14, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 26
No. 1 Firkin	0 1?	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 17½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS'

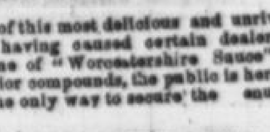
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

[illegible]

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1734

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1355 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton.

WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1355 3

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate It

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March [illegible]

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. SELDEN, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Some Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal: We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 15 Sparks street.

To Messrs. [illegible] & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1023tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him; Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y[ork] SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa.

TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. [illegible]

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible] 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

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Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS, *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

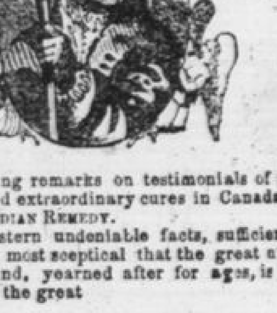
TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

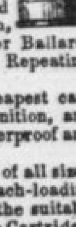
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Caster River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One-tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to JONAS AP JONES, Esq., Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER, Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

REMOVAL.

DR. C. A. MARTIN, Dentist, has removed to more commodious apartments, in WILLS' Block, opposite "The Tea Pot," Sussex street. 1350a

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

Ayer's Hair Vig[or]

For restoring Gray [Hair to] its natural Vitality [and Color.]

A dressing ... is at once ... healthy, ... for preserving the hair. ... hair is ... to its ... with ... freshness. This ... ened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated ... of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. ... from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry P[ectoral]

For Diseases of the Throat [and Lungs,] such as Coughs, Colds, W[hooping] Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague C[ure]

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE [COMPANY] of Canada, Head Office, To[ronto].

President—The Hon John [illegible] M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, [illegible]

Other Directors—C J Campbell, [illegible] Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, [illegible] McMaster, Esq, B B Howland, [illegible] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus [illegible] J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank [of Commerce].

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL COMPANY are as low as is [illegible] shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance [is] not when the premiums are being [paid, but when] losses are being settled, and [the] promptness of its settlement [illegible] Insurance Company [illegible].

Its Inspectors are always [illegible] important loss directly [illegible].

It has no adjusted losses [illegible].

It respectfully solicits a share of the insuring public of [Ottawa].

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA [STORE]

No. 36, RIDEAU ST[REET]

DUKE STREET, CH[AUDIERE]

CHURCH STREET, LOWER [TOWN]

P. BASKERVILLE [& BROS.]

Wholesale and Retail [illegible]

COMMISSION MER[CHANTS]

Just receiving 500 Chests [illegible] Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian [illegible] Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial [illegible] requested to call and judge for [themselves] your neighbours who have tried [illegible] Liquors. All Goods warranted [illegible] OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese, [illegible] stantly on hand.

Remember—Quick sales [illegible] P. BASKERVILLE

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURE. [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable [illegible] intenseness of its pain [illegible] attack, may be cured with [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely [illegible] and contains nothing which [illegible] system either by outward or [illegible] Try it and you will find [illegible] by Chemists and Druggists [illegible]

W W FRASER [illegible]

1364 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 [illegible] and Sand Point. [illegible]

Ottawa, December 5, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and [published by] THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING [AND PUBLISH]ING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

VOL V.

Hardwar[e]

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy [Hardware] HENEY'S STONE B[UILDING] Wellington Street, Upper [Town] Cooking and Fanc[y Stoves] Coal, Steel, Iron, Twine, Glass, Putty, &c.

Always on H[and]

Ottawa, December 26, 1869.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU S[TREET] OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS [ESTAB]LISHMENT

(nearly opposite the [illegible])

Offers for sale at VERY LO[W PRICES] a well selected stock, of Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, [illegible] Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt, *Bordeaux and the*

MESS PORK, P CK[LED] LABR. HER[RINGS]

And numerous other artic[les] Made a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Cong[ou] Hyson, quite fresh and cheap

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground [on the] premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; [Hennessy,] Piper's and other bran[ds]

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and [illegible] bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all gr[ades and] quality, Burgundy, Sauterne [illegible] all prices, in wood and bottle.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE WHISKEY high proof and over, at [illegible]

Thorne's and Stewart's [illegible] Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Pottee[n] Guinness' and London Port[er] Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all gra[des] [illegible] prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SA[ME] SELLING AT TW[ENTY] PERCENT BEL[OW COST]

Now is the time or bar a[gain]

PEOPLE'S TELEGR[APH]

Incorporated under Chap[ter] Consolidated Statut[es]

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P D[illegible] Office, 19 Spar[ks St.]

DIRECTO[RS]

A JOSEPH, Chairman; [illegible] SB FOOTS A TH[illegible] DRUMMOND, Manager.

W. H. EASTON & COMMISSION M[ERCHANTS] FORWAR[DERS]

DEALER[S IN] Wheat, Corn, Flour, [illegible] OTTAW[A]

[Cash] advanced on good[s] for sale. Prompt return[s]

H. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STRE[ET]

Three more gentlemen [can be] comfortable board [illegible] the Capital will [illegible] by the day or week [illegible] This house is sit[uated illegible] of the Parliam[ent] [illegible] banks.

Educa[tion]

DANCING AND DE[PORTMENT]

Mr. Robert Stewart ha[s illegible] an accomplished [illegible] his Dancing Class[es illegible] Saturday, the 22nd in[st illegible] particulars ma[y illegible] to Mr Robert Stew[art illegible] September 1[illegible]

PIANO TUNING. [illegible] to divide h[is illegible] and Upholstery [illegible] patrons and [illegible] to their orders [illegible] heretofore, Shall [illegible] received at Mr. [illegible] and at R. Millen[illegible]

MUSICAL ACA[DEMY]

Mr. GUSTAVE SM[ITH] a Graduate of [the Conservatory of] Paris. Lessons on P[iano illegible] street, corner of King[illegible]

Ottawa, June 23, 1[illegible]

FARM FOR SA[LE]

A valuable FAR[M of one] HUNDRED ACRES [illegible] Township of Fitzroy, [illegible] being composed of lo[t illegible] Sixth Concession of the [illegible] offered for sale. This [illegible] the Village of Fit[zroy illegible] land, about sixty acre[s illegible] never failing spring [illegible] of the Farm. It is [illegible] Hardwood, and conta[ins illegible] Cedar and Pine timb[er illegible] purposes. Price two [illegible] half of the money pai[d illegible] other half secured by [illegible] equal annual instalme[nts illegible] Parties desirous of [illegible] above property will [illegible] DONALD residing [illegible] see all the inform[ation illegible] Instruction of the said L[illegible] be made by paying a[illegible] apply by letter [illegible]

DOMINICK P[illegible]

GENERAL C[illegible]

Clarence Street, [illegible]

[MUSICAL TU]ITION

[illegible] will be h[illegible] Sparks Str[eet illegible] Saturday, on a[illegible] purpose of g[illegible] principles the study [illegible] of Mr H. [illegible] Harmonic [illegible] of the Bo[illegible], Toront[o illegible] for course [illegible] Application [illegible] to be h[illegible]

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1359. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 16, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
KEYSTONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
December 20, 1869. 1236.t

JAMES WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand) has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry- and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS.—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE.—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS.—Jules Robin, Hennessy, Renault & Co. Henri Pinet and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and glass.

WINES—of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Sherries and Madeira Wines in wood and bottle, improved by age. BOURBON RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

... at extremely low prices. Scotch and Irish Whiskey and ...

... Whiskey.

... Porter, pts and qts.

... all grades.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... 1105

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
... Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... ATHOMSON, T H DUNN.
..., Manager. 1141tf

R. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Flour, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Advances made on goods consigned for transportation. Prompt returns in all cases.
R. M. EASTON

... SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... can be accommodated with board and rooms. Gentlemen ... will find superior accommodation ... day or week at moderate terms. The house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 2191f

Educational.

... AND DEPORTMENT.

... having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on the ... instant.

... may be obtained on application ... Wilbrod street. 1148tf

... —The subscriber having ... his time equally between ... would beg to inform his ... that he hopes, in future, ... for tuning more promptly ... visit Ottawa once a month. ... at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, Organist of the Cathedral, a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King street.
Ottawa, June 22, 1869. 775y

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Sixth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. The Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about ... acres of which are cleared with ... supply of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with ... and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McNEIL residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
... SPARROW, Solicitor, Ottawa,
... McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario
... April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

FREDERICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
... Street, next to the City Hotel,
Ottawa.

... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... on the Ottawa. From his long experience ... trade he offers his services in engaging ... attending to their rafts while passing ... best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
... Walter Smith, Esq.
... R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

... will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC ..., Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday ..., on and after Monday, the 25th April ... purpose of giving thorough instruction in the ... principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa ... Society, formerly organist of the ... of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of ..., Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. ... course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a ... Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. ... to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street. 778y

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.
JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Rideau streets
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "Norih's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.
Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.
Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to
D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River
Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE, FOR **WASHING COMPOUND,**

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.
Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.
Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.
Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.
Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.
Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.
Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851,"

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Miss,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder, "to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa.
3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

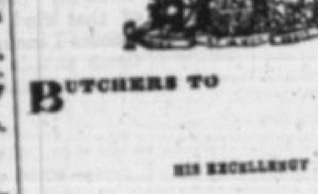
GO TO

LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 6 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.
1311 3m

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves.

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in shooing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,
Ottawa, April 11, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.
J W W WARD, W M MATHESON,
Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES !! BIRD CAGES !!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

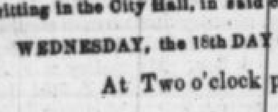
ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
1353tf Rideau street.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.
R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrangement during Session of Parliament, 1870

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Mails.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
	12 Noon.	9.00	Eastern.—Montreal, Quebec, etc., by Railway		11.50	5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	Western.—Toronto, Hamilton, etc.	8.00	11.30	5.30
	12 Noon.		Halifax, N. S., Daily			5.30
	12 Noon.		St. John, N. B.; daily			5.30
6.00	12 Noon.	9.00	United States	8.00	11.30	5.30
11.30		5.00	Aylmer and Offices on the North Shore Upper Ottawa		11.30	5.00
6.00			Pembroke, Renfrew, Sand Point, Arnprior, Packenham, Carp, March, etc., and offices on South Shore Upper Ottawa		11.30	
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, etc	8.00		
6.00	12 Noon.	6.00	Cumberland, Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, and Lower Ottawa		11.50	5.30
6.00	12 Noon		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.50	5.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.50	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau			
12.30			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.
Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 7.00 A.M.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 2nd May, 1870.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is herby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed), SAMUEL I JONES.
GEO C HOLLAND.
Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co-partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND.
(Signed) SAMUEL I JONES.
W G THOMPSON.
Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for Planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.
LAW & JOHNSTON
43,6m

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 14.

At 11 o'clock this forenoon, Companies Nos. 1 and 4 of the first or Ontario Battalion, peraded at the Crystal Palace, in heavy marching order, for inspection by Colonel Wolseley. After inspection they proceeded to a special train which conveyed them to Collingwood. Each man will carry three days' cooked provisions, and 60 rounds of ammunition.

Three Companies were inspected yesterday afternoon by Colonel Jarvis, who expressed himself highly pleased with the appearance of the men, and the character of their appointments. They paraded in heavy marching order.

The First Battalion have received an addition of fifteen men, lately belonging to the Royal Canadian Rifles, who have volunteered for this expedition. They have nearly all gone to No. 6 Company, and are a fine body of men.

New recruits for the Quebec Battalion, to the number of between 40 and 50 arrived at the Palace yesterday, and had bedding served out to them. The Colonel of this Battalion is expected to arrive to-day.

The 60th Rifles to the number of 580 men, have been ordered to leave for Collingwood on Monday morning. They will be placed under the command of Capt. Northey, who goes as Major.

The troops will parade at 7 o'clock in the morning, at the old Fort, and will leave about eight o'clock, probably by special train.

The Council of the Agricultural Association resumed business at 9 o'clock, a.m., yesterday, and proceeded with the consideration and arrangement of the prize list, which was finally completed. In order to allow the Secretary time to prepare the above list the date of receiving the entries for compliment, was fixed for the 30th of September, instead of the 10th, as originally intended.

The Ontario Poultry Association do not intend to have a spring exhibition this season, but will await the Provincial Exhibition in September.

LATER.

The Quebec Battalion now numbers five companies, or about 250 rank and file. Most of the officers have now arrived.

Lt. Col. Casault is expected to-day, and Major Irvine on Monday, by which time it is anticipated that the battalion will be fully recruited.

The officers have been detailed to the companies in the following order of seniority:—

No. 1 Company—Capt. Labranche, Lieut. Fletcher, and Ensign Bernard.

No. 2 Company—Capt. De Bellefeuille, Lt. Vaughan, and Ensign Allan.

No. 3 Company—Capt. A. Macdonald, Lieut. Bouthillier, and Ensign Simard.

No. 4 Company—Capt. S. Macdonald, Lieut. Prevost, and Ensign Dechambault.

No. 5 Company—Capt. J. B. Arnyott, Lieut. Leonidas De Salaberry, and Ensign Desforges.

No. 6 Company—Capt. W. J. Barrett, Lieut. Duchesnay, and Ensign Alphonse Tetu.

No. 7 Company—Capt. Fraser, Lieut. E. Patterson, and Ensign Ross.

Of the above about one-half are Roman Catholic and one-half Protestants.

Companies 1 and 4, Ontario Battalion, were ordered yesterday to hold themselves in readiness to-day at seven.

The Council of the Agricultural Association is in session.

The Committee to whom was referred the letter of Hon. J. Carling on the subject, reported against the Association, being merged in the Department of Agriculture, as suggested. The report was adopted.

A married woman named Mary Lewis, while intoxicated last evening, attempted suicide by jumping into a well, from which she was rescued by some gentlemen.

Emigrants continue to arrive daily.

A special to the *Telegraph* from St. Paul, May 1st, says: News has been received from Fort Garry, to April 20th.

All quiet.

The Provisional Government is in Session.

No mails had arrived from the east for five weeks, but were expected next day.

The people are in quiet expectation of favorable news from Ottawa.

No news of the arrest of the delegates had then reached Winnipeg.

Forty-five of the people in Red River hope the troops are on their way from Canada, and are anxiously awaiting news of the progress of the forces.

The community is silent through fear of Riel, and many settlers intend to set out to join the troops when they reach the Lake of the Woods.

A letter written from Fort Garry on the 30th, to the commander of Fort Abercrombie, says "mails have just arrived from Canada and the United States, and there is much excitement hereabouts."

The Red River steamer who was on point of starting for Georgetown laden with furs and a large number of passengers, who were preparing to leave the country, when Riel immediately ordered the boat to be tied up, and the passengers prevented from leaving the settlement. Riel is said to be storming furiously at the arrest of his delegates, the reception of the Red River refugees, and other unexpected information.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 14.

Signori Gellie arrived this morning, together with Mr. Hoffman, Signor Phillippi and Signor Cucinotta, and will give a Concert here on Monday, and at Ottawa on Wednesday evening. The Concert is under the patronage of H.R.H. Prince Arthur, who will honor it with his presence.

The Hon. President of the Senate passed through this city *en route* for Quebec.

Col. Robertson Ross, Adjutant General of Militia, arrived in town to-day.

A meeting of the Welsh residents of this city takes place this evening, at the St. George's Home.

The Water Police found a man named John McCue, lying sick on Common street. He was taken to the police station, where he received medical attendance, and in the evening was well enough to go home.

Greenbacks bought at 13 discount and sold at 12 two-eighths. Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6 discount. 5.20's sold at sold 111¼ to 111½.

Flour market quiet and unchanged; transactions mostly confined to requirements o local trade.

ST. JOHN, N.B.

ST. JOHN, N.B., May 13.

... Island ... and North Shore Ports continues.

No communication with Prince Edward Island.

The action of the Commercial Bank against the European Guarantee Company, to recover amount of guarantee on policy securing the fidelity of the sanction of the absconding cashier was decided to-day. Verdict in favour of the Bank, damages $21,500.

Flour market unchanged.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON—The House of Commons last night engaged in a long and tedious discussion of the Metropolitan Poor Relief Bill without any result.

The Marquis of Hartingdon, Postmaster-General, stated that as Atlantic steamship companies persisted in their refusal to take the only compensation, the Postmaster-General, Cresswell, was empowered to offer, any amelioration of mail service between Great Britain and the United States was at present impossible.

The claims of Mr. Barry, architect of the House of Parliament, came up and were debated with much bitterness. His plans and their execution were condemned. The House, by a vote of 109 to 152, refuse to censure his dismissal.

The House then adjourned.

In the House of Lords the proceedings were unimportant.

Betting on the Epsom-Derby yesterday was 6 to 5 against *Macgregor*, 11 to 2 against *Sunshine* and 100 to 4 against *Camel*.

DUBLIN—There have been no further disturbances at Liverpool. A large military and police force is on hand, and the election progresses quietly. Harman is reported to be ahead.

LONDON—The *Post* says the alterations made have greatly improved the yacht *Sappho*, and the *Cambria* will probably never be made to equal her. In the last race the *Cambria* showed bad form in her sailing, and if nothing else, the difference in their size, should have forbidden the race, if the question of bulk was to be decisive.

ITALY.

FLORENCE.—Serious outbreaks have occurred in Calabria. The troops are moving thither in force.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG.—General Ostensacken declares that Russia will forbid the Apostate Vicars from entering Poland.

ROME.

ROME.—The Pope threatens extreme measures against the Armenian Bishops, who may quit their posts at Rome.

AUSTRIA.

PESTH.—Kossuth has protested against the Centralist tendencies of the Andrasy administration.

VIENNA.—The Austrian Government is resolved to resent the proclamation of Papal infallibility by the restoration of the *placentum regum*, which was abolished in 1855.

FRANCE.

PARIS—The *Marseillaise* was again seized last evening.

No disorder has taken place to-night, and tranquility now prevails throughout the city.

The Emperor and Empress yesterday visited Prince Eugene barracks and military school, and were everywhere received with enthusiasm, during their progress through the city.

Representatives of foreign powers, in Paris, have congratulated the Emperor on the result of the vote.

Many arrests were made yesterday.

During the continuance of the troubles, 557 people were apprehended for participating in the riots.

The tribunals have already begun to consider the cases. Some prisoners have been sentenced to from two to six months imprisonment.

The funeral of Count de Stackleburg Russian Ambassador to France, took place to-day.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A telegram from Fort Scott, Kas., gives an account of an outrage too horrible to be detailed, with literal facts and fullness. In brief, it is as follows: seven men came to the town of Ladore, and after drinking all day, they went to the boarding house of J. W. Roach and asked to stay all night. Being refused, on account of drunkenness, one of the party knocked Roach insensible with a revolver, and then went to a bed occupied by two daughters of Roach, aged 13 and 14, and violated their persons, using a knife to accomplish their purpose.

Roach revived after a time, but feared to stir. He described the cries and entreaties of the girls as heart rending. A quarrel ensued among the demons, and one was shot dead while satisfying his lust.

After continuing their brutal outrage all night, the party fled at daybreak, one taking with him the youngest girl.

The town was immediately aroused and parties started in pursuit.

The one with the girl was overtaken and hanged to a tree. Two others who were found in the town were hanged to the same tree. The remaining three were captured; two were hanged, and the other, at last accounts, was in custody of the citizens, and will probably share the fate of his comrades.

CHICAGO—The report telegraphed yesterday relative to the concentration of Fenians at Duluth is confirmed by a newspaper published at that place.

The St. Paul *Press* has news of a mustering of Fenians at Variens, parts of Minnesota, and one party is now *en route* for Red River, overland. There is now at St. Paul a force of about 300, awaiting arrangements for transportation and subsistence before commencing a march to Red River. They will probably proceed by the usual mail route, but may possibly go to Fort William to oppose the landing of the Canadian expedition.

WASHINGTON—The question of granting a land subsidy to aid Cyrus W. Field to lay a cable from California to China, was discussed at great length yesterday by the Senate Foreign Claims Committee. They regard this as one of the most important measures ever presented to Congress, and maintain that it is the duty of the Government to aid in its success and completion. They decided, however, not to allow a land grant, as asked by the petitioner, but in lieu thereof to lend the credit of the Government in some manner to aid in its construction. The amount and mode of securing the necessary aid to enable the undertaking to go on was discussed, but not finally agreed upon. The subject will be resumed at the next meeting.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating
S. Z. EARLE, M.D.
St. John, N.B.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SW6m

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Money Lost—Apply at The Times Office
Public Notice—S. Richards
Furnished Bedrooms—Apply at The Times Office
Music and Fancy Work—Apply at Mrs Hamilton.
Penners Cider—J. P. Macpherson
Union Forwarding Company—R S Cassels.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12361 **MAGEE & RUSSELL.**

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, MAY 16, 1870.

For interesting telegraphic despatches see first page.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD

Is up and all danger past. He can converse with his friends, and *feels* that he is getting better.

DEPARTURE OF MR. KENNY.

His Honour Edward Kenny, Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia, leaves this city, this morning, *en route* for his seat of Government, *via* Boston. Already we have alluded to the merits of Mr. Kenny as a statesman and successful man of business, and it now only remains for us to wish him a safe arrival at Halifax, and to express the hope that his administration of the affairs of that enlightened Province of the Dominion will be such as to give entire satisfaction to the people over whom he has temporarily been appointed to rule.

FILLIBUSTERING IN A MORASS.

There is a nasty significance in the order from the American Government if there could be coupled with it the rumor that a class of men, who style themselves Fenians, intend to assist Riel in opposing the progress of the handful of British troops sent on an errand of peace to Fort Garry. Fillibustering, under whatever temporary name the land pirates may operate, has been much too common a practice from the United States. The offscourings of the great cities of the Union, joined to the unshaven, brutal wretches who gouge, and stab, and bite, and tear each other, when they have nothing else to do, have repeatedly been let loose upon this country by an indulgent Government, during the periods of internal difficulty, which all peoples experience periodically. They are fillibusters, sympathisers, or Fenians, according to the fashion of the times. These men are not all Irish, to-day, any more than were the sympathisers of 1837-8. The bulk is what are called Irish Americans—the lowest style of Yankee, and the worst specimen of half-breed conceivable. They have none of the generosity of the Irish character—none of the ready wit and openheartedness of the Emeralder. The cross, or the association with a low-cuning people completely demoralizes them. They are particularly opposed to Britain. While the Irishman has wrongs and says so, these Yankee hybrid specimens of the Irishman, have no wrongs to redress, but some injury to avenge best known to themselves. Fenianism is recruited from this class of people, and fillibustering proceeds from the union of the two forming one of the most despicable classes of people, socially considered, which the United States produce. These social outcasts are the slaves, the blind-tools of such men as the Marquis of Michigan. They are the carrion who feed on the spread-eaglism of a Chandler, who is ever picturing forth the British lion as having his eyes pecked out by the great American eagle. Under a "General" Huoston or a "General" Banks, or a "General" O'Neill or a "General" Sutherland, or a Theller or a Dodge, they are always to be found ready to produce a row. They attempted to assist William Lyon McKenzie at Navy island; they would create a diversion in favor of the wretches who blew up Clerkenwell; or they would aid Mr. Riel or Mister anybody else, who might have it in his head to kick up a row. They are not particular as to what the row may be about. It is quite enough that their services should contribute to more mischief. They "organise" under the protection of the Government of the United States, who are quite ready to put a stop to anything of the kind, the very instant it becomes officially known. The United States Government permit the utmost liberty to their citizens, and never interfere with small armed hunting parties with those modern weapons—breech-loaders and the bowie knife. Luckily for the continuance of friendly relations between this country—Great Britain, we should rather say—and the United States there is to be no disturbance at Red River. There has been already too much of that peculiar kind of thing in which the outcast gougers and gamblers, who infest the United States, rejoice. There is to be no more of it. If Riel could be fool enough to accept fillibusterism, we should certainly look upon it as advisable to take such steps as would prevent the possibility of any successful attack being made upon our expedition, while *en route* to Fort Garry, with General Grant holding the gates of the Sault St. Marie Canal behind them. Fortunately there is not much fear of this kind of attack. It would take some little money to provide fillibusters with sufficient breech loaders, and beef, and biscuit, and the means of reaching and staying in those morasses long enough to do much mischief. They would terrify the Indians, or might themselves be scalped, if they got there. These morasses might be bad for the Queen's troops, but they, in all human probability, would not be very much more agreeable to those wretched, brawling outcasts, who are ready at any moment to serve either an O'Neil, a Rankin, or a Riel.

GOING TO RED RIVER.

Captain Pryce, of the Red River Branch of the Department of Militia leaves this morning for the Sault Ste. Marie to superintend the passage of stores, &c., at that point. Having accomplished his purpose at the Sault he will proceed at once to Fort William to assume the position of Police Magistrate under the Government of Ontario. In both these employments no more suitable person than Capt. Pryce could have been selected. His military education, his genuine good sense, and his active business habits will contribute much towards his public usefulness; and besides, should there happen to be any mischief in the neighbourhood of Fort Garry, which we do not apprehend, the military training of the gallant Captain may be utilised there.

Mr. Dawson, will remain, for some time yet, in Ottawa, to give the aid of his experience and knowledge in the putting forth of supplies.

THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORY.

On the way to Manitoba—Perils of the Road—Scenes on the River Banks—Dangerous Predicament—Encounter with Robber Indians—Under Fire—Narrow Escape by Night.

From the Special Correspondent of the Globe to the Red River Country.

SUNDAY, May 1.

Thinking I might as well be drifting with the current as trying to keep the Sabbath by doing nothing at Georgetown, I made my preparations for an early start, but just as I was nearly ready I found that a Red River traveller had passed down the prairie road on the Dakota side. With visions of the latest news from the Settlement floating vividly before me, I quickly engaged my host to show me the way, and away we started on the double quick for a two-mile-and-half dash across the prairie hoping to catch the traveller at the ferry below. And catch him we did on the Minnesota side, but only to find that he was a half-breed who had been hunting and making sugar on his way down, and who had left the Settlement early in March. On my way back from the ferry I had my first ride in a Red River cart, behind a Red River pony, and for the present I can only say that I was not strongly prepossessed in favour of either.

Ten o'clock saw me on the river once more bound for Pembina, with no prospect of sleeping in a house till I got there. The run through the day was a very quiet one, with nothing especially to break the monotony, except now and then the sight of some overgrown bird—Turkey buzzards being numerous—while now and then an eagle might be seen sailing along among the tree tops. Thus the day wore on till the sun was nearly down, when, drawing my boat into a sheltered cave, I prepared to encamp for the night. After one glance from the bluff above the ravine, I went down again and began glancing over my journal.

MR. LO! A NARROW ESCAPE.

Before leaving Fort Abercrombie, and at several points along the road where I had not experienced frontiersmen, I had been carefully warned against a branch of the Chippawa tribe, known as the Red Lake Indians. These wretches (who are by the way among the people whom Riel depends upon to support him against Canada), are a gang of lawless marauders, who never hesitate to commit murder for the sake of plunder or spite, but who are so cowardly that they will seldom attack more than one man at a time, and in no case attempt a single-handed contest with any one. Several murders have been committed by them along the river, and many more travellers have been lost and never heard of, whose fate is probably well known to these wretches.

I left myself, looking over my journal, and thinking very little of Ponas or his lawless gang; but, in less than five minutes after I had returned from the bluff overhead, I heard the report of a gun. Thinking it must be some prowling half-breed hunting muskrats, I paid no attention to it, and resumed my reading. In less than two minutes, however, a bullet whistled up the ravine, only a few rods above my head. Still, strangely enough, I did not think of the mischief that was brewing, but concluded that I must be in proximity to a surveying party, and hoping for companions with whom to spend an evening, I buckled on my Colt's revolver, and shouldering my gun, I started down the bank of the river to warn the boys not to shoot into my camp. I had not gone far, however, before I became satisfied that there was "business" ahead, for I saw two Indians sink down through the bushes of the Minnesota side, and getting into a canoe shoot swiftly across to the Dakota shore to head me off. Determined to put on a bold front and give them no advantage, I stepped quickly down the bluff, just in time to meet a tall, wiry looking savage emerging from the thicket on the bank, with a hurried bound, as though he had supposed I was trying to escape, and meant to give him chase. When he was within ten feet of me, I quietly motioned him back, which he observed, but did not heed. He took one stride nearer and put back his hand for his knife, but the click of my revolver, as I cocked it and drew it halfway from the holster, had a wholesome effect upon him and he came to a stand-still. I addressed him in English and then in French but he feigned to understand neither. He told me in broken English, however, that he was a Chippawa from Red Lake, and as he stood there I think he was the worst looking specimen of humanity (if, indeed, it can be called humanity) that I ever saw. Tall, lank, raw-boned and dirty, a hug emurderous looking face, half shadowed by a reeking, filthy shock of long black hair, an ill-shaped head, a snaggy neck, broad shoulders, thin chest, a gaunt, narrow waist and thin legs, only half concealed dirty rags bound around them after the manner of leggings. While I was surveying this beauty I heard a slight crackling of the bush, and observed a younger savage stealing stealthily around behind me, but, who, seeing himself observed, came up alongside the elder one. Once together, the two once more attempted the rush game, but before my revolver was half out of the holster they stood still. They asked me several questions by means of pantomime and broken English, to which I returned rather indefinite answers. They wanted to know how many there were in my party, where I meant to sleep, and where I was going, and in return told me that there were eight in their party, that they were camped on the Minnesota side, and that they were going nowhere in particular. While I was conversing with the elder, he addressed the younger one in his own language in an undertone several times, and each time the young wretch would steal around behind me. I kept my eye on him, however, and he did not accomplish anything. At length the two held a consultation in their own language, after which the younger commenced climbing up the bluff, while the elder endeavoured to rivet my attention by a series of extraordinary pantomimic gesticulations. He sat down and motioned me to a seat on a log near him, an honour which I declined, however. He tried every *ruse* to bring me within easy reach of him, but every move I readily checkmated with my revolver. I started to leave and as I turned my back he sprang to his feet with the agility of a cat, and with another bound was nearly upon me, while in his hand half drew back I saw the handle of his knife, while the blade was but half concealed in the folds of his blouse. This fairly enraged as well as alarmed me, and once more cocking my revolver I put it within two feet of the villain's breast and said, "go back!" I had such a strong inclination to pull the trigger this time—I think he must have noticed it in my face, for he went back about ten feet as rapidly as I never saw an Indian move and returning his knife to his belt he went back to his seat again. I had hardly reached the bluff when I once more observed the young savage creeping up behind me, when turning quickly upon him and showing my revolver I said I will stay in my camp and you must stay in yours. To this arrangement he consented, and went chuckling down the bank. By this time it was dark, and feeling very uncomfortable I made my way back to the ravine where I was encamped. I had scarcely settled down again before the firing from the Minnesota shore was resumed, and carried on much more briskly than before. I could not see my assailants, but I could hear the reports, and hear the bullets whistling over head and striking in the muddy banks around me. As I had never been under fire before, I can assure the readers of the *Globe* that the sensations I experienced during those few minutes were neither pleasant nor reassuring. Finally, one bullet whizzed significantly past my ear (apparently not more than eight or ten inches from it) and struck in the mud bank behind me with an ugly thud that sent a chill creeping down my back. It was now pretty dark and commencing to rain, and as I was absolutely certain that those eight savages lurking near meant to rob and murder me in that lonely glen before morning, I concluded to strike out across the prairie, and take my chances of death by starvation rather than be a prey to these fiends. I dragged my boat to the best possible place of concealment, and hiding my valise, axe, frying pan and supplies as well as I could, I once more buckled on my revolver, which had already answered me such a good turn, donned my great coat, and taking my gun, my woolen blankets, and my water proof, which, together with my money, made up the most available and portable part of my plunder, I set out on my hasty retreat, crawling on my hands and knees, through the grass and thick brush up the side of the ravine. Still the firing continued, so I was sure my movements had been unobserved by any spies they might have had lurking near my camp. I will not pause to describe my own feelings as I crept stealthily out of that ravine, not knowing at what moment a bullet might put an end to my wanderings then and there, and being wholly in the dark as to what fate might await me on the prairie, should I be so fortunate as to escape the bloodthirsty fiends who were after my life. The thoughts of home, and friends who might be for years, and perhaps for a life time, unsatisfied as to what my fate had been—such thoughts came thick and fast, but they were not unmingled with a burning, unquenchable hatred of the murderous gang from whom I was escaping. When I reached the bluff I found that a prairie fire, to the north-west of me, would reveal my form if I stood up, so I crept on, now flat on the ground like a serpent, and now on my hands and knees till I must have been a mile from the river's bank. Here I ventured on a stooping walk, and after a time straightened myself up, and walked erect. I now felt as if I had escaped the redskins, though I knew not how close they might be on my trail. I lay down under my blankets to consider what to do next, but was not long in making up my mind to return to Georgetown. I was not long in finding the track, and taking the direction of Georgetown, I passed forward as rapidly as possible under my heavy load, and in my exhausted condition—my throat and lips were parched with thirst, but I could find no traces of water on the road, and I did not care to take time to look for any. Tramp, tramp, tramp across that thick burnt prairie—a flat desolate plain on all sides, with nothing to relieve the vision save the smouldering fires in the North-Western horizon. At last, choking with thirst, I fell half fainting on the road, and in falling must have rolled partly over, for when I became conscious (as I think only about a minute afterwards), it seemed to me that the prairie fire lay directly on my road to Georgetown. Certain that this could not be the case, I turned my back on the fires, and pressed on two rods farther, when I was so fortunate as to find a small slough running directly across the road. In wading through this, I took a hearty drink, and then saturated my pocket-handkerchief, with which I sponged my mouth as fast as it became dry. On I tramped, mile after mile, now walking over dry prairie, and now wading to my middle through the sloughs; but though I was walking rapidly and carrying a heavy load, I did not feel at all fatigued, the cool water with which I was drenched up to my waist, seemed to refresh me. Finally, the road struck into a low marshy ground, and I had to wade for miles over an immense bottom, sometimes knee deep, and sometimes almost waist deep into the mud and water. As I went splashing along through this, I heard a growling and snapping just at my left, and then I saw two large wolves within fifteen feet of me. Ever ready in my utmost need, out came my trusty revolver; but a second thought convinced me that a shot would disclose my whereabouts to any savages who might be on my trail; so I let the lock click noisily as I raised the hammer, and the wolves did not seem to fancy the music any better than Mr. "Lo" had earlier in the evening, for they scampered off without waiting for further explanations. After a walk of some six miles, through the slough already described, I found myself close to Georgetown, and coming out in the high ground again, a few minutes more found me at the ferryman's door, and ten minutes later I was comfortably housed with Mr. McLean, the Hudson Bay Company's agent, with whom I had stayed the night before.

W. H. W.

THE NORTH WEST QUESTION.

SPEECH OF THE HON. MR. HOWE. HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, May 9, 1870.

Upon the question of concurrence in the resolutions reported from the Committee of the Whole, respecting the proposed new Province of Manitoba.

Hon. Mr. HOWE said—I did not think, sir, that it would facilitate the progress of this important measure to enter into personal explanations or to reply till this moment to some of the speeches made by hon. members; but the time, I believe, has arrived when the House must feel that some explanations on my part are called for. Now let me say here that I listened the other day with a great deal of patience to a long tirade from the hon. member for Lambton, in which he was as usual personally abusive; and I may repeat in his presence here, what I have had occasion to say in the Committee of public accounts not long ago, that that hon. gentleman, with all his pretensions to moderation and fairness, never loses an opportunity of saying a savage and offensive thing in an exceedingly disagreeable and unpleasant manner. (Hear, hear). Not only did the hon. member for Lambton assail me, but some of his followers—all the small curs, "Tray, Blanche, and Sweetheart," (Laughter) one after the other ran barking at my heels. I felt a little like the man who was stuck in the pillory for an hour, and after everybody had pelted dead cats and brick-bats at him for their own amusement, exclaimed at the end of the hour, "my turn has come," and then got up and returned all the dead cats and brick-bats at the heads of his tormentors. (Laughter). I do not, however, think it would be quite in accordance with good taste to return all the foul and unclean things that have been hurled at me in the course of this debate. I will, therefore, pass over a great deal of the bitter, unjust and unnecessary language of the hon. member for Lambton. I pass over also the observations of the hon. member for South Waterloo (Mr. Young), partly because I was not present throughout, and did not hear the whole of them. I will pass over too the skim-milk oratory of the hon. member for South Oxford. (Laughter). And I will pass over the philosophical declamations of my hon. friend from Bothwell, but I may say of him in passing that I am not aware he ever says an ill-natured thing if he can help it. Now, the burden of all these people's songs, as it has been the burden of the hon. member for North Lanark's violent oratory, has been my ill-treatment of the Ex-Governor of the North West Territory. With regard to that, perhaps the House will allow me to make an explanation or two. The hon. member for Lambton complained that I was opposed to the policy of the acquisition of the North West Territory; but the hon. gentleman forgot to tell the House what my policy was in regard to that question, as developed in a long speech which I addressed to the House two years ago. Was it to maintain the authority of the Hudson's Bay Company? No. Was it to lock up that great country as a hunting ground for the benefit of that Company? No. What then was it? It was to call upon the British Government to do its duty to British America, to do its duty to the empire at large, by throwing that country open to settlement, and inviting the starving millions of other parts of the Empire and of Europe to enter and find homes—to populate the land, and make it fruitful for their own happiness. (Hear). My impression was, that the Imperial Government owed it to us, owed it to their own dignity, owed it to the integrity of the Empire, to so deal with that country that no man would ever wish or ever dare to hoist there any flag except the British flag. My policy was that the Imperial Government should have hoisted the British flag in that territory, thrown it open to settlement, assumed all the responsibility of governing it, and ultimately organised it as a British Province, one of the family of nations in the Empire. Sir, I did object to Canada assuming the responsibility of all that work; I pointed out, with the forecast, I think, of statesmanship, the perils we would run, the difficulties we would encounter, by pursuing such a course, and I thought the burden thrown upon Canada was a burden too heavy for this young country to bear. Now, in view of the events that have occurred within the past few months, in view of the very things we have here to deal with to-night, in view of the difficulty we have in obtaining possession of that country, and in view of the obstacles which may still exist to our getting into it, I think I may well claim that I foresaw and pointed out the perils into which the policy of a majority of this House was likely to lead us. Was I right or was I wrong? Why, if that country had been opened up and developed by Great Britain as I proposed, we would have had the benefit of its trade, our young men would have found there a field for their energy and enterprise, and Canada would no more have been bound to defend and protect it, than she is bound to other Provinces under the British Crown. But a majority of this House decided otherwise; and when I came up from my own Province and joined this Government I accepted that policy, as I accepted also the policy of Confederation, and I appeal to hon. gentlemen sitting around me, who have been my colleagues in the Cabinet for the last year, to say whether there is one of them who will for a moment countenance the belief that in working out that policy they have not had my loyal, warm and earnest support. (Cheers from the ministerial seats.) As for the hon. member for North Lanark, I will admit at once that, having acted with him, as a colleague, associated with me in transacting the business of the country, if I had shown him the evil treatment which he and other hon. members on that side of the House complained of, I would be undeserving of the character of a gentleman and unworthy to address a body of gentlemen, such as those who are sitting around me. Now, what are the facts? I had known the Hon. Mr. McDougall—I beg his pardon for naming him—for some years, as I had known most of the other leading public men of Canada. From the moment I sat down with him in the Privy Council this was his position: Mr. Ferguson Blair was dead, Mr. Howland had been appointed Lieut. Governor of Ontario, and he sat there as the only liberal, except my hon. friend from New Brunswick, hon. Mr. Tilley, in the Cabinet. Now, if I have been anything all my life in politics, I have been a liberal. The party with which I acted in Nova Scotia, and which for many years I had the honour of leading—that great party which secured for that Province all its important and useful public Works, and which carried into practical operation every broad and liberal principle of responsible Government and civil and religious liberty—was the liberal party. We called ourselves liberals and were not ashamed of the name. When I came up here, then, I found the hon. gentleman the only liberal representing Canada in the Government. Was it not natural that he should have my sympathy, as he had my cordial support, in every measure which he proposed? He had my sympathy and as far as I know or can remember an unkind word never passed between us. When I changed my place in the Government and became Secretary of State for the Provinces, the proposition made to me to accept that office was made on his own sofa in his own house, with no one present but the Premier, the hon. gentleman and myself. I had reason to believe that that offer had his full approbation or I would never have considered it. Well, what then? The moment that I ascertained that our colleagues, who were then scattered about, approved of that appointment I accepted the position. What was the next step? I felt that I could not assume the duties of that office with justice to my own character, to this House, and with satisfaction to the country, without using every means in my power of acquiring that information with regard to the North West which it is now apparent not a man at the Council-board was possessed of, although the hon. member for North Lanark was the man of all others who ought to have had that information. The moment it was determined that I should accept the office, I consulted with that hon. member, and in accordance with what was then decided upon, he and I went up together to Thunder Bay to overlook the progress of the road-makers under Mr. Dawson at that place and to examine the approaches to the country. Now, it is very easy after events have transpired to perceive errors and mistakes and where they ought to have been corrected, (hear, hear). I am willing to give the hon. member for North Lanark credit for everything that is his due; but I tell him in presence of this House that the first mistake he made was this: when we were at Thunder Bay he should not have come back to Canada, but if he had taken a canoe and gone quietly into the North West Territory—(hear, hear)—he would have done an act of superlative wisdom for which he would have got infinite credit at this hour. He preferred, however, to go into the Territory in great state. He talks of my not stopping on the prairie to confer with him, but if any one could have seen the great cavalcade of carriages, the number of women and children in his train on that frosty morning, it would not have been wondered at that I did not stop, [laughter]. Why, Sir George Simpson, who for years was governor of the Hudson Bay Company, or governor McTavish never went in such state through the country before. Sir George Simpson in his frequent and arduous journeyings over the country often went in a bark canoe attended by a few Indian guides and living upon the roughest fare; governor McTavish, I have no doubt, travels as plainly; but the hon. gentleman went out there as a great satrap paying a vist to his province, with an amount of following, a grandeur of equipage and a display of pomp that was enough to tempt the cupidity of all the half-breeds in the country, [great laughter]. That, I say, was his first blunder, and a great blunder it was. Now, then, what was my object in going to the North West? I have already said for information. Was information concerning that distant country so abundant that no more was required? Why, not a member of the Privy Council, nor so far as I am aware, not a member of this House had ever seen or read the records of the council of the colony—the governing body of the district of Assiniboina. I performed that work, and of the seven or eight days I spent in the Territory it occupied two of them. There was here at Ottawa no copy of the statutes in operation in that country. I brought copies of them home with me for the information of the Minister of Justice and the other members of the Government. And does not everybody now feel that there was a vast amount of information that ought to have been acquired before the hon. gentleman started upon his journey? I profess to know nothing more of the country than anybody else. I entered into it in entire ignorance of the state of affairs there, but I was not long in ascertaining that all was not so serene as our friends imagined, [hear, hear]. I have said that to gain information was my object. When I started from home I intended to go there alone, but when I got to Toronto I had the honour of dining with the hon. Mr. Macpherson, a Senator of the Dominion and the hon. Mr. Carling, and it was those gentlemen who first suggested the propriety of my associating myself with a party of Canadian merchants who were going out to that country, [hear, hear]. The hon. member for Lambton, with that ill natured spitefulness which he so often exhibits in this House, spoke the other day of Mr. Sanford, one of those merchants, in a very offensive way, and I think that among other things he called him a Yankee annexationist. Well, I make the declaration in this House that if he was or is a Yankee annexationist, my introduction to him was by hon. gentlemen of this House who knew him intimately and who represented him as being entirely upright and honest. I was three or four weeks in his company, and I do not hesitate to say that a more intelligent, thoughtful and upright man cannot, in my opinion, be selected from among the ranks of the commercial men of Canada. (Hear, hear.) I have no knowledge as to where he was born, whether it was in the Mother country, the United States or Canada; but this I can say, that every word he uttered, every thought that he expressed, was indicative of a high and honorable character, and of a warm regard for the interests of Canada in that North-West Territory. (Hear, hear.) At all events, if I got into bad company—and I do not for a moment admit that I did—my hon. friends whom I have named are a little to blame for it, and not myself.

Now, it has been said that I ought to have held public meetings while I was in the Territory, and explained to the people the intentions of the Canadian Government. Why, sir, when I was at St. Paul I met many commercial men who had heard and seen me at the Detroit commercial convention, and who did me the honor of saying that they would like to hear me speak again on public questions, and that if I consented to attend they would call a meeting there, so anxious were the people to know what Canada meant, and what policy was intended to be pursued in regard to the North-West. It would have given me great personal gratification to have appeared before an assemblage of the people of St. Paul in the large hall which they offered to procure for the purpose, and to have made a speech to them upon a subject in which they as well as ourselves took an interest. But I was not sent abroad to deliver lectures and make speeches to the public. I was sent abroad for a totally different purpose—to get information. I therefore declined the invitation which was so courteously and flatteringly given to me, and held no meeting at St. Paul. When I got to Winnepeg I soon began to get an inkling into the state of affairs there. We hear a great deal about the "loyal" people of the Territory—the Canadian party as they are called. Why, sir, I am old enough to remember when the people of Nova Scotia first claimed the great right of Responsible Government, who it was that raised the loyal cry then in that Province; and what was that loyal cry? Why, that we who demanded that right, and who were opposed to the "loyal" people of that day, were malcontents and rebels to the Crown. And do we not know that in every one of these Provinces there was a jolly lot of nice old people, very good in their way, and highly respectable and influential, who in all our struggles for responsible representative government have always claimed that they were the "loyal" people *par excellence*, and that the masses of the people were rebels and traitors? Do we not know that it was to the obstinacy and injustice of the "loyal" people in Upper Canada that much of the responsibility for the troubles of 1837-8 is due; and that the same characteristics of the "loyal" people in Lower Canada went far to cause the unfortunate events which occurred at the same time in that Province? (Hear, hear.) And with regard to the Lower Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, all I can say is that we had a body of people there who claimed all the loyalty, all the intelligence and all the respectability, and held that the masses of the people counted for nothing.

Mr. RYMAL—That's so. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. HOWE—Well, I found that they had a similar class of "loyal" people in the Territory, who assumed all the airs of a superior race. Who were they? People who had chiefly gone in to survey the country or make a road, and their quality may be guessed from the fact that they allowed themselves, one and all of them, to be cooped up in Dr. Shultz's house, forty or fifty in number, and were captured like a coop of chickens by this man Riel, who has been called a bar-room loafer, but who, at any rate on that occasion, showed sufficient resolution and strategical ability to secure them. He may be a bar-room loafer, but he had brains enough to coop them up in that house, and then to drive them into Fort Garry like a flock of sheep. (Laughter and signs of dissent.) Why, sir, with all their professions of loyalty not one of them fired a shot for Canada; but surrendered at discretion, were marched off to prison, and there they stayed. And that shows pretty conclusively, I think, what their power and influence was in the Territory, and what their tact and military strategy were. This was the handful of people for whom we were to sacrifice the North-West Territory and its inhabitants! Why, I do not hesitate to say that if we were to adopt the policy urged by the hon. member for North Lanark, and take this handful of men into our councils—shutting out from all consideration the descendants of the original owners of the soil, who form the mass of the people, there, and framing a measure to please this body of "loyal" people alone, instead of a measure of justice to all—we would have done an act of madness which we would never cease to repent and regret. (Hear, hear.) Among the other accusations that have been made against me was that I hauled down the British flag or somebody's flag with the word "Canada" upon it. Now, what are facts touching that matter? They are simply these: As I rode into Winnepeg I saw a flag flying over a house at the road-side with "Canada" upon it. I was told it had been hoisted in honor of my arrival by a person putting himself forward as the representative of Canada and Canadian interests, and who was nursing and fostering this little clique, and holding out the idea that he was something very little less than the Government of Canada. (Cries of "Name.") I need not mention any name just now. The moment I ascertained that fact I found further that there was an individual who made himself marvellously conspicuous by writing letters home to the Canadian newspapers ridiculing the half-breed people. I had no desire—rather a decided objection—to have my name associated with parties of that kind, and by refusing to do so it seems I incurred the undying hostility of those people who afterwards were largely instrumental in deceiving the member for North Lanark as to the real condition of affairs in the Territory. But as to the flag, did I pull it down? Not I. I never went near it. Did I order any one to pull it down? No, not I. I never gave or had a right to give any order about it. How long it hung there I do not know. The man who hoisted it seemed to enjoy his demonstration without interruption, for so far as I saw or knew no attempt was made to interfere with him. At any rate, there is not a word of truth in the accusation that I either hauled it down myself, or ordered any one else to do so. (Hear, hear.) But the member for Lambton says I ought to have held meetings and "seen everybody" in the Territory, explaining to them the intentions of this Dominion. Well, I think that hon. gentlemen who know me know that I very rarely shrink from attending a public meeting wherever I may be asked, if I should consider it my duty to attend. Since I have resided in Ottawa I have attended a dozen or more literary or social gatherings of one kind or another, and I rather approve of the practice of members of the Government setting a good example, by appearing on such public occasions wherever the object is a worthy and creditable one. But hon. members must see that in Winnepeg it is altogether a different matter—that the population there who it now seems it would have been desirable to operate upon were those French half-breeds who have since prevented the hon. gentleman's entrance into the Territory. Now, I appeal to hon. gentlemen to say how it was possible for me to address them intelligibly, however anxious I might have been, when in early life I neglected to do what I advise every young man in Canada to do—to speak the French language fluently? (Hear, hear.) Suppose I had called public meetings, could I have addressed them in their own language with which alone they are familiar? What possible good could I have effected Suppose I had called meetings and made speeches which would have had the effect of agitating the people there—one party siding with me, and my views and another perhaps opposing them—what would have been said then? I would then have been told—and hon. gentlemen opposite would have been the first to say it—that the people there were all quiet when I went amongst them, that I started them up by my speeches, that their feelings were roused and their jealousies excited by my over anxiety for personal display—that, in fact, everything would have gone on quietly and satisfactorily if I had not set the people in motion by my very *maladroit* statements. (Hear, hear.) Sir, I was not such a fool. I am rather too old a bird to be caught in a trap like that—(laughter)—and for the reasons I have given now and on a former occasion those meetings were not held; and looking back at the course of events as they have occurred since, I am delighted that I resisted the invitation that was given to me. When I say invitation I do not mean that any public invitation was extended to me. Two or three people came into my room and asked me whether I would not address a meeting of the inhabitants; but no requisition was got up, nor was any formal proposition made to me in any shape, to hold a public meeting in the Territory. So much for that charge. (Hear, hear.)

Now, who were the chief persons that I saw? We were told that I threw myself into the hands of one Bannatyne,—that I would not see any of the loyal people. Why, sir, that is nor true! I saw Dr. Schultz, and if he had chosen to walk into my room; he could have come there and given me any information that he pleased. My room was open every day to any one in Winnipeg—to every man of the loyal party: they came and went as they pleased, and were free to give any information they had to impart. Well, sir, I saw the Bishop of Rupert's Land, Archdeacon McLean, Judge Black, Rev. Mr. Young. Mr. Kennedy, and many others, and I saw, also, Governor McTavish, and if there was going to be an insurrection, was it not probable that some of all these gentleman would have told me of it? Was it likely that there could be such a thing known to these hon. gentlemen, and yet none of them impart it to me? (Hear.) Surely not a man of them knew of it, and if not a man of them knew of it, how was I to find it out? (Hear.) Colonel Dennis was there, and I saw him several times—but he had no iuformation to give, and he gave me none. Mr. Snow was there, and he never came near me, for reasons which were sufficiently clear to his own mind. He had lived there fifteen months, and if he had any reason to believe that there was to be an insurrection, why did he not come and give me information of it.

Hon. Sir GEORGE E. CARTIER.—Hear, hear.

Hon. Mr. HOWE.—Now, sir, I was bonnd to be back here by the 1st November, but let me say that as I was driving about, I found that there were sources of uneasiness in the population, and there was a good deal of fear and alarm about the result of what was to occur. Well, sir, to every leading man who called upon me, and to every leading man I called upon, I frankly and openly avowed what the policy of Canada was and would be. I frankly declared that although the measure passed last session was to some extent a preliminary measure, they might be assured that the Government meant fairly by them—that the intention was to draw in the talent and information of the country round Mr. McDougall, and that as soon as the population were ready, we were prepared and intended to give them the same institutions as existed in the other Provinces (hear). Now, sir, with regard to the hon. member for Lanark himself, I anticipated no personal objections. I knew nothing to his prejudice, but I found many rumors afloat, and much suspicion. First, there was the Manitoulin case. I never heard of it till I got to Winnipeg. I could not explain it, for it was beyond the reach of my comprehension (hear). But I found that there was a great deal of objection in certain quarters, arising out of this Manitoulin difficulty (hear). Whatever that was, sir, I accept the explanation made by the Hon. Minister of Justice, when he said, being cognizant of the facts, that he acquitted the hon. member for North Lanark of any blame. But, I say, perhaps the people of that country had not all the facts, for if they had a strong prejudice existed against the hon. member for North Lanark, arising out of that transaction. What more? Why, sir, there were scattered personal objections to the hon. gentleman. And when I found that this sort of prejudice was afloat in the minds of the people, I declare in the presence of the hon. gentleman, as I do in the presence of this House, that one-third of every sentence I uttered on the borders of the Red River and Assiniboine, was a personal defence of William McDougall (hear, hear). After defending him from all-comers, I often used a phrase to which exception was formerly taken, that if "he was a sensible man" he would do just as I am doing—he will come in here and see for himself. He will not make an appointment until he has seen who people are, and what interests they represent. This is what he will do if he is a sensible man," as I certainly, at that time, believed him to be. Perhaps I have changed my opinion since, (hear, hear, and laughter.) Now, I must say that in some way or other, there was a strong prejudice against him—they did not like his manners and distrusted his fitful temper, and I begin to have great doubts whether on that score their information was not better than my own, (renewed laughter.) But at all events, to sum it all up, the general feeling, I must say, was that he was not "the man for Galway"—that he was not the style of man that they wanted. But I declare in his presence, upon my honour, that against all assailants in all circles I made a loyal defence of my colleague, the hon. member for North Lanark, (hear.) Then came the complaints of the hon. gentleman as to my conduct when I met him on the Prairie. He complains that I did not tell him something that I did not know, (laughter.) Why, sir, I explained on a former day—and if I did not make the explanation clear and perfect then, let me make it clear and perfect now—the last interview that I had was with Governor McTavish, who is a man I take it that will not falsify his word. I took him by his hand and begged of him to sink all feeling of antagonism, and when Mr. McDougall came into the territory that he would take a seat in his Council and give him the best advice, (hear.) That was the last advice that I gave to Governor McTavish. What were his last words to me? Shaking me by the hand, he said: "Mr. Howe, if this experiment fails, the Company will cease to exist," (hear,) and he said also that he had summoned the Council of Assiniboine to prepare an address of welcome to the hon. member for North Lanark on his coming into the territory, (hear.) Now, sir, I rode out and met my hon. gentleman on the Prairie, and what could I have told him if I had kept him there a month; I could have told him nothing but that whatever the uneasiness, whatever the personal objections on one side, there was the assurance of Governor McTavish, at the last interview that I had with him, that the existence of the company was bound up in the success of Canada's experiment, and that he was preparing an address of welcome to Canada's Governor. (Hear.) And what then Sir? I felt if it had not been such a day as it was; that it would have been pleasant to have had an hour's chat and to tell him what had occurred, and how I had met objections. Then the hon. gentleman complains that I did not write to him. Well, Sir, as I have shown I had nothing very particular to write about. When I got to Fort Abercrombie, I was tired and weary—I was to start next day in a coach for a three day's ride—there was no quiet place in which I could write, and I felt that three or four days would make very little difference; and now, Sir, I hold in my hand a letter marked private, which has not been brought down, and I will read it, leaving out a single passage. It is as follows:—

Private.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 31st, 1869.

MY DEAR MACDOUGALL,—I got here yesterday at noon, and go east to-morrow morning. I was sorry not to have had an hour's chat with you, but what I had to say lies so obviously on the surface that your own judgment will guide you correctly, even if it be unsaid. I found a great deal of misapprehension and prejudice afloat, and did my best to dissipate it. * * * * * It would be a great mistake to patronize a little clique of persons at war with the more influential elements of society. These are sufficiently mixed and heterogenious to require delicate handling, but they must form the basis of any successful Government: and if dealt with firmly, courteously and justly, I have no doubt can be organized and utilized, till the foundation is widened by immigration. I hope that MacTavish, who is much esteemed, will take a seat in the Council, and give you cordial support. The half-breeds are a pecular people, like our fishermen and lumbermen, but they do a large amount of the rough work of the country, which nobody else can do so well. I hope the Priests will counsel them wisely, and that you may be able to draw in some of their leaders to cooperate in the business of Government. With the English population there will be no difficulty, if we except two or three American traders, who are annexationists. The Indian question was not presented to me in any form, as I saw none of their chiefs, but they repudiate the idea of being sold by the Company, and some form of treaty or arrangement may be necessary. Anything will be better than an Indian war at that distance from the centre. I have a keen insight into the difficulties before you, and will do my best to make your mission a success.

Believe me, your's truly,
JOSEPH HOWE.

Sir, what more could I write to any man than that (hear). Well, I returned to Ottawa, and by and bye came the news from the hon. gentleman of the obstructions presented to his entrance, and then at the back of that came the issue of his proclamation and of the commission which he had given to Colonel Dennis. Now, let me say that I have had some periods of anxiety in my political life. I have passed through some exciting scenes. I have had in the course of my life to assume some heavy responsibilities, but, sir, whatever the hon. member for North Lanark may have felt in his lonely hut at Pembina, he cannot conceive—at least he seems never to have appreciated—the feelings with which his colleagues at Ottawa read these remarkable documents, when we found that he had precipitated a crisis—that without waiting for instructions he had issued a proclamation in the name of the Queen, founded upon an Act which had never been performed. He says, "you ought to have paid the money?" I gave him an answer to that question the other day. His own letters, his own dispatches were an answer, the very fact that he was barred out of the country by an insurrectionary force was sufficient warranty for the non-payment of the money. When these extraordinary documents came to Ottawa, I have no hesitation in saying that I entertained no unkind feelings for the hon. gentleman. My hon. friends here know that there was not one of his colleagues but felt that in issuing this proclamation, he had acted in advance of the Sovereign, probably with good intentions, but had misconceived his instructions and exceeded his powers, that he was not the lawful Governor of the territory, and had issued a commission to Colonel Dennis, which no man could read then without horror, or can read now without laughing. For several days the letter of censure was laid before the Council and it was thoughtfully considered. I have been taunted in this matter, and a personal quarrel with the hon. gentleman has been attempted to be forced upon me. Sir, I have no hesitation to accept the responsibility of that despatch. There was not a member of the Council who could sleep in his bed from doubt and apprehension during that week of suspense. Why, sir, if the Almighty had not interposed, and we are told that "there's a divinity doth shape our ends, rough hew them as we may" and the ends of the ex-Governor were rough enough God knows, but the divinity robed around that people with too much good sense to rise at the bidding of a stranger and cut each other's throats. With all the zeal exerted by the missionary he sent into the country, he could not persuade the people to rise. At last, the Bishop of Rupert's Land took him in hand, and told him that his proceedings were calculated to involve the settlement in carnage. (Hear.) Now, sir, how did we feel? Day after day we met in Council, and waited for information. Suppose Col. Dennis had succeeded in raising the population—suppose fire and sword had passed up the Assiniboine and down the Red River—do you suppose that one of us, sitting on the Treasury benches now, thought that the loss of office was a matter of deep consideration? No sir, sorrow and apprehension were the feelings uppermost at the moment because lovers of our country, and anxious for a peaceful solution of the difficulties in the West, we did not know at what hour we might be arraigned as murderers, having sacked houses, committed outrages and destroyed the whole thriving settlement, (hear, hear.) Now sir, I have no hesitation in saying that I would not have sat one hour in the council, if I had been called upon to assume the responsibility of that man's acts, or of the proceedings of his Lieutenant acting under him. Sir, I am proud to know that we stand here to-day with our public despatches in our hands. By and bye, when these are collected and put together in a brief pamphlet, I may bequeath them to my children as honourable testimony of the way in which their father acted in these trying, barassing and difficult circumstances, (hear, hear.) Now I may say, Mr. Speaker, that I am almost inclined to apologize to you and the House for using a few words the other day, that were intemperate and unparliamentary, but the language of the member for North Lanark was so unbecoming—his language to his own colleagues on the treasury benches, was so discourteous, that perhaps my temper got the better of my judgment. All I can say is, that I leave it to the House to decide whether I have ever before violated the decorum of debate—whether I have ever made an unkind, unjust attack upon anybody, (hear)—if I have, all I can say is, that I am sorry for it. Now sir, I think this—that when that gentleman was charging us with holding negociations with the emissaries of Riel, he was hardly making a fair charge, because, when he wrote to Riel, he was as much a rebel as he is now. He had not, it is true, committed a murder, but he was as much up in arms then as he is now, (hear,) and if it is wrong for us to hold any negociations with the delegates, it was equally wrong for the hon. member for Lanark to write that letter, and above all things, to say that he "trusted in his honor," and hoped to meet him in secret without any of his friends being present. (Hear.) Now sir, I come to the hon. gentleman's return. I admit at once to the House that if he had returned to Ottawa, and said to his colleagues, "I think you have acted hastily and unkindly by me. Hear all the circumstances and all my explanations, and judge of me then." We would have judged fairly and treated him kindly. But before he returned we heard rumours of interviews with the hon. gentleman, and in all sorts of reports we had evidence of his ill-feelings. In his speech at Lanark his ill-temper broke out, and afterwards, in one of the papers which supports the hon. gentleman—I will not under[...]
he writes in it—but at any [...]
the hon. gentleman, we [...]
George E. Cartier was de[...]
derer! Langevin was a [...]
was a murderer! (shame) [...]
language hurled at him [...]
were labouring to [...]
(cheers). Now, with regard [...]
Riel who shot Scott? [...]
said that "a blunder is wors[e] [...]
but to shoot Scott was a bl[...]
a crime (hear). The man [...]
understood the policy of [...]
He made a gross mistake [...]
man; and not a member [...]
Council, nor a man in the [...]
demns him for it (cheers) [...]
gentleman named Alcock [...]
it was said that he was [...]
me that he refused to [...]
I have here a letter written [...]
Ontario paper, and afterwards [...]
in the *Canadian News* [...]
of "the honour of [...]
the Territory (hear) [...]
mony of gentlemen [...]
drive, who knew that [...]
us to go with him to [...]
Portage La Prairie [...]
unable to do [...]
ford was challenged [...]
and we were told that [...]
champaigne with Riel [...]
in all my life, and I never [...]
either with him or with [...]
River. In fact, I do [...]
was a bottle of champagne [...]
fit to drink. Then Mr [...]
highly respectable man [...]
chairman of the Chamber of [...]
Hamilton, and who travelled [...]
month, contradicted all [...]
written. Captain Kennedy [...]
pealed to, and by-and-bye [...]
letter from the Captain, flatly [...]
my assailants, and I have here [...]
Mrs. Kennedy, which I found [...]
other day. I will not read [...]
"read" and laughter.]
It is hardly fair to read [...]
every word I uttered [...]
would not like to [...]
Parliament, (laughter [...]
anybody who saw the [...]
not doubt her, for instance [...]
like manner she could [...]
any lady in Canada, (cries [...]
I hold in my hand a piece of [...]
other description from [...]
Rupert's Land, written in [...]
tleman here in Canada [...]
charge Mr. Howe with [...]
sentiments or anything of [...]
sir, but the Bishop of Rupert's [...]
that he himself had no suspicion [...]
was to be an outbreak [...]
says, speaking of Mr. Howe, [...]
only regrets that he had not [...]
country six months before [...]
Now, sir, I need not, I think, [...]
time with these absurd slanders [...]
men who surround me here [...]
charged with being the cause [...]
murder. But let me trace [...]
that unhappy event. The [...]
his lieutenant created [...]
territory that any man might [...]
and make war, and the very [...]
Col. Dennis led to the capture [...]
dians. The expedition from [...]
followed, and led to the capture [...]
Boulton and his people, and [...]
subsequent death of Scott [...]
man in the Government [...]
Canada, having any knowledge [...]
of things there, or anything [...]
it. But there is [...]
ought to be remembered [...]
Bolton himself was sentenced [...]
who saved his life? Why, [...]
Smith, the delegate sent [...]
Government.

Mr. MACKENZIE—I don't [...]

Hon. Mr. HOWE—Well, I [...]
The hon. member for Lambton [...]
the Bill for last year was [...]
there was no popular [...]
if it was so, who is most [...]
who was a comparative [...]
spring, or the hon. [...]
Lanark, who had the whole [...]
matter? Then we were [...]
member that the country [...]
Canada. Yes, but has [...]
sir, we have got a long [...]
to travel before we can [...]
belongs to Canada. We [...]
tion to send to that [...]
and by we may be [...]
some degree of truth that [...]
belongs to us. The hon. [...]
another observation about [...]
Canadian that, he says, [...]
Why, sir, the apostate [...]
gentleman does not know [...]
ful county of Annapolis [...]
Whelock. He is a man [...]
ly respectable. I have [...]
have been a welcome [...]
ed and charming family [...]
honourable name and a [...]
than Joseph Whitlock [...]
son, a printer, emigrated [...]
commenced to publish a [...]
he now lives, and, by dint of [...]
ability, and energy, he has [...]
up to be to-day the editor of [...]
organ of the Republican [...]
State. When I went to St. [...]
tleman did me the honor [...]
me. I was pleased [...]
having known that he had [...]
sion, made for himself an [...]
tion, and since the last few [...]
been elected by his party to [...]
of the city of St. Paul [...]
man showed me, going [...]
courtesy which one gentleman [...]
another, and when, sir, [...]
who to trust to get a letter [...]
member for North Lanark [...]
were unsafe, when the mails [...]
I sent two letters to his [...]
would not ask young Whelock [...]
an act that might compromise [...]
sentiments and position [...]
but I knew that I could [...]
As the Minister of Justice [...]
other day, he was worthy [...]
and the letters reached [...]
though the Collector of Customs [...]
member for North Lanark [...]
ledged had acted fairly [...]
I say this in explanation [...]
Joe. Whelock shows [...]
able, but he resides in St. Paul [...]
high political position [...]
course, the opinions of [...]

Mr. MACKENZIE—[...]
Canada.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—The hon. [...]
Lambton thought proper to [...]
the other night the word [...]

Mr. MACKENZIE—I [...]

Hon. Mr. HOWE—I [...]
ber for Lambton's [...]
honorable member [...]
who made use of [...]
am just as well pleased [...]
care what the hon. member [...]
sir, I used to read in the Canadian [...]
of one "look to Washington [...]
who was represented as a [...]
acter—something like [...]
man to say it was true. [...]
I do not believe it was true [...]
it, by way of illustration [...]
foul names can be used [...]
are to stick; but what [...]
a number of the Toronto [...]
was the reason Mr. George [...]
not sustaining the nomination [...]
ber for North Lanark to [...]
of the North West? Why, [...]
the people there who read [...]
not receive or accept [...]
looked upon as "a traitor [...]
The hon. gentleman [...]
moderately, and as to [...]
kindly feelings, all I can say [...]
have never deserved them [...]
and never returned them [...]
self open to attack, by [...]
scurrilous and unjust [...]
debate and for the dignity [...]
it perhaps will be becoming [...]
both hereafter weigh our words [...]
can only say this to the hon. [...]
when foul names are applied [...]
anybody, whether within [...]

TIGHT BINDING

House or beyond them, I have too much of the spirit of a gentleman to allow anybody to take liberties with impunity.

The hon. member for Lambton thinks that he is not bound to defend the hon. member here. Why, sir, during the last three years, since I sat here, the hon. member for Lambton seemed to hate with an undying hatred the hon. member for North Lanark, but there they are now like twin brothers. I fancy the hon. member for Lambton folding him in his arms with his peculiarly sanctimonious countenance, and saying "come to my bosom my own stricken deer." (laughter). The member for Lambton told us they knew everything that was going to be done at Red River. Well, sir, I can only say if they do, it must be by inspiration, for I have never written to a living soul in that country since I came out of it. My feelings, my opinions and my policy are embodied in the instructions given to our delegates, and in the public papers that are signed by my hand, but if there is any information of a surreptitious or improper character, I can only say it has never been given by me. Sir, the hon. member told us, that had I known of the impending insurrection, I should have remained in the North West. Now, Sir, there the member for Lambton and I are in accord. I have no hesitation in saying that if I had had the slightest idea that there was to be an armed insurrection there, I would have stayed under any circumstances of inconvenience, difficulty or danger. Sir, the hon. gentleman has spoken of Scott, the person who was sent as a delegate here, as a wretched, drunken loafer. Perhaps so. I have no reason to know what he is, but all I can say is that it is hardly fair for gentlemen on the floor of this House to apply approbrious language to men who are not here to defend themselves. (Hear, hear.) The hon. gentleman told us that he would not confirm any of those old grants to the clergymen. Why would any hon. member take away the lands that belong to the clergy of Canada? Certainly not? And if these clergymen have got grants they will not require us to confirm their titles. The law will do that, and to the law we leave them. I will not discuss the education clauses of the Bill. The Minister of Militia has ably put all the points in reference to that matter. I have, however, one or two words to say on another branch. It has been said here that we are giving to those people extravagant grants of money. Now, sir, I have here among my papers a statement showing how, year by year, the State of Minnesota, when that State was organized, received amounts granted by the General Government; and it appears that we are not dealing more liberally with this new Province than the Government of the United States dealt with Minnesota. Now, I have only another word or two to say and then I shall sit down. I have been especially anxious to see what the hon. member for North Lanark would give us instead of the Bill upon the table of the House. Sir, he wishes to continue very nearly the policy of last year.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL—No, no.

Hon. Mr. HOWE—The hon. member says "No, no," but is he not desirous to establish a grand sort of paternal despotism? He is at all events giving us machinery which has not hitherto been tried in any of the British Provinces, and which we have had no opportunity to test. But look at the contrast between our measure and his own. We are giving a measure so generous, liberal and just, that we can hand it to the Imperial Government with pride, and we can show it across the border to our American neighbors, and say there is our measure for the pacification and happiness and settlement of that country, as liberal and as fair as any territorial institution that you ever established; and, sir, we can say to the people of Canada we are giving these men the same institutions under which the larger and smaller Provinces of this Dominion have flourished—a measure worthy of the age in which we live, and which we can hand down as a testimony of its justice and liberality, to be read and prized by our children. (Applause.)

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

An unusually large quantity of lumber went down the river in barges on Saturday.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

First of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Lumbermen are afraid that the water has come down with such a rush, that it will fall suddenly and leave a great deal of timber in the small creeks and rivers, that cannot be taken out this summer.

Farmers are wishing for another fall of rain. Some of them up the Rideau expect to have all their grain sown about the 15th inst.; two weeks ahead of last spring.

CAN'T BE FOUND.—A man who can tell the number of houses that are built every week in Hull. The wooden town is a curiosity, and is attracting the notice of people who have money to invest in real estate.

ST. ALBAN'S SCHOOL HOUSE MONDAY READINGS.—We are requested to state that no readings will be given at St. Alban's School House this evening.

THE HULL MILLS.—We have been informed that Eddy's & Crandall's mills will begin sawing to-day. The effect will be a new life to the Village of Hull.

MATCH BOXES.—About eight large bags filled with empty match boxes, were carried, on Saturday, to Mr. Eddy's factory—to be filled. This is only the supply of one day.

ROW IN A TAVERN.—Three or four bloods fell into a row in a tavern on York street, on Friday morning, among the early hours. It appears that the party who came off the worst was arrested; but was subsequently let off.

KEEP COOL.—There's no excuse for being too warm this summer. Mr. James Nash has secured a good supply of ice, which he proposes to furnish to his customers for the season at reasonable prices. For terms, see advertisement in another column.

THE MARKET—SATURDAY.—This was the best market since those of Christmas holidays. The square and the adjoining streets were crammed with waggons and carts filled with everything marketable that the season can afford. Prices are somewhat easier than last week.

FINE APPLES, BANANAS, &C.—Mr. McCarthy of Sparks street, has just received a more than ordinary choice supply of these particularly fine fruits, luscious, ripe, and nice to be eaten. He has also received a number of flower plants, in pots, ready to be placed in the window or conservatory to delight the eye and rejoice the sense of smell. All that he desires is a visit.

PENNER'S CIDER.—We are glad to see that an agency has been opened for the sale of this delicious, sparkling beverage, which is second only to champagne in flavour. Every one wishing a cheap and pleasant Summer drink, should try it. A sample bottle will be given to intending purchasers at wholesale rates. The agent here is Mr. J. P. Macpherson, Bangs' Block, Elgin Street, who will receive all orders.

TIMBER OVER THE SLIDES.—T. Graham, 40 cribs; W. Hogg, traverses, 28 cribs; Walton Smith, 37 cribs. At the Gatineau boom there were in all, during the past week 19,300 saw logs sent down the river to their respective destinations. The slide masters state up to the present date, in no year, have so few logs been sent away. Too high is as fatal as too low water in the Gatineau trade.

SAWING.—The mills of Mr. E. B. Eddy, Crandell & Co. and Mr. Wright, that have been so long idle on account of the height of the water and the breaking of the boom above the mills, will commence sawing this morning. For so far, none of the mills at the Chaudiere have been working at night this spring, but it is expected they will have the night watch working this week.

THE MARSHALL TROUPE.—This excellent company of actors will leave this city for Kingston, on Tuesday next and after a tour of two months, will return to this city to wind up the season. Mr. Marshall deserves encouragement wherever he goes, as his object is to interest the public.

A stranger was seen on Friday evening in different parts of the city, either insane or in dilerium tremens. A large black dog followed him round wherever he went. The man appeared to be under the impression that the dog was a fiend and offered any one that would stop and listen to him $25, to kill the brute which he declared to have been following him for the last three months. It is supposed the dog belonged to the madman, and the faithful animal followed his master with a fidelity that is oftener found in dogs than in their owners.

THE 24TH IS NEARING.—That glad day which every city and town throughout the Empire will celebrate, and thereby do honor to our good Queen, is fast approaching, and what are our leading spirits of the Capital doing in the way of preparation for its proper and becoming observance? We have heard of no action in this direction. What from the pliers of the oar, the Lacrosse clubs and other clubs and companies. Let a few young energetic gentlemen take to the task immediately and insure for Ottawa a list of amusements worthy of the approaching grand holiday. No time to spare—*Allons.*

HER MAJESTY'S.—We said some days ago that the greater attraction of the Parliament was the means of preventing many persons from patronizing the interesting Marshall Troupe, and that after the prorogation a material move would take place in their favour and now we see our prediction well verified. Night after night they are greeted with crowded houses, and the showers of applause show beyond question their great ability. We are happy of this, and hope the citizens will continue to favour those who deserve it by their laudable and successful endeavors to entertain. Last evening the Theatre was filled to overflowing to witness the highly interesting plays, "Dick Turpin and Tom King," and "Mazeppa," which went off well. An interesting programme for Monday evening.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—A young man named Jones was near loosing his life at the Victoria foundry last Friday. The flume of the mill became chocked up with pine bark, and had to be cleaned out, the water was turned off at the head of the flume, and a large hole made in the bottom by shovelling away the bark and raising a plank. The water was let in for the purpose of running the bark through the hole. Young Jones, while stirring up the bark on the bottom of the flume, fell on his back and was carried into the whirlpool with the force of the current. Two of his comrades, with great presence of mind, seized him in time to save his life. Mr. Blasdell lost his youngest son some years past in the same place, and while at the same work. He was caught by two men, but had slipped so far into the hole that they were unable to pull him out, and had to let him go, but not till the force of the rushing water had dislocated his arms. Jones had a narrow escape.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday—The case of Thomas Daunier, charged with assaulting Professor H. P. Kellog, attracted a large number of lookers on at the Police Court on Saturday. From the evidence produced Kellog, who styles himself a Phrenologist, has been in the habit of taking his meals at the British Lion Hotel for a week past, and practising his art on any persons who would submit their heads to his inspection. Last Friday he went into the Hotel kitchen to practice on the servant girls. When he came back to the bar-room, he was told by the barboy (Thomas Daunier) he had no business in the kitchen. Kelog made some impudent answers, whereupon the bar boy threw a tumbler at him, and cut him over the eye. Daunier was fined $5, inclusive of costs.

Robert Burns, brought to the station by Sergeant Brown for being drunk, was discharged on promising to go to his work and behave himself.

Michael Everett came to Ottawa from Montreal in search of work, finding none he looked up some whiskey and got drunk. Fined $2, costs. In default one week at hard labor.

LA SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE'S CONCERT.—The concert announced for next Tuesday evening will have a special interest for our citizens apart from the distinguished talent which the *Impressario* of the troupe has secured. We refer to the fact that La Signora Maria Gellie is a native of Ottawa. It is the custom of the old towns and citizens of Europe, when any of their children became celebrated in the world's grand rivalries of Arts and Sciences, to award special honours as fond parents, proud of their offspring. It is a custom as old as the Olympian contests, when as Pindar tells us the victors received splendid receptions from their natal towns. So now when La Signora Maria Gellie returns to us from her grand triumphs of song under the distinguished patronage of royalty and the representative of royalty, and with the prestige which she has secured to her name in foreign lands, there will surely not be wanting in her native town, that goodly pride that here the distinguished Cantatrice was born, that here she should meet with the appreciation and applause due to her—the greatest Canadian artist of the artists which accompany La Signora Gellie, we cannot speak to highly. Their names are known to the musical world of New York as musicians of the highest order.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

IMMENSE SUCCESS OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

MONDAY, MAY 16th,

Will be presented

ROBINSON CRUSOE.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Seats can be secured at Messrs Orme & Son's. Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER.........................W J MARSHALL.

May 16, 1870. 1332 6

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

A YOUNG LADY Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

---

MONEY LOST.

Between the Steamboat Wharf and McLarine's Mill, TWO PACKAGES of SILVER. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it at The Times Office. 1319 1

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, Mutchmor & Co. 1359tf

PENNER'S CIDER.

The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.

Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.

GRACE EGERTON,

(MRS. GEO. CASE)

—AND—

MR. GEO. CASE,

Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,

SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE

Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearances of these

ARTISTES,

As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan, California, and many parts of the United States with one unvarying success.

It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General

SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG

Were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50. Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's [illegible] Warehouse. Doors open at 7.30, [illegible] at 8.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A LIVE MAN wanted to act as General Agent for PEASLEY'S CEMENT for this Province, or the right to manufacture, and will be sold to the right man on easy terms.

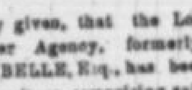
Apply to C D PEASLEY, Or WM H FITZPATRICK. Albion Hotel.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1339 1

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3



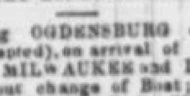
Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

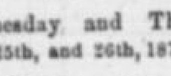
DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2 45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100, second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.

2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.

3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.

4. Decision of the Judges to be final.

5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.

6. Membership $5.

7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.

8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer.

1369*

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

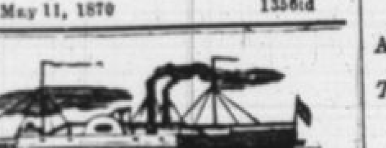
CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c., &c.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR STREATFIELD of the Royal 60th Rifles to sell at his residence, Daly Street on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture therein, consisting in part of B. W., Centre, Side, and Trifle Tables, Sofas, Lounges, Rich Window Hangings and Poles, Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Dinner and Tea Services, B. W. Cane Seat Dining Chairs, Glass and China Ware. Some handsome Iron Bedsteads and Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Baths, Hair Mattrasses, Bedsteads, and the Bedding of several Rooms, Bed Room Carpets, Hall, Kitchen and other Stoves, as well as the usual necessary Kitchen Furniture. A handsome Carriage, and a good Family Sleigh.

Sale positive and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356td



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,

Ripe Pine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas, Lillies,

Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

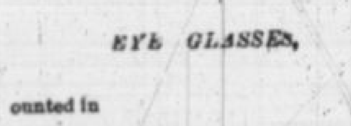
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

NOTICE

—OF—

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as Printers and Publishers of THE EVENING MAIL, at the City of Ottawa, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the said Partnership are to be paid to the undersigned, GEORGE MOSS, and all claims against the said Partnership are to be presented to the said GEORGE MOSS, by whom the same shall be settled.

Dated this Thirteenth Day of May, A. D., 1870.

Witness W A ROSS. { CARROLL RYAN, GEORGE MOSS.

NOTICE.

With reference to the above the undersigned beg to announce that they have entered into Partnership for the Printing and Publishing of THE EVENING MAIL, under the firm, name and style of

MOSS & BUCK.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1358 3

CAUTION.

All parties are hereby cautioned, no to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.

JOHN CURTIS.

1351 6

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE

FOR THE

SEASON OF 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1 50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,

Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1198y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 10

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

GRAND ITALIAN OPERATIC CONCERT.

Under the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Lady Hincks,	Mrs. J. M. Currier,
Mrs. Meredith,	Mrs. T. C. Keefer,
Mrs. Coffin,	Mrs. C. Armstrong,
Mrs. Hamnett Hill,	Mrs. G. P. Baker.
Mrs. Langton,	Mrs. Spragge.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17th,

—AT THE—

RINK MUSIC HALL.

—BY—

SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE,

Assisted by the following distinguished Arrtistes:

SIGNOR FRANCISCO PHILLIPI, Tenore, from La Scala, Milan.

SIGNOR FOSSATI, Baritone, Max Maretzek's Italian Opera Troupe.

EDWARD HOFFMAN, Pianist, New York.

Conductor, L. S. PELETIER.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets $1.00 each—may be had at the Book and Music Stores, and at the door of the Hall on the evening of the Concert.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1356td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners. There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to JOHN D. O'GRADY. on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT, March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamised Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and watered; good dwelling and outhouses, attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace

New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara. Silk and Velveteens

New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.

New Parasols and Sunshades

New Flowers and Feathers

New Straw Goods, a large assortment

New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades

New Crapes and Arcophanes

New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace and Muslin Ties

New Laces and Lace Falls

New Sewed Edgings and Insertions

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value

New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons

New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns

New Linen and Cotton Diapers

New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands

New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached

New Table Covers and Napkins

New Towels and Towellings

New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes

New Printed and Fancy Flannels

New Shirting Winceys

New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing

New Cotton and Merino Socks

New White Dress Shirts

New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles

New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts

New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves

New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOT[S]

On Sparks and Queen Streets in t[he City] of Ottawa.

[...] instructed t[o sell at] the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, [...] May [...] Twelve Building Lots, six o[n Sparks] Street, near Bank street, and six on Quee[n Street.] These lots are in a fine location. The[y are situ]ated on Sparks Street for business purpo[ses and are] as good as any in the City, and those on Queen Street, are well adapted for residences and are so arranged that [they] suit parties with a small capital. The[y are] divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in de[pth as] described on fence on Sparks Street and [will be] sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent. of the money at time of s[ale,] ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noo[n.]

Any further information can be had by [apply]ing to the auctioneer.

A ROWE, Aucti[oneer.]

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 13[..]

Look out for the RED COAL [OIL] BARREL and Central Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for liberal patronage bestowed upon him du[ring the] past six years by his many friends and th[e public] generally, begs leave to announce that [he will] hereafter keep his establishment (2) t[wo doors] west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks str[eet, the] large stone building lately occupied [by] GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing [store,] better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTE[L]

Having enlarged and remodelled the store fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS [...]

and having purchased a very heavy s[tock]

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low [...]

Is now prepared to fill orders on the [shortest] notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet [...] class goods, warranted to give satisfaction. He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWA[RE]

now on hand. Tinware made to order [by com]petent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for thei[r use.]

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to giv[e him a call.] Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVE[S,]

STOVES, STOVES, STO[VES,]

STOVES, STOVES, S[TOVES,]

Of any size or pattern, from different m[akers in] the Dominion, a full assortment consta[ntly on] hand.

ALSO,

Baths,

Iron Bedsteads,

Refrigerators,

Four Minutes Ice Cream Freeze[rs,]

Water Coolers,

Rogers & Son's and others, Cutlery

Sandwich Plates, all sizes,

Straps all sizes,

Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,

Britannia Metal Goods,

Brass and Copper Goods,

Toilet Chamber Ware,

Bread and Sugar Boxes,

Tea and Coffee Canisters,

Bird Cages, all sizes,

Toys of every kind,

Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,

Cash Boxes, all sizes,

Lanterns, different sizes and sha[pes,]

Fishing Tackle, Buckets,

Camp Kettles, all sizes,

Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier [...]

Chantier Tea Dishes,

Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all siz[es,]

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER [...] of the best makes, cheaper than ever [...] will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices, AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAW[A.]

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BUR[NERS,]

COAL OIL, COAL O[IL,]

COAL OIL, COAL [OIL,]

Common and Best Refined Oils. Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufact[ured on] the premises, and an immense quantity [of] goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yoursel[ves be]fore purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at [...] advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks st[reet.] C F DORION, Prop[rietor.]

Jobbing entrusted to him will be [...] attended to in due time. Please lea[ve] orders. 1327

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & [DRESS] MAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her th[anks to] her customers for their past favours, an[d] to assure them that all work sent to her [will be] done as usual in good time and best of s[tyle.]

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their [thanks] for the liberal support given to them duri[ng the] past five years, and will with renewed [efforts] continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNIS[HINGS] is being added to their already large Sto[ck.]

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATO[R] be received, and a large stock is being manu[factur]ed. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called [to the]

JOBBING DEPARTMEN[T]

Which will be carried on under p[ersonal] supervision, and charged at prices [...] five per cent. cheaper than can be [had] elsewhere. Housekeepers who have be[en vic]timised in this respect, should give us one [trial, and] be assured that they will receive the wo[rth of] their money.

Remember at ESMONDE B[ROS.]

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COM[PANY.]

Tenders will be received at the office [of the] above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst. [at 12] o'clock noon, for Macadamising five miles o[f road] commencing at the East end of the [...] Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen [at the] office.

The Company will not bind themselves to the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treas[urer,] Ottawa, & Russell Road Co[mpany.]

Time for securing Tender extended [to] FRIDAY, 20th instant,

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 135[.]

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES

Times Office, Ottawa, May 16, 1870.

Flour—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
[illegible]—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
Pork Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
Butter—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 1[illegible]	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 17½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
Hay—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, cough, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

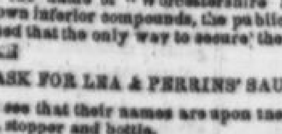
St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

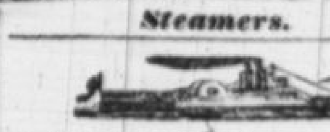
Ottawa, April 26. 1333tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jal-141-tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE, WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 1323d

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

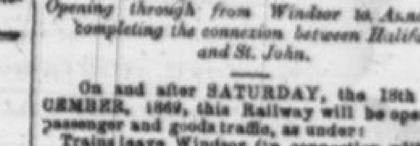
—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 2



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Empress* or *Emperor* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1139y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist, Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER, Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 25th April, 1870. 18 3

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR Nature's Crown You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.* ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand, was sent through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

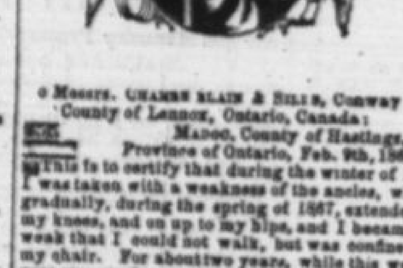
☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.



Messrs. CRAMER BLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

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NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

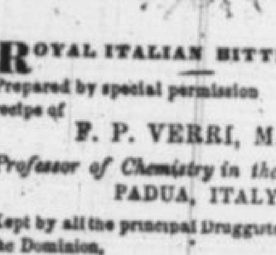
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court-House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



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PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor,

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Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS, *York street, near the Market.*

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

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J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent.

1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

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PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown .... $100; Halifax .... 20; St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown .... 30; Halifax .... 15; St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

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or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

GARDNER'S QUININE ☞ WINE BITTERS. ☜

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In town

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in [illegible]

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

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First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

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One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

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On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

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WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

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Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

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CASH PURCHASERS,

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Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

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This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

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EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

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Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

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The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

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REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

[illegible]RISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

71tf

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☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

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The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste.

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LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

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PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

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Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

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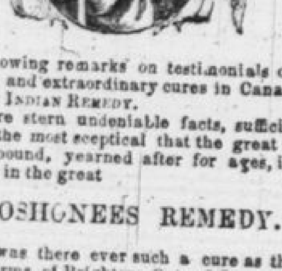

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They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

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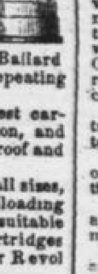

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WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

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Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

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OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. ☞ 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

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JONAS AP JONES, Esq., Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 15td

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Candill & Co., Montreal.

Ayer's **Hair Vigor,**

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, Esq, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—[illegible] NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its large experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the approved promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway [illegible] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Teas and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best [illegible]

Those not having had a trial of our Teas are requested to call and judge for themselves, or your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with [illegible] relief from Fraser's [illegible] GREAT PAIN CURER [illegible] three minutes. Neuralgia [illegible] face, is distinguishable from [illegible] intenseness of its pain and [illegible] attack, may be cured [illegible] Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure [illegible] system either by outward or internal application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER.

1304 ly

FOR SALE

Mess Pork, Chicago, and No. 1 Flour at [illegible] and Sand Point.

E. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, December 3, 1869.

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible], Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1360. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 17, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., *Always on Hand.*
Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1238-1

DENIS WHELAN, 33 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.* MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines, all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY. High proof and [illegible] ever, at extremely low rates. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and [illegible] Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness's and London Porter, pts and qts. Tennent's and other Ales. Syrups and Syrups, all grades. [illegible] prices. THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. [illegible] 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY Incorporated under *Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.* OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: [illegible] JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; [illegible] FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. [illegible] HAMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

R. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN [illegible], Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. [illegible] advanced on goods consigned for sale. Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. [illegible] gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the banks. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

FARM FOR SALE. A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest. Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned. CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa, H. LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa. Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario. Ottawa, April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 dm

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, [illegible] Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. [illegible] the patronage of the Lumber Merchants [illegible] on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging [illegible] attending to their rafts while passing [illegible] best of his ability. REFERENCES. [illegible] Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. [illegible] Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS, [illegible] will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC [illegible] Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday [illegible] Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April [illegible] purpose of giving thorough instruction in the [illegible] principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the [illegible] of Mr R.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the [illegible] of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of [illegible], Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. [illegible] course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a [illegible] Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. [illegible] class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S. LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.* FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 13th October, 1868. No: 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada: No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81 The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE. STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.
In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter. Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company. By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY, BANG'S BLOCK, ELGIN STREET. Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney. 1318 3m. No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE. CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY. Just received Ex St. David. From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.* JAS BUCHANAN, [illegible] Ottawa, February 28, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST., *Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.* IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety. *Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.* ON HAND, JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE, *Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.* Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET. To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate. Apply to I B TACKABERRY. Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET. The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May. Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street, Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs. 1344f

TO LET, On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace 1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND, which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION. The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day. Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person. Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest. Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside. Cures persons troubled with the Gravel. Cure for Bunions. Cure for Piles. Cure for the Heart Disease. Cure for Consumption. The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb. Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases. Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer t[o the] public

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for 1870.* To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1366tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS. *Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,* THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind,

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving. The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS! AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-fed BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES. To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870. SPRING IMPORTATIONS. O'MEARA & CO. Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS, Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS. THE READY-MADE *CLOTHING DEPARTMENT* Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.* Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter. Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale. A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Stoves & Hardware.

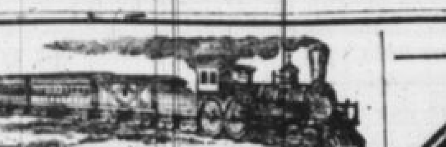
HARK THE LARK. BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!! Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns. Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages, —ALSO— Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices. STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS, AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET. H MEADOWS & CO.

IN CHANCERY. In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY of JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims. Dated this 4th day of May, 1870. J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa. Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870. PRESENT, His Excellency the Governor General in Council. On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville. WM H LEE Clerk Privy Council. 1355 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA, Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870. PRESENT, His Excellency the Governor General in Council. On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton, WM H LEE, Clerk Privy Council, 1355 3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, May 6, 1870. Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent. R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.



CHANGE OF TIME. BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY. TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869 MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE. 4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.45 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.05 p m, [illegible] p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT. 6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH. LEAVE PERTH. 5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS. 10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth. No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west. No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west. H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA. 1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870 Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ...... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7;30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ...... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at ...... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ...... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ...... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at ...... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 8 a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at ...... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday. She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station: C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY. The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers, THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY *6 Hospital-st., Montreal.*

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA. English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA. Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1, Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake. G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal. Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS. The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m, and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next. Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House." The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract. The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton. April 29, 1870. 1346 a

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots. New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle. MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty. It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked. MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York. MARCH 20. 1005-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial,* and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

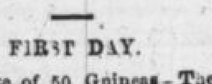
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents [illegible] everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

TRAVELLER GUIDE. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
Depart ...... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive ...... 4.50 p m, 11.50 a m, 9.00 p m
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west. OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES. 1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria; open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs, a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs.; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting. THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer. 1369

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE. MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates. Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1367 3

THE "SAPPHO" WINS.

The English Yacht "Cambria" Beaten out of Sight—Dead to Windward—The First Race—A Flying Start—The "Cambria" Wins the Toss—The "Sappho" Takes the Lead—Ten Miles to Windward in Fifty—The "Cambria" Abandons the Race.

LONDON, May 11—The first of the series of three races between the American yacht *Sappho* and the English yacht *Cambria*, sixty miles to windward and return, which commenced yesterday morning, terminated this morning in the decided victory of the *Sappho*, who

BEAT THE "CAMBRIA" FROM THE START,

at the latters best point of sailing, namely turning to windward.

THE YACHTS

were towed very early on the morning of the 10th to a point sixty miles south-east of Cowes Roads. As a strong easterly wind was blowing, and the race was to the windward, the course was up the Channel.

THE SCENES AT THE START.

The American yacht Dauntless and the English Pleiad, and a number of other English [illegible] accompanied the contestants [illegible] at the start was very fine and exciting.

A FLYING START,

It was arranged by the umpires that a flying start should be given on the port tack, by which the yachts would gain a greater offing towards mid-channel in case of a change of wind.

THE CAMBRIA WINS THE TOSS.

The *Cambria*, having won the toss, took the weather position, and thus had all the advantage at the start.

THE CREWS AND SAILS.

The *Sappho* carried thirty-two hands and a cloud of canvas, including, with her regular fore and aft sails, a maintopmast stay-sail and flying jib; while the *Cambria* only set one jib in addition to her foresail and other racing sails, and carried twenty-six hands.

GO.

The signal to go was given at 8:28 A. M.

THE SAPPHO TOOK THE LEAD

from the start, and by the time she was off Beachy Head, and about fifty miles from the starting-point, she was fully

TEN MILES TO WINDWARD

of the *Cambria*, The latter, seeing it was impossible to win, gave up the race and without rounding the umpire's steamer returned to Cowes, where she arrived at 4 o'clock this morning, accompanied by the *Dauntless*.

BEATEN OUT OF SIGHT.

The *Sappho*, which at times was out of sight of the *Cambria*, returned to Cowes about two hours later.

ASHBURN ADMITS IT.

Mr. Ashbury frankly admits his defeat. The second race will be sailed on Friday.

THE RACE OF 1868.

The first race between these noted yachts came off on the 25th of August, 1868, when the *Sappho* raced four of the fastest yachts in England around the Isle of Wight, giving time allowance for difference in tonnage according to the English measurement. The yachts she contested were the *Cambria, Aline, Oimara,* and *Condor*—vessels that were selected from among all the English fleet as worthy to race the celebrated American schooner. The time allowance the *Sappho* gave the *Cambria* in the race was eleven minutes and fifty-five seconds, and the distance sailed was eighty miles. The defeat of the *Sappho* on that occasion is explained by the fact that she was not in proper condition for a cracking race, and consequently met with a series of accidents that entirely spoiled her chances of success. The *Sappho* was behind on the start, but was steadily gaining on the *Oimara* when her foregaftopsail gave way. In spite of this accident she soon mended her speed and succeeded in passing the *Oimara*, and, pushing ahead at a great pace, soon came up with the other yachts, the fore bobstay parting. Temporary repairs were made, and she was again making up for lost time, when in consequence of the loss of the bobstay her jibboom broke off. All efforts to finish the race on her part were then abandoned, as the boat was almost a wreck.

THE SECOND RACE ARRANGED.

Captain Baldwin, who commanded the *Sappho*, confident of his ability to beat the *Cambria*, then telegraphed home to the owners of the *Sappho*, Messrs. C. & R. Poillon, for authority and instructions in regard to a new race, and negotiations were opened with Mr. Ashbury, the owner of the *Cambria*, but the whole affair finally fell through.

After the Messrs Poillion sold the *Sappho* to Mr. Douglass, the latter then broached the subject of a second race with the *Cambria*, and after volumes of correspondence and endless discussions, the present series of races were arranged; that is, two races dead to windward sixty miles and return, and a triangular race in the English channel, each event to be for a fifty guinea cup.

DESCRIPTION OF THE VESSELS.

The American yacht *Sappho*, owned by Mr. Wm. Douglass, was built in 1867, by the Messrs. Poillion, of Brooklyn. She is a keel schooner of 274 tons. New York Club measurement, 125 ft long, 25 ft. beam, and 11 ft. deep. Her rig has been changed somewhat during [illegible] stripped and coppered, and refastened, and so many improvements have been made in her that she may now be said to be one of the fastest yachts afloat.

The English yacht *Cambria* is owned by Mr. James Ashbury. She was launched from Ratsey's yard in April, 1868, and is a beautiful model, and has always been regarded as the champion English yacht. Her dimensions are 94 feet on deck from stem to stern post, 21 feet beam, and 11 feet hold, and according to the Royal Thames Yacht Club measurement she rates at 188 tons. By New York Club measurement she rates 248 tons. During the past three or four months great efforts have been made to put her in readiness for her race with the *Sappho* and her ocean race on the 4th of July with the *Dauntless*. Her bulwarks have been raised, her stanchions enlarged, more ballast has been stowed in her hull, and her spars have been lightened by boring them.

Frazer's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244a

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief. H G ADDY, M.D.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating S. Z. EARLE, M.D. St. John, N.B.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SW6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Marshall's London Comedy and Burlesque Troupe.
Boarding House—Mrs Fraser
The Turf Club—J. T. Mutchmor

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1236d MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times
TUESDAY, MAY 17, 1870.

ILLNESS OF SIR J. A. MACDONALD.

Though Sir John is slightly improved, yet his condition is one of extreme weakness, and no one has been, or is yet, permitted to see him or speak to him, except his medical attendants, nor is he allowed to see a newspaper or to have the subject of business in any way mentioned to him.

THE NEW LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF MANITOBA.

The Honorable Mr. Archibald is to be the first Lieutenant Governor of the new Province of Manitoba. An accomplished scholar, a tried statesman, and a lawyer of great experience and indisputable skill, a happier choice for the position, which he is to occupy, could not have been made, than that of Mr. Archibald. Not only will he carry with him to Manitoba his ripe experiences as a politician, a lawyer and a scholar, but he will be enabled from his proficiency in the French language, which, in common with many gentlemen of Nova Scotia, he speaks as fluently as if it were his mother tongue, to ascertain the real feelings of the people, and in accordance with these feelings to govern himself as well as govern them.

Mr. Archibald carries with him the best wishes of all who know him, and those who do really know him, feel assured of his successful administration, even under the difficult circumstances attendant upon the inauguration of a form of government entirely new to those for whose benefit it has, with great care and wise forethought, been devised.

This much we may add. Mr. Archibald has in his composition very much of the *suaviter in modo*—that easy bearing peculiar to the gentleman—but he is not necessarily deficient in the *fortiter in re*. On the contrary, to a frank and easy manner he adds, in a remarkable degree, a character for firmness, which he can strikingly exhibit as necessity arises.

Mr. Archibald has now left for his home in Halifax to make the necessary domestic preparations before setting out for his new government, which he will do in company with the military expedition, as it is necessary, or at least expedient for him to be in Manitoba as soon as the troops.

POPULAR INSTRUCTION.

From any and every point of view "the education of the people" is a matter of grave importance. It is through, as well as by, and for the people "that government exists," and popular training is therefore a matter of the highest moment. Education is in all cases the result of circumstances. It is the result of opportunities of observation and direct instruction. It is the result of information obtained through the eye or ear or through both. Education is picked up, and it may be either good or bad, according to chance association. The effect of evil or of good communications is well known. Both are contagious, and like the effect some of loathsome diseases there is always a mark left. The London Quarterly for April has two "papers," which go far towards affording information on the efficacy of bible or book teaching. One of the "papers" or articles, is on the English Bible, in connection with its general history and the recent proposals for its revision; the other is on "the education of the people." In the latter article allusion is made to a league having for its object latitudinarian, or purely secular instruction in schools. A Mr. Dawson, avowing himself to be a latitudinarian in matters of religion, being a secularist and supporter of the league, thinks that little children should not be plagued with the reverse of what the scholarship of England and the right learning of the church have shown to be the only things that a scholar can hold. In other words Mr. Dawson objects to the Bible being read in schools because there is a Bishop Colenso. Now, this is surely wrong. Even if the learned Bishop and Mr. Dawson were entirely right about Noah's Ark and Balaam's ass, it would nevertheless be advisable that the Bible should be read even if with no higher end than for the excellent reading that that book contains. Information the people must have in some shape or other. If they do not read themselves they must listen to those who have read if they would be even only good citizens. It is religion that governs the State. It is so in all countries, Catholic or Protestant. Very much depends upon the teacher of a people with regard to their character. The preacher from the pulpit is possibly the most influential for good of all preachers, and if he is himself well read, and of good parts, as well as being pious, the political influence which his teachings convey for good is immense. A very great deal depends upon the educator. Order and good government rests with him. A people taught to appreciate everything that is pure and noble will influence those who rule over them. In this country very much more has been done towards the education of the people and the peoples children than in England. The state has, indirectly, established schools, while she has disestablished churches, and the opponents of church and state have sometimes gone so far as to plead with Mr. Latitudinarian Dawson for the exclusion of the Bible from the public schools—making all schools common schools, irreligious and unsectarian. To this Catholics have refused compliance. But what is remarkable, some Protestants, who pretend to owe everything in the way of liberty to their being free to think for themselves in religious matters, are quite willing to exclude the Bible from our public schools. And that book is thus spoken of by one of the most distinguished scholars who has left the church of England, for that of Rome:—"Who will not say that the uncommon beauty and marvellous English of the Protestant Bible, is one of the great strongholds of heresy in this country? It lives on the ear like a music that can never be forgotten, like the sound of church bells, which the convert hardly knows how he can forego. Its felicities seem to be almost things instead of words: it is a part of the national mind, and the anchor of seriousness, the memory of the dead passes into it; the potent traditions of childhood are stereotyped in its verses; the power of all the griefs and trials of a man is hidden beneath its words. In the length and breadth of the land there is not a Protestant with one spark of religiousness about him, where spiritual biography is not in his Saxon Bible."

This is a human work, and the people at one time ran after it—read in with avidity in 1525—read it when it was chained to the pillars of the Roman Catholic churches of England—read it, though it was death to read it—and now when it may be read safely, and notwithstanding its immense literary value, there are people, who, while admitting extracts from Addison, Shakespeare, Carlyle, Byron and Macaulay, to be read, would exclude the reading of the bible from a public Protestant school!

GAMMON AND INSPIRATION.

The Montreal *Herald*, in defending Mr. Workman from an attack by the inspired *Times*, states that an iron-manufacturer in Montreal, depending upon his skill and industry, has certainly as much right to live as a capitalist in Nova Scotia rich enough to own a coal mine. Unquestionably. The *Times* did not pretend to say anything else. That which the *Times* did say, was, that Mr. Workman's defence of the poor man, whom he alleged was injured by the imposition of the coal duty was unnecessary, inasmuch as, whatever injury the Montreal iron manufacturer might thereby suffer, the man, who did not use coal, as fuel, was not likely to be very much injured by the tax. It was the clap-trap in Mr. Workman's speech, against which the inspiration of the *Times* revolted. Nothing else. Mr. Workman received full credit for superior shrewdness, and was simply laughed at for attempting to drag into the controversy a false issue. It would not perhaps, be out of the way, should we indulge in a grin at the assertion of the *Herald*, that the wheat tax is especially directed against the poor French Canadian, who alone, of all the inhabitants of Canada uses "an inferior description of flour imported from the United States," as only "for them no flour would be imported for consumption." This is positively rich. The tax upon flour is not a benefit to the farmers and millers of Ontario, but simply a mischief to the poor French Canadian, who will now be compelled to buy a superior description of flour! If the tax on flour only affects bad flour, which may affect the poor man's health and compel him to purchase good flour, the poor French Canadian, it seems to us, is not much more severely tried by the imposition of a tax on flour than the other Montreal poor man is by the coal tax. Had the *Times* been otherwise inspired, the *Times* would, assuredly, have made out a better case against the imposition of a coal and flour tax than the Montreal *Herald* does. A little inspiration, from some source, would do our contemporary good. Why should the *Herald* object to inspired writing? Was not Moses inspired, and did not Moses write the Book of Job, in which there is a something said about asses sniffing up the east wind?

THE SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE.

A woman is coming here to sing. True. That woman is the Signora Maria Gellie, and that woman is not a humbug. The Signora could not be more than a woman, but she is nevertheless a lady and no swindle, as the *Mail* absurdly and unjustly alleges. She is an Ottawa woman. She is an accomplished woman. She has obtained the highest honors at Milan, where operatic music is not unknown. She has been appreciated where Jenny Lind, being only a woman, was appreciated, and there are very many here, who will gladly pay a dollar to hear one "screech" of that voice which by turns elicits laughter or tears. It is shameful in a *Mail* to abuse a female, because that female is a woman.

CITY ENGINEER'S REPORT.

Having sent especially for a copy of the Report of the Engineer of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, that document lies before us. It is a printed report, and, therefore, we should have supposed, intended for circulation among the tax-payers but which, most assuredly, does not reach them. It is lengthy, and we cannot now read it, but will do so as speedily as possible, only remarking, for the present, that the streets need repair more especially in the spring than in the fall, and that the Engineer who should be the most fitting person to superintend, or rather point out where such repairs are needed and how they can best be done, ought not to be defeated in his plans of improvement by gentlemen, whose knowledge of the arts and sciences does not include that of engineering.

"La Province de Quebec, et l'Emigration Europeenne," is the title of a pamphlet of 140 pages, published by Mr. S. LeSage, assistant Commissioner of Public Works for the Province of Quebec, on European Immigration, or rather to assist it when it reaches our shores. With regard to the Province of Quebec, this carefully written pamphlet contains every information that a settler requires. The history of Canada and of the Province, and the present and past political condition of the people are touched upon, while everything municipal and social, and terrestrial woods, mines and forest—in all the great valley's of the Province, are skilfully depicted. It is, we repeat, a valuable little book.

The New York *World* of the 14th instant says: The report published yesterday of the assembling of Fenian filibusters on the Canadian border is confirmed by the Duluth papers. The Fenians are mustering in different parts of Minnesota, and three hundred are in St. Paul, waiting for transportation and subsistence. It is undecided yet whether the Irish army will concentrate in the Red River country or march direct to Fort William to oppose the landing of the expedition from Canada.

OTTAWA.

Sussex street is alive with masons and carpenters—stone and brick houses filling up every gap—and hundreds of hearts are panting for houses like Bate, Robinson, Patterson, Howell and Mutchmor, whose mansions decorating and beautifying the suburbs, emulate commercial enterprise and cupidity. New Edinburg, with its manufactories—the true causes of any city's wealth—is showing puginistic churches—real schools, Italian villas and stately houses, like Currier's and Burritt's, and is silently getting rich and exerting an influence on the city.

The magnificent grounds, gardens and conservatories around the Government House calling attention and daily bring to remembrance the talent, taste and foresight, of good old Thomas McKay, whose money made at the Locks was patriotically expending in securing one of the grandest estates—counting scenery, river, and little lakes, hills, and the finest soil for Horticultural purpose in Canada. His excellent and beloved relict, his two daughters, now enjoy three of the finest homes in the Dominion, to my mind, one of the most pleasant pictures in Canadian history.

Le Breton's Flats and the Island are covered with excellent buildings, and thousands of men, women and boys, are building up both sides of the Ottawa from the capital and enterprise of the Eddy's, Perley's, Baldwin's, Bronson's, Batson & Wright's—the latter developing the enterprise and talent of that noble pioneer Philemon, who laid the foundation of all their fortunes.

Victoria Terrace, Wm. Spragge's, Dr. Hill, Hunton's, Pinhey to Perkins' point is also all filling up. Ashburnham Hill towers over all—with the grand house of Mr. Bate, "erected on the rising ground"—the home of Mr. Lewis, and the new original tin-roofed house of Mr. Christie out to Sherwood villa, shew the rapid spread of Ottawa, and the filling up of every available lot. I have purposely passed round Centre Town, because I consider that from Point Perkins to the Chaudiere Bridge as the most valuable territory—(looking at it as the centre of these manufacturing, commercial, governmental and aristocratic suburbs)—this day in Canada. There are the matchless public buildings—on an eminence which for beauty of position and extent of view is only equalled by Quebec. There is the Russell House, the beautiful and expensive stores of Howell, McGee & Russell, Mutchmor & Garland, Notman's photographic shop, and many more. The Bank street church, the new Catholic church, and the splendid common school building—the best in Canada—the new building of the Church of the Apostles, the finished villa of Mr. Gilmour—equal to any in the Dominion—and the new one commenced by Mr. Cassells—the late sale of lots on the rock over the cliff—shew that the public are beginning to see that there is not space enough for a tythe of the business that, in three years, will require to be done in Ottawa, and especially in Centre Town. From the Bridge to Bank street is the very choicest business positions, and prices have not yet reached one half of the price in several western villages, nor over a fourth of those in Toronto, and every where in America the millionaires are those who bought property in business positions in the towns.

Let Ottawa flourish—there was a mania for abusing it, but even the growling Radicals, who left lately, all began to admit that Ottawa was not so bad after all.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—To-day Mr. George Moss, Editor of the *Evening Mail*, stopped me on Sparks street and solicited the advertisement of the Concert of La Signora Maria Gellie for his newspaper. I informed him that I had no power to give him such patronage. His reply was, "Then I shall make disparaging remarks about the lady." The result has been an article in the *Evening Mail* of this evening calculated to detract from the success of to-morrow's Concert. For the character of La Signora Maria Gellie's Concert, I refer to the list of names, under whose patronage that lady sings this evening in Montreal. They are:

H. R. H. Prince Arthur,

Lady Northcote,	Mrs. Major,
Mrs. S. B. Anderson,	Mme. Masson,
Mrs. Andrew Allan,	Mrs. McIlrae,
Mme. Desbarats,	Mme. Levesque,
Mrs. John Molson,	Mrs. S. Bethune,
Mme. Lafontaine,	Mme. O. Perrault,
Mrs. Brydges,	Mrs. A. Savage,
Mrs. Starnes,	Mrs. Scott.

The majority of these ladies are personal friends of Signora Maria Gellie. Every newspaper in Montreal has spoken in the most enthusiastic terms of the Cantatrice as an artiste of the first order, and as a lady well known in the first circles of society. In Ottawa to the majority of the ladies under whose patronage to-morrow evening's Concert is given. La Signora Gellie is an intimate friend, and to a large number of our citizens personally known.

To call to-morrow's Concert a swindle is to implicate them. In no American newspaper has La Signoria Maria Gellie's name been mentioned but in terms of highest praise, and now upon her return to Ottawa for the orphan daughter of the late Dr. James Gellie, of this city, I ask the protection of your journal.

Your obedient servant,
A. J. CHRISTIE.

Ashburnham Hill,
Monday, 16th May, 1870.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—To-night is for the benefit of Mr. Lindley, the really excellent low comedian of Mr. Marshall's Company. It is almost superfluous to say anything in favor of an actor already so well and favorably known to an Ottawa audience, but this we may say it is well known that, while any fool may play the fine gentleman, it requires a man of parts to take the more difficult role of a low comedian, and no man that we have yet seen upon the stage plays his part better, with more tact or spirit than Mr. Lindley.

With to-night Mr. Miles' lease of the theatre expires, and devolves upon Mr. Marshall, who had kindly resolved upon giving Mr. Miles' a retiring benefit. That kindness Mr. Miles' fully appreciates, but has, nevertheless, lapsed his benefit for the benefit of a gentleman whom he esteems as a friend and appreciates as an actor, fully persuaded that that appreciation will not be overlooked by an indulgent and critical public. The pieces to be performed are more than ordinarily interesting, and we are persuaded that there will be in every sense of the word a "House."

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 16.

Companies one and four of the Ontario battalion left Collingwood per steamer "Chicora" on Saturday.

It is intended to get the "Chicora" through the Sault Ste Marie Canal without any cargo, and if permitted to pass she will remain at Lake Superior to assist the "Algoma" in the conveyance of troops and stores.

Companies two and three of the Ontario battalion left this morning for Collingwood. They will be conveyed to the Sault by the steamer "Francis Smith."

Divine service was held at the barracks yesterday under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, who also have prayer meetings every evening.

Some dissatisfaction has been expressed by the English speaking portion of the Quebec battalion, at the fact that the number of French officers was larger in proportion than the number of French rank and file. It was feared that positive insubordination would result, and the malcontents who were mostly in two or three companies were distributed among the rest of the battalion to prevent meeting.

Rev. Mr. M. Punshon preached at Elm st Church, yesterday morning to a crowded congregation.

The plaining mill and 150 thousand feet of lumber belonging to the firm of McBean and Butler of this city, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night, loss 15 thousand, and insurance $3,800 in the Lancashire and Western Companies. The fire could have been got under, but for the inadequate water supply.

Revs. Wm. Gregg, of Toronto, and David Inglis, of Hamilton, are mentioned in connection with the office of Principal of Knox College, Principal Willis desiring to resign.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 16.

The D and K Companies of the Rifle Brigade crossed over to St. Helen's Island on Saturday afternoon, to undergo the usual course of musketry instruction. Prince Arthur accompanied them and will remain there until they finish firing.

The Canadian Shipping Company's ship *Lake Ontario* cleared at the Custom House for Liverpool on Saturday, and left on the 15th instant, being the first sailing ship this season from this port to Liverpool.

The late Hugh Fraser, who died yesterday, had left by one of the clauses in his will a very large sum to be applied for the establishment of a free public library in this city.

Flour—The supply being in excess of the demand, and prices in the West declining, our market was dull and heavy to-day, with but few transactions.

Greenbacks bought at 12¼ and sold at 12½. Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6. 5.20's sold at 113 to 115¼.

The steamship *Germany* sailed from Quebec for Liverpool at 10:30 a.m., yesterday.

The steamship *St. David's* sailed from Quebec for Glasgow at 1 p.m., yesterday, with 13 cabin, 11 intermediate, and 30 steerage passengers.

FATHER POINT.

FATHER POINT, May 6.

Weather clear, and wild, strong N. E. winds. Steamship *Germany* outwards at 1 a.m. St. at 4:55 a.m. The S. S. *Gaspe* inwards bound.

The S. S. *Scandinavian* in sight.

Thirteen vessels inwards bound this morning.

POINT FORTUNE, May 16.

The body of a man named Robert McKenzie of this place, was found in the river here yesterday afternoon.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 16.

A Wesleyan bazaar will be held for three days next week, commencing on the twenty-fourth.

Five vessels arrived to-day.

Weather cloudy with East wind.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—Heavy shipments of dollars are expected from Mexico in a few days.

The *Times* predicts that woman's rights are doomed in this present Parliament.

The bodies of the victims of the Greek brigands have arrived.

LONDON.—At the annual Press fund dinner given last night, Wm. Henry Smith presided, and Lord Haughton was the orator of the occasion.

The second of the three races between the yachts *Sappho* and *Cambria* was won yesterday by the former, owing to a virtual backing out of the *Cambria*.

The following is taken from the English account of the affair:—The *Cambria*, with her new bowsprit lengthened two and a half feet, to accommodate a larger working jib, proceeded outside the Nab light, shortly after four o'clock on Saturday morning in tow of the *Vetis*. The *Sappho* had arrived there, towed by the *Gem*. The wind was blowing off shore, N. W., with a considerable sea, though less than was anticipated. The *Cambria* signalled to the umpires her preference for a triangular course, but they refused to grant it. The *Cambria* then accepted a proposal to sail six miles to windward. The course to be around the Cherboug breakwater by the western entrance. Mr. Ashbury won the toss, and took the weather station, and everything was ready for a start. The morning gun was fired at 7:20 a.m., and presently the *Cambria* signalled. This is not a dead beat to windward, and answer was returned. This is the best the umpires can do, being only half a point off the wind. The *Cambria* then flung out the signal dead beat, or no race. She was ordered to take her station, but refused at 7:35 a.m. *Dunnrose* bearing N. W., 26 miles off, while the *Cambria* was lying dead. The American yacht swept by under full headway. The starting gun was fired, but Mr. Ashbury's yacht remained motionless. The *Sappho* stood to windward with a steamer following, and signalling the course as before. Loud cheers were given on board the American yacht as she bore away to claim the prize, accompanied by the *Dauntless*. The *Cambria* at last commenced to move, and followed a short distance, then locking she soon after returned to cowes. There was a splendid breeze.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—Great preparations are being made for the official proclamation of the vote recently thrown. The Emperor will receive a deputation of the Corps Legislatif, and deliver a discourse on the subject.

Messrs. Millerie and Regault, editors of the *Marseillaise* newspaper, and some other persons who were arrested for complicity in the plot of last February, have been provisionally liberated.

The magistrates are still engaged hearing the cases of those arrested for the alleged participation in the late outbreak.

Yesterday forty-nine persons were condemned, and variously sentenced from nine months down to fifteen days imprisonment. Eight persons were acquitted for lack of proof.

The *Siecle* and *Avenier* were seized for the same offence. From last Thursday to Sunday these papers were seized every day. The provincial newspapers suffered the same fate. Five prosecutions were instituted in one day against the *Rappel* alone, and its editor sentenced to a year's imprisonment for printing a single article by Victor Hugo.

Prefects were summoned weeks ago to Paris, and promised complete unanimity for all the efforts they should make in behalf of the plebiscitum.

The affirmative majority was wholly a rural one—Paris gives nominally 80,000 of a negative majority; but counting the abstentions it is really one hundred and thirty thousand. Rochefort's district alone following his counsel to abstain, gives 5,000; yes, 16,000; no, 20,000 abstentions. The cities next in rank vote no with scarcely an exception.

The vote of the army was managed with the greatest care. No soldier was allowed to attend a political meeting.

The whole army voted in the barracks, the Colonel presiding. Every man's vote is known an opposition vote, who puts a black mark against his name, and stops promotion, and is surely followed by punishment. Nevertheless, out of fewer than 3,000,000 votes, there are 40,000 no. It is reported that two regiments at Vincennes, following Rochefort's advance, refused to vote. The soldiers at one of the barracks insisted upon watching the vote, though they were threatened with being shot for holding an unlawful meeting. In the garrison of Paris, the defection was so serious that General Leboeuf wanted to march several regiments out of the city, but the Emperor refused, on the ground that this would betray fear. After a short delay, however, the severest measures will be taken with these regiments. Some terror and fear will be exposed by the interpolations and scrutiny of the vote which the opposition in the Corps Legislatif will demand. The Government will oppose any investigation.

Semi-official papers are filled with new rumours for a reorganization of the Ministry M. Olivier has no longer any Liberal support.

The pretended assassination, the fictitious revolution, the sham disturbances in the streets, the *Monde* believes, were police devices—all of them to frighten timid voters into the ranks of the Emperor's party.

The French Government officially denied the report that the extradition of Gustave Flourens was contemplated.

Many more persons have been sentenced to imprisonment for the late disorders.

PARIS.—The Corps Legislatif will re-assemble on next Tuesday.

Nothing has been decided in regard to the constitution of the new Cabinet.

Baniel, the well known radical deputy, is very ill, and his life is dispaired of.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—The response of the Austrian Government to the people was a verbal one—cold and unsympathetic.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON.—Instructions reached here that quite a formidable insurrection had broken out in the island of Madeira. The Government have despatched a body of troops there.

ROME.—In the Ecumenical Council yesterday, the discussion on the Lesser Catechism was closed.

The debate on the primacy and infallibility of the Pope commences to-day.

The ultramantane party have great confidence in the result, and believe all will be finished within a month.

About one hundred members have given formal notice that they will oppose more or less radically the proposed doctrine of infallibility.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—E. M. Smilley telegraphs the *Tribune*, from Paris, that the result of the plebiscitum disappoints all parties.

The Republican and others of the opposition are surprised at the number of affirmative votes, for they expected not more than 5,000,000 or 6,000,000, but, though saddened, they are not discouraged.

The large affirmative vote in Paris was also unexpected, but on the other hand the great number who voted "No" in the army equally surprises and alarms the Emperor. The only man entirely content with the result is Mr. Ollivier. During the Plebescitum period the opposition press all over France has been prosecuted and seized, and the Journals not seized were refused transmission through the post office. Subscription to the funds of the opposition committee was treated as a crime; printers were arrested for printing negative ballots; agents were arrested for distributing them; the Opposition Committee's rooms were invaded by the police and the papers found were seized. Since the publication of the official report on the alleged plot, no journal has been allowed to publish evidence in favour of it. The *Rappel* was seized for printing a letter from Francis Hugo, proving Beaning to be a police spy. The *Marseillaise* was seized for publishing a feuilleton report of the *Procureur General's grand pere*. The *Reveil* was seized for doubting the existence of any plot.

NEW YORK.—The prospectus of a new ocean cable between Wales and the coast of Rhode Island, to be laid next year, will soon be published.

An expedition of 300 men, all Cubans except five American captains, left here on Saturday morning as passengers on a steamer bound to San Domingo. They carried 5000 rifles, 60 large guns, uniforms, &c.

A large number of ladies residing in New York vicinity are taking steps to cause McFarland to be sent to a lunatic asylum.

FORT SCOTT, Kansas.—Further particulars of the affair at Ladore, last Tuesday night, have been received. The names of the five men hung were Patrick Starr, Essex Co., New York, Patsey Riley, Staunton, Mass., Alex. Matthews, Canada, and Richard Pelbin, St. Louis. The man now in jail is Patrick Kelly, and the one shot by his companions was Robert Wright.

CHICAGO.—The report telegraphed yesterday relative of the contemplation of the Fenians at Duluth, is confirmed by the newspaper published at that point.

The St. Paul *Press* has news of the mustering of the Fenians in various parts of Minnesota, and one party is now *en route* to Red River, overland. There is now at St. Paul a Fenian force of about 300 awaiting arrangements for transportation and subsistence, before commencing the march to Red River. They will probably proceed by the usual mail route, but may possibly go to Fort William to oppose the landing of the Canadian expedition.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Pacific mail steamer *Japan*, from Hong Kong, April 12th, and Yokahama, April 17th, has arrived.

The Imperial troops in China had been twice defeated in the provinces, and a leading general killed.

The rebels were threatening another irruption in the Valley of Yellow River.

Rumours of the death of Minister Burlingame was received with general regret.

Pekin College was in a prosperous condition.

MUSICAL.—Signora Maria Gellie, who gives the concert on Monday evening in the Mechanics' Hall, is a native of Ottawa, and formerly resided in Montreal, where she was well known in musical circles as an amateur of superior attainments, and as gifted with a fine contralto voice. For several years she resided in New York, still pursuing her musical education. Three years hence to further perfect herself in music, she went to Italy, where she studied under the best masters, chiefly residing in Milan. Her voice is now a full, clear soprano. The concert on Monday evening is the first grand concert she has given since her return to America. Signora Gellie will be heartily welcomed to Montreal, both on account of her superior attainments as a singer, and as one returning among old friends and schoolmates.

MARAVILLA COCOA — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether a thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... al Homeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... eam Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

SAULT STE. MARIE.

The Trip of the Algoma—First Arrival of the Season—A Novel Salute of Honor—The Ups and Downs of Life—The Universal Yankee—Beef at a Premium—"That Little King of Whiskey"—An Indignant Half-breed.

From the Toronto Globe.

SAULT STE. MARIE, May 11, 1870.—When I concluded my last letter we were drawing near to the Bruce mines, where we arrived on Thursday, about noon. Bruce mines has been described so frequently that it is not necessary that I should enter into any graphic description of its shafts, and gins, and mountains of refuse, and the bouldered country around; suffice it to say, that Bruce mines is just what it used to be—a clean, tidy village, with a good deal of enterprise apparently at work in it, together with a good deal of the fluctuations of business, so characteristic of mining districts all the world over. When we arrived at the wharf we were greeted with a good hearty, ringing, English cheer,—such a cheer as I concluded could emanate from English lungs only, and on enquiry, my surmise proved to be correct, for the bulk of the miners are Cornish men—stout, stalwart, industrious men—who have been driven from their once flourishing but now impoverished country, to earn a livelihood for themselves and their children on the wild shores of Lake Huron.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

The men—of whom there were hundreds on the wharf—were all in half holiday attire—and in fact the arrival of the *first* steamer is regarded as the great holiday of the year, all along the coast. And no wonder that it should be so regarded. For six long dreary months these people are cut off from all connection with the outside world—almost all the little delicacies which are to be found and enjoyed by us are denied to them, and nothing struck me so much on the arrival of the *Algoma* as the unusual rush that was made into the bar-keeper's cabin, by what apparently was a crowd composed of all the boys in the village. I could not understand what they were all after, but when one after the other emerged from the deck with his hands and pockets filled with oranges, the picture told in graphic terms of the isolated existence of these people; and in fact it is a common saying among the people on the North Shore, that a man is perfectly justified in getting drunk at least on two occasions in the year; the first being the day on which the first steamer arrives, the second being the day on which the last steamer departs. And all the way up the same enthusiasm produced by the arrival of the *Algoma* was manifested. The Indians, with their squaws and their papooses, emerged from their cabins, and saluted the steamer in good set style by firing their muskets, and when the whistle of the steamer sounded in reply, the ecstacy of the inhabitants was manifested in the most vigorous way by shouting and leaping and the waving of handkerchiefs.

A NOVEL SALUTE OF HONOR.

At one little village, composed of a few log cabins, we were honoured by the chief—in propria persona—doing us the honour. He stood with a squaw on one side of him, and another squaw on the other side of him, with a dignity of bearing worthy of Turveydrop himself; but even with all his dignity, one could not help, when regarding him, exclaiming 'how are the mighty fallen.' For, instead of being adorned with the picturesque paraphernalia of the olden times—the paint and the feathers and the beads—he wore on his head an immense plug hat, of a style, which from its appearance must have been one of the first plug hats that ever was built—his person was clad in a seedy suit of black broad cloth—including a swallow tail—his legs were very bandy, and his hands in his pockets, and altogether he was just as unlike the idea of what one might imagine an Indian chief to be, as possibly could be. Out of respect to his highness, the whistle of the steamer was sounded thrice, on which he removed his plug and bowed, and then the people on board cheered vociferously, and the old chief turned and went into his cabin with his squaws, no doubt with a heart swelling with gratification and pride. All for poor Lo!

THE UPS AND DOWNS OF LIFE.

But on our way it was seen that it was not only "Alas for poor Lo," but alas for somebody else besides. At one little place where we called, we saw a man sitting mending his nets. He was not an Indian, nor a half-breed, nor did he look like a rustic. There was something undefinable about the man and the comment of every one who saw him was that he had seen better days somewhere, and that neither nature nor opportunity had placed him in that position. And on enquiry it proved to be so. He had been educated at Edinburgh University where he took his M. A; he had studied law, was a writer to the Signet, and had attained to some eminence as a pleader, but alas for the poor Scotchman, he embraced the curse of his country—whiskey; and now instead of occupying a prominent place among his brethren in Edinburgh, he sits on the rocks by the shores of Lake Huron mending nets.

THE UNIVERSAL YANKEE.

There was another man we saw near the same locality, who is a very different kind of man from poor 'Lo' or the poor writer to the *Signet*. He is a shrewd, keen Yankee, who can thoroughly appreciate a circumstance and make the most of it. Some years ago he went to the north shore of Sugar Island—a part of Michigan—and after casting about for some circumstances worth looking at, he discovered them in the shape of raspberries! He saw that the supply of that fine fruit, which is almost infinite in the district, might be made a circumstance of; so he set to work, and began to gather them in their season, and convert them into jam, and now he has a large establishment called the International Raspberry Jam Depot, and from this depot he exports every year raspberry jam to the extent of $17,000 or $18,000 worth. If poor Lo could just be taught to appreciate a circumstance as a Yankee can, he would not require to stand on the beach like a fool, the laughing stock of every one, nor would the Edinburgh writer to the *Signet*, had he cultivated the same system of seeing things, have been under the necessity of sitting in that wilderness mending nets.

THE SAULT AT LAST.

Leaving Bruce Mines about five o'clock, the *Algoma* started to make for Sault Ste Marie, and reached the Sault about ten o'clock. At some points between the two places, the scenery was exceedingly picturesque. The coast rises to a considerable height, and hills with an elevation of about a thousand feet, stretch one behind the other away into the distance, and lend to the scenery a very pleasant aspect, reminding one of the panoramic views of North Devonshire, or the scenes about Loch Lomond.

BEEF AT A PREMIUM.

On reaching the Sault, we found that here as elsewhere, the inhabitants had assembled to greet us, and were much gladdened at our arrival. But with their gladness there was a considerable alloy of disappointment. In the matter of beef, for instance, the disappointment was universal. For the people of the Sault have a Lenten term of somewhere about six months in duration, and the arrival of the first steamer is regarded as the time when their long length terminates. But this year's lent still continues, even after the steamer has gone up. For the Government stores left no room for beef or almost anything else, and the denunciations of the Government in thus depriving them of their customary supplies were expressed in terms not at all complimentary. And this want of beef is quite as characteristic of the American side as the Canadian. Yesterday your Correspondent, statiated with the never ending fish crossed over to the American side, bent on having a piece of beef of some sort. He went into every store and almost into every house in the place, but no beef was forthcoming. As a *dernier resort* he went to the Colonel commanding Fort Binsley and begged of him a note to the Quartermaster intimating that it would please him if I should be supplied with a modicum of beef. The Colonel complacently furnished me with the note, but it was of no avail. The Quartermaster avowed that there was not an ounce of beef in the Fort. However, he added, "we are going to kill our last animal to-morrow. It is a poor lean brute, it is true, but if you come over in the afternoon I will give you a piece of the liver." So I intend going over in the afternoon for my liver. And as I was fortunate enough to fall in with a tin of preserved green peas in the course of my travels, I purpose having a dinner in the evening worth looking at.

"THAT LITTLE KEG OF WHISKEY."

In the matter of whiskey too, a considerable amount of dissatisfaction has been produced by the Government appropriating the *Algoma* to its own use. When about twenty-five miles from the Sault, the whistle of the steamer was sounded, and immediately from the shore, a little old man, in a little boat, put off from the shore, and made vigorously for the steamer. We stopped and hailed him, and informed him that we had on board two bags of flour and two barrels of potatoes for his special use. 'All right,' he exclaimed; 'but darn the flour and potatoes, I'll get them when you come back. Just hand me out that little keg of whiskey, will you.'

SWEARING IN TWO LANGUAGES.

But when he was informed that his little keg had been left behind with a large number of other little kegs of whiskey, the manifestation of his wrath was perfectly and scribable. He swore in French and then in English, and then he shook his fist and then fell out of the boat into the water, scrambled out of the water into the boat again, the mirth of those on board was most uproarious. And for the remainder of the trip it passed into a common saying "All right but darn the flour and potatoes. Just hand me out that little keg."

In this communication I proposed to send you a full and detailed account of the geography, natural history, resources, trade and commerce, &c., of the Sault; but as the *Algoma*, contrary to expectation, is likely to get through, and the *Chicora* also, I conclude for an hour or two.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA, OTTAWA, 5th April, 1870.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:

Caleb Costsworth, of the Township of Romney, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman, to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

OTTAWA, 3d May, 1870.

William Hemphill, of the Village of Port Stanley, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman, to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

Militia General Orders.

HEAD QUARTERS, OTTAWA, 12th May, 1870

GENERAL ORDERS, (17.)

No. 1.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

The formation, to date from 1st instant, of two Battalions of Riflemen, from existing corps of Active Militia, for service in the "North West" is hereby authorized, to be styled respectively, the First, (or Ontario) Battalion of Riflemen, and the second (or Quebec) Battalion of Riflemen, and the appointments thereto are as follows, viz:

1st (or Ontario) Battalion of Riflemen.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel: Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Peters Jarvis.

To be Major: Major Griffiths Wainewright.

To be Captains: Major Thomas Scott; Major Thomas Macklem; Major William Macaulay Herchmer; Captain William Smith; Captain Alexander B. Macdonald; Captain and Adjutant Henry Cooke; Captain Daniel Hunter McMillan.

To be Lieutenants:—Captain and Adjutant Donald A. MacDonald, Captain David M. Walker, Captain and Adjutant William N. Kennedy, Captain Andrew McBride, Captain and Adjutant William J. McMurtry, Captain Samuel Bruce Harman, Lieutenant James Benson.

To be Ensigns:—Captain and Adjutant A. J. L. Peebles, Lieutenant Stewart Mulvey, Lieutenant Josiah Jones Bell, Lieutenant Samuel Hamilton, Lieutenant John Biggar, Lieutenant William Hill Nash, Ensign Hugh John Macdonald.

To be Paymaster:—Captain J. F. B. Morrice.

To be Adjutant, with the rank of Captain, Captain William James Baker Parsons.

To be Quarter Master:—Quarter Master Edward Armstrong.

To be Surgeon:—Surgeon Alfred Codd, M. D.

2nd (or Quebec) Battalion of Riflemen.

To be Lieutenant Colonel:—Lieutenant Colonel Louis Adolphe Casault.

To be Major:—Major Acheson G. Irvine.

To be Captains:—Lieutenant Colonel L. C. A. L. de Bellefeuille, Major Allan Macdonald, Major Jacques Labranche, Captain Samuel Macdonald, Captain Jean Baptiste Amyot, Captain John Fraser, Captain William John Barrett.

To be Lieutenants:—Captain Josephus W. Vaughan, Captain John Price Fletcher, Captain T. H. F. Patterson, Captain Maurice E. B. Duchesnay, Captain Henri Bouthillier, Captain Leonidas de Salaberry, Lieutenant Oscar Prevost.

To be Ensigns: Captain Ed. S. Bernard, Captain John Allan, Lieutenant George Simard, Lieutenant Gabriel Lous Des George, Ensign Alphonse de Montenach, Henri D'Eschambault, Ensign William Wilmount Ross, Ensign Alphonse Tetu.

To be Paymaster: Lieutenant C. Auguste Larue.

To be Adjutant, with rank of Captain: Major F. D. Gagnier.

To be Quarter Master: Riding Master F. Villiers.

To be Surgeon: F. L. A. Nilson, Esquire.

Staff.

The following Staff appointments in connection with the Militia Corps for service in the North West are hereby made, viz:

To be Assistant Brigade Major:—Major James F. McLeod.

To be Assistant Control Officer:—Captain A. Peebles.

To be Orderly Officer to the Officer in Command of Expeditionary Force:—Lieutenant Frederick Charles Denison.

MEMORANDUM.—All the officers appointed to the Force for service in the North West will continue, while on that service, to retain the appointments in the Militia, with the rank and precedence therein, heretofore held by them.

No 2

The Officers and men of the Militia Force embodied for service in the North West, as soon as they are attested and enrolled, are hereby placed under the command of the Lieutenant General Commanding Her Majesty's Forces in Canada.

No. 3.

The undernamed Officers are hereby appointed to perform the duties of those Staff Officers who are serving with the Corps organized for service in the North West, while so employed:

Lt.-Colonel A. Patterson, Brigade Major, 5th Brigade Division, No. 3 Military district, to act as Deputy Adjutant General of No. 3 Military District, during the absence of Lieutenant Colonel Jarvis, in command of a Battalion.

Captain and Adjutant Hayter Reed, 14th Battalion, to act as Brigade Major, 6th Brigade Division, while Lieut.-Colonel Patterson is acting as Deputy Adjutant General of Militia.

Lieut.-Colonel Audet, 4th Battalion, to act as Brigade Major, 6th Brigade Division, No. 6 Military District, during the absence on service with a Battalion, of Lieutenant-Colonel de Bellefeuille.

Lieut.-Colonel Panet, 6th Battalion, to act as Deputy Adjutant General of No. 7 Military District, during the absence of Lieut.-Colonel Casault, in command of a Battalion.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor General.

P. ROBERTSON-ROSS,
Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

AN ERRAND OF PEACE—LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
6.00	12.15	Eastern, by Train: Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	11.30	5.30
		Montreal, by Steamer		
6.00	12.15	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	11.30	4.30
6.00	12.15	Western, by Train: Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	11.25	4.30
6.00	12.15	United States, by Train: Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	11.50	5.30
6.00		Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.		5.36
6.00		Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00	
6.00	12 Noon	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	11.30
7.30	11 a.m.	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30
6.00	1.00	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage		11.30
6.00	12.15	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30
6.00		Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		
	12.45	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Mondays and Thursdays		6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS

The water of the Ottawa fell over six inches since Sunday night.

The Immigrants that were expected yesterday evening by train did not arrive yet.

The Lovers' walk was a favorite resort on Sunday.

Trout fishing is good now, and no mosquitoes of any consequence yet.

A large number of emigrants are expected this week by the emigration agent.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

Fresh of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Spinach, &c., &c., at J. B. Bass & Co's, 21 Sparks street.

Some fresh salmon attracted considerable attention on the market yesterday morning. They were the first of the season.

A large number of barges loaded with lumber started down the Ottawa yesterday evening.

The STREET RAILWAY progresses very slowly but it has at last been laid round the corner of Bank and Wellington streets.

It is thought by a great many agriculturists that hay will bring a good price next winter. A great many of the old meadows have been hurt with the frost, and a dry summer is expected.

CHURCH BENEFIT.—A religious festival was held in the old Catholic Church, Hull, on Sunday afternoon. The proceeds were for the purpose of finishing off their fine new stone church, which is now fully completed. It is expected that there will be service in it next Sabbath.

COLLISION.—Yesterday evening as a couple of gentlemen were driving up Sussex street, they came into contact with a buggy at the corner of York street, occupied by Mr. Bell, who was thrown to the ground, but we are happy to say he was uninjured. The accident was the result of a jam of vehicles.

CRICKET.—A match was played between some soldiers of the 60th and eleven civilians at Rideau Hall, on Saturday. First innings—civilians, 28 rounds; soldiers, 50 rounds. Second innings—civilians, 63 rounds; soldiers, 50 rounds. The civilians being beaten by nine rounds.

SHADE TREES.—Unusually large number of young trees are being planted in the city this spring. Maple appears to be the favourite. The iron-wood and elm make nice shade trees, and are easily transplanted, but the preference, generally, is given to the sugar maple. Too much encouragement cannot be given to any enterprise that adds so much to the beauty of the city and the comfort of people.

THE MARKET yesterday was very small. Eggs were plentiful; butter still continues to be scarce, and the demand greater than the supply. The farmers in the vicinity of Ottawa are not bring in their butter as they used to do. They think it pays better to sell a large lot at a time, than to bring it into market every week. Several of the wealthy farmers through Nepean, Gouldbourn and other Townships, will have large quantities of butter on hand next Fall, and will likely loose by it.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Yesterday afternoon as Mr. Carrier of the *Free Press* was walking past P. O'Meara's, a circumstance occurred which he providentially escaped but slightly injured. A horse attached to a buggy attempted to get on the sidewalk, when this gentleman proceeded to back him off, the animal reared up twice, throwing Mr. Carrier to the ground, bringing his hoofs down close to his body each time. Mr. Carrier got from his unpleasant position with his knee slightly injured.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY AUCTION.—Mr. Bermingham will sell to-morrow, at 11 o'clock a.m., on Daly-street, adjoining Knox's Church, all Major Streatfield's drawing-room, dining, bed-room, hall and kitchen furniture. In the drawing-room will be found a very handsome seven octave cottage piano, nearly new, took the prize medal at the Great Exhibition, and made by Debain, of Paris. Also, a new silver mounted six barrel revolver, with 50 ball cartriges.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Last night Marshall had a crowded house, to see the play of "Robinson Crusoe." The performance was well received by the audience. Miss Nellie Nelson and Mr. Lindley, being the chief attraction. Mr. Knight's performance was very good. Altogether the acting and scenery were excellent. Mr. Lindley's local hits took very well, and the entrance of Detective O'Neil received round of applause. Mr. Marshall might do worse than remain in Ottawa till after the Queen's Birthday.

RED RIVER.—Yesterday morning 47 men of the 60th were told off for Red River service and paraded before the George Street Barracks. They were inspected in heavy marching order, with their new linen forage caps, covers, and haversacks. The men who remain behind think themselves very unfortunate in not being sent along with their comrades, but console themselves with the thoughts of being free from the attacks of mosquitoes and black flies. "Hand them hagain," says another, "there wont be no fitin adoing, so wots the hodds." It is expected they will start this morning to join the expedition at Toronto. Sixteen men of the band will accompany them.

POLICE COURT—Monday.—James Kelly, charged with being found lying on the street drunk; fined $3 and costs.

Adelia Bush, charged with keeping a disorderly House. Dismissed without costs.

Several young men were charged with disturbing the peace and fighting on the street, opposite Riopelle's tavern, at two o'clock on Saturday morning. The row commenced by breaking each others heads in earnest. There were young men engaged in it who should be ashamed to be seen engaged in such scenes, and who, by their conduct, are not only disgracing themselves, but through their dissipation and folly are bringing misery and ruin on their families.

His Worship in giving his decision said as Riopelle kept a very disorderly house, and should have closed his tavern at proper hours, he would have to be responsible for the damage done; he would therefore fine Riopelle $30, Mallette $20, and Connell, $2. He then commented severely on the conduct of the young men who frequented such places and dismissed them. He warned Riopelle that if his house was not better conducted in future he should lose his license.

OUR CANINE SUBJECTS.—No doubt a good dog is a very useful animal. A ferocious brute may make a very good night watch for the wealthy merchant, a fancy cur may serve to give notice of the presence of the midnight thief to the opulent citizen, and another specie may make a very pleasant, willing and devoted companion to the modern Nimrod while wondering through the forest, but we fail entirely to understand what a poor labouring man can have to do with three or four scurvy hunger-starved cadaverous prowling brutes. The canine population of Ottawa is becoming so numerous that like Robinson Crusoe's cats they may ere long have to be regarded as a proscribed enemy, and if we were to judge from their present independent attitude, they will soon stand up arrogantly for their rights as citizens. They are now met with at the corner of any street in colloquial crowds, no doubt, debating on some important step under consideration, and the pedestrian must take to the road, in order not to tramp on their lordship's tails or to disturb the serenity of the proceedings. Even with this we might put up, were it not for the disorderly and boisterous nature of their midnight conventions, and the impunity with which they walk up to a butcher's stall and choose out a fresh beefsteak for the delectation of their delicate stomachs. These citizens, we fear, are not adequately taxed. In all seriousness they are becoming common disturbers of the public peace—in some localities giving no rest to sick or hale people by their continued howlings and wranglings—particularly at night. Some steps should be taken to abate the nuisance.

SOLD BY JINGO.—Was the expression of Mr. Kinchella, D. C. P. W., as he viewed the property on Sunday, that he had bought at the sale of Ordinance lands last week. There was some reason for the exclamation of honest Tom, as he look'd over his late purchase; we say looked over, for it was impossible for him to inspect his property without the help of a boat. He said he might have waded to one small patch of dry ground on his new farm, but the water was too cold.

Mr. Wills, Emigrant agent, started yesterday on a (pleasure) trip to see if he could not commence work on his new estate purchased at the same sale. The half hours drive to his bargain passed pleasantly in meditating on how he would astonish the natives with the manner in which he would raise 40 bushels of wheat to the acre, with a new and improved system of agriculture, as to his cabages and turnips they would surprise christendom.

Having arrived near his destination he procured the services of one of the natives to show him his lots? "Hev yer a boat sur" queried the native. "We haven't to cross the river my boy. I know's yer have'nt, but thers a deal ov water on it. Mr. Wills began to have some misgivings, after floundering along about an acre through a bog, to find things beginning to have a sloppy appearance. Another 20 yards brought Mr. Wills and his guide to a stand still. The boy then, with a triumphant yell, exclaimed, "Here's your lot, sur!" As soon as Mr. Wills was able to speak his first cry was "D——n you Bermingham." Mr. Wills thinks Mark Tapley should have considerable credit for being joly while in Eadin. He has been applying all sorts of epithets to himself ever since, and can't bear the sight of an auctioneer. He proposes supplying the Ottawa markets with water chickens, and thinks that the cultivation of muskrats and cat-tails might be made profitable on his farm. He wonders if any of the emigrants would go into such a spec.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT OF MARSHALL'S LONDON COMEDY & BURLESQUE COMPANY,

TUESDAY, MAY 17th,

Benefit of Harry Lindley, Comedian.

Grand Extra Performance!

GREEN BUSHES,

HERCULES, KING OF CLUBS, AND

ROBINSON CRUSOE.

Admission—Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Tickets to be had at Miles' Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, Russell House.

Doors open at 7½. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.

MANAGER..........W J MARSHALL.

May 17, 1870. 1332 6

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRAZER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

OTTAWA TURF CLUB.—A meeting of the Turf Club will be held at the Russell House this afternoon at 4 o'clock p. m. to elect officers for the present season. R W KUTCHMOR. 1360 1

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that, all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334 1m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is herby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

(Signed), SAMUEL I JONES. GEO C HOLLAND.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870.

And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co-partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND.

(Signed) SAMUEL I JONES. W G THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the TIMES office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

MONEY LOST.

Between the Steamboat Wharf and McLarine's Mill, TWO PACKAGES of SILVER. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it at THE TIMES Office. 1359 1

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, Mutchmor & Co. 1359tf

PENNER'S CIDER.

The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.

Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.

GRACE EGERTON,

[MRS. GEO. CASE]

—AND—

MR. GEO. CASE,

Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,

☞ SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE ☜

Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearance of these

☞ ARTISTES, ☜

As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan, California, and many parts of the United States with one unvarying success.

It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General

SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG

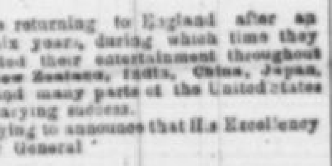
Were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50.

Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Jones & Son's Pianoforte Warehouse.

Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

☞ Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00. ☜

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. A.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A LIVE MAN wanted to act as General Agent for PEASLEY'S CEMENT for this Province, or the right to manufacture, and will be sold to the right man on easy terms.

Apply to C D PEASLEY,

Or W M H FITZPATRICK. Albion Hotel.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1359 1

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

A YOUNG LADY Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

30.6m

Auction Sales.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITTRE,

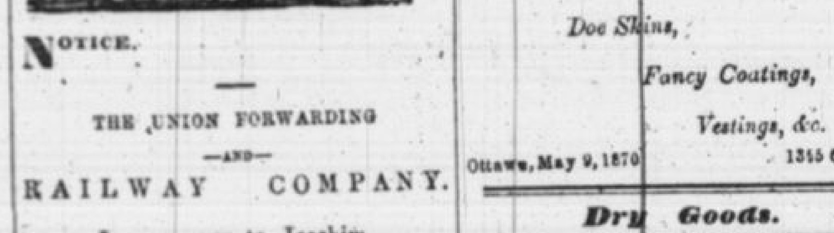
CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, &c., &c.

The subscriber is honoured with instructions from MAJOR STREATFIELD of the Royal 60th Rifles to sell at his residence, Daly Street on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 11 o'clock a. m., all the Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall and Kitchen Furniture therein, consisting in part of B. W., Centre, Side, and Trifle Tables, Sofas, Lounges, Rich Window Hangings and Poles, Carpets, Extension Dining Table, Dinner and Tea Services, B. W. Cane Seat Dining Chairs, Glass and China Ware. Some handsome Iron Bedsteads and Cots, Bureaus, Washstands, Baths, Hair Mattresses, Bedsteads, and the Bedding of several Rooms, Bed Room Carpets, Hall, Kitchen and other Stoves, as well as the usual necessary Kitchen Furniture. A handsome Carriage, and a good Family Sleigh.

☞ Sale positive and at 11 o'clock sharp.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356d



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,

Ripe Pine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,

Lillies,

Lemon Plants. &c., &c.

☞ LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE. ☜

NOTICE

—OF—

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as Printers and Publishers of THE EVENING MAIL, at the City of Ottawa, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the said Partnership are to be paid to the undersigned, GEORGE MOSS, and all claims against the said Partnership are to be presented to the said GEORGE MOSS, by whom the same shall be settled.

Dated this Thirteenth day of May, A. D., 1870.

Witness W A ROSS. { CARROLL RYAN. GEORGE MOSS.

NOTICE.

With reference to the above the undersigned beg to announce that they have entered into Partnership for the Printing and Publishing of THE EVENING MAIL, under the firm, name and style of

MOSS & BUCK.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1358 3

CAUTION.

All parties are hereby cautioned, no to employ or harbour in any way one LEON HANDY an apprentice to me in the Hair Dressing business, as he has left my employment contrary to the terms of his indenture of apprenticeship.

1354 6 JOHN CURTIS.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF 1870.*

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,

Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

☞ Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1334 10

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of heir patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

GRAND ITALIAN OPERATIC CONCERT.

Under the patronage of

LADY YOUNG,

Lady Hincks,	Mrs. J. M. Currier,
Mrs. Meredith,	Mrs. T. C. Keefer,
Mrs. Coffin,	Mrs. C. Armstrong,
Mrs. Hamnett Hill,	Mrs. G. P. Baker.
Mrs. Langton,	Mrs. Sprague.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17th,

—AT THE—

RINK MUSIC HALL.

—BY—

SIGNORA MARIA GELLIE,

Assisted by the following distinguished Arrtistes:

SIGNOR FRANCISCO PHILLIPI, Tenore, from La Scala, Milan.

SIGNOR FOSSATI, Baritone, Max Maretsek's Italian Opera Troupe.

EDWARD HOFFMAN, Pianist, New York.

Conductor, L. S. PELETIER.

☞ Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets $1.00 each—may be had at the Book and Music Stores, and at the door of the Hall on the evening of the Concert.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.

1357td

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to JOHN D. O'GRADY. on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT. March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.

About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamised Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.

For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END

☞ DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. ☜

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New **Printed Muslins** in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New **Shawls** in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace

New **Mantles and Jackets** in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens

New **Waterproof Cloaks**, very cheap.

New **Parasols and Sunshades**

New **Flowers and Feathers**

New **Straw Goods**, a large assortment

New **Ribbons** in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New **Corsets**, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New **Hosiery and Gloves**

—ALSO—

The Celebrated **Josephine Kid Gloves** in all the new Shades

New **Crapes and Arcophanes**

New **Linen Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Sewed Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Lace Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Lace and Muslin Ties**

New **Laces and Lace Falls**

New **Sewed Edgings and Insertions**

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White **Cottons**, excellent value

New Sheetings and Pillow **Cottons**

New **Irish Linens and Linen Lawns**

New Linen and Cotton **Diapers**

New **Grass Linens and Brown Hollands**

New **Table Linens**, Bleached and Unbleached

New **Table Covers and Napkins**

New **Towels and Towellings**

New **Window Holland**, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New **Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes**

New Printed and Fancy **Flannels**

New **Shirting Winceys**

New Saxony and Welsh **Flannels** in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino **Underclothing**

New Cotton and Merino **Socks**

New White **Dress Shirts**

New Linen and Paper **Collars** in all Styles

New Linen and Paper **Cuffs and Shirt Fronts**

New **Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves**

New White and Coloured **Marcella Vests**

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Workmanship and all fits quaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES.

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

Auction

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

☞ Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Gentral Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remoddled the store so as fit it up or a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ STOVES AND TINWARE, ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

☞ Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamising five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer, Ottawa, & Russell Road Company

Time for securing Tender extended until FRIDAY, 20th instant,

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1353d

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 17, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 60
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
OATS—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60lbs.	1 00	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 20
" 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	3 50	@	0 00

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN,

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS'

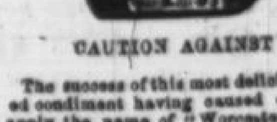
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from ... to ... per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 28. 1353tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 1339d

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 30	10 10	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

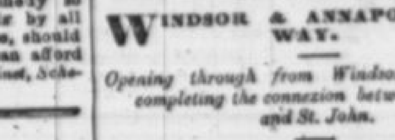
—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

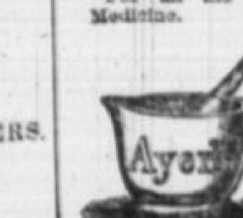
THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870, 18 3

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1337 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

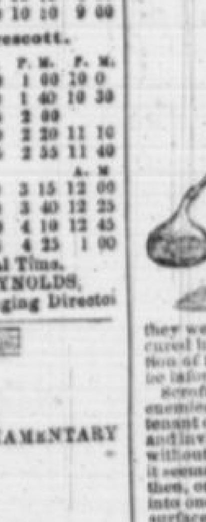
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,
Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 907y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or FERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS In Ottawa AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they posses the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM. HALPENNY.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
of Montreal,
Or BALDWIN BROS.,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Dunlop's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. ... MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa.

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street.............Halifax, N.S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 60 per day,

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 559y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reade's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: North Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
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GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their houses, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,000), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

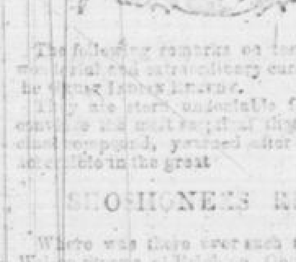
FAMILY MAGAZINE.

Specially devoted to the "Science of Man," his improvement, by all the means indicated by science.

... S. R. WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the Great Indian Remedy.

They are stern, undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

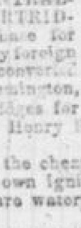
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoxey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Remedy, containing unquestionable certificates of the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 17y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, Snider the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of .450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m.m., and 7-m.m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle-loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No. Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted, thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a point, the place of beginning, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 24 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 56 by 32, Carriage House 35 by 26, and Cattle Shed 58 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences. It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 21 miles from Ottawa City.

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March, 1870. 13td

FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and safeness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1361. | OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 18 1870 | PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

MERASTSTONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 28, 1869. 1238.t

JOHN WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Bluing, Cosmo and Pine-salt, &c. Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

And numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

BRANDIES— Pinet Castillon; Renault & Co. Hennessy's, Otard's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood.

WINES— Sherries all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines, all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and over, at extremely low prices. Ramsay's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Kinahan's Irish Whiskey. Dunville's Irish Potteen.

Bass's and London Porter, pts and qts. Edinburgh and other Ales.

Syrups and Syrups, all grades.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

... in wine or bar sizes. 1103

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

..., Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ..., Manager. 1141tf

R. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Advances on goods consigned for transhipment. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

... SIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ... to the Capital will find superior accommodation ... by the day or week at moderate terms. The house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

Educational.

SINGING AND DEPORTMENT.

... having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant.

Particulars may be obtained on application ...

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto. ...

... Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

... September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having ... divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to ... for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

MR. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral), a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, composed of lot number twenty, in the ... Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, ... acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm, it is timbered principally with ... and contains a sufficient quantity of ... and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one third of the money paid at the time of sale and the balance secured by mortgage payable in two ... annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the said property will please call on JOHN McNAB residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the title of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made for paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
... Solicitor, Ottawa,
... ALEX BROWNELL, Hamilton, Ontario

..., April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

... HAYNICK FOY.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

... street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

... patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... Ottawa. From his long experience ... he offers his services in engaging ... to their rafts while passing ... of his ability.

REFERENCES.

... Walter Smith, Esq.
... R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

... will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC ... Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday ... and after Monday, the 25th April ... giving thorough instruction in the ... principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... MR. H.S. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa ... Society, formerly organist of the ... Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of ... Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. ... course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a ... application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. ... limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, st. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal ever where; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,

...

Ottawa, February 25, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater, and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, EsQ.,
134tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He used and remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOM—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE

FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for the public

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1366tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE,
Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE,
Very Pale, Old Wine, M Miss,

BRANDY,
Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN,
John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY,
John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM,
Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE,
Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S
Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES,
Dawes make

WEST INDIA
LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA
Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE,
Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS,
Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS,
a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE,
A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS,
Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES
Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES,
Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES,
Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE,
And a variety of other brands the best,

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS,
A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS,
Egg's &c. "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 25, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL
PAINTING
GO TO
LANG
PAINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-fed

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, W M MATHESON,
Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton.

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1wk6m

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq, Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
......	......	12.15	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.	......	11.30	4.30
6.00	......	......	Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......
......	......	12.15	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	......	11.30	4.30
6.00	......	12.15	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	......	11.30	......
6.00	......	12.15	United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	......	11.30	5.30
6.00	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	......	......	......
6.00	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	......	......	6.30
......	12 Noon.	......	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	......	6.30
6.00	11 a.m.	3.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	4.00
7.30	......	......	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	......	......	......
6.00	......	12.15	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	......	11.30	4.30
6.00	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	......	11.30	......
0.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
......	......	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	......	......

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart.................. 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10 00 pm
Arrive.................. 4.50 p m, 11 0 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agent.

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870.

The Ontario Turf Club Spring Race will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lb., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2 45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the bona fide owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON,
1369 Secretary and Treasurer.

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House Duke street, Lebreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate a number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board, at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

FOR THE TIMES.

Nebraska.

BY STEPHEN McSLOGAN.

I love the scented Prairie's balmy breath;
I love the golden sun-light, sifted down,
In glistening showers, on meadow, bluff and stream;
I love the smoky drapery that floats
At evening, round the basement of the dome
Built on the horizon's rim, and gemm'd with stars,
I love the dark mould of the fruitful earth;
The succulent corn, upshooting rank and tall,
To play its silken tassels in the breeze;
The golden fields of yellow whisker'd wheat;
The rustling of the barley's million spears,
As silken dresses fondled by the breeze;
The coated turnip, rounding out its paunch
Like belly of a beer-filled Alderman;
I love the tapering root that bore's the earth;
The carrot, and the parsnip, and the beet;
I love the flowers that toss their cups of scent
Into the toilet of blushing morn;
I love to see the prairie chicken start,
Whirr through the air, and vanish from my sight;
I love to steal along the river brink,
Or by the rushy margin of the lake,
And fusilade the unoffending duck,
Or wary goose, disporting on the wave;
I love, when Night has quench'd the fiery Day,
To stroll the rural Broadways of the town,
Its scattered lights twinkling like lonely stars,
Over a space ambitious to be great;
The steam horse snorting on his iron path;
The white moon shimmering in a sea of blue;
The night wind laden with the fumes of rest;
All this I love, and this is all I love
In all this endless prarie wilderness.

The little "dugouts," miles from neighbour's face;
And little cabins, let at fab'lous rents;
And little corner lots that can't be bought;
And little jealousies that rend the town;
And little boys and girls that won't be curb'd;
And little needs, that cost a ruinous price;
And little weights that multiply the cost;
And great hotel bills that turn travellers pale;
Aristocrats that once lived in "dug-outs"!
And deathly-rushing streams to devil drives,
Along the quicksands, shifting bottomless!
And the slow Fever of the seething Flats,
And the mosquitoes of the seething Flats,
Outnumbering the sand-grains of the River;
And the dread rattlesnake that darts his bite,
And the dread Indian, filthy, lazy, fierce;
And the wide waves of wind that roll and rush
Down the long valleys from their mountain home,
A ponderous, house-crushing avalanche,
Uprooting earth, and whirling hats aloft;
The flash-like changes, too, from hot to cold
As if the Northern Bear had ris'n in wrath,
And dash'd an ice-berg on the flaming sun!
The feverish speculation of the town,
That stalks the anxious streets, gaunt, famine-like,
Eyes hungering for the fresh-imported prey,
Producing in a year, more pecks of lies,
Than all Nebraska can produce of wheat,—
All this I hate with an immortal hatred.

A SINGULAR RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

SUBSEQUENT SUICIDE OF THE CONDUCTOR.

A shocking accident occurred on the London and Brighton Railway about three weeks ago, by which a young lady lost her life by falling out of a carriage. The unfortunate occurrence preyed so much on the mind of the guard who had charge of the train that he afterwards committed suicide. The deceased was named Marian Dambridge, and was the daughter of Major Dambridge, of the Bengal staff corps. She was between eleven and twelve years. A friend testified that he accompanied the deceased and her two sisters to the Brighton terminus, and saw them into a first class carriage, they having booked to Chelsea, where they were to be met by a relative. Witness went into the carriage with them, and finding it rather warm, he let the window down on the off side. There was no one then in the carriage but a gentleman, and as they had no change trains at Clapham Junction, witness asked him to see them out of the carriage at that station, and he promised to do so. Witness left the station then, and he did not notice whether the carriage door was fastened when the train started. Mr. Parner, of Marylebone (the gentleman who took his seat in the carriage), deposed that when the train started he put the window up, in consequence of the draught. Nothing occurred until the train had passed the Hassock's gate station. Witness was then sitting in the middle of the carriage, with his back to the engine, reading a newspaper. Deceased was then at the off side window, the two other young ladies at the other window. About two minutes after he had taken up the paper he heard a voice exclaim, "Oh, my sister; my poor sister." Witness looked up and saw the carriage door open, and deceased falling out. Witness was too late to save her, and he shouted out to try and stop the train, but without avail, it did not stop until it came to Hayward's heath, when he informed the officials what had occurred. Walter Gabic, a platelayer, said that on the day of the accident he was at work about two miles from Hassock's gate. When the train passed the door flew open and the young lady fell out. He ran to her and found that she was dead. Mr. A. R. Watts, surgeon, said he was called to see the deceased, and found her quite dead. The injury to her head was sufficient to cause death. The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental Death," and added that the accident was caused by the neglect of the servant of the railway company in not securing the door on the off side of the carriage locked.

WHITBY RACES.

A Distinguished Gathering to be Present.

Letters have been received in reply to invitations to H. R. H Prince Arthur, His Excellency the Governor General, Lieut. Governor Howland, Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, Bart., Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. J S Macdonald, Hon. John Simpson, C. J. Brydges, Esq., and other distinguished noblemen and gentlemen throughout the Dominion. We are much gratified to be in a position to state, that all the invitations have been graciously accepted, and that all, (including H. R. H.) have expressed their desire to be present at the races. Anticipating so distinguished a gathering a special stand is now in course of construction for their convenience. It is to be fitted up in magnificent style, sofas, seats, tables, &c., from some of the choicest of the superb furniture stock of our townsman, Mr. Samo. The greatest interest appears to be manifested in the forthcoming races. And no wonder—for who has ever before seen in this Dominion a field of twenty-three horses start in one race? The spectacle will be truly a grand and exciting one—one of itself sufficient to establish the Whitby Races the Derby of the Dominion. Additional horses for the various purses are daily making their appearance in town and for training and exercise on the track, which is in the very best condition. Those having the control of the meeting in charge are leaving nothing undone to render the races for the Queen's Plate in Whitby a memorable occasion—Chronicle

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
New Pork Store—Herman Thasbah
Flour for Sale—Christie
Notice—Dufresne & McGarity
Garrison Artillery Social on the 24th of May

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1336t MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1870.

ILLNESS OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

The Premier is still very weak, and his recovery is certainly not proceeding with that rapidity which we could wish, but he is no worse, and it is determined, we hear, to fit up a suite of rooms for him in the House of Commons, to which he might be more easily moved than to his own home, and where, Parliament not being in Session, there will be very noise to disturb him.

MR. SPREAD EAGLE CHANDLER AND LITTLE GRANT.

It is difficult as it is important to arrive at a fair and adequate expression of the public mind. In the matter of the refusal of the Government of the United States to suffer a British vessel to pass through an American Canal on the bare supposition that she carried Government supplies, it is certainly not a difficult matter to arrive at the expression of the public mind in Canada with respect to that most uncourteous proceeding. It has created a feeling of annoyance among all classes of the people. It piques annexationists, independents, British connexionists, and Franco and Anglo phobists alike. The probability is that Riel himself is scarcely more astonished than disgusted. After having suffered American gunboats to pass up the St. Lawrence, armed and fully equipped for war during a war period and having suffered steamsloops of war, when they would otherwise have had to have been broken up or sold to private individuals to pass through our canals from the lakes to the ocean in 1846, there is something fearfully annoying in the unfriendliness manifested towards the British name, by the act of refusing to open to a supposed government vessel, the gates of the Sault Ste Marie canal. The very smallness of the transaction makes it more galling. It is not such an act as the Trent outrage, to be atoned for. It is not such an act as the murder of British subjects by Greek Brigands. It is simply an act of the nature of that which prompted a Scotch Duke to refuse to ordinary people the right of using a road which they had been long accustomed to use, but which they had no right to use. The United States have a water-way between two jointly navigable waters—waters navigable by British and by American bottoms—and have a gate upon it and will not open it to let us pass. That gate it is as impossible for us to force, as it would be for an unauthorized person to open a sealed letter. The law is against our passing. Were we at war with the United States there would be no difficulty in getting through—unless the canal were purposely damaged to prevent us. It is because Great Britain and the United States are two friendly nations that the gates of the Sault Ste Marie Canal are closed against us. The rule of course will work both ways. The Welland Canal has locks. These ways be closed to American craft of all descriptions. There are locks on the St. Lawrence, between Kingston and Montreal, and the American shipping of Ogdensburg, and Oswego and Cleveland and Buffalo, and all those western semi-ocean ports can be closed as effectually as if they were blockaded if England chooses. Surely Mr. President Grant does not wish further to destroy that shipping trade, which he is attempting to resuscitate on the ocean by a ludicrous system of bounties and drawbacks. It he does, he could not have desired a readier method than that which he is now pursuing at the instance of Mr. Spread-Eagle, Chandler of Michigan.

We could almost have hoped, for the sake of the man himself that General Grant could not be confounded with Mr. President Grant in this matter. It pains us to think of it. No statesman—not even such a statesman as President Pierce—would have done such a thing. President Polk, who, asking for the whole or none, was yet content to take a half of what he demanded, would not have refused to have stepped off the sidewalk to let a lady pass. Such an act is only possible to little Grant.

REPORT OF THE CITY ENGINEER.

There is a mixture of Scavengerism and road surveyorism in the report of Mr. George H. Perry, C. E., and City Engineer of Ottawa, detracting somewhat from the scientific value of a document, which is dedicated to "John Heney, Esquire Alderman, chairman Board of Works." It certainly had not occurred to us that it was the business of a Civil Engineer to see that the streets were kept clear of snow, free from mud, and were well watered and regularly swept. Of course it was to be expected that the engineer would see to the bridges, the gradation of streets, construction of drains, and perhaps act as architect for the many fine corporation edifices which Ottawa possesses. He might also bring his scientific education to bear upon public pumps, but we really cannot divest ourselves of the idea that the superintendence of the clearing of the streets might be permitted to devolve upon some one with less scientific pretensions than Mr. Perry. That gentleman tells us that:—

"The very severe weather during the months of January, February and March, compelled the employment of a heavy force of men and horses, in order to keep the principal streets clear of snow, which involved an outlay of $882.80. Immediately on the breaking up of the ice the floods damaged Cumberland and Daly streets to a considerable extent and filled up a portion of a newly constructed drain in Wilbrod and Rideau streets, involving considerable trouble and some outlay before they were rendered throughly efficient. Both these drains have hardly any rate of inclination, being nearly level—the nature of the surface at the outfall preventing a proper grade, and such accidents will probably happen again."

Of course it is not to be expected that either His Worship the Mayor, the Chairman of the Board of Works, or the whole of the Board of Works put together will work out any preventative to the rising of the Rideau in the spring, and it is quite useless to attempt placing the Lower Town upon stilts for six weeks in every year; but it does seem very absurd to make it a matter of special wonderment that streets should be require to be cleared oftener that once in twelve months as the following paragraph does:

"The cleansing of the minor streets involved an outlay of $649.27. The Spring thaw having came on rapidly made this item more costly than under ordinary circumstances; in which from $500 to $600 would be sufficient, because a large proportion of the material had to be taken off the streets before the frost was completely out of the ground, and this involved operations on the same streets two or even three times.

Passing over the flooring of Rideau Bridge at a cost of $220, the reader is requested to look at a fine building for the use of a newly arrived population, and which it is believed will accomodate about 40 persons. That account is unique, and we give it without any attempt whatever at condensation:

"In the month of June a house for the use of Emigrants was built on King street, on lot 13, recently purchased by the Corporation from Sir W. H. Baldwin. The house is 44 x 22, one and a-half stories in height, boarded and battoned on the outside, and plastered with two coats on the inside. The sleeping berths are in the upper story; it is divided into parts by a partition, with a chimney in the centre; is well ventilated and comfortably built. There is also a detached kitchen, 16 x 12, substantially built and plastered. It would afford temporary decent accommodation for about 40 persons (viz., 20 male and 20 female.) As soon as a proper fence is put up about the premises the Government will pay $300 of the cost of construction, which up to the present has been $500. There is yet the fence and latrines, which will cost probably $150. The lot had been purchased for the purpose of taking off the gravel thereon for the use of the streets and platforms; and as that operation has not yet been completed, it is not advisable to complete the fences or the outbuildings necessary."

It would not be difficult to follow the meanderings of Mr. Perry from platform to platform and from pump to pump through all the streets of the three great divisions of the capital, but we prefer to leap at once to the matter of the bridges, leaving the platforms to the special care of the amateur public officers of the corporation meanwhile, and the price of them to the taxpayers.

Mr. Perry tells us that:

"The Sappers Bridge has been thoroughly macadamized for the first time in some years, the roadway being in a most disgraceful state. I applied to the Superintendent of the Rideau Canal to have the work done (as the bridge site, from Sussex street to the east end of the McLaughlin and Egan lots on Sparks street, belongs to the Government, as successors to the late Ordinance Department), but he said "it would cost the Government comparatively much more than it would cost the Corporation, who have the material and all appliances on hand, and that, therefore I had better proceed with the repairs and send the bills to him," which has been done. The attached platforms to this bridge having exhibited symptoms of decay; and on examination the sleepers and posts proving very bad, on the 30th September I addressed a communication to the Mayor and Corporation, stating that the platforms were no longer safe, and declining to be accountable for them. Extensive repairs have since taken place, but I do not think the platforms are yet safe. The whole structure is narrow and inconvenient, its width of roadway being only 19 ft. 4 in. clear of parapets, and that width further narrowed by two lines of Street or Horse Railway, rails of the ∩ section, being that principally used on railways where the traffic is confined to locomotives. At the request of the Board, a model built from plans got up in this Department is now in my office, showing a proposed new bridge on the north line of Rideau and Wellington and the south line of Rideau and Sparks streets, covering the entire space between both streets. It is intended to remove the present Sappers Bridge and to construct the proposed bridge of stone and iron. A detailed report with estimates, &c., have been placed in the hands of the Board.

Hopping over the numerous wells and drains of the report, we come to "the Gulley," and find the following information, in which there is some excellent advice with respect to the acquisition of property for city use—notably correct advice. Mr. Perry says:—

"None of the bridges, or their sites, within the city, viz.: Sappers, Pooley's, or the Bridges across the Slide Channel, belong to the Corporation. They are all owned by the Government. The Rideau Bridge at the end of Metcalf-street, is held under *concurrent* jurisdiction with the County of Carleton, while that at the end of Rideau-street, although built and assumed by the Corporation of this city, is in reality held under *concurrent jurisdiction* with the County of Carleton, as it spans the main channel of the Rideau River.

"The state of George-street, from the western end of Wellington to the road leading to Pooley's Bridge, demands serious attention. Opposite the Foundry it is at present only thirty-five feet in width, while further south a house encroaches on its western line for twelve feet. The approach to Queen-street, across Pooley's Bridge, has been in arbitration for some years. It would be to the interests of the city to have the matter finally closed; and as George-street and the Bridge, which must supercede Pooley's, are the main entrances to the city from the westward, measures should be adopted for securing, by purchase or otherwise, the power to widen those streets to their full limits of sixty feet.

"This object could be attained on George-street by making the western line of the street a straight line from S. W. corner of Dr. Hill's house to the front of Hoey's (the house standing in the street), and by bargaining with Messrs. Sparks and Perkins for sufficient width on the eastern front. As matters now stand, nothing could put the Corporation right short of a law suit, and that is a far more costly way of establishing a claim or acquiring the right of way than simple purchase, the evil in the first instance being caused by neglect of public interests.

"Between the junction of Sparks-street with concession B. and the front of the Johnson property, there is a small triangular piece of land, on which a blacksmith's shop now stands, which the Corporation should purchase, as the limestone on the ends of both highways is very valuable, and will be required for various structures connected with the public works of the city."

Mr. Perry concludes by saying that 6,687 men have been employed during the past year, and 2,536 and a half horses, at a cost of $10,745.62. How the half horse was employed is not stated. By the way, there are many repairs needed, and needed immediately, and there are mouths to fill now, who cannot advantageously be told to wait until winter. This is, in fact, the season for out of door work, and all the street repairs that are essential should be proceeded with, without loss of time. The levelling, grading and macadamizing of the roads, and the widening and improving of the streets, and the construction of public bridges, are assuredly the proper matters to come under the direction of the only scientific officer attached to the Corporation, and he, assuredly, ought to be suffered to proceed with such improvements as are necessary, without individual interference on the part of members of the council. Mr. Perry is either quite adequate to fill his position, or he is not. If he be, then the fullest confidence should be reposed in him.

"Putnam's Monthly Magazine of Literature, Science, Art and National Interest" for June has come to hand. The contents are Down the Danube, Birds of the North, The Tale of a Comet, The Outlook of our English Literature, A woman's Right, Fulfilment, Proportional Representation, Editorial notes &c. Beautifully printed on very excellent paper, this exceedingly well conducted magazine is ever welcome to the man of letters. The editorial notes are of a high order of excellence, and some of the political articles may be read with great profit by residents of this Dominion. By the way, it may be remarked that there is an article in this Magazine on the all-absorbing question of the day among religionists.—"Shall we have a more readable bible." The question might be readily answered, There is no more readable book than the Bible, but there are very few who can read it as it ought to be read. The same men who publicly read the Bible would, if they attempted to read Shakespeare's writings in a similar manner, be hooted from the platform.

Signora Maria Gellie's Concert.

Ottawa, ever appreciative of artistic merit, and alert to pay special tribute to talent which being native, adds to our fame, welcomed Signora Gellie, the renowned Canadian cantatrice, in the Rink Music Hall last night, in a manner that must have been found highly gratifying to those on whose invitation she had visited this city.

By eight o'clock a large and fashionable audience filled the Hall, and awaited anxiously the *debut* of the fair *artiste*, whose name and fame preceded her, and had set the music loving portion of the community on the tiptoe expectation for some weeks.

At a few minutes after 8 o'clock, Mr. Hoffman, the pianist, entered and played a fantasie of his own composition on an air in 'Rigolette.' Mr. Hoffman's style at once pronounced him to be a finished artist and a master of the instrument. A cavatina from Verdi's Opera 'Attila,' by Signora Cucinotti, was given in splendid style, and heartily applauded. The arrival of Signora Gellie was greeted with hearty cheers from the audience. When they were stilled, she sang a cavatina from 'Ione.'—the air was well adapted to show the various points of her voice, its compass, sweetness, strength, sympathy, and power of expression. In all these points the Signora's voice excelled, and from the beginning to the end of the piece the audience were wrapped in delight and wonderment. Her voice is naturally light and airy; rich and full in the sustained notes and in the trills bird like in simplicity and expression, and shows to what perfection a good organ may be brought by careful study under the best masters. The Romanza, from Flotow's Opera "Marta," by Signore Filippi, was splendidly sung and encored. Signor Filippi is one of the best tenors that has ever sung in this city. On the trio from Verdi's Opera of "Ernani" for soprano, tenor and barytone, the parts were taken by Signora Maria Gellie, Signore Filippi and Signore Cucinotta. This was one of the finest pieces of the evening, Signora Gellie's singing in this piece showing admirable training. At its conclusion the audience showed their pleasure by repeated clapping, and the Signora picked up a handsome bouquet thrown to her by an admirer.

The second part of the programme opened with a duo from Donizetti's Opera Signora Maria Gellie. The fantaisie on the "Mocking Bird," composed by Mr. Hoffman, was performed by that gentleman in such excellent style that he was encored and played a Scotch air with variations, his execution in both pieces being very brilliant. The Romanza from "Nabuco," which followed, by Signore Cucinotta, was a fine piece, and brought out fully the depth and power of the Signore's magnificent voice. Yet another triumph was reserved for the Signora, who, in the cavatina from "Trovatore," touching a deeper chord in the heart of the audience than she has yet reached, and as the last note died away, and she retired, encore after encore arose above the enthusiastic clapping of the audience, and she returned again to charm them, not with a gem of Italian or German opera, but with the simple Scotch ballad "'Twas Within a Mile of Edinboro' Town,' which she sang beautifully. Signor Filippi's rendition of the favorite ballad in the Bohemian Girl, "Then You'll Remember Me," was well received. A Trio from "Attila" closed the programme of the evening. A shower of bouquets was cast at the feet of the fair cantatrice, who gathered the flowers and acknowledged them gracefully. After "God Save the Queen" was sung, all standing, the audience departed, and it was evident from the very favorable comments bestowed on the *prima donna* that her first appearance in Ottawa she has made an impression which must gratify her best friends and most ardent admirers. There was over 600 persons present.

Timber Passing Pembroke.

Thursday, May 12.—A raft belonging to James Findlay, manufactured above Des Joachims, was towed past here to-day by the steamer *Pontiac*. It contained 123 cribs of red and white pine timber.

Friday, 13th.—A raft containing 75 cribs of white pine timber, got out on Chalk River, and belonging to Jos. R. Supple, passed here this day.

Saturday, 14th.—A raft containing 64 cribs of white pine timber, manufactured at Mud Lake by Barnet & McKay, was pushed from the mouth of the Muskrat River to-day.—*Pembroke Daily Observer.*

THREE PERSONS DROWNED.—Owing to the destruction of the bridge at Eganville persons wishing to cross the Bonnechere at this place have to ferry over. While a boat containing six persons was crossing last night, the 13th inst., it capsized, and three of the party—a young man named McMullin, a woman named Latour, and her daughter, aged fourteen years—were drowned, the other three saving themselves. The bodies of the drowned persons being carried down the river by the rapid current, were not recovered.—*Pembroke Daily Observer.*

MARAVILLA COCOA.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoepaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' [illegible] Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble [illegible]hocolate. [illegible] Mills—Brick Lane, London. Eng.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 17.

Quebec Battalion wants 118 men to complete its number. It will be filled up with disbanded men of the Royal Canadian Rifles. It is expected that the remainder of the troops will all leave on or before Saturday. Companies 2 and 3 of the Ontario Battalion left Collingwood yesterday by the *Waubuno*.

The Council of the Ontario Rifle Association met yesterday when preliminaries for the annual matches were arranged and the time fixed September, 5 thousand dollars cash and 1791 rifles are to be given as prizes.

The consolidation of the city by-laws has been effected and they have been published in a compact form.

A lady residing in the northern part of the city, started from home on Wednesday last to meet a friend in the country, got lost in the bush, wandered about for four days without food and fell over a precipice into the Don River, she was picked up exhausted, in an unconscious condition. It is conjectured that she fell into the hands of robbers as her money and watch were gone. She is in a critical state.

Robinson Moore, tavernkeeper, Brentwood has been arrested for the murder of Mr. B[illegible] Breakenead and committed for trial.

Thomas McDonald, a farmer, living near Bradford, hanged himself on Saturday.

The *Globe* and *Telegraph* advocate closing the Canadian canals to American vessels unless the *Chicora* is allowed to pass the Sault Ste Marie Canal.

In consequence of Fenian rumors the gun boat *Rescue* has left the Welland Canal for Goderich, at which point she will; be manned and take in ammunition. She sails for Sault Ste Marie to-morrow to protect the transports.

Mrs. Lorey, who recently threw sulphuric acid on her daughter's alleged seducer has left town, a warrant having been issued for her arrest.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 17.

The insurance of the *City of Quebec* were on the hull Provincial $4000; British American 4000; Montreal 5000; Western 6900; Quebec 5000; Companies in Europe 6000, total 30,000. The cargo on board which was worth about $100,000 of which a large portion was uninsured.

The *Orient* had $20,000 to $30,000, the Western about $10,000.

The *Scandinavian* the latest addition to the M. O. S. Cos, fleet of steamers arrived in port shortly after 8 o'clock last night, with 53 cabin and 866 steerage passengers. The *Scandinavian* is commanded by Captain Ballantine so well known as captain of the *Peruvian*, which vessel he left and joined the new one. She is a magnificent vessel of about 3000 tons builders measurement and 2678 tons register; her engines are 400 horse power nominal, but are capable of being worked up to 2,500 indicated the length over all is nearly 350 feet, with a breadth of 41 feet. In internal fitting she resembles the *Prussian*, everything being of the best description.

Andre Chavigny de Lachevrotiere, Esq., of Deschambeault, died suddenly on board the steamer *Star*, while on his way from Quebec to Point aux Trembles. The deceased held the rank of Lt. Colonel, in the Militia of this Province.

On Saturday night last a seaman of the ship *Princess Royal*, Captain Watt, at Gillespie's wharf, named Donald Thompson, when going on board of his ship fell into the water and was drowned.

The Captain has done all in his power to recover the body without success.

In connection with the loss of the fine vessel the *City of Quebec* it has been stated that two Frenchmen were passengers in her who have not been accounted for. These men were noticed as walking the deck until midnight, and it is presumed that they then went below and sank with the ship after the collision with the *Germany*.

From sea, steamships *Tweed*, *Bolivia*, *Scandinavian*, *Gaspe*. Ships, *Sarah M Green*, *Epaminondas*.

Left for Montreal, Mr. Levitt, Chandler, Thomas Deodar.

Weather still cold.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 17.

Three men were drowned whilst passing over the Dog Rapids, on the river Rouge, near Hawkesbury, on Saturday last. There were six men altogether in a canoe, which split open while passing through the rapids. Three of the men swam ashore, and the other three disappeared, and up to Monday afternoon their bodies had not been found. All the men were in the employ of Mr. Hersey, of Hawkesbury.

A special Session of the Court of Queen's Bench (Appeal Side), began yesterday, and will continue for several days, until the arrears of business are greatly reduced, if not entirely cleared off. The Roll is encumbered with a considerable number of long pending cases, and there has been a general feeling that the time allowed for the Court was too limited for the timely despatch of all business.

Flour dull and easier; strong supers still scarce and saleable at good prices, but ordinary could not be sold in quantity, except at a reduction in price.

The S. S. *Austrian* arrived out to-day.

Greenbacks bought at 13¼ and sold at 13. Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6 5 20's sold at 112¼ to 115.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—A blue book just issued contains the following statements relating to the mail service between the United States and Great Britain:—

The Canada line to New York and Boston receive an annual subsidy of seventy thousand pounds. The contract with this line expires in 1876, by which it is terminable at a year's notice.

The Halifax and St. Thomas line receives £19,000, and the Inman line £35,000 on the same terms. No penalties are exacted in any case for the length of time made in voyages.

The contract with the North German Lloyd's may be terminated at six months' notice.

Letters are required to be carried at 3½ per ounce, and papers at 3½ per ounce.

In the House of Lords to-night Lord Stratheden introduced a bill rendering education compulsory, and establishing a rate for the support of schools.

Action was postponed, pending the consideration of Mr. Foster's bill in the Commons.

In the Commons to-day Mr Lefebvre, Secretary of the Board of Trade, explained that the proposed reduction in lighthouse dues applied equally to steamers and sailing vessels.

The House went into Committee on the Irish Land Bill, and amendments in detail were discussed.

The clause in which provision is made to give advances to tenants gave rise to a lively debate.

Mr. Gladstone believed it would create confidence in Ireland. The Government would be amply able to control and recover any advances made.

Mr Gathorne Hardy considered the principle of the clause Socialistic, and believed its practical effects would be to multiply small holdings.

Messrs. Fortescue and Patton supported the clause, which was sustained by a majority of 88.

The Government successfully resisted other attempts to amend the Bill.

The House came out of Committee, and took up the Army Enlistment Bill. The measure was opposed, because it shortened the time of service to three years, to facilitate recruiting.

Mr Cardwell showed that the object was to form an army reserve by abridging the time of enlistment.

After a long debate the Bill was read a second time.

The result of the yacht race on Saturday forms the theme of newspaper comment and general conversation.

The *Morning Post* says the Naturalization Treaty has been signed by the Earl of Clarendon and Mr. Motley, American Minister.

The steamship *Hungarian*, from New York, has arrived.

Considerable excitement was created here yesterday by the arrest of fifty persons, who had just arrived from Birmingham by railroad. The prisoners all had revolvers on their persons and were plentifully supplied with money. They are supposed to be Fenians. The authorities are taking further measures to prevent any disorders. The supposed Fenians arrested here yesterday were examined to-day. The evidence was unsatisfactory, and the prisoners were remanded.

Rev. Thomas Dale Canon of St. Pauls, died yesterday, in his 73rd year.

English pilots speaks in high terms of the sailing qualities of the yacht *Sappho*. They say she shiped no water and made 60 miles in one reach.

The match between Mastermen, Taylor and Addy for £100 a side to be rowed on the Tyne yesterday, did not come off. The boats were brought out, but Addy having injured his hand declined to start. Taylor then rowed over and claims the money.

The controversy between Ashbury and the umpire regarding the second race is generally thought to be unfavourable to the former. It is considered that he has no warrant for resisting the decision of the umpire and referee after starting for the race. The wind at the time of starting was blowing half a gale and the *Sappho*, *Dauntless*, and *Guinevere* were the only vessels which ventured outside and proved their seaworthiness.

It was shown that American vessels are able to sail well in the roughest weather in the channel.

Douglass telegraphed that the *Sappho* having been thrice directed to go round Cherbourg breakwater did so. I claim the cup. Against this Ashbury protests.

SOUTHAMPTON.—The steamer *Otter*, from Baltimore, arrived at Queenstown on the 16th.

The steamer *Amazon* from New Orleans arrived in distress, having lost her propeller.

Mme Ollivier, wife of the Prime Minister, has received the decoration of the noble ladies of Spain.

ITALY.

ROME.—The list of fathers opposed to the definition of the dogma of infallibility, now numbers quite one hundred.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—In the Constituent Cortes on Saturday, a Republican Deputy made a speech, wherein he spoke of the insurrection as still existing in Cuba, notwithstanding the reported statements on the part of the Government that it had been terminated. Senor Moret Minister for the Colonies, replied at some length, persisting that the insurrection was really ended. There were predatory bands of insurgents still in Cuba, and some skirmishes had lately occurred, but entire order would be restored. General DeRodas gives universal satisfaction.

In the Cortes, Minister Monet promised the early introduction of a bill abolishing slavery in the colonies.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG.—Baron De Brunnow, Russian Ambassador to England, has been appointed to France, vice Count Dostoklburg, deceased. Grand Marshall Schouvaloff will succeed Baron Brunnow at London.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The Emperor's health is excellent. Yesterday he attended the races, and walked among the people for a long time. He was vociferously cheered.

The *Journal Officiale* this morning contains a decree announcing the nomination of foreign affairs. Jacques Philip Le Mege at present deputy in the Corps Legislatif for Pay de Dame, as Minister of Public Instruction and Charles Ignace Plychon, also a deputy in the Corps Legislatif for the department of Nord, as Minister of Public Works.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—The Steamer *George B. Upton* Cuban war vessel which sailed from this port on Saturday, had clearance papers. The *Upton* came to about ten miles north of Barnegat, where a schooner came alongside, and additional passengers, shot and shell, and powder were put on board. Previous to that the *Upton* was transferred to the Cuban authorities, and when ready to start on her mission, did so with the Cuban flag on her peak and pennant on her main, and 200 fighting men on board. The steamer is 67 tons register, 175 feet long, 57 feet beam and 13 feet depth of hold. She is a screw steamer and fast.

An accident occurred on the West Side Elevated Railway, by which a heavy laden car was precipitated into Greenwich street. All on board escaped unhurt, except three men whose injuries are slight. This was a trial trip and augurs unfavourably for the popularity of the road.

The pecuniary loss of the accident to rolling stock is above $30,000.

LACROSSE.—Early yesterday morning a barrel of kerosene oil was discovered to be leaking on board the steamer *War Eagle*, and a man tried to stop the leak when a boy passed along with a lantern. As he got opposite the barrel the bottom of the lantern fell out, set fire to the kerosene, and the steamer was soon enveloped in flames, which communicated to the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad depot elevator and buildings, which were also consumed. In consequence of a report that there were eight barrels of power in the hold of the vessel, it was impossible to get men to work to extinguish the fire.

The steamer was full of passengers, who made their escape from the hurricane deck, by jumping into the river. As far as yet learned only two persons were drowned.

Total loss to the Railroad Company, $200,000—partially insured.

The steamer was valued at $300,000—not insured. Total loss estimated at $250,000.

NEW ORLEANS.—An experiment over the Western Union Telegraph Co.' wires, of working long circuits through numbers of repeaters, was tried yesterday with great success.

Mr. R. Duncan, chief operator here, sent through nine repeaters, one at Rome, Ga., Lynchburg, Va., New York city, Pittsburg, two at Cincinnati, one at St. Louis, Chicago and Memphis. The writing returning to New Orleans was almost as clear as when leaving the office, having passed through eighteen States, and over 4 800 miles of wire, and electric current traversing the distance in about three quarters of a second. The writing was translated as rapidly as on ordinary short wires. Plaster Cove was also in direct circuit, and worked finely.

ST. LOUIS.—The evidence before the coroner's inquest plainly shows that the extra freight train which collided with the passenger train at Eureka, on Thursday last, was running outside of instructions, and had used from 15 to 16 more of the express time than the special orders had allowed to it. The conductors of the extra train were sure that they ran precisely according to orders, and if there was a mistake it was from the difference in the watches. The weight of the evidence is strongly against them, and the coroner ordered the arrest of Moore, the conductor, and he was placed in calaboose.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Sault Ste. Marie—Arrival of the Troops at Collingwood—Their Enthusiastic Reception—The "Chicora" will try to Pass through the Canal Light.

From the Toronto Globe.

COLLINGWOOD, May 14.

Since I telegraphed to you last, a body of troops has arrived. There are some hundred men, who were embarked on board the *Chicora* together with a full cargo of Government stores for the Red River Expedition, and with these the steamer left at 8:45 p m.

The troops arrived by special train at six o'clock, and were met at the station by the 35th Battalion and a large number of the citizens, who received them with great enthusiasm, and escorted them to the *Chicora*, whom they followed their departure with ringing cheers and good wishes. There are also on board the steamer twenty-four horses to be used in the conveyance of stores across the Portage at Sault.

It is the intention of the officers of the *Chicora* to get her through the canal light, and if they succeed in this, she will probably remain at the Lake Superior end to assist the the *Algoma* in the conveyance of troops and stores.

The steamer *Waubuno* will also leave on Monday for Sault.

If all goes well the *Chicora* may be expected to arrive at Sault on Monday next, at noon.

There have not been any arrivals to-day.

The following article from the Toronto *Telegraph* will be read with peculiar interest by many of our readers:—

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada.

The meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada (the first meeting of the Church under that denomination) will take place in this city in a week or two. We understand the unanimous expression of the Presbyteries of the Church has been in favor of the nomination of the Rev. Principal Willis, of Knox's College, as Moderator. The venerable Principal, whose labours in the professorial chair date many years previous to his arrival in this country, has been long and favorably known in this city in connexion with Knox's College, and we understand he has expressed his desire, at his present advanced period of life, to be relieved from the arduous labours incumbent upon one holding his high position. In view of such an event, it may perhaps be difficult to find a Professor possessing so much experience as the venerable Doctor. But we believe no pains will be spared in endeavoring to fill his place, so that the future ministers of the Church may be trained and educated in a manner which will reflect credit on the College. Several parties have been mentioned in connection with the office. One of those whom we have so heard named—the Revd. William Gregg, the respected Minister of Cooke's Church in this city—holds a high position in the opinion of his bretaren, and from the fact that the students of the College have largely attended upon his Ministry—and his soundness and ability as a theologian have been acknowledged by them—he would, no doubt, well fill the position. One of the foremost men in our neighbouring City of Hamilton—the Revd. David Inglis—has also been spoken of in connection with the chair expected to become vacant. He ministers to a large and attached congregation, and should he be chosen to fill the Theological chair, he will not fail to shew the same zeal and ability in the office which have characterized his ministrations in the congregation of which he has been so many years the pastor.

In view of our opinions so recently expressed in these columns, and which have found an echo to the most distant corner of the Province, we are encouraged to enter a little further into the subject. We have seen with what assiduity and perseverance the Rev. Professors of Queen's College, at Kingston, traversed the length and breadth of our land, in the collection of a large fund for a kindred, indeed we might say for the same purpose. What a pity it is that the great attainments of such eminent professors as Professor Murray, John H. Mackerras, and Mr. Principal Snodgrass should be doomed to the hopeless task of endeavouring to resuscitate a theological school at Kingston, where (we say it with all respect), their high scholastic attainments are buried, and their prelections lost upon three or four students, when they could find wider scope and a more extensive field in this city. The students now freely pass from the one institution to the other; and if the large sum recently collected—but which we believe they will be unable to use in the education of so limited a number of theological students—were transferred to our city, and the exertions of these learned professors, joined with their equally learned brethren here, then we could hope to see such noble generosity find scope for its expenditure, and an institution be firmly established which would be second to none in her attainments, and not only secure and retain the education of the students of the Presbyterian Church in this country, but, we have no doubt, as is the case with our University, draw from our neighbors in the United States of America.

We see the fact announced that the most distinguished men from Scotland and Ireland are on their way across the Atlantic to convey the congratulations of the people of the old land to the United Church about to meet at Philadelphia. In prospect of so near an approach of the meetings of the Canadian General Assembly, is it not an auspicious circumstance for the Presbyterian Church?

The gentlemen who are speeding to our shores on their mission of congratulation to the American Church, are likely also to favour us with their presence. We are sure they will only be too glad to be able to return with the announcement that they have been instrumental in consummating the union here

Stoppage at the Sault.

From the Toronto Globe.

We understand that the *Chicora* will be entirely unloaded at the Sault, and that she will then be presented for passage through the canal. If permission is refused, there can be only one course for our Government to pursue. The *Chicora*, on her last trip, carried no arms or ammunition; not a soldier, a gun nor a pound of powder; she had only provisions and clothing for the expedition. Yet she was refused permission to pass the canal. It might be alleged however, perhaps, that these stores were intended to aid warlike movements, though, as we have shewn before, the troops are not going to Manitoba to contend against any enemy, but to act as an ordinary garrison in time of peace. As a further trial of American good faith and friendliness, however, the *Chicora* will be offered for passage without a pound of freight, and with no men on board but her crew. If permission is refused, the Welland and St. Lawrence canals must at once be closed to American vessels. With every wish to maintain the most friendly relations with our neighbours, we cannot afford, being the weaker power on this Continent, to submit to open and flagrant insult and wrong. We have allowed American war vessels to go through our canals; we carried American soldiers over our railways; we do not ask anything of the kind in return. We ask to be permitted to send an ordinary merchant steamer through an American canal, and are refused on the flimsy pretext that she may be employed afterwards in carrying a garrison into our own territory in time of peace. That is a declaration of non-intercourse so far as canals are concerned and we know no reason why, under such circumstances, the stores of American vessels which ply between Ogdensburg and Oswego and western ports should be allowed to use the Welland Canal. How do we know that they may not carry provisions for the American army, if not when passing that canal, then afterwards? We cannot help applying the rule to American vessels which the Washington Government applies to ours.

Perhaps the most conspicuous part of the prohibition by Mr. Fish is its futility in the way of stopping the Red River expedition. We have already one steamer on Lake Superior, and could buy as many American vessels on that lake as we needed. The stoppage of the *Chicora* is therefore a wantonly unfriendly act on the part of General Grant, and ought to be met by prompt and decided remonstrance on our's.

CARPETS and House Furnishings made a speciality. The largest stock of New Goods, and lowest prices in the city at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Presentation to Dr. Schultz.

From the Montreal Herald.

A number of our principal citizens met in the office of Messrs. Lyman, Clare & Co., St. Paul Street, yesterday afternoon to present Dr Schultz with a shot gun, and Mrs. Schultz, through him, with a service of plate. Amongst those present were Messrs. Henry Lyman, Alex. McArthur, Hon. J. Holbrook, Hon. J. Young, Mr. McKenzie, of Dundas, William Angus, Hon. L. H Holton, Corrostine, G. B. Muir, D. B. Macpherson, Linton, Theodore Lyman, Thomas Morland, and others.

Mr. Henry Lyman presided and presented the Doctor with the following address:—

To JOHN SCHULTZ, Esq., M. D.
Red River Settlement.

Dear Sir,

On behalf of a few of your friends in this city, I am asked to present you with this shot-gun. Your friends here watched, with much interest, your proceedings during the recent troubles in the Red River Settlement; and, while admiring your devotion to the Canadian cause, regretted that it should have resulted in the destruction of your goods and property by the enemies of the Queen. Although sorry that your were rendered homeless by the acts of some of the misguided people of that country, they are not sorry that it compelled you to seek an asylum on the soil of Canada, and to give your friends an opportunity of offering this testimony of their regard for you. They also request me to beg of you to accept this Silver Tea Service on behalf of your wife, who, in her misfortunes, accompanied as they were by illness, has their most profound sympathy, which they beg you will convey to her when handing to her this slight mark of their respect.

Trusting that you will soon be enabled to regain her, and that you may be still farther instrumental in forthcoming the interests of liberality in your adopted country and in fostering and perpetuating the free and enlightened laws of the Dominion in the great North West.

I am,
Dear Sir,
Yours very respectfully,
HENRY LYMAN,
Chairman.

On behalf of the following subscribers, viz: —A. W. Ogilvie, M.P.P; James Hedley, Morland, Watson & Co.; T. James Claxton; Robertson, Stephen & Co.; Muir, Ewan & Co.; Buchanan, Leckie & Co; Winning, Hill & Ware; McArthur & Martin; Robert G. Leckie; Angus, Logan & Co; Lyman, Savage & Co.; Hon. J. Young; T. M. Thomson; Thomas Ray & Co.; Lymans, Clare & Co.; James Coristine & Co.; Alex, McGibbon; Thomas Workman, M. P.; W. McNaughton.

Mr. Lyman then handed him the gun, a handsome double-barrelled fowling piece, by Schofield, of London, England. It bears the following inscription:—

"Presented to John Schultz, Esq., M. D., of Red River Settlement, by a few of his friends in Montreal, as a token of their personal esteem, and a mark of their appreciation of his loyalty and devotion to the Canadian cause in that country in 1860 and 1870."
(Signed,)
A. W. OGILVIE, M.P.P,
For Subscribers.

The plate was a handsome tea service of which the tray bore the following inscription:—

"Presented to Mrs. Schultz by a few friends in Montreal, as a testimony of their sympathy in her late misfortunes at the Red River Settlement, and appreciation of the courage and consistency with which she bore them.
"(Signed,)
A. W. OGILVIE, M.P.P.
"Montreal, May, 1870."

Mr Lyman, having read the address, said that the sentiment of the meeting was that of the whole county, and he was much pleased at being chosen to make the presentation to the Doctor.

Dr. Schultz very cordially thanked the Chairman for the present to himself and Mrs. Schultz.

The Hon. Mr. Holbrooke, of British Columbia, and the Hon. John Young addressed the meeting, advocating the opening up of the Red River, and the connection of that country with British Columbia.

North Western Communications.

(From the Toronto Globe.)

We publish elsewhere a communication from a correspondent who has evidently bestowed some thought on the means of communicating with the North West Territory. We do not accept all his conclusions, but we are glad to promote discussion on the subject by the publication of the views of intelligent persons. Our correspondent says, that a railway to Manitoba cannot be immediately constructed, and that, in its absence, a common colonization road, which would be available during the winter might be acceptable in the meantime. Mails might be conveyed by this means through our own territory, and troops in case of necessity.

The suggestion is a good one. We do not agree with our correspondent in his belief that a railway cannot at once be constructed on account of want of funds. We do not set any bounds to the resources of the Dominion. If the country had an economical and trustworthy Government, which would command the confidence of the public in England and at home, there would be little difficulty in at once constructing the British American Pacific road. The means of paying interest on the outlay would be found in the increase of revenue without any addition to taxation, arising from growth in population and wealth — the consequence of the road itself. But, even if the Pacific Railway were to be speedily commenced, the construction of a common road would be an important preliminary step.

The truth is, that the work of exploration and opening up the wilderness, lying between Lakes Nipissing and Nipigon, is an absolute necessity which ought not to be delayed a single year. It is known that there exists there a tract of land fit for cultivation, which must ultimately become valuable, if, for no other reason, because it will be traversed from end to end by the British Pacific road. It would be settled as speedily as possibly to help the road and also to help Ontario. It was said sometime ago, that the Toronto Government had determined to send out two exploring parties during the present summer; one to proceed westward from Nipissing, and the other eastward from Nepigon. But we hear nothing of preparations for the work, now that the time for action has come. Not a day should be lost in the prosecution of this work.

An Adroit Sell.

One day a gentleman called at the shop of Mr. Abraham Isaacs, with a violen case under his arm. He purchased a necktie, and then asked permission to leave his box while he did a few errands in the neighbourhood. Old Isaacs—a dealer in new and second hand clothing—had no objection. 'It is a violin said the gentleman, 'which I prize very high. It was given to me by an old Italian who died at my father's house. I beg you will be careful of it sir.' Mr. Isaacs promised and the owner of the precious violin departed. Towards noon, a well dressed man, with a distinguished look, entered the shop. The violin was in sight upon a shelf, and as no one was near to prevent him, the new comer lipped round and opened the case, and took out the instrument—a very dark hued ancient one. 'Hollo!' said Isaacs, when from another part of the shop he heard the violin; What you touch dat for, eh?' The stranger explained that he was a professor—that is, was leader of an orchestra—and that he could never see a violin without trying it. And then he drew the bow across the strings, playing a few passages of a fine old German waltz. 'My soul!' he cried, after he had run his fingers over it awhile 'this is the best violin I ever saw! There is not a better in England—a perfectly genuine old Cremona! I will give you twenty pounds for it.' Isaacs said it was not his. 'I'll give you fifty—a hundred Mr. Isaacs was forced to explain how the violin came to be left at his shop. The stranger had taken out his pocket-book, and drew forth a roll of bank notes. He put them back remarking—"I must have that violin if money will buy it. When the owner returns will you ask him to wait on me? If he cannot wait, ask him to be here at six o'clock. If he cannot do that, tell him to call on me to-morrow morning at the Royal Academy of Music. Will you do it?' Isaacs said he would. 'But,' suggested the stranger, 'you need not tell the man what I have said about his violin, nor what I have offered, because he may have no idea of what a treasure he possesses. You will be careful and [illegible]

The stranger went away and [illegible] Isaacs reflected. In the course of [illegible] the owner of the violin returned [illegible] for his box. But the old clothes[illegible] captivated by the gold bait. Would [illegible] gentleman sell his violin for? At first the gentleman would not listen to the [illegible] tion; but after a deal of talk he [illegible] he was not himself a violinist, and [illegible] well afford to keep such a valuable [illegible] ment. He would sell it for [illegible] a penny less. Mr. Isaacs paid the [illegible] and became the legal possessor of [illegible] ready to take anything from two hundred and fifty from the [illegible] the orchestra, as he might be able [illegible] director did not come. At the [illegible] Isaac carried the violin to a [illegible] friend and asked him what was [illegible] before calling on the professor. [illegible] twenty shillings without the case!

The Destruction of the British [illegible] Imminent.

O'NEIL THE BRAVE ON THE W[illegible]

The following letter to a party in [illegible] appears in the *Press* of that city. [illegible] journal needs too much brimstone [illegible] think tha Canada is going to be [illegible] immediately by O'Neil the Brave.

"CHICAGO, May [illegible]

"JAMES H. FARRELL:

"SIR,—This letter will inform [illegible] what success my efforts have been [illegible] since you left this city. I have [illegible] spatched one hundred and fifty (15[illegible] the 'frontier.' The balance, [illegible] (which constitutes my command) [illegible] at intervals. They are all [illegible] true as steel—[illegible] bloody scenes during the late 'rebellion' under such men as [illegible] Gorman, and Mulligan. Every man [illegible] armed with the 'Ballard [illegible] shooters, brace of navy revolvers [illegible] knife. All are deadly and [illegible] four hundred (400) yards. [illegible] will be our principal mode of [illegible] unto the 'ne[illegible] jungles and bottoms of British [illegible] rica!

"We ask no quarter, nor [illegible] All prisoners taken will be [illegible] tree; no distinction regarding [illegible] considered. Spies and other [illegible] keep at a reasonable distance—[illegible] our lines deaths will be their [illegible] insults that Ross, Burke, Ma Kay, [illegible] have been subjected to, will not be [illegible]

"As this is their first effort to subjugate the people of Red River, it will be [illegible] the time my command get through [illegible] English hirelings and renegades, [illegible] Hildebrand will have an easy job. I [illegible] my departure between the hours of [illegible] p m., for the new 'Dark and Bloody [illegible] and by the time this letter reaches you [illegible] be at the head waters of Lake Superior, [illegible] within two days' march of our [illegible] You will hear from me again, [illegible] available opportunity. Until then, [illegible]

"I remain, as ever, yours, with [illegible] esteem, The Red Coats sworn foe until death,

"O'NEIL, THE BRAVE,
Captain Commanding Mountain Rangers.

Editors St. Paul Press:

As this communication may touch the tender hearts of Her Gracious Majesty's [illegible] friends (Editors of the Pioneer), I [illegible] mit it you for publication.

JAMES H. FARRELL.

The Grand Trunk [illegible]

From the Ogdensburgian.

The following relative to the [illegible] prospect improvements on the Grand Trunk Railway will be read with interest by [illegible] traveling public:

The cheering prospects of this [illegible] cated in the recent half-yearly report [illegible] Chairman are already becoming visible. Extensive improvements in the [illegible] being diligently pressed forward, [illegible] will render the Grand Trunk, in [illegible] and appointments, second to no [illegible] the American continent. Among the [illegible] ments of greater magnitude may [illegible] tioned the grand Railway Bridge [illegible] Buffalo and Fort Erie, which [illegible] already been commenced, and [illegible] tion stone of which will be laid [illegible] nstant. Mr. Brydges left yesterday [illegible] or an inspection of the Western [illegible] will be present at the ceremony. [illegible] little doubt that the bridge will [illegible] immense volume of traffic to [illegible] runk. To meet this, as well as [illegible] sufficiency even now felt, large [illegible] cars for freight service are being [illegible] Montreal Car Company at [illegible] some 15 weekly. The Passenger [illegible] of the Railway is also receiving [illegible] tion. We were shown yesterday [illegible] Wood, the efficient Superintendent [illegible] Department, 4 of the Pullman Palace [illegible] cars (improved). The latter, [illegible] will be placed upon the road [illegible] the former early in July. The [illegible] are being constructed under the [illegible] of one of the patentee's oldest [illegible] Cantam and will differ, if [illegible] from the American cars, only in [illegible] ority of finish and elegance [illegible] Luxurious and costly [illegible] order of the day, and the Grand Trunk [illegible] run in this, as in all other particulars [illegible] with any American road. [illegible] a more important consideration, [illegible] which will be more highly [illegible] business man, is acceleration of the [illegible] the trains. It is promised that [illegible] lieve, the 30th instant, the Through [illegible] Trains between Montreal and Toronto [illegible] be run in 13 hours, and between [illegible] and Portland in the same time, [illegible] stopping only at the more important [illegible] We heartily congratulate the Company [illegible] improved prospects of the road [illegible] ent management, and on the [illegible] with which improvements [illegible] made to follow upon its [illegible]

The United States Congressional [illegible] ee on the Postal Telegraph [illegible] meeting on Wednesday, at which [illegible] of the Western Union Telegraph [illegible] made an argument on the [illegible] the system. He pointed to [illegible] made in England, and [illegible] When he had finished, Mr. [illegible] nced a letter from the Secretary of [illegible] an Post Office Department, which [illegible] lows:—

"GENERAL POST OFFICE, London April [illegible]

"Dear Sir,—I have to acknowledge [illegible] ceipt of your letter of the 28th [illegible] and to express my regret that [illegible] f business has prevented [illegible] replying to it. The cable [illegible] enclosed in your letter is [illegible] series of malicious exaggerations [illegible] very slight groundwork of [illegible] strung together for the purpose [illegible] your scheme. I do not for [illegible] ud that we have not had [illegible] we have not had delays, or that [illegible] and delays have not given the [illegible] ut I say, without the slightest [illegible] iction, that these blunders and [illegible] unavoidable and less [illegible] rge and so complicated [illegible] ertook, and I say also that [illegible] he great part of our [illegible] hough we have still room for [illegible] are now even doing the work [illegible] t was ever done before. I [illegible] ue, showing the number of [illegible] warded by us in every week [illegible] You will perceive that it has [illegible] from 127,000 in the week [illegible] uary to 169,995 in the week [illegible] April. It is impossible [illegible] striking proof that we have [illegible] the public. Telegrams [illegible] upon us in daily increasing [illegible] continued to transmit [illegible] rately. We are now [illegible] thousand messages per [illegible] plaints which we receive [illegible] twenty-five. This number [illegible] n which, on inquiry, we [illegible] ault, and though our [illegible] from week to week the number [illegible] has not increase. I do not [illegible] have it yet exactly to be; but I [illegible] what I mean it to be [illegible] before this year closes it [illegible] satisfaction, and that not one [illegible] tions which I have from time [illegible] will have failed to be realized.

I am, dear Sir,
Your obedient servant,
FRANK IVES SCUDAMORE.

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's Times.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened today at Magee and Russell's.

Dressmaking Made Easy.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co's are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, by Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

Plenty of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Bate & Co's, 21 Rideau Street.

The Turf Club meeting appears to have been a failure.

The summer arrangement for the arrival and departure of mails, at Ottawa, commenced on Tuesday morning last.

60th.—The men of the 60th, for Red River service, did not start yesterday, as expected. They are prepared to start at an hour's notice, but may not start for a week.

The Globe has despatched two more reporters West. Mr. Colebrooke is sent to Fort William and Mr. Holland to Collingwood.

Matches.—150 lbs of brimstone were unloaded at Bate & Co's wharf yesterday, for E. B. Eddy's match factory.

Queen's Birthday.—The City Council at last night's meeting, voted the sum of $300 to the Ottawa fire companies, for the purpose of celebrating the 24th. So much for a commencement.

A young man attracted a considerable share of attention on the market yesterday, by having his boots well polished with black lead. He appeared to be unconscious of the remarks passed on his shiny boots.

The early part of last night was very dark before the moon rose, and they were a few losses on the rotten old sidewalks for want of the gas light to steer pedestrians clear of broken planks and dangerous holes in the platform.

Twelve head of fat oxen, the property of Mr. Slattery butcher passed through town on their way to pasture yesterday. They attracted the attention of foot passengers by their fat and sleek appearance, and teamsters had to keep their eyes on them, from the lively manner in which they used their horns.

Acknowledgment.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of twenty dollars from George Bryson, Esq., Fort Coulonge, in aid of said Institution. Also, ten dollars from Richard S. Cassels, Esq.

Music.—Two brass bands have been organized in Hull, one under the care of Mr. Mercer, and the other under charge of Mr. Sutherland. Mr. Mercer's band will consist of thirteen instruments and Mr Sutherland's of eleven. The enterprise deserves success, and speaks well for the thriving little town.

Music Hall.—Grace Egerton (Mrs. Geo Case) will give an entertainment to-night, in the Music Hall. Her performance is highly spoken of by all who have had the pleasure of seeing her. As she will only remain in Ottawa for three nights, a crowded house may be expected each evening.

The Band instruments of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery, commanded by Major Ross, have been received from England, but the little amount of $150 is yet wanted to pay for them. With a view to enable this, the more speedily to be done, a grand Concert Social Assembly is to be given in the Rink Music Hall, on the evening of the Queen's Birthday.

The Market.—Yesterday was better than Monday. Butter and eggs were more plentiful. Butter in pails sold from 20cts. to 22cts. per lb., prints 25 cts.; eggs are getting cheaper. Cabbage and tomato plants were for sale, and brought good prices. Pork still continues at about the same figures. Young pigs a month old, were sold readily at $2 each. There was no grain on the market.

The Tea Pot has opened out again under the new proprietorship of Messrs. Dufresne & McGarity. The Tea Pot, while in the hands of Messrs. Robinson & Co., has been known within a long distance of Ottawa, as being one of the cheapest and best groceries establishments in the city. Messrs. Dufresne & McGarity solicit the same liberal patronage from the old customers, and will endeavour to keep up the fame of the establishment while in their hands. See advertisement in another column.

Her Majesty's Theatre.—"Green Bushes" and Robinson Crusoe drew a large house, and the house, we hope, was a real benefit to Mr. Lindley.

In parting with this excellent troupe for a time, it may not be amiss to state that their superior acting—the acting of the ladies has throughout been particularly good—and the tact in hitting upon pieces suited to the popular taste, have succeeded in obtaining for the theatre on Wellington street, nightly good houses, which some previous caterers for the public were quite unable to obtain, attention has been paid to scenery, and innocent and brisk amusement with easily comprehensible dramas, comedies, or pantomimes, and the necessary assistance of a good band, has contributed very considerably towards bringing this about.

Corporal Putman, of the 60th, gave his able assistance and, as usual, brought down the house.

Police Court. Yesterday, Julia King, charged with being found drunk in the public streets, was sentenced to two months imprisonment with hard labour.

Wm. Watt, charged with being drunk and [illegible] home; fined $2 and costs.

Stephen Waite, charged by Henry Ryan, with refusing to pay for carriage hire. Dismissed without costs.

Wm McGowan was charged by Constable Bliss with driving over the Rideau Bridge faster than a walk. As it was proved the boy did drive faster than a walk, he was fined $1 and costs.

The prisoners McCandlish and Daly were brought from the gaol to the Police Court handcuffed.

Charles Doucette deposed that on the evening on which the assault was committed he had been taking a walk with Miss Emma Gosselin, and, while on the road near New Edinburgh, he was attacked by two men, one of the prisoners, Daly. He had no opportunity of identifying the other prisoner. Daly had knocked him down twice, and he became insensible. When he recovered he found Miss Gosselin struggling in the hands of the two men. They had the woman down.

Cross-examined—Left the house of the girl's mother at half-past six or seven, and went down to the Rideau Falls; then went down through New Edinburgh to see the second Falls. There were other persons there besides ourselves; they could see us all the time. Continued our walk towards the horse-ferry; met a number of people in that direction. We did not go off the road; we were walking all the time. Did not know Daly before; never spoke to him till the time he struck me. Cannot swear that McCandlish was or was not there at the time.

His Worship decided on remanding the prisoners, as the young woman was not sufficiently recovered to appear in Court.

McCandlish had the privilege of going before the girl to be identified or to be remanded till she would be sufficiently recovered to appear in Court, and identify him in the usual manner.

Breakfast.—Epps's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks: "The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 1138 3Wdm

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

DIED,

At Nepean, near Richmond, [illegible] instant, James Eadie, aged 6[illegible] years, a native of Scotland.

OTTAWA BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY

A GRAND SOCIAL ASSEMBLY
Under the auspices of the above
BRIGADE,
In aid of the
BAND FUND.
Will take place at the
RINK MUSIC HALL,
ON THE
Evening of the 24th of May Inst.

Tickets 50 cents each, admitting one gentleman and Ladies. Dancing to commence at 9.
Volunteers are urgently requested to appear in uniform.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Ottawa, May 18, 1870. 1351 1

NOTICE.
We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.
JAS G ROBINSON, CO.
Ottawa, May 16, 1870.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE
MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY
Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of
MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
So long and favourably known as
THE TEA POT.
MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.
MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY
Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the
MONTREAL HOUSE.
They have also retained the Agency of
MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS
Celebrated
HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,
And they have now on hand
A LARGE STOCK
—OF—
FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,
Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.
DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.
This firm will be known as
THE TEA POT
Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1361tf

FOR SALE.
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa May 18 1870

NEW PORK STORE.
Stall No. 10,
BY-WARD MARKET,
York street,
Having commenced in the above business shall keep constantly on hand
SUGAR CURED HAMS,
SUGAR CURED BACON,
And a general assortment of such goods as are generally kept by Pork Dealers. As I have served my time with Mr E IDLER, of Montreal and am well posted up in all appertaining to this business. Terms low.
HERMAN THARBAH, Proprietor.
1361 3

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS
BOOTS and SHOES.
Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS
LATEST STYLE.
Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A & W A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,
Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Rideau Street.
1311 3m

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.
POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.
Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.
GRACE EGERTON,
[MRS. GEO. CASE]
—AND—
MR. GEO. CASE,
Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,
SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE
Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearances of these
ARTISTES,
As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan California, and many parts of the United States with unvarying success
It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General
SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG
Were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.
Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50.
Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Pianoforte Warehouse.
Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8.
Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,
BY MRS. FRAZER,
York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.
Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 5

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
—OF—
FEET WARE
AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,
YORK STREET.
I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Button Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.
GEORGE MURPHY.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
(Signed). SAMUEL I JONES. GEO C LOLLAND.
Ottawa, May 11, 1870.
And NOTICE is also given that the undersigned have entered into co partnership, and that they will carry on the business of the late firm at the old stand. All accounts must be paid to the undersigned, who will liquidate claims against the late firm of JONES & HOLLAND
(Signed) SAMUEL I JONES. W H THOMPSON.
Ottawa, May 11, 1870 1356tf

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office.
May 16, 1870. 1359d

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND Mutchmor & Co. 13[illegible]

PENNER'S CIDER.
The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this
CELEBRATED CIDER,
is now prepared to fill all orders for the same
A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates.
J P MACPHERSON. Elgin Street.

ECONOMY. COMFORT
NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.
Leaving OGDENSBURG every day (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted) for CLEVELAND TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.
Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00
Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes
These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions
No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.
Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.
60 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.
Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to
J T CORCORAN, Agent.
At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.
April 21, 1870.

R. L. JAMES CO.,
14 SPARKS STREET.
ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED
TRIMMED HATS
UNTRIMMED HATS
FLOWERS
FEATHERS
LACES
THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair
SILKS
LUSTRES
BRILLIANTS
MUSLINS
Splendid Value in the following specialities:
HOSIERY
UNDERCLOTHING
BABY LINEN
COLLARS AND CUFFS
HOOPSKIRTS
FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.
R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

ICE, ICE, ICE.
TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE SEASON OF 1870.
To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $5, for one month, $1 50.
Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH's at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No 1 Box Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.
JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.
Terms for the payment of the season one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.
Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1[illegible]y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.
RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.
A large quantity of
FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,
For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.
Enquire R W CRUICE.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 10

HOSIERY and GLOVES,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
FRENCH and English Millinery,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S
FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.
DRESS Goods, in new materials,
AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
No 14, Rideau street
Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,
Has removed to
WELLINGTON STREET,
OVER
SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.
MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

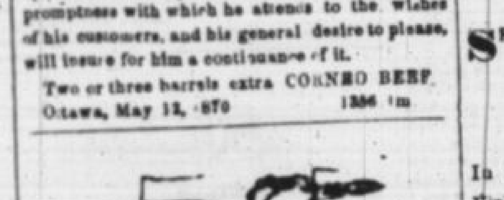
PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS.
MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.
MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.
Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.
A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF
Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
Will show THIS MORNING
NEW DRESS SILKS
NEW DRESS SATINS
NEW TRIMMING SATINS
NEW MANTLE VELVETS
NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS
NEW VELVET RIBBONS
NEW HAIR NETS
NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS
NEW STREAMER NETS
NEW PUFFING
NEW DUCHESSE LACE
NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS
NEW KID GLOVES
NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS
NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,
All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE OTTAWA,
Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a m. on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).
It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.
For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.
JOHN MACAULEY,
Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,
No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,
Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.
Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF.
Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m



NOTICE.
THE UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.
Is now open to Joachim.
THEIR STEAMER
"ANN SISSON"
Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8:30 a. m.
R S CASSELS, President.
1344tf

W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.
All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m
Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lilies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.
LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

Auction Sales.

By I. B. Tackaberry, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.
About four miles from the City of Ottawa on the Ottawa and Gloucester Macadamised Road North Half Lot No. 4 of 3rd Concession, Rideau Front, consisting of 100 acres good arable land, of which 80 are cleared, and in high state of cultivation, the balance being well timbered and well watered; good dwelling and outhouses attached.
For further particulars apply to J. HALL on the premises, or I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer, Ottawa. 1334 30

WEST END DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.
BLYTH & RUSSELL
Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also
New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves
—ALSO—
The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings
We would also call attention to our stock of
STAPLE GOODS
COMPRISING
New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Glass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Naphins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Plain and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured
GENTS FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests
—ALSO—
A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.
Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.
Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.
BLYTH & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, April 29, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE
IN
DRESS GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Are now offering a large lot of
NEW FASHIONABLE
DRESS GOODS
Purchased far below value,
AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.
SELF-COLORED
FIGURED LUSTRES,
In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.
NEW MARLED CHALLIES,
In Beautiful Colorings,
Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.
GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,
WIDE WIDTH,
Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.
NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,
In the various Summer Shades.
BLACK LUSTRES,
Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.
EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN
BLACK SILKS,
At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.
KID GLOVES,
A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 1s 6d, Gentlemen's 2s 9d
INSPECTION INVITED.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,
On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.
The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870 Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.
Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.
Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.
Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.
A ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

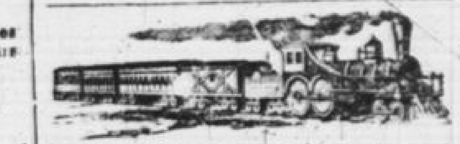
REMOVAL.
The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as
LANG'S BUILDING,
OPPOSITE
THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,
Having enlarged and remodded the store so as to fit it up for a
FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,
and having purchased a very heavy stock,
(A BANKRUPT STOCK),
at a very low figure,
Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.
He would call particular attention to his
COAL OIL,
STOVES AND TINWARE,
now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.
LUMBERMEN'S GOODS
made up purposely for their trade.
—ALSO—
Country merchants would do well to give a call Also, dealers in
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.
ALSO,
Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.
BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,
AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
ALSO ON HAND,
LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS
COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL
Common and Best Refined Oils.
Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.
Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.
Remember,
RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.
Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

THANKS!
ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.
A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.
Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the
JOBBING DEPARTMENT
Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty-five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money
Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY
Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road commencing at the East end of the Rideau bridge.
Profile and specification to be seen at this office.
The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer, Ottawa, & Russell Road Company
Time for securing Tender extended until FRIDAY, 20th instant,
Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1352d

ICE, ICE, ICE.
The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.
Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.
All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.
THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.
1353tf

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20 or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Teas will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Teas. We warrant all the teas we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they do not satisfy you they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c, Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c, Fine do, 75 Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra superfine do, $1.
Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.
Note the Address— The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st. Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, [illegible] Sparks street.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4 40 p m
Express for Island Pond at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N. B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agent.

CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.
MAIN LINE.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4[illegible] a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.0[illegible] p m, [illegible] p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5 35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and [illegible].35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.

GUYOT'S TAR,
CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.
M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liquor of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principle.
Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar-water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.
Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.
Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:
As a Drink.—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:
BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION
As a Lotion.—Pure or diluted with a little water
AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather, and in times of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.
General depot 19 Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

	Times Office, Ottawa, May 16, 1870
Flour—Extra	5 00 @ 5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75 @ 5 00
No. 1	4 75 @ 5 00
No. 2	0 00 @ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs..	2 62½ @ 2 75
" Spring " ..	2 50 @ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs...	4 50 @ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50 @ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00 @ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75 @ 0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00 @ 1 10
Spring " "	1 00 @ 0 00
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 70 @ 0 00
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65 @ 0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30 @ 0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs...	1 00 @ 0 00
Pork Mess—per barrel	27 00 @ 00 00
Prime Mess per do.....	20 00 @ 00 00
Prime	none.
Pork (fresh)	9 00 @ 10 00
Hams	0 12 @ 0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50 @ 7 50
Mutton—per lb	0 07 @ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45 @ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75 @ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45 @ 0 00
Ducks	0 40 @ 0 45
Butter—Choice Table	0 20 @ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 15 @ 0 20
No. 2	0 00 @ 0 00
Eggs	0 12½ @ 0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50 @ 4 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 45 @ 0 50
Hay—Per ton	11 00 @ 12 00
Straw—Per ton	4 00 @ 5 50
Wood—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00 @ 0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00 @ 0 00
Tamarac	2 50 @ 3 00
Soft Wood	2 25 @ 0 00
Hides	
Hides—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	5 50 @ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	4 00 @ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50 @ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50 @ 0 00

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial an Asthmatic affections. Experience having proven that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the state of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. Any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS'

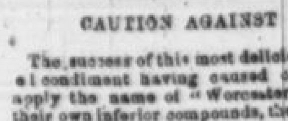
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

ALHAMBRA

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

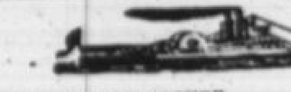
WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1349d

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.
30,6m

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	5 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	5 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	5 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

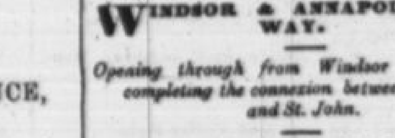
—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 2



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 6.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1085.3 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

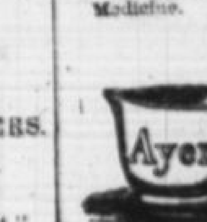
THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 18 3

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1232 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

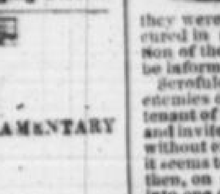
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.



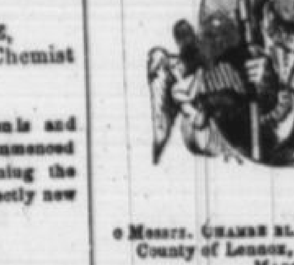
The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the pills and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870.

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355-6

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Bedler's, Carp, Ontario. 16 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st. opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 469y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE, 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 &
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 00
Halifax........ 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ 30 00
Halifax........ 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or BROCK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

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Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

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We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

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Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, B. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. in ...

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Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

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First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

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In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

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One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

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On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

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WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

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of Montreal,
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Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

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M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p.m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 50 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

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W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

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PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
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The largest and best assorted stock of

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The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN MCDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THE MSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $160; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A,
1342 1aw14J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $2,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1276 2m

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PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

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Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

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PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

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Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

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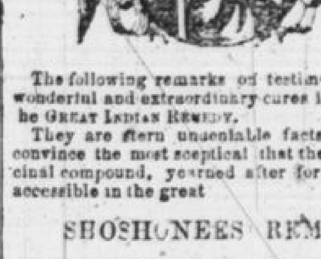

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They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

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Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.. 13y

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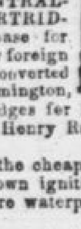

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OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

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By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less: also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted, thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of beginning, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

The soil is of good quality. The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 14 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City

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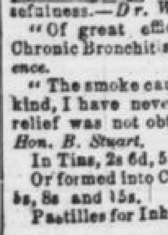

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

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For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

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nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

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For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870

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It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

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DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

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CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & ...

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a ... Assortment of Groceries, Wines and ... Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, ... Old Rye and Proof of the best ...

Those not having ... requested to call and judge for ... your neighbour who ... Liquors. All Goods ... OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits

P. BASKERVILLE & ...

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W W FRASER, ...

1304 1y

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The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1362. — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1870. — PRICE—3 CENTS.

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DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

...Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove ... Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

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...IS WHELAN,

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...ING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ...Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ...Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ...Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and their Vinegars.*

...SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.

...Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ...quite fresh and cheap.

...COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...LIQUORS—...Brandies; Renault & Co. Hennessy, Pinet's and other brands.

...HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, ... and Madeira Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age. ...HWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

...at extremely low prices. ...and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ...Irish Whiskey. ...Old Irish Poteen. ...and London Porter, pts and qts. ...and other Ales. ...and Syrups, all grades. ...producers' prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...ELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

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...advanced on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.

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SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

...gentlemen can be accommodated ...board and rooms. Gentlemen ...the Capital will find superior accommodation ... day or week at moderate terms. ...This house is situated in the immediate ... the Parliament Buildings and the ... banks. 2191f

Educational.

...DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

...Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant. ... particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

...PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having ... to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ... their orders for tuning more promptly ... heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ..., and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

...MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of ... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ..., corner of King-street. ...awa, June 23, 1869. 775y

...FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO ...DRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the ...ship of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, ... composed of lot number twenty, in the ... Concession of the said Township is hereby ... for sale. This Farm is only half a mile ... the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable ... about sixty acres of which are cleared with ... never failing spring of water about the centre ... the Farm. It is timbered principally with ... and contains a sufficient quantity of ... and Pine timber for fencing and building ... Price twenty dollars per acre, one ... of the money paid at the time of sale and the ... half secured by mortgage payable in two ... annual instalments with interest. ...Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the ... property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will ... all the information necessary as to the ... of the said land. A liberal deduction will ... made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr. Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor Ottawa.
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario
...April 12, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

...MINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

... street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

... the patronage of the Lumber Merchants ... on the Ottawa. From his long experience ... the trade he offers his services in engaging ... and attending to their rafts while passing ... the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

..., Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
..., Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

...CAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

... will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC ... Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday ... and after Monday, the 25th April ... purpose of giving thorough instruction in the ... principles of music, especially as applied ... study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr S.R. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa ... Society, formerly organist of the ... the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of ..., Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. ... course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a ... Application to be made to Mr GOWAN. ... class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

THE TIMES is printed and published ... The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the Office ..., Centre Town, Ottawa. ...

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 824tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B —Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq. Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to
D GRAHAM, Esq.,
1344f Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Saleroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c. would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a consistent business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, fast quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for ... public.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Ermig Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE,
Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE,
Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.

BRANDY,
Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY,
John Bogg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S
Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES,
Dawes make

WEST INDIA
LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA
Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city It has a great run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ...ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE,
Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE,
A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS,
Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES
Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES,
Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS,
All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES,
Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE,
And a variety of other brands he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS,
A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS,
Egg's as "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 18, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec, 1869

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

LANG

GO TO

PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constant on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON,

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. — ONLY BY — MESSrs GABRIEL. *Dentists.* LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 1awfm 1awkom

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

...unted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

march 30 ,000-1ly

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. B. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m
Night do do do do 7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and intermediate Stations, at........ 7:15 am
Trains for Lachine at ....5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........ 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at........ 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at........ 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........ a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at........ 2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........ 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

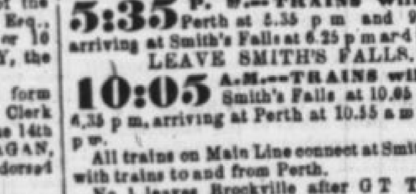
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, 1 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
......		12.15	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	......	11.30	5.00
6.00		......	Montreal, by Steamer			
......		12.15	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	......	11.30	5.30
6.00		12.15	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	......	11.30	5.30
6.00		12.15	United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	......	11.30	5.30
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
	12 Noon.		Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
6.00	11 a.m.	5.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.30
7.30			Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage		11.30	5.30
6.00		12.15	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
6.00			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway			
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Portland every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1 00 p m, 10 00 p m
Arrive........ 4.50 p m, 11.06 a m, 9 00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

AS A DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

AS A LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

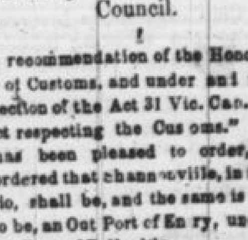
PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton,

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Channelville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

Jewish Observances in May.

Next to the Catholic Church—which has devoted every day in the year to the pious remembrance of a saint—there is probably no religious denomination than the Hebrews which has so many festivals, some of which are observed in joy and others with outward tokens of sorrow, some being ... all, and some half-holidays. For instance, the first day of every month—Rosh Chodesh—is a half-holiday and by the orthodox in the Jewish faith this day, as well as the preceding one, are even kept as fast days, the latter being called by some Jom Kippur Kattan—Minor days of Atonement. In this our year of 1870, which, according to Mosaic calculation, is stated by the Jews as the year 5630 after the creation of the world, it appears that the opening and closing days of each month do nearly correspond with the like days of the Gregorian calendar. Thus the Rosh Chodesh Jyar, the current month of the Jews, began with the evening of the 1st of May and with sunset on the 2nd. A very interesting, but among all more or less modernized Jews already obsolete, festival falls on the 15th of May which is next Sunday, and is called

SHENEE PESACH.

This was an after celebration of Pesach, or Easter, and although, as stated above, obsolete now in Europe as well as in America, it is still commemorated and observed in the East among the adherents of the old Talmudical law. This festival was instituted for those who were absent from their homes on the day of the Pesach and could not appear in their temple to offer up the prescribed sacrificial gifts. For such Shenee Pesach was ordained, that after their return they might do what they could not on the regular day of the Easter festival. But the most important and religiously hallowed day for the Jews during the present month will be on the 19th, which is called.

LAG BOEMER,

it being the thirty-third day from the first day of Pesach. By the 9th verse of the 16th chapter of Deuteronomy the Jews were commanded: "Seven weeks shalt thou number unto thee; begin to number the seven weeks from such time as thou beginnest to put the sickle to the corn." In obedience to this, in all orthodox Jewish families the counting is begun from the first day of Pesach, each day being separately counted, and an appropriate blessing said. These seven weeks extend from Easter to Pentecost, the latter being the feast of the law, Moses having received it on the fiftieth day after Pesach on Mount Sinai. It is a season of sorrow, and no Jew was, in former times, permitted even to shave and no marriages were allowed to be contracted during its continuance. But the thirty-third day (Lag Gimmell) of the season of Omer, was, and is even now, a day of rejoicing. Akiba, a slave, who had been converted to Judaism, and, owing to his genius and learning, became one of the Talmudists, had a number of disciples, a majority of whom were carried to the grave by a pestilence which had broken out shortly after Pesach, but suddenly ceased its ravages on the thirty-third day. Hence, the restraints of the season of sorrow are removed on this day, and joy and hilarity and marriages are permitted.

There is also a symbolical interpretation of the institution on this festive day. After the Jews fled from Egypt they occupied thirty-three days in cleansing themselves from the pollution of slavery and preparing to receive the law, which was promulgated seventeen days later, on the day of Shebuoth, which comes this year on the 5th day of the month Sivan, corresponding with the same date in the following month of June. On the 31st of May is observed

ROSH CHODESH SIVAN,

or the first day of the month of Sivan, to which again the remarks are applicable, made in regard to the first days of every month and to the days preceding them.

To give some idea of the extent of lumbering operations on the Upper Ottawa, we find from the Perth *Courier* that the total amount of sawn lumber drawn to Perth roads for shipment is 20,000,000 feet, equal to any aggregate value of $220,000; at Carleton and Port Elmsley, 16,800,000 feet, worth $134,800. Over $20,000 was disbursed in these places alone this winter, to those engaged in chasing it. The total amount of laths manufactured there is 4 9.8,000 worth $7,452 The number of men employed in the mills is over 350, teamsters and choppers, 450; men employed in driving saw-logs at the proper season, 300. Amount of hay consumed 1 450 tons, and total amount of oats, over 27,000 bushels, at 70 cents per bushel. A large quantity of hewn timber has also been got out during the present season. Mr. Mair has taken out 3,500 pieces, Messrs. Caldwell 2,300 and Mr. Laurie, 2,000 pieces of ash, elm and oak, on Tay and Fall Rivers. The total amount of sawn lumber within a radius of 30 miles from Perth, is 36,800,000 feet; logs taken out, 217,000; shingles, 3,200,000; laths manufactured, 4 9 8,000 bundles.

Under instructions, the officials of the various British embassies, legations, and consulates have been forwarding of late to the Foreign Office a mass of very interesting information respecting the tenure of lands in the countries to which they are accredited. Especially from the United States are the returns full, and in these reports the writers lay great stress on the ease with which any American tenant can turn himself into a landlord—an ease, perhaps, that will not much outlast this generation, we may say, if the gigantic land robberies daily abetted and doubtless shared in by Congress are not checked. Already millions of the best acres in the far Western country are in the hands of huge corporations, which are able to thus do away to a considerable extent with the cheap land system heretofore characteristic of those regions. In time the injurious effects of these monopolies will appear much more distinctly than at present, though even now the thoughtful observer may note their bad influence. Much as is said of the wonderful, even magic, growth of the extreme West, the fact is that the figures show something is wrong. California has fallen off Nevada has fallen off; New Mexico has fallen off; and even where there has been an increase it seems in great part attained at the expense of the localities showing a decrease rather than from a healthful growth. There are, no doubt, other causes at work, but still the gathering up of the choicest lands into the power of giant monopolies cannot but be regarded as operating detrimentally upon the West.—*N. Y. World.*

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England 1138SWom

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage". Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... al Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ...eam Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—G Kennedy.
Cow Lost—Mr Parent

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
1236l MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1870.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

The Premier passed a much easier day yesterday, than any heretofore since his illness, but although somewhat better, he is still quite unable to move from extreme weakness.

THE APPROACHES TO MANITOBA.

Indisputably, there must be speedy means of communication between Fort Garry and Ottawa. A country without roads is quite valueless to civilisation. Without roads the Highlands of Scotland were only habitable by a class of people not a whit more advanced in civilisation than the American Indian. Before General Cope began his military road, somewhere in the vicinity of Inverness, the Macphersons, the Macdonalds, the Frasers, and the Grants, were not a whit more advanced in the arts and sciences, than the Sioux, the Crees, the Ojibbeways, the Iroquois, the Hurons, or the Algonquins. They were equally savages, patriarchal, cattle lifting, Nimrodian, dirty and lazy wretches, decked out in feathers, porcupine quills, leggings, and loin cloths of as many colours as was Joseph's coat. Good roads and intercourse with a Scandinavian or Pictish race of men soon made the rude highlanders an active, proud, ambitious, useful, energetic, civilized people, out of their own fastnesses, and even, "at home," the highland mud-hut began to resemble more the lowlanders tidy "but and ben," than it had done in the time of the Rob Roy half-breed kinsman of Bailie Nicol Jarvie. With only dog conveyances, bringing European goods from James' Bay, and a kind of bastard Shetland pony carrying goods from Canada, at long intervals, the Red River Settlement and Rupert's Land might be in the virtual occupation of a class of miserable dirty creatures living on carp and pike, boiled with red hot stones, flung into a bag rather than a pot, made of birch bark, stuck together, by being filled with cold water, hung upon a tripod of sticks after the fashion of the "Gipsies;" a Mitzraimitic class of people, who, like the Jews, have kept themselves to themselves, since the time of a few of them being lost and scattered, having escaped the destruction of the bulk of Pharaoh's army in the mad freak of crossing the bed of a part of the Red Sea when the tide was out, during the prevalence of a strong east wind, for ages to come. That of course must continue. To make the country habitable for a land cultivating manufacturing, trading people, there must be all the accessories of civilization in the land. There must be roads and roadside inns, ferries, steamboats, steam carriages, ordinary carriages, ploughs, steam sowing machines, steam reaping machines, flour mills, saw mills, nail factories, chair factories, dry-goods merchants, shoemakers, tailors, and gardeners. There must be apple trees and gooseberry bushes. Without these things, and wheelbarrow roads, and bricks for houses, all the coal, and lead, and silver, and gold, and nutritious prairie grasses, and black cattle, and bears, and beavers, and salmon, and sturgeon will be of little account. There must be a way of getting things speedily to the sea and from the sea, to make the Red River Territory of use to mankind, and take from Manitoba that isolation which the continued existence of "desert," "prairie," and "forest," without pathways for carriages through them, would perpetuate, to the great moral and social disparagement of the wily Winnipeggers. As the North West is now Canadian, there must be an uninterrupted run of caravans from Collingwood to Fort Garry, in the first place, and a good canal, on the North shore of Ste. Marie's Sault, in the second. That is most essential to Red River progress. A cathedral itself in Rupert's Land would not be in any sense, more useful than the church of St. Magnus at Kirkwall, in the Orkneys without roads. The troops going to the capital of Red River will help to make the main or king's highway to that place but in addition to the first trunk road there must be branches all over the country to enable farming to be proceeded with effectually in spite of the weevil and the grasshopper. After this cruel war is over, the construction of roads will no doubt be the first care of the Local Government; but in the meanwhile, until everything is settled, the Federal Government will, very possibly, see to the construction of a rapid and easy approach from this quarter to the capital of Manitoba.

"THE MONTREAL HEARTHSTONE."

A new publication, "devoted to the interests of the family circle, independent on all subjects, and neutral upon none" has been started in Montreal, intituled "*The Montreal Hearthstone*." It is something after the design of the *New York Ledger*, with a healthier description of literary pabulum. To some extent it is illustrated, and it is edited with a considerable degree of ability. It is published by Messrs. Northrup & Co. No. 70 St. François Xavier street, weekly, for the inconsiderable sum of $2.50 a year, and promises to be a useful, an exceedingly entertaining, and a popular medium of instruction. We copy from it the following article:—

Tittle-Tattle.

The disposition to pry into the privacy of domestic life is, unfortunately, very common, and is alway dishonorable. The appetite for such knowledge is to be regarded as morbid, and the indulgence of it is disgraceful. A family have a sacred right to privacy. In guarding the delicate relations of the household which are laid open to as tranger, honor would require him to turn from them, and if a knowledge of them were forced upon him they should be locked in a sacred silence. A double obligation of silence and secrecy rests upon one who is a guest in a family. The turpitude of a betrayal of family history by a visitor is far greater than theft would be. It is a thing so scandalous that it should degrade a person and put him out of society. To betray the secrets of the household is not only an odious immorality, but it is a sin and a shame to be on good terms with those who are known to commit such outrages. They put themselves out of the pale of decent society. They should be treated as moral outlaws.

These hungry eyed wretches, who sit in the unsuspicious circle of parents and children, treasuring their words, spying their weakness, misinterpreting the innocent liabilities of the household, and then run from house to house with their shameless news, are worse than poisoners of wells or burners of houses. They poison the faith of man in man. Make no terms with such people. Tale bearers have no rights. They are common enemies of good men. Hunt, harry and hound them out of society. They are the worst of pests save one, and that is the listener to the tale bearer. There could be no tattling if there were no one to hear. It takes an ear and a tongue to make a scandal. Greedy listening is as dishonourable as nimble tattling. The ear is the open market, where the tongue sells its ill gotten wares. Some there are that will not repeat again what they hear, but they are willing to listen to it. They will not trade in contraband goods, but they will buy enough of the smuggler for family use. These respectable listeners are the patrons of tattlers. It is the ready market that keeps tale bearing brisk. It is a shame to listen to ill of your neighbour. Christian benevolence demands that you do not love ill-news. A clean heart and a true honour rejoice in kindly things. It should be a pain and sorrow to know of anything that degrades your neighbor in your eyes, even if he is your enemy; and how much more if he is your friend?

The Scripture says:—"Thou shalt not go up and down as a tale bearer among thy people." "A tale bearer revealeth secrets; but he that is of a faithful (honorable) spirit concealeth the matter." "The words of the tale bearer are as wounds that go down into the innermost parts of the belly." The Hebrews thought that the affections had their seat in the bowels; and by this phrase, "go down into the innermost part of the belly," they signify how sharp and exasperating to the deepest feelings of our nature are the cruel offices of a common tattler. "Where no wood is in the fire goeth out: so where there is no tale-bearing in the strife of society arising from tattling, if that were cured, there would hardly be any cause of quarrel left. Commend us to that religion which makes a man humane with his tongue and honorable with his ear.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S VISIT TO VILLA-MARIA.

The following account of the Prince's visit to the above institution is translated from the the *Nouveau Monde*:—

Yesterday all was life, light and feasting at the beautiful convent of Villa-Maria—Prince Arthur and his suite were expected. At 3 o'clock all the friends and patrons of the institution had assembled, and from the dome of the convent floated the flags of England and France.

On descending from the carriage His Highness was received by the Administrator of the Diocese of Montreal. After the introductions, during which the Prince, as usual, demonstrated his exquisite and charming gracefulness, the ladies, for the most part former students of the Congregation, were conducted into the grand reception room.

The apartment was handsomely decorated with garlands of roses and tastefully arranged evergreens, and the students, radiant with joy, occupied the seats of a vast amphitheatre over which was the following devise:—

"Welcome to His R. H. and God save our Gracious Queen."

The young Prince took his seat whilst the students were executing the Grand March, characteristic of Osborne, on several pianos, harmoniums, harps and guitars, which had been ably arranged for these instruments by the directrix of the musical branch of the establishment.

We observed among the invited:—M. the Administrator of the Diocese, M. Chanoine Lamarche, the Revds. MM. Lenoir, Lesage, Lacan, Marechal, Maillet and C. Beaubien; and among the suite of the Prince Lady Cartier and the Misses Cartier, Lady Northcote, Lady Lafontaine, Madame Gauthier, wife of the Consul General of France; Mrs. and Miss Chauveau, the wife of the Hon. Ls. Archambault, Colonel Elpinstone, Lt. Pickard, His Worship the Mayor, Hon. Atty.-Gen. Ouimet and Lady, Hon. J. Young and Lady, Dr. Beaubien and Lady, Mr. G. Clerk, M. the Chevalier Lerocque, C. A. Leblanc, C. R. and lady, Ls. Beaudry, Lady and Miss, H. Cotte and Lady, C. J. Brydges and Lady, M. Uryarte, Consul of Spain; Senator Wilson, Ls. Masson and Lady, Ephrem Hudon and Lady, Colonel Ouimet and Lady, Mrs. A Roy, M. Desnoyers and Lady, Dr. Deprohon and Lady, Dr. McCallum, Mr. Major and Lady, Mr. McDonald and Lady, of St. John.

The honor of presenting the address to His Royal Highness fell to the part of Miss Chauvead. It is as follows:—May it please your Royal Highness—Canada rejoices for the honor conferred upon her by our Gracious Sovereign in your visit among us. The City of Montreal is justly proud for having been chosen as the place of his residence by a son of Our Gracious Sovereign.

For us, though retired in the peaceful solitude, under the shade of Mount Royal, yet we were not insensible to the rejoicing of our country, and cherished the pleasant hope that this place, formerly the seat of the representatives of Her Majesty would be honoured by the visit of the illustrious Prince, whose presence creates so much happiness in our midst. Your R. H. beholds assembled here students of different nationalities, and belonging to governments entirely different the one from the other. Nevertheless, as members of the same family, we join on this happy occasion to present to our August Sovereign, in the person of her noble and worthy son, our respectful homage and to express our ardent desire for her happiness.

May this feeble tribute be agreeable to our beloved Sovereign; she who has the glory of governing the most powerful of kingdoms, and to reign, at the same time, in the hearts of her subjects, by the charms of her virtues.

May we be permitted to make known to your R. H. the humble origin of the Congregation of Notre Dame. The Order was founded during the reign of Louis XIV, who extended to it his protection. During the reign of that illustrious Monarch, Marguerite Bourgeois, of immortal memory, left France to come and help at the work of civilization in the education of young girls. The works of this good woman have borne their fruit, and now of this Order there are sixty-nine establishments in Canada and other parts of America, having under their direction 15,000 students.

The great interest which your R. H. has manifested towards this institution will be considered by all the children of the heroic Marguerite Bourgeois, and by the students of this institution in particular, as a favour which will never be forgotten, and which the annals of Villa-Maria will transmit with pride to future generations."

His Highness responded in French, and expressed himself charmed with all which he saw and heard. He hoped, with the grace of God, for the continuation of the prosperity of the institution

Several songs were then sung, with the accompaniment of musical instruments, and the grand ceremony wound up with "God Save the Queen." The Prince having obtained a *grand congé* for the students, he gave his arm to Lady Cartier, and, having taken a walk through the several apartments of the establishment, of which he expressed himself in terms of admiration, His Highness and distinguished suite left at 4 o'clock.

In this institution there are, at present, 156 students.

The length of the convent, counting the wings, is 370 feet.

There are fine grounds for the pupils to take their diversions. A beautiful grove shades a sheet of water 350 feet in length and from 50 to 60 feet in breadth. Some small pleasure craft is at the disposal of the students.

"Return good for evil," as the match said, when lighting the pipe of the man who had just struck it.

Why has the Judge of the Divorce Court been sent to the sobering influences of the House of Lords? Because he was Wylde in court.

Notes of Admiration—Billets-doux.

What is the difference between Judy and Mr. John Ketch?—One loves a cove's joke, and the other chokes a cove's luff.

When is a bad pun not out of place? When it is in a rebus (in Erebus).

Why do they never make twelve o'clock at the right time on board a man-of-war? Because they always strike the bell eight (the bell late).

Scientific.

FIRST REPORT OF THE COUNCIL OF "THE OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY."

To the members of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society:

The Council in resigning the trust reposed in them by the Society, on the 18th day of January, have to congratulate the members upon the successful working, so far, of the amalgamated societies. The council deem it unnecessary in this place to recount the movements which resulted in the union of "The Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum" and "The Ottawa Natural History Society," suffice it to say the Act of Incorporation was passed and took effect on the 24th December, 1869; that the first general meeting under the Act was held on the 11th January last, when a code of by-laws was adopted, and that on the 18th January following, the present council took office. Since that time there has been held six regular meetings of the society, at the last three of which, papers or lectures were read as follows: On the 11th March, by W. D. LeSueur, Esq., on "The greatest Critic of the Age;" on the 25th March, by Mr. Kingsford, Esq., C.E., on "The Copper Coinage of England;" and on the 8th April by J. H. Rowan, Esq., C. E., on "The Great Pyramid."

Immediately upon taking office the Council caused a circular, a copy of which accompanies this report, to be printed and widely circulated throughout the city, with a view to bringing the claims of the Society prominently forward before the public. The response to this appeal had not been what the council expected it would have been, but they are not without hopes that the fruit may yet appear. They also set about repairing and refitting the rooms now occupied by the Society, which had previously been occupied by the Mechanics' Institute, with a view to rendering them more convenient and attractive generally. Although everything has been done on the most economical scale, yet they necessarily incurred a considerable debt, to satisfy which, unfortunately, there is not a sufficient amount of money in the treasurer's hands. They would respectfully suggest to their successors to consider whether some special efforts should not be made to wipe out this indebtedness. Unquestionable the repairs were needed, a commodious lecture room has been provided, the space devoted to the museum has been enlarged; cases and shelves have been provided for the specimens of Natural History, and the usefulness and attractiveness of the rooms generally have been much increased by their means; and it would be a pity were the Society to be crippled for any length of time by a debt so reasonably increased.

The librarian, as will be seen from his report, has devoted a great deal of time to the examination of the condition of the library, and its thorough re-arrangement.

The Council would draw attention to the suggestion contained in the Curator's report, as to the necessity of taking early measures to ensure a proper classification and arrangement of the various objects collected in the museum. Undoubtedly such a classification and arrangement are absolutely necessary to render the museum at all what it ought to be, but the Council have been deterred from undertaking the work from a consideration of the debt already incurred. Perhaps some means could be devised by which sufficient funds could be raised for this purpose, without touching on the ordinary revenues of the society.

It is impossible as yet for the Council to state the exact number of the members of the society. The number of those who have so far signed the new roll of membership is 121. Thirty-one new members have been elected since the amalgamation of the societies.

More detailed information will be found in the various reports of the treasurer, librarian, curator and secretary.

In conclusion, the Council hope that the society will, from its small beginning, before long be not the least among the societies of the Dominion capital.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed), E. A. MEREDITH, President,
G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

OTTAWA, April 29, 1870.

The first Annual Report of the Librarian of the Literary and Scientific Society of Ottawa.:

As required by the 22nd Bylaw of the Society, I beg respectfully to submit the following Report, respecting the Library, for the period from the formation of the Society to the present date.

The Library which the Society now possesses is almost exclusively composed of the books which formerly belonged to the Mechanic's Institute and Athenæum.

As soon as practicable after my election as Librarian, I caused those books which were outstanding in the name of that institution to be returned. I then proceeded to examine and arrange the books according to their sizes on the shelves, at the same time entering the title of each work in a stock catalogue and assigning to each volume its consecutive number, and the number of the section of the shelving on which it is placed, an arrangement which will not only facilitate the finding and replacing of books, but which will be found to be very convenient whenever it may become desirable to examine the library hereafter. The corresponding number to those entered in the catalogue have also been inscribed on the label of each volume. This labor has just been completed and the library now contains 971 volumes available for immediate circulation; 65 volumes requiring to be rebound before reference; 80 volumes of in complete works, to bedisposed of as the Council may direct; 150 irregular volumes.

DOCUMENTS AND MAGAZINES.

Eighty-seven vols. injured and unfit for use; total—1,353 volumes.

A very large proportion of the library consists of books of a technical and scientific character. History and general literature are not so well represented. If the library is to be made a source of benefit to the members generally it will require to be considerably augmented by the addition of new and recent books in all departments.

I have not considered it necessary to prepare for publication any catalogue classified according to subjects, as that can be more appropriately done after the finances of the Society permit of the additions which I have suggested being made to the present stock.

The following donations have been received during the period which this report covers, viz:—From E. A. Meredith, Esq. LL.D., Trade and Navigation Returns for 1869; Public Accounts of Canada for 1869, 2 copies; Postmaster General's Report for 1868 from Hon. John Carling, M.P.; the Report of the Minister of Agriculture for the Province of Ontario for 1869.

(Signed,) DAVID MATHESON,
Librarian.

Ottawa, 29th April, 1870.

To the Council of the Literary and Scientific Society, Ottawa:

The Curator has the honor to report as follows:

On the amalgamation of the two societies and his appointment as Curator, he caused all the specimens of natural history and other objects of interest that belonged to the late Natural History Society, to be removed to the rooms occupied by the new society, and had them placed in the cases prepared for their reception, without any attempt at classification or systematic arrangement, a task that could only be properly performed by a professed naturalist. With a view to this being undertaken with as little delay as possible, he entered into communication with Mr Couper, the naturalist, and has submitted for the consideration of the council, a proposition from that gentleman to cleanse, classify, and arrange the museum of the society. The joint stock of the amalgamated societies, has furnished a very valuable and large collection of specimens of natural history, geology, Indian antiquities, coins, &c., which in their disorderly and unclassified state are simply discreditable. Many of the specimens, if not soon attended to, will be irretrievably lost, whilst their higglidy pigglity condition is neither useful nor ornamental. Ample and commodious cases have been prepared, at considerable cost, for their safe keeping, and it is but reasonable to suppose that the object of their construction was to make the museum a credit to the Society, and useful to the community at large. The Curator would therefore respectfully urge the necessity of having this question engage serious consideration at an early day.

The Curator has only to report one donation to the Society during his term of office, viz: from Mr. White, a piece of wood from the ship which brought General Wolfe to this country.

(Signed), THOS. WILY,
Curator.

Ottawa, May 17, 1870.

The New York *Tribune*, speaking of the stoppage of the *Chicora*, says:

"A Canadian vessel has been refused permission to pass through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal. We are not told that the vessel was loaded with military supplies, or that she was in any sense a part of the expedition sent to suppress Riel's rebellion, but the refusal of the customs officer to allow her to continue the voyage could have been properly based on no other grounds. We are, therefore, left to infer that the United States Government proposes to maintain a strict neutrality in the affair. At the same time there is no longer a doubt that armed bands of Fenians are moving through Minnesota to join Riel in Winnipeg or Manitoba. What will the Government do with these?"

On Friday the United States House of Representatives passed a Bill appropriating $325,000 in gold to be paid to the British Government under the award of the Commissioners to settle the claims of the Hudson Bay Company and the Puget Sound Agricultural Company. The award being the payment of $650,000 in two annual instalments, the first being due on the 10th of September next. Some objections, of course, were made on the score of the *Alabama* claims, but were over-ruled.

Open Libraries on Sunday.

From the New York World.

The usual annual contest over the Mercantile Library election is complicated this year with the Sunday question—the supporters of the opposition ticket favouring Sunday opening, and the adherents of the regular ticket, comprising among them many if not most of those elder members by whose efforts the association has been fostered into its present flourishing proportions, taking ground against the position. As it appears that it does not reside with the Mercantile Library Association Board of Directors, but with the managers of Clinton Hall, to say whether that building shall be opened for ordinary purposes on the Sabbath, the success of the opposition ticket can hardly avail much. It is true, in the event of such success the Association would be put in the attitude of favouring Sunday opening; but that could not be more potent in the premises than a mere request to the managers of the building, and there are, perhaps, some reasons to believe a request to this effect would meet an unfavourable response.

Much, therefore, as the question of opening our city libraries on Sunday has been agitated, it does not yet appear that the friends of that course are likely to succeed. Perhaps there are some hygienic reasons why they should not succeed. The physical use of Sunday is as a day of rest, and it has not infrequently been made a theological argument that no other known ratio of recreation to labour is so suitable to our physical requirements as one day in seven. The French revolutionists, in decreeing death an eternal sleep, are said to have likewise decreed every tenth day as enough for rest; but in practical operation the rule was found to work so badly that the more frequent interval was recurred to. Singularly enough, just at the time when we have this agitation for open libraries on Sunday, there comes to us from France the statement, in the letter of our Paris correspondent appearing in the *World* of yesterday, that the French physicians ascribe the notorious corporeal degeneration of the Parisians in great part to their intellectual toils on Sunday. True, they are not called toils; but going to theatres, frequenting the *cafes*, visiting museums, and pouring over books in the libraries are found to be about as bad a use, physically speaking, of the Sabbath as work outright. The *rationale* is very simple, and, one cannot but think, applies as well to a New York clerk as to a Parisian *ouvrier*—being that the body after six days of toil requires one day of rest; and mental strains or excitements, by the known reflex of the mind on the physical system, rob it of that rest. An old artisan, says our correspondent, is a rare spectacle in the French capital, and all because he will not use his seventh day to rest. Apply this principle to our city clerks. For six days they labour with our proverbial American impetuosity. Now, let them devote the seventh day to exciting romances, or the tougher perusal of history, philosophy, and so on, and how long would the system stand that strain? There are arguments, to be sure, for open libraries on Sunday; but, in considering their weight, the adaptation of the seventh day to the hygienic requirement of rest is a thing meriting the best attention.

Brilliant and Sad Career.

I know nothing in fiction wilder or more romantic than the life of Richard Brinsley Sheridan. The son of an Irish actor, endowed with the most brilliant and varied gifts of nature, high spirit, a noble presence imagination, wit and eloquence, all those qualities that win the admiration of men and the affection of women, yet without a shilling in the world to call his own, without either of those recommendations which form the passport to the highest circles of English society high birth and university honors—the author of the "School for Scandal" rose by the mere force of his genius, and rose almost at a bound, to the highest position in the ranks of political and social life, at a period when political and social life in England was tainted by the narrowest and most exclusive spirit that has ever distinguished the aristocracy of that country. He held that position, and held it with *eclat*, all through a long life, the rival of wits like Coleman and Horne Tooke; of orators and statesmen like Pitt and Fox, and Burke; and of men of genius like Byron and Scott. He died almost in the arms of a sheriff's officer, and was buried, with honors all but regal, with princes of the blood for pall-bearers, in the sepulchre of great kings and statesmen. It was a brilliant but sad career, full of startling contrasts, marked by many humiliations and many victories by great failures and great successes; and yet now, when one asks what remains of all this success it is not easy to frame an answer. A speech or two, which no one now thinks of reading, except to trace, in its most vivid colors, what he thinks the false taste of the age in eloquence and wit; the fleeting recollection of a few epigrams and *bon mots*; and two or three sparkling contributions to the literature of the drama, are half that remain to mark the genius of the man who for thirty years was the "pride of the palace, the bower and the hall."

Zachariah Sydner, alias John Deal, was yesterday hung at Reading, Pa., for the murder of Richard Harlan, in October last, near Leesport in the same State. The murder was committed in a drunken frenzy, and the murderer was an old offender who had served several terms in prison. It is therefore a little surprising that he did not profess, while on the scaffold, the customary certainty of immediately going to Heaven, which the most atrocious criminals uniformly profess to feel in a like position. He remarked to his confessor that he did not fear death nor the devil, but that he did fear God. Most murderers profess to be on the most familiar terms with the Deity, and proclaim in their dying moments that they have received from him a special revelation assuring them of pardon and a happy immortality. The poor wretch Deal is the first murderer of whom we have lately heard who had the grace to confess that he feared the judgment of a just God.—*New York World.*

From Paris—In consideration of his *sweet* temper and *saccharine* budget, Mr. Lowe might very appropriately be called *l'eau sucre*. As Adolphus said, when Augustus presented him with a mackintosh—"Water proof of affection!"

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO

TORONTO, April 18.

A meeting of the creditors on the estate of Smith Brothers, was held yesterday. John W. Masson was appointed permanent assignee The report showed fresh liabilities $149,887, assets $117,000, revised assets $14,171. The meeting adjourned until to-day, to receive an offer of compromise from the insolvents. The chief engineer of the fire departments annual report shows that 48 fires occurred during the year involving a loss $151,763 which was insured to the amount of $111,022.

A special to the *Globe*, from Georgetown May 10th *via* St. Cloud, Minn., May 15th, says:—The people from Red River express considerable indignation at the idea of Canada settling with the rebels, and granting the Bill of rights while Riel is still unpunished. Loyal men are leaving the Settlement in all directions.

Yesterday afternoon the steamer *International* arrived from Fort Garry, bringing with her fine furs to the value of $200,000, the property of the Hudson's Bay Company, which, with another lot from Fort Ellis makes an aggregate of $216,000, which they have succeeded in bringing safely out of the country. It is expected that Governor McTavish, Dr. Cowan and other Hudson's Bay officers will leave the settlement by the above steamer in her next trip.

Since the conclusion of the agreement between Riel and the Company the Provisional Government have stolen from the Company 30 horses, 558 bushels of barley, 1,000 bushels of wheat, the Government holding the keys of the storehouses for a hundred days. Riel has less than fifty men under arms, and seems to be making no preparations for a summer campaign. He and his party keeps themselves closely housed in Fort Garry, and are seldom seen out of doors, and then only when accompanied by three or four guards. Many think that Riel intends to slip out of the territory and be gone a week before he is missed.

The Indians in the Settlement and about it are troublesome and restless. The Crees, Chippewas, Sioux and others are united in the dislike of the Provisional Government, as trade does not thrive under its rule, and they are threatened with starvation. Besides this a great Indian outbreak is feared along the north-west frontier of Minnesota and Decotah. The Provisional Government is unpopular even with its former supporters. It commands only the support of the half breed population, and they are impatient of anything like discipline or military restraint. Not more than half the settlers profess to believe that Scott was killed, and it is deemed treason to mention it.

O'Donohue is still more general execrated than Riel, as he is deemed, if possible, more shameless. His last exploit was to steal money from a letter addressed to Mrs. Mair, who is still in the settlement. He also wears Mrs. Schultz's gold watch.

The general impression is strong that Riel will not fire a gun at the troops, but get out of danger. He threatens to harrass the troops on their way into the settlement, but even now he dare not venture in that direction for fear of the Indians.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 18.

We regret to learn of the sudden death last night of Hugh Bradie, at his residence at the Tanneries west. He returned to rest at his usual hour, and about an hour afterwards, his wife discovered that he was ailing, and although assistance was immediately at hand he died a few minutes afterwards, of heart disease, to which he had been subject.

The exhumation of bones on St. James street, still continues.

On Monday, Payettes Retreat was bereft of 10 lunatics. Beauport now holds them.

A man named Brissett fell into an open cellar, on St. Lawrence Street, last night, but received little injury.

Father Richot left this morning for Ottawa. He leaves, on his return to the North West, on Tuesday next, and will take along with him several young gentlemen belonging to the liberal professions.

Flour market dull, and about 5 cents lower. Strong supers continue to sell readily.

Greenbacks bought at 13¼ and sold at 13. Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6 per cent discount.

Prince Arthur will most likely be invested by Sir John Young with the order of G.C.M.C. on the 28th instant.

Mr. Brydges is at Buffalo to-day to assist in laying the corner stone of the International Bridge.

Messrs. Archibald, McDonald, and Miller left to-day for Halifax.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, April 18.

Launch yesterday from Larose's yards the large vessel *England* 1,965 tons.

A number of vessels have arrived from sea.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON—A theatrical fund dinner was given at St. James Hall, last evening. The Prince of Wales presided. Among the guests were the Duke of Sutherland, Lord Carlington, Lord Lennox, the Nabob of Bengal, and others. It was understood that Charles Dickens was to be the orator of the evening, but he was obliged to be absent. The Prince of Wales paid a high tribute to the theatrical profession, and closed by urging the claims of the charitable object of the meeting.

The Poor Law Board rules that women cannot lawfully act as parish guardians, and that consequently Miss Burdett Coutts is ineligible to that office in the Parish of Bethnal Green.

LONDON—In the House of Commons tonight, Mr. Monsell said that the Commissioner from the Colonists of New Zealand, who waited on the Government here, were refused their request, that troops be retained in the colony, but obtained authority to borrow £150,000 annually, for five years; to be used to promote immigration and improve internal communication.

A debate arose on the composition of the India Council, and occupied the remainder of the session.

In the House of Lords many petitions were received in favor of the repeal of the law, forbidding marriage with a deceased wife's sister.

The Bill sequestrating beneficies to pay the debts of their incumbents provoked a sharp discussion, and was finally referred to a select committee.

The House then adjourned.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, alluding to the forthcoming races, predicts that the Derby and the Oaks will be equally uninteresting. Not as many horses as usual will run at either race.

At the State Concert given at Buckingham Palace to-night, the Queen will be represented by the Princess Alexandria.

The Prussian Government find it necessary to repudiate the intention attributed to it of purchasing part of the coast of Transvaal Republic for a shipping station.

LONDON.—The police are searching Birmingham for some Fenians reported to be concealed there, and supposed to be connected with the party arrested in this city on Sunday.

Mr. Shaw Lefevre stated in the House of Commons last night that an inquiry was in progress into schemes for improvement of communication across the channel.

The Marylebone and Surrey elevens concluded a game of cricket yesterday, which was won by the former by 100 runs.

FRANCE.

PARIS—The party of the Left Centre, to which belonged three Ministers who have just resigned, is to be immediately reconstructed.

The new Cabinet is viewed with considerable astonishment and no little dissatisfaction.

The French Government has officially notified Greece that if Brigands captured Frenchmen Greece shall pay the ransom.

A ministerial journal contradicts the report that a *Te Deum* will be sung and a *grande fete* with illuminations will be given on the occasion of the declaration of the plebiscitum, but they say a solemn assemblage will be convoked, at which the Emperor will receive an official announcement of the national vote, in presence of the great bodies of the state.

The constitutional semi-official organ demands that the laws be applied in their rigor to all who attacked the Constitution, and that full penalties be visited on the members of the International Working Men's Society, convicted of creating disorders.

The police continue the search for, and arrests of, the parties connected with the late conspiracy.

A native of Belgium discovered, during the election, among the voters at one polling place, was arrested, and has since been sent out of the country. The Emperor and Empress of France will be God parents of the expected child of the Princess Metternich.

PARIS.—It is reported that Prince de la Tour de Auvergne, will be nominated Minister to Vienna.

Gen. Chas. Marie Auguste Goyne, Senator, died to-day, in his 68th year.

To-morrow there will be a public meeting of the Corps Legislatif to count votes.

The *Marseillaise* has been condemned for an offence against the Emperor, and exciting hatred and contempt for Government. The author of the article specified, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment and a fine of 5,000 francs, and the managing editor to imprisonment for one year, and a fine of 1,000 francs.

The tribunal also decreed the suspension of the publication of the *Marseillaise* for two months.

SPAIN.

MADRID—Esperatero has written a letter to Marshall Prim, declining the candidacy for the crown on account of his great age.

The Cortes has passed a bill authorizing civil marriage by a vote of 142 yeas to 34 nays

The press continue to urge the settlement of the question of the throne, and the anxiety in political circles for the termination of the status daily increased.

ITALY.

ROME—The canonization of Christopher Columbus is contemplated.

FLORENCE—The entire reduction and submission of the Neapoltran insurgents is reported to the war office this morning.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN—The Reichstag has passed to the third reading of the bill carrying into effect the provisions of the postal convention concluded between the United States and the North German Confederation.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON—The House of Assembly resumed consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Lynch to revive the American commerce and navigation. Mr. Lynch gave notice that he would call for a vote next Thursday.

Mr. Wood addressed the House. He corrected what he characterized as a popular error, that the foreign commerce of the United States was on a decline. It was not the foreign commerce of the country that was decaying, it was our navigation interests that were on the decline. The mistake was to confound commerce with navigation. So far as foreign commerce was concerned as shown by the value of imports and exports and by their relative proportions, it was in a safe and satisfactory condition.

The bill went over till to-morrow.

NEW YORK.—A crowded audience of ladies assembled this morning in the Apollo Hall, to hear an address by Mrs. Stanton upon the case of McFarland. She said his trial not only involved the question of his guilt as a murderer, but also those of marriage and divorce, which were subjects underlying the whole social, political and religious fabric. Mrs. Richardson, she said, re-called to her mind the fugitive slave, Anthony Barnes, who was remanded back to slavery after asking the sweets of freedom. The trial of McFarland, Mrs. Stanton considered, was a series of hideous insults to the womankind of the nation, for in declaring McFarland not guilty, the Court virtually declared that Mrs. Richardson, although married to another, was still his wife and his property. The speaker urged that the women of the State should petition the Legislature for a modification of the divorce laws, that divorces might be more readily obtained. She also urged woman suffrage as the chief means of obtaining justice for her sex.

Resolutions were read disclaiming the right of married persons to consider each other as property.

Sir Stafford Northcote, accompanied by Lady Northcote and 4 sons, left by the Erie Railroad, this evening, for Niagara Falls, *en route* to Winnipeg. Sir Stafford goes thence on a diplomatic message to the Red River.

UTICA.—A serious break in the Erie Canal occurred this morning, at the Dry Dock, one mile above Whitesboro. One boat was carried through the tow-path. Above 100 feet of the track of the New York Central Railway was carried away, and no trains can pass until the damage is repaired.

Mr. Williams, an American engineer, and Gurray, Commissioner for the Government, have gone to Tepuanbepec to survey the land route.

A rupture has taken place between the Government and Legislature of Jolisco.

A number of highway men have been executed

A colony of miners have left Permosillo for the newly discovered place.

OSWEGO.—The famous breach of promise case, Armanda Craig *vs.* Sprague, which was tried about a year since, is to be repeated. The Supreme Court having remanded the case for a new trial.

NORFOLK.—The entire business part of Henderson, M. C. was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire was first discovered in a store on Main street. It spread very rapidly and soon consumed every building on both sides of the street, for a distance of 200 yards. Every business house in the town was destroyed. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

NASHVILLE TENN.—In the town legislature yesterday, the Senate passed a Bill on its first reading prohibiting inter-marriage between White and Colored persons.

The decoration of the graves of the confederate dead at Mount Ollive, and city cemeteries took place yesterday, several thousand persons were present expecting demonstrations.

ST. LOUIS.—The Coroners jury yesterday afternoon rendered a verdict that the collision near Eureka last Thursday was all caused by disobedience of orders and culpable negligence of William Odore conductor and Joseph Tracy engineer of the extra freigh train, in running at least 15 miles over the time given them through orders of the rain despatchers. Orders have been issued or the arrest of Tracy, but so far he has eluded the officers.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Reports from the crops in this State are unfavourable.

The weather is frosty on the mountains and hot on the plains.

There has been a snow storm in the State of Nevada yesterday.

HAVANA.—Mexican advices to May 10, have been received.

General Cadena after again organizing a numerous band attacked the town of Trichehila and was repulsed. The insurgents have been defeated and afterwards moved into the State of Puebla.

NEW YORK.—The *Tribune* says the legal vote of the city was about half polled yesterday, but the illegal was out in all its glory.

The *Sun* says Republicanism was the order of the day.

PULPIT SENSATIONALISM.

Rev. Mr. Hepworth Preaches McFarlandism—"The Man who Dares to Step Between Man and Wife, Let Him Die the Death"—The Verdict of the Community.

From the New York World.

The Rev. Mr. Hepworth preached yesterday morning at the Church of the Messiah, Thirty-fourth street, upon "Insanity and Crime." There was a crowded congregation to hear the discourse. Mr. Hepworth took his text from Genesis, 4th chapter, verse 5: "And Cain was very wroth; and his countenance fell." He said:

If tried by modern theories of crime, Cain would undoubtedly have been pronounced to be laboring under an aberration of mind; and therefore to be unaccountable to any human or divine law for his acts. You see all the symptoms of insanity. He is frenzied towards his brother. It is the irresistible frenzy of an evil passion—a passion that has grown stronger, and taken deeper hold of his nature, every time he has sat under the tree to think of his wrongs. The moment he looks upon his brother Abel's face, all that is evil in him is aroused. The bad spirit takes possession of him; and irresistibly he clutches the club; and the deed is done. God put the mark upon his brow because murder is a crime. We have lately been in the midst of a most remarkable, and, you will agree with me when I say, a gigantic excitement. Were it simply the trial of a man for a crime, I should utter no comment upon it in this place. It is not my business to analyze or criticise the ordinary events of city life; neither do I think it well to lift them up into greater prominence by making them a pulpit theme. But there are public experiences which are too significant to be passed by in silence. There are public acts and public movements which seriously involve the welfare of the whole community—which touch the delicate nerves of society—which decide the welfare of a thousand homes, the welfare of many thousands of lives. The case to which I refer has an importance and notoriety not confined to our own shore. It is as well known, in all its details, in Continental Europe as in New York City. Alas! that it should be regarded there as typical of the American mode of life, and of experience which are only too common in the land of which for many reasons we are so justly proud. In this case, strangely enough, persons have been ignored and principles only have been tried. I need not tell you that the truth is yet to be discovered. I need not tell you, what you already know, that impartial justice, as the public understand the word, has not been done to any single individual connected with the whole affair. It is more than a mere private brawl, which the magistrate decides upon—it is more than that, and therefore it comes within my province. It involves great fundamental principles; it involves the practical application of the Christian religion. And so I say to you the case has been simply idealized; individuals have been put aside, and what the public thought determined they should represent—this, and this alone has been made prominent. In the first place, then, I want to say that for some years back perhaps a good score of years, a change has come over the whole American community concerning this question of guilt. Some time ago the then novel plea of insanity, of temporary aberation of the mind, was made very effectively. The prisoner at the bar, after having committed a crime which made the whole world shudder, was regarded as a man not accountable for his acts, because he did that deed in a moment of frenzy. The novel plea of twenty years ago has lost its novelty. Now every criminal is insane, until the whole community shudder at the frequency and at the impunity of criminality. Why, rogues snap their fingers in your face, and laugh to scorn what you used to call "justice." And there is a reason for all this. Every fact is built on some principle; and it is the fact that in the criminal records of America, in late years, a very remarkable change has taken place. To be sure, every man is insane who commits a great crime. The fact has never been doubted since judges sat upon the bench—since prisoners were arraigned at the bar. Who doubts, in this assembly, that the pirate who roams the sea, meditating murders, is seared in heart, and soul, and body, by the miserable, sad experiences of his early life. Perhaps he was born of an infamous mother; perhaps the father's drunken soul is in that body. Who doubts that the shadow of his cradle—a cradle that was rocked by crime and guilt—is over all his life? He has not a sane mind in a sane body. Strong muscles, a mighty force, a determined will, a soul that would better befit a devil than a man—you can see it in the downcast look of his eye—you can see it again in the fiery flash of his eye as he rushes into the thick of the fight and stabs his best friend for gold. He is not sane—and yet you hold him not guiltless for the crimes he commits. The highwaymen, who waits till friendly night conceals him, and then stops the courier-bearing treasure, who fights for money, and at last kills for gold—he is not sane. The very moment that he gets into the struggle he is in a frenzy; and two hours ago when he meditated the struggle, and determined to take the risk, he was not quite himself—he was suffering from a disease of the mind. He was standing in exactly the the wrong relation to everything. His standpoint was so wrong that he could not see things as they are. So he turned himself back on God almost without a twinge of remorse. So he let out the life-blood of a fellow-creature, and scarcely turned to look on the dead body with a pitying eye. The man who commits a crime in the Five Points, in a drunken brawl, is not himself, scarcely accountable for his acts. He is under the impulse of a tremendous force, a high degree or pressure of steam and caloric; that is generated not naturally, but through the stimulus he has taken. And any man, in any part of the world, who commits any one of the graver offences—those offences which compel society to confine him, to abridge his freedom or his life—is acting under an abnormal stimulus, and is not, as the time he commits the deed, and for hours before, to be held accountable for what he has done. It is a disease of the brain—a disease of the mind. Now, friends, you and I have wondered in the last five years at the infrequency with which a jury has pronounced the word "guilty" upon such men—at the fact that our fellow-citizens are unwilling to take the awful responsibility of pronouncing the sentence of death. They scarcely ever bring in a verdict of murder in the first degree; and for the very best of reasons, that the whole community—under the influences of Christianity, under the benign reign of our school houses, our churches, and our public opinion—is rapidly outgrowing the barbarism, the wickedness of capital punishment. There is not a man that willingly takes upon himself the responsibility of putting the rope about the murderer's neck, and launching him into the everlasting sea of the uncertainties of the future. No matter what his crime may be—no matter how black with guilt his soul may be—though it be damned with inky spots—yet you and I hesitate. It is too much for us. It is too heavy a burden to put on our shoulders—to utter that simple, single, but portentous and awful word which is to destroy a living man. I believe it is greatly for this reason that justice is not done. I believe it is largely due to the fact that twelve men taken at random, and so educated by the Christian influences of home, and by the general life they have in the world at large that they cannot and will not pronounce that fatal word. It is not long since every home in New York shuddered and shivered as the news came that poor Reynolds was dead—a half fool to begin with, a man with no mother and no father; a man with none of those hallowed influences to which you and I are indebted for that horror we felt at his crime. A man with nothing in his body except unbridled and unchecked passion, rushing rampant and running away with him as a wild horse runs up the avenue when the reins are loosened. When you and I heard that because he had killed a man, we killed him (thus showing that we were up to the Mosaic standard of "an eye for an eye," but that we had no possible conception of the quality of Christianity), every man hung his head. Is this our community? Is this the nineteenth century in which we live? Are there schools around us to which we send our boys and girls? And is our philosophy so meagre, so lean, so lank, that we act according to the policy of five thousand years ago—that because a man strikes you, you must strike him; and when somebody kills you, somebody else must kill him in return? When Jesus came He put his foot upon that doctrine as upon the head of a snake. The last command of the Lord was, "Little children, love one another." And you can hear the words ringing through the empyrean, and those words are the foundation of your Christianity, the corner-stone of your [illegible] the very basis of your public [illegible] your social weal. And so I [illegible] that juries dare not take the [illegible] such cases. I respect them for [illegible] I honor them that they dare [illegible] thing. Now, when you take the [illegible] you see just exactly the danger [illegible] course will not hang, will not [illegible] they can't do anything else [illegible] brings in a verdict of "murder [illegible] degree," the punishment is simply [illegible] ment for life, and that means [illegible] man who commits a murder can [illegible] and votes at the next election [illegible] valuable a man to have in prison [illegible] what his crime. Corruption is [illegible] is the great cause of this—[illegible] do the right thing. Politics [illegible] stronger than anything else, and [illegible] what a man does, no matter [illegible] crime, a few months incarceration [illegible] penalty you can inflict. The [illegible] and it is a perfectly logical [illegible] there is no punishment for crime [illegible] ment, that is, for grave [illegible] commits a petty act he is [illegible] one commits a murder, and [illegible] you hang him; but if one [illegible] offence, no matter how heavy [illegible] be able to control the [illegible] popular with the repeaters, [illegible] on the bench nor the jury in the [illegible] power, even though they had the [illegible] exact justice. And so our newspapers [illegible] are the skillful fingers on the [illegible] people, they, without a single [illegible] have called never so loudly for [illegible] enactments that just such [illegible] accidents may be reached. God [illegible] work may be perfected. God grant [illegible] community may be roused to a [illegible] own danger, and to the [illegible] the necessity of a remedy. [illegible] the second place, this has a significance [illegible] because it is the verdict of the [illegible] heart of America concerning the [illegible] of marriage. I am never [illegible] friends, that we have been raised [illegible] consideration of this grave question [illegible] false than an earthquake which [illegible] our feet could have been stirred [illegible] upon this matter. We allow things [illegible] silently and pretty much [illegible] America. But now, under [illegible] moment, we have changed [illegible] motto, "The man that hauls [illegible] rican flag, shoot him on the spot [illegible] man, whoever he is, and whatever [illegible] tives, who dares to step between [illegible] wife, let him die the death." I [illegible] of persons—I do not speak of [illegible] America has said distinctly, and with [illegible] vocal voice. "*The sanctity of marriage* [illegible] *be upheld.*" *There is no relation* [illegible] *solemn as that between a man and the* [illegible] *he takes for his wife. There is* [illegible] under the broad heavens, no matter what [illegible] circumstances may be, there is no [illegible] under God's throne for a third person [illegible] in with the attempt to break the [illegible] that relation. Let those two persons [illegible] the question as best they may; but [illegible] you as a layman, nor I as a minister, nor [illegible] one else (as father, mother, sister, child) [illegible] right to put their two hands between [illegible] and wife and do that (making a [illegible] of separation.) Ask God's blessing [illegible] to draw them closer by any means, [illegible] circumstances, put the wedge between [illegible] and hit the wedge with your hammer. [illegible] man who splits the tree of marriage [illegible] sight of God, and in the presence of [illegible] must die! That is the verdict of the [illegible] munity, and it is a good royal verdict [illegible] the whole community heed it. Let [illegible] stand the utterance. Let us [illegible] mendous decision. Now, all this [illegible] you must allow me to probe [illegible] depths)—the difficulty [illegible] ture of American society. That is [illegible] root of the whole strike. After all, [illegible] opinion is sometimes infinitely [illegible] certain questions. In the first place, [illegible] the church and the family you [illegible] of poly-theories that have abandoned [illegible] sense of justice, that have abandoned [illegible] sense of eternal things, that [illegible] plant their foot in some evil [illegible] tion, and which when pushed [illegible] blood are sufficient to poison the whole [illegible] This doctrine of "affinities" that [illegible] *everywhere is an arrant humbug.* It [illegible] the excuse of bad men and women [illegible] outrageous bodies. *It is simply* [illegible] as I honestly believe—the vile [illegible] sion. *If you are wretched as a wife,* [illegible] able as a husband, you know [illegible] God is to bear the burden [illegible] make the best of *it*; and any philosophy [illegible] teaches you to *hunt around your* [illegible] *friends to find your affinity, is simply* [illegible] in the devil himself—*yes, horns,* [illegible] tail. Now, brethren, you find [illegible] *theories are spreading all through* [illegible] munity; *they spread themselves* [illegible] black cloud, and *there is nothing* [illegible] but lightnings and fire. *And now,* [illegible] criticised those who are outside of the [illegible] allow me to criticise those who are [illegible] feel that the marriage ceremony [illegible] most solemn right of the Church, [illegible] sent administered, simply fosters [illegible] chicanery and falsehood. A marriage [illegible] should be direct; it should be simple [illegible] above all it should have a little [illegible] sense in it. There is no use in making [illegible] swear before God what she knows [illegible] can perform; and there *is no use making* [illegible] man solemnly swear *he will do what* [illegible] body knows he *will not do.* [illegible] with a falsehood on your lips as you [illegible] before the altar before marriage, what can [illegible] expect of the moral tone of the [illegible] There is something wrong here, and [illegible] sooner we confess it and amend it the [illegible] The woman and the man stand together [illegible] the purity and beauty of their first love [illegible] stand before the church, before the [illegible] before Almighty God as *equal*. If they are [illegible] *equal* it is false marriage; for [illegible] slave or a servant or an inferior [illegible] of any noble man. The man who [illegible] addresses to a woman with the intention [illegible] marrying her, under the conviction that [illegible] is his inferior, has not one single [illegible] soul that is worth having, nor [illegible] pulse that is manly. Of such nothing [illegible] can come. And so when the two [illegible] gether before the altar the woman is [illegible] "You solemnly *swear to love, honor,* [illegible] obey this man?" and she swears to [illegible] never does it—and more than that, it [illegible] be very wrong indeed if she did [illegible] service is a mere form and a farce [illegible] think of celebrating a marriage with a [illegible] rotten ritual that had no meaning [illegible] think of connecting our own married [illegible] such a way as that. Were it not [illegible] that your own woman's heart [illegible] manly heart of the man who stood [illegible] rose above this thing, it would [illegible] withering blight to you. And then [illegible] solemnly swears that he will "endow [illegible] with all his worldly goods"—he never [illegible] tends to do it. It never is done, [illegible] never expected that a man should [illegible] The whole world would be surprised [illegible] done. Now it does not seem to me [illegible] such a holy thing as matrimony, [illegible] at least to be honest; we ought [illegible] dare to tell the truth then, if we never [illegible] again. When two people stand [illegible] of their youth, in the confidence [illegible] the halcyon days of love [illegible] hearts, how can they solemnly [illegible] neither expects the other to do? [illegible] do think that a part of the [illegible] public opinion, which brings [illegible] quences as we deplore, is to be [illegible] such things as those of which I have [illegible] What we need in order to recover [illegible] a crushing blow, in order to [illegible] our courts, in order to administer [illegible] tice to prisoners—what you and I [illegible] community require to make it [illegible] direct and honest, is a practical [illegible] religion. Not a theory, but a spirit [illegible] the world is going over the precipice [illegible] ters are wrangling with each other [illegible] theology. How much better if they [illegible] strip off the gown, aye, and the [illegible] need be, and, like a band of [illegible] forward into the midst of a [illegible] munity with simply the "Sermon on the [illegible] Mount" in their hearts, and the golden [illegible] upon their lips. Christ came to [illegible] which was lost; and when the church [illegible] this, then it will be a practical [illegible] not till then. Husbands and wives [illegible] together with greater harmony [illegible] more practically Christians; children [illegible] love and obey their parents [illegible] homes, instead of being torn with [illegible] will be holy and happy and the [illegible] of God. The only thing that [illegible] day is a little Christianity; with [illegible] live, and die, and pass through the [illegible] the shadow, and wearing that like a [illegible] jewel in our hearts we can go up to [illegible] bay a blessed immortality.

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSES MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

Trust of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

The 60th were practiced at outlying picket duty on Major's Hill yesterday forenoon.

Only one hurdy-gurdy in the city yet. What a blessing.

RUNAWAY.—A horse with a cart attached, bolted into the gateway leading to Mr. Perkin's foundry, making a complete smash of a number of flower pots and flowers, belonging to Mr. McCarthy, Druggist. We have not heard how it was settled.

THE RIVER.—A telegram from head quarters has appointed next Friday for the departure of the men of the 60th for the Red River expedition. They have been disappointed so often that they will not feel sure till after they have started.

In yesterday morning's issue there was a mistake in the amount of brimstone landed at the canal basin for E. B. Eddy's match factory. Instead of 150 pounds it should have been 150 barrels. If our printers made an error in the item, it is no reason why our evening contemporaries should follow suit.

Very little timber coming down the Ottawa yet. The lumbermen fearing the sudden falling of the water will leave their timber in the creeks for this summer. Several small lumbermen will be ruined if the weather continues dry.

Extensive fires are raging on the the mountains in different parts of the County of Ottawa and Pontiac. The dry weather having dried the moss and pine tops left by the lumbermen, the fire runs without any stoppage. If the rain keeps off for a few days longer there will be considerable damage done. In many places the farmers have some difficulty in saving their fences.

The Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Company's Steamer *Caroline*, arrived with two barges loaded with freight yesterday from Montreal.

The steamer *Alice* passed through the locks on her way from Newborough to Montreal. The *Caroline* starts for Montreal this morning with another load of freight.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday.—There was but two cases on the list this morning. The first called was adjourned owing to the absence of some of the parties concerned.

The other was the adjourned case between Moss and Clouthier for leaving as alleged the employment of the former, contrary to the terms of engagement. Decision to be given on Monday.

FRUIT.—There is every probability of the fruit crop being a good one this year, the accounts from all parts of the country are encouraging. The apple trees are in full bloom and so far the frost has not injured them. Plums are likely to be an unusually large crop if they can have another ten days without frost. Farmers on all sides of Ottawa are turning their attention more towards fruit than they did some years ago. A great number of young orchards have been planted within the last two years, and are doing well. We may expect a good show of fruit at the agricultural fair next fall.

The Market yesterday was very good. There was a good supply of hay selling from $18 to $20 per ton, very little first quality, the greater portion of it being old meadow hay badly cured. Potatoes were plenty, selling from 38 to 45 cents per bushel. Butter was not so plentiful as on Tuesday, but there was no alteration in price. Oats were selling at from 34 to 36 cents per bushel. There was one load of corn, but the owner did not know whether to ask 50 cents or 75 cents per bushel for it, as it is seldom brought on the market for sale. There was no pork of any kind on the stand.

GRACE EGERTON (Mrs. Geo. Case), needs no recommendation from us. Her performances last evening were of the highest order of excellence. Knowing that those "who live to please, must please to live," this most versatile lady, excelling as a cantatrice, a dancer, and a comedian, never fails to please. In the varied characters, which she assumed, extraordinary talent was displayed, so much so that she brought down the house, receiving repeats of applause, and being frequently encored. Her impersonation of Mr. "Sims Reeves," and of "Sairey Gamp" were alike inimitable—imitations as they were; and we are quite convinced that there will be an extraordinarily large attendance to-night.

Mr. Case is a musician of a high order of excellence. His violin solo—"The King of the Cannibal Islands," would have done no discredit to Ole Bull. Taken as a whole, the performance was of a very superior description.

IMMIGRATION.—Why is it that the whole stream of imigration is turned west. Reports from Toronto and other western Cities complain of a want of employment for immigrants, while here at Ottawa it is almost impossible to get hired help. Scarcely a household in the city or country, but is complaining about the work they have to go through for want of servants. Hundreds of applications have been made to Mr. Wills the Immigration Agent, for servants of all kinds, and some old or young girls were all that could be obtained. The demand is still increasing, and good wages offered, but it does not appear to be any inducement for immigrants to come to this part of the Dominion. The want of labourers is one of the greatest drawbacks that farmers in this section of the country have to deal with, as the men that are accustomed to work at lumbering, would rather stay idle than work on a farm.

GREAT SLAUGHTER AMONG THE FISH.—Yesterday evening some repairs had to be made in the Hog's Back locks, and the water was turned off for that purpose, leaving an immense number of fine fish at the mercy of the people who had gathered expecting some sport. As soon as the water was low enough the fun began, nets, sticks, spears and bags were at work at once, there were over fifty people spearing. Netting and spearing the fish in all parts of the locks. Several gentlemen were out from the city and returned with a good supply of fish. It is impossible to give anything like a correct statement of the number killed, but there must have been over five barrels full taken in the course of a couple of hours. They were of all kind found in the Rideau River, some of them maskinonge that would weigh as much as ten pounds, and a great quantity of large eels. The lockmen say there never was such a take in the Hogs Back locks before.

OTTAWA LITERARY & SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

A Special General Meeting will be held in the Lecture Room, Sparks street, on FRIDAY, the 20th MAY, instant, at 8 p m, for the election of a TREASURER in the room of MR OGILVY, resigned, and for other important business.

A full attendance is requested.

O KENNEDY, Secretary.

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT, Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1362a

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MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to WELLINGTON STREET, OVER SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, BY MRS. FRAZER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1309 b h

---

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the TIMES office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

FOR SALE,

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 13, 1870

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of

MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361tf

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given on every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS — BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS — LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS — SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS, Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.

Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.

GRACE EGERTON, (MRS. GEO. CASE)

—AND—

MR. GEO. CASE,

Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,

SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE

Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearances of these

ARTISTES,

As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan, California, and many parts of the United States with out unvarying success.

It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General

SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG

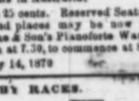
Were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 10. Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Pianoforte Warehouse. Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all, Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25; weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $30 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three 10 start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; each entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; each entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES.—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOVAS HUSTON, 1349* Secretary and Treasurer

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Pannella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French Imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable Sitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH, Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the Ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1166y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered a Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 1d

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 5, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st. CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY, Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357d

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ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his ope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8:30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1346d

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas, Ripe Pine Apples, A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas, Lillies, Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

WEST END.

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now shewing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indians and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets, in Black Saitars, Silk and Velveteen.
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS, WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN BLACK SILKS,

At 2s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 2s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

NEW PORK STORE,

Stall No. 10,

BY-WARD MARKET,

York street,

Having commenced in the above business shall keep constantly on hand

SUGAR CURED HAMS, SUGAR CURED BACON,

And a general assortment of such goods as are generally kept by Pork Dealers. As I have served my time with MRE IDLER, of Montreal and am well posted up in all appertaining to this business. Terms low.

HERMAN THORBAHN, 1361 3 —Proprietor.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870 Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street for business purposes, as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354d

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up as a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER PATS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember, RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

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THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer, Ottawa, 4 Russell Road Company

Time for securing Tender extended until FRIDAY, 20th instant.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1353d

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, 1353tf Rideau street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

IN THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE, AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 *Hospital-st., Montreal.*

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are no express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfied they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 80c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fin Gunpowder, 80c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddy sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased; JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

PENNER'S CIDER.

The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, Mutchmor & Co. 1359tf

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES]

	Times Office, Ottawa, May 19, 1870.		
FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 70	@	0 00
Peas " 60 lbs	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32½
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do	26 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	5 50	@	7 50
Mutton per lb	0 07	@	0 00
Geese Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 00
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 17	@	0 20
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45	@	0 50
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	12 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	5 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	4 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	2 50	@	3 00
Soft Wood	2 25	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	6 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 50	@	0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience proves that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the state of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c. &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1633tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

Mhabasay (?)

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1848d

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 30 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa, City

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 29, 1870 131-tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 30	10 30	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 2

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connection between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.25 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a m., and 8 45 p m., and at Annapolis at 2 30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals,

European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles,

Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 35 Rideau street.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the COURT OF REVISION for the Village of Richmond for the year, 1870, will be held in the Town Hall, in said Village, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of May next, at one o'clock, p m. All those concerned are required to attend.

THOMAS MILLER,
Village Clerk.

Village of Richmond, 26th April, 1870. 183

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1030 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

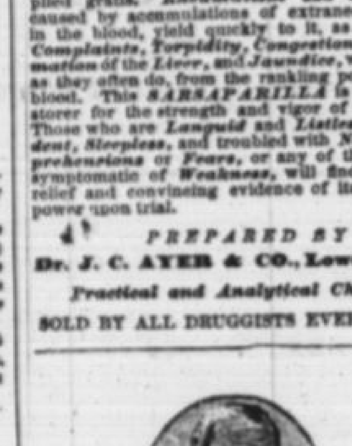
Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada.

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHAUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43.6m LAW & JOHNSTON

J. BAIRD, M D, CM, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c., Residence at J Bedard's, Camp, Ontario. 78 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st. opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

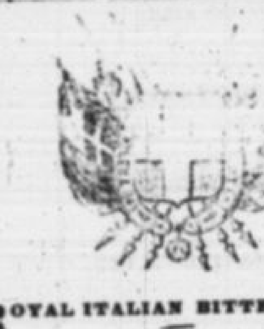
D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, and the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify to his giving full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

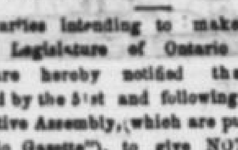
Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00
Halifax ... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00
Halifax ... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 00 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or WERNICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In ttawa

TRADE—MARK VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS.

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
157 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W B Massey, B. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. In awy

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1147tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

New 6

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,

OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

959y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

BRICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE

T. S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—R A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russel House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

711tf Wellington-st

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th. at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN MCDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.

1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Terms—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1275 3m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

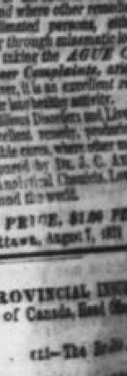
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of .577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of .450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of .500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of 450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m, and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

AUCTION SALE

OF A

VALUABLE IMPROVED FARM

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF OSGOODE,

IN THE

County of Carleton.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale,

On Friday, the 6th day of May, 1870,

at 12 o'clock, noon, at the UNION HOUSE HOTEL, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

LOT 1.

All and singular, those certain parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the West Half of Lot No. Twenty Nine, and the whole of Lot No Thirty, in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Osgoode, containing 300 acres of land, more or less; also that portion of the North West Quarter of Lot No. Thirty One, in the said Ninth Concession, of the said Township of Osgoode, described as follows:—Commencing Fifteen Chains on the North Side Line from the North West Corner, where a post is planted thence Ten Chains South in a parallel with the Concession Line to a post planted thence East to the centre of the River Twenty Five Chains to a post, the place of begining, containing 21 acres of land, more or less.

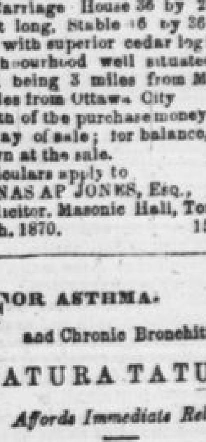
The soil is of good quality The land is watered by the Castor River running through most of it. 150 acres are cleared and under cultivation. There is a Two Story Frame Dwelling House lined with Brick 24 by 26, with Kitchen thereto, 14 feet square, on the farm, also a Frame Barn 36 by 52, Carriage House 36 by 26, and Cattle Shed 88 feet long, Stable 16 by 36. The land is well fenced with superior cedar log fences It is in a fine neighbourhood well situated as to roads and market, being 3 miles from Metcalfe Village, and 23 miles from Ottawa City

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Esq.,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto.

Toronto, 21st March. 1870. 15td



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

ened, falling hair ... ness often, though ... by its use. Nothing ... hair where the follicles ... or the glands atrophied ... But such as remain ... usefulness by this application ... of fouling the hair ... ment, it will keep it clean ... Its occasional use will ... from turning gray or falling ... consequently prevent ... from those deleterious ... make some preparations ... injurious to the hair ... only benefit but not harm ... merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be ... Containing neither oil ... not soil white cambric ... long on the hair, giving ... lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer ...

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL ...

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Ayer's Ague Cure

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent ... Chill Fever, ... Ague, Periodical ... and indeed all the affections ... from malarious, marsh ... poisons.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 133. | OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1870 | PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

FREESTONE BUILDING,

Sussex Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

December 28, 1869. 1236.t

[illegible] WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS.—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young [illegible] fresh and cheap.

COFFEE.—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on [illegible].

LIQUORS.—[illegible] Brandies; Renault & Co. Hennessy's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN.—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood [illegible].

WINES.—Sherries all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND [illegible] WHISKEY, [illegible] at extremely low prices. [illegible] and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and [illegible] Irish Whiskey. [illegible] Old Irish Potteen. [illegible] and London Porter, pts and qts. [illegible] and other Ales. [illegible] and Syrups, all grades. [illegible] prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

[illegible] or bar size. 1705

[illegible] TELEGRAPH COMPANY

[illegible] under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

[illegible] OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange [illegible], 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

[illegible], Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; [illegible] A THOMSON, T H DUNN. [illegible], Manager. 1141tf

---

[illegible] EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

[illegible], Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

[illegible] to on goods consigned for terms. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

[illegible] DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

[illegible] gentlemen can be accommodated [illegible] board and rooms. Gentlemen [illegible] the Capital will find superior accommodation [illegible] day or week at moderate terms. The house is situated in the immediate [illegible] of the Parliament Buildings and the [illegible]. 2191f

Educational.

[illegible] AND DEPORTMENT.

[illegible] Stewart having made arrangements [illegible] accomplished lady teacher, announces [illegible] Dancing Classes will commence on [illegible], the 22nd instant.

[illegible] particulars may be obtained on application [illegible] Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

[illegible] September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having [illegible] to divide his time equally between [illegible] and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his [illegible] patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, [illegible] to their orders for tuning more promptly [illegible]. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. [illegible] at Mr. Bermingham's Auction [illegible] at E. Miller Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at [illegible] Singing. Rideau street, corner of King street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

FARM FOR SALE.

A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the [illegible] Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
[illegible], Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

[illegible], April [illegible], 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

[illegible] FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

[illegible] Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

[illegible] the patronage of the Lumber Merchants [illegible] the Ottawa. From his long experience [illegible] he offers his services in engaging [illegible] attending to their rafts while passing [illegible] the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

[illegible], Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
[illegible], Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1334tf

[illegible] TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

[illegible] will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC [illegible] Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday [illegible] on and after Monday, the 25th April [illegible] purpose of giving thorough instruction in the [illegible] principles of music, especially as applied [illegible] the study of the PIANO FORTE under the [illegible] Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa [illegible] Society, formerly organist of the [illegible] of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of [illegible], Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. [illegible] for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a [illegible]. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. [illegible] class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

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Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware store.

LET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

U LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR

FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES

AT THE

AGENCY OF THE INDIA

—AND—

CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
[illegible]

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consigners, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for [illegible] rable

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OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evenig Star from Spain, Gazelle from Conac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Miss.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried," first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them, Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run by it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W. LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
and at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

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YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

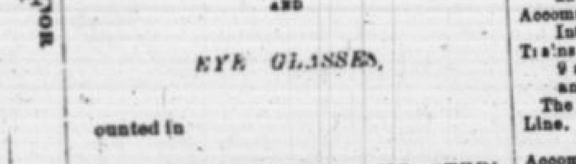
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES.



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks treet,
Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

---

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S.A.ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

MARCH 30. 1308-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

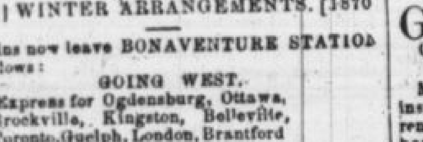
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving, Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8:30 a m
Night do do do do do	7:30 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	5:10 a m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:15 a m
Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at via Vermont Central.	4:30 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	5 a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

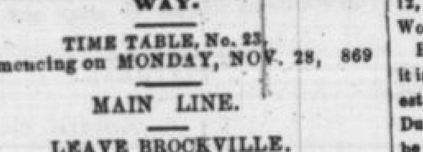
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.06 p m, [illegible] p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	5.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	5.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Auckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30					
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays.	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1 00 p m, 10 00 pm
Arrive........ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages o ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water.

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,'"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton,

WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.

WM H LEE
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy.

MINUTES OF COUNCIL.

22nd March, 1870.

The Council met. Present:—The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr, Elliott and Fetherston.

Communications from Dept. of Agriculture relative to immigration, from Toronto Eye and Ear Dispensary, showing terms of admission to that institution, also from Dept. of Public Works, relative to drainage of flooded, wet and marsh lands in the Township of Fitzroy, were presented and read.

Petitions from Alexander McFayden and Richard Monforte for tavern licenses were presented.

Moved by Mr. Mohr seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council grant the sum of eight dollars to defray the expense of bringing Mrs. Hogan from Hospital, as her case comes under the class incurable and that the Reeve give the bearer an order for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the Reeve give Mr. Monforte an order on the Treasurer for one dollar for removing dirt off bridge known as Hubbell's Bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott seconded by Mr. Mohr that the Reeve give Augustus Marshall an order on the Treasurer for thirty-five dollars, for the stringers on the bridge known as Hubbell's Bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the statute labour of lot No. 9, in the 7th concession be allowed to William Anderson, in consideration of his keeping the ditch on the East side of the concession line and thence to the Creek in good order for carrying off the water, for a period of three years.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council resumed; the same members present.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that the Inspector of Licenses be directed to inspect the houses and premises of Alexander McFayden and Richard Monforte. Inn-keepers.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that R. Harris be heard at the bar of this Council concerning school sections Nos. 2 and 3, in the Township of Fitzroy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Elliot that the Clerk be directed to give notice that all parties who have caused obstructions to the Carp and Mississippi, and other streams and water courses in the Township must remove the same, prior to the first day of April next, or they will be prosecuted as the law directs.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the question arising between S. S. Nos. 2 and 3 be laid over until the next sitting of this Council to enable the members of this Council to get some further information concerning the matter.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the Treasurer dispose of the Township funds in silver, now in his hands, in such manner as he may deem most to the interest of the corporation; provided it can be done at a discount not exceeding five per cent.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and second by Mr. Elliott that the Treasurer pay Mr. A. Riddel one dollar and fifty cents for plank supplied for the Mississippi Bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council accompanied by Mr. John Forbes, (appointed by the County Council for the purpose) do now inspect the Hubbell's Falls Bridge on the Mississippi.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Elliott that this corporation having in conjuction with Mr. John Forbes, inspected the Mississippi Bridge, at Hubbell's Falls, and the same having been completed in a satisfactory manner; the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer for the sum of one hundred and forty dollars for balance for work thereto.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do now adjourn until the seventh day of May next.—Carried.

Signed, ALLAN FRASER,
Reeve.
W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

MINUTES OF COUNCIL.

7th May, 1870.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present:—The Reeve, and Messrs. Mohr, Elliott, MacLaren and Fetherston.

The Minutes of last Session were read.

A petition from John Copps and others relative to changing the site of the Carp Bridge at Fitzroy Harbor was presented and read.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do appoint Inspectors to axamine the Bridge crossing the Chney, built by Mr. McCarthy, and said Inspectors be John Forbes, Archibald Riddel and D. S. Band Esqrs. and that they hand in their report to the Clerk of this Corporation.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Elliott that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, the same members present.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the By-law to appoint certain officers for the Township be now read first, second and third time and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By-law No. 200 read first second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do allow Edward Bishop to perform his statute labor on the sixth line of Fitzroy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that Edward Lunny be heard at the Bar of this Council in reference to S. S. Nos. two and three in the Township of Fitzroy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. Mohr that John and James Donaldson be allowed to perform their statute labor on the sixth line between lots No. 11 in Fitzroy.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council do now sit as the Revision Court, and that Mr MacLaren be Chairman of the said Court.—Carried.

COURT OF REVISION.

Moved by Mr. Elliot and seconded by Mr. Mohr that the Assessment Roll as now presented be passed by this Court.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Mohr that this Court do now adjourn.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. MacLaren that this Council do grant the sum of twelve dollars to repair the Bridge known as the Fourth line Bridge and that Mr. Joseph Halpenny superintend the laying out of the same.—Carried.

[illegible] TIMES is printed and published [illegible] the OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office [illegible] Centre Town, Ottawa. [illegible] Managing Director.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. MacLaren that the Reeve give F. O'Neil Esq. an order on the Treasurer for sixty dollars for services as assessor for the current year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this Council grant the sum of ten dollars to procure a scraper for Mr. Arthur Pigott's section, that Mr. Pigott take charge of the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer for ten dollars to pay for a scraper for the use of the road leading to Torbolton and adjoining sections, to be left in charge of Mr. MacLaren.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that the Clerk be directed to notify the Trustees of S. S. No. 3, that upon their engaging to release the occupants of 64, 9 in the 2nd Con., and lot 9 in 3rd Con., from liability to contribute to the erection of a new school House in said Section this corporation will annex said lots to said S. S. No. 3.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Fetherston and seconded by Mr. MacLaren that the Treasurer be requested to furnish this corporation with a statement of funds at their disposal, at their next Session.—Carried.

The report of the Inspectors appointed to examine the bridge built by James McCarthy was presented and read.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that this corporation pay James McCarthy one hundred and twenty-five dollars on account of building the bridge to the Island, the balance of the grant for the same, to be paid on the completion of the bridge as reported by Inspectors.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott and seconded by Mr. Fetherston that the Reeve give Mr. Bahen an order on the Treasurer for twelve dollars for performing the duties of tavern Inspector.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr. Elliott that this Council do now adjourn until the fourth day of June next.—Carried.

BY-LAW No. 200.

By-law to appoint certain officers for the Township of Fitzroy.

The corporation of the Township of Fitzroy enacts as follows;—

That the following persons be and they are hereby appointed to the under mentioned offices in the township of Fitzroy and that they severally hold the said offices and perform the duties thereof until their successors are appointed.

Pound Keepers: Donald McMillan, Charles Murphy, John McBride, John Forbes, Dunkin McLeod, Andrew Hawley Jr., James Shaw, Thomas Fraser, Jr., Thomas Bowes and Thomas May.

Fence Viewers: George Wilson, John Jeffrey, Joseph Halpenny, James Craig, Donald Dow, C. B. Wilson, Edward Owens, John Hanna, Robert Armstrong, John Moorhouse, William Wilson, William McGinley, Arthur Pigott, James Sillie and Patrick Gormon.

Overseers of Highways: Thomas May, William Whyte, Samuel Conn, John Goodwin, William Willis, Abraham Miller, William Gourlay, Ralph Jart, Richard Monforte, John Howe, William Latimer, George Moreton, Noble Dean, Hugh McDonald, William McGinley, John Moorhouse, James Murphy, Patrick Curry, Thomas Doolan, Edward Owens, John Forbes, William Hunt, William Dickson, Arthur Pigott, George Baird, Samuel Baird, Jr., James Turner, William Fulford, William Gormon, George Styles, William Sangford, James Richey, Henry Poole, Joseph Halpenny, Andrew Hawley, Jr., Thomas Fraser, Sr., Thomas Bahen, Harry J. Fripp, William Craig, John Hudson, Andre Dugeau, Francis Herrick, Martin Johnston, Patrick Lynch, John Lewis, William Cavanagh, Robert Armstrong, John Groves, Thomas Clark, John Moran (Island), Charles Murphy and Patrick Clark.

Given under the hand of the Reeve and seal of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, this seventh day of May A. D. 1870.

(Signed) ALLAN FRASER [L. S.]
Reeve.

W. P. Taylor
Township Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

[O]pening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Valuable Building Lots—A Rowe
Canada Life Assurance Company—A G Ramsay
Three Grand Excursions on the Queen's Birthday

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1870.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

There is a decided improvement in the state of Sir John A. Macdonald's health. He passed a very good day yesterday, and, for the first time since his recent attack, he feels some degree of returning strength.

We have no doubt this cheering news will be received with that pleasure, which it affords to us in giving it.

A MISCHIEVOUS LOYALIST.

The love of mischief is particularly remarkable in some people. It is a propensity as much innate to the individual as the poetic frenzy. There is at every public school some "Jumpy Jobson" of a little wretch, who pesters all the big boys and is a source of terror in addition to annoyance to all the smaller boys. The "Jumpy Jobsons" grow up and sometimes obtain by that force of impudence, which had grown with their growth, a degree of influence which neither their talent, energy, or attainments justify. The *Globe* is assuredly possessed by a "Jumpy Jobson." Continually brawling and ever in mischief for the mere love of it, he gathers round him every now and then an admiring crowd. The creature has redeeming qualities too. He takes generous fits, and that which would pass unnoticed in a quiet unobtrusive person attracts particular attention, and seems in him doubly good. The *Globe* created all the mischief at Red River by its assaults on his former colleague and political associate Mr McDougall, lent its great influence to President Riel & Co., stoutly maintained that the settlers at Red River were right in demanding a constitution, and insisted that the Government had committed a foul wrong upon both English and French settlers alike by sending out such a Governor as McDougall and such a staff of officials as he had about him, to take positions, which should have been accorded to the natives. Well, the result of all this was, that the French settlers took a "scunner" at McDougall, and the English settlers, who read the *Globe*, supposing that everything was fair, and right, and proper stood with folded arms, with the exception of a very few, who exhibited a degree of zeal, which made them odious at Red River, without obtaining for them consideration elsewhere. A very nice kind of a difficulty was created until matters were carried a little too far, when the *Globe* bawled out for peace, and would have despatched a very great army, carrying fire and desolation into the settlement, to create peace and submission after the manner of Napier at Magdala. Then "Jumpy Jobson" accused the French of being the authors of the row; and that being denied, and the accusation being made that "Jumpy" wanted to set the two races by the ears, "Jumpy" made another jump and declared positively that he never had any such intention, but that the rebellion must be put down, as a man had been killed, and matters had been carried much further than he either desired or anticipated. There were other political leaps by "Jumpy" and some "constitutional" ones too, but it is needless to go over them now, although it may be mentioned he could not stand the closing of the gates of the Sault Ste. Marie canal without a protest and some constitutional and patriotic remarks. He is at mischief again, however. While graciously alluding to the retention of a gold watch, the property of Mrs. Dr. Schultz by the Honorable Mr. O'Donohoe he tells his readers that New Brunswick entertains the bitterest feelings of anger and dissatisfaction about the duty on coal, and then chuckles over the prospect of a convention about to meet "in this Maritime Province" with a view to bother the Government, and expresses the hope that the end may be obtained without "perilling the integrity of the Dominion." "Jumpy" is perfectly crazy. He is delighted to hear that there is to be some loud grumbling in New Brunswick and then hopes that the integrity of the Dominion may not be imperilled. Now this is bad enough, in the general mischief line; but what will be thought of the very latest of the globular notions. It is simply that the "Loyal sufferers of Red River must be taken care of by the Government." There is no one, who would, in any measure, object to loyalty being rewarded. The *Globe* knows this, and he requires it to be said on behalf of the Government that so just a suggestion cannot or can be entertained. Here is a sample of the insidious reasoning of "Jumpy."

"Let then the claims for acknowledgment and compensation be drawn out and presented, and let the voice of the public proclaim unequivocally that these claims shall not be treated either with neglect or contempt. If the children of half-breeds up at Red River, and the half breeds themselves, are to be acknowledged and provided for simply because they have been born and are fathers' sons, we should think that men and women who have suffered severely because they have been faithful to Canada and Canadian institutions would not have to appeal in vain to the honour and justice of a Canadian Government and a Canadian people. No doubt Sovereigns have been proverbially unmindful of those who have suffered the loss of everything for their sakes, and their ingratitude has often been something absolutely wonderful. No doubt also free peoples have often strangely forgotten, in their hour of success, the heroes, martyrs and vindicators of their cause. The more necessary, however, that Canada should not add another illustration of this too prevalent tendency, but should show to the world that she knows both how to punish her enemies and to recognize and recompense the friends and adherents who have suffered, and done, and dared, not a little on her behalf."

Abstractly considered, all this is right enough. The *Globe* made a mistake, and local loyalty made a mistake, and the intended Lieutenant-Governor of Rupert's Land made a mistake, and there were blunderings at Ottawa, and blunderings in the *Globe* office, and discontent, and humiliation, and annoyance everywhere, until the passage of the Manitoba Act settled everything, and as some in such a settlement were left out in the cold the *Globe* insists upon throwing a wet blanket upon them—advocating their claims in such a way as to make sure of refusal—only for the sake of prophecying further mischief. Of one thing the *Globe* may rest assured, and that is that the Government of Canada will unhesitatingly mete out justice to all classes having claims upon the country which will bear scrutiny. The Parliament of the Dominion is open to all parties who have grievances to complain of, and rights to maintain. The right of petition has never been denied, and nobody need go to the wall, or will go to the wall, having a well-founded claim upon the people of this country for compensation. The compensation of sufferers in a just cause, at Red River, as elsewhere, will assuredly receive from the people's representatives the fullest possible consideration.

The Rink Music Hall.

Grace Egerton's second "drawing room entertainment" was even better attended than her first, and she acquitted herself to the undoubted satisfaction of all present. She was quite *au fait* in her different — and they were, indeed, very different—impersonations. Her "Girl of the Period" was a gem in itself; the "Wizard of the East" was most dexterously personified; and Mr. Reeves, with his plaguy collar and admirable tenor notes, created quite a sensation, as did "Captain De Boots", and last, but not least, the 'Boots' of the Inn.

Mr. Case's "Carnival of Venice" on the violin, was a masterpiece in execution and effect, and his concertina playing, imitatively and otherwise, much the best of any that we have ever heard upon that fine instrument.

To-night, is positively the last of the drawing room entertainments of these distinguished artistes, and we are quite convinced the house will be a bumper one, full to overflowing. Those who intend to go without pre-engaging seats should go early.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir:—If it is anything derogatory to the dignity of our City Fathers to pay some slight attention to the wants and wishes of the ratepayers of the city, I should like to know it.

Early last fall, it will be remembered that, at a great expense, a well was commenced and nearly finished in Vittoria Street, near the residence of E. McGillivray, Esq. This well was then represented by the members of Victoria Ward as an absolute necessity, and one that could not be dispensed with—one that the people of the neighborhood could not do without. Would you believe, sir, that after all the money laid out, "the great necessity for water," in that locality, said well is still entirely useless, *except as an eye sore* to the public, an obstruction to the street, and a monument of the carelessness and incapacity of the members representing Victoria Ward.

Strenuous efforts are now, and have been for some time past, making to saddle this already overtaxed city with costly water works. This, of course, is a question with which the ratepayers themselves are more particularly interested, but it cannot be denied that if the existing facilities in the city were utilized, and some slight attention paid, and with some little expense in repairing the present, and providing some few additional wells, a great deal of the inconvenience now felt would be remedied.

In conclusion, sir, these few hints are given in the hope that something might be done to remove, not only a very unsightly obstruction from one of our most public streets, but also give to the ratepayers of Victoria Ward the much needed, and oft asked for, benefit of a public well.

Yours, &c.,
A.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO

Toronto, May 19.

There are now wanted eighty-five men to complete the Quebec Battalion. Lieutenants Tetu and Rose, of this battalion, arrived yesterday.

All officers have reported, except the Major and two subordinates.

Companies D and C of the 6th Rifles are to proceed to Collingwood to-morrow morning, under the command of Captain Mortley.

A special to the *Globe* from Sault Ste Marie, says:—The *Chicora* arrived here at half-past ten, after a magnificent voyage. The troops are all well. They at once disembarked from the *Chicora* and marched to the Hudson Bay Fort, about a mile and a half from the village where they have encamped.

Sault Ste Marie, May 17.

This morning at one o'clock, Colonel Boulton, accompanied by Captain Wilson, Customs Officer, went across to the American side, and at once proceeded to the headquarters of troops stationed on that side. He immediately saw General Cook who has command of this district, and asked him as to the intentions of his Government with regard to the *Chicora*. The reply of General Cook was: My instructions are absolute; nothing whatever connected with the Red River expedition can pass the canal. I must, therefore, absolutely refuse to allow the *Chicora* to pass through. No written instructions were produced nor was it thought necessary to demand their production. The Colonel having retired got into the boat and returned to the wharf, where he communicated the result to Captain McLean, and the Captain being under his orders, was instructed by him to start home immediately. The canal master, Mr. Carleton, was not referred to, the whole matter resting in the hands of General Cook. The result was as generally anticipated, and the boat at once got up steam and left the wharf for Collingwood at 5 o'clock.

It had been determined to boat on the American side, but owing to the rumours that it would be refused, it was not attempted. It was also apprehended that an attempt at the detention of the *Chicora* might be made on some pretext or other.

The American authorities have refused supplies of bread, or aid in any way to the expedition.

The Chicora arrived at Collingwood on Monday evening. It has been definitely decided to abandon the route from the Lake of the Woods to Fort Garry, and follow, instead, the Winnipeg river into the Winnipeg Lake, and then up the river to Fort Garry.

The circuitous route is adopted in order to avoid the swamps of the direct route, which would be very disastrous to the health of the men, and would afford ample opportunity for skirmishing attacks on the troops.

The *Telegraph* says the Canadian Government, immediately on learning of the first stoppage of the *Chicora*, sent a remonstrance of complaint to the authorities at Washington in that document. Our Government stated that they had no intention of taking troops or war material through the canal, that the *Chicora* was loaded with an ordinary cargo of stores, and that no vessel should be prevented from passage through the canal, while having on board anything in the shape of munitions of war, and that they simply wished to use the canal as the American vessels use our canal. They remonstrated with the American authorities and showed that it was contrary to the policy we have always pursued towards them. This remonstrance had a decided effect. An order was at once sent from Washington to the authorities of the state of Michigan directing them to allow all British vessels to pass through the Canal as usual, provided they were not loaded with troops, or munitions of war. It is conjectured that the above order had not reached Sault Ste Marie on the 17th inst, when the *Chicora* was refused a passage.

A Masonic festival was organized by the city lodges last night, in honor of the Grand Master, A. A. Stevenson.

The Dunkin Act Association has been formed with the object of agitating for the adoption of the Dunkin Act at the polls. They held their first public meeting last night in the Temperance Hall, when addresses were delivered by Mr. J. A. McLeod Chamberlain, Rev. Mr. Gregg, E. M. Murphy, and E. Coatsworth.

QUEBEC.

Quebec, May 19.

Major Irvine and Captain Fraser, of the Red River volunteers, left by boat to-night.

A young girl of the highly respectable family of Lewis, was sent to the Reformatory of the Good Shepherds for three years.

The thermometer at 9 o'clock this morning stood 71 in the shade.

The French missionary already reported missing, and last seen on the road to St. Francois, has returned safe.

The Jesuit Barracks is to be given up to the new police on the 7th inst.

Four vessels arrived to-day from sea with general cargoes.

The steamer *Ganges* has just arrived this noon with 700 passengers, and was delayed in Quarantine on account of small pox being on board.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 19.

A few minutes past one o'clock, to-day, as the steamer *Berthier* was coming into the market wharf, and when passing close to the steamer *Terrebonne*, a man jumped from the *Berthier* to the latter boat, but missed his footing, and fell into the river and was drowned. His name is Charles Brodeur, jr aged 19 years, employed at the Bonsecours Market. The water police were dragging the river this afternoon for the body.

Flour very dull. Prices unchanged. Sales only in small parcels for the local trade.

English advices very unfavorable.

Greenbacks bought at 13½ to 18½ discount, and sold at 13. Silver bought at 6¼, and sold at 6.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

St. John, N. B., May 18

To-day being the anniversary of the landing of loyalists at St. John, salutes were fired by the volunteers and artillery from principal points in this city.

The harbour of Shediac still continues blocked with ice. Twenty-one sailing vessels and five steamers are now detained there. The steamers can get in, but cannot leave.

The flour market is firm; prices are unchanged.

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid cures toothache.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London.—The stakes for the boat race between Kelly and Renforth have already been deposited. The race will take place on the Tyne, on Monday next.

The Board of Trade, after a long hearing, have declined to reverse the judgment in the case of Capt. Eyre, of Bombay.

Valuable statuary in Christ Church, Oxford, was recently removed during the night, and burnt into lime. The [illegible] is severe against the perpetrators of the outrage.

The third yacht race between the American yacht *Sappho* and the English yacht *Cambria* was won by the former, as stated in a previous despatch. The evening edition of the *Times* has the following details of the contest: Both yachts were becalmed for a long time. The *Cambria* was the winner for the first twenty miles of the race which beat to windward and weathered the *Sappho* under Bencharch cliff. Between there and St. Catharines she backed to windward of her 14 times successively, in working along the island in short boards from St. Catherines to the mark steamer, completing the first side of triangle. The *Sappho* from her greater length fore-reached and weathered the *Cambria* doubling the mark 40 seconds ahead. Her interest in the race ended. The mark steamer had to take the *Cambria* in tow, as she drifted with the tide. A good breeze prevailed for the first score of miles. The struggle for the weather position occasioned considerable excitement. A dense fog prevailed during a great part of the time.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, alluding to the case of Capt. Eyre, of steamer *Bombay*, agrees with the *Times* on the propriety of his condemnation, and declares that the facts sustain a most unfavourable estimate of his conduct.

The evening journals concede the victory of the yacht *Sappho*, but the report of the press assertions awards the race to the *Cambria*, on the ground that the *Sappho* is obliged to allow time for the difference of the size, to the amount of five seconds per ton, by Ackers scale of measurement.

The Lord Mayor to-day, heard an epistolary complaint from British emigrants at Omaha, Nebraska. They set forth the misrepresentations by which they were induced to leave their country, and state they are unable to procure employment sufficient to provide food and shelter for themselves and their families.

The controversy on the discovery of the anaesthetic qualities of ether is becoming quite warm.

A writer in the *Times* says:—Chloroform was administered to the Queen, at the birth of Prince Alfred, in August 1844; two years before Dr. Morton's discovery.

London.—The House of Commons was engaged to-day in considering local bills—one protecting the earnings of married women was read twice. Another instituting equity of jurisdiction in such cases was lost.

Hon. C. P. Villiers has been made Chairman of the Select Committee of the House of Commons, appointed to investigate the property tenures of Monastic institutions.

A coroner's jury has found a man named Miller guilty of the murder of the Rev. Mr. Hulin Inchelsea.

Liverpool.—Two steamers sailed hence today with 1,300 passengers for New York.

London.—Unusual outrages are reported to have been committed at Naples and in the Island of Sardina. Brigands are charged with these crimes, but it is probable that political factions are responsible for their perpetration.

Moville.—The steamer *Anglia* from New York has arrived.

FRANCE.

Paris.—The Corps legislatif met to-day, and proceeded to count and verify the vote on the plebiscitum. When the result was declared, all the members received the announcement with shouts of vive L'Empereur.

Mr. Jules Liman approached the tribune and endeavored to make some observations, but the Chamber refused to hear him. Mr. Simon then submitted an interpellation on the manner in which the election had been conducted, and took his seat. The Chamber separated with renewed cries of Vive L'Empereur from the majority.

The last number of the *Marseillaise* seized to-day announced that it will *reappear* on the 8th of July, and that Rochefort will employ the interval of two months in writing a history of the lost empire.

The editors and directors of the *Reveil* have been condemned each to imprisonment for three months, and payment of one thousand francs fine.

The editors and directors of the *Rappel* have also been fined one thousand francs each.

Many persons, in addition to those previously condemned, have been convicted of participation in the late riots, and have received sentences of from 10 days to 3 months imprisonment.

The *Marseillaise* having appeared this morning as usual, it was promptly seized, as the judgement of the Court takes effect immediately.

The constitutional semi-official organ demands the setting aside of the banishment of Cerunshice, an Italian banker, on the ground that Government can now afford to be generous. The writer also calls attention to the signal services formerly rendered by Cerunshice.

Small pox spreading.

Troops have been sent to Veterbo to prevent bands of insurgents, who had rebelled against the Italian Government, from crossing into the Papal territory with arms in their hands.

Letters from Rome to the 16th inst., says: The French Bishops have all sent instructions to the clergy to chant a *Tedeum* for the fortunate issue of the vote of the *plebiscitum*. The French ambassador will have special service of praise celebrated in presence of the Bishops.

AUSTRIA.

Vienna—It is reported that Baron Van Beush, Prime Minister of Austria, and Count Androssy, Hungarian Premier, have agreed to forbid the publication of any decree of the Ecumenical Council, declaring the infallibility of the Pope.

It is re-asserted that the Austrian Bishops will vote with practical unanimity against the dogma.

A Democratic manifesto has been issued and signed by eminent members of the Reichsrath. It urges conciliation of nationalities and various liberal reforms in laws and administration.

CUBA.

Havana.—Captain General De Rodas has revoked his late order compelling persons going to the United States to give security to the amount of $500 that they will not engage in conspiracy against the Spanish Government.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Buffalo.—A meeting of the stock holders of the American and Colonial International Bridge Companies, was held at the Masonic House, in this city, this p.m., for the purpose of consolidating the stock of both companies. The meeting was harmonious and the Buffalo Railway Bridge Company was fully organized by the election of C. J. Bridges of Montreal President and the Hon. E. G. Spaulding of Buffalo, Vice President.

The bridge was fixed as required by law. The contract was concluded with C. S. Zowski & Co., for the construction of the bridge. The work is to be completed by the end of 1871. The bridge will be connected with all the railways on both sides of the Niagara River and will be of great benefit to the vast traffic between the east and west and cannot fail to be a very remunerative undertaking.

New York.—Arrived Steamers *Cuba* and *Erin* from Liverpool.

A terrible accident occurred yesterday forenoon on the Delaware Lockawana and Western Railway, near Meads Basin. A construction train was passing over the long trestle work over the Pogonne River when the timber gave way and precipitated the train into the river. The cars were smashed and several persons employees of the company were seriously injured. Two are reported to have been killed.

A series of fatal accidents have occurred on this bridge since the commencement of its construction.

Washington.—The Banking and Currency Committee yesterday agreed to report to the House a bill providing for $95,000,000 addition to the National Bank circulation for the cancellation of 45,000,000 of three per cent bonds and $40,000,000 of greenbacks, and providing a free banking system on a gold basis. This is precisely the same as the bill originally reported by General Garfield.

All amendments offered were voted down to prevent the national banks from discontinuance without withdrawing their circulation, and at the same time receive interest from the Government on the bonds deposited as security.

The Banking and Currency Committee have decided to present a bill to the House giving banks sixteen days in which to withdraw their circulation and return to the treasury, and at the expiration of that time to discontinue the interest.

This will prevent banks from securing the interest and avoiding the tax, &c.

In the Senate a bill was introduced by Mr Cassidy to facilitate the transmission of Asiatic, Australian and European merchandise to and across the territory of the United States and for other purposes.

The petition of the American Cable Co. for Government aid has been presented in both Houses of Congress, and referred to the Committee on Foreign affairs. This company proposes to lay a cable to the Azores, thence a branch to Lisbon and another to London, Havre, Amsterdam or Hague.

Upon the assurance of Minister Thornton that the expedition to the Red River country was of a friendly character, President Grant has given permission to send supplies through the Sault Ste Marie canal.

City of Mexico—Trinidad Garcea the revolutionary congressman has been turned over to the Court for trial. The revolution is nearly ended. The followers of Pedro Martinez about 500 strong, recently abandoned him, and surrendered to the Government.

Banditi Bravo is still in the field with 600 followers.

Patterson N. J.—The accident on the Deleware Lockawanna and Western Rail Road at Meads basin resulted in the injury of 8 persons besides the death of two.

St. Paul, Minn.—Nelson, Deputy Commissioner of Customs at Pembina, has arrived here. He left Pembina on the 8th, on the *International*, on which were several Canadians, who were leaving the Red River.

Two companies of U. S. infantry were *en route* from Abercrombie to Pembina, where they would arrive about May 15.

When the announcement of the arrest of Scott and Richot reached Fort Garry, there was much comment in high places. Riel, O'Donohue, and others, were indignant, and denounced Canadians. Riel tied up the *International*, but on receiving later news to the effect that Scott and Richot were released, and would have an interview with the Government, the steamer was released, and the excitement cooled down.

General Hancock investigated reports of Fenians concentrating at Duluth, and finds no grounds for the belief that an armed organization is being formed for the invasion of British soil. He will do all in his power to prevent a breach of the peace by Fenians, and other parties from this side.

THE COLONIES.

In some correspondence relating to the establishment of Responsible Government at the Cape of Good Hope, there appears the following despatch from Lord Granville to the Governor of the Cape Colony, Sir P. E. Woodhouse, K.C.B.:—

"Downing street, April 7.

"Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 17, of February 3, enclosing a memorial from persons residing in the eastern Province of the Cape of Good Hope, who are desirous that military protection may be continued to them at the expense of this country.

"The grounds of their request are that some 5,000 settlers were sent over to that province 50 years ago; that the colony, which already pays more than it can afford for its police and other defensive force, is unable to give that effectual protection which is necessary for the development of the resources of the district and the security of the inhabitants; that the Colonial Legislature does not regulate the policy of government in regard to the natives, for the consequences of which therefore, the Home Government are responsible; and that British Kaffraria has recently been added to the colony. They allege various other considerations to show that the continuance of military protection is required by the interest of this country, and add that they cheerfully acknowledge their obligation to contribute to the common defence.

"On the first of these reasons I have to observe that the introduction of 5,000 settlers was, in fact, not a diminution, but an increase of the defensive power of the colony, and that any claim to further advantages which the colony or the immigrants' representatives might found on this benefit as against the Imperial Government has been far more than satisfied by the defence of the colony for the last 50 years.

"On the second point, I do not doubt that the effectual protection of life and property is essential to the progress of the colony. I observe, however, that the memorialists estimate the white population at 200,000, and the cost of defence, including police, at £100,000, which, if the whole were paid by persons of European origin, would only amount to 10s. a head, and declare this sum to be 'a strain on the finances of the colony greater than it can bear.'

"But this is scarcely a good reason for shifting all further expenses on the inhabitants of Great Britain, who already pay 15s. a head for their own defence, independently of police, and whose condition is such that, in the judgment of the memorialists, large classes of Englishmen will better themselves by proceeding to the Cape.

"On the third point I have already informed you that the Home Government, far from being desirous of retaining its present control over the internal or external affairs of the colony, is only desirous that the Government, whether responsible or not, should be effective. And I must add that the memorialists' account of the present state of the native population, and the absence of any material native difficulties, sufficiently show that whatever objections may exist, in an Imperial point of view, to the past policy of the British Government (including the acquisition of British Kaffraria) the Cape Colony at least has no right to complain of it.

"I do not think it necessary to enter on those arguments which relate to the interests of this country; but I must observe, in conclusion, that although the memorialists cheerfully acknowledge their obligation to contribute to the common defence, the occasion for withdrawing the troops was, in fact, the omission of the Colonial Legislature either to accept a proposal to that effect made by Lord Carnarvon, or to make any other proposal of their own; and although Her Majesty's Government are not now prepared to make any such agreement as that contemplated by Lord Carnarvon, they have so deferred the withdrawal of the troops as to give the colony ample time to supply their place, and they intend, for the present at least, to leave a regiment in that colony.

"I have, &c,
"GRANVILLE."

England and Her Colonies.

In the British House of Commons, on the 26th ult, Mr. R. Torrens moved for a select Committee to inquire into the relations between the self-governing Colonies and the Mother Country. He condemned the indifference of the Government to Colonial connexion. Mr. Eastwick seconded the motion and took the same view of the matter. Mr. Monsell, on behalf of the Government, denied the allegations of the mover and seconder of the motion. He said:—

"England owed a duty to the world to maintain herself as a first-class Power, for without her colonies she would soon lose her power and influence. He, therefore supported the motion as the first step towards the consolidation of the empire."

Mr. Gladstone said:

"The object of the present Government was not to promote or hasten the separation of the colonists, but to develop the policy which had now for a long time been endorsed by public opinion and by actual experience. The only possible system was one of free and voluntary contact. The maintenance of this view was the best, and, indeed, the only means of indefinitely prolonging the possibility of separation."

Lord Bury's motion of the 'previous question,' was, however, carried and the matter dropped.

Why is a river the laziest thing in creation?—Because it is never seen out of its *bed!*

SCOTCH WORDS.

BY ROBERT LEIGHTON.

They speak in riddles north beyond the Tweed,
The plain, pure English they can deftly read;
Yet when without the book they come to speak,
Their lingo seems half English and half Greek.

Their jaws are *chafts!* their hands when closed are *neives;*

Their bread not cut in slices, but in *sheives;*
Their armpits are their *oxters;* palms are *luifs,*
Their men are *chields;* their timid fools are *cuifs;*
Their lads are *callants*, and their women *limmers;*
Good lasses dainty *queans*, and bad ones *limmers;*
They *thole* when they endure, *scart* when they *scratch*,
And when they give a sample it's a *swatch.*
Scolding is *flytin'*, and a long palaver
Is nothing but a *blether* or a *haver,*
This room they call the *butt*, and that the *ben*,
And when they do not they *dinna ken.*

On keen cold days they say the wind *blaws snell*
And when they wipe their nose they *dicht their bike;*
And they have words that Johnston could not spell,
As *umph'm* which means—anything you like,
While some though purely English and well known,
Have yet a Scotch meaning of their own.
To *prig's* to pleaded, beat down a thing in cost;
To *coft's* to purchase, and a cough's a *host;*
To *crack* is to converse; the *life's* the sky;
And *brains* are said to greet when children cry.
When lost, folk never ask the way they want
The *spier* the gate, and when they yawn they *gaunt;*
A flame's a *lowe;* a bridge is named a *brig,*
And a piece of crockery ware they call a *pig.*
Speaking of pigs, when Lady Delacour
Was on her celebrated Scottish tour,

One night, she made her quarters at the "Crown,"
The head inn of a well-known country town
The chambermaid, in lighting her to bed,
Before withdrawing, curtesied low and said—

"This night is cauld, my lady, wad ye please
To hae a pig i' the bed to warm yer taes?"

"A pig in bed to tease! What's that you say?
You are impertinent—away, away."

"Me impident! no, mem—I mean nae harm,
But just the greybeard pig to keep ye warm."

"Insolent hussy, to comfort me so!
This very instant shall your mistress know,
The bell—there's none, of course—go send her here."

"My mistress, mem, I dinna need no fear;
In sooth it was hersel' that bade me spier;
Nae insult ment; we thought ye wad be glad
On this cold night, to hae a pig i' the bed."

"Stay, girl—your words are strangely out of place,
And yet I see no insult in your face;
It is a custom in your country, then,
For ladies to have pigs in bed wi' them?"

"Oh, quite a custom wi' the gentles, mem—
Wi' gentle ladies, ay and gentlemen—
And, throth, if single, they would sairly miss
Their het pig on a cauldrif nicht like this."

"I've seen strange countries—but this surely beats
Their rudest makeshifts for a warming pan.
Suppose, my girl, I should adopt your plan,
You would not put the pig between the sheets."

"Surely, my lady, and nae itherware,
Please, mem, ye'll find it do the maist gude there."

"Fie, fie, 'twould dirty them, and if I keep
In fear of that, I know I could not sleep."

"Ye'll sleep far better, mem. Take my advice;
The night blaws snell—the sheets as cauld as ice;
I'll fetch ye up a fine, warm, cosy pig;
I'll mak' ye so comfortable and trig,
Wi' coortains, blankets, every kine o' hap,
And warrant ye to sleep as sound's a tap.
As for the fylin' o' the sheet—dear me,
The pig's as clean outside as a pig can be,
A weel-closed mouth's enough for ither folk,"
But if you like, I'll put it in a poke."

"But Effie—that's your name, I think you said—
Do yourself, now take a pig to bed?"

"Eh! nae mem, pigs are only for the great,
Wha lie on feather beds and sit up late,
Feathers and pigs are no for puir riff raff—
Me and my neiber lassie lie on cauff."

"What's that—a calf! If I your sense can gather,
You and the other lassie sleep together—
Two in a bed and the calf between—
That, I suppose, my girl, is what you mean?"

"Na, na, my lady,—'od ye're jokin' noo—
We sleep together, that is very true—
But nocht between us; we lie upon the *cauff.*"

"Well, well, my girl! I am surprised to hear
Such barbous customs—Effie, you may go;
As for the pig, I thank you, but—no, no—
Ha, Ha! good night—excuse me if I laugh—
I,d rather be without a pig and calf.

On the return of Lady Delacour,
She wrote a book about her northern tour,
Wherin the facts are graphically told,
That Scotch gentlefolks, when nights are cold,
Take into bed fat pigs to keep them warm—
While common folks who share their bed in halves—
Denied the rich comforts of the farm—
Can only warm their sheets with lean, cheap calves.—*Liverpool Mercury.*

APPOINTMENTS.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada,
Ottawa, 13th May, 1870.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:

The Honorable Edward Kenny, a member of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, to be Administrator of the Government of the Province of Nova Scotia, and to execute the Office and Functions of Lieutenant Governor during the absence of Lieutenant General Sir Charles Hastings Doyle, the Lieutenant Governor of the said Province.

The Honorable Edward Kenny, a member of the Queen's PrivyCouncil for Canada, and Administrator of the Government of the Province of Nova Scotia, to be his Deputy for the signing of Marriage Licenses in the said Province.

Militia General Orders.

Head Quarters, Ottawa, 17th May, 1870

General Order, (19).

ACTIVE MILITIA.

To be Chaplains to the two Battalions of Riflemen organized for service in the North West:

Reverend R. Steward Patterson, of Strathroy, in the County of Middlesex.

Reverend Father Marie Joseph Royer, of the City of Ottawa.

By command of His Excellency the Governor General.

P. ROBERTSON ROSS, Colonel.
Adjutant General of Militia, Canada.

Query—Will the "license to carry fire-arms" have to be taken out by those good-natured lads who carry Militiamen's rifles for them as they are returning to their billets?

As good as a feast—Jones says that an egg is quite sufficient for any meal, as it is always *un oeuf* (enough).

DREADFUL MURDER OF A RUSSIAN NOBLEMAN.

A Shameless Life and Tragic Death—The Body Packed in a Portmanteau—The Murderers sentenced to Imprisonment with Convict Labor, or Exile.

For many years the capital of Russia has not been the scene of a crime so horrible as the one perpetrated at the end of last year in the Sparsky Perevulock. That case, which has been watched at St. Petersburg and in the whole of the Russian Empire with an unexampled morbid anxiety, has just been judged by the Criminal Court of St. Petersburg with the assistance of jurymen. The new criminal procedure in Russia resembles very much the one used in France. On the very first day of the trial a compact crowd besieged the approaches of the Court. Although no special ticket of admission had been distributed, all the available places in the court were occupied as soon as eight o'clock in the morning, and an enormous crowd was stationed outside to get a glimpse at the prisoners. The President exhorted the jurymen to dispel every preconceived idea, and to give their verdict merely on the evidence adduced to the trial. Then the chief clerk read the act of accusation, which I translate *verbatim*:

"On the evening of the 19th of November, 1869, the superannuated court councillor, Nicholas de Zohn, went to the Nobility Club, which he left by ten o'clock. Since that time he was missed, in spite of the most active searches of the police. On the 1st of January of the present year an artisan of St. Petersburg, Alexander Ivanof, called at the office of the detective police, and declared that M. de Zohn had been killed in his presence during the night of the 7th or the 8th of November, in the house belonging to Tour, situated in the Sparsky Perevulok, and in the lodgings of Maxime Ivanof, a burgess of St. Petersburg; it was Maxime Ivanof who had committed the crime, with the assistance of persons living in his lodgings.

THE BODY IN A TRUNK.

M. de Zohn's corpse had been put in a trunk, and sent to Moscow by rail on the 8th of November.

"A telegram from Moscow confirmed that at the station of the Nicholas Railway there was a trunk which had not been claimed by anybody, and which had arrived on the 8th of November. That trunk having been opened, the corpse of a man was found in it. During the inquiries set about upon that crime, Alexander Ivanof, an artisan of St. Petersburg, the peasants Anthony Fratchief, and John Fedorof, and the woman Alexandre Ardeief, a native of Cronstadt, acknowledged having taken a part in the M. de Zohn's murder, while Daria Tourbine, the daughter of a soldier, avowed having concealed that crime.

"From the declaration of the above prisoners, it appears that in November, 1869, all of them together with Alexandra Semenof, the daughter of a non-commissioned officer, were living in the lodgings of Maxime Ivanhof, where Helena Dimtrief, a native of Veliki-Louky, used to come occasionally. Daria Tourbine was the mistress of Maxime Ivanof. Alexandra Ardeief, surnamed the Tall Sacha and Alexandra Semenoff, surnamed the little Sacha, were living upon prostitution. Maxime Ivanhof provided everything for them, and in exchange they gave to him the produce of their shameful calling. The other persons were following no regular occupation. Maxime Ivanhof on several occasions expressed a wish to poison and then rob some of the men who were visiting his place with prostitutes. Moreover, he made experiment on cats and dogs by poisoning them with solutions of nitrate of silver and cyanide of potassium.

A TERRIBLE BARGAIN.

"On the 7th of November Maxime Ivanhof, Daria Tourbine, Alexandra Ardelef, and Alexandra Semenof, went to the Eldorado, where they met with M. de Zohn, who was acquainted with Maxime Ivanhof, whose place he frequented. On account of Alexandra Semenof, Maxime Ivanhof told M. de Zohn that he had at his place a young virgin, Helena Dimtrief, and offered to give her to him for 30 roubles. M. de Zohn accepted the proposal. Then all of them went to Maxime Ivanhof's; firstly, Maxime Ivanhof, to let the people know who remained at his place how matters stood, and also to Helena; then Alexandra Ardelef and de Zohn, lastly Daria Tourbine and Alexandra Semenof. M. de Zohn was nearly tipsy. At Maxime Ivanhof's all, including Helena Dimtrief, sat down in the drawing-room round a table, and drank brandy and wine which Anthony Gratchet had bought with the money M. de Zohn had given to Alexandra Ardelef. Alexandra Semenof, who was drunk, left and went to *sleep in the kitchen.* Maxime Ivanhof tried to *inebriate* Helena Dimtrief.

ROBBING THE NOBLEMAN.

"When the party was drinking, Maxime Ivanhof went several times to the kitchen, and said to Alexander Ivanhof, Antony Gratchet and John Federof that De Zohn ought to be poisoned; then he called Alexandra Ardelef and ordered her to ascertain if De Zohn had any money with him. A few minutes after that woman entered the drawing-room and said that M. de Zohn had no money, and that he could not pay Helena Dimtrief. De Zohn asserted the contrary, proposed a bet, and took out his money from his pocket. He reckoned fifty roubles; as to the remainder he had with him he did not reckon it, and he went into a bed-room with Alexandra Ardelef and went to bed. At that moment Alexandra Ardelef took the money M. de Zohn had in his trousers, left the bed-room, and gave it to Maxime Ivanhof. M. de Zohn, upon perceiving that Alexandra Ardelef had not returned, prepared to leave the house. Then Maxime Ivanhof proposed to Alexander Ivanhof, Anthony Gratchet, and John Federof to murder M. de Zohn; but Daria Tourbine answered that it was enough having robbed him of his money.

Meantime M. de Zohn left the place. However, he came again a few minutes afterwards on finding that he had been robbed, and requested Maxime Ivanof to return the money to him willingly, menacing him that in case of refusal he would fetch the police and make scandal. Maxime Ivanof answered that the money was safe—that it was a lark, and invited him to drink as a token of reconciliation.

THE POISONING AND MURDER.

"M. de Zohn, who was drunk, sat on the divan without taking off his fur coat. Maxime Ivanof ran to the kitchen, said that it was not any longer possible to allow M. de Zohn to go out, and with Alexandra Ardeief's assistance he poured into a copper mug some cyanide of potassium dissolved in a glass bottle. Alexandra Ardeief presented that mug to M. de Zohn and told him to drink out of it; but he refused, saying there was poison in it. Then Alexandria Ardelef took a draught from her own mug, and said, 'What a farce! Poison, do you say? Look how I drink myself.' Then she offered to M. de Zohn the mug containing the poison. He had but drank a gulp when he fell on the divan, murmuring, 'Maxime Ivanof, you have poisoned me?'

'Then Maxime Ivanof ran again to the kitchen, and said, 'It is ended; my children you can come.' Alexandria Ivanof, Anthony Gratchef, and John Fodorof entered the drawing room; Maxime Ivanof poured poison into a small wine-glass, and introduced a small dose of it into M. de Zohn's mouth, which Alexandria Ardelof held open forcibly. Then Maxime Ivanof ordered John Federof to pass round M. de Zohn's neck a leather strap prepared for the occasion, and pull it with all his strength. M. de Zohn sank on the carpet, but tried to get up, meantime looking most strangely at all his murderers. Maxime Ivanof said to him, 'Sleep, refresh yourself sir.' At the very moment Alexandria Ivanof threw a woolen plaid upon his head, and John Federof, who brought an iron from the kitchen, began to beat M. de Zohn's head and chest with it. During that time Gratchet was pulling the leather thong round M. deZohn's neck with all his might, and Maxime Ivanof was holding his feet, and prescribed to the others what they were to do. Meantime, Alexandra Ardeief played on the piano and sang, in order to deaden M. de Zohn's cries, should he be able to do so. Daria Tourbine was at the drawing room door, and took no part in the murder. She fainted, and then tried to run away, but was prevented from leaving. Alexander Semeof and Helena Dimtrief were asleep.

DISPOSAL OF THE BODY.

"After the assassins had made sure that M. de Zohn was dead, they stripped him and washed out the marks of blood; then they carried the corpse into the bedroom and shut it in.

'The next day Maxime Ivanof and Alexander Ivanof sold the garments of M. de Zohn at the Apraxin and Alexander [illegible] fur coat, a fur cap, a coat, [illegible] gold watch, a pair of eye-glasses, [illegible] pin, &c. Afterwards they bought a portmanteau of yellow leather, in which de Zohn's corpse was placed by [illegible] Gratchef and John Federof, in [illegible] Ardeief's presence. The corpse was [illegible] in a shirt, a waistcoat, a pa[illegible] a black neckerchief. The [illegible] still tied round the neck. The [illegible] in the portmanteau were [illegible] and hemp; it was tied up with [illegible] which they affixed many seals [illegible] The produce of the sale of M. de Zohn's [illegible] was divided by Maxime Ivanof [illegible] companions of the crime, [illegible] bles 30 copecks each [illegible] Maxime Ivanof, every [illegible] roubles to John Federof, who was [illegible] the corpse to Moscow, there to [illegible] any way. In the evening the [illegible] containing the corpse was brought [illegible] to the station of the Nicholas Railway [illegible] Federof accompanied the [illegible] he was followed by Maxime Ivanof [illegible] ander Ivanof. It was forwarded [illegible] assumed name of Koltsof. As [illegible] ime Ivanof came back home he [illegible] ceipt of the railway. The same [illegible] Maxime Ivanof went to the Eldorado [illegible] with a lot of women."

THE DEFENCE.

The trial, almost without precedent [illegible] criminal annals of Russia, has been [illegible] to a conclusion after several days [illegible] ination and cross examination of [illegible] nesses.

M. Orsenief, one of the most [illegible] bers of the St. Petersburg bar, defended [illegible] ime Ivanof. In a very eloquent [illegible] tried to show that the crime was not [illegible] itated, and forcibly remarked that [illegible] other prisoners were trying to put the [illegible] at his door.

M. Spassovitch, another eminent member of the St. Petersburg bar, was the counsel [illegible] Alexandra Ardeief. He expatiated [illegible] foulness of the crime; he assured that [illegible] Ivanof was the principal author [illegible] Spassovitch found in the conditions [illegible] the inhabitants of the [illegible] Tour houses were placed, and [illegible] tender age of Maxime Ivanof [illegible] the proof that Maxime Ivanof [illegible] gator of the crime. Then [illegible] sketched with a telling eloquence [illegible] Alexandra Ardeief, and depicted [illegible] condition of those lost women, [illegible] moral feeling, because so ignorant [illegible] bauched. Alexandra Ardeief was [illegible] her moral condition, which had rendered [illegible] absolutely passive and irresponsible, [illegible] larly diminished the charges brought against her.

THE VERDICT AND SENTENCE.

The defence was brought to a close [illegible] the evening. Then the President [illegible] summing up. At midnight the jury [illegible] to deliberate on the sixteen questions [illegible] them by the court. They came back at [illegible] in the morning. They found that Maxime Ivanoff was the principal author of the murder, with intent to rob the victim, but without premeditation; they found that Alexandra Ardeief, Alexander Ivanof, John Federof and Anthony Gratchef were accomplices of the crime; they found that Daria Tourbine was guilty of not having denounced that [illegible] Moreover, the jury found extenuating circumstances in favor Alexandra Ardeief, and John Federof; their opinion was that [illegible] thony Gratchef had not acted with full knowledge, on account of his age,—he is only [illegible] teen. As to the prisoners Alexander [illegible] Alexandra Ardeief, Anthony Gratchef, and Daria Tourbine, all of them [illegible] were induced to commit the crime by a person of age. The jury answered negatively upon the question of collective premeditation.

The court, after having deliberated [illegible] two hours, pronounced their judgment [illegible] ime and Alexander Ivanof, John Federof, Alexandra Ardeief, were sentenced to [illegible] all their civil rights; moreover, Maxime Ivanof was sentenced to twelve years of [illegible] labor in fortresses; Alexander Ivanof [illegible] John Federof to four years of hard [illegible] the mines; Alexander Ardeief to be [illegible] to the most distant region of Siberia [illegible] thony Gratchef to three years' imprisonment and Daria Tourbine to eight months [illegible]

When the judgment was pronounced [illegible] ime Ivanof was very pale and [illegible] other prisoners heard their [illegible] calmness, and said they acknowledged the justice of the verdict.

Captured by Brigands.

Correspondence of the London [illegible]

Having lately had a visit from [illegible] Greek, just escaped from the [illegible] the brigands in the mountains of Thessaly, I think it will [illegible] uninteresting to your readers [illegible] give a short account of his capture, captivity, and escape. He is one of [illegible] thers, possessors of coasting [illegible] inhabitants of Kariza, a village at the foot of Mount Ossa. It [illegible] two of his brothers and another [illegible] of Kariza were returning to [illegible] from the sea-coast a walk of [illegible] They had got about half-way, [illegible] reached a spot romantic in its [illegible] ude and abounding in rocks and [illegible] when they were suddenly surrounded by eight brigands, who appeared as if [illegible] from their hiding places, armed to the teeth—this well known phrase in [illegible] being literally verified, as they carried their swords between the [illegible] ready for action, in case their guns they held in their hands levelled [illegible] victims should miss fire, or prove insufficient for their deadly work should resistance be made. In this case [illegible] it was impossible, as only one of the [illegible] thers had a revolver, which was [illegible] with shot instead of ball. The [illegible] forthwith despoiled them of [illegible] they had in their possession, [illegible] prisoners of two of them—viz. [illegible] est brother, aged 21 years, as they [illegible] would be able to walk the best, [illegible] companion of the brother [illegible] years.

There seems to have been some [illegible] in the family of the elder of the [illegible] in thus falling into the hands of the brigands, as about ten years ago his father [illegible] in the church of Kariza, with the [illegible] part of the villagers, when it was [illegible] ed by brigands. In trying to [illegible] escape, as, being about the richest [illegible] in the village, he feared being taken prisoner, he fled to the roof of the [illegible] and was there shot by the brigands [illegible] nevertheless, got a good ransom [illegible] the brother of the victim [illegible] at the time of what had occurred [illegible] years after this event the [illegible] been thus duped and [illegible] so much money, and [illegible] the family very much in [illegible] was taken prisoner by the brigands [illegible] not being satisfied with the [illegible] them as a ransom, cut off half [illegible] his ears.

The captors with their two prisoners made their escape to the [illegible] neighbourhood, and for two days and [illegible] their flight night and day and [illegible] more days they did not rest [illegible] During this time they managed to [illegible] the rocky heights of Mount Othrys [illegible] form the frontiers of Greece and [illegible] where they remained in [illegible] rity for 18 days. I am informed [illegible] other brigands who infest [illegible] mountains in parties of twelve [illegible] five, amounting in all to about [illegible] dred. The brigands lived [illegible] mountainous retreat. Lamb and [illegible] which they roasted by their fires [illegible] other fruit, milk, wine, &c., [illegible] daily fare, and in the evening [illegible] their robber songs, and seemed [illegible] themselves very much in [illegible] abode. The two prisoners were [illegible] night and day, but not so as to [illegible] their walking; otherwise they were [illegible] treated, with the exception of [illegible] threats that the brigands [illegible] they would carry out if the [illegible] not paid. They at first demanded [illegible] liras—1,000 liras from each [illegible] brothers—as ransom for the [illegible] the prisoners, but afterwards [illegible] their demand to 2,000 liras [illegible] informed the brothers at Kariza by [illegible] threatening to cut off the ears [illegible] their prisoner if they did not comply [illegible]

TIGHT BINDING

their demand. Before the answer came, and after the prisoners had been twenty-two days with their inexorable captors, it appears one night, having probably drunk more wine than usual, they became very drowsy and slept soundly, those who were on watch not excepted. The younger and more vigorous captive, pretending at first to sleep soundly, now seized upon the opportunity, and made his escape to Army-os, where a friendly hand cut his bonds, and whence he proceeded to Volo on horseback. Having previously informed his brothers of his escape, and of the unfortunate drowsiness of his fellow prisoner, who still remained with his captors, and for whom they demanded 1,000 lires as a ransom, he left Volo by steamer for Salonica, where he arrived on Friday, the 1st inst., and visited his relations there—the family with whom I am now residing.

LOCAL NEWS

THE MURDER NEAR THE CARP VILLAGE.

An ill feeling arose between the two brothers, John and George Dorning, last Monday, through George hiding a bottle of liquor from John; they had a quarrel over it, and were on bad terms up to the time of the murder. On Wednesday, while cleaning some grain in the barn, John asked George again for the liquor, and he refused to give it up; some high words arose between them and George picked up an axe and chased John round the barn a couple of times with it, being unable to catch him he threw the axe at him. John then picked up a pitchfork handle and struck George on the head with it, knocking him down with the blow, he then gave him another blow with all the force which passion gives, and in a few moments his brother was a lifeless corpse before him, and himself a murderer. This happened at about three o'clock in the afternoon. A warrant was taken out for John, and he was taken prisoner by two constables. They kept him in his own house all Wednesday night. Yesterday he asked leave to go into a back room to where his sister was. He went in and his sister handed him a revolver and told him to fly, at the same time throwing up the window. The wretched man leaped through, and in a minute was off towards the woods. The constables mounted him directly, and started in pursuit; one of them caught up to the murderer and would have taken him, but he drew the revolver and swore he would shoot him if he laid a hand on him; he then started into the woods and has not been seen since. The police are out looking for him on all sides, and he will have a poor chance of escape.

At an early hour this morning there was no tidings of his re-arrest.

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

WITHDRAWAL.—It is rumored that Lieutenant Wolf of the O. B. G. A., is about to resign.

Sandford Fleming and Staff will shortly proceed to Halifax, where they will spend the summer.

FOR HOME.—Dr. Schultz and Mr. Monkman, we understand, will leave on Saturday for their distant homes.

EXPEDITION.—Major Strathfield is to hold himself in readiness to accompany the detachment of the 60th Rifles on the expeditions to the North West, and will act as paymaster.

Those men (musicians preferred) who wish to join the bands of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery, will muster at the drill shed this, Friday evening, at 7:30.

Fine of this season's Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, &c., &c., at J. B. Buss & Co's, 21 Rideau street.

Another Case of Jackets; extraordinary value; good styles, and well made cloth 5s 9d, and 7s. 6d.; velveteen 10s. and 15s.; silk 17s. 6d. and 20s. at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

THE 60TH RIFLES.—The men received orders to be prepared at eight o'clock. They had all their traps packed up yesterday at noon. The band instruments, it is said, will not be unpacked till the expedition reaches Collingwood.

The frame cottage belonging to Mr. Martin, on the corner of Rideau and Dalhousie streets, is being removed, to make way for a large brick building that is to be erected immediately on the corner for a flour store.

THE OTTAWA FIELD BATTERY were practiced at riding drill in the drill shed yesterday afternoon. There will be a full turn out today, with guns, horses and men. They are preparing for a display on the 24th.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—A meeting of the members of the above Society will be held to-morrow evening for the purpose of electing a Treasurer to fill the position vacated by the resignation of Mr. Ogilvie.

A load of hay was upset on Rideau street yesterday, by the linch pin coming out of the axletree and letting the hind wheel of the waggon roll off. To make matters worse, it happened at the part of the street where two-thirds of the road was obstructed by a drain that is being made out to the main sewer.

AUCTION SALE.—To parties wishing to purchase a valuable site for building an opportunity will be given on the 31st inst., by Mr. Rowe, who will sell by auction, on that day, at the Union House, Lot No. 10, Gloucester Street. See advertisement.

BRITISH GARRISON ARTILLERY.—The Brigade will parade this evening at half-past seven o'clock. As this is the last parade before the Queen's Birthday, it is hoped that all the men will attend. New uniforms will be served out to Batteries Nos. 1 and 2. The men of these Batteries must bring in their old uniforms, before the new ones are given out.

FIRECRACKERS.—A serious fire was very nearly caused by some boys who were playing with firecrackers in George Street. The youngsters thoughtlessly threw some of the lighted firecrackers against a house belonging to Mr. Hickey, and set it on fire. Several of the clapboards had to be torn off before the fire could be put out.

We would call the attention of the authorities to the filthy condition of the road at the corner of York and Cumberland streets. A large pool of slimy, green, stagnant water which has remained there since the flood in the spring, now sends up a stench that is enough to poison the neighbourhood, and if not attended to very soon will give the doctors something to do. The smell that arises from the pool since the warm weather has commenced is sickening and very suggestive of fever.

POLICE COURT—Yesterday—Jane Recraft, charged with being drunk and disorderly in the public streets; as it was her first offence she was discharged.

Toussaint La Hayes and his wife and Mary Tetreger were charged with breach of the peace and keeping a disorderly house to the annoyance of their neighbors. The police had found La Hayes lying drunk on his bed, and his wife and the other woman beating him with a broom stick and a smoothing iron. La Hayes was discharged, and the two women were sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment with hard labor.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.—By reference to an advertisement in another column it will be seen that the proprietors of the *Alexandria*, always awake to the wishes of the people of the Capital, will make three grand excursions down the Ottawa, on the 24th, with that beautiful and commodious steamer, giving an opportunity to all so inclined to enjoy a pleasant day away from the *bruit* and turmoil of the city. The reputation of the *Alexandria* is too well established to need any commendation from us. Every comfort as usual will be afforded, and while the charming scenery of the Ottawa will entertain the eye, the ravishing strains of Gowan's band will feast the ear. Music on the waters and picturesque scenery on either side! Who will not profit by the rare opportunity!

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS

—ON—

GLOUCESTER STREET,

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by auction at the UNION HOUSE in the City of Ottawa on TUESDAY, 31st of MAY, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, or immediately after the sale of lots on Sparks and Queen st., lot No. 10 Gloucester-st., being 74 feet front by 226 feet deep well adapted for building purposes, or for a garden, as the soil is excellent, and in a good location. Terms 10 per cent. of the purchase money down at the time of sale. The balance in seven years secured by mortgage, paying interest.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 19, 1870 1363d

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R M HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

THREE GRAND EXCURSIONS.

Will be given down the

OTTAWA RIVER,

In the splendid steamer

"ALEXANDRIA,"

—WITH—

GOWAN'S CELEBRATED BAND.

1st to start at 8.30 o'clock a. m.

2nd to start at one o'clock p. m.

3rd to start at 5 o'clock p. m.

For full particulars see posters.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1363l

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of

MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS.

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,

Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361f

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above. A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

MUSIC HALL, OTTAWA.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, May, 18th, 19th and 20th.

Entire Change of Performance Each Evening.

GRACE EGERTON,

(MRS. GEO. CASE)

—AND—

MR. GEO. CASE,

Will have the honour of appearing as above in that attractive ENTERTAINMENT,

SKETCHES OF ODD PEOPLE

Rendered so Popular throughout the Western Towns and Cities of Canada and performed to crowded enthusiastic audiences. This is positively the only appearances of these

ARTISTES,

As they are returning to England after an absence of six years, during which time they have presented their entertainment throughout Australia, New Zealand, India, China, Japan, California, and many parts of the United States with out unvarying success.

It is gratifying to announce that His Excellency the Governor General

SIR JOHN YOUNG with LADY YOUNG

Were present at two of GRACE EGERTON'S entertainments in Australia.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50.

Tickets and places may be now secured at Messrs. Orme & Son's Pianoforte Warehouse.

Doors open at 7.30, to commence at 8.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1358d

WHITBY RACES. 1870. 1870.

The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs, a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to Lurness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three 10 start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the name of owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer

1369*

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competion.

GEORGE MURPHY,

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only 81c per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH } 70cts
WOVE } 70cts } a decided bargain
CORSETTS } 70cts

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH, Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the Ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered a Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1334 10

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRAZER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be commodated with board or rooms without boa. 1360 b

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good artistic, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1335 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st.

CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357d

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his ope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1356 1m

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1346f

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,

Ripe Fine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,

Lillies,

Lemon Plants, &c, &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indians and Black Lace

New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteen

New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.

New Parasols and Sunshades

New Flowers and Feathers,

New Straw Goods, a large assortment

New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades

New Crepes and Arcophanes

New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace and Muslin Ties

New Laces and Lace Falls

New Sewed Edgings and Insertions

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value

New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons

New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns

New Linen and Cotton Diapers

New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands

New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached

New Table Covers and Napkins

New Towels and Towellings

New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes

New Printed and Fancy Flannels

New Shirting Winceys

New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing

New Cotton and Merino Socks

New White Dress Shirts

New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles

New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts

New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves

New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 3d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

NEW PORK STORE,

Stall No. 10,

BY-WARD MARKET,

York street,

Having commenced in the above business shall keep constantly on hand

SUGAR CURED HAMS, SUGAR CURED BACON,

And a general assortment of such goods as are generally kept by Pork Dealers. As I have served my time with Mr E IDLER, of Montreal and am well posted up in all appertaining to this business. Terms low.

HERMAN THORBAHN, Proprietor.

1361 3

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870 Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent. of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE. Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Gentral Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up as a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Handwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESS-MAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

PENNER'S CIDER.

The subscriber havings been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates,

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice 15 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Barkets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passe ger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $5.00. Terms payable in advance

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1358f

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at the office of the above Company until FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for Macadamizing five miles of road, commencing at the East end of the Rideau Bridge.

Profile and specification to be seen at this office.

The Company will not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer, Ottawa, & Russell Road Company

Time for securing Tender extended until FRIDAY, 20th instant.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1353d

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant, a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1362a

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Supplied expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 20, '870.

The Market—THURSDAY—Was very well supplied considering how busy the farmers are at this season of the year. Butter is getting more plentiful, and a choice article sells at once at 25 cents per lb. There was no pork on the market since Monday last. Sheep sell from $3 to $7 each alive, by the quarter 10 cents per lb. Lambs from $2 to $2.50 each. There was a good supply of veal selling from 6 cents to 7 cents per lb. Hay was plenty, and buyers were particular as to the quality. First class timothy sold for $11 per ton. No wood brought in at present.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00 @	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75 @	5 00
No. 1	4 75 @	5 00
No. 2	0 00 @	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	2 62½ @	2 75
" Spring "	2 50 @	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	4 50 @	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50 @	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00 @	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75 @	0 00
ASHES—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00 @	1 10
Spring " "	1 00 @	0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65 @	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65 @	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35 @	0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25 @	0 00
PORK—Mess—per barrel	27 00 @	27 50
Prime Mess per do	22 00 @	00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50 @	9 00
Hams	0 13 @	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00 @	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10 @	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45 @	0 00
Turkeys	0 75 @	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45 @	0 70
Ducks	0 40 @	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23 @	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20 @	0 21
No. 2	0 00 @	0 00
EGGS	0 12½ @	0 10
APPLES—per brl	3 50 @	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 45 @	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00 @	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00 @	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00 @	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00 @	0 00
Tamarac	0 00 @	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00 @	0 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00 @	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50 @	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50 @	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00 @	0 00

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. E. DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel intention of what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. Any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should at it does, have every security the law can afford from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ask

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of the People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 2m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A hand-somely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. L. Apless, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN AND WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and Lewis & PINSEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rosseliers	4 15	10 15	8 30
Gloucester	4 50	10 50	9 00
Ottawa			

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rosseliers	7 45	1 55	0 0
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

NOTICE.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PARLIAMENTARY TRAIN.

The TRAINS leaving

PRESCOTT AT SIX P. M.,

—AND—

OTTAWA AT TEN P. M.,

Which are run for the convenience of the public during the sitting of Parliament only, will be discontinued after SATURDAY, the 15th inst.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1337 2

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connexion with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 3.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285 3 y

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1322 3m

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 2 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 2m WM RALPHENNY.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more efficacious remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cures them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cases are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their power and virtue on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the outside, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers**, they should be taken liberally to cleanse the first passages, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery or Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it generally produces the desired effect by sympathy.

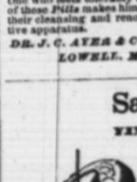
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FOR THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the fact need scarcely need to be mentioned to the virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unsuspected tenant of the organic structure undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the lungs, tubercles may be actively deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Since the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Uterine* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilitic or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating influence. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising from this cause, or retaining poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Lifeless*, suffering from *debility, dyspepsia*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and unmistakeable evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

MESSRS. URQUHART, SLAIN & SILLS, CONWAY P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ankles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870 1335 6

CHUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL, Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

LAW & JOHNSTON 43,6m

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 84 Rideau street.

Legal Cards.

MCLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q, (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on Improved Security.

MCKEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS MCKEFER, REES EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 394tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 51y

R. St. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS, *York street, near the Market.*

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chaney's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Reilly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, 1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 31st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td law.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or HENRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In Ottawa

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE AND WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 5s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855, First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and invigorating wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired property. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

law

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners. There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and other buildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'GRADY, on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT.

March. Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1337 d 24 2

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street.....Halifax, N.S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with *EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.*

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort; 969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season. will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* 292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Allan, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c., Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

*The Stock now on hand is the LARGE

The Times

VOL V. NO. 134. | OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1870. | PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
BENNETT'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1236.t

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising *Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt.* Also. *Bordeaux and Sher Vinegars.*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.
TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co. Hennessy, Pipers and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES— Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY
bought proof and ... at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Kinahan's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
... and other Ales.
Syrups and Syrups, all grades.
... prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE
SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE
PERCENT BELOW COST.
... in the time or bar sins. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange. Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... FOOTE; A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
... HAMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Flour, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Consignments on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases.
R. M. EASTON

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... banks. 2191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on ... the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to ... their orders for tuning more promptly ... Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miles' Music Store.
GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

FARM FOR SALE.
A valuable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the ... Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with Hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of Cedar and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.
Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will supply all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.
CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,
H LAPIERRE, Solicitor, Ottawa,
Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario
Ottawa, April 13, 1870. 1331 1m 15 6m

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
... Street, next to the City Hotel,
Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing ... to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,
Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK
DONE AT
ESMONDE'S.
LOOK OUT FOR THE
POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
AND BUY NO OTHER,
ALSO
THE KEDZIE FILTER.
An immense quantity of
BATHS.
In a few days at
ESMONDE'S

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.
No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.
I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:
In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.
In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.
In L'ORIGINAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS
In RENFREW, at Mr. WM HALPENNY'S office.
In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.
In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.
The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.
Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.
By order of the Board,
JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.
W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR
FOR
TEAS AND COFFEES
AT THE
AGENCY OF THE INDIA
AND
CHINA TEA COMPANY,
BANG'S BLOCK,
ELGIN STREET.
Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney.
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

FOR SALE.
CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 8, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.
Just received
Ex St. David.
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.
JAS BUCHANAN,
...
Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF
HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
STOVES, STOVES,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,
in great variety.
Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.
ON HAND,
JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY
AND DIXON & SON'S
PLATED WARE,
Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.
Ottawa, November 23, 1869. 1329tf

To Let.

TO LET.
To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.
Apply to
I B TACKABERRY.
Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.
The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.
Apply to
J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,
Or to D GRAHAM, Esq.,
1344tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,
On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River.
Apply to
JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
ANNUAL CIRCULAR.
Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.
OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.
The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.
His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.
Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.
To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.
Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.
The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.
Appraisals and valuations made
Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.
A ROWE.
Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.
The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.
SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.
In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that as the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE
FOR
WASHING COMPOUND,
which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.
The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.
Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.
Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.
Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.
Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease,
Cure for Consumption.
The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.
Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.
Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer ... table

OUT TO-DAY.
THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.
To be obtained from
HOPE & CO., and
1306tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.
Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,
THE FOLLOWING GOODS:
PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1831."
SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.
BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.
GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.
RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."
OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines. first quality,
GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order
CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes' in the
WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,
WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.
COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.
Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run ... It will recommend itself
TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,
SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.
TOBACCOS, a full assortment,
REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.
FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,
FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.
GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin
SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.
FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength
FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.
LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.
BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.
For sale by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa
3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).
On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

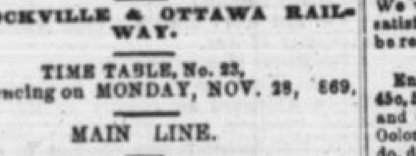
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rosalters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

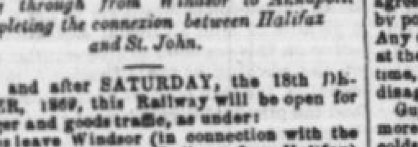
Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rosaiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.
R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS
Superintendent. Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a. m.
Night do do do do do 7:30 p. m.
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a. m.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a. m.
Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ...... 8 a m, 4.40 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.
She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.
BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.
MAIN LINE.
LEAVE BROCKVILLE.
4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, ... p m.
LEAVE SANDPOINT.
6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.
PERTH BRANCH.
LEAVE PERTH.
5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55
LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.
No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.
No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.
H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.
Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.
On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:
Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.
Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.
VERNON SMITH.
Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.
New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,
New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,
New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.
Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.
All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.
Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.
Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.
J BOYDEN,
General Agent.
Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.
Nature's Crown.
You Must Cultivate it
GRAY HAIR
Is a certain indication
of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER
Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.
It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.
...

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.
The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,
THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY
6 Hospital-st., Montreal.
Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.
BLACK TEA.
English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.
GREEN TEA.
Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.
MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.
G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.
Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.
An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.
Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.
Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.
Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

GUYOT'S TAR,
CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.
M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.
Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.
Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.
Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:
As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:
BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION
As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water
AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.
General depot in Paris; L FRERE, 19 rue Job.

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE;
MRS. FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, LeBreton's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.
Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	5.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	5.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Auckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	6.00					5.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	7.30		12.15		11.30	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE
Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.
Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.
Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.
LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,
Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 pm
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
H TAYLOR, Agents.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.
BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!
Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.
Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,
ALSO
Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c
Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.
STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,
MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS
AT THE
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
H MEADOWS & CO.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.
PRESENT.
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.
On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 58th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"
His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton,
WM H LEE,
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.
PRESENT.
His Excellency the Governor General in Council.
On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Belleville.
WM H LEE
1355 3 Clerk Privy Council,

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,
BY MRS. FRAZER,
York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.
Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board, 1360 b

Intercourse with the North West.

From the Toronto Globe.

Among other things likely to be settled by the expedition to Red River, the question of the easiest way of access through British territory is not the least important. Considerable diversity of opinion prevails on this subject, and even now, when part of the force is on the way, there are some who still have doubts about the practicability of the route fixed upon, and especially about its being so easy and expeditious as Mr. Dawson, the engineer, has represented it. We shall know all about this very soon, and to an extent and with a minuteness that might not have been attained for years, but for the half-breed commotion. But whether Mr. Dawson may have been correct or not in his estimate of the depth of streams, or the length and difficulty of portages, one thing is undoubted, and that is, that a route somehow to Red River over what is now Canadian territory is perfectly practicable, and must be made available at the earliest possible period. Business to a very considerable extent has already been carried on through that region, and that at a period when everything was far more favourable for transit than now, and what has been done before can be done, we may believe, still, and more comfortably and speedily than ever. The North West is now Canadian, and to secure many, or even any, of the national advantages to be derived from such an acquisition, regular and speedy direct communication is indispensible. Till this is accomplished, the connection must continue to be far more nominal than real. It is, consequently, the duty of our Government to take all prudent measures to have this most desirable object secured, and at the earliest date. To carry the military force through successfully is the first object no doubt, but it is equally necessary, nay, if possible, more so, to have that succeeded by other and peaceful caravans; to have the whole route so supplied with the means of transit, that these shall find little difficulty in making the way to and fro at regularly recurring intervals. To secure this, it will be necessary to secure the assistance of persons specially interested in keeping the way open, and in maintaining suitable means of conveyance. This must be done either as a Government work, or by private companies. We are to a great extent indifferent as to which it devolves upon, provided the thing be done efficiently. Only the experience of the past makes us feel that there is far more likelihood of the public being better served by such arrangements being left to private enterprizes, stimulated and directed by Government than if undertaken directly as a department of official work. Most of our mails are now carried by contract, and very few indeed, we presume, would wish that plan changed for one which would cause Government officials to swarm in every direction, and the whole of the means of conveyance in the country to be in the hands of the public authorities. All that is necessary then, is to extend the system already in operation to the new territory. We take it as a matter of course, that a region cut off from postal communication with the rest of the country to which it belongs, can scarcely be reckoned part of that country at all. The very newest backwood township must, and very properly, have its Post-Office, though the revenue derived from it may not for years begin to pay the expense incurred. Every year new routes are thus opened up, and the outlay is returned indirectly many fold. This must be done with the Red River Territory. The Canadian Post Office now reckons the whole within its proper domain, and it must work it well and efficiently. No doubt it might be said that the mails could be carried more expeditiously and cheaply by St. Paul's than any other way. There are other considerations, however, and much more important ones than those of mere cheapness, though even in this respect passing events show how indispensibly necessary it is for us to be as little dependent upon our neighbours as possible. Accordingly we hold that no time should be lost in inviting contracts for a certain specified amount of postal service to the Nor'-West through Canadian territory, and, conjoined with this, that the contractors should be bound to maintain means for the conveyance of a certain number of passengers and luggage along with the mails. At first, in order to induce any company to enter upon such an enterprize, a certain amount of assistance might be necessary, in the way of giving the contract for a fixed term of years, so that the contractors might have the opportunity of reaping the reward of their outlay. Still farther it might be specified that whoever engaged to do the work should have the boats at present employed in the transport of the troops, and any farther subsidy necessary to encourage reliable persons to undertake such an enterprise. Let the full proposed terms, however, be specfied when tenders are invited, so as to avoid the very appearance of favouritism, and subsequent jobbing. If the route marked out by Mr. Dawson be found to be as favourable as it has been represented, of course their is every likelihood of its being adopted; but there is really no reason why the mail contractors should be confined to one particular route. They are the most likely persons to make it their business, as it is their interest, to find out the best and easiest; and so long as they can, in fulfilment of the terms of their contract, deliver with regularity and despatch the mails at Fort Garry *via* Fort William, there is no reason why they should not be allowed to choose their own course.

Another Serious Affray in Fredericton.

ALBERT RECTOR, OF NOVA SCOTIA, KILLED!

The following telegram, dated at Fredericton on Saturday night, has been received at this office:—

"On Friday afternoon a row occurred here, in a tavern kept by a man named Aitken, between Albert Rector, a native of Nova Scotia, and David Shields, of Oromocto, when Shields who is a very large and powerful man, kicked Rector so badly in the stomach that death ensued this (Saturday) evening.

"Both men worked together in the woods all winter, where they had some words, which were the cause of this unfortunate occurrence.

"Shields was arrested on Saturday, and on coming near the gaol made his escape and got into the woods, and up to the present time has not been arrested.

"The Coroner's jury is sitting on the case, but has not got through the investigation."

The *World* says the Judiciary election yesterday resulted in an overwhelming Democratic triumph. The Republican party is virtually annihilated in New York.

In one of the wards 1,100 negroes were registered, but when the newly enfranchised came to the ballot boxes, judge of their amazement upon learning that repeaters had already voted upon nearly 800 of their names.

Young scoundrels, after voting upon one set of names, under certain disguises, would sally into the street, and within sight of the polling place would exchange or mix up their disguises, and then go back and vote again under another set of names. The regular price of spurious votes in certain localities was $15 each.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilisation

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Refrigerators &c.—Esmonde's.
Lecture—Rev John O'Brian.
Notice—W. G. Smillie.
St. George & Co., Pure Wines.
Her Majesty's Theatre—A. T. Delave.

Buy your Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Curtains and Cornices from
12361 MAGEE & RUSSELL.

The Ottawa Times

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1870.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

It affords us pleasure to state that Sir John A. Macdonald is now really making progress towards recovery. Yesterday he took solid food, for the first time since his illness. That speaks volumes.

THE CLEVELAND PRESS ON THE "CHICORA" MATTER.

Extraordinary as it may seem, the Cleveland *Daily Herald* of 18th instant justifies the action of the Washington Government in closing the gates of the Sault Ste. Marie canal against the Steamer *Chicora*. It is extraordinary when the circumstance is connected with such justification, of the *Eureka*, a craft, built of white oak, hailing from that port having passed in 1849, all through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, to be refitted at Quebec for a voyage to San Francisco, and which voyage the *Eureka* actually performed. It is extraordinary that it should be necessary for a nation, which is entitled to the equal navigation of the great Lakes, Superior and Huron, to be even required to ask permission to pass through a short canal, on the usual payment of tolls a canal purposely made, it might have been fancied, to induce and encourage increased trade upon the Lakes, no matter to what nation such vessels should belong. It is more extraordinary still to find this special reason given, as that, which particularly justifies the closing of the canal:—"The expedition was to suppress a rebellion or rather subjugate a people that refused submission to the Dominion Government—a Government to which they have never yet been subject, and whose claim to rule remained in dispute." The people of Red River owe submission to the Queen of England, and the Queen of England is Queen of Canada. The people of Red River, though previously under the factors and agents of the Hudson's Bay Company, to whom the land belonged, were still British subjects, and were under the civil and criminal law of the Province of Quebec and, by inference, that of Ontario also, from the time of their first setting foot in that part of British North America, owned by the Hudson's Bay Company, as fully as they were at the time when the *Chicora* sought to pass through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal. It is quite true, as the *Herald* alleges, that the *Globe* has made many glaring, and gross, and unpatriotic assertions in connection with this transfer of the Hudson's Bay Company's lands to the Dominion of Canada. That, however, is a family matter, and one with which the *Herald* has nothing to do. Canadians will quarrel among themselves about the giving of more or less liberty to people, just as is done in the United States, and still be thoroughly British, and indisposed to submit, without protest, to discourtesy from a foreign power. But it is fear, as well as a misapprehension, which induces the *Herald* to applaud the action of President Grant:—"If our Government should facilitate the progress of a military expedition against the North West, by allowing any part of it a passage through American territory, would not that give the North West belligerents an excuse for acts of hostility along our border?—the Indians of the North West will be drawn into the fray, and as they have little regard for a knowledge of boundary lines, it is almost certain that our own people will be the sufferers."

Can it be believed that the *Herald* is in earnest! That paper, seems to rejoice in the refusal of the American Government to entertain the idea of reciprocal trade. The intense selfishness of that refusal is only on a par with the selfishness of the act refusing to a British vessel the right of way between the two uppermost great Lakes while the Americans have long enjoyed the right of way between the two lowermost of these inland seas. Had New York merchants or a New York newspaper justified or extenuated this paltry business it would not have been so surprizing as to find it done at Cleveland, in Ohio. Wonders, assuredly, will never cease.

The *Herald* has erroneously attributed in the following article our language to the Montreal *News*, which we take the liberty of altering:—

The Stoppage of the "Chicora."

As we expected, the stoppage of the *Chicora* at the Sault Canal, has provoked to wrath the Canadian press, which teem with denunciations of the "contemptible spirit" shown by the American Government. Even the more sensible and temperate journals are stirred up on the subject, and use language betokening no amicable mood.

The Ottawa TIMES characterises the action as "very small, by a very small man," the pigmy referred to being no other than President Grant. At the outset the TIMES makes the mistake of attributing to the President matters for which he is not responsible. It charges him with a "refusal" to entertain the policy of an interchange of commodities, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Canada, with similar commodities of the United States." The matter is one on which Congress and the people at large have so plainly expressed their views whenever the subject has been mentioned, that the President may well be relieved of any responsibility for inaction. When the Reciprocity Treaty was abrogated the Canadians professed to be indifferent, if not actually rejoiced, and asserted that the people of the United States would soon be begging for a restoration of the treaty, when Canada might be disposed to exact better terms. The repeated references to the absence of a Reciprocity Treaty as something to be complained of by the Canadians, and the indifference of the Americans on the subject, shows whose corns are pinched. We suspect the stoppage of the *Chicora* is but a sentimental grievance, and that the real occasion for the outburst of Canadian wrath is expressed in the passage we have quoted from the TIMES.

The TIMES further says:

President Grant has refused to suffer a British merchant vessel to pass through an American canal, that vessel being supposed to have on board provisions, boats, and other necessaries for the Canadian Red River expedition. Now this is exceedingly paltry. It is miserable in conception, mean and impotent in effect.

The fact that a warlike expedition was to be sent from Canada to near our Northwestern frontier was well known, it having been proclaimed again and again from one end of Canada to the other. The object of that expedition was to suppress a rebellion, or rather to subjugate a people that refused submission to the Dominion Government—a government to which they have never yet been subject and whose claim to rule remained in dispute. The Toronto *Globe* says that "President Riel" has never been acknowledged by the United States Government, and that even if he had been "all disputes have been settled, and there is no prospect of a collision" in the Red River country. The evidence of that is wholly in the assertions of the Dominion side, and the *Globe* itself has protested against such a settlement as has been proposed. Whether "President Riel" and his followers will accept the settlement and give friendly welcome to the expedition, yet remains to be seen.

If hostilities should take place—and we maintain there is as yet no assurance that they will not—the Indians of the British Northwest will be drawn into the fray, and as they have little regard for or knowledge of boundary lines, it is almost certain that our own people will be sufferers. If our Government should facilitate the progress of a military expedition against the Northwest by allowing any part of it a passage through American territory, would that not give the Northwest belligerents an excuse for acts of hostility along our border? As for the "supposition" that the *Chicora* contained part of the stores for the military expedition, it has been widely proclaimed by the Canadians that she was loaded with such freight, and the very papers complaining of the detention of a "merchant vessel" that she was to be employed on Lake Superior as a war transport.

The TIMES and *Globe* both indicate the punishment we may receive for the "unfriendly act" of preserving the inviolability of our own territory. The *Globe* says:

It is quite plain, however, that the Dominion of Canada can not allow the Americans to have exclusive control of the means of water communication between the great lakes of Huron and Superior, when they have shown themselves animated by so unneighbourly a spirit. They ought not to have been permitted for a single year to retain that exclusive control; and had it not been for the weakness of Sir Francis Hincks all the links between the great lakes would have been held by Canada, and the American canal at the Sault would never have been built. As it is, the construction of a Canadian canal is a necessity, and ought to be commenced as soon as the necessary Parliamentary sanction can be secured.

The TIMES says:

The canal gates at Sault Ste. Marie may remain shut. Canada nor Great Britain will not attempt to open them. But the Sault will not always be impassable to any ship or craft which England may choose to send beyond it. English money may overcome the great rapid of Ste. Marie as effectually as did American money—the borrowed money of the English capitalist. English gold will make a sure and straight path through the wilderness and between Lake Superior and Lake Huron, with which the United States cannot interfere. The vexatious shutting of one door must open another, and it may be perhaps until that other door is built desirable also to close the Welland and St. Lawrence canals to American traffic. This, Canada has the power to do. While her troops and stores are walking that half-mile of a portage, which the courtesy of General Grant might have enabled them to avoid, the American schooner and American polly-wog, and American grain-laden propellers from the great Prairie cities of the West may be wending their way from Lake to Lake through Canadian canals, but that this liberality will always continue to be one-sided in its operation, there is assuredly very much room to doubt. It will not, at all events, be a very costly matter to build a canal to overcome the rapids, which a canal of one mile and the seventeenth part of a mile on the American side, constructed by a private company, with the aid of the United States Congress, has already so effectually overcome, but which is of a less international character than that which passes through a country acknowledging the sovereignty of the Grand Turk.

Very good! But "fine words butter no parsnips," neither do they build canals. We have little fear of the Canadians shutting American commerce from their canals, for that commerce is too valuable to be lost; and if canal building is to be the order of the day, the United States might do something in that way itself. To the implied threats of our Canadian contemporaries we therefore reply "Bosh."

The whole matter is narrowed down to this.

We don't care two straws whether the Dominion does or does not succeed in tacking on Red River, *alias* Winnipeg, *alias* Manitoba, to its territory.

We have no interest in setting up dangerous precedents by allowing any part of avowed military expeditions of a foreign power to pass through our territory.

It is no "unfriendly act" to keep strictly within the lines of our international obligations, and we don't think Canada is our creditor on the score of "unfriendliness" in time of trouble.

The gates of the Sault Canal were properly closed against Canadian military expeditions until ordered to be opened by the Government at Washington. Such orders could not properly be issued until a request to that effect was made by the Canadian or British authorities. No such request has ever been made, and the *Times* says never will be. That's all there is of it.

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRIZE IN CANADA.

The *Globe* appears in a new dress, and with good reason boasts that it has a circulation of 21,125 copies daily, and of 30,000 weekly, besides. For Canada, this is an immense circulation, and is as much proof of the progress of the Province as it is of the excellence of the *Globe* as a newspaper. It is to be borne in mind that Toronto with its extensive suburbs of smaller cities passed to the west and east every morning by the Grand Trunk Railway—and with villages, having Railway communications northwards—has grown with astonishing rapidity during the past twenty years, and that to that circumstance, as well as to the prudent enterprize of its proprietors, is the great circulation of the *Globe*, as compared with the newspapers of the Province of Quebec, due. To us it is exceedingly pleasing to learn of this newspaper progress. We have not the slightest desire to detract from the merits of the *Globe* as a newspaper. This, however, we may say, the journals of Montreal and of the city of Quebec, cannot, while the rural population is chiefly a French speaking people, expect to obtain anything like the circulation which the *Globe* obtains. Even in the cities the bulk of the population read and speak French, not English, and great as is the growth and progress of Montreal, the increase of the English reading population is not at all in proportion to that of Toronto. Let us, however, take some credit to ourselves. Toronto was a city when Ottawa was a wilderness. Ottawa is only a city of six years standing. It was the petty town of Bytown in 1854. It had only 10,000 inhabitants in 1858. Now it has manufacturing establishments unequalled in any part of the Dominion, with a population of fully 30,000 souls. Instead of having only a weekly or tri-weekly village hand-printing press newspaper, it has two morning and three evening dailies, in English, and one French and English evening paper, and the progress which has been made, though of course not at all to be placed in comparison with Toronto, has from the time of its becoming the Seat of Government been almost as extraordinary as that of the *Globe*, the more especially when it is considered that there are no lines of railway stretching east, west, north, and south from the city, as is the case with Toronto. Here, the progress has been wonderfully great. New streets, with first-class private residences in them, have arisen as if by magic, and in which new houses are constantly going up, a street railway will be in operation in July next, to connect together, having Ottawa as a centre, the incorporated villages of Hull and New Edinburgh. In addition to this the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad will shortly have a branch from Billings Bridge to the Chaudiere, and the Canada Central will come whistling past our doors northwards, while the back country then opened up to Montreal will help the really enterprising newspaper men of that progressive city, as well as ourselves. It affords us great pleasure to notice the progress which the *Globe* is making, as a newspaper.

HIGHLY IMPROPER.

The following remarks from a New York organ of public opinion—the *Scottish American Journal* is in marked contrast with the shallow logic of the Cleveland *Herald*.

The *Scottish American Journal* looks upon the refusal of the United States Government to allow the passage of a supply expedition as a matter of regret, and as being highly improper:—

The New Province of Manitoba.

Although some will be disposed to cavil at the large concessions made to Riel and his associates, the Dominion Government has acted wisely in the premises. The case was one requiring bold and generous treatment, in view of many dangers which were apprehended, no less than the good feeling which it was desirable to cultivate between the newly acquired territory and the people of Canada. The new Province of Manitoba is organized upon a scale which may be thought extravagant. It is true that its share of representation is large, and that the cost to the Dominion is heavy. But the advantages gained must be held to justify this. As a disaffected territory the Red River region must have given much trouble, and the probabilities of interference by filibustering parties from across the border was already too ardent. There were, we have no doubt, distinct schemes with this express object. The new arrangement, however, changes all this. It becomes Riel's interest to keep the peace.

The only matter of regret in connection with this whole business is the refusal by the United States Government to allow the passage of a supply expedition through the Sault Ste Marie Canal. Such a refusal was highly improper for many reasons. Although the canal is under American control, it was never supposed that an expedition sent by the Dominion Government to restore order within its own domain would be denied its use. If there were a war between the two countries, or the probability of one, or if there were any question of neutrality involved, the case would have been different. But there was no such reason or pretext. Besides, during the late civil war, and when Canada would have been perfectly justified in excluding United States war vessels from her canals, they were not excluded, but, on the contrary, several were accorded permission to pass, although intended to act against the Confederation. Not that the delay thus caused to the expedition is of much consequence. The *Algoma*, having passed the canal with a cargo to which no exception could be taken, the *Chicora* will have to unload her cargo, which must be carried across to Lake Superior, and there reshipped. A week therefore, is lost, which is to be regretted, but which scarcely affects the effectiveness of the expedition itself. Of course the motive is plain enough—conciliation of the Fenians and other Anglophobists. But, however numerous these may be, the action is not the less mean and contemptible. And although the Cabinet at Washington has, it is said, given way, or will do so, upon the assurance that the expedition is of a non-belligerent character, the course originally adopted will be remembered as unworthy and unjust. One good result will follow the circumstance, however, one would think. The construction of a Canadian canal becomes absolutely necessary, and will now be seriously considered. And a piece of unfriendliness toward the Dominion will thus ultimately be to her advantage.

Hereditary Stealing—the natural propensity to steal—is scientifically styled *kleptomania* of which there have been many examples. The latest Greek epithet for buglary, under peculiar circumstances, *Hypnoscopomania*, and an instance of it occurring in New York is thus described:—

Hypnoscopomania is the word which the Louisville *Courier-Journal* is in search of to summarize and characterise the strange conduct of Mr. Charles Livingstone, who, a day or two ago, was arrested in Louisville while trying to enter a house before daylight. The ordinary policial mind knows little and cares less what is the Greek term for entering strange houses, and so Mr. Livingston was taken away and lodged in the station house. On the examination it turned out that this gentleman has long had a mania for watching sleeping persons, and that he has often satisfied his morbid curiosity by going after bedtime into the houses of other people and observing them when wrapped in slumber. Aside from the dread of inconvenience which such nocturnal visitation might naturally excite in the breasts of his neighbours, no harm was done, as the gentleman removed no property and was always careful to shut the doors when he took his departure. The Court, however, as a good and sufficient medical term had not been applied by doctors to his case, held him in $500 bail to be of good behavior for twelve months. We earnestly hope that the name at the head of this paragraph will show that his case has been classified, and will justify a commission *de lunatico inquirendo*, and a consequent discharge from even the poor burden of bail.

From the New York World.

It impresses many persons unpleasantly to see ladies eagerly laying hold of such an affair as this disgusting Richardson-McFarland business, as if it were full of luscious succulence, and they were unwilling to let it pass out of their hands till they have pressed it as dry as a squeezed orange. After occupying public attention at the time of the homicide, and again in the four weeks of the trial, till even the sensation newspapers got tired of it, it was hardly to be expected that its carcass would be kept above ground, and hashed and served up as a repast by ministering female hands.

It is one of the most undesirable cases to keep paddling in by new attempts to sound, and gauge, and measure it, and get its exact color and dimensions, that has happened in a long time. And of all its features the most loathsome is the conduct of the despicable wretch McFarland. While his life was in peril, he had considerable public sympathy; but now that he is out of danger, the public puts a proper estimate on his revolting baseness. The tide of feeling suddenly turned against him when he descended (if descent to him was possible) to the meanness of publishing the letters written to him by his wife in the early years of their wedded life. If he had been a person of any decency of character, he would not have gone whining and puling about her after he had consented to the separation; a separation that was the consequence of his ill-usage, which, at the time, he shrunk from discussing and dared not deny. At the first shooting, his creeping stealthily behind Richardson and delivering his shots in his back, was the act of a coward. The manner of the second shooting betokened equal meanness of spirit. We are not sure that hanging would not have been the greatest mercy that could have been shown him; for what can life be worth to a miscreant so exposed, so thoroughly despised and loathed, as this wretch McFarland.

Mother Radiguette, a remarkable character of the seaport town of Dieppe has just died. She was the boldest boat owner by far in the place, and would venture out to sea when other craft hastily sought refuge from the storm. Thus she was enabled to save many lives and much property, and amassed considerable wealth, but kept at her trade to the last. A subject for a Eugene Sue romance.

About ten o'clock one morning in April the great alarm bell of the Lausanne cathedral summoned all the fire engines and half the population of the town to the great square. But no fire could be seen. At length an Englishman was found in the bell tower, tugging away at the rope. When asked for an explanation, he calmly replied that he was a connoisseur in bells and had thought he would try this one. Cool!

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 20.

At St. Patrick's Church yesterday, a great number of boys and girls took their first Communion and were confirmed.

His Worship the Mayor has issued his proclamation, requesting citizens to observe Tuesday, the 24th inst.,—birthday of Her Majesty—as a public holiday.

At the close of the morning parade yesterday at the Crystal Palace, the troops were drawn up in line and were addressed by a deputation of the Upper Canada Bible Society, after which the Rev. Mr. Gemley presented each of the men and officers with a copy of the Holy Bible.

The body of Charles Brother, who was drowned yesterday in an attempt to jump from the steamer *Terrebonne*, was found. An inquest was held this morning, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

On dit that Prince Arthur's establishment will be broken up next week; horses, chattels, and all belonging to him, to be brought to the hammer.

The whole of the artillery horses will probably be sold next month by auction, the same as last year.

Flour market—Very little doing; prices nominal.

Greenbacks bought at 13¼, and sold at 12¾ to 13 discount. Silver bought at 6¼, and sold at 6 per cent discount. 5.20's sold at 112¼ to 115.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The *Times* of this morning has a remarkably bitter editorial article on the mismanagement of Erie Railroad affairs, and the course pursued in relation to the shares in the stock market. The writer asserts that the standard of commercial morality in the city of New York is worse than any where else in the world. What here in England would be deemed a crime is there regarded as a masterpiece of financiering. It concerns the American people to purge themselves of this reproach, though it will be a task equal in difficulty to the abolition of slavery.

The *Times* has also an article on the yacht race. It says:—"No schooner in England, probably, can sail with the American yacht *Sappho*, which throughout the match was handled by the English captain and crew under his personal direction."

The *Daily News* of this morning explains that the telegraph published on Tuesday by the Central Press Association announcing the award of the prize to the *Sappho* yesterday, is premature.

The *Telegraph* has a sensational paragraph, giving a sketch and plan of a Fenian organization in the country.

The news from Spain to-day, is important, though conflicting.

Despatches received from Madrid direct, report that the Council of Ministers determine to confer upon Regent Serrano, the Royal attributes, if no candidate for the Throne is found within a reasonably short time. On the other hand some continental news agencies have just forwarded telegrams to the effect that the Regency will thrust the Crown upon Espartero, in default of any other solicitor of the situation.

The official report of the Bank of England made public to-day, shows that the amount of specie in the vault has increased £223,000 since the last report.

Despatches from Hong Kong *via* Bombay, give flattering accounts of the prospect of the tea and silk crops, which are said to promise largely above the average yield.

LIVERPOOL.—The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce object to the new Code as lamentably imperfect.

The House of Lords to-day discussed the Bill legalising marriage with deceased wife's sister, which came up for its second reading. Lord Houghton advocated the abolition of the restriction. He cited Talmudic authority to prove that such marriages had the sanction of remotest authority.

The Duke of Marlborough opposed, and the Marquis of Lansdowne favored the Bill.

The Bishop of Ely made a speech against the Bill, founding his argument on his experience among the poor.

The Earl of Kimberly, while he scouted the texts, cited from Leviticus, maintained that such unions as this Bill would permit, are essentially immoral.

The Bill was refused a second reading by a majority of four.

The House then adjourned.

In the House of Commons to-night Lord Milton addressed an enquiry to Mr. Gladstone, touching trade licenses in the Red River and Saskatchewan districts of North America.

Mr. Stansfield rose to reply to the question, at which Lord Milton took offence and left the Chamber.

Mr. Stanfield proceeded to explain that the Hudson's Bay Company, which had control of these territories, required no license.

Lord Milton having returned, gave notice that he should repeat his enquiry to Mr. Gladstone to-morrow. This exhibition of temper produced quite a sensation in the House.

After a skirmish over the Edmond's case, the House went into Committee on the Irish Land Bill.

An amendment was proposed by Sir John Gray enabling holders to free their lands from tenant rights created by the act.

After an unprofitable discussion the amendment was lost by a majority of 288.

After the rejection of other amendments the House adjourned.

The Duke de Grammont, the newly appointed French Minister of Foreign Affairs, is known to be anti-Prussian in feeling and policy.

GLASGOW.—The ship *City of London*, from Trinidad de Cuba, with 7,000 barrels of sugar, got aground near Kirkcudbright and is breaking up.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The police made several more arrests to-day of persons believed to be connected with the regicide plot. Some houses were searched, and more bombs found.

The Emperor will visit the Chamber on Saturday next, and receive the official number of the vote on the plebiscitum. He will then deliver an address which, it is said, will be an expression of gratitude to the people—a promise to fulfil all liberal aspirations. The scene on this occasion will be similar to that at the opening of the Chamber. Senators, deputies, the high officials of the Government, and the principal dignitaries of the Court will be present.

It is reported that the Italian banker, Cernuschi, will not receive permission to return to France.

The Prince Imperial fell from a velocipede to-day, and sprained his foot.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—Duke de Monpensier has returned to Madrid. His eldest son has had a long conference to-day with Prim.

It is rumoured that the Unionist party consent to the proposition that the present Regent be invested with Royal attributes, and are intriguing to bring about the result.

HOLLAND.

ANTWERP.—The ship *Moody*, from Philadelphia for Antwerp, has arrived. She reports that in latitude 49°, and longitude 31¼° she passed a black steamer steering slowly East under sail, but was unable to communicate with her.

If the "Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" were to haul up a man for cropping the ears of his dog, would they resort to the same measures were he to cut a coxcomb?

Why should a European never expect generous treatment from a Japanese daimio?—Because they are all two sworded (too sordid).

To Fishmongers—You don't generally get as much for salmon when it's pawned as when it's sold outright.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—In the House to-day the Bill presented by Mr. Pomeroy, requesting the President to open negotiations with the Government of Great Britain with a view to ascertaining whether a union can be effected of the British North American Provinces with the United States, on terms honourable to both, was tabled and ordered to be printed.

NEW YORK.—The Spanish spies claim to have known for some time that the Cuban war steamer *George B Upton* was intended for the Cuban service; yet so nicely was everything managed that the Minister could do nothing to prevent her sailing. Her officers have been selected with great care, and are men who have seen service.

The *Upton*, assisted by a tender, will, in due time, land in Cuba a large quantity of war materials, including artillery.

There are plenty of men on the Island, who will join the ranks of the patriotic army as soon as they are armed.

This is the most formidable expedition ever sent out in aid of the Cubans.

A Washington special says:—Yesterday, while Senator Revels was addressing the Senate, L. T. Washington, the correspondent of the *World*, made some insulting remarks to Colonel Hutchins, of Atlanta. This morning Col. Hutchins challenged Mr. Washington to fight him with pistols. Mr. Washington has accepted. The time of the meeting is kept secret.

Captain Kenney, of the 5th Cavalry, will act as seconds to Mr. Hutchins, and Mr. Hambleton, member of Congress from Maryland, for Mr. Washington.

The British steamer *Suffolk*, from London, April 21st, with telegraphic cables, &c., put in here to-day short of coal. She is bound to Jamaica.

HAVANA.—Secardo Casonona, a planter of Villaclara, formerly connected with the insurrection, was executed at Fort Cabano. He met his death with firmness.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—A block of buildings, one of them occupied by Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, were burnt this morning. Loss 50 to 55 thousand dollars. A woman and a child perished in the flames, and some were severely hurt by dropping from a window.

Report of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society.

At a meeting of this Society, the following report was unanimously adopted:—

To the members of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society:

The Council beg to draw the attention of the Society to that part of the report of their predecessors having reference to the necessity of making some special efforts for the liquidation of the indebtedness now pressing upon them, and hampering the action of the Society.

The present Council entirely concur in the spirit of that report and would respectfully suggest to this meeting the propriety of appointing a large Special Committee of say ten members of the Society, whose duty it shall be to thoroughly canvass the city for subscriptions and special donations. In this way the debt, amounting to about $400, might be reasonably expected to be extinguished, and the Society placed on a secure footing for the future.

The Council would recommend that each member of the proposed Committee should be furnished with a printed copy of the report of the Council at the annual meeting, and that in canvassing for subscriptions and donations to the Society they should take the opportunity of explaining the present state and prospects of the Society. The efforts which have been made since the amalgamation of the Mechanics' Institute and Natural History Society to render the present Society useful and attractive, and generally to urge its claims to the liberal support of all who desire to improve the taste for science and literature in our midst. The Council having been under the necessity of calling a special meeting for the election of a Treasurer have thought it right to bring the subject of the financial difficulties of the Society before the members, generally, in the hope that they will see the necessity of at once making a vigorous and united effort to relieve the Society from its present debt.

E. H. MEREDITH,
President.
G. KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, May 20th, 1870.

The following members were then elected for the Committee:—Messrs. Geo. Hay, Cunningham, Dr. Hill, Dr. Grant, E. McGillivray, Dr. Henry, Cassells, Thorburn, Rowan, White, along with the Council. Mr. D. W. Edward was elected Treasurer for the ensuing year.

Several new members were proposed and elected.

R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P., in consideration of the valuable services rendered by him to the Society was unanimously admitted as a member of the Society for life.

The meeting then adjourned.

The Winnipeg Rebellion—The English Royal Commissioners—Sir Stafford Northcote and ye Princes of Erie.

Yesterday Sir Stafford Northcote went from the city on the Erie Railroad to visit Niagara Falls previous to entering on his duties as a Royal Commissioner in investigating the quarrel of the Winnipeggers with the Government of Canada. On Monday, Sir Stafford visited Messrs. Fisk and Gould at the general offices of the Erie Railroad, and was shown over the building by Mr Fisk. He afterwards entered into a discussion with the Prince of Erie about the condition of the road, and was much interested in the account of the battles with Drew and Vanderbilt, and later still with the great Burt, the pretended representative of the English Erie stockholders Sir Stafford Northcote expressed surprise that Mr. Fisk had so easily vanquished such powerful opponents. The distinguished Englishman, with Lady Northcote and his two sons, was accompanied to the Erie Railroad depot by President Gould, Messrs. Henry Harley, Dudley Field, George Brouch, and other gentlemen connected with the Erie road. Here a magnificent palace car, which awakened the admiration of Lady Northcote, had been provided for the party, and after thanking Mr. Gould for the courtesy shown them, they started on their way to behold one of the greatest natural wonders in the world.

The *Messager Franco-Americain* learns from Washington that the envoy of the Dominican Government and Mr. Fish have signed an additional treaty on the proposed annexation of the Republic of St. Domingo. According to this new treaty, the exchange of ratifications is postponed for a considerable period. The article by which the public lands of St. Domingo were pledged as a guarantee for the domestic debt of its Government is stricken out. The Government of the United States becomes bound to pay one million and a half only, which is to be applied to the payment of the foreign creditors of St. Domingo. If this sum should exceed the foreign debt, the excess is to be applied to paying the domestic debt; but, in any event, the United States do not become responsible for this latter debt. These additional stipulations relieve the original treaty of one or two of its odious features; but they will hardly suffice to reconcile the people to the annexation of a difficult, costly, and uncertain civil war. When the Spaniards annexed St. Domingo, they did not even pay as much as a million and a half, but they were obliged at last to abandon the island, nevertheless, leaving 25,000 soldiers buried in its soil, and owing some thirty millions of dollars spent in the vain endeavor to subdue its turbulent and warlike people.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Provinces, at 25 cents per box.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE IN PARLIAMENT.

Speeches by Jacob Bright, Sir C. Dilke, Colonel Sykes and Beresford Hope.

In the House of Commons, on the evening of May 4, Mr Jacob Bright moved the second reading of the Women's Disabilities Bill.

He said that if the Bill passed into law women being householders, paying rates, and having their names in the rate book, would have votes in the election of members of Parliament for boroughs, and would also have votes for county members, if they were holders of houses in counties rated at £12 and upwards, or if they possessed any description of property now entitling men to vote for counties. As the House might desire to know to what extent women would be enfranchised by the bill he would refer to the number of them on the burgess roll in two or three towns. The largest proportion of women among the municipal voters was to be found in Bath, where there was one to 3.8 men on the burgess roll. The smallest proportion was at Walsall, where there was one woman to 22.9 men among the municipal voters. In Bristol the proportion was one female vote to seven male; in Newcastle, one to eight; and in York, one to seven. When the question of the franchise was last under discussion fears were expressed lest those whom it was proposed to place on the electoral list might swamp the electors already enjoying the franchise, but he fancied that it would be admitted that the number of persons he now proposed to admit to the franchise was so small that there could be no apprehension but that the aristocratic sex, in whose hands were placed all the material privileges of life, would still be predominant. He advocated the claim he now made on the ground of public justice, or he would never have taken it up, considering the difficulty which a private member experienced in passing any measure of legislation. It should be remembered that Parliament did not give vote to men or women; for there were thousands of men of education and intelligence in every position of life who had no votes; but Parliament applied a certain test, and gave votes to those men who could submit to that test; and then, though they might belong to the fraternity of London thieves, be drunkards or returned convicts—even if they were so ignorant as not to know the name of the sovereign under whom they lived, they were elevated to the rank of voters and enabled to influence the proceedings of that House. It seemed to be an anomaly that a qualification which worked such magic in the case of men was wholly inoperative in the case of women, no matter how much intelligence or property they might possess. Something like an answer would be given to the claim he now preferred if it could be shown that women did not bear some of the burdens borne by men; but he was not aware that that was the fact. He knew that it would be said that women did not take a part in defending the country; and he replied that men were not bound to defend their country. The business of defence was voluntary with the men, and the women contributed to the public exchequer some portion of the money which enabled the State to maintain men for its defence. Moreover, some women had performed services in the hospital, which were almost as necessary as those rendered in the camp, and women would ever be found ready for that kind of service. Great anxiety had always been shown by the men to possess the franchise, because they felt that they ought to have a control over the expenditure of the revenue, which was raised by the taxes they were called on to pay, because the laws passed by Parliament affected the whole of the people; and because exclusion from the franchise was like a mark of moral inferiority. Was there any reason which men urged for possessing the franchise which did not apply with equal or greater force to the case of women? It might be asked what advantage would it be to women to be admitted within the political pale? Such a question was put to the non-electors before the passing of the Reform Bill, and the inequalities of the law between voters and non-voters were not so much then as they now were between men and women. Let them consider the law as affecting married women. The married woman in this country was, according to the law, in the position of a negro in the Southern States of America before the civil war. She had not the control of any portion of her property, nor the possession of one farthing of her earnings. Her husband, however unintelligent and worthless, had the absolute control of her and her money. The House was probably unanimous as to the justice of this claim, but there was a great difference between acknowledging an evil and finding a remedy. The Married Women's Property Bill had three times received the sanction of the House and had been twice before a select committee; but he was an imprudent man who would undertake to say when it would become law. That was not the way in which they treated the classes who had the franchise. What was the position of a woman who lost her husband? If he died intestate the law protected her, and gave her a certain portion of the income of his property. If he did not die intestate she was left to his justice and mercy. He did not deny that the majority of women were treated with fairness in that respect, but many cases might be cited to the contrary. He merely pointed to these inequalities, and reminded the House that they had been made by a section of the community because the other section was entirely without influence. It required ten times the provocation a man required before a woman could obtain a divorce. A woman had no control over her children after they were seven years of age. The husband might take them from her. It was painful to see the difficulties which were thrown in the way of women obtaining the higher education. Women and men might be associated in the theatre and opera, but a difference was made in the lecture room. At the present moment there was an admirable free school in Manchester; it took male children out of the gutter, while the girls were left in the street. This was the first proposal for the extension of the suffrage which was free from party conflicts and the passions that arose out of them. When made by Mr. Mill in 1867 it received very general support. Five who supported it were now members of the government, but that did not exhaust the members of the government who were in its favour. He had no doubt the leader of the Opposition, had he been present, would have supported the Bill. In April, 1866, the right honorable member for Bucks said, "I have always been of opinion that if there is to be universal suffrage women have as much right to vote as men. A woman having property ought to have a vote in a country in which she may have manorial courts, and sometimes act as a churchwarden.' (Hear, hear.) But whatever claim he had to support on the other side of the House, he had a still stronger claim on the Liberal party to which he had the honour to belong. He did not ask for liberality, but for the barest justice. If justice did not require that every individual should vote, it did require that every class should be represented in that House. He was told that women were unfit to be enfranchised, but they never would be fit till they had the franchise, and were invested with its responsibility. On the other side of the Atlantic 4,000,000 negroes had recently been enfranchised, and nobody would deny that the peace and prosperity of the Southern States were better secured by that measure. He was astonished to hear it stated that women were unfit for the franchise when he considered the number of women who were engaged in literature, at the head of educational establishments, managing farms and factories, controlling various industries throughout the country. (Hear, hear.) As a proof of their intelligence he might refer to the history of the agitation which had produced this bill, and the various committees conducting it. Considering the small means at their disposal, never had a question made such rapid progress in so short a space of time. He was told by some of his political friends that if this Bill were passed the Government would be handed over to the Conservative party in the very crisis of the country's fate. (A laugh.) Well, he derived consolation from the fact that this country had sometimes even survived a Conservative administration. ("Hear," and a laugh.) If there was any meaning in an argument of that kind, it was this, that, if the country were properly and justly represented, the Liberal party should be sitting on the other side of the House. (A laugh.) He did not believe a word of it. He undertook to say there would be no change in the balance of parties. But there would be a change from the moment women obtained the franchise in the way in which subjects in which they were interested were treated by the House. It was sometimes said that women ought not to be political; it might as well be said that grass should not be green, and if they excluded a sufficiency of air and light and moisture, it would not be long so. With their daily press, the ablest most interesting, and cheapest in the world, falling like snow flakes in their houses, how could they prevent women from being political? To say that women should not be political, was to say that they should take no care of their children and no interest in the greatness and progress of their country. (Hear, hear.) They were presumed not to know that there was a gallery behind that screen. (A laugh), but he always noticed that when any honourable member was about to deliver what he considered an important speech, some of the female members of his family came down to listen to him. (A laugh) If females deteriorated as political knowledge became general among them, the families of members of Parliament must be deplorably ignorant. (Hear). But he had never observed that deterioration; on the contrary, he had found all the more force and vivacity and intellectual flavor than was to be found elsewhere. (Hear, hear). But it was said that women would not use the franchise if they had it. Since the Municipal Franchise bill passed women had the power of local voting, and they used it, in the neighborhood with which he was connected, much in the same proportion as men. This bill would not compel women to vote; many men even had votes and did not use them. Women now voted in corporate and non-corporate towns. In non-corporate towns they voted under the Sturges Bourn's act, according to the property on which they were rated. A woman might thus have as many as six votes, while a man had only one; but here was the anamoly—when they came to the Parliamentary election the man had one vote, but the women, of however large property, had none. So also, in the municipal towns, women were admitted to vote; they went to the polls and voted once a year, and these municipal elections had become as completely political as any parliamentary election could possibly be. He did not know why, having given women municipal votes, they should deny them the Parliamentary franchise. Lord Cairns on this subject had said: "An unmarried woman could dispose of her property and deal with it in any way she thought proper. He did not know why she should not have a voice in saying how it should be lighted and watched, and generally in controlling the municipal expenditure to which that property contributed.' If that was right with regard to municipal expenditure he did not see why the same reasoning should not apply to Parliamentary expenditure. He saw from the paper that his motion was to be met by the previous question; but he thought it would be a more manly course if his proposition was not considered to be founded in justice, to meet it by a distinct negative. If on the other hand, it was thought founded in justice and reason, then they ought to make an ungrudging and free concession of the claim. (Hear, hear) He was told that the Government were to stand neutral on this question. Unfortunately it was characteristic of all Governments to be so engrossed in attending to the wants of the powerful that they could seldom give consideration to the claims of the weak. (Hear.) He would not, on the present occasion, quote from the speeches of the Prime Minister; but he did remember some burning passages in his speeches in that House and elsewhere which did much to create enthusiasm in the country and place him high in the hearts of the people, which were just as applicable to the question before them as to the occasion on which they were uttered. However, there was one thing on which it was pleasing to reflect. Nobody in that House was more open to conviction than the first Minister of the Crown, and when once convinced no one was more resolute in carrying out his convictions. (Hear, hear.) There was a very general movement in favour of this Bill in almost every part of the three kingdoms. Many petitions had already been presented this session in its support, with more than 100,000 signatures. He hoped when their children came to read the story of their country's fame they would find it written that the British Parliament was the first great legislative assembly in the world which, in conferring the franchise, recognized no distinction of strong or weak, male or female, rich or poor. (Hear, hear) He concluded by moving the second reading of the Bill.

NO SENTIMENTALITY.

Colonel Sykes, in supporting the Bill, was not disposed to indulge in any sentimentalities with regard to women. He looked on this as a simple, practical question. It resolved itself into a matter of money. What entitled a man to vote for a member of Parliament? The payment of rates. Those who were entitled to vote were rated occupiers of any dwelling-house—a dwelling-house of the value of £10, or a warehouse of the annual value of £10, or freeman. So that, after all, it was a mere question of money. It had nothing whatever to do with sex. He had presented a petition in favor of the Bill from his constituency in Aberdeen, and he held, in accordance with the prayer of that petition, that women who were inhabitant householders were as much entitled to vote as men. The other petitions, which, according to the last report from the Committee on Petitions, had been presented with no fewer than 94,760 signatures, were a tolerably good proof of the feelings which was pretty extensive throughout the country in favor of this Bill. Why should women not have the franchise? What did the East India Company do for 100 years? They granted to women having the qualification the right to vote—for whom? For twenty-four directors who were at least equal to any members of that House, and who had to govern 200,000,000 of human beings (Hear, hear.) Women were just as capable of exercising the franchise as men, and had as good a right to exercise it.

THEY DON'T WANT TO VOTE.

Mr. Scourfield was quite ready to admit that women possessed all the high qualities which had been attributed to them by the honorable member who moved the second reading of this Bill; but the question with him really was, had they any sufficient reason to believe that it was the wish of the women of England to have this privilege conferred upon them. He had himself strong presumptive evidence that they would consider it not so much as a privilege as what the lawyers called a *damnosa hæreditas*. He had endeavored to collect some evidence on this point in an independent way. He could only say he had asked the question of many women, and the almost invariable answer he had received was that they would rather not have this privilege, as it was called, conferred upon them. They all knew how petitions were got up. He preferred acting on the advice which Napoleon gave to his brother Joseph—to collect opinions one by one, but not in council. No stigma would be cast upon women if they did not confer on them this so-called privilege. Extension of privileges always involved extension of responsibility, and if woman's responsibility was increased by requiring her to discharge political duties, her social usefulness would be depreciated. Duties might be divided and people might be classed without involving questions of inferiority, and to his mind men and women travelled on different but parallel lines, sharing a good stock of happiness between them; but whenever either cut in upon the line of the other a collision was imminent, and the stock of happiness likely to be lessened. Boswell stated of Johnson that, in answer to his question as to the merits of women preaching, the latter replied that a woman's preaching is like a dog standing on his hind legs; it isn't done well, but we are astonished to find it done at all. The vocation of women was a high one; nurtured under totally different circumstances from men, they made life endurable. At present their influence was most effective for good, but if they went into the same line of business as men there would be nothing to desire but the speedy consummation of Dr. Cumming's prophecy. He protested against the allegations of inferiority; he decided the question simply upon the ground of difference of vocation. If the House had permitted voting papers to be used at elections, instead of insisting on personal attendance, the Bill might have been possible; but it was monstrous to ask that women should be exposed to all the annoyances of being canvassed for votes and urged to attend at the poll. He desired to see women continue in the vocation in which they were engaged, doing all that was admirable in social life, and to prevent their being saddled with an unwelcome obligation he moved the previous question.

HOW ABOUT THE QUEEN?

Sir C. Dilke observed that neither the mover nor seconder of the previous question had said a single word in support of their motion; he, however, would treat it as a direct negative. To the argument that it would be objectionable to oblige women to go to the poll, he replied that women already went to the poll; and upon the [illegible] women did not appeal [illegible] he remarked that any class despotism [illegible] erned for a length of time [illegible] although the despotism [illegible] benevolent in character, would [illegible] galled by it, and accept their [illegible] natural order of things. In support [illegible] pointed to the condition of [illegible] India and Turkey, who would be [illegible] movement to ameliorate [illegible] to the admission of women to Parliament [illegible] was a question for the constituencies [illegible] was no need to make a law that [illegible] cies should not return men of [illegible] to Parliament; that the elections [illegible] for themselves. Opposition to [illegible] really founded on a belief in the [illegible] capacity of women; but honourable [illegible] must remember they were confronted [illegible] fact that the highest position in [illegible] occupied by a woman; and if [illegible] volved in the possession of the [illegible] be discharged by a woman, how [illegible] sistently be contended that [illegible] vote for a member of the House [illegible]

Mr. Beresford Hope observed [illegible] not fair to argue that [illegible] been presented by women [illegible] that all women were, therefore, [illegible] measure of this kind, because [illegible] the very act of petitioning [illegible] public matter of that kind [illegible] To call women an unenfranchised [illegible] neither accurate nor logical, [illegible] were unenfranchised, to [illegible] to imply that there were [illegible] world—men and women—[illegible] while, again, the classes to which [illegible] longed could not be justly said [illegible] sented. If unmarried women [illegible] the franchise on account of [illegible] they possessed, it should equally [illegible] married women who had property [illegible] own separate use were entitled [illegible] yet the supporters of this Bill [illegible] ciently consistent to extend [illegible] the measure to that extent. [illegible] privileges were shared by women [illegible] also follow that men's political [illegible] be shared by them, and he would [illegible] advocates of this measure would [illegible] women liable to serve on juries [illegible] which were accustomed to deal [illegible] ters which came before Lord [illegible] for decision? (Hear.) Women [illegible] right of voting anything but [illegible] vilege, even if elections were [illegible] ballot, for the ballot would not [illegible] human nature or attorneys. [illegible] The result of that privilege [illegible] disastrous to the widow [illegible] open the small shop in order [illegible] a support for her children, [illegible] those poor women, who would be [illegible] to manifold persecutions for the [illegible] securing the election to Brown or Jones [illegible] honourable and gallant gentleman, [illegible] ber for Aberdeen, had asked whether [illegible] was any reason why voting should be [illegible] to those who wore one article of dress [illegible] those who wore a different article [illegible] debarred from the privilege, and he could [illegible] fectly understand the validity of such [illegible] gument if elections occurred [illegible] the Highlands. (A laugh.) He should, [illegible] ever, oppose this Bill, because he [illegible] by enfranchising a few women they [illegible] be placing the few so enfranchised in [illegible] enviable position, while by enfranchising [illegible] many they would, in questions where [illegible] unreasoning, theory and sentiment were [illegible] posed to political economy, [illegible] ness-like, calm, and judicial [illegible] they did under the present system [illegible] hear.)

Mr. Jacob Bright, in replying [illegible] he had just received a telegram [illegible] chester Town Council had [illegible] Parliament in favour of the Bill [illegible] ity of 42 to 12. (Hear, hear.)

The House then divided on the [illegible] question:

For putting the question ....
Against ....

Majority ....

The result was received with loud [illegible]

The Bill was then read a second time [illegible] the committee fixed on Wednesday [illegible]

The Poor Man's Friend.—[illegible] too long for a poor man's pocket, [illegible] them may be avoided by keeping [illegible] in the cupboard. It is the "[illegible] ointment," curing burns, cuts, [illegible] wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, [illegible] housewives will save their husbands' [illegible] money by purchasing a box of [illegible]

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.
THE DELAVE TROU[illegible]
MAY 24TH and 25TH.
AT DEL[illegible]
Ottawa, May 21, 1870.

NOTICE.
The Directors of the BRITISH [illegible] BANK NOTE COMPANY hereby [illegible] that they have this day made a [illegible] Shareholders of TWENTY PER CENT [illegible] Stock, to be paid to the Treasurer at [illegible] pany's office here, on or before W[illegible] the 22nd day of June, 18[illegible]
By order,
Ottawa, May 19, 1870

A LECTURE will be delivered by [illegible] JOHN O'BRIAN, of [illegible] the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum [illegible] to-morrow SUNDAY evening, at [illegible] o'clock. Tickets of admission [illegible]
Ottawa, May 20, 1870

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and [illegible]

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and [illegible] Ware at

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware [illegible]

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles [illegible] inside. Every housekeeper should [illegible]

JAPANNED, Planished and Britannia [illegible] at

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator [illegible] sale ONLY at

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer [illegible] only at

TINWARE of all sorts made [illegible] ticular attention given to jobbing [illegible]

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., [illegible] retail at

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO. WINES.
Arrived this day:
Vin d'ordinaire,
Vin de St. George,
Malaga
Madeira, Cognac Vieux, Eau de vie [illegible]
Maraschino, Chartreuse, Creme de [illegible]
Creme de Moka, Olive, &c.
J P MACPHERSON [illegible]
Ottawa, May 20, 1870

ICE, ICE, ICE.
TERMS FOR SUPPLYING THE [illegible] FOR THE SEASON OF 1870.
To be delivered daily THE POUNDS OF [illegible] (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's) [illegible] for the season $5, for one month, $1.50, [illegible] steamboats, Hotels, Retailers, &c., [illegible] large quantities on liberal terms. Orders [illegible] M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, [illegible] or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, [illegible] strictly attended to.
JAMES MARK[illegible]
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Fish Merchant, [illegible]
Terms for the payment of the money to be paid in [illegible] half of the season's money to be paid at the [illegible] the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.
Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dry goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

Some of the mills at the Chaudiere have commenced to work at night.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee & Russell's.

DRESSES MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Bryand at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

The house belonging to Mr. Martin was so swung round in moving it, as to block up the road on Dalhousie street.

Twelve years ago partridge were plenty where the Lovers walk runs at present. Wild ducks are often seen *there now*.

Our contemporary the *Mail* has removed his printing establishment to the premises in Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by the Ottawa *Evening Post*.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.—The Town Council of Pembroke are fighting shy of such an extravagance as spending money to celebrate the birthday of Her Majesty.

The Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Company's steamer *Arctic*, with two barges loaded with freight, is expected to arrive to-night.

A CURIOSITY.—Mr. R. Johnston, flour store, Rideau street, has in his possession a hen egg measuring six and three quarters inches in circumference, and four inches in length.

The river opposite the city is seldom seen as clear of saw logs and square timber as it was yesterday. Not a crib to be seen between the Chaudiere and Brigham's Creek.

FALL WHEAT.—The farmers through Nepean say the fall wheat on most farms in their township is a failure. A dry spring following after the damage done by the frost has injured it badly in many places.

SQUARE TIMBER.—A raft containing fifteen cribs of white and sixty-two cribs of red pine timber, the property of Mr. Thomas Heenan, got clear of Indian River on the 17th instant, and is now on its way to Ottawa.—Pembroke Observer.

Another Case of Jackets; extraordinary value; good styles, and well made cloth 5s 11d and 7s 6d.; velveteen 10s. and 15s.; silk 17s. 6d. and 20s. at Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Lilacs are coming into bloom, and are welcomed as usual. Currant and gooseberry bushes show an unusually large amount of bloom this spring. A free use of powdered hellebore at this season will keep them free of their enemy the currant worm.

THE 24TH.—A large number of excursionists are expected to be among us on this grand holiday.

So far as we can learn the sporting fraternity of this city have made little or no preparations for amusement on the occasion.

FIRECRACKERS AGAIN.—Another narrow escape from a fire through playing with firecrackers happened in Uppertown on Wednesday. Some little boys were amusing themselves in a back shed with firecrackers, and set fire to a pile of cotton rags. The strong smell of burning cotton caused a search to be made, and the fire was discovered in time to save the premises.

The Ottawa Field Battery was out for drill again yesterday afternoon. There was a small attendance, merely enough to team the horses. It is unreasonable to expect farmers to turn out for drill this season of the year, unless for turnip and wangold-wurtzel drill. The time appointed for the annual practice is the 14th June. It is expected the whole Battery will be camped out at that time for a fortnight.

Mrs. Egerton's last entertainment in Ottawa was equal to the first, which is indeed speaking most favorably of that lady's entertainments as a whole. Last night the attendance was excellent, and we have no doubt Mr. and Mrs. Case have had the satisfaction of adding a respectable amount of Ottawa "spondulics" to those already in their purses. Wherever they go they have our best wishes, having afforded us much intellectual amusement during their brief stay here.

POLICE COURT.—Yesterday a little boy was charged with striking a man with a stone. He was ordered to be sent home and be whipped.

John Dow, for assault; fined $5 and costs.

John Downes, charged with assaulting Archibald Murchison; fined $3 and costs.

A clerk named Dupis was fined $10 and costs for assaulting another young man without provocation.

William Curley was charged with larceny remanded until Monday.

THE 60TH.—The men for Red River service started yesterday morning in earnest. They were accompanied by the band playing some lively airs as far as the station. A large crowd had gathered to see them start, among them were a few young women, and it was noticed that there were sad hearts and weeping eyes near the station as the train moved off. Cheers and good wishes were shouted on all sides, soon the train was off, and soldiers and civilians returned to their respective homes.

PERSONAL.—While in Montreal Dr. Shultz was presented with a beautiful bird's eye maple writing desk complete, with the following inscription engraved on a plate let into the side:—"Dr. Shultz from James Hedley—a momento of old times: Amherstburg, 1850, Montreal 1870." Mr. Hedley is well known in Montreal as one of the rising men of that city. He was formerly a schoolmaster and a warm friend of the Doctor; and that friendship still exists with the same warmth as of old.

RUNAWAY.—A desperate runaway was caused yesterday morning, by the band of the 60th frightening a waterman's horse. The scared horse ran down Clarence street, and upset his water and water barrel opposite Graham's hotel. The last that we saw of the animal he was going it at a 2:40 pace down the street, with the shafts of the cart hanging to his heels at every jump, and his master looking after him—very wet and very much shaken from the bursting of the water barrel.

SHIPPING.—Yesterday—The steamer *England* went down the river with nine barges loaded with lumber bound for White Hall. The *Lincoln* went down with a large raft of logs for Hall & Co. The *Fanny* went down with a raft of logs. The *Alexandra* went down with a large tow of logs and sided timber. The *Mac* started for White Hall with seven barges loaded with lumber, and the *Mink* with two barges of lumber for Montreal. The *Otter* goes out to-day from the Gatineau with 4000 logs for Hall & Co. The boatmen say they never saw the water fall so fast in the Ottawa before as it is doing at present. The river has fallen four feet within the last eight days. Very low water is expected this summer, and hard work for pilots to keep the timber off the shoals between Ottawa and the Long Sault.

PURE WINES.—In an admirable treatise on cheap wines, lately published in London by Dr. Druit, and dedicated to Mr Gladstone, he thus speaks of the uses of pure wines:—"They increase the appetite; they exhilarate the spirits; they tend to fill the veins with pure, healthy blood. How often have I wished that the patients coming from a dispensary or outpatients' hospital-room, could have had a bottle of pure wine instead of the *mixtures* they carry in their dirty bottles." Messrs Quelton, St. George & Co., of Toronto, have directed their attention to the importation of these wines, the fame of which has gone throughout Canada. By referring to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. Macpherson, Elgin street, has received a consignment from them. We would strongly advise our readers to try them. It will be found that they are good, cheap and pure.

THE MARKET.—Yesterday was a good one: the square was filled with waggons, and for some distance along York street. There were some changes in prices from the day before. Butter in prints sold for 23 cents—two cents less than on Thursday. Oats were up; common black and white oats brought 36 cents, and potato oats sold as high as 40 cents. Potatoes were very plentiful, and sold from 40 to 43 cents. There was only one load of pork, and the owner was asking $28 for farmers' mess. Some small one month old pigs were selling from $2 to $2.25. The gardeners had spinich, asparagus and rhubarb, but very little else in the vegetable line. There was a fair supply of fish from the Ottawa and St. Lawrence—some very fine bass, pickerel and sturgeon.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Church of England)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev H POLLARD, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7 Free Seats.

St. Alban's Church—Daly Street.
Rev Dr BEDFORD JONES, Rector; Rev C F STREET, M A, Assistant Curate.
(All seats free and unappropriated.)
Services to-morrow—Holy Communion, 8 a m. Morning Prayer, Sermon, 11 a m; Evening Prayer, Sermon, 7 p m.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, M A, Rev H POLLARD, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7. Free Seats.
Military Service—Chaplain, Rev. T. D. Phillips, M.A.—in the Sussex-street Chapel at 9 a.m.

New Edinburgh Parish—Church of England.—St. Bartholomew.
Rev. GEORGE NOEL HIGGINSON, M.A.
Matins at 11; Evensong at 3.30. All Festivals observed. All seats free.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G STONE
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev MR. HARPER.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½ Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Catholic Apostolic Church—Hull.
Rev E J W ROBERTS.
Services, Sundays, at 10 a m, and 5 p m. On week days at 5 p m; and on Wednesdays and Fridays at 10 a m.

St James Episcopal Church—Hull.
Rev JOHN JOHNSTON
Divine Service at 7 to 4 p m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev B. LANE, B.A.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev. EDWARD EBBS, Minister.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.

Bank Street Church—Upper Town.
Rev Mr MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.
Mass and Sermon for the military, in the Crypt of the Cathedral, at 10 a m. Military Chaplain, Rev Æ McD DAWSON.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P P
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass—8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael; Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6p.m. week days, 7½ p.m.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of

MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361tf

Auction Sales.

By A Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS

—ON—

GLOUCESTER STREET,

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by auction at the UNION HOUSE in the City of Ottawa on TUESDAY, 31st of MAY, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, or immediately after the sale of lots on Sparks and Queen st., lot No 10 ... st., being 71 feet front by 22 feet deep well adapted for building purposes, or for a garden, as the soil is excellent, and in a good location. Terms ... per cent. of the purchase money down at the time of sale. The balance in seven years secured by mortgage, paying interest.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 19, 1870 1363td

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

THREE GRAND EXCURSIONS

Will be given down the

OTTAWA RIVER,

In the splendid steamer

"ALEXANDRIA,"

—WITH—

GOWAN'S CELEBRATED BAND.

1st to start at 8.30 o'clock a. m.
2nd to start at one o'clock p. m.
3rd to start at 5 o'clock p. m.
For full particulars see posters.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870. 1363

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

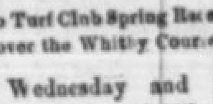
A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cen
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

1369

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD,
Plaintiff's Solicitor.
W M MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1356tf

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered at Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 10

HOSIERY and GLOVES,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

ALEXANDRE'S Kid Gloves,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FRENCH and English Millinery,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

BLACK and White Real Thread Laces,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

FLOWERS, Ribbons and Parasols,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

DRESS Goods, in new materials,

AT CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau street

Ottawa, April 21, 1870.

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the TIMES office.

May 16, 1870. 1359

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Will show THIS MORNING

NEW DRESS SILKS

NEW DRESS SATINS

NEW TRIMMING SATINS

NEW MANTLE VELVETS

NEW SILK AND SATIN RIBBONS

NEW VELVET RIBBONS

NEW HAIR NETS

NEW LADIES' SILK SCARFS

NEW STREAMER NETS

NEW PUFFING

NEW DUCHESSE LACE

NEW LACE PARASOL COVERS

NEW KID GLOVES

NEW PRINTED BRILLIANTS

NEW BLACK GROUND GRENADINES—Striped and Brocaded

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st.

CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.

1357td

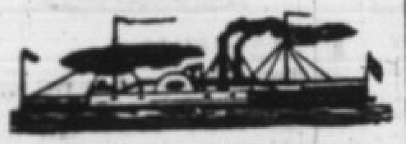
ALFRED SUPTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Areophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s.6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

NEW PORK STORE,

Stall No. 10,

BY-WARD MARKET,

York street,

Having commenced in the above business shall keep constantly on hand

SUGAR CURED HAMS,
SUGAR CURED BACON,

And a general assortment of such goods as are generally kept by Pork Dealers. As I have served my time with Mr E IDLER, of Montreal and am well posted up in all appertaining to this business. Terms low.

HERMAN THORBAHN,
Proprietor.

1361 3

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870 Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent, of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders.

1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 13, 1870

PENNER'S CIDER.

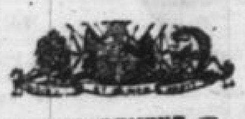
The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates,

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin Street.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

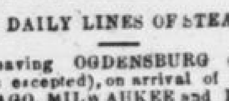
FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER,
Rideau street.

1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY,

THANKS!

ESMONDE BROS. beg to tender their thanks for the liberal support given to them during the past five years, and will with renewed energy continue to merit it.

A large assortment of HOUSE FURNISHINGS is being added to their already large Stock.

Orders for the POLAR REFRIGERATOR, will be received, and a large stock is being manufactured. SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the

JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Which will be carried on under personal supervision, and charged at prices twenty five per cent. cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Housekeepers who have been victimized in this respect, should give us one trial to be assured that they will receive the worth of their money.

Remember at ESMONDE BROS.

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

1362a

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.

Times Office, Ottawa, May 21, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@ 5 25
Spring Extra	4 75	@ 5 00
Fancy	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@ 2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@ 0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@ 0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@ 9 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@ 8 00
Mutton per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@ 0 21
No 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@ 11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@ 0 00
No. 2, do. Inspected	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@ 0 00

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proven that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a direct influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

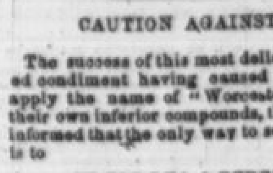
J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. Extremely so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1633tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City. 39.6m

ALHAKASAY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence! 7938d

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MESSRS. GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London, And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

, All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 3awfm 3awkfm

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines

The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,

English, French and German Perfumery,

English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND EYE GLASSES,

mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 13, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c, &c. Residence at J Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 13 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhoea**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

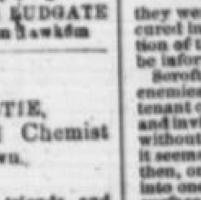
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

To Messrs. CHARLES BLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43.6m LAW & JOHNSTON

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 83 Rideau street.

Legal Cards.

MACLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

A. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R S LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 12.3-6m

W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

EMANUEL P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c, Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent. 1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette,") to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER: *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.*

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.*	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS In towns

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION.—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to JOHN D. O'GRADY, on the premises or WILLIAM COLBERT.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 2&3

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASIme, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st.

711tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS,

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $125; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A., Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1276 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

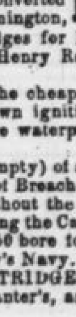
ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON. WHOLESALE ONLY.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

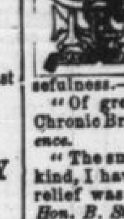
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m, and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1389 1m

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS. PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffat, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, J S Crocker, Esq.

Bankers—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the liberality and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to ascertain the important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a large Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, Old Rye and Proof of the best quality.

Those not having had a trial of our Teas are requested to call and judge for themselves. Your neighbours who have tried and All Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, neuralgia? Find relief from Frasers's Magnetic Pain Cure! GREAT PAIN CURER. Instant relief in three minutes. Neuralgia, in whatever part of the face, is distinguishable from the pain and intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of the attack, may be cured within a few minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable matter, and contains nothing which can in any way injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,

1304 1y

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 26, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1365. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 23 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

BENASSTONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

LEWIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Cordage, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,

Birdseed and Cider Vinegars.

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

&c. &c. &c. numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS.—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE.—

Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

WINES.—

Brandy, Hennessy; Hennett & Co, Henkin, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN.—

In Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES.—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine vintage, Burgundy, Claret and Madeira Wines in wood and bottle, improved by age.

WHISKIES.—OLD RYE, PROOF AND HONEYDEW, OLD RYE, PROOF AND MALT WHISKEY.

Old proof and very old, extremely low rices. Thomson's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Malt.

Jameson's Irish Whiskey.

Guinness's Irish Porter.

Bass and London Porter, pts and qts.

Cream and Ales.

Syrups and Syrups, all grades.

Cordials and Bitters.

Fine Cigars, Pipes, &c.

Always on Hand, Ports of fine vintage, Burgundy, Claret and Madeira Wines in wood and bottle, improved by age.

Ottawa, December 20, 1869. 1236.t

Educational.

MUSIC AND DEPORTMENT.

Madame Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Friday, the 22nd instant.

Prospectuses may be obtained on application at the Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Pembroke, would beg to inform his friends in Ottawa and others, that he hopes, in future, to receive orders for tuning more promptly than of late. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Gormingham's Auction Rooms, and at R. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

FARM FOR SALE.

A reliable FARM for sale containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, situate in the Township of Fitzroy, in the County of Carleton, being composed of lot number twenty, in the Sixth Concession of the said Township is hereby offered for sale. This Farm is only half a mile from the Village of Fitzroy. It is all good arrable land, about sixty acres of which are cleared with a never failing spring of water about the centre of the Farm. It is timbered principally with hardwood, and contains a sufficient quantity of fuel and Pine timber for fencing and building purposes. Price twenty dollars per acre, one half of the money paid at the time of sale and the other half secured by mortgage payable in two equal annual instalments with interest.

Parties desirous of examining or purchasing the above property will please call on JOHN McDONALD residing in Fitzroy Village who will give all the information necessary as to the situation of the said land. A liberal deduction will be made by paying all cash. For further particulars apply by letter or personally to the undersigned.

CHARLES SPARROW, Sr, Ottawa,

HAPERRIER, Solicitor, Ottawa,

Or ALEX McDONELL, Hamilton, Ontario

Ottawa, April 11, 1870. 1331 1m 13 6m

DOMINICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Queen Street, next to the City Hotel,

Ottawa.

Solicits patronage of the Lumber Merchants of the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men intending to their rafts while passing down the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

John Egan, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Maguire, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS,

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the celebrated M. S. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. For the course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturer and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK,

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John R. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 991tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In PORTLAND, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

AMERICAN SILVER TAKEN AT PAR FOR TEAS AND COFFEES AT THE AGENCY OF THE INDIA —AND— CHINA TEA COMPANY,

BANG'S BLOCK,

ELGIN STREET.

Ottawa, April 19, 1870.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Dupont's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney,
No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

1318 3m

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received
Ex St. David,
From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,
A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sparks st. Provisions Store.

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1298tf

SMYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES.

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 23, 1869.

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Mann streets, at present occupied by Mrs McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
1314tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,

1299t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge,

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property entrusted to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangements, expectation delivery, &c., would induce him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, the mode of selling property form a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in soliciting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold on account of whom it may concern, or for "branch of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years in some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.
1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trunk Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 30.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and aglest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to sort to.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Smyrna, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1531."

SHERRY WINE. Very Pale, Old Wine, M Mise,

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild,

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochinger,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & COS Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run "by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, A full assortment,

CHEESE'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Sutton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE, And a variety of other brands he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder, "to arrive, A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 36, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

HOUSE SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

LANG'S STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT 1866

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

AT THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

GREAT ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 10	6 15
Spencerville	2 16	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rideau	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 40	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	3 00
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	3 30
Rideau	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	4 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	4 40
		A. M.	
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ..... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Richmond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 7:15 p m

Trains for Lachine at ..... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ..... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at ..... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at ..... 4.30 p m

via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ..... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ..... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Passenger coaches attached.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents.

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.40 p m, 1 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director.

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11.45 a. m., and 8.45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers Empress or Empress for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.10, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1135y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the ariety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.

Nature's Crown.

You Must Cultivate It

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over Lard and French Pomades, is at once apparent to all, not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietor, R. H. McDONALD, Druggist, Nashua, N. H. Wholesale Druggists, New York.

1306 3

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. Hinman, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. Kennedy, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test tried, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. Belding, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Provinces of Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from any artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profit, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, or 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant a the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfied they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 40c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, 95c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

Montreal, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap.

Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a catty sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
48 Sparks street.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a Drink—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a Lotion—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

BOARDING HOUSE, CHAUDIERE.

MRS FOLEY has just opened a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE in MRS. HEARN'S House, Duke street, Leliretson's Flats, Chaudiere, where she is prepared to accommodate any number of boarders with comfortable lodging, and excellent board at reasonable rates.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
6.00		Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.	11.30	5.30
6.00	12.15	Montreal, by Steamer	11.30	5.30
6.0	12.15	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train	11.30	5.30
	12.15	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western U.S., and all places west of Prescott inclusively, New York, Boston, &c.	11.30	5.30
6.00		United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, Lyons, Auburn, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.		5.30
6.00	12.15	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage du Fort, Pembroke, &c.		5.30
6.00		Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	
	12 Noon.	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c., by Stage	8.00	11.30
7.30	5.00	Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Fred Burritt's Rapids		
6.00	12.15	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford-on-Rideau, Spencerville, Prescott, Brockville, Ogdensburg, Kingston, Belleville, Napanee, Picton, Cobourg, Peterboro', Lindsay, Port Hope, Bowmanville, Oshawa, Whitby, Port Perry, Beaverton, Orillia, Gravenhurst, North West, and Intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, Chelsea, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	11.30	5.30
6.00		Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec, every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ..... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 6.00 p m
Arrive ..... 4.30 p m, 11.00 a m, 9 00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agent.

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,
Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,
Birds Baths,
Bird Swings,
Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty patterns,
Wire Egg Boilers,
Wire Dish Covers,
Wire Toast Forks and Racks,
Wire Egg Beaters,
Wire Skewers,
Larding Needles,
Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

38 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 19th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 38th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada,"

His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a way rate of toll be established on the Welland Canal between Dunnville and Thorold, and that such rate shall be and is hereby fixed at five-eighth's of the through rate, or twelve and a half cents per ton,

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

1356 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 26th day of April, 1870.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honourable, the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6 intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Shannonville, in the Province of Ontario, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, an Out Port of Entry, under the

than law and thought myself studious, I had occasion to discover more than once that he was a better Grecian than I, and could "enlighten my ignorance." From other sources I learn that in his legal studies he delighted in the report of law cases in Norman French, that he was fond of old French literature, and read Rabelais in the perplexing French of the original. It is mentioned in some accounts of his life that he was elected in 1811 to the New York House of Assembly by a party called the malcontents, but I have not had the means of verifying this account, nor am I able to discover what were the objects for which the party called malcontents was formed. In this year an incident occurred of more importance to him than his election to the Assembly. On the 8th of August, 1811, the annual commencement of Columbia College was held in Trinity Church. Among those who were to receive the degree of Bachelor of Arts was a young man named Stevenson, who had composed an oration to be delivered on the platform. It contained some passages of a political nature, insisting upon the duty of a representative to obey the will of his constituents. Political parties at that time were much exasperated against each other, and Dr. Wilson of the College, to whom the oration was submitted, acting it was thought at the suggestion of Dr. John Mason, the eloquent divine, who was then provost of the College, struck out the passages in question and directed that they should be omitted in the delivery. Shtevenson spoke them notwithstanding, and was then privately informed by one of the professors that his degree would be denied him. Yet, when the diplomas were delivered, he mounted the platform with the other graduates and demanded the degree of Dr. Mason. It was refused because of his disobedience. Mr. Hugh Maxwell, afterwards eminent as an advocate, sprang upon the platform and appealed to the audience against this denial of what he claimed to be the right of Stepenson. Great confusion followed, shouts, applauses, and hisses, in the midst of which Verplanck appeared on the platform, saying: "The reasons are not satisfactory; Mr. Maxwell must be supported," and then he moved "that the thanks of the audience be giving to Mr. Maxwell for his spirited defence of an injured man." It was some time before the tumult could be allayed, the audience taking part with the disturbers; but the result was that Maxwell, Verplanck, and several others were prosecuted for roit in the Mayor's Court. DeWitt Clinton was then Mayor of New York. In his charge to the jury he inveighed with great severity against the accused, particularly Verplanck, of whose conduct he spoke as a piece of matchless impudence, and declared the disturbance to be one of the grossest and most shameless outrages he had ever known. They were found guilty; Maxwell, Verplanck, and Stephenson were find $200 each, and several others less. An appeal was entered by the accused but afterwards withdrawn. I have heard one of our judges express a doubt whether this disturbance could properly be considered as a roit, but they did not choose to avail themselves of the doubt, if there was any, and submitted. In the family of Josiah Ogden Hoffmar, lived Mary Eliza Fenno, the sister of his wife, and daughter of John Ward Fenno, originally of Boston, and afterwards proprietor of a newspaper published in Philadelphia, entitled the *Gazette of the United States*. Between this young lady and Verplanck there grew up an attachment, and in 1811 they were married. I have seen an exquisite miniature of her by Malbone, taken in her early girlhood when about fifteen years old—beautiful as an angle, with light chestnut hair and a soft blue eye, in the look of which is a touch of sadness, as if caused by some dim presentiment of her early death. I remember hearning Miss Sedgwick say that she should always think the better of Verplanck for having been the husband of Eliza Fenno. Several of her letters written to him before their marriage are preserved, which, amidst the sprightliness natural to her age, show a more than usual thoughtfulness. She rallie him on being adopted by the mob, and making harangues at ward meetings. She playfully chides him for wandering from the Apostolic Church to hear popular preachers and clerks that sing well; which she regards as crimes against the memory of his ancestors—an allusion to that part of the family pedigree which traced his decent in some way from the royal line of the Stuarts. She rallies him on his passion for old books, remarking that some interesting words had just appeared which must be kept from him till he reaches the age of three score, when they will be fit for his perusal. She writes to him, from Boston, that he is accounted there an amazingly plain-spoken man—he had called the Boston people heretics. She writes to him in Stratford, imagining him in Bishop Berkeley's armchair, surrounded by family pictures and huge folios. These letters were carefully preserved by her husband till his death, along with various memorials of her whom he had lost; locks of her sunny brown hair, the diamond ring which he had placed on her finger when they were engaged to each other, wrapt in tresses of the same bright hair, and miniatures of her which the family never heard of till he died; all variously disposed among the papers in the drawers of his chest; so that whenever he opened it he might be reminded of her, and her memory might become a part of his daily life. With these were preserved some letters of his own, written to her about the same time, and of a sportive character. In one of these he laments the passing away of the good old customs, and simple ways of living in the country, supplanted by the usages of town life. Everybody was then reading "Coelebs in Search of a Wife," and Verplanck, who had just been looking over some of the writings of Wilberforce, sees in it resemblances to his style, which led him to set down Wilberforce as the author. He lived with his young wife five years, and she bore him two sons, one of whom died at the age of thirty unmarried, and the other has become the father of a numerous family. Her health failing he took her to Europe, in the hope that it might be restored by a change of air and scene, but, after languishing a while, she died at Paris, in the year 1817. She sleeps in the cemetery of Pere La Chaise, among monuments inscribed with words strange to her childhood, while he, after surviving her for sixty-three years, yet never forgetting her, is laid in the ancestral burying ground at Fishkill, and the Atlantic ocean rolls between their graves. He remained in Europe a little while after this event, and having looked at what the Continent had to show him, went over to England. In his letters to his friends at home he spoke pathetically of the loss of her who was the blessing of his life, of the delight with which, had she lived, she would have looked at so many things in the Old World now attracting his attention, and of the misfortune of his children to be deprived of her care and guidance. Mr. Verplanck was elected in 1820 member of the New York House of Assembly, but I do not learn that he particulary distinguished himself while in that body. In the year following he was appointed in the General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church Professor of the Evidences of Revealed Religion and Moral Science in its relations to theology. For four years he performed the duties of this professorship, with what ability is shown by his treatise on the Evidences of Christianity, the fruit of his studies during this interval. It is principally a clear and impressive view of that class of proofs of the Christian religion which have a direct relation to the intellectual and moral wants of mankind. For he was a devout believer in the Christian gospel, and cherished religious convictions for the sake of their influene on the character and the life. This work was published in 1824, about the time that he resigned his professorship. It was in 1824, that, on a visit to New York, I first became acquainted with Verplanck. On the appearance of a small volume of poems of mine, containing one or two which have been the most favourably received, he wrote, in 1822, some account of them for the New York *American*, a daily paper which not long before had been established by his cousin, Johnson Verplanck, in conjunction with the late Dr. King. He spoke of them at considerable length and in the kindest manner. As I was then an unknown literary adventurer, I could not but be grateful to the hand that was so cordially held out to me, and when I came to live in New York, in 1825, an intimacy began in which I suspect the advantage was all on my side. It was in 1825 that he published his essay on the Doctrine of Contracts, in which he maintained that the transaction between the buyer and seller of a commodity should be one of perfect frankness and an entire absence of concealment; that the seller should be held to disclose everything within his knowledge which would affect the price of what he offered for sale and that the maxim which is compressed into two Latin words, *caveat emptor*—the maxim that the buyer takes the risk of a bad bargain—is not only a selfish but a knavish and immoral rule of conduct, and should not be recognized by the tribunals. The question is ably argued on the grounds of an elevated morality—but I have heard jurists object to the doctrine of this essay, that if it were to prevail it would greatly multiply the number of lawsuits. In 1825 Mr. Verplanck was elected one of the three representatives in Congress, to which this city was then entitled. He immediately distinguished himself as a working member. This appellation is given in Congress to members who labor faithfully in committees, consider petitions and report upon them, investigate claims, inquire into matters referred to their judgment, frame bills and present them through their chairman. Besides these there are the talking members who take part in every debate, often without knowing anything of the question, save what they learn while the debate is proceeding, and the idle members, who do nothing but vote—generally, I believe, without knowing anything of the question whatever; but to neither of these classes did Verplanck belong. He was a diligent, useful, and valued member of the Committee of Ways and Means, and at an important period of our political history was its chairman. Then arose the great controversy concerning the right of a State to refuse obedience at pleasure to any law of Congress, a right contended for, under the name of nulification, by some of the most eminent men of the South, whose ability, political influence, and power of putting a plausible face on their heresy, gave their cause at first an appearance of great strength, and seemed to threaten the very existence of the Union. With their denial of the binding force of any law of Congress which a State might think proper to set aside, these men combined another argument. They denied the power of Congress under the Constitution, to levy duties on imported merchandise, for the purpose of favoring; the home manufacturer, and maintained that it could only lay duties for the sake of raising a revenue. Mr. Verplanck favored neither this view nor their theory of nulification. He held that the power to lay duties being given to Congress, without reservation by the Constitution, the end or motive of laying them was left to the discretion of the Legislature. He showed also that the power to regulate commerce given to that body in the Constitution, was, from an early period in our history, held to imply a right, by laying duties, to favor particular traffics, products, or fabrics. This view of the subject was presented with great skill and force in a pamphlet entitled "A Letter to Colonel William Drayton, of South Carolina," published in 1831. Mr. Verplanck was through life a friend to the freedom of exchange, but he would not use in its favor any argument which did not seem to him just. His pamphlet was so ably reasoned that William Leggett said to him, in my presence, "Mr. Verplanck you have convinced me; I was, till now, of a different opinion from yours but you have settled the question against me. I now see that whatever may be the injustice of protective duties, Congress has the constitutional right to impose them," which showed the sagacity of Mr. Verplanck in estimating the consequences of political measures. Mr. Van Buren had been sent by President Jackson as our Minister to the British Court while Congress was not in session, and the nomination yet awaited confirmation by the Senate. It led to a long and spirited debate, in which Mr. Marcy uttered the memorable maxim: "To the victor belongs the spoils of the enemy," which was so often quoted against him. I was in Washington, dining with Mr. Verplanck, when the vote on this nomination was taken. As we were at the table, two of the Senators, Dickinson of New Jersey, and Tazewell, of Virginia, entered. Verplanck turning to them, asked eagerly: "How has it gone?" Dickinson, extending his left arm, with the fingers closed, swept the other hand over it, striking the fingers open, to signify that the nomination was rejected. "There," said Verplanck, "that makes Van Buren President of the United States." Verplanck was by no means a partisan of Van Buren, but he saw what the effect of that vote would be, and his prediction was in due time verified. During Mr. Verplanck's fourth and last term in Congress he became seperated from his associates of the Democratic party by a difference in regard to the Bank of the United States. General Jackson had laid rough hands on this institution and removed to the State Banks the public money which had till then been entrusted to its keeping. Many of our best men had then a high opinion of the unity of the bank, and thought much better of its management than, as afterwards appeared it deserved. The Whig party declared itself in favour of the Bank. Mr. Calhoun, and the Southern politicians of his immediate school joined them on this question, and Mr. Verplanck, who regarded the Bank with a friendly eye, found himself on the same side, which proved to be the minority. The time arrived for another election of members of Congress from this city. The Democratic party desired to re-elect Mr. Verplanck, if some assurance could be obtained from him that he would not oppose the policy of the administration in regard to the Bank. That party understood very well his merits and his usefulness, and made a strong effort to retain him, but he would give no assurance, even to pursue a neutral course, on the Bank question, and accordingly his name was reluctantly dropped from their list of nominations. A long separation ensued between him and those who, up to that time, had been his political associates. In 1834, the Whig party, looking for a strong party for the Mayoralty of the city, offered the nomination to Verplanck, who accepted it. On the other side, the Democrats brought forward Cornelius W. Lawrence, a man of popular manners and unquestionable integrity. Those were happy days, when in voting for a Mayor, the citizen would be certain that he would not vote amiss, and that whoever succeeded in the election, the city was sure of an honest man for its chief officer. One would have thought that this consideration might make the election a quiet one, but it was not so; the struggle was for party supremacy, and it was violent on both sides. At that time the polls were kept open for three days, and each day the excitement increased; disorders took place; some heads were broken, and at last it appeared that Lawrence was elected Mayor by a majority of about two hundred votes. While in Congress, Verplanck had leisure, during the interval between one session and another, for literary occupations. He wrote about one-third of an annual collection of miscellanies entitled the "Talisman," which was published by Dr. Bliss in the year 1827 and the two following years. To these volumes he contributed the "Peregrinations of Petrus Mudd," a humorous and lively sketch, founded on the travels of a New Yorker of the genuine old stock, who, when he returned from wandering over all Europe and part of Asia, set himself down to study geography in order to know where he had been. Of the graver articles he wrote "De Gourges," a chapter from the history of the Huguenot colonists of this country, "Gelyna, a Tale of Albany and Ticonderoga," and several others. As examples of his judicial ability, I may instance his examination of the whole structure of our State and Federal Government in the case of Delafield against the State of Illinois, where the question came up whether an individual could sue a State; his survey of the whole law of marine insurance and the principles on which it is founded, in the case of the American Insurance Company against Bryan; his admirable statement of the reasons on which rests the law of prescription, or right established by usage, in the case of Post against Pearsall, his exposition of the extent of the right which in this country the owners of land on the borders of rivers and navigable streams have in the bed of the river, in Kempshall's case—a masterly opinion, in which the whole Court concurred. I might also mention the great case of Alice Lispenard, in which he considered the degree of mental capacity requisite to make a will, a case involving a vast amount of property in this city, decided by his opinion. There is also the case of Smith vs. Acker, relating to the taint of fraud in mortgages of personal property, in which he carried the Court with him against the Chancellor and overturned all the previous decisions. Not less important is his elaborate, learned and exhaustive opinion in the case of Thompson vs. The People, decided by a single vote and by his opinion, in which he examined the true nature of franchises conferred on individuals in this country by the sovereign power, the right to construct bridges over navigable streams, and the proper operation of the writ of *quo warranto*. These opinions of Verplanck form an important part of the legal literature of our State. On Thursday evening he lay upon a sofa conversing from time to time, after his usual manner, until near midnight. On Friday morning, when his body servant entered the room and looked at him, he perceived a change and called his grandson, who, with a granddaughter, had constantly attended him during the past winter. The grandson immediately went for his physician, Dr. Carnochan, who, however, was not to be found, and whose assistant, a young man, came in his stead. Mr. Verplanck, in a way which was characteristic of him, studied the young man's face for a moment and then asked: "From what college were you graduated?" The reply was—"Paris;" on which Mr. Verplanck turned away as if it did not much please him, and in a moment afterwards expired. He was spared the previous suffering which so many are called to endure. His son had visited him from time to time, and was with him the day before his death, yet this event was unexpected to all the family. His father, in his old age, had passed away as suddenly, having fallen dead by the wayside.

It may be said that in almost every instance the place of those who pass from the stage of life is readily supplied from among the multitude of those who are entering upon it; the well-grafted actor who makes his exit is succeeded by another, who soon shows that he is as fully competent to perform the part as his predecessor. But when I look for one to supply the place of our friend who has departed, I confess I look in vain. I ask, but vainly, where we shall find one with such capacities for earning a great name, such large endowments of mind and acquisitions of study united with such modesty, disinterestedness and sincerity, and such steady and various labours for the good of our race conjoined with so little desire for the rewards which the world has to bestow on those who render it the highest services. But though we sorrow for his departure, and see not how his honored place is to be filled, let us congratulate ourselves and the community in which we live, that he was spared to us so many years. His day was like one of the finest days in the season of the summer solstice—bright, unclouded, and long.

Farewell, thou who hast already entered upon thy reward; happy in this, that thou wert not called from thy beneficent labors before the night. Thou hadst already garnered an ample harvest; the sickle was yet in thy hand; the newly reaped sheaves lay on the field at thy side, when, as the beams of the setting sun trembled on the horizon, the voice of the Master summoned thee to thine appointed rest. May all those who are as nobly endowed as thou, and who as willingly devote themselves to the service of God and mankind, be spared to the world as long as thou hast been.

Filling up the Country.

From the St. John's N. B. Telegraph.

In every quarter of the continent strenuous efforts are put forth to attract population to new countries, and even to old and long settled States. The desire of the people of the Old World to seek homes in America, and the competition that is going on in the neighbouring States and Provinces, to secure advantages from this tide of emigration, form a most remarkable feature of the social life of the century. The current year promises to be the most extraordinary, in this respect, of any we have ever seen.

The New York *Times* remarks of a recent Southern movement:—

"A great effort is being made at this time by a powerful railroad and land company, backed by English capitalists, to settle the cheap and partly-unoccupied lands of Virginia. Hundreds of thousands of acres have been bought up, on a line of road from Norfolk right across the States, and the plan is formed of turning in upon them, on a grand scale, a number of English farmers or German peasants, who have saved some capital. A corresponding British Emigration Company has been formed in London, and there seems really at length some chance that a tide of wealth is about to be directed to Virginia, in comparison with the value of which the discovery of a gold-mine would be insignificant.

The New York *Herald* has a pointed reference to the same subject:—

"It is not a little singular fact in regard to the present tide of foreign immigration to this country that it does not altogether flow towards the West and South, but as far up as our north-eastern boundary, in Aroostook County, State of Maine. While our South Carolina papers contain reports of a convention in Columbia to facilitate foreign immigration to that State, the Maine newspapers have opened their columns to a discussion of a proposition to introduce Scandinavian immigrants under very favourable auspices into Aroostook County—the dense lumber region of the State."

Our neighbours understand, thoroughly, the importance of securing the bodies of venturesome and industrious people who seek to improve their position in the world by emigration. The Province of Ontario is also fully alive to the fact that every individual added to its population before the Dominion census is taken, will swell the total of the subsidy payable to that Province, besides adding to the importance of Ontario in the Councils of the Dominion. In New Brunswick, however, nothing has been done or is being done, to attract population to our shores or people our public lands, of which millions of acres remain unoccupied. A movement of this kind is only likely to be supported by the Government with the assistance of the Legislature, but thus far neither of these bodies has shown that it appreciated the importance of the work which other Provinces and States deem so essential to their prosperity.

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES OF NEW SUMMER GOODS

WILL MAKE A SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES ON SATURDAY, MAY 21st, and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,
LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,
17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,
LACE SHAWLS,
LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs.

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENEILLE FRINGES, and other trimmings.
NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,
FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks, Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks, Black and Coloured Crapes, Silk, Satin, Ottoman-Cord and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-Stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

110 Pieces Choice Summer Prints,
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNDAS " "
20 " Lobster Mills "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days, and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS
—AT—
MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL, 29 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
New Muslins, &c—Cunningham & Lindsay
Piano For Sale—Miss Harmon
Summer Beverages—R Hall
Summer Fashion—Magee & Russell
Her Majesty's Theatre—The Delave Troupe

The Ottawa Times

MONDAY, MAY 23, 1870.

ILLNESS OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Sir John is still continuing slowly to improve.

WAIT FOR THE END.

There is nothing in the world so easy as to find fault. Anybody can do that. When the Crimean expedition left the shores of England, there was very much to be found fault with and there was very much fault found. Stores were deficient, sick comforts were deficient, doctors were deficient, officers were deficient, everything in fact was deficient, but the men. The men were always ready for anything. It was quite the same what was to be done—to run into the harbour of Sebastopol and run out again, to resist a charge of cavalry in line, or rush at the point of the bayonet up a steep hill upon a field battery. The men were able to do anything. But, nevertheless, there were mistakes on the part of the home authorities. It is not easy to foresee all that is required, or to guess at all that may be required in a campaign. Something surely will be forgotten. There will be some cause for which mismanagement may be alleged. Here, while the Red River River Expedition is *en route*, we hear something about mismanagement. From the Sault Ste. Marie the first complaint comes of that kind. A special correspondent thinks it was mismanagement in those in charge of the *Chicora* to have put off her boats in a speaking way, with a view of passing the Sault Ste Marie Canal. We are told, too, that the *Algoma*, which has got through, is not a sufficiently large and powerful vessel. It is further said that the *Algoma* lies, on the north side of the Rapids, doing nothing. All the stores, which have arrived lie at the Sault wharf, and "to all appearance will continue to lie there." A hundred men have been all the week mending two miles of a portage road instead of transporting every box and barrel to the *Algoma* in two days as they should have done. As matters go it seems probable that the troops will have to winter on their way to Fort Garry. Why was not the *Chicora* which has twice the speed of the *Algoma*, sent through the canal instead of the *Algoma*? Who is bungling the transportation of stores that a proportion of them can neither be stored nor checked? Why were not the troops sent in advance to protect the stores. Such is a fair specimen of the grumbling which is going on. In all probability there ever will be grumbling where English speaking people are. The English speaking races grumble at everything if they have time to grumble. A prudent correspondent, however would not repeat such grumbling. In the very midst of a fight there are men who will grumble and complain of mismanagement. Private soldiers oftentimes criticize the conduct of their commander. In Spain it is more than probable that the youngest ensign oftentimes felt quite certain that if he had been in Lord Wellington's place there would have been no necessity for falling back upon Torres Vedras Everybody condemned the inactivity of Lord Raglan after the battle of the Alma. During the battle he reminded the French Marshal, commanding in chief of one of the heroes of antiquity; after the battle, he reminded his own countrymen in London of a fact of which they were not previously, as it seemed, aware—that his Lordship was an old man, who, in his day, might have been a very good officer, but that that day was passed. While men were dying by disease he was apparently doing nothing, but staying on an exposed bit of land near Sebastopol, subject to repeated assaults from thousands of Russians, who, in hordes, were pouring into Sebastopol, in spite of the siege. He died; and an India General was appointed to the supreme command—one of those latter day fighting generals, who are quite accustomed to the most terrible modern warfare. Under him an assault took place, and the brave, experienced, skillful India officer, General Simpson, was caricatured as sitting in a ditch, during the fighting, with something like a dirty night cap on his head. He was succeeded by Sir E. Codrington, of the Guards, who was spoken of as a feather bed soldier; and in truth the incessant grumbling about mismanagement and incapacity never ceased until Sebastopol fell. It is not of course to be expected that there will be less grumbling, if anything unsatisfactory occurs on the route to Red River. Had anything happened to Napier on his way to Magdala, the stories of mismanagement, or rashness, or incompetency would have been terrible, but Theodore was killed and the troops, without any real opposition, took possession of Magdala and despoiled it, leaving the country, immediately upon their having done so, and restored order, to the intense satisfaction of the whole British public. It is very possible that before even a thousand men reach Fort Garry that they will be put to very much inconvenience. The march, under the supervision of Colonel Wolsley, is not a pleasure trip to Red River. It is impossible to move even a body of Mormons from one Salt Lake to another without misadventure from Indians or other parties, and water and good camping spots are not always to be found. These are things to be fully allowed for. A steamship, it is expected, will cross the Atlantic speedily and safely by all those who step on board of her and by the public who watch her departure. Yet she may be unfortunate. It is possible for her machinery to break down, damage to ensue from heavy seas, or that she may come into collision—all as the result of mismanagement—although her officers may be men of great skill and nautical experience.

This grumbling about mismanagement, while the Expedition is *en route*, seems to us to be exceedingly ill-natured and most improper now. Such mismanagement as has been complained of, if it exists, cannot instantly be rectified, and, under all the circumstances, it is surely best to wait for the end.

IGNORANCE AND IMPUDENCE.

It surely ought not to be any matter of surprise that blunders should be made by writers in England or Scotland, or Ireland, in commenting upon Canadian matters. The wonder is that people who have not set foot in this country know so much about it as they do. An American gentleman on his first visit to Scotland, when within a mile of the Tay on the Forfarshire side once asked the driver of the stage-coach whether he was then in Fife-shire, and all eyes were turned upon him in amusement. Fife was quite visible over the water, and every body but the ignorant gentleman knew exactly in what place the coach was. A moment's reflection would have shown that the very question was proof of information, and that the stranger who put it, knew from previous reading that Fifeshire adjoined Forfarshire. All, however, laughed heartily, and, it may be, the gentleman from America laughed too—at those who laughed at him. The Hamilton *Spectator* gives an extract from the letter of some person in Canada, in which the writer is evidently quizzing his brother, and speaks of it as a proof of the ignorance of British newspapers with respect to this country. May not the Glasgow paper have given the extracts as an evidence merely of British feeling in Canada, opposed to Fenianism? The Glasgow paper does not petend to believe anything about scalping or cutting off Fenian or other ears. The ignorance, it seems to us, is on the part of the *Spectator*, to say nothing of the impudence of attributing ignorance to newspapers no ordinarily in the habit of manifesting it.

From the Hamilton Spectator.

The misapprehension of Canada and Canadian affairs which exists among British newspapers, has always been in this country a subject of wonder, but we do not remember to have had anything lately quite so glaring as the following which appears in a Glasgow paper as a piece of veracious and interesting intelligence:

"A gentleman in Manchester has received a letter from his brother in Western Canada, in which he says:

I suppose your home papers will be full of accounts of an unexpected Fenian raid into Canada, and I daresay Lord Derby, or whoever is your head boss in the Government will be doing some big talk about it. If, however, they knew how we are settling the difficulty in our own country, they would acknowledge, I think, that we know somehow to wipe out Fenianism. There is a little, quiet town about six leagues, from here, where the officer in command took it into his own hands, and offered a reward of $5 for every Fenian scalp, and $1 a piece for the ears of all sympathizers with the skunks. This was considered to be only a joke by many; but it looked very real yesterday, when Pete Lervy, a half-breed and an old trapper, came in with three unmistakable 'chignons,' as he called them, and, as true as I am writing this he got the money! I saw Pete myself, and he said he was mighty riled he did not bring the 'listeners,' as he calls the ears. There is quite a panic among the Irish here, and every one of them who has known proclivities towards Fenianism is making tracks to the States, while many who are settled with their families are coming to town and taking the oath. We have a strong lot of rifles here, everybody a good shot, and every boy of them death on an Irishman; so I guess if they make a move this summer, there will be a few worthless devils wiped out, which will be as good a job for Ireland as for Canada and humanity at large. I should strongly advise the Government in the old country to try Colonel Wilson's plan in Ireland. Give every constable 5s for every Fenian or Ribbonman's scalp, and you can have reland free from the reptiles, which St. Patrick overlooked, in three months. There might be a few mistakes, but the benefit would more than compensate for it."

The above reminds us of Charles Lamb's writing a burlesque life of Munden, the actor, in which the humor was no quaintly fine that the fiction was not detected by the uncritical crowd, and only half suspected by the critical few. The result was that for a time all London was amazed at the singular events which had befallen its favorite actor in his earlier days, and Lamb saw the unexpected success of his biography, in comical bewilderment. Such must have been the mental condition of the writer of the above, when, first he saw his letter reproduced by the matter-of-fact editor of Glasgow.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO

TORONTO, May 21.

There is nothing definite as to the departure of the remainder of the Volunteers.

"C" Company, 60th Rifles, left this morning, and three more companies of the same regiment leave at one this afternoon; also Col. Wolseley.

A prize fight took place near the barracks yesterday, between private Alexander Sutherland, of Kingston, Ontario Battalion, and private Wm. Marshall, Montreal, Quebec Battalion. Eight rounds were fought, Sutherland being the winner.

Two Captains were present to see that fair play was observed.

Twenty-seven discharged men of the Royal Canadian Rifles arrived yesterday, and joined the Quebec Battalion.

Mrs. William Monaghan, the unfortunate lady who was recently found in an unconscious state, having wandered about in the bush for several days and fallen down a precipice, died yesterday.

The inquest commenced yesterday.

From evidence adduced it appears she was robbed and outraged by some unknown ruffian.

The Volunteer Monument erected in Queen's Park, to the honour of the heroes of Ridgeway, will be unveiled on the 2nd prox.

The *Prince Alfred* left Port Colborne yesterday for Collingwood.

The *Rescue* arrived at Goderich on Thursday, where she received her stores and took on board a battery of volunteer artillery. She sailed for Sault Ste. Marie, where she will remain until further orders to protect our transport from being attacked by the Fenians.

The *Chicora* is loading at Collingwood, and will leave to-day with troops and stores.

The steamer *Francis Smith* will leave Collingwood with 300 men and 40 horses.

The *Manbuno* has arrived at Sault Ste. Marie. The *Algoma* was to leave the Sault for Fort William on the evening of the 18th. She was guarded by 20 men the previous night on account of an expected attack by the Fenians.

An application was made in the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, for a rule of *nisi* calling on the *Globe* proprietors to show cause why a criminal information for a libel should not be issued on account of an article reflecting on Col. Gray, published on the 14th inst. Rule *nisi* was granted.

A despatch to the *Telegraph*, from Sault Ste. Marie, May 20, says:—Mr. Carleton, Superintendent of the Canal, has received instructions from the State Government to open the canal to all British vessels, except those carrying troops and munitions of war. The canal is therefore virtually open.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 21.

Customs revenue for week ending 21st, $7,991,708. This morning in the Superior Court of Review, the Guilbord case was to have been heard. In the absence of Judge Berthelot and with Judge Mondelet still declining to sit in review on his own decision, there was no quorum and the hearing of the case was accordingly postponed till Wednesday the 25th inst.

Two rafts, the first of the season, passed the city yesterday afternoon,

The annual meeting of the Montreal fish and game protection club will be held at noon to-day, at the office of J. Redpath & Son.

Flour very quiet, prices unchanged. No. 2 in fair demand at full rates.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 21.

From sea—the vessel *Liberty*, Arthur White, Liverpool.

The steamer *Express* is being converted into a sea-going vessel for the purpose of conveying provisions to the Intercolonial Railroad contractors.

Mr. P. Gauvreau, provincial engineer, has instructions from the Dominion Government to prepare places for a new post office here. Mr. H. Simard's house during the construction will be used as a post office.

Rev. T. Galt, of Montreal, lectures on temperance in the Wesleyan church on Monday next.

An adjourned meeting of the officers of the old country battalion for this section is holding this afternoon, resolved to the effect that all old country volunteer officers will resign their commissions should the appointment of Colonel Panet be persisted in, have been passed. The Government was memorialized to that effect.

Colonel Barwas, of the 55th Megantic infantry is at present at the meeting to tender the resignation of the officers of his command. The movement is virtually a complete disarmament of the old country population of this section.

The Funeral of Fisher Langlois, Esq., took place this afternoon at 2 p.m., it was largely attended. The deceased was universally respected.

A telegram from Dalhousie to Mr. William Moore announced that the *Gaspe* arrived at 2.30 p.m.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The proceedings of the French Commission on the subject of administrative decentralization, is said to justify the hopes for important concessions to the Local Government.

Rev. Charles Kingsley has been appointed Dean of Rochester.

A Royal Commission to draw up a report on the necessity for, and character of, Scientific Education has been formed, and is composed of the Duke of Devonshire, Marquis of Lordune, and Messrs. Lubbec, Suttleworth, Huxley, Miller and Stokes.

John Henry Parker, F.S.A., publisher, of this city, is dead.

The following details of the insurrection in Portugal are published to-day:

General Saldanha having taken the Castle of St. George after a sharp fight, wherein 7 were killed and 30 wounded, entered the palace and immediately resigned his command into the King's hands, who authorized him to form a new Ministry.

This *coup d'etat* was participated in and sympathized with by the people of Lisbon, Oporto, and other cities following.

The particulars of the *coup d'etat* have been received here:

The movement for some time in preparation was confined to the army, and its object was simply to compel a change in the Ministry. The Duke of Saldanha having great influence over the troops, secured the support of a large majority of the garrison of Lisbon. Yesterday morning he was all ready for action, and marched against the Castle of St. George. This strong fortification after a short struggle was carried. The duke then marched at the head of a large body of troops to the Royal Palace The Governor of the palace had taken measures of defence, and the Duke found the troops posted and artillery in position to oppose him. An attack was ordered, and some shots were fired, but the soldiers on both sides were evidently disposed to fight against each other, and after a desultory firing they broke ranks and fraternized. The Palace was left unguarded, and the soldiers and some peasants who had accompanied them entered, displaying the popular flag, shouting "Long live the King! Long live the Army and Saldanha! Down with the Ministry!" Though greatly excited, they committed no violence, and contented themselves with marching through the corridors and grounds singing national songs and uttering patriotic cries.

The Prime Minister, Duke de Soule, against whom the movement was directed, seeing the day was lost, tendered his resignation, which was accepted by the King.

The victorious Saldanha was admitted to an audience, and was requested by the King to form a new Cabinet, which task he consented to undertake.

The Duke intended it to be a surprise and relied wholly on the troops for its success. What the effect will be cannot now be predicted.

Great excitement prevails in the Provinces, where there is a strong party in favour of the deposed Ministry.

The *Standard* has an editorial article to-day, inspired by the recent yacht and rowing races. The writer admits the *Sappho's* victory, and hopes it will be the last heard of international matches, which do nothing but foster mischievous jealousies.

One of the organs of the Vatican says, however, that resistance is practically extinct.

Mark Lemon, editor of *Punch*, is seriously ill.

Edward Disey, lately editor of the *News*, is about to visit the United States.

In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Childers defended the Lords of the Admiralty from the imputation of favoritism in their award of contracts for freight charters.

Lord Milton extenuated his conduct in withdrawing from the House. He said he did so because he was denied his constitutional right to ask and receive an answer from a responsible Minister.

Mr. Gladstone soothed the hon. gentleman by answering his question of the night before.

The Hudson Bay Company had fulfilled its engagements to the Home Government, and there was no subject worth litigation left.

Mr. Monsell said recent despatches from Ottawa reported that order prevailed in the Red River Territory and the new form of Government provided for that district proved the best results. Sir J. Shaw Leferne resited the leading provisions of the new merchant shipping code, which has been embodied in a Bill. His purposes is to protect the lives of passengers and seamen from danger in unseaworthy vessels.

Sir Roundell Palmer asked what Government had done relative to the late massacres in Greece. The Queen's subjects were theoretically entitled to protection abroad especially diplomatic servants. He repeated the details of the murder and eulogized the returns Sir Henry Bulwer denounced the Greek Government with unsparing severity, and urged a conference of allies to give the country a Government responding in some degree to the requirements of civilization.

Mr. Gladstone urged at the present moment moderation of feeling on the subject. The official despatches so far received were certainly unsatisfactory, but the correspondence was still incomplete.

The House then adjourned.

PARIS.—Prosper Duvergier de Havlanne, a personal friend of M. Thiers and Xavier Marritier, have been elected members of the French Academy.

The Marquis de Talhouet, ex-Minister of Public Works, has been elected Vice-President of the Corps Legislatif.

Rouher and Schneider will address the Chambers to-morrow, when the vote on the Plebiscitum is declared.

The speech to be delivered by the Emperor to-morrow was handed at noon to-day to the Imperial Printers.

The victories of the American yacht *Sappho* over the *Cambria* created a marked sensation among Americans here.

Prosecutions against the *Rappel* newspaper for the violation of the press laws were decided to-day against that paper, and its editors have been sentenced as follows:—In the first case, Vacquere, one months imprisonment and 1,000 francs fine, and Barbieux, director, to 15 days imprisonment and 500 francs fine; in the second case, Chas. Hugo, one month and 1000 francs fine; and in the third case, Francois Hugo, one month and 1,000 francs fine.

Deputy Shenicker was burnt in effigy by a number of residents of his district, last evening, on account of his opposition to the *plebiscitum*.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—Another deputation waited on Espartero yesterday, hoping to prevail upon upon him to accept the Throne. It is reported that he persisted in his refusal.

ITALY.

FLORENCE.—Three Italian frigates are cruising around the Island of Caprell to prevent any escape of General Garibaldi to Naples. The Government has taken this action because it is known that the sons of Garibaldi are with the insurgents in Southern Italy.

CUBA.

De Rhodas has just published an order that all slaves belonging to the insurgents in freed or in foreign countries, or who have taken up arms, or served as soldiers for the Spanish troops, or performed any other service for the Government cause, shall henceforth be free.

Insurgent Captain Mestral and some of his followers have surrendered to the Spanish authorities at Puerto Principe.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN.—The Ministers have tendered their resignations to the King.

They will continue to act provisionally until their successors are appointed.

PRUSSIA.

MUNICH.—Baron Liebig, whose condition recently caused much anxiety is convalescent.

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—The Post Office Committee, yesterday, agreed upon the Bill introduced in the Senate subsidizing a line of steamers from New York to Lisal and Vera Cruz. The Bill provides four semi-monthly trips, and for a subsidy of $3,000 instead of $5,000 per round trips. The Mexican Government has also subsidized this line.

Mr. Webb was before the Committee urging his New York, Panama and Valparaiso project.

Gen. Sherman reports that the Indians are at their old amusement of killing the labourers along the line of the Union Pacific Railroad, and says that General Sheridan has stopped his course into the heart of the Montana country.

NEW YORK.—About fifteen thousand American officers, non-commissioned officers and and privates of our volunteer army have enrolled themselves among the Cuban sympathizers.

The steamer *North America*, from Rio Janeiro April 20th, arrived this afternoon. April 26th—She spoke the British steamship *Sampson* twenty-five days from Gibraltar, with disabled machinery and offered to tow her to Bapia or take her passengers off. The offer was declined, the *Sampson* concluding to make for Rio Janeiro under sail.

BOSTON.—The Hon. John Young, Walter Shanly, and Samuel W. Foster, of Canada, and Governor Underwood, and Governor Page, from Vermont, were present at the Board of Trade meeting to-day.

The subject of the Caughnawaga Canal was presented to the Board of Trade successfully to-day, and by the consent of the Mayor of Boston passed unanimously.

The Boston Board of Trade approved of the enterprise and the plan of the Canal.

CLEVELAND.—The warehouse of Freeman & Crumb's Lubricating Oil Works was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is covered by insurance.

CHICAGO.—General Pope telegraphs to the military headquarters in this city, that the Indian raid on the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad seems to be ended, and thinks that the arrangements made will prevent a recurrence of such outrages.

CHICAGO—There is considerable commotion amongst the Fenians over the expected arrival on Monday evening of Gen. O'Neill, who comes to complete arrangements already nearly matured [illegible] Red River country [illegible] General Sherman telegraphs [illegible] that he hopes wise and vigorous [illegible] be adopted to capture and [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.—The French [illegible] *Eurygola* is now overdue fifty days [illegible] thought she is lost.

An earthquake was felt [illegible] N.B.

The Indians have been on a raid [illegible] fifteen Railroad employees.

The herring fishing at the Magdalen [illegible] will be a failure this year, the fish spawned earlier than was expected.

The Quebec *Chronicle* states that a young sailor jumped into the river [illegible] the life of an English girl who had fallen [illegible] board while disembarking from the *Ganges* at Point Levis.

Seal catching has been a great success this year, four vessels belonging to [illegible] B., having taken this spring [illegible] some $200,000. One vessel alone [illegible] $32,000 worth in a single trip [illegible] bringing an extraordinary price [illegible] this season.

From the Quebec Chronicle.

The "man and the brother" [illegible] have heard so much during the past [illegible] months in connection with the [illegible] 15th amendment [illegible] weeks, if the Bill just introduced [illegible] gress is passed, be placed in every [illegible] a footing of equality with the whites [illegible] Before the emancipation of the slaves [illegible] Northern and Southern divisions of the [illegible] Republic were distinguished by the [illegible] *free* and *slave States*, but for years the [illegible] tion was only nominal, as a runaway [illegible] captured in any of the so-called free [illegible] could not obtain relief under the writ of *habeas corpus*; and this question [illegible] argument of able counsel [illegible] cision of the Bench decided [illegible] Massachusetts, where an [illegible] taken refuge, under the impression [illegible] soil was sacred and would [illegible] tion. Since the abolition of slavery [illegible] ever, by the edict of the late Abraham Lincoln [illegible] whose memory will ever be associated [illegible] this great reform, the position of the [illegible] man is placed on a better and [illegible] ing. In Canada, we are wont to [illegible] privileges of the citizen and the great [illegible] of Government under which we live [illegible] motto is "all men are equal in the [illegible] law;" and taking as our guide the [illegible] learned doctrine of William Blackstone [illegible] say "no wrong can be done without [illegible] a constitutional remedy;" and this doctrine [illegible] is applied in adjusting the differences [illegible] all classes of our community, irrespective [illegible] creed, colour, or social standing. [illegible] sing our own praises in this high [illegible] way, can it be denied for a moment that [illegible] ish subjects, whether they be Canadian [illegible] tralian, or natives of any other Colony [illegible] draw a division line between the white [illegible] coloured citizen. It is palpable to all [illegible] that we do, but it is to be hoped for the [illegible] —more particularly when we [illegible] where slavery was recognized [illegible] only a few years ago, go so far as [illegible] done by the bill just introduced in [illegible] ton—that a wholesome reaction [illegible] at the Capitol, regenerate public opinion [illegible] this subject. We learn from [illegible] a New York correspondent [illegible]

Mr. Sumner introduced an important bill in the U. S. Senate, which, should it become a law, will place the black man upon a [illegible] equality before the law with the white man [illegible] provides that they shall not be excluded [illegible] any hotel, from the rooms or tables [illegible] nor from railroad cars, steamboats [illegible] schools, churches or juries, and that they [illegible] have in all respects the same rights and privileges as are now accorded by law to the white man. This will place negroes [illegible] dining-table with white people [illegible] to occupy the same seats at the theatre [illegible] lecture or church, and give them [illegible] privilege in incorporated cemeteries [illegible] latter provision in regard to cemeteries [illegible] the approval of Garrett Davis, who [illegible] willing to allow the whole [illegible] them without delay. Mr. Sumner [illegible] passage of the bill will place the [illegible] the great superstructure of human [illegible]

Mr. Davis is exceedingly complimentary [illegible] the race, and generous at the [illegible] when he offers them sleeping accommodation [illegible] and a cemetery, but he ought not [illegible] that, only a few years ago, a coun [illegible] his own, and bearing the same name [illegible] the negro far too remunerative for [illegible] accommodation.

A WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

In a letter from C. A. Haulett, jr. [illegible] the ship *Surprise*, dated at Shanghai [illegible] Feb. 11th, and just received by Messrs [illegible] Low & Bro. in this city, an account [illegible] escape from apparently certain death [illegible] scarcely less strange than the boldest [illegible] Marryatt's or Chas. Reade's inventions [illegible] *Surprise* sailed from *New York* [illegible] 1869, for Shanghai, and on Feb. 29th [illegible] 112 days out, had sailed 16,330 miles [illegible] then in the Pacific ocean, in lat. 20 [illegible] min. north, and long. 120 deg. [illegible] Captain writes:

At half-past 12, midnight, of Jan. 2 [illegible] 2nd mate with his watch were [illegible] the mizzen topsail, when Wm. A. Joy [illegible] boy belonging to Nantucket, fell [illegible] weather counter of the yard overboard [illegible] clearing the weather mizzen [illegible] striking heavily on one of the boat [illegible] saw him fall, but did not have the [illegible] idea that we could save him, and [illegible] reason that the night was very dark [illegible] with a heavy sea running, but [illegible] posed he was severely injured by [illegible] encumbered by his clothing, he [illegible] immediatly. However, I called [illegible] shortened sail, wore ship around [illegible] tack, and stood on for about 15 minutes [illegible] some of the men forward thought they [illegible] a cry. Shortly I wore ship again [illegible] board tack, as we were when [illegible] board, and, as the ship came up [illegible] we all heard him cry out [illegible] bow. Coming to, with everything [illegible] brought him right under the weather [illegible] when he was hauled in with a [illegible] over to him, apparently uninjured [illegible] naked, having undressed himself [illegible] and sea boots, &c., in the water [illegible] feat of itself for a boy less than [illegible] small of his age. His left arm [illegible] jured, but he had not felt it [illegible] consider this one of the most [illegible] escapes from drowning I ever heard of [illegible] only that the youngster should keep [illegible] up for forty-five minutes, but that [illegible] find him in such a dark night."

The practical business style in which [illegible] occurrence is recorded in a ship's log [illegible] interesting to many readers. The [illegible] is the entire entry in the page [illegible] marks" in the log of the *Surprise* [illegible] 28th:—

"Middle and end very squally [illegible] and head sea, 12th 30 midnight [illegible] Joy fell overboard from mizzen [illegible] picked him up 45 minutes afterward [illegible] wonderful thing."

The study of such documents as the log of the *Surprise* may be recommended to all aspiring landsmen who write marine [illegible] Perhaps such suggestive entries as [illegible] ber 20, thick fog and hard luck [illegible] ber 23, ship exceedingly wet [illegible] 24, cloudy, moderate and rainy [illegible] round backwards 2nd time [illegible] "December 25, light airs [illegible] ship rolling like an old tub, miserable [illegible] and many more might be effectively [illegible] lated into thrilling descriptions [illegible] *N. Y. Evening Post.*

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all the [illegible] other used the article themselves or [illegible] effects when used by others; all [illegible] are only fit to judge, are unanimous [illegible] that "Darley's Condition Powders and [illegible] Heave Remedy" is superior to anything [illegible] kind heretofore or at present in use [illegible] coughs, thick wind, and all diseases [illegible] the wind of horses. As a condition [illegible] has no equal; there is nothing in it [illegible] jure a horse whether sick or well [illegible] horse be kept from working while [illegible] just the article which all who own horses [illegible] and which they should have [illegible] Remember the name, and see that the [illegible] Hurd and Co. is on each package. [illegible] man, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in Saturday's TIMES.

Some of the mills at the Chaudiere have commenced to work at night.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened today at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

CORRECTION.—In Saturday's issue under the head of Shipping News, for steamer *Fanny* read *Fairy*.

THE ROWING CONTEST.—A new boat is being purchased at New York for the Paris crew to row in all their approaching contest with the Tyne crew at Lachine.

The People's Telegraph Company have opened an office at the Chaudiere for the transaction of business. The location is in the building occupied as an office for the *Victoria Foundry*.

A LAST FAREWELL.—A group of old citizens took a farewell glance at Mr. Peacocks's old shop on Saturday. Mr. Peacock has gone into a new and magnificently fitted up shop of his own, on the opposite side of the street.

IMMIGRATION.—We see notices of arrivals in nearly every city and town in Ontario but Ottawa. It is not that immigrants are wanted more, or better wages given elsewhere, as new comers are wanted here and would find almost immediate employment.

People intending to build near the canal are considering the expense of drawing lumber from the Chaudiere with waggons, as compared with floating it down the Ottawa in a crib and then bringing it through the locks to the canal basin. The latter plan is considered to be a saving of fifty per cent.

RIDEAU CANAL.—The *Queen of the Isle* came down the canal on Saturday evening with two loads of firewood, and started for *Long Island* again yesterday evening with a crib of lumber for the Government Works at Manotic. The tug *Grenville* came down Saturday night with one barge loaded with firewood.

A man named Roberts borrowed a cart last week from Mr. Graham, Richmond Road, while taking his supper previous to returning the cart to its owner, some enterprising individuals going along the road, took the wheels off and put on two old odd ones in place of them. The change was not noticed by Roberts until the following morning.

THE MARKET on Saturday was the best for a long time past. Very little change had taken place in the price of produce, and there was nothing new on the stand. Butter was down a little. It was only a very superior quality that brought 25 cents; first quality in pails was selling for 19 cents. Pork was scarce, only two small hogs on the market and their owner was asking $10 per hundred for them.

EXCURSION TO-MORROW.—We would remind our readers of the excursion down the Ottawa river to-morrow (Queen's Birthday) in the "Alexandra." It appears certain to be the best ever got up in the city, and in addition to Gowan's Band at the evening excursion, there will be a grand display of fire works; to commence after sunset, and continue up to the time of landing at Ottawa, probably for one hour. As there will not be any display of fire-works in the city, the inducements offered to excursionists will be the more attractive.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The celebrated Delave troupe will perform in the theatre on the night of the 24th instant, and will supply a great want in the amusements required to celebrate Her Majesty's birthday. This celebrated troupe performed in Ottawa once before in the spring, and met with a hearty reception. The world-renowned Lila and Zoe are prepared to astonish the citizens with an entirely new performance never yet performed before the public on any stage in the world, on a new automatic flying trapeze. The troupe will only give two intertainments in Ottawa, and a crowded house is expected each night.

Amount of lumber sawed and shipped from the Chaudiere, by the following firms, for the week ending, 21st of May, 1870:

	Sawed. feet.	Shipped. feet.
A. H. Baldwin	600,000	1,098,000
Capt. Young	500,000	736,247
Wright and Batson	170,000	731,000

A large amount of this lumber is deals, for Quebec and the United States. The mills are not up to their usual working order yet after their winter's rest. Some of them only run the night watch two or three nights in the week, and others have not commenced at night at all. The steam mill of Messrs. Wright & Batson runs only two gangs of saws yet, and has not worked even those two steadily.

SHIPPING.—Nine barges loaded with lumber, from Messrs. Bronson & Weston's mill, started for Whitehall on Saturday.

The steamer *Dandy* arrived yesterday forenoon with six barges light. The *Rover* arrived yesterday morning light and goes down to-day with a raft of 4,500 sawlogs for Hamilton & Co. The *Sorel* goes down to-morrow with ten barges loaded with lumber, five for Wright & Batson. Two for McLaren & Co., Buckingham, and three for Bangs & Co. Riviere Aux Lievere. The *Lincoln* and the *Mac* were to arrive last night both light. The *Otter* was to arrive last night and go down again to-day with a raft of logs for Atkinson & Co. The *Alexandra* will not go down to-day.

AN IRISH EXILE.—An Irish thrush, in the possession of the toll-gate keeper at the Suspension Bridge, it is said, owes his residence in Canada to the fact of having learned to whistle the party tune of "The Wearing of the Green." When the *habeas corpus* Act was suspended, the poor bird was unable to sing his favourite tune, and failed to a shadow. His life was saved by being brought over to Canada, the "Land of Freedom," by an Irishman who had been home to the old country to see his friends, and brought the unfortunate little songster to this Dominion, where among strangers he thrilled out his "Wearing of the Green" as often as he pleased, without interruption. At last! oh, horror! the *habeas corpus* was suspended in Canada, and the poor bird drooped again. Our informant tells us that his feathered friend has again recovered since the troops have started for Red River, but will whistle no more "The Wearing of the Green."

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves Headache immediately.

THE NUMBERING OF HOUSES.

Translated from the Courrier d'Outaouais.

We consider it our duty to recur to this subject of which we treated some years ago our opinions and writings on which occasion were simply a waste of labour and words, owing to the heedlessness of those to whom they were addressed, and their deafness to our suggestions which were as reasonable then as they are now.

The rapid and material development of this infant capital, its rapidity and constantly increasing population, the daily founding and crowning of new edifices cause such material alterations in general as to form a labrynth which at times even embarrasses the citizen to find his way to his own home, where the uniformity of architecture leaves little distinction between the adjoining houses.

In any and every city which we have visited, with a population as large as that of Ottawa, we always saw that the authorities had adopted some means by which each one might make his way to his residence with facility.

Our corporation certainly occupies itself zealously with the progress and improvement of the city, yet they seem to ignore certain very essential works, and which could be executed at a very small cost.

The important duty of numbering the houses should immediately receive all the attention it requires, in order that our city may be superior in this respect to an Indian village, where the instinct of the inhabitants serves to guide them to their tents.

It may perhaps be objected that the city as yet presents too many gaps or vacant lots for the perfect working of this reform, and that future alterations might be destructive of the advantages which we expect from such a work. This is not the case; Montreal had her houses numbered at a time when there were far more gaps and vacant lots to be built or filled up than there are at present in Ottawa. Vacant lots were left blank, or if fenced in the number was affixed to the fence, and so well and satisfactorily was the work done, that several years elapsed before there was any necessity for its renewal, notwithstanding the frequent destructive fires which occurred; and consequently, as in Montreal, whatever may be done at present towards this measure will not be lost labour.

And now we consider it quite superfluous to argue any further the performance of this work, which is so obviously necessary—we may say indispensable—and we hope that advantage will be taken of the fine weather, and the work be proceeded with without delay.

No doubt there are many other important measures that require attention and expense, but it seems to us that in the year of Our Lord, 1870, twelve years after the decision of Her Gracious Majesty that Ottawa should be the Capital of the Dominion, it is high time that she should imitate her less favoured sisters, at least in the matter of numbering houses.

From the New York World.

It impresses many persons unpleasantly to see ladies eagerly laying hold of such an affair as this disgusting Richardson-McFarland business, as if it were full of luscious succulence, and they were unwilling to let it pass out of their hands till they have pressed it as dry as a squeezed orange. After occupying public attention at the time of the homicide, and again for four weeks of the trial, till even the sensation newspapers got tired of it, it was hardly to have been expected that its carcass would be kept above ground, and hashed and served up as a repast by ministering female hands.

It is one of the most undesirable cases to keep paddling in, by new attempts to sound, and gauge and measure it, and get its exact color and dimensions, that has happened in a long time. And of all its features the most loathsome is the conduct of the despicable wretch, McFarland. While his life was in peril, he had considerable public sympathy; but now that he is out of danger, the public puts a proper estimate on his revolting baseness. The tide of feeling suddenly turned against him when he descended (if descent to him was possible) to the meanness of publishing the letters written to him by his wife in the early years of their wedded life. If he had been a person of any decency of character he would not have gone whining and puling about her after he had consented to the separation; a separation that was the consequence of his ill-usage, which, at the time, he shrunk from discussing and dared not deny. At the first shooting, his creeping stealthily behind, Richardson and delivering his shots in his back, was the act of a coward. The manner of the second shooting betokened equal meanness of spirit. We are not sure that hanging would not have been the greatest mercy that could have been shown him for what can life be worth to a miscreant so exposed, so thoroughly despised and loathed, as this wretch McFarland?

Maravilla Cocoa—*For Breakfast*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, [illegible] Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. [illegible] Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a hearty standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B.

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co. Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1178 6b

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

THE DELAVE TROUPE.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

MAY 24TH and 25TH.

THE WORLD RENOWNED LILA AND ZOE.

ON A AUTOMATIC FLYING TRAPEZE.

An entirely new performance never yet performed before the public on any stage.

AT DELAVE.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870. 1363tf

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS

—ON—

GLOUCESTER STREET,

BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by auction at the UNION HOUSE in the City of Ottawa on TUESDAY, 31st of MAY, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, or immediately after the sale of lots on Sparks and Queen st., lot No 10 Gloucester st., being 74 feet front by 200 feet deep well adapted for building purposes, or for a garden, as the soil is excellent, and in a good location. Terms 10 per cent. of the purchase money down at the time of sale. The balance in seven years secured by mortgage, paying interest.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 19, 1870 1363td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE

OF VERY

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS,

On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent. of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

☞ Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, overstrung, rosewood case, with all recent improvements. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 2

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER, ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

☞ THE TEA POT. ☜

☞ MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of

MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,

Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

☞ THE TEA POT. ☜

Ottawa, May 16, 1870 1361tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m. on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa.)

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities:

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

☞ DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britania Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S.

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,

Vin de St. George,

Malaga

Madeira,

Cognac Vieux,

Eau de vie St. George.

Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R M HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really first class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

TO MILL OWNERS & LUMBERMEN.

RAFTING STUFF FOR SALE.

A large quantity of

FLOATS, TRAVERSES, PIQUETS, KNOCK-DOWNS, LASHING POLES and WEDGES,

For sale cheap for cash, and now delivered a Bellevue Gardens, opposite this city.

Enquire R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870. 1354 10

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 8 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1362a

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the TIMES office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

THREE GRAND EXCURSIONS.

Will be given down the

OTTAWA RIVER,

In the splendid steamer

☞ "ALEXANDRIA," ☜

—WITH—

GOWAN'S CELEBRATED BAND.

1st to start at 8.30 o'clock a. m.

2nd to start at one o'clock p. m.

3rd to start at 5 o'clock p. m.

☞ For full particulars see posters.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870 1363l

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1 50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,

Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

☞ Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

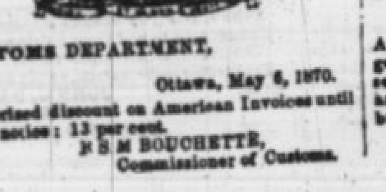
NOTICE.

The Directors of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY hereby give notice that they have this day made a call on the Shareholders of TWENTY PER CENT. on their Stock, to be paid to the Treasurer at the Company's office here, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of June, 1870.

By order,

W C SMILLIE, President.

Ottawa, May 19, 1870 1363 2



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorised discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

WEST END

☞ DRY GOODS EMPORIUM. ☜

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New **Printed Muslins** in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.

New **Shawls** in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace

New **Mantles and Jackets** in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteen

New **Waterproof Cloaks**, very cheap.

New **Parasols and Sunshades**

New **Flowers and Feathers**

New **Straw Goods**, a large assortment

New **Ribbons** in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New **Corsets**, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New **Hosiery and Gloves**

—ALSO—

The Celebrated **Josephine Kid Gloves** in all the new Shades

New **Crapes and Arcophanes**

New **Linen Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Sewed Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Lace Setts**, Collars and Cuffs

New **Lace and Muslin Ties**

New **Laces and Lace Falls**

New **Sewed Edgings and Insertions**

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White **Cottons**, excellent value

New **Sheetings and Pillow Cottons**

New **Irish Linens and Linen Lawns**

New **Linen and Cotton Diapers**

New **Grass Linens and Brown Hollands**

New **Table Linens**, Bleached and Unbleached

New **Table Covers and Napkins**

New **Towels and Towellings**

New **Window Holland**, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New **Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes**

New **Printed and Fancy Flannels**

New **Shirting Winceys**

New Saxony and Welsh **Flannels** in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino **Underclothing**

New Cotton and Merino **Socks**

New **White Dress Shirts**

New **Linen and Paper Collars** in all Styles

New **Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts**

New **Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves**

New **White and Coloured Marcella Vests**

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Workmanship and all fits quaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 1s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

☞ INSPECTION INVITED. ☜

NEW PORK STORE,

Stall No. 10,

BY-WARD MARKET,

York street,

Having commenced in the above business shall keep constantly on hand

SUGAR CURED HAMS,

SUGAR CURED BACON,

And a general assortment of such goods as are generally kept by Pork Dealers. As I have served my time with Mr E IDLER, of Montreal and am well posted up in all appertaining to this business. Terms low.

HERMAN THORBAHN, Proprietor.

1361 3

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, beg leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

☞ LANG'S BUILDING, ☜

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up for a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

☞ **STOVES AND TINWARE,** ☜

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO.—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others; Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,

COAL OIL, COAL OIL

☞ Common and Best Refined Oils. ☜

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,

Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,

C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,

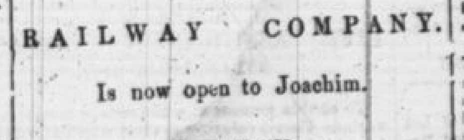
Ripe Pine Apples,

A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,

Lillies,

Lemon Plants. &c., &c.

☞ LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE. ☜



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA,*"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

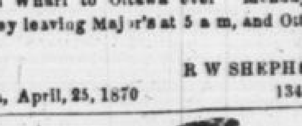
☞ FAIRY ☜

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 134tf

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

☞ Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00 ☜

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandate's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

☞ FEET WARE ☜

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

PENNER'S CIDER.

The subscriber having been appointed AGENT for this

CELEBRATED CIDER,

Is now prepared to fill all orders for the same.

A liberal discount to the trade. Sample bottles at wholesale rates

J MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 21, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25	
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00	
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00	
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00	
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75	
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00	
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00	
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00	
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00	
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00	
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10	
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00	
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70	
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00	
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37	
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00	
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50	
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00	
Prime		none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00	
Hams	0 13	@	0 15	
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00	
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00	
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00	
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50	
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70	
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45	
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 25	
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 21	
No 2	0 00	@	0 00	
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00	
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00	
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45	
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00	
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50	
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00	
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00	
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00	
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00	
Hides				
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00	
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	0 00	
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00	
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00	

"COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

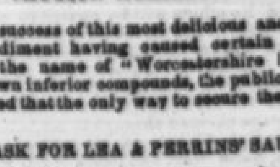
St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B.

The Supreme Court of the state of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1083tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je23-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City. 39.6m

[illegible]

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 17323

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awkfm

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist

Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

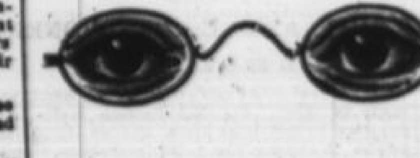
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND EYE GLASSES, mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15.6m WM HALPENNY.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhoea**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

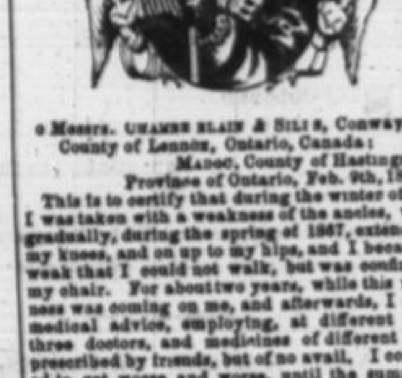
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



Messrs. UNAMBE BLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1857, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 83 Rideau street.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, 1117y House, Land and General Agent.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to JOHN D. O'GRADY. on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT. March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S QUININE ☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1,25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, 711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS, ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.

1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $6,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

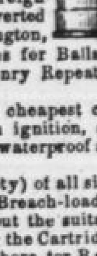
ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

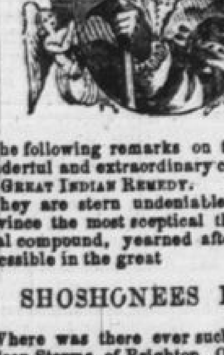
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON. WHOLESALE ONLY.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,

1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m., and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Conner and Maria Streets. 1399 1m

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS. PRICE $1.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq., Geo McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo. Gooderham, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its large experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the liberality and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to attend to any important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Secretary.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Teas and a Splendid Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best make in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Try a sample and tell your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Bacon, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, Neuralgia? Get relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid or the GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from the ordinary by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of the attack, may be cured within two minutes. This Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances, and contains nothing which can injure the most delicate system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove's Block.

1364 1y

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 30, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 136. | OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1870. | PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

MAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Rideau Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove,

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1236.1

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS— Counat Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.

WINES— Sherries all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

high proof and over, at extremely low prices.

Dunville's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Kinahan's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Bass' and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Crosse & Blackwell's prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Ottawa, date of sale. 1105

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; EPPOTS A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

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W. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Flour, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Advances on goods consigned for transmission. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

DUIGNAN'S,

PARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Some gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Depots. 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Mart, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral,) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H. B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa.

Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

---

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M. Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar-water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several tisanes in the treatment of bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a Beverage—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a Lotion—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany every bottle.

General depot in Paris: L. FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

in a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 893tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,
President.

W. R. WORSLEY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,

Birds Baths,

Bird Swings,

Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns,

Wire Egg Boilers,

Wire Dish Covers,

Wire Toast Forks and Racks,

Wire Egg Beaters,

Wire Skewers,

Larding Needles,

Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. | Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. | R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms. Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON,
Elgin street,

Or to

D GRAHAM, ESQ.,
Collector of Customs.

1344tf

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,
Dept Public Works,
or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290tf

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases, Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel
Cure for Bunions.
Cure for Piles.
Cure for the Heart Disease.
Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to offer to the public.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND.

1306tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Bordeaux.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINNESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a great run by it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade, Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

RESSOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment,

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,
No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 10	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 p m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,

CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,
Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, 1 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

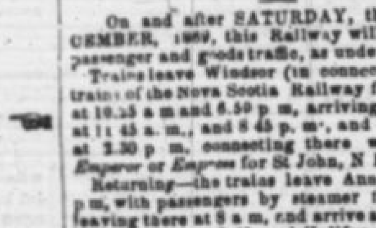
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,
Managing Director



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.30, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1430y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

Special Notices.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR,

Nature's Crown,

You Must Cultivate it

GRAY HAIR

Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. E. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from all artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. | W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,
Sussex and ... street

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1274tf

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRAZER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
6.00	12.15	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.		11.30	5.30
	12.15	Montreal, by Steamer			
	12.15	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train		11.30	5.30
6.00	12.15	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott		11.30	
6.00	12.15	United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.		11.30	5.30
6.00		Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
6.00		Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.			6.30
	12 Noon.	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
6.00	11 a.m. / 5.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.30	5.00
7.30		Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage			5.00
6.00	12.15	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids		11.30	5.30
6.00		Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway		11.30	
6.00		Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays			
	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

Depart........ 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive........ 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870.

The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2 45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winners once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100, second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON,
Secretary and Treasurer

1369*

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Affairs at Collingwood.

Special Correspondence to the Globe.

COLLINGWOOD, May 19, 1870.

A CHANGEABLE TOWN.

After the departure of the *Waubuno* with the two companies of volunteers on Monday last, the town relapsed into its normal condition of dullness, awaking into life for a few moments on the arrival of the trains from Toronto, and then falling into its quiet dreary state again. Small knots of residents hung about the station and around the wharf, hungering and thirsting for news and finding none.

A FALSE RUMOUR.

Some enterprising individual, whose wish was, doubtless, father to the thought, set afloat a rumour yesterday morning, to the effect that the *Chicora* had been allowed to pass through the Sault Canal by the American authorities. The story was caught up and circulated through the town and was generally believed, though it was impossible that any reliable news, or, in fact, any news from the Sault could arrive here before the return of some of the steamers from there.

RETURN OF THE "CHICORA."

At twenty-five minutes past six, last evening, a slight speck was visible in the distance away up the Bay; and the couple of gentlemen who first observed it, speculated as to what it could mean. The speck enlarged, and was made out, with the aid of a telescope, to be a steamer; and as the vessel approached nearer, it was recognized to be the *Chicora*. The news spread through the little town like wild-fire; and men, women and children hurried down to the wharf and watched with intense interest the approaching steamer. Before she touched the wharf, a couple of the more anxious and athletic of the crowd jumped from a schooner which lay between the steamer and the wharf, on the *Chicora*, to ascertain the cause of her return, when it was announced that the American Government had not only refused to allow the *Chicora* to pass through the canal, but had also refused to supply her with coals, or to furnish the *Algoma* with bread, or in any way directly or indirectly, to give assistance to the expedition. There was a universal expression of disgust at the news.

THE AMERICAN POLICY DISCUSSED.

The crowd dispersed through the town, and the unfriendly action of the American authorities has been the sole topic of discussion ever since.

Mr. Carruthers, one of the owners of the *Algoma*, arrived on the *Chicora* and will proceed to Toronto this afternoon.

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION.

It was announced that the Government intended to charter the *Frances Smith*, the most capacious and one of the swiftest steamers on Lake Huron, to take the place of the *Chicora* in forwarding supplies from Collingwood to the Sault, if the American authorities should permit the latter to pass through the Sault Canal, but now that permission has been refused, it would be useless to charter any more steamers to run on Lake Huron. What is wanted is a capacious vessel on Lake Superior to aid the *Algoma* in transporting the stores to Fort William.

THE BOATS.

The clinker built boats are generally condemned by every man at the Sault who seen them. They are too light for the purpose for which they are intended, and if broken, they cannot be repaired. The carver built boats are much better suited for the purpose, being stronger and more easily repaired, if broken.

STORES OF ALL KINDS.

A large quantity of stores is piled up in the freight depot of the Northern Railway Company here, consisting mainly of camps, blankets, camp equipages, biscuit, sugar and pickaxes, besides an infinite variety of other stores required by the troops. The transhipping of these stores is under the superintendence of D. A. C. S. Marsdon, and certainly if every department of the expedition is as well managed as this, there will be neither bungling nor delay.

SETTLERS FOR MANITOBA.

Two young men from Stratford left here with horses and waggons, per *Chicora*, last Saturday, intending to accompany the troops to Red River, and to settle down in Manitoba.

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE.

It is expected that the *Chicora* will remain here till next Saturday, and that the *Waubuno*, on her arrival here, will make a trip to Parry Sound for the owners before sailing for the Sault again.

Cuttings from Punch.

The right way of taking it: To liquor up is the usual expression, but to liquor down would seem to be the more correct one.

Jumping to conclusions: A sporting contemporary notices a novel cricket match, in which the competitors were one-legged and one-armed pensioners. It concludes by saying "The game was decided in favor of the one-legged men by twenty-eight *runs*." This is, of course, a mistake, the writer must mean hops.

Dulcet: Half the duty is taken off. Sugar is down in price. Sacharissa says, there is a line in Tennyson, which all consumers whether of moist or lump, may now quote, with peculiar propriety:

"Sweet and low, sweet and low."

A local association: The common belief is that the modern practice of cooking horse-flesh for the table was first introduced in France, but it seems more probable that it originated in this country at a place called Stewpony.

Irish Disarmament:

"Ye with whom no man, sane, his life can trust
Disarm you kindness can't; coercion must."

The signal success of British, as contrasted with the conspicuous failure of American steamers, is sought to be explained by the English concession of subsidies. The Cunard Line is the favorite case in point. The annual subsidy of that line is about $350,000, and is double the amount granted to the Inman line which ranks next in the order of government patronage. To each of the projected new American lines Congress proposes to pay $750,000, so that the advantage now possessed by foreign steamers, will be removed, and something more. We shall then see whether the American commercial marine will cast off its barnacles and, dropping all incidents of decay, develope the vigorous vitality, or whether there are other conditions of taking and holding the naval equality which was once the realization, and approaching the naval supremacy that was once the ambition, of the nation.—*Buffalo Express.*

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ¼lb ½lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11285W6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
To Merchant Tailors—Address W. B. Tiers Office.
Staff Wanted—Apply at THE TIMES Office.

The Ottawa Times

TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1870.

NOTICE.

This being the Queen's Birthday, to afford our employees an opportunity of enjoying it, no paper will be issued from this office to-morrow.

Sir John A. Macdonald continues to progress favorably. Still he is not able to sit up, converse with any person, or even to read the newspapers. From present appearances some weeks will most likely elapse before he can attend to any public business.

HONEST IAGO.

A well-merited compliment having been paid to the leader of the Opposition by the Quebec *Gazette*, a "Government journal," the *Globe* greedily seizes upon the opportunity, while speaking highly of Mr. Mackenzie, to abuse the gentlemen on the ministerial benches. "Mr. Mackenzie's speeches and general bearing were in marked contrast to those of his ministerial opponents. Arrogance, reservation, flippancy, and departmental ignorance, all had their representatives among those councillors of the executive.' These are the *Globe's* crude assertions. Mr. Mackenzie never would have thought of making so barefaced an assertion with regard to a ministry composed of men, who are admittedly the most able men in the country. The assertion is made with the confidence of ignorance, and yet the *Globe* should not be ignorant of the merits of former colleagues, whose ability Mr. Mackenzie and the whole House of Commons have acknowledged, however much there may have been differences of opinion in respect to matters of detail in the chief measures of the Session. Many gentlemen on the Opposition benches refused to vote want of confidence in the Ministry, even on party grounds, because there were none to take their places. Mr. Mackenzie himself, ably, feelingly, and manfully expressed his high opinion of the man whom the *Globe* had been basely abusing when his serious illness became known. It is a very easy thing to be honest the *Globe* tells us, and yet how seldom is our contemporary so? Honesty may be the best policy, and doubtlessly would have been if Mr. Brown had had the moral courage to show that he possessed it, while being supposed to be the leader of the Upper Canada Opposition. He unfortunately never could rise superior to party or forget himself. It was Mr. Brown that took care of Mr. Brown and made party subservient to Mr. Brown. If Mr. Mackenzie acts upon certain clear, well studied, and consistent principles—which he possibly does—Mr. Brown never did so, and cannot do so now. To this extent, however, we agree with the *Globe*, "when a politician can keep a single eye on the attainment of that which his conscience and intellect tell him to be right and true, he may be eloquent without rhetorical effort, impassioned by the very force of his convictions, courageous, and determined in the strength of a righteous purpose, and thus come not only to deserve the first place in the Legislature, but to hold it by the consent and with the admiration of his opponents." How sorry are we that it is impossible to speak in such terms of the Managing Director of the *Globe*. We should rejoice to do so. The pleasure would be inconceivably great. One spark of magnanimity towards an opponent, in or out of Parliament, it is sorely to be regretted the Director of the Toronto *Globe* has never yet exhibited. Honesty forsooth! The *Globe* speaking of honesty!—an honest politician. Good Iago. Honest, kind, generous, straightforward Iago!

"SHOT ACCORDINGLY."

Thirty-three years ago, somewhere in the neighbourhood of Sandwich, a party of Fillibusters crossed from the United States into Canada, with the benevolent intention of assisting Mr. William Lyon Mackenzie and other gentlemen to board the British lion in his den. They met with an instant and warm, if not cordial reception. The lion was represented on the occasion by a tall, powerfully built, gentlemanly man, rejoicing in the name of Prince. He had a princely nature. He was of a large heart, and always treated such as had the pleasure of an introduction to him generously and courteously. He was a Prince of good fellows. He was by profession a lawyer, but held, besides, the militia rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and on the occasion of the Mackenzie-sympathizers coming to Canada, was in command of a regiment or two of that class of people, known in the United States of to-day as the "Fifteenth Amendment." These people were quite black in the face, and, having killed a number of the visitors, and captured others, they brought their prisoners before Colonel Prince. That gentleman, with astonishing promptness, assembled a militia court martial, before which the prisoners were brought, and being found guilty of making war piratically upon Great Britain, they were sentenced to be shot. Colonel Prince at once confirmed the finding and sentence of the Court, and they were, as he curtly expressed it, "shot accordingly." Now, in this year of grace, 1870, it is rumoured that there are in the neighbourhood of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal some of that actively benevolent class of persons, who ever take an interest in the cause of freedom. They now style themselves Fenians, and seem to labour, under the delusion that the Irish land question can be decided on the soil of Canada. With this view they intend paying a visit to prevent some British troops from going on a friendly mission to the headquarters of one Red at Fort Garry. There is some slight risk in doing so. The Green Brigade may possibly shoot some of these well-intentioned young men with large sympathies for the down-trodden of the human race, and capture others. We are concerned about the consequences to the captured. Those who fall into British hands at Kidgeway were, for the most part fed and cared for at Kingston in a large and handsome edifice at the expense of this Dominion. We are concerned about the Sault St. Marie liberals, because there is a Judge there—him of the Algoma district—who was once a Colonel of Militia, and is particularly sharp in the despatch of business. He does not exactly hang men first and try them afterwards, but what he does do he does offhand, and may possibly hang as well as shoot—'accordingly.' Accordingly we should advise caution on the part of the Duluth visitors.

MANIACAL.

Kleptomania is a mental unconsciousness of the difference between meum and tuum; *Hypanthropomania*, that species of insanity which induces the individual possessed by it to enter houses at midnight, and should the people therein awake, to go off again without laying hold of rings, watches, or money, and which in ordinary persons is called burglary; *Anticidomania*, is, by some, called murder of the embryo human being; *poupomania* or *cainomania*, is the slaying of an adult, in a moment of frenzy, with malice aforethought, either by shooting, or in any other way, such as placing a knife rapidly between the ribs, a practice indulged in by such insane people, to a frightful extent, in New York; *arson-omania* is the destruction of house property, from which the goods and chattels take wing and rest uninjured upon the roofs of adjoining houses—a rare and singular disease in this country. The very latest mania is thus described:

'The French doctors have classified a new insanity. "*Zoanthropes*," are those married people whose love becomes changed into hate, by jealousy or general repugnance, and cannot get on. Every separation is the consequence of Zoanthrophy.

DEATH OF A MONTREAL MERCHANT.

It is with regret that we notice the death of an estimable citizen of Montreal, Mr. John Frothingham, formerly partner in the firm of Frothingham & Workman. Mr. Frothingham was 82 years of age, and of unblemished reputation. When Mr. Frothingham came to Montreal in 1809, the trade between Quebec and that city was done in barges and scows. Now, steamships of 3,000 tons burthen come to Montreal from Liverpool. "And how have these changes been brought about, asks the *Daily News*, answering its own question thus:—'in no other way but by the skill, industry and enterprise of such men as Mr. John Frothingham, who have raised Montreal from a small town to a city rivalling any on this continent."

A HANGING MATTER.

Again, it is alleged, the Fenians are hanging on our border. Should they get over the border some of them may get hanging enough. This is a matter, however, on which we shall not now hang, and assuredly, we should advise Ireland's and our enemies to hang off.

IAGO AND THE TIMES.

The London *Times* having alluded to the non-payment of the $300,000 to the Hudson's Bay Company before delivery of the land to be paid for was made, as 'sharp practice,' the Toronto *Globe* speaks approvingly of the *Times*. Honest Iago.

DINNER TO THE HON. JOHN YOUNG.—We are requested to state that the number of subscribers to the dinner to be given to the Hon. John Young, exceeds the accomodation in the large dining room at the St. Lawrence Hall, the list being considerably over 20. Under these circumstances, the Committee cannot issue any more tickets.—*Montreal Herald.*

The gunboat *Prince Alfred* left Port Colborne yesterday for Collingwood. The *Rescue* arrived at Goderich on Thursday, where she received her stores, and took on board a battery of volunteer artillery. She then sailed for Sault Ste. Marie, where she will remain until further orders, to protect our transport from attack by Fenians.—*Daily Telegraph.*

Sir Stafford Northcote and party arrived in this city the day before yesterday, and on the invitation of the Hon. D. L. Macpherson, drove to Chesnut Park, that gentleman's residence, where a large number of friends were invited to meet the distinguished guests both last night and the night previous. Sir Stafford Northcote will remain with the Hon Mr. Macpherson during his stay in this city.—Toronto *Daily Telegraph.*

David Octavus Hill, R. S. A.

From the New York World.

This eminent Scottish landscape painter died on the 19th instant. He was born at Perth in 1803. His father was a bookseller, who on account of the boy's taste for art, sent him to Edinburgh to study with a well known painter, Mr. Andrew Wilson. Mr. Hill first exhibited at Edinburgh, in 1823, three pictures of Scottish scenery, which gave proof of the artistic skill that marked his more mature performances. He executed a series of sixty pictures, illustrative of "the Land of Burns," a work which he projected. Among his chief English subjects were large pictures of "Windsor Castle—Summer Evening," "Kenilworth," "Warwick," "Durham," and "Fotheringay;" among his Scottish pictures "Old and New Edinburgh—from the Castle," "Valley of the Nith," "The Bullochmyle Viaduct," "The River Tay;" and of Fish, "Kenmare Bridge." In 1830 Mr. Hill was appointed secretary of the New Royal Scottish Academy of Painting. He was the first to suggest the formation and to aid in devising the constitution of the Royal Association for the Promotion of Fine Arts in Scotland, which proved the parent of numerous other associations in England and Scotland. It was greatly through Mr. Hill's influence that the government erected in Edinburgh the building for the Scottish National Gallery and Royal Academy. Under Mr. Hill's directions, photography was greatly benefited, and its artistic capabilities more fully developed. He was in 1850 appointed by the Queen one of the Commissioners of Manufactures in Scotland—a body which has under its direction the Government School of Art and the National Gallery of Scotland.

Presbyterian Unity.

To-day the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church will assemble in Philadelphia to consider the scheme for the readjustment of the differences between the Old and New School churches, each of which had its independent government missionary and other work. This is the crowning effort to heal the schism and unite the efforts of both branches for the general good. The Assembly will represent about a half million Presbyterians, and there may be still some differences which may delay absolute action and conclusive unity. The present time appears to be a crisis point in the history of the Presbyterian Church. If the councils of ultra men, who care more for the maintenance of old, established usages than for the consummation of a united administrative policy, shall prevail, and thus keep the two branches asunder, it appears to us that many years must elapse before the great body of the people of this denomination will be again brought so near harmony as at present. Such a result would be deplorable. The existence of different religious denominations is a necessity for the wants of humanity. But no denomination, of itself, can afford to permit itself to be divided by minor questions and measures.—*Buffalo Express.*

Advertising is the source of much profit. A profound philosopher has said:—The farmer plants his seed, and while he is sleeping the corn is growing. So with advertising. While you are sleeping or eating, your advertisement is being read by thousands of persons who never saw or heard of your business, and never would had it not been for advertising.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

TORONTO

TORONTO, May 23.

The body of John Robinson, salesman in Hughes & Co.'s dry goods store, was found floating in the bay yesterday. He was addicted to liquor.

Seven hundred emigrants arrived here on Saturday night. They are being sent on to different localities west.

The headquarters of the military has been transferred to the militia depot, owing to the departure of the regulars. Col. Dennison, Brigade Major, is in charge. The Quebec battalion lack about 40 men, but it is understood that a number are enlisted in Montreal and Quebec.

On Saturday night a row took place between some of the men of the Quebec battalion and civilians. The volunteers were called out to suppress the fight. Two of the offenders were placed in the guard-room.

Divine service was held yesterday, Col Feilden reading the episcopal service and delivering a short address, warning the troops against whiskey drinking.

The Roman Catholics attended divine service at St. Mary's Church.

The Rev. Mr. Dawson has been appointed Protestant chaplain.

The trouble between the English and French volunteers continues.

On Saturday, as a party of Ontario men were at dinner, a revolver bullet passed through the window, just over their heads. They ascribed the act to the French, and threaten retaliation.

The *Chicora* left Collingwood on Saturday evening for the Sault with a company of the 60th rifles, horses, teamsters and stores.

The steamer *Francis Smith* left on Sunday morning with the troops, which arrived by the *Carrinthian*, on board.

A special to the *Telegraph* from Sault Ste. Marie, via Collingwood, 21st inst, says:—

Confirmation of the news of the opening of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal to Canadian vessels has been officially received here.

Colonel OXLY, American commandant, came across and warned Col. Boulton with reference to a number of suspicious personages who passed through the canal yesterday on steamboats for Marquette and Duluth. They are confidently surmised to be Fenian officers. In consequence a guard of 40 men was placed on the steamer *Algoma*, still lying in the canal, and all guards in encampment have been doubled.

There was intense excitement last night, a Fenian attack being seriously anticipated. The Local volunteer forces were warned to be ready to turn out.

During the night a boat rowed under the bows of the *Algoma*. The sentry on board challenged the occupants, and receiving no answer fired, with what result is not known, as the boat was rowed quickly away. A scene of unparalleled confusion and excitement prevailed when the shot was heard in the camp, owing to an anticipated attack by the Fenians. It was supposed to be the commencement of a battle or skirmish.

The grounds for the belief that the Fenians contemplate amassing a force to intercept the expeditionary force are daily being strengthened.

Canadian authority here have began to realise the proposed force will be too weak to cope with the difficulties which are hourly cropping up. The probability is that the force will have to fight its way up from Fort William.

The propellor *Brooklyn* of the Northern Transportation Company's line, is understood to be chartered by the Government. The propellor *Schicluna* and several schooners from Garden River, have passed through the canal.

The *Schicluna* is laden with pork and lumber for the troops.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, May 21.

The Montreal Lacrosse club had been invited to play at Toronto on the 1st July, and the probabilities are that a twelve will go up.

His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, will entertain a select party to dinner at Rosemount to-morrow evening.

The annual picnic of the officers of the City Corporation, will take place on Thursday next the 26th inst, to Masson island, Terrebonne.

The dinner to the Hon. Jno. Young takes place this evening.

To-morrow being a public holiday, the Post-Office will be open for two hours only, between 8 and 10, a.m.

The banks, public and corporation offices, will be closed.

Yesterday afternoon the water police were called upon by the Superintendent of the Water Works to dislodge a number of bushwhackers from the grounds near the engine house.

Sergeant Hunter and ten men were sent out, and, after a little skirmishing in the bush, three young men and three women were arrested.

Flour more active to-day, and considerable sales of superfines are reported at $4.30 and upwards, according to quality. Strong supers still command high figures on account of scarcity.

Greenbacks bought at 13½ to 13¾, and sold at 13¾.

Silver bought at 6¼, and sold at 6.

5-20s. sold at 112½ to 115.

Weather delightful.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 23.

From sea to-day.—Five ships, and three barks.

It is expected that the resignation of the volunteers sent up on Saturday will be accepted. This will cause the disbandment of the 8th Batt. Horse Artillery, composed of first class men, well officered, and equal to regulars in discipline, which will be a great loss. It is the intention of the above mentioned volunteers, in event of disbandment, to form a rifle association to be formed into companies, officered and uniformed, and armed at their own expense. Subscription two dollars per annum.

A steamer has arrived with thirteen porpoises picked up off Riviere Ouelle, said to be valued at sixty dollars each.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON.—The *Spectator* of to-day has an article on municipal corruption in New York city. The writer regards the evil as incurable, but credits the whole newspaper press with having spared no effort to create a better public sentiment.

The *Times* ridicules the Portuguese revolution, characterising the nation prostrate before an organ-grinding General as a grotesque spectacle.

The *Times* opposes intervention in the affairs of Greece by the great powers of Europe.

Despatches from Lisbon, dated midnight, state that the Prime Minister refused to sign the decree appointing General Saldanha as President of the Council of Ministers and Minister of War, because the King was under duress, and it would not, therefore, be a fair expression of his will. Notwithstanding this the King accepted Saldanha as Prime Minister, and requested him to organize a cabinet.

The *Times*, to-day, comments severely on Mr. Mellinchamp's plan for the reorganisation of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad under the presidency of General McClellan.

The prospects for the Derby day begin to brighten; betting indicates there will be a larger field than expected and races better contested.

A fine boat race occurred on the Tyne at Newcastle to-day, between Messrs. Winship and Hepplewhite. The latter was the favorite in betting, but Winship won easily.

LONDON.—The *Observer* to-day regards the closing by the United States Government of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal to the Red River expedition as an act of studied unfriendliness.

A pamphlet has appeared at Rome denouncing acquiescence in the dogma of the personal infallibility of the Pope as a mortal sin. It is supposed to have been written by the bishop of Saint Brieux, and produces an extraordinary sensation.

The debate on infallibility in the Council continues. Of the Fathers who have given notice of their intention to speak sixty are yet to be heard. The close of the discussion is fixed for the 29th of June, the date of the next general congregation.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—The public buildings, churches, &c., were illuminated last evening in honor of the declaration of the plebiscitum.

The publishers of the *Siecle, Reveil, Rappel, Avenir* and *Nationale* have been condemned to imprisonment for one month, with a fine of 4,000 francs, for the publication of a spurious proclamation over the signature of Louis Napoleon.

PARIS.—This morning the Emperor met the Legislative bodies in solemn assembly on the *adlie debat*, and received from a deputation of the Corps Legislatif the result of the vote on the plebiscitum. He, with the Empress and the Prince Imperial, was greeted by the deputies and senators with demonstrative enthusiasm.

M. Schneider addressed the Emperor on behalf of the Legislative bodies.

The following is the Emperor's reply:—Sire—Receiving from your hands the result of this vote, my first impulse is to express my gratitude to the nation which renews to me for the fourth time in twenty-four years the signal evidence of its confidence: universal suffrage, the elements of which change unceasingly, nevertheless accomplished its purpose always. It has for guides its traditions; the certainty of its instincts, and the fidelity of its sympathies. The *plebiscitum* had for its sole object, the ratification by the people of constitutional reform; but amidst a conflict of opinions, and in the struggle with its opponents, its purpose became the greater. Let us not regret thus the adversities of our institutions which have made the question one between the Empire and revolution. The nation has sealed the question in favor of that system which guarantees order and liberty. To-day the Empire is strong, but it will show its strength by moderation. My Government executes the laws without partiality or weakness, it will not deviate from the line marked out for it, respecting all the rights of subjects; it will protect them all and all their interests without the thought of dissenting votes of hostile manoeuvres; but it will also cause the national will to be respected, and will hold it above all controversy, freed from the constitutional questions which have kept them apart; its best spirits will now have but one purpose—to rally round the constitution which the country has sanctioned. Honest persons of all parties will now unite in efforts to soften the asperities of partisan passion to preserve social interest from contagion of false doctrines, and to augment by all lawful means the grandeur and prosperity of France. We shall labour to diffuse instruction, simplify administrative measures, to introduce into the code an amelioration in favour of the agricultural interests, and to develope public works. We shall give our time to the reduction and distribution of taxation. Such is our programme which if realized will increase the progress of civilization. I thank you gentlemen for the aid you have given me on this occasion. The votes which ratify those of 1848, 1851 and 1852 reaffirm your powers, and give you like me new force to work for the nation now more than ever. May we be fearless of the future, for who can oppose the progressive march of the Regime, which a great people founded amid political troubles, and which is thus fortified in an area of peace and liberty.

The city will be illuminated this evening in honour of the favourable result of the plebiscite vote.

PRUSSIA.

In the Reichstag the Government has accepted the proposition looking to the abolition of capital punishment except in cases of malice aforethought and assassination of the sovereigns of the Confederation.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON.—Gen. Saldanha the new Prime Minister has addressed a note to several political celebrities inviting them to places in the new Cabinet.

The sessions of the Cortes were closed by his order.

The principal towns have sent to the General their acceptance of the new order of things.

The country is entirely tranquil up to this time 7 p. m.

The Ministry has not been formally formed. Gen. Saldanha will certainly be President of the Council and Minister of War.

Count Peralache, Minister of Public Works and Interior.

EVENING.—The new Cortes has been prorogued. It is generally thought it will be dissolved, and new elections ordered.

AUSTRIA.

MUNICH.—The Chamber by a vote of 76 to 67, has rejected the Bill abolishing the death penalty.

HAGUE.—The Lower House has passed a Bill abolishing the death penalty.

ITALY.

ROME.—The New York list of members of the Ecumenical Council places the number at 975, many however have gone home, leaving proxies in favor of the infallibility dogma.

French troops have been sent to the Neapolitan frontier, to watch the insurgents.

SPAIN.

MADRID.—It is announced to-day that Espartero has reconsidered his resolution and now consents to accept the Crown of Spain. This, however, is not official.

The excitement attending the unsettled state of the Government is meanwhile unabated.

The British fleet left Corrinna for Lisbon. The successful Militia rising at Lisbon, has created a profound sensation here, and is accepted as presaging on Iberian union.

The reported acceptance of the Spanish Crown by Espartero is confirmed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—A *Herald* special says the State Department to-day received from the Secretary of the Treasury the documents in relation to the seizure of arms and ammunition at Pembina by the United States Collector.

It is stated these arms are for shipment to the Red River country.

The Government has already declared no arms or munitions of war of any kind shall pass ever American territory to the region in rebellion.

No action in the case will be taken until the return of the Secretary. The matter will then be looked into and prompt directions given in regard to the disposition of arms.

Dates from Caracas state that the revolutionists had overthrown the Government and taken the capital by assault on the 27th of April.

W. W. Smyth offered himself to day as bail to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for R. B. Caldwell, of drawback fraud notoriety, but was not considered sound and was rejected.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Mrs. Stewart, residing on Cliff street, was fatally burned to-day, by an explosion of coal gas from a cooking stove.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The silver mines in New Mexico are the richest in the world. Excitement continues.

Three [illegible] of British Columbia to the Canada Confederation, passed through this city yesterday, *en route* to the Canada Capital.

CHICAGO.—There arrived here to-day from Winnipeg, an agent of Riels named Ross, who it is believed, has come to consult with Gen. O'Neil on his arrival. This man saw the Chicago Fenians, but as they are opposed to any Red River expedition which they deem foolhardy, he has met but with little encouragement.

It is supposed O'Neill is bent upon making an attempt to intercept the British troops while on their way to Red River, and that Perreau has come on behalf of Riel to get O'Neil to hurry up. Perreau states that the mission of Bishop Tache to Red River, was an entire failure, and that Riel never said he would not accept the assistance of the Fenians.

It is stated quite freely, by the Fenians of this city, that Col. M. C. Smith and Lieut. Col. E. F. Walsh, of California, are to meet O'Neil somewhere on the border, bringing with them, as the quota of California, one thousand equipped men.

Mr. Hugh Fraser's Bequest.

From the Toronto Globe.

Not many men are called upon in these days to die for the public good, but that can be no reason why in dying a man should not strive to do the State some service. If the hoarded wealth that must be relinquished when the inevitable draws near were wisely, not to say justly and honestly, distributed by the bequest of the owner, who can no longer enjoy it, the result to society would be beneficial beyond all calculation. In old times it was the fashion for men to bequeath, from motives more or less commendable, to institutions of a charitable or religious character to a far greater extent than in modern days. The merit of good works, as an atonement for bad ones, no doubt influenced largely those princely benefactions on which many of the noblest educational institutions in the Old World were funded. Divested of this principle of action the deed gains in real merit if it be undertaken with the pure and simple object of benefiting mankind. And if the lowest of all reasons, a mere craving for posthumous honour be the impelling cause of some munificient donation, it is at least as unselfish as that which devotes the accumulated wealth of a life's labour to founding a family, or creating a claim to a title for some unborn successor. We are more than willing to believe that the noble legacy of Mr Hugh Fraser to the city of Montreal, amounting to £30,000 or £40,000 to establish a public library, was dictated by a really earnest desire to benefit the present and future population of the place of which he was so long an honored citizen. It seems strange that such an institution should not always be regarded as one of the most urgent wants to be supplied by public grant or private liberality. The present instance is at once a testimony to the good sense and generosity of the testator. Such a sum in these times will suffice to purchase a really fine collection of standard literature; and the amount of its management, when once started, need not be at all considerable. But why, when the wealth of some persons is remembered, need they wait until their deaths before realizing the happy results of such an act of public benevolence. Toronto stands in need of a public library as greatly as Montreal, and we can have no desire to gain the boon by the loss of one wealthy friend or neighbour. There can be no need for those who have sufficient means, and the will to bestow them on a good object, to deprive themselves by delay of the pleasure of witnessing the happy results of their practical philanthropy.

THE REVISION OF THE BIBLE.

It will be remembered that *The World* noticed at length last February the resolution offered in the upper House of Convocation of the Province of Canterbury appointing a committee to "report upon the desirableness of a revision of the authorized version of the Old and New Testaments, whether by marginal notes or otherwise, in all those passages where plain and clear errors, whether in the Hebrew or Greek texts, originally adopted by the translators or introduced by alterations made from the same, shall be found on due investigation to exist." This committee has now reported that it is desirable to attempt such a revision, but that in attempting such a revision no new translation of the Bible is contemplated, and no alterations of language except where competent authority deems it necessary, and that where changes are necessary the existing version is to be followed as far as possible. It has further been suggested that the convocation should appoint a committee to undertake the work of revision, with "liberty to invite the co-operation of any persons eminent for scholarship, to whatever nation or religious body they may belong." This suggestion was unanimously adopted with the report.

In supporting the committee's report, Dr. Wilberforce, of Winchester, disclaimed any intention to "recast" the authorized version. Following him, the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol declared his belief that the proposed changes would not "Frenchify" the Bible—whatever that may mean—and he confessed that he saw no objection in that clause which allowing the revising committee to call in, the aid of persons belonging to any nation or religious creed, would cause sore trouble to many pious souls. "I shall feel," says the Bishop—and it is a truly liberal sentiment coming from an Anglican prelate—"I shall feel that scholarship in the bend which in every such case will be found superior to separating influences which might arise out of either conformity or non-conformity." After this it is of less wonder to hear the Bishop of Bath and Wells declare that the "whole truth should be declared at once," and that "it is useless to pretend that the authorized version was an inspired production when they knew that it was not." Some of the bishops advocated a tentative version; and the Bishop of London, who presided, thought that the revision should be confined at present to the New Testament, "which was now ripe for it."

That the bishops of the Church of England are undertaking a noble and an honest task in seeking to purge their version of error is undeniable; but is it not strange, in this nineteenth century, to tell people who have long deferred to the authority of the English Bible as the supreme guide of faith that "it is useless to pretend that is inspired," and to hear the bishops to whom the deposit of faith has been committed, declare that "they know that it is not."

Women Lawyers.

It is said in a New York paper that at present there are upwards of a hundred young women studying law throughout the United States. The hope is expressed that by their admission to the bar the members may yet be civilized, owing to the influence of woman gentle, lovely and good mannered. The only lady we can now recollect who practised law, was the lovely Miss Sally Brazs, who could scarcely be said to warrant the belief of the civilizing influence of lovely woman in respect of the practice of law. The scene between her and the Marchioness (as Dick Swiveller named the slavey who once tasted a sip of beer), is an evidence of the acuteness that will be superinduced by the study of law on the natural sharpness of woman, and, on the whole, we think most men would prefer to let the Courts of law be civilized by other agencies than that of the wife of his bosom.—*Montreal Herald.*

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, that this is an delusion. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOONOKERS REMEDY for consumption, follows in the wake of civilization.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who has either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Horse Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

A CLERGYMAN'S LOVE LETTERS

The Breach of Promise Case against the Rev. Dr. Clark—His Trial before the Presbytery—His Tender Epistles to Miss Hawkes—He calls Her Fairer than the Lilies of the Valley, and Himself an old Fool—He is censured by the Presbytery, &c.

The Presbytery of Alleghany of the United Presbyterian Church on Monday arraigned the Rev Dr J. B. Clark on the charge of breach of promise in refusing to marry Miss Lillie Hawkes, a member of his congregation. The Rev. A. G. Wallace acted as Moderator. Dr. Clark, in answer to the charge read the following:—

To the Presbytery of Alleghany to meet in the Second U. P. Church, Alleghany City, May 16, 1870.

In reference to the matter alleged against me upon your table, I respectfully present the following statement:

1. I admit that there existed between Miss Lillie Hawkes and myself an understanding involving a purpose and promise of marriage.

2. That after much deliberation and mental agony I asked her to release me from all obligation in the matter, feeling it my duty to decline the consummation of the marriage.

3. I present, in justification of my refusal to proceed further in the matter, a fear with regard to her complete mental restoration, which became so fixed upon my mind that I could not remove it. I struggled against the power of this impression until others, whose judgment I regarded as reliable and more unbiased than my own, unconscious of the relation existing between Miss Hawkes and myself gave expression to the same opinion in my hearing. I became thoroughly convinced that there was on this account a great risk in entering the marriage relation with her, and that it would be to me a solemn and important I would be doing a wrong and committing a grievance to proceed further.

It is with deepest regret, and without any spirit of malice or resentment, I feel constrained to make this allusion to Miss Hawkes in my own vindication. I am not conscious of ever having said anything derogatory to her moral or Christian character.

4. I hereby acknowledge my imprudence and want of judgment in entering into any understanding with Miss Hawkes in regard to marriage with her; and I can only plead in extenuation of this conduct my impression at the time that her mind had been perfectly restored.

The above statement is humbly submitted, in confidence that the Presbytery will exercise that judgment, tempered with mercy, inculcated by the spirit of the Divine Master. Respectfully submitted,

JOHN B. CLARK.

Alleghany, May 16, 1870.

TESTIMONY OF MISS HAWKES.

After considerable discussion several witnesses for the defence were sworn, among them Miss Hawkes, whose testimony was as follows:

Miss Hawkes, having been called and sworn, was interrogated as follows:

Q. Will you please state when this festival was had? A. On the 23d of November, 1869.

Q. Please state if there was anything in Dr. Clark's manner that induced you to act in an off-hand manner? A. He paid me a good deal of attention, and was with me a great deal that evening.

Q. Was there anything in the relations between you and Dr. Clark that led you to act as you did? A. Yes. I was very happy in anticipation that Dr. Clark would soon become my husband; I was conscious of feeling unusually well.

Q. You felt gay and happy? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Had Dr. Clark promised, in the early part of the evening, to escort you home that night? A. It was understood, about 10 o'clock, that he would do so.

Mr. Collins—What has this to do with the girl's mental condition.

Mr. Timmons—If the gentleman will allow the questions to be answered we will get along better.

Mr. Sturgeon—Q. Did Dr. Clark ever renew his promise to marry you after the night of the festival? A. He did; it was on a Sabbath night in December following.

Cross-examined by Mr. McLean—You say that on the 23d November you were happy in the anticipation of having the engagement consummated; then how can you say that on the 12th of December the engagement was renewed? A. The opposition of the people was discussed, and the matter was an open question; there was an engagement, and the month of the marriage had been set, but the opposition of the people had caused the doctor to hold the matter under advisement; it might be considered an open question, but on the 12th of December the contract was positively renewed.

Q. What do you mean by an open question? A. The doctor told me of the opposition of the people, and asked a consideration of that matter, but the engagement was not really broken.

Q. Did Dr. Clark never give you a hint that he was afraid about your mind? A. Not that I recollect; and certainly I would have remembered it if he had spoken of it.

Question by Mr. Sturgeon—Was that the nature of the talk among the people, of which you have spoken? A. The report was that the people opposed me because it was not proper for the doctor to marry one of the congregation.

Question by Mr. McLean—The engagement was renewed on the 12th of December—has it been discontinued since? A. I would judge so from the contents of his last letter, when he says, "I wish no one to come near me, except in the bonds of simple friendship."

TRYING TO COMPROMISE.

Several other witnesses were examined on the part of the defence, the substance of their evidence going to show that at the festival alluded to by Miss Hawkes, she exhibited symptoms of insanity; and that Dr. Clark was in consequence advised that his duty to himself and church required that the engagement be set aside. At Tuesday's session, a conference was held between the friends of the plaintiff and defendant, and strong hopes were felt that a satisfactory compromise would be effected, and the proceedings suspended, but the persons to whom the matter was referred, reported that the matter was in such a shape, no conclusion could possibly be arrived at that would give general satisfaction. On Wednesday—the third day's session—it was agreed upon that certain letters of Dr. Clark to Miss Hawkes should be admitted in evidence. The letters which the Doctor sent to the lady numbered ninety-nine in all. Only extracts from them were read. From the extracts we make the following selections:

THE HIGHEST WORLDLY AMBITION.

December 4, 1868.—"O how delighted I was to be with you and beside you on Wednesday, beholding you as one in whom my soul delighteth and of whom I feel proud. I have no higher worldly ambition than to make you happy. Now my dear Lillie, I feel very happy, my heart is quite at rest. There is not a shadow of regret upon my soul.

"It should be one aim with us to be as nearly blended in one as possible. Remember, I am wholly your property. I have no heir but you. All I have is you.

"You are all to me. If I have not all your confidence and affection, I have nothing earthly to care for. Did I think there was in your heart the least wandering from me; the least indecision as to whether we are to be one in love and life, I would be miserable. I am perfectly true to you. I am prepared to make any sacrifice for you. I have always seen more perfection in you than in any other human character."

FAIRER THAN THE VALLEY LILIES.

January 22, 1869.—"O, my soul, and let all thy powers be fixed on thy Creator, and that beloved Lillie, given thee to love. Fairer than the lilies of the valley; worth more than the universe of matter. To thee my heart is ever turning. For thy happiness and prosperity I willingly labor day and night.

"My love, I sometimes complainly that one source of your worry is the fear that I may grow impatient with you. Allow me to say, in all good earnest, I will wait for you five years, if you wish. It would simply be shameful for me, because Providence does not restore your health perfectly and almost instantly, to think of turning away from you."

YOU AND YOU ONLY.

August 11, 1869.—"I delight in having one close to me who has had the strength manifested by your dear self. My temptation will be to lean on you, but will not any more than I can avoid. I need not add that you are still every thing to me. I have seen none that I would think of exchanging you for. You fill all my soul and meet all my desires. I love you truly, only."

OFFERING GREENBACK ASSISTANCE.

January 1, 1869.—"In God's kind providence you expect to enter upon your school duties next week. My heart and full sympathies shall go out with you to that work. With all my heart I wish you happiness and success in it. But you know I am master now, and as such I have a few orders to leave; and first, please do not tax and worry yourself with the school. If you think it is injuring you in the least won't you quit? Why, my dear girl I would rather give you a salary of one thousand dollars than have you fretted and worn with such labor. If you find it unpleasant or injuring, you must let me know, won't you? Support must not cost you a second thought."

LILLIE SHALL HAVE A PIANO.

March 11, 1869.—"I will be only too glad to provide you with music, and whatever else may be required, and finally to get a nice new piano for my own dear Lillie. I am proud of your talents, of your true, unselfish Christian character. I forgot to say to you yesterday that the trustees raised our salary to $3,000. Will that support us? I think so, if you are economical."

COME WEAL, COME WOE—MARRIAGE!

Miss Hawkes indentified all of the letters, and in explanation of one of them said: During our last interview, about the middle of February, 1870, he expressed displeasure because I had told my brother, sister and mother of our engagement. On the evening preceding the festival, the doctor spent nearly two hours with me, and his devotion to me was expressed as ardently as usual. I, however, received a letter from him the next day, which had been written previous to our interview on Monday evening, evidently implying a desire on his part to be released from his contract. The effect of this letter, however, was nullified by his conduct on Monday evening, and also on the evening of the supper, on which evening he escorted me home, and spent at least an hour with me, his conduct towards me manifesting the greatest ardor of affection. And on Sabbath evening, December 12, 1869, nineteen days after the supper, he expressed to me his final determination, using these words: "Lillie, we will be married this coming year, and let there be no more words about it. Come weal, come woe, sink or swim, live or die survive or perish, we belong to each other." And in his note of December 14, 1869, he addressed me—"My Dear Lillie." Although the propriety of fulfilling our engagement was by mutual consent under consideration during the month of November, 1869, yet I did not consider it broken on the part of Dr. Clark until near the close of February, 1870, when, in letter No. 99, dated February 25, 1870, he addressed me as follows:

CRYING OUT OF IT.

Letter No. 99 (the date does not appear) was then read as follows:

DEAR FRIEND: The past year of my life has been full of "wear and tear." Bending my neck to the yoke of labor, I have endeavored to go along, feeling that, if no reward should be reaped from this selfish world, some remuneration would be enjoyed in the hereafter. For the last ten years I have been whirled along more by the excitement and interest of work than by the stimulus of earthly happiness. In the composition of my nature, cheerful and hopeful, God did much for me, but under the promise of different circumstances these elements have largely faded away. I cannot now come close to human hearts, as I once did, or feel that other hearts are close to me. I am deeply impressed with the idea that in all circles of society mere convenience is a predominant motive in the relations established and that self is the first thing consulted. 'You do as I want you to, or I will have nothing more to do with you,' seems to be a kind of motto under which most men and women act. I am sick of the whole thing.

AFFECTION VERY SCARCE.

No doubt there are specimens of unselfish aff

Programme for To-day.

MILITARY.

The troops will muster on Sandy Hill at 9:30 a.m.

A FEU DE JOIE

will be fired at noon. At 12:30 the troops will commence a

SHAM FIGHT,

in which the Ottawa Field Battery, Ottawa Rifles, Civil Service Rifles and Garrison Artillery will be engaged.

EXCURSIONS.

The steamer *Alexandra* will make three excursions down the river, each trip occupying four hours. On the last trip there will be a grand display of fireworks, commencing twelve miles below the city. The boat will remain half an hour at some wharf down the river to allow the passengers to have some sport with the mosquitoes, &c.

SPORTS.

Cricket match at the Grammar School at 9 a.m., and another at Rideau Hall, at one o'clock.

BASE BALL.

A match will be played on the Parliament Square at two o'clock.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

The De Lave troupe of Gymnasts will perform on their new trapeze; flying leaps, rope walking, and other feats of strength and agility.

RINK MUSIC HALL.

Grand Social at the Rink, with splendid music. Dancing to commence at nine o'clock.

THE FIRE COMPANIES

will be inspected at the City Hall in the afternoon, and will display themselves in the evening. The Chandiere Company gives a supper in the evening at their Engine House. Innumerable small parties for boating, fishing, drinking, cricketing, jumping, running, and all kind of amusements are prepared in different parts of the city, and fun will be the order of the day.

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see *advertisement* in this day's Times.

George Charles Reiffenstein was taken to Kingston yesterday.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

Dressing Made Easy.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

A child was badly injured in Upper Town last night by falling backwards into a cellar while the trap door was left up.

The band of the 60th Rifles will play on Major's Hill on Wednesday afternoon, from 4 p. m., weather permitting.

The Police Force have obtained new uniforms, which they stood so much in need of.

Ottawa Field Battery.—The men of the Ottawa Field Battery are expected to parade at 10 o'clock to-day, sharp, to fire a salute.

The Bridge at Manotic.—A temporary bridge has been erected across the Rideau at Manotic, and teams were crossing on it last Saturday.

It is reported that John Dorning has been seen several times on Saturday last on the sixth concession of Huntly, and was offering his farm for sale at a low figure.

A cook on a barge got at the Captain's strong box yesterday, and decamped with some money that it contained. Detectives Cliff was after him all yesterday evening.

Personal.—The friends of Mr. Samuel Robinson, late of the Montreal *Daily News*, will be happy to learn that he has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to return to his home. He will start by steamer this morning.

Mr. Hall, Wellington Street, advertises his celebrated gingerbeer and icecream soda from the fountain. He kindly proposes to cool down overheated, thirsty souls, at a moderate charge, if they will only give him a call. See advertisement.

The Market, yesterday, was very fair for a Monday. Very little change in prices; butter and eggs were up a little. There was no meat of any kind in the farmers' waggons. There were a few loads of oats—the owners were offering them at 37 cents, but buyers were not plentiful. Hay was scarce.

Vegetables.—Since Saturday, on account of the prospect of rain, rhubarb advanced one inch and a half. Asparagus has an upward tendency. Onions are getting stronger. Grass getting higher does not appear to lower butter, which has been a great deal steadier since the weather got cool.

Runaway.—A team belonging to a carter named Hogg was frightened on York street last night by a firecracker, while the owner was in a house collecting a fare. They were fortunately caught by some carters as they were going full speed over the bridge. They had received no injury, and the owner, in the fullness of his heart at everything being safe, offered to treat the crowd.

Many a serious accident occurred to the actors by an ill-timed swing of the trapeze. Monsieur De Lave has invented a remedy. His invention is quite simple. The swinging of one trapeze by the performer is made to work the other by means of two wheels and a wire belt connecting the two trapezes at the top. M. De Lave and his company feel proud of their invention, and promise to astonish the audience to-night at the theatre.

Missing.—Two soldiers of the 60th have been missing since Sunday evening. They went out for a sail in a boat, and have not since been heard of. Enquiries have been made on all sides, but so far without any success. It is supposed by some of their comrades that they have been upset out of their boat and drowned. Their names are Foster and Prescott.

The two missing soldiers turned up last night. They had sailed down the river with the stream a long distance, but from their ignorance of boating, were unable to get back again until late yesterday evening.

Boy Missing.—A French boy has disappeared at Mr. Baldwins new mills yesterday, under very mysterious circumstances. He had been taking away edgings from the saws, and was missed from his post at about half-past three yesterday afternoon. The boy had complained of sickness some time before, and his father, who was also working in the mill, supposed he had gone home. He went home to see, and returned in a little while with the boy's mother. He had not been home, nor has any one seen him since. There is a spot below the mill where the water from the sluices comes out with great force, and the men are in the habit of going down there to cool themselves. It is supposed the boy went down there and slipped in and was drowned. A scream would not be heard with the noise of the mill, and the rushing of the water.

The Major's Hill. The beautiful trees on Major's Hill are in great danger of being completely killed if the authorities do not interfere to prevent it. Fires are often built in the hollow trunks of some of them by idle boys. Sticks and stones are thrown among the branches at birds, knocking off the young branches in showers. Several fine trees have already been killed, and the others run a fair chance of being destroyed also, unless something is done to protect them. The Hill is a favourite resort of the citizens for a pleasant stroll in the evenings, but it is a question how long it would remain so were the fine old trees all destroyed. It would not require a large outlay to make the Major's Hill one of the most delightful spots for a stroll that could be found in the Dominion. It is to be hoped the authorities will give the subject the consideration it deserves.

Police Court.—Robert Burns, charged with being drunk and disorderly on Sparks street on Saturday morning. Fined two dollars and costs, with one week's imprisonment at hard labor.

John Macnamara, charged with being drunk and disorderly on Rideau street on Saturday evening. Discharged and advised to go to the country.

John Gaucher, for being drunk on the streets and begging. Fined two dollars and costs, or in default one week in gaol.

A young lawyer well known in the city, was charged with being drunk and creating a disturbance in a saloon in Lower Town. The case was allowed to stand over until to-morrow.

A printer was charged with leaving his employment without giving due notice. The case was dismissed on the grounds that there was no special agreement between the printer and his employer, and being paid by the piece and not on time, it was not necessary to give notice.

The Doucette case. Doctor Chapleau deposed that Miss Gosselin was not sufficiently recovered to appear in court. The prisoner Daly, was remanded, and McCandlish was bound under recognizance of $100, to appear next Monday.

A Chinaman Assassinates His Purchased Wife.

From the Sacramento Reporter, May 10.

Yesterday morning a young man brought word to the police office that a Chinese woman had almost been cut to pieces, and that her assailant had committed suicide. Officers proceeded to a cellar on I street, and in a back room found a woman on the floor, entirely insensible, and weltering in blood. In another room they discovered a man stupefied from the effects of poison. Doctors were immediately called, who dressed the mangled body of the woman on which no less than twenty-two wounds had been inflicted. Both arms were broken, and in places the bones were laid bare. Horrible gashes were made on either side of her neck one of her breasts were nearly cut off, and other parts of her person dreadfully mangled. She was carried to the hospital, with small hopes of her recovery. The man Ti Lee, was taken to the station-house, and a Chinese doctor, who was supposed to understand the nature of the poison used, directed to use his skill in bringing him to, which he did at once by administering a strong emetic. On being restored to his senses, Ti Lee confessed the deed and his murderous intentions; but, in extenuation, said that the woman had for a long time urged him to purchase her of her owner that she might be his wife, and professed great love for him. He believed her story, and did as directed, paying $500 in gold coin for her.

He said she was very good to him for some time, but has lately been receiving the attentions of another Chinaman, which caused quarrelling, and yesterday morning told him (Ti Lee) that she would have nothing more to do with him, and kicked him, and said she would put a knife in his side. He professes to have been fully impressed with the belief that she was in earnest in this threat, and, in the full belief that she was dead, claims to have been entirely justified in putting her beyond the power of putting them into execution. He described the implements with which he did the butchery, and said they were a knife and a hatchet, and were in the room where he lay. This case fully illustrates the condition of the Chinese women in our midst, and quite as fully the barbarous vengeance of the class of men who abide with them. It is hardly possible that the woman can live, but if she does we may get at particulars that will set this matter in even a more glaring light.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

MARRIED.

Married in the Village of Springtown, on the morning of the 17th instant, by the Rev. P. Rouger, Patrick Gillies, Esq., Renfrew, to Miss Mary Ann, eldest daughter of James McCrea, Esq., Springtown.

After the marriage ceremony was over the friends and acquaintances invited to the wedding were entertained with a grand boat ride on the calm waters of the Madawaska, surrounded with its beautiful scenery, to the residence of Mr. McCrea, when after doing ample justice to the dainties prepared by Mrs. McCrea the merry party betook to dancing and other amusements which continued till next morning, when after wishing all sorts of prosperity to Mr. Gillies and bride, they departed satisfied they had never spent a pleasanter night.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

THE DELAVE TROUPE.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, MAY 24TH and 25TH.

THE WORLD RENOWNED LILA AND ZOE.

ON A AUTOMATIC FLYING TRAPEZE.

An entirely new performance never yet performed before the public on any stage.

A T DELAVE.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870. 1363tf

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Wanted by a respectable man a situation as CUTTER; thoroughly understands his business. Four years experience in the west end of London, England.

Address W B, Times office. 1366tf

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A SKIFF,

—*Fifteen to Twenty Feet Long.*

Apply at the Times office. May 24, 1870. 1368 3

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS —ON— GLOUCESTER STREET, BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell by auction at the UNION HOUSE in the City of Ottawa on TUESDAY, 31st of MAY, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon or immediately after the sale of lots on Sparks and Queen st., lot No. 10 Gloucester st., being 74 feet front by 220 feet deep well adapted for building purposes or for a garden, as the soil is excellent, and in a good location. Terms 10 per cent. of the purchase money down at the time of sale. The balance in seven years secured by mortgage, paying interest.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 19, 1870 1363td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, On Sparks and Queen Streets in the City of Ottawa.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the UNION HOUSE, on TUESDAY, 31st of May, 1870. Twelve Building Lots, six on Sparks Street, near Bank street, and six on Queen Street. These lots are in a fine location. Those situated on Sparks Street, for business purposes, are as good as any in the City, and those fronting on Queen Street, are well adapted for private residences and are so arranged that they will suit parties with a small capital. The lots are divided up in 22 feet front by 99 in depth, as described on fence on Sparks Street and will be sold on favourable terms.

Ten per cent. of the money at time of sale, and ten years to pay the balance.

Sale to take place at 12 o'clock noon.

Any further information can be had by applying to the auctioneer.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354td

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, overstrung, rosewood case, with all recent improvements. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 2

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER, ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of

MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK —OF— FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE —OF— VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY. All the Macauley Property, in Duke st. CHAUDIERE OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a.m. on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June 1870, by H McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa.)

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY.

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britania Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S.

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire, Vin de St. George, Malaga, Madeira, Cognac Vieux, Eau de vie St. George, Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Mor[illegible] & Co, London, England.

MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 35 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good artiste, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Boots & Shoes

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES. Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE. Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE. Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above, A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1311 3m

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1354a

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21ST,

and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,

WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,

DUCHESSE LACE,

WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,

TRIMMINGS,

BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENEILLE FRINGES,

and other trimmings.

NEW DRESS BUTTONS,

LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,

LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks, Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks, Black and Coloured Crapes, Silks, Satins, Ottoman-corded and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-Stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

130	Pieces	Choice Summer Prints,
50	"	Brilliants,
50	"	British Muslins, Printed,
100	"	White Cottons,
250	"	English Gray Cottons,
100	"	DUNDAS " "
20	"	Lobster Mills "
12	"	Striped Hessians,
1	Bale	Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2	Cases	Choice DRESS GOODS,
1	Case	Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS —AT— MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL, 29 Sparks Street.

WEST END DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the new Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety from 11 cts. per yard upwards.

New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace

New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saltara Silk and Velveteens

New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.

New Parasols and Sunshades

New Flowers and Feathers

New Straw Goods, a large assortment

New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors

New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards

New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades

New Crapes and Arcophanes

New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs

New Lace and Muslin Ties

New Laces and Lace Falls

New Sewed Edgings and Insertions

Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value

New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons

New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns

New Linen and Cotton Diapers

New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands

New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached

New Table Covers and Napkins

New Towels and Towellings

New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green

New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes

New Printed and Fancy Flannels

New Shirting Winceys

New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing

New Cotton and Merino Socks

New White Dress Shirts

New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles

New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts

New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves

New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS, WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

THREE GRAND EXCURSIONS.

Will be given down the OTTAWA RIVER, In the splendid steamer

"ALEXANDRIA," —WITH— GOWAN'S CELEBRATED BAND.

1st to start at 8.30 o'clock a. m.

2nd to start at one o'clock p. m.

3rd to start at 5 o'clock p. m.

For full particulars see posters.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870 13631

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARRE and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A G ALLAN's Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up as a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock, (A BANKRUPT STOCK), *at a very low figure,*

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL, STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO.—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths, Iron Bedsteads, Refrigerators, Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery, Sandwich Plates, all sizes, Straps, all sizes, Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Britannia Metal Goods, Brass and Copper Goods, Toilet Chamber Ware, Bread and Sugar Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Bird Cages, all sizes, Toys of every kind, Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes, Cash Boxes, all sizes, Lanterns, different sizes and shapes, Fishing Tackle, Buckets, Camp Kettles, all sizes, Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes, Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS

COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL, COAL OIL.

Common and Best Refined Oils

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember, RED OIL BARREL, Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street, C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to WELLINGTON STREET, OVER SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

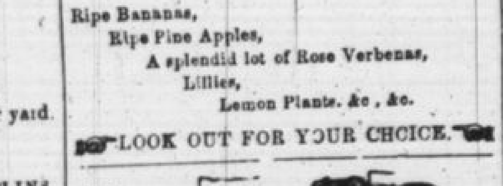
W. McCARTHY & CO., GENERAL DEALERS —IN— FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY, 31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas, Ripe Pine Apples, A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas, Lillies, Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

ICE, ICE, ICE

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50, supplied in Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH, Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the Ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office. May 16, 1870. 1359d

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE *CLOTHING DEPARTMENT*

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"*QUEEN VICTORIA*,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

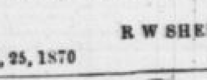
FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHARD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 134 tf

ECONOMY  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353d

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 17, 1870 1355 1m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

[Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 24, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
Superfine	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60lbs.	0 65	@	0 [illegible]
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
Beans " 60lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70
Ducks	0 40	@	0 [illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 21
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 17½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," of Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN,

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—Cabinet, Schenectady.

LEA & PERRINS'

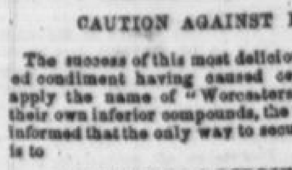
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.—A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. I. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja3-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 8 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City. 39.6m

AL HUBASAY

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awtm lawkdm

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of

Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

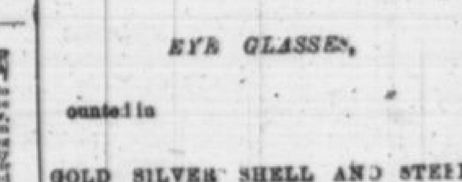
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 13 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

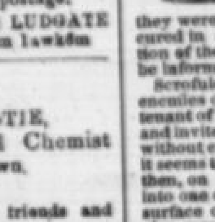
As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and troubled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or any of the affections symptomatic of Weakness, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass, Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

To Messrs. [illegible] & [illegible], Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,
Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1233-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 368tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, House, Land and General Agent. 1117y

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	[illegible]

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

TRADE—MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. 11

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST,

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'GRADY, on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT. March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street..........Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect, Wellington-st. 711tf

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN MCDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME:

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

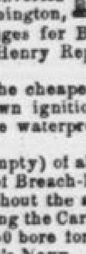
ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Trahter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

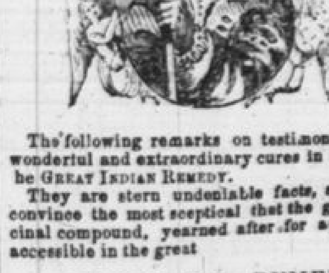
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

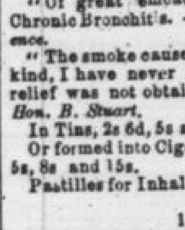
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr. W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the house or 10 a. m, and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1359 1m

Ayer's

Hair Vigo[r]

For restoring Gray Hai[r to] its natural Vitality and Co[lor.]

A dressing [which] is at once [agreeable], healthy, and [effectual] for preserving [the] hair. Faded [or gray] hair is soon [restored] to its original [color] with the [gloss and] freshness of [youth]. Thin hair [is thick]ened, falling hair checked, [and bald]ness often, though not always, [cured] by its use. Nothing can [restore the] hair where the follicles are [destroyed,] or the glands atrophied and [decayed.] But such as remain can be [saved for] usefulness by this application, [and instead] of fouling the hair with a p[asty sedi]ment, it will keep it clean and [vigorous.] Its occasional use will prevent [the hair] from turning gray or falling [off, and] consequently prevent baldness. [Free] from those deleterious substances [which] make some preparations dangerous [and] injurious to the hair, the Vigor [can] only benefit but not harm it. [If wanted] merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so de[sirable.] Containing neither oil nor dye, [it does] not soil white cambric, and [yet lasts] long on the hair, giving it a rich [glossy] lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pector[al]

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cu[re]

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—G J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq., McMaster, Esq., H S Howland, Esq., Geo. ... Esq., A T Fulton, Esq., Angus Morrison, Esq., J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T ... NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the acknowledged promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust any important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, Headache, Neuralgia ... relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute pain of the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of its attack, may be cured within two minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ... and contains nothing which can injure the ... system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, Mosgrove street.

1304 ly

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 35, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1367. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

MAX ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1238.1

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Henkell, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines—all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and over, at extremely low prices; Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Bass's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

At wholesale prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

Call in the time or bar sine. 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D O THOMSON, Treasurer; SEFOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND, Manager. 1141tf

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W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Advanced on goods consigned for transportation. Prompt returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON

DUIGNAN'S,

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

... gentlemen can be accommodated ... able board and rooms. Gentlemen ... Capital will find superior accommo... day or week at moderate terms. ... house is situated in the immediate ... the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on ...day, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between Ottawa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction Rooms, and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April, for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

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GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

COLDS

OBSTINATE COUGHS

IRRITATION OF THE CHEST

HOOPING COUGH

DISEASES OF THE THROAT

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN

ITCHINGS

DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

Agencies.

C. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store

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GET YOUR TINWORK,

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON,

Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,

Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON,

President.

W. R. WORSLEY,

Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon,

Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages,

—ALSO—

Birds Nests,

Birds Baths,

Bird Swings,

Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns,

Wire Egg Boilers,

Wire Dish Covers,

Wire Toast Forks and Racks,

Wire Egg Beaters,

Wire Shewers,

Larding Needles,

Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL,

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY

AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to

I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to

J P MACPHERSON,

Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ.,

1344tf Collector of Customs.

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to

JNO R ARNOLDI,

Dept Public Works,

1290t or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c, would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c, and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1290 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, for the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR

WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for ... table

---

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and

1366tf JONES & HOLLAND.

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochinger,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run *try it. It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by

THOS. PATTERSON,

No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

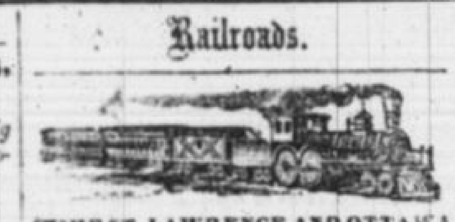
To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

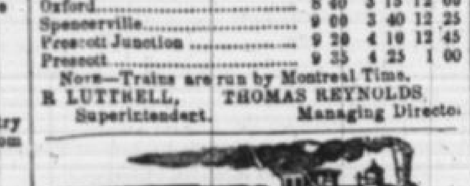
Stations	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Prescott	1 30	7 25	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A. M
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a m

Night do do do do do 7:30 p m

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a m

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 p m

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p m via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 6 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

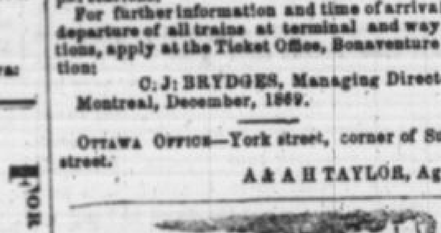
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.40 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, 1 p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

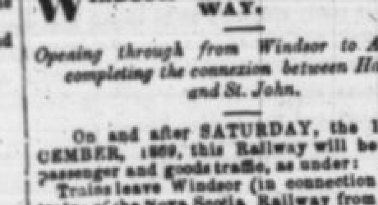
All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT,

Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p.m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN,

General Agent.

Ottawa, January 13, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS S. A. ALLEN

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It will promote luxuriant growth.

FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, *another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other.* SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

M 1ch av. 1036-1y

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada: Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfac ry they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,

Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,

H McLEAN,

18 Sparks street.

IN CHANCERY.

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, W M MATHESON.

Plaintiff's Solicitor. Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1356tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,

Street and ... Street

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf.

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED "Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE,

No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRAZER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

POST OFFICE. OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Mails	Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	5.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00				11.30	5.30
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	5.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Auckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00	8.00	11.30	5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30				11.30	5.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			6.00

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER,

Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,

Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY,

Depart .... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

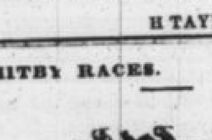
Arrive .... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 pm

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES.

1870.  1870.

The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs.; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cen
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGENENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON,

1369* Secretary and Treasurer

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

From the Times Extra of Tuesday.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

THE

FENIANS ACROSS THE LINES

Volunteers Ordered to the Front.

Half the Field Battery Leave To-Night for Prescott with their Horses and Heavy Guns.

The Remainder To-Morrow Morning.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, May 24.

Gen. O'Neill was at a little village called Milton, about 3 miles east of St. Albans, last night. He is moving with his forces towards Isle aux Noix, or St. Johns. It is expected he will cross the lines this evening.

LATER FROM ST. JOHN.

The Fenians have crossed the line, and are over a mile inside our territory. They intend massing their forces at Pidgeon Hill. The Volunteers are preparing to march to meet them.

Buffalo promised to furnish O'Neil with 1000 fighting men.

About 500 fenians left there for Ogdensburgh, they passed through Watertown this morning—more are following, is said there are plenty of arms at Malone.

The wires of the submarine telegraph at Ogdensburgh were cut last night.

Messages are carried by Boat all to day from Ogdensburgh to Prescott.

A very strong force of fenians are expected to assemble at Ogdensburg, but it is thought they will move on towards Rouses Point and join General O'Neil.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 24.

There are mischievous doings on the American side of the frontier, and the statement about the Red River movement of the Fenians is only a ruse to turn away attention from a more serious intention.

It seems to be confirmed by the arrival of two detachments of "roughs" at St. Albans.

LATER VIA MONTREAL.

It is now no longer doubted but that the fenians mean mischief by a raid within a few days on the eastern part of the Dominion.

A large number left Buffalo and passed through Rochester yesterday. They occupied several cars and were joined at Rome by a large number, they then passed on to the Ogdensburgh road, which will carry them direct to St. Albans—where they have reached ere this—they carried no arms with them, but there are large stores of those at St. Albans. About three or four hundred men are coming by way of Rutland, Vermont road, for the same destination, and a raid may be expected at any moment.

The volunteers are ordered for the frontier in the morning.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 24.

The "Waubuno" Detained Three Days—American Tugs Refused to Render Assistance.

The Fenian news causes little or no excitement. The troops have received no orders, but yesterday the regular troops for the expedition that got on the train for Collingwood, were ordered off again

The *Waubuno* arrived at Collingwood about five o'clock yesterday morning, having been detained since Wednesday 33 miles below the Sault, where she ran aground, and four passing American tugs refused to give her assistance.

The headquarters of the expedition is to be at the Sault.

The starting of the first troops will be delayed a week by the change.

A passenger just arrived at St. Cloud from Fort Garry, May 10, says: Riel had but few men under arms, but was ready to resort to force if the delegates demands were not granted. The hunters say they will fight for him.

The gunnery school closed yesterday.

LATEST FROM ST. ALBANS.

About 40 more Fenians arrived by accommodation train. Those who previously arrived, are still here, and will probably leave to-night.

LATER FROM WATERTOWN.

Special to the Evening Mail.

WATERTOWN, N.Y., 4 p.m., May 24.

Eleven car loads, packed full of Fenians, passed through again at 3 p.m. They are all armed and equipped, and are determined to fight their way to the Capital. The forces at St. Albans, and Malone will be constantly angumented, and they hope within 48 hours to command every avenue to the capital.

D. BUCK.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, towell in the wake of civilization

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who have either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Farm For Sale—D Campbell
Notice—Wm F Powell
Education—C B Pettit

The Ottawa Times

Office: 34, Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1870.

"SHARP PRACTICE"

A recent article in the London *Times* has been seized upon by the *Globe* and Montreal *Herald* as affording evidence that impartial spectators of the events which have taken place in Canada, in connection with the recent disturbances in the North West, have come to the conclusion that the Ministers of the Dominion are deserving of condemnation for their Red River policy, and especially for the non-payment of the Hudson's Bay subsidy. "For a wonder," says the *Globe*, "the *Times* is coming to a correct estimate of the state of affairs in this Canada of ours." It is seldom that any *dictum* of the *Times* is accepted by either of our contemporaries, and notwithstanding the disclaimer of the *Herald* of making "a mere party affair of the matter," we entertain little doubt that nothing but the blindness of party zeal has prevented the opposition press from acknowledging the correctness of the opinion given by the individual who, of all others was most competent to form a correct opinion of the conduct of the Dominion Government during the whole of the Red River difficulties. That individual was Earl Granville. His Lordship was, as is well known, at first inclined to blame the Canadian Government for not making the payment to the Hudson's Bay Company on the appointed day, and in the course of the negotiations which ensued, his Lordship was anxious to make the best terms in his power for England. Not the least of the obstacles with which the Canadian Government has had to contend during the very serious difficulties by which they have been beset has been the course taken by the Opposition both in Parliament and through the press. It must be obvious that the interests of England and Canada with reference to the North West question have not been identical, indeed to some extent they have been antagonistic. The avowed policy of the present Imperial Cabinet is to withhold military aid from the colonies. Even if the circumstances connected with the Red River had been deemed exceptional, it would have been difficult, if not impossible, for the Imperial Government to apply a different rule to Canada from what it had but recently applied to New Zealand. The duty of the Canadian Government was to act in the interests of Canada, and it was clearly not the interest of Canada to pay the Hudson's Bay Company, and as a consequence to accept the transfer of the North West Territory in midwinter. The injustice of the article in the *Times* was promptly pointed out by Sir John Rose, whose vigilance in defending Canadian interests entitles him to the gratitude of every true friend of the Dominion. According to the *Globe*, however, Sir John Rose's argument "comes out for the first time." We cannot be surprised at any misrepresentation by the *Globe* of the conduct of the Dominion Government, but we may venture to hope that it will be out of the power of that journal to mislead the public. Sir John Rose's argument was that "if the transfer had been "completed, the insurgents might have "argued that the formation of a provi- "sional Government was a necessity, "and afforded the only protection of the set- "tlement from anarchy." That this was a sound argument there can be no doubt. At the time that the Canadian Government decided on their course of action, viz.: the latter end of Nov. 1869, the Government of the Hudson's Bay Company was still acknowledged, and it was simply impossible for any Canadian Governor to get admission into the territory prior to the opening of the navigation. At present, however, we are principally concerned in proving the incorrectness of the *Globe's* assertion that Sir John Rose's argument was new. What we would ask the *Globe* is the meaning of the following passage in the Report of the Privy Council, dated 16th Dec., 1869:—"It is better to have the semblance of "a Government in the country than none at "all. While the issue of the proclamation "would put an end to the Government of the "Hudson's Bay Company, it would not sub- "stitute Government by Canada therefor. "Such a Government is physically impossible "until the armed resistance is ended, and thus "a state of anarchy and confusion would ensue, "and a legal status might be given to any "Government *de facto* formed by the inhabi- "tants for the protection of their lives and "property." The truth is Sir John Rose's unanswerable defence of the Canadian Government in the *Times* was entirely based on the official documents in his possession, and which are equally in possession of the Canadian public. The *Times* was but imperfectly informed of facts when it wrote the article with which the *Globe* has been so captivated. But Earl Granville, who had every single document in his possession, declared in the House of Lords, as his deliberate opinion, that "The Ministry of the "Dominion seems to me to have acted during "this year with singular judgment, decision "and conciliation, to have been rewarded by "the success they appear to have attained." The correspondence between the two Governments affords abundant proof that this testimony by Earl Granville was not caused by any subserviency on the part of the Canadian Government to His Lordship's views. On the contrary, Earl Granville seems to have become convinced, and not without reluctance, that the Ministers of the Dominion, who were on the spot, acted not only in perfect good faith, but in the interest as well of the Empire as of the Dominion. What, we would ask the *Globe*, can justify the accusation of "sharp practice"? What conceivable object could the Canadian Government have had in postponing the payment of the money other than that the interests of the Dominion rendered that course expedient? The money had been remitted, and was lying in the hands of the fiscal agents of the Dominion. It was not removed, and it was from the first avowed that Canada had no intention of withdrawing from the bargain under which that money was to be paid. The *Globe* perseveres in the utterly absurd suggestion, which he has repeatedly thrown out, that the proper course would have been to have sent in the dead of winter, through the United States territory "an efficient representative," that is a military officer, such as Sir Hastings Doyle, without a single soldier, with a view of terrifying into submission men who had already succeeded in preventing the admission of Mr. McDougall into the territory.

Those actually sent are referred to as "a miserable abortion." It must be borne in mind that when the Canadian Government selected Vicar General Thibault, who had been for many years a resident in the territory to go on a mission of peace, and with a view to explain to the settlers the policy of the Government; they had not a doubt that Mr. McDougall would have attempted to assume the Government until he received specific instructions to do so, much less that he would have issued a commission to Col. Dennis authorising him "to assault, fire upon &c." the people then in arms to oppose his entrance into the Territory. Can any one who has paid the least attention to Red River affairs doubt that but for Mr. McDougall's rash, unauthorized, and illegal proceedings, he himself would ere this have been in peaceable possession of that Government; and that not a drop of blood would have been shed, and a vast expenditure of money saved? No member of the Government has been inclined to deal harshly with Mr. McDougall, on the contrary every allowance was made for the difficult circumstances in which he was placed; but when he and his abettors assume the position of assailants of the Government it is necessary that the truth should be told. No one was more prominent than Mr. McDougall, in fastening on the *Globe* and its correspondents, the responsibility for the discontent against the Canadian Government, which it must be admitted prevailed very extensively in the Red River settlement, not only among the French, but among the English half-breeds, and the employees of the Hudsons Bay Company. That discontent was wholly without cause, unless it be true that some subordinate officers of the surveying party gave offence to the settlers. The *Globe's* special mission is to find fault with every act of the Dominion Government, and as a matter of course the temporary act for the Government of the territory was fastened upon as a ground for imputing to Ministers an intention of ignoring the wishes of the inhabitants of the territory. The Government wisely determined not to legislate permanently until they could have the advice of Mr. McDougall, after consultation with the leading inhabitants of the territory of all classes. Mr. McDougall's instructions framed at a time when there was no suspicion of disloyalty among the settlers are of a most liberal character, and but for the unfortunate events which followed his premature assumption of the Government on the 1st of December last, the new constitution would probably have been framed at Fort Garry, instead of at Ottawa.

For the temporary act, and for all the proceedings, up to the period of Mr. McDougall's proclamation, that gentleman is as fully responsible as any of his former colleagues. His special grievance has been the alleged treacherous conduct of the Hon. Mr. Howe; and the opposition members of Parliament and press have been but too ready to join with him in his most unjustifiable assault on a colleague who has never acted towards him otherwise than with the most entire good faith. Mr. McDougall does not seem to have objected to Mr. Howe's proposed visit to the Red River Settlement, which under the circumstances it was most natural that he should desire to pay, in order to make himself acquainted with a territory for the Government of which he was about to be especially responsible. It has never been suggested that Mr Howe could have had any conceivable motive in exciting discontent among the inhabitants of the Red River Settlement. He found on his arrival that there was a feud between what is known as the Canadian party and the old settlers, including the employees of the Hudsons Bay Company.

He found, moreover, that the former were charged with having treated the old settlers, and particularly ladies of mixed Indian and white blood with contumely. Under these circumstances Mr. Howe most prudently abstained from all interference in these disputes, and by mixing freely with the settlers and treating them with courtesy, he succeeded in convincing them that he did not share such feelings as were attributed, whether justly or unjustly to the recent Canadian immigrants. Mr. Howe has been blamed for not addressing the people in public. Had he committed such an indiscretion he would have justly exposed himself to censure. He knew that the Governor was on his way to the territory, and he naturally left to him the task of explaining his own policy. He found that there were strong prejudices against Mr. McDougall. That such prejudices existed, before Mr. Howe visited the settlement, there is not the least doubt; but they had been instilled, not by Mr. Howe, but by the *Globe* and its emissaries. Mr. Howe did all in his power to dispel them, and there has never been a particle of evidence offered to prove that Mr. Howe uttered a single expression calculated to injure Mr. McDougall during the time that he was in the settlement. But surely those who attempt to fasten the responsibility on Mr. Howe forget that he never saw Riel, the leader of the insurgent party; that his intercourse was with Governor McTavish and other Hudson's Bay officials, and with the English speaking portion of the population. But in truth the injustice done to Mr. Howe by Mr. McDougall, and his abettors, must be transparent to any one who has given the least attention to the Red River papers.

Among the printed documents will be found a despatch from Governor McTavish, dated 2nd November, 1869, to the Secretary of the Hudson's Bay Company in London, which commences thus:—"There has been "*during the autumn* considerable agitation "among the Canadian half-breed population "regarding the Government to be established "here. They seem to have been fully, "if not correctly, informed of how "the Government was to be com- "posed, and they seemed to think that "from what was told, their interests would be "overlooked and their religion interfered "with." The despatch proceeds to report the erection of the barriers; but we call attention to the preceding passage not only as proving the existence of *agitation* and discontent among the half-breeds long before Mr. Howe visited the Territory, but likewise as justifying the language of the report of Council which affirms that it was the duty of the Company "to have prepared the people under "its rule for the change, to have explained "the precaution taken to protect the interests "of the inhabitants, and to have removed any "misapprehensions that may have existed "among them." Again that report points out that when Governor McTavish visited Canada in June and was in communication with the Canadian Government, "he never intimated "that he had even a suspicion of discontent "existing, nor did he make any suggestions "as to the best mode of effecting the proposed "change with the assent of the inhabitants." There has been no explanation given of the cause of Governor McTavish's delay in communicating to his own superiors the existence of an agitation which he admits in November had been some time in existence. The Canadian Government had received no intimation whatever on the subject. The discontent which had existed for a considerable time seems to have been augmented to such a degree as to lead to violence by a circumstance for which most assuredly Mr. Howe was not responsible. On the 11th October, as appears from Col. Dennis' report to Mr. McDougall, Mr. Webb, a surveyor, was obstructed in his survey "by a band of some 18 French half-breeds headed by a man named Louis Riel." The ground for this forcible interference with the Canadian surveyors was that the country on the South side of the Assiniboine was "claimed as the property of the French "half-breeds, and which they would not allow "to be surveyed by the Canadian Government." Nothing can be clearer than that these people believed that not only their religion, but their property, was likely to be interfered with, and whatever blame may attach to the Hudson's Bay Company, or to the surveying party, most assuredly neither Mr. Howe nor any of his colleagues can be held responsible for these proceedings. We shall not dwell on the fact that Mr. Howe, during his brief interview with Mr. McDougall on the road to Pembina, intimated to him the existence of discontent, though he never imagined it would lead to such serious consequences. When the news of the obstructions offered to Mr. McDougall reached Ottawa the Government had to decide what course to adopt. The vindication of their policy is to be found in the minute of Council of Dec. 16th, which was a reply to Earl Granville's despatch of the 30th November, and which has never been answered. The Ministers of the Dominion may well be satisfied with having secured the concurrence and approbation of Earl Granville, and with having left their opponents in Canada without an argument.

The Montreal *Herald* imputes to the Ministry vacillation of purpose, on the assumption that they "demanded quiet possession" before they would pay the price, and further imputes this vacillation to "yielding on compulsion." Now this is wholly untrue. On reference to the Minute of Council it will be seen that while confidently hoping that the measures taken to secure peace would be successful, "the Government *are making preparations* by "the construction of boats and otherwise for "sending a military force in early spring. In "these efforts the Canadian Government are "glad to believe they will have the hearty "co-operation of H. M. Government and of "the Hudson's Bay Company." It never was imagined from first to last that it would be fair to require England in case an expedition should be necessary to be at the whole cost of that expedition. The position taken was that the opposition was not to England but to Canada. "The resistance of these misguided "people (says the report) is evidently not "against the Sovereignty of Her Majesty or "the Government of the Hudson's Bay Com- "pany, but to the assumption of the Govern- "ment by Canada." Again this is not a "question of money it may be one "of peace and war." Again "from a "sincere conviction of the gravity of "the situation, and not from any desire to "repudiate or postpone the performance of "any of their engagements the Canadian "Government have urged a temporary delay "of the transfer." * * * "Any hasty at- "tempt by the Canadian Government to "force their rule upon the insurgents would "probably result in armed resistance and "bloodshed." The Dominion Government unfortunately was baffled in its policy by circumstances wholly beyond its control. All its efforts were directed to secure a peaceable solution of the difficulty which they had to encounter. Had Mr. McDougall adopted the course which a man of ordinary prudence and judgment would have taken, there cannot be a doubt, that the anticipations of the Canadian Government would have been realized. He was specially advised on 30th October by Governor McTavish, "to remain at Pembina "and await the issue of conciliatory negotia- "tions," and again on the 9th November he was warned that the attempt to come in "might be productive of the most disastrous conse- "quences, and further, was advised that in the "opinion of Governor McTavish and the "Council his early return to Canada is not "only essential for the peace of the country, "but also advisable in the interest of the es- "tablishment in the future of the Cana- "dian Government." One would suppose that with such warnings a man of ordinary prudence would have been on his guard, but in a letter, dated 7th November, Mr. McDougall tells Governor McTavish "until the actual transfer and "proclamation you are the legal rulers;" and again, "I shall remain here until I hear of- "ficially of the transfer of authority." In his letter of the 14th, to the Secretary of State, he says: "I expected to hear by this time "that the transfer had been agreed to, and "the Imperial Order-in-Council passed. If "I do not *receive notice* of this order in a "few days I shall be much em- "barrassed in my plans, and the "leaders of the insurrection will be embold- "ened and strengthened. They understand "perfectly that I have no legal authority to "act or command obedience till the Queen's "proclamation is issued," and yet a few days later, without any further information, Mr. McDougall proclaimed himself Governor of the Territory; and issued a commission to Col. Dennis to organize an armed force. Hence all the unfortunate complications and disasters that subsequently ensued. There is but one other remark in the *Globe's* article that we shall notice. He imputes, and perhaps correctly to the *Times*, that it had given its readers to understand that the expedition was to be abandoned, and adds—"Considering the nature of the cable telegram "the mistake was a natural one." The telegram in question expressly referred to the "expedition" as being one of peace, and that is the literal truth. It is true that recently there has been an alarm of Fenian interference, but should that rumor unfortunately prove true, there is every reason to believe that all classes of the settlers at Red River will act in concert with the Imperial and Dominion Governments.

MORAL SUASION.

On the very lines the Fenians are met and repelled by our gallant volunteers. Under Colonel Chamberlin, M.P., the behaviour of the previously untried volunteers has been excellent. It is, however, a great pity that the Fenian hero O'Neill, should have been arrested by the United States authorities at St. Albans and placed, for safety, in gaol there. The United States authorities, acting by the order of General Grant no doubt meant well, but the moral effect of a capture by our forces would have been greater had the ruffian been treated *a la* Prince. Some three or four Fenians only are known to have been killed, while several were wounded, and none on our side have received a scratch. The troops are, it will be observed, moving rapidly towards the frontier, and it may be possible yet to catch a few of them.

Colonel Osborne Smith has placed a strong picquet along the frontier.

It is ascertained that a numerous body of Fenians are massed somewhere at the back of St. Regis and Dundee, in the County of Huntingdon.

THE RAIDS AND THE RAIDERS.

There cannot surely now be any doubt of the mischievous intentions of those scoundrels calling themselves "Fenians." When, in the Spring, our volunteer forces were called into active service to repel a threatened and intended raid upon Canada, the non-appearance of this band of organized conspirators, almost led to the belief that a cry of invasion had been got up and much expense incurred to distract the public attention from the minor matters of the tariff, the Currency question, and the Red River difficulty. Even Parliament seemed anxious to know on what information such active steps had been taken to meet an evil which did not seem to have an existence. There is however no denying the existence, or the activity of these miserable wretches to-day. On the Queen's Birthday the military leader of the pirates, O'Neill, was at a little village three miles east of St. Albans, within United States territory; in the evening he and his hordes had crossed over to British territory at Pidgeon Hill; 1,000 men were promised from Buffalo, 500 of whom had left for Ogdensburgh; yesterday, 600 Fenians were expected at Franklin; within six miles of the lines of Underhill six steel batteries were "secreted" from the United States authorities; and extra cars on the Vermont Central were taken for a party of Fenian excursionists. Such in brief is the news so far as the attack on the Province of Quebec is concerned. In the west we hear of Fenian steamboats, and of intended operations at the Sault Ste. Marie. All about the American side of the Sault the piratical hordes are congregating. There cannot be a doubt of the matter, and there is none. President Grant has issued a proclamation of outlawry. He orders out the United States troops, and calls upon all well-disposed people to prevent the exodus of an armed force bent upon making a warlike demonstration upon the soil of a friendly power. Of course, the regular soldiers of the United States are very much scattered, and the militia of the border States may be unwilling to put down those disturbers of that harmony which should prevail between people on friendly terms. The proclamation of President Grant does not hinder men, who are superior to law, from committing murder, but it makes every act of killing illegal, and reduces those taken with arms in their hands to the condition of pirates who may be dealt with without mercy. By his proclamation President Grant pays a certain degree of respect to Great Britain. Great Britain demands respect and must at least have that. While Canada may be plundered and her citizens murdered the utmost deference must be paid to Great Britain. This is clearly right. Canada, however, has some reason for complaint. It is true that the Dominion is only attacked on account of the political relationship existing between England and Canada, and England being apologized to by the President of the United States, who denounces the unlawful invasion of her territory of Canada, all cause of complaint is apparently removed, so far as the United States Government is concerned. The proclamation is excellent of its kind. That which may be considered matter of complaint is that the substance of the proclamation should not be so well understood that it would be necessary to issue a special proclamation every time Fenian steel guns, and Springfield Rifles, in the hands of a very unruly class of people, find their way over United States railways or in United States merchant steamers into Canada. It is all very well to concede to Great Britain and her authority in Canada the right to hang or otherwise destroy the vermin from Vermont and Duluth when they are caught. That is, we repeat, well, but not enough. The vermin ought not to be suffered to breed. They ought to be caught and cracked the very instant they appear. Canada does not hesitate to defend herself, but she feels annoyed at the expense. Fortunately the money, which we are forced to expend in forcing back or keeping down these inland pirates, is expended in this country and upon the very people, who furnish it by their industry. It is the withdrawal of the money from objects of more importance that causes the annoyance. Order is necessary, but the maintenance of a large police force to preserve it, is costly, and it would be much better if order could be obtained without the employment of repressive force at all. General O'Neill has taken the Montgomery route for the invasion of Canada, but he has been met at a small village within the lines, and his progress may not be even so great as was that of Montgomery, who left his bones for some time, where the military prison in the city of Quebec, now stands. Yet it would be a pity were Colonel Smith, or Colonel Lord Russell, or General Lindsay, or whatever distinguished officer may have the command, to lack the *moral* courage which would permit the Fenians to advance. It would not do to give the scoundrels any room at the Sault Ste. Marie or along the Seine, or Rainy Lake; but in Missisquoi they might be entreated to come on—with the fine prize of Montreal only thirty or forty miles off. One day in Montreal would be worth a year's hanging about St. Alban's, or pillering at Pidgeon Hill. It is a pity that the O'Neillites place no value upon their necks. It is certain that were they to get into Montreal, nothing of value would escape their hands.

It is really sincerely to be hoped that these repeated, useless, and unprovoked raids upon Canada may not lead to serious results as concerns the relations now existing between England and the United States.

PATRIOTIC.

Through their Parliamentary representative, Alonzo Wright, Esq., the people of Aylmer, P. Q., yesterday afternoon, offered to the Minister of Militia a company of fifty men to go to the front. Sir George E. Cartier thanked Mr. Wright, as representing Aylmer, assuring that gentleman that if the services of the Aylmer men should be required, he would gladly avail himself of the patriotic offer.

THE DELAVE TROUPE.—Owing to some insurmountable circumstances this far-famed Company did not perform last night. To-night, however, they will certainly not fail to exhibit to those who patronize them, some of the most daring and thrilling acts ever performed in any part of the world.

ADJUTANT GENERAL Ross gave a dinner at the Rideau Club last night to all the Militia officers here on duty, there being present the Hon. Minister of Militia and his Deputy, the Deputy Adjutant-General Powell, and Assistant Adjutant-General McPherson.

The Governor General did not entertain last evening on account of the illness of Sir John A. Macdonald.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 25.

The Victoria Rifles and also the Prince of Wales have orders to leave for the front immediately. They are now rapidly provided with blankets, ammunition, &c.

Six hundred volunteers are to leave to-day.

The 69th Regiment are expected to arrive from Quebec this evening.

At four o'clock this afternoon the Victorias, Prince of Wales and Royals, under Col. Grant, marched from the Military School to Point St. Charles, there to embark *en route* for Huntingdon. Their progress was a complete ovation especially as they passed along St. James' street, with bands playing and drums beating, amidst the continued acclamations of the multitude who nearly filled the street. They looked uncommonly well, especially the Victorias and Prince of Wales, who might well have been taken for troops of the line.

We understand that the Field Battery, under Col. A. H. Stevenson, has been turned out, and orders issued to the men to muster immediately at the Crystal Palace in uniform.

FRELIGHSBURG.

Particulars of the Skirmish—Many Fenians Killed and Wounded.

FRELIGHSBURG, May 25, 2.46 p.m.

The Fenians crossed the lines to-day. The home guards drove them back. Many Fenians were killed and wounded.

A private telegram states that the Fenians have pillaged Mr. Holbrook's store at Hunterdon, and have taken possession of a church there and turned it into a barracks.

At two o'clock this afternoon three hundred Fenians left Buffalo and started eastward.

FRELIGHSBURG, May 25, 4:15 p.m.

On the 45 line, five miles from Frelighsburg, Wednesday, two o'clock. This is written within sight of the Fenians, and two hundred yards from the boundary line. The volunteers have had their first skirmish with the Fenians. The latter mustered before noon, about three hundred strong, just opposite the line, two miles from Cook Corners, on the road leading from the latter place to Franklin centre and at the old Fenian camping ground. The United States Marshall crossed to the Canadian side, and informed Col. Smith that he had no troops to prevent the Fenians crossing. In about half an hour afterwards the Fenians opened fire upon the 50th Battalion volunteers, under Colonel Chamberlin, and the independent Corps under Captain Westoner. The volunteers returned the fire with spirit. The Fenians were sheltered by a groupe of houses on the boundary line, but they left their cover and a company dashed across the line into Canada and the next minute a volunteer bullet laid a dead Fenian across the road 30 yards across the line. The skirmishing and firing was continued at irregular intervals for half an hour, when Captain Gascoinne, who, had at the beginning of the firing been despatched to Stanbridge Village for assistance arrived with the Victorias in double team waggons, and followed by Capt. Muir's troop of cavalry. The cavalry dismounted on a hill overlooking the Fenians, and the Victorias defiled and opened a skirmishing fire from among the rocks. The Fenians retired under cover at 2.30, and only an occasional bullet is heard whistling over our heads. Three dead Fenians can be seen but more were killed and several wounded. The volunteers during the lull were mustered and not a man was found to be hurt. The volunteers are in capital spirits, and hopeful of the result. As I close this despatch at 3 o'clock from the firing the enemy seem to be moving round our natural fort of rocks to the west upon Pigeon Hill.

HEMINGFORD.

HEMMINGFORD, May 25.—Yesterday's telegrams were received here ordering 51st battalion to muster at headquarters. Companies have turned out well. Men in good spirits, and appear anxious for an engagement. The company took some of their track up last night, between here and the Province line. All regular trains on this road have been stopped at present. Everything quiet here.

CORNWALL.

CORNWALL, May 25.—The volunteers at Cornwall were roused at three o'clock this morning. The Fenians are reported in strength at St. Regis, which, as our readers are aware, is divided by the line, and lies on the banks of the St. Lawrence, almost opposite Cornwall. The passage across the river, however, seems impossible, as no boats are available in that vicinity.

AMERICAN NEWS.

ST. ALBANS, May 25.—I forward you the account of the present Fenian movement published by the St. Albans *Daily Messenger*, of course it is extravagant, but is a fair specimen of the rumors afloat here. I do not believe the Fenians have any cannon, they may possibly have a few old brass ones, but I do not believe they have.

The first batch, about a dozen, which arrived on Monday evening, were about half boys. The second batch, about forty-five, which also arrived on Monday, were mostly men, apparently well drilled. Those by Tuesday morning's trains, about 120 to 150, were boys and men, not much to boast of; and those who arrived last evening by the first train, about 300, and those by the second, about 20, were mostly good-looking men, and apparently well drilled.

I think about 600 have passed through here so far. Probably this morning's train may bring more. I will probably add to this after I get to the depot. There is considerable excitement here. The depot was crowded on the arrival of Southern trains to see the Fenians.

A large proportion of the people seem to think very light of it, but the intelligent workingmen look serious over it, and wonder if the thing has not gone far enough.

There are no United States troops in the State, and only a few at Plattsburgh, and although United States Marshal-General Fisher is here he can do nothing.

About one hundred and fifty Fenians arrived this morning.

General O'Neill was arrested by the United States Marshal. He is now in custody at St. Albans.

NEW HAVEN, May 25th.—About 75 Fenians left last night by railroad for St. Albans.

CINCINNATI, May 25th.—The Fenians held a large meeting at the armory last night. The hall was packed, and there was a crowd in the street which could not get admittance. The meeting was secret.

ALBANY, May 25th.—About 100 Fenians left by a late train of the New York Central for the West last night. About 300 more wanted to go, but transportation could not be furnished for more.

A public meeting in behalf of the Fenians will be held at the City Hall to-night.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 25th.—Another company of Fenians passed through here on the Hudson River Railroad last night; they were going to Malone.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—From what can be learned about the Fenian programme it appears that Gen. O'Neil has sent orders to all parts of the country, ordering the soldiers of the Irish Republic Army to meet at points along the frontier, at St. Albans, M n, and westward, or to assemble in the neighbourhood of the New York and Vermont frontier.

It is said that this movement is made against the wishes of the Executive Council and Legislative branch of the Fenian Brotherhood, and contrary to the judgment of the members of President O'Neil's cabinet. Well known and zealous Fenians say they have worked for years in gathering large supplies of arms and ammunition, which during the last six months have been sent to the Canadian border; all now to be frittered away and wasted in premature proceedings; dissatisfaction is the consequence, and disaster is expected.

Only about 1,000 men are said to be marching on Canada. 45 Fenians only left this city in the 11 o'clock train on Monday.

The officers in command of the present raid are Gen. O'Neill, Col. Donnelly, Col. Lewis, Col. Clengan, and Col. Lecaron.

The Vermont detachment is commanded by Col. Lewis.

The Red River expedition was authorised by the Brotherhood, and the troops are acting under the direction of the executive Council.

They are now organising to meet the force which the Canadian Government is sending to Red River. Gen. Gleason is understood not to approve of the present action of O'Neill notwithstanding the opposition of the Executive Council, and the indifference of the Savage branch of the Fenian Brotherhood. It was rumoured that during yesterday not less than one hundred men with their officers left by the several trains from this city, for the borders. Yesterday between 20 and 30 Fenians left Newark to join their comrades.

A meeting was held at Fenian headquarters last evening. Business private.

DETROIT, May 25.—The city is filled with rumours of Fenian movements. Two large barges, with 300 Fenians, are reported to have left the dock last night.

CINCINNATI, May 25.—General Starr, Colonel O'Keefe and three privates, left here last night for the North. Efforts to get more failed. The organization refuses money and arms or countenance the attempt.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The steamers *Holsatia* from Hamburg, and *Nevada* from Liverpool, have arrived.

Yesterday Morning's Despatches.

Col. Osborne Smith on the March

Gen. Osborne Smith has just marched from Stanbridge Station for Stanbridge Village, which is within a few miles of the lines, with a large number of our troops and artillery.

Fenian Movements.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 25th.—A despatch received yesterday from the frontier states that 600 Fenians were hourly expected at Franklin.

A despatch from St. Armands at 4.30 a.m. say that 160 armed men, each provided with 40 rounds of ammunition, have left St. Albans for the purpose of protecting six steel-batteries secreted in the country between Underhill and the frontier, which were about to be seized by the authorities.

The guns are on the way and will be here to-night or to-morrow.

Underhill is a small village within six or seven miles of the lines.

The guns were evidently to be seized by the United States Marshall.

A special despatch from Ogdensburgh says:

There is great excitement here to-day. All the telegraph wires, including the cable between this city and Prescott, were cut last night.

200 Fenians came up from the Central road on the Rome road to Potsdam Junction, where they will take the Champlain cars for St. Alban's, which seems to be their rallying place.

Telegrams had been sent to the officers of the Vermont Central for all the extra cars the road could afford for an excursion to Boston hence. They were well supplied with cars.

The workmen at the car shops in Burlington, and with the farmers in that section of the country, have resigned their places, and are pouring into St. Alban's.

AMERICAN NEWS.

ST. ARMAND, May 24.

One hundred boxes filled with arms and ammunition are on the side of the road at Franklin. The Fenians are at Franklin.

Our people have been stopped and sent back, and are not allowed to pass the lines.

Gen. O'Neill is at Franklin.

NEW YORK, May 24.

A large number of boldly avowed Fenians left this morning for the North.

ST. ALBANS, 24th.

There is an undoubted movement to invade Canada.

Hundreds of strangers are arriving and departing.

The demonstrations now in progress here by the Fenians are of a highly important character.

For two or three nights past teams have been employed in moving heavy freights of arms and rations from Burlington and other points to the north. On Monday evening there began to be the arrivals of men, and at this time between five and six hundred have arrived here or passed through for Malone, N. Y. These stopping here are concentrating at Franklin, about 15 miles from this place, and within two or three miles from the line. Fifty men, it is reliably reported, are there this afternoon, with plenty of light arms, ammunition and a dozen pieces of artillery, all under command of Colonel Donelly, of Massachusetts.

Every train which comes from the South is bringing more or less men.

Without doubt some blood will be spilled before the affray is ended.

The men are reticent, and nothing can be learned of their force or plans.

ROCHESTER, May 24.

A car-load of Fenians, ticketed for Malone, passed through here this morning. A few Fenians from the Southern tier of Counties arrived here last night, over the Railway.

The leaders of the Brotherhood here are very reticent regarding their movements.

BOSTON, May 24.

Three thousand Red men, supposed to be Fenians, left on the Northern train esterdry.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., May 24.

Three car loads of Irishmen are on their way upon the Hudson River Railroad to-night in the midnight train. They have all purchased tickets for the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad. They are without arms, but it is supposed they are all Fenians.

Noon Despatches.

Further Particulars.

President Grant's Proclamation.

SARNIA.

At Sarnia and Windsor all is right so far.

HEMMINGFORD.

At Hemmingford the inhabitants are all left. Private persons telegraphing to their friends there can get no answer.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 24.

There was great excitement last night in Brooklyn over mysterious movements of the members of the different circles of the Fenian Brotherhood. Meetings were held of all the circles and of the chiefs, but the utmost secrecy was maintained. It leaked out, however, that something unusual was in progress, and it is asserted that after a long consultation orders were sent to subordinate circles for every member to prepare for instant departure.

It is reported that on reception of this order the members responded at once, dressed themselves in plain dress, bade farewell to their families, and to the number of 25,000 took their departure, it is said, for Niagara Falls. It is said that arms and ammunition have been forwarded in advance to the designated place, wherever that may be.

RUTLAND, Vt., 24.—Vermont is again all excitement over the professed Fenian raid on Canada.

The excitement runs higher than at any time since the raid of 1866.

Irishmen in various parts of the State are active, and proceeding in large numbers to St. Albans, where their numbers are being augmented by hundreds from the east and west, and especially from the towns along the shore of Lake Champlain.

A New York company of men, numbering about fifty, passed through here last night *en route* for St. Albans.

ST. ALBANS.

They came from Washington, Warren, Rensellaer and New York.

More are expected to-day.

A company goes from this town, and several recruits from towns between here and Burlington.

A large number of men have gone to Lake Champlain to be landed at St. Albans where others will join them from Rouses' Point.

Along the Canada line the authorities are vigilant endeavouring to preserve neutrality, but it is deemed that the movement has gained too much headway to prevent the crossing of the line by the Fenians, and the committal of over tacts.

Captain Lanigan, of the Fenian General staff, is here hurrying the men to the front. He expressed himself confident of the success of the movement.

MONTPELIER, Vt., May 24.

The Fenians are in such motion along the line from Boston to the frontier as to indicate that they mean business.

There are rumors that large numbers of men are ready to ship from Boston, Manchester, Concord and other points awaiting transportation.

ST. ALBANS, May 24.

Trustworthy reports from Fairfield state that several teams have taken loads at the barns of Irishmen and driven towards the line.

A company of 45 men arrived from Burlington at nine o'clock last evening, formed in military order, and took up their march towards Fairfield.

The *Curlew*, a small steamer on Lake Champlain, has been chartered to bring men from Port Henry, and the railway company have been asked for a special train to bring 150 more men from Burlington.

One or two Fenian officers are in town, directing operations, but they are so reticent that even their names cannot be ascertained.

There are no Government troops here, and no militia.

Deputy United States Marshal Lewis Smith is looking after affairs, but as yet has had no occasion to interfere.

CHICAGO, May 24.

A Fenian expedition is to leave Milwaukee to-night, in a boat, to make a descent upon Canada West, with the intention of marching on to Brantford.

Col. O'Connor, an experienced officer, will command.

The force is said to consist of picked men, well armed and equipped.

A strong reinforcement left here to-day for Milwaukee. There is considerable excitement in this city among the Irish populace.

A large number of well known Chicago Fenians are missing the past week.

A gentleman who passed through the Franklin settlement at an early hour yesterday morning, counted no less than 60 teams loaded with arms, on their way through the settlement.

A person who arrived on a train from Boston early yesterday morning, says, that two or three car loads came on from that city, and landed at St. Albans. This was evidently the vanguard from the eastern sea coast.

Another train which arrived, when one of our informants was in St. Albans yesterday, brought many more.—Some of the corps were promptly ordered to the front yesterday afternoon, and left by train via St. John's.

It is understood that all the remaining troops in the garrison, regulars and volunteers, are to be under arms, prepared to march, at a moment's notice, at 5 o'clock this morning.

The authorities have very wisely determined to keep all their movements as secret as possible, on the principle of not affording any aid or encouragement to the enemy.

It was rumored in town yesterday on the authority of ex-Governor Underwood, of Vermont, who returned home yesterday by the 3:30 train, that McDowell, the United States officer who commands the Eastern Department, had arrived in St. Albans for the purpose of assisting the United States Marshalls in enforcing the neutrality laws. The General has no troops at his immediate disposal, and if he interferes will certainly meet with the somewhat uncourteous treatment extended under similar circumstances at Malone to Gen. Meade in 1866. He may have five or six companies under his command by nightfall, but by that time the raid will be almost over, if not beyond the control of the American authorities.

It was stated three or four weeks ago that the Lieutenant Governor of Vermont had refused to call out the State militia for the purpose of preserving the peace, and that even if he had called out the State Militia, more than half of it would have openly joined the invaders, and crossed the lines into Canada. This has never been authoratively denied, so that for all practical purposes the Vermont militia need not be relied on.

The United States regulars are under somewhat better command, but are too greatly scattered, too far for the purposes of an emergency.

There are two companies quartered in the barracks at Plattsburgh, five or six at Fort Hamilton, in New York harbour, one or two in Portland three in Boston, three in Philadelphia, and three or four between Oswego and Buffalo. It would be impossible to concentrate this force in less than 36 hours, and even then it would scarcely be equal to the emergency.

It was reported in town yesterday that a Fenian picket had been advanced to within a mile of Pigeon Hill, all cent movements indicating that upon it as the key of the position first point to be seized on. They doubtedly pour over the lines rection, as the "Hill" forms ral fortress within a stone's from the line from which be impossible to dislodge them artillery.

WASHINGTON

The President has issued the proclamation:—

"Whereas, it has come to my that sundry illegal military expeditions are being set on the territory and jurisdiction of States, with a view to carry on from such territory and jurisdiction the people and district minion of Canada, within the of Her Majesty the Queen ted Kingdom of Great Britain with whom the United States Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant dent of the United States, do monish all good citizens of States, and all persons within jurisdiction of the United States aiding, countenancing, abetting part in such unlawful and I do hereby warn all persons ting such illegal acts that they all right to the protection of ment or to its interference in to rescue them from the consequences their own acts, and I do hereby officers in the service of the United to employ all their lawful power to prevent and defeat the unlawful proceedings, and to bring to justice all persons who engaged therein.

In testimony whereof I have set my hand, and caused the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington day of May, in the year of our Lord thousand eight hundred and in the independence of the United of America the 94th.

(Signed). U. S. GRANT.
HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

The steamships *Calabria*, *Prussian* have arrived.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., May 25.

The trains last evening brought three hundred and twenty men, morning about one hundred and immediately headed towards many of whom carried old swords.

The Railroad boarding house this morning, but most of the effects saved. The proprietor, Mr. and wife were immediately placed arrest. Loss not yet known.

MALONE.—During the night waggons laden with arms and have been delivered here to warded to various places along frontier immediately. No United troops have made their appearance as yet, nor is there any intention coming to prevent further Fenian croachments.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 25.

The troops that left here yesterday this morning, both regulars and volunteers are under the immediate command Lord Alexander Russell.

The P. C. O. Royal Rifle Brigade, left here early this morning, have at St. John's, and will be sent forward any point where they may be most accompanied by the local volunteers that district. Gen. Lindsay is stand, massing with great judgment troops that are being sent forward.

Considerable numbers of volunteers regulars are expected to arrive day.

Everything is being done which perience suggests to meet the

Afternoon Despat

The Fight Be

PIDGEON HILL
May 25, 2:00

Firing has commenced the Local Volunteers Fenians at Pidgeon H

HUNTINGDON,
May 25, 2:00,

Fenians at Trout River expected in here at any

MONTREAL.

May 25.

Message from Dunham to firing has commenced near Cook's and to send every available man a rifle.

By order of R. Miller, Lt.-Colonel.

May 25.

Telegraph received from Lindsay that the Fenian attack menced.

May 25.

Messages from Dunham say Col. lin is fighting Fenians with small asks for assistance. Reports no yet.

May 25.

Reports from Frelighsburg say driven back with severe loss, and have fallen back over the lines. ments, under Col. Miller, (Canadian teers) close at hand.

TORONTO.

May 25.

No excitement or sign of Niagara or Detroit frontier.

STANBRIDGE.

STANBRIDGE VILLAGE, May 25.

The troops which left Montreal arrived at St. Johns at nine Captain Wickstead's battery of special train for Isle Aux Noix.

The Prince of Wales Royals and detachments were left at St. Johns, Smith with a detachment of Victorias Capt. Muir's cavalry arrived at station at midnight after a fatiguing of two hours. The force arrived place in good order, which is distant eight miles from the lines.

Col. Smith, with a detachment of the Battalion, and Lt.-Col. Chamberlin's left here two hours ago for Cook's Corners the old Fenian camp grounds on the. The volunteer cavalry and the Victorias quartered here awaiting orders.

A picket of the 60th stationed near Corners captured two Fenians, who prisoners at this place.

One of the two had papers in his possession and the certificate of Head Centre, rank of Captain. He mistook the a party of Fenians in the bush, few questions were exchanged, Fenian papers and asked to be O'Neil's camp.

The Captain's companion is a

Fenian and horse-dealer, and seemed to be conducting the other through the bush. Their names are Lewis, and Thomas Murphy. The former is from New York and the other from St. Albans.

No report of any actual crossing of the frontier has yet been received, although accounts of squads of armed Fenians having been seen near the lines continue to be received at Buffalo.

Dr. Meggs is organising a troop of cavalry for the front, and Captain Weston, a wealthy farmer at Dunham, near Frelighsburg, equipped a troop of 50 men last evening, and is out patrolling the frontier within a mile of line 45.

The inhabitants are, with few exceptions Fenian sympathisers.

Major Rowe and Captain Rothison of the 60th are in command here.

This battalion and the 52nd, under Major Miller, are nearly all on the frontier.

The Fenian arms are secreted in the woods, and gangs of men are continually passing to and fro.

FRELIGHSBURG,

May 25.

Fighting commenced at Frelighsburg at twelve o'clock, the enemy are suffering, and not one man hurt on this side.

A Fenian Captain and teamster were taken prisoners last night by the home guard.

About three hundred Fenians are at Frankelin Centre, with two thousand stand of arms and two cannons.

Our home guard are encamped near the lines on the old Fenian grounds.

More Fenians are expected to-night.

At one o'clock to-day a party of Fenians who had crossed the lines arrived at Pigeon Hill, where they attacked our guard, and fighting is going on from both sides.

ANOTHER

Immense Conflagration

IN ST. ROCH, QUEBEC,

400 BUILDINGS DESTROYED

Eight thousand People rendered houseless

QUEBEC, May 24.

This morning, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in a house on the corner of Gown and King streets in the heart of the populous suburbs of St. Roch. A strong easterly gale was blowing at the time, carrying the flames with great rapidity to the adjoining houses.

It soon became evident that extensive conflagration must ensue, and a general panic prevailed amongst the people who anticipated a repetition of the sad disasters which had on former occasions devastated this portion of the city. House after house fell a prey to the devouring element, until a sea of flame swept in every direction, extending to 10 or 12 streets. The Jacques Cartier Hall Market Place, was early enveloped by the fierce and raging fire, but by dint of the efforts of the fire brigade was extinguished after destroying a portion of the roof. The fire then crept steadily along the mass of wooden dwellings and outhouses, and along Ann and Richardson and other streets towards the extensive ship-yard of Baldwin, Prince Edward Street, where two large ships, which have been for some time past in course of construction, under cover of an immense wooden shed, were speedily consumed, together with the storehouses and shipbuilding material, involving a loss of nearly $400,000. In the meantime the fire was rapidly extending in other directions, threatening the destruction of the whole of the suburb. The wind by this time had partially abated, and copious rain commencing to fall, together with the herculean exertions of the fire brigade, nobly aided by the artillery and soldiers of the 16th regiment, under the command of Cols. Chandler and Bagot, with hooks, ladders, axes, powder and other appliances, checked the progress of the conflagration after consuming three or four hundred houses and buildings, destroying thousands of dollars worth of property, and rendering houseless nearly eight thousand people.

LATER FROM QUEBEC.

May, 25.

The following is the list of the streets and number of houses burned: Ryland street, 4; Peter, 1; James, 6; Andrew, 11; Prince Edward, 41; Commissioner, 28; Queen, 51; Richardson, 69; King, 70; Josette, 1; St. Frances, 14; Ann, 28; Lafontaine, 1; Church, 11; Mason, 10; Dalhousie, 16; Crown, 44; Dorchester, 3. Total, 419; not including one potash factory, and shipyard, with two vessels nearly completed, with covering shed, one foundry, and one chapel.

Old country volunteers have waived for the present their grievance at the appointment of Col. Panet, in view of imminent invasion of an enemy, and turned out to-day in answer to call in full force.

The 69th Regiment were played down by the band at three o'clock this morning to the Grand Trunk ferry, and crossed to Levis and embarked on a special train west. Their destination is supposed to be St. Armand.

Unfortunate Quebec has hardly calmed down from the excitement of another of its fearful destructive fires than the news of another Fenian raid draws public attention this morning into a new channel. Orders came to turn out the volunteers, and they are now mustering at the armory and drill shed in force as enthusiastic as ever.

Steamer employees are grumbling as usual. In the country farmers' boys turn out readily, notwithstanding seeding time.

The shipping business is lively in spite of every branch being necessarily short-handed.

A volunteer, while proceeding to the drill shed this morning trying a short cut through the burnt district, fell into the cellar of a burnt building, fracturing two ribs. He was carried to the hospital insensible. He is quite young, and is named Marois.

An easterly wind brought up several vessels last night, but their names have not yet been reported.

The first detachment of the 69th regiment passed the *Chronicle* office at half-past two o'clock.

Three companies of the same regiment which were at the camp at Levis left the entrenchments last night to meet the first detachment at the Grand Trunk depot.

The following order was received by Major Fortier at a late hour last night:—

"To Major Fortier, Dorchester Battalion. Turn out your Battalion at once for active service, and report yourself and Battalion to me at Levis. Brigade to concentrate at Levis,

(Signed), J. L. DUCHESNAY,
Lt-Col. Brigade Major of the Division, P.Q.

The same order was addressed to Lt.-Col. Tache, Montaigny, Major Tache, Kamouraska, Major Hudon, Temiscouata, Col. Baswas, Megantic.

The 17th Battalion Levis will parade this afternoon.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY IN OTTAWA.

The celebration virtually commenced at five o'clock on Tuesday morning, by a salute of firecrackers from delighted urchins in all parts of the city. Bunting-coated policemen had no terrors for the livery lads, and they pitched their squibs at the heads of the Chief of Sergeant Brown, with as little fear or favour, as if they were common mortals, not invested with the power of enforcing the laws. It was a day for fun and the boys were bound to have it.

DOWN THE OTTAWA.

Everyone, released from the cares of business, proceeded to spend the day according to taste. Some took one way, others another, but those in whom wisdom predominated left the bustle and turmoil of the city, and enjoyed a cheap, pleasant, and healthy trip down the Ottawa. The proprietor of the *Alexandra* always pliant to the wishes of the citizens, yesterday, as on former and similar occasions, fitted up that splendid steamer for the performance of the promised three grand excursions, and it affords us much pleasure to know their enterprise has been highly successful and that they have received their merited reward.

In spite of the doubtful nature of the weather a good number had gone aboard the steamer for the morning trip, and at 9 o'clock Gowan's band struck up a sprightly air, and the *Alexandra* pushed off down the river. Every accommodation and indulgence were afforded, and while good music nourished the mind, down in the cabin were refreshments of all descriptions. The first trip, though not the most enjoyable, was yet very pleasant—just such a one as poets would patronize. There was a stout and invigorating gale blowing, a slight fog in the distance, grand scenery on every side; and the strains of sweet music, tremulously vibrating over the waters, was ravishing to the senses. For some time all hands remained on deck tramping to and fro, breathing the fresh morning air, chatting, &c., but, at length, the wind seemed to blow with a much more than desired vigor, and the deck was soon deserted for the more comfortable cabin. The steamer proceeded to Buckingham, and returning stopped at Gill's wharf for half an hour where the excursionists took a stroll along the bank. The return was very pleasant, being before the wind.

On the first trip there were about 600; on the second near one hundred people; but the third, or last trip, was the grand one of the day, there being about two hundred on board. Long before the steamer started her deck was crowded with pleasure seekers, while on the wharf and along the top of the hill were crowds of spectators. A few minutes after six the band played up an inspiring air and the *Alexandra* glided down the majestic Ottawa to the sound of music. All was gaiety and life, mirth and happiness, without an apparent saddening thought to throw a shadow over the enjoyments. Some mighty clouds rolled up, threateningly from behind the verdant hills, but their presence seemed to add to the mirth, instead of in the least damping the ardour of those who were thus loyally celebrating the birthday of our gracious Queen. Some remained sitting and chatting, others, ardent lovers of nature probably, stood about viewing the picturesqueness of the Ottawa, as others, still equally ardent lovers of nature, of a more refined description, sought out some snug little cole, there to say things which only practical hands can express, but the greater number formed in a grand jamboree and marched around on the deck to measured steps, regulated by the strains of Gowan's band. On passing Rock Cliff we were greeted by some fair ones, who, from the grand mansion on that lofty point, waved us a salute, and the compliment was properly returned by Sir Gowan. Further down we passed the *Queen Victoria*, where greetings were also interchanged.

During the return diversion with firecrackers and rockets seemed to be the rage, and certainly the shooting rockets formed a beautiful feature in the evening's amusement. Some songs were sung, and though all appeared to be in the climax of good spirits, none ventured to enter the Terpsichorean list. At about 10 o'clock the *Alexandra* bore up alongside the *Queen Victoria*. All debarked, and each one wended his respective way, no doubt highly pleased with, and greatly benefited by, the excursion. May we all have the pleasure of celebrating the day for many years to come.

THE INSPECTION OF THE FIRE BRIGADE

Took place at the Town Hall at 11 o'clock. The men of the several companies were neatly dressed in their respective uniforms, as smart looking a body of firemen of over two hundred and forty men as could be seen in the Dominion. The brigade waited some time for the Mayor, but as he had been invited to a wedding he failed to make his appearance.

Alderman Cunningham inspected the brigade in the Mayor's absence, and complimented the firemen on their neat and trim appearance. On being called on for a speech he said it was not often the Mayor of Ottawa had to have an apology made for him when his presence was required, but that he had been called to a wedding, and consequently could not appear. He (Mr. Cunningham) was sure that there was not a man in the brigade that would have acted otherwise and could feel that there was no other excuse or apology necessary. He was proud to see the firemen of Ottawa so prompt in their duty, and so neat and orderly in their appearance. He was sure it was not for the paltry allowance made to them by the Corporation that they continued to be members of a fire company. It was plainly seen that that their allowance of money as firemen did not cover the cost of their neat uniforms or make them so willing when their services were needed to come forward promptly when duty called them. He was happy to say their engines were all in a most efficient state for use. He thanked them for their attendance on this and every other occasion, and was proud to state that their conduct as firemen had won them the praise and respect of the whole community (cheers)

Speeches were then made by Aldermen Mariaucot, Farwell, May, Pratt, and Mr. Langford, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, which were loudly cheered. Three cheers were then given for the Queen, His Excellency the Governor-General, the City Council, and the Fire Brigade. The band played God Save the Queen and the companies returned to their respective stations, each company followed by its particular admirers and a crowd of boys with an inexhaustible supply of firecrackers.

THE MILITARY DISPLAY.

At 11:30 the volunteers assembled on Sandy Hill, and formed line. The Ottawa Field Battery on the right, then 60th Rifles, Ottawa Garrison Artillery, Civil Service and Ottawa Rifles.

His Excellency the Governor General arrived on the ground at noon, and was received with a general salute from Artillery and Rifles, the band playing "God Save the Queen." The troops were marched past, and were then told off for a

SHAM FIGHT.

Skirmishers were thrown out to attack a supposed enemy on a hill across a swamp. Some neat skirmishing and floundering through the swamp occurred, and the soldiers got very muddy, very wet, and very warm. The enemy having again charged, drove our fellows from the fence, who retreated to the cover of the swamp. The Field Battery tried to dislodge them without avail, and the men in the swamp had to retreat under cover of two guns. The troops were again reformed in line and then marched off in companies. The news of the Fenians having crossed the line was received before the companies were dismissed, and the men were delighted at the prospect of being sent to the front to try their courage against a real live enemy—all was hustle and excitement—the volunteers eager to know, which of the companies was so lucky as to be sent first to the front. Those who were left behind consoled themselves with the thoughts that they would be sent yesterday.

THE SOCIAL AT THE RINK

was a decided success notwithstanding the departure of so many men that would otherwise have attended the Social with their sweethearts. The dancing and music were excellent, and a very pleasant evening was spent. The hall was well ventilated, and the dancers did not suffer from the heat that is often associated with an affair of the kind. There were upwards of two hundred couples in the hall and the floor had seldom less than thirty-five couples on it each dance.

BELLEVUE GARDENS.

There was a lively time of it at the gardens—dancing and music, swings, games and flirtations. We are certain the ferry men had no cause to grumble.

LACROSSE.

The game on the Majors Hill was well contested and attracted a large number of interested spectators. The players left the ground at 5:30, and marched up Wellington street, preceded by a band of music. The day was spent merrily on all sides in spite of threatening weather and Fenian alarms.

For want of space we are obliged to cut down our report and leave out several articles we should like to have mentioned.

The Departure of the Volunteers—Great Excitement—Over 2,000 people at the Station.

The news of the O. F. Battery and foot artillery being ordered to the front spread like wildfire through the city on Tuesday evening, and an immense crowd gathered at the drill shed to see the battery depart. The soldiers were gathered in from different parts of the city, some of them in a rather jolly condition. One of them who was spoken to, as he thought rather too sharply, by his officer got into a drunken sulk, and refused to go with the expedition, and went over to the Albion. He was arrested by two soldiers, and a crowd of roughs gathered into the house to see the fun. Mr. Graham ordered the whole party out, and enforced his argument with a few well-directed kicks, and the party were soon scattered. The gates of the drill shed yard soon swung open, and the artillery came thundering out at a trot off for the station, followed by an excited multitude cheering and bidding good-by. God speed, &c., to the soldiers who kissed their hands to the ladies as the guns went tearing along through the streets. By the time the two guns, twenty-one horses, and one hundred men were loaded on the train, there was a crowd of more than two thousand people assembled at the station to see them off. Women were to be seen on all sides bidding farewell to husbands, brothers and friends, called away so unexpectedly. The train started at 9:30 p. m., amidst loud cheers from the excited multitude.

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's TIMES.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSES MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Goods, ex Allan Line steamers, are received every week by Garland, Mutchmor, & Co.

NO. 1 RIFLES.—About half-past two this morning Capt. Mowatt's Company of Rifles were called out.

The band played on Major's Hill yesterday evening, and attracted considerable of an audience.

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH.—This being Ascension Day, the morning service with sermon and Holy Communion will begin at 11 a.m.

DOG SHOT.—One of the Lacrosse Club was bitten by a dog while playing in the match on Major's Hill, on the 24th. The animal was shot by Policeman Jordan, with the consent of the owner. We may add with the consent of the bitten man too.

THE MARKET.—Yesterday was the largest seen since the sleighing. Buying and selling was brisk. No change in prices since Monday. Butter and eggs were plentiful, and selling quickly at prices quoted on Monday. Fat sheep and lambs were plentiful, selling at $5 @ $7 for sheep; $2 @ $2.50 for lambs. There was nothing new in the vegetable line.

SHIPPING.—The steamer *Manitoba* went down yesterday evening with tea barges loaded with lumber from the mills of Bronson, Weston & Co., bound for Whitehall and Burlington. The *Alice* arrived from Montreal with two barges loaded with freight. Eighty lock bands of floats and traverses were brought down the Rideau by Mr. John Paygett, and were being locked through to the Ottawa yesterday.

SCHOOL CONCERT.—We understand Mr. Workman, teacher of vocal music in the Ottawa schools, will give an interesting cantata, called the School Festival, in the Rink Music Hall this evening, at eight o'clock. The choruses are to be sustained by upwards of sixty voices. Judging from the rehersal in Gowan's Hall, on Saturday, a musical treat may be expected.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—The De Lave Troupe performance attracted a large audience on Tuesday night. The acting was excellent and the wonderful performances of Lila and Zoo were witnessed with thrilling interest. The feats performed on the automatic trapeze, tightrope and swing was wonderful. The swing leap of Zoo drew an involuntary shout of admiration and terror from the excited audience.

A PRAISEWORTHY ACT.—The young lady pupils of the congregation De Notre Dame, in a manner well worthy of commendation, and which speaks highly for their moral and religious training by their teachers, spent their holiday on the 24th in an act of christian charity and love. The young ladies determined to make the Queen's Birthday a day of rejoicing to the orphans of the St. Patrick's Orphans' Home, and for that purpose prepared a splendid lunch for the poor, parentless children, and invited them to partake of it. The children spent a very pleasant evening and their wants attended to by the young ladies themselves in the most affectionate manner. The Revd. Father Collins and Doctor O'Connor were present and were very much pleased with the little incident. The institution of the Congregation De Notre Dame is not long established in Ottawa, and already has a large number of pupils. The building is spacious and everything in it neat and comfortable. The institution is gaining in the estimation of the citizens, and bids fair to become a very prominent establishment in this city.

OUR TO THE FRONT.—Five batteries of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery and the remaining half of the Ottawa Field Battery started last night for Cornwall, the whole under command of Colonel Forrest. The men were in good spirits and were pleased at the prospect of a fight with the Fenians. The foot artillery were served out with 40 rounds of ammunition per man before they left the drill shed. There was a tremendous crush at the station, over fifteen hundred people being present. The train started at 10 15. The band struck up a lively tune and amid cheers from all sides, the train thundered away from the station. A report was current among the officers that there was a possibility of a brush with the enemy before morning, at Prescott. It was rumored that a large number of Fenians had arrived in Ogdensburg late yesterday evening, and an attack on Prescott was apprehended.

A GOOD JOKE.—A party of young men in Buckingham, bent on having a good time of it, purchased as large a supply of confectionary and delicacies as their enterprising village could furnish, and left them at a house in the vicinity of the Town Hall. They then invited their several young lady acquaintances to a dance at the hall, and had a jolly time of it. Tired of dancing they went for the refreshments and found to their immense chagrin and disappointment that some young rascals in the village had dressed themselves in their best clothes and demanded the refreshments for the ball, which were given up to them without any suspicion. The young jokers, as soon as they got possession of the confectionary, gathered a crowd of the mill hands and boys about the village and treated to their hearts content. The mention of the affair in Buckingham at present is quite sufficient to raise either a laugh or a frown on the part of the jokers or their victims.

POLICE COURT.—Yesterday.—Donald McDonald charged with being drunk on the public streets—Fined $3 and costs. In default, two weeks in gaol at hard labor.

Henry Smith, a Norwegian, charged with being drunk on the streets. Discharged as it was a first offence.

John Conway, charged with assulting his wife, was sentenced to two weeks in gaol with hard labor.

Timothy Cochella charged with assulting Isabella Smith. Sentenced to confinement in gaol for one month.

Hill Wilson, a lunatic, was confirmed in the county gaol.

Anne McCrae, charged with being a common prostitute, sentenced to two months imprisonment at hard labor.

Charles Sauve, a boy of fifteen years of age, was charged with larceny. He was cook on a barge, and while the vessel was in the locks he managed to steal four dollars from the Captains box, which he had found unlocked. His Worship in consideration of the youth of the prisoner, sentenced him to one weeks imprisonment, and warned him if he was ever before the court again on such a charge he would get a heavier punishment.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 25th inst., by the Revd. D. Gordon, James Young, of the Gov't. Stationery Office, to Miss M. M. Blyth, only surviving daughter, of James Blyth, Esq.

Dumfermline and Dundee [Scotland] papers please copy.

At St. Andrew's Church, R.C., Upper Town, on the 23rd inst., by the Revd. P. P. Collins, Thomas Bamerick to Margaret O'Malley—all of this city.

DIED.

On Saturday May 7th, at the residence of his son Charles, in the Township of Chester, County of Isanti, State of Minnesota, Mr. James Booth, aged 86, formerly of Bradford, England.

EDUCATIONAL.

To School Teachers and all Others Whom it May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Richmond Circuit Board of Public Instruction in the County of Carleton" will meet in the TOWN HALL of Richmond, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST Day of June next, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock noon, for the examination of Teachers and general business

JOSEPH HINTON, Secretary. C B PETTIT, M.A., Chairman.
Richmond, May 23, 1870. 1367 1-3d 3

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870. 1361w

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st.

CHAUDIERE OTTAWA,

Will be permanently offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a.m. on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,
Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED TRIMMED HATS

UNTRIMMED HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY LINEN

COLLARS AND CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SMALL WARES

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britannia Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Wanted by a respectable man a situation as CUTTER; thoroughly understands his business. Four years experience in the west end of London, England.

Address W B, TIMES office. 1366tf

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 24, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 1323m

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.
R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1355 6m

Boots & Shoes.

A. & W. ANGUS

BOOTS and SHOES.

Beg to announce to their numerous customers and the public generally that their SPRING and SUMMER STOCK of BOOTS and SHOES is now nearly complete in every department.

A. & W. ANGUS

LATEST STYLE.

Show some exceedingly stylish goods among their NEW STOCK of LADIES' Prunnella and Kid Button, Congress and Lace Boots surpassing in style and finish anything hitherto brought into the city.

A. & W. ANGUS

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Have much pleasure in calling attention to the above. A. & W. A. being the largest importers in this city of really class BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies will find the best assortment to select from, and at the most reasonable prices.

A. & W. ANGUS,

Wholesale and Retail BOOT and SHOE Dealers, No. 15 Sussex Street.

1331 3m

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1362a

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES

ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21ST,

and following days,

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENELLE FRINGES,
and other trimmings.

NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks,
Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks,
Black and Coloured Crepes,
Black Silk, Satin, Ottoman and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpacas.

—ALSO—

150 Pieces Choice Summer Prints
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNONS " "
20 " Lobster Mills " "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS

—AT—

MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
39 Sparks Street.

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 10 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Indiana and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Saitara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers,
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in all the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Embroidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENT'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchasing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Are noofering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A SKIFF,

Fifteen to Twenty Feet Long.

Apply at the TIMES office.
May 24, 1870. 1366 3

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment at (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, his large three building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as to fit it up as a

FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE,

and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER PANS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C F DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESS-MAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8:30 a.m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1159y

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 26, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring " "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 21
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	0 00
No. 3, do. do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

FOR Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

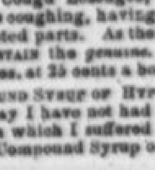
E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*



LEA & PERRINS'

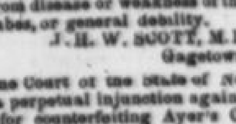
CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.



CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
52v1236 law

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. [illegible] ... People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

For Sale or to Let.

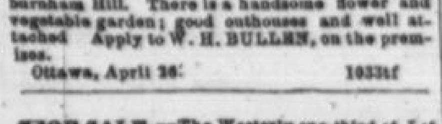
COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to
PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.



FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1926d

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GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESS^RS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

⁂ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awkfm

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

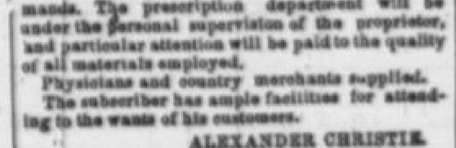
NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,



AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Can be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. AG RAMSAY, Manager

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamized Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.
15 6m WM HALPENNY.

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland street, Ottawa. 1332 3m

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

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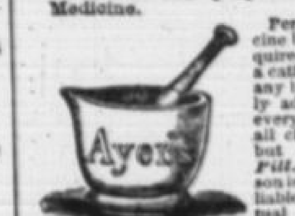
Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

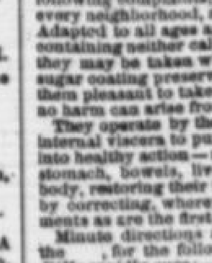
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

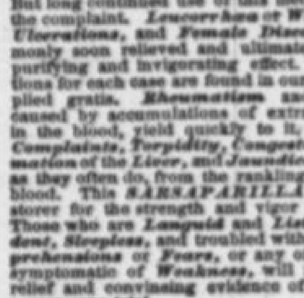


The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



To Messrs. UNAMBE BLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,
Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.
43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the city.
GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

N. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

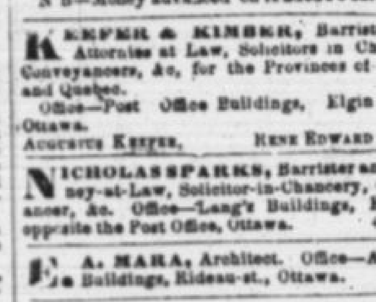
HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 53y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

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Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G,
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
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H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

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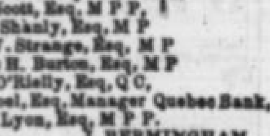
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent.



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown. in [illegible]

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

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WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T. BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
of Montreal,
Or BALDWIN BROS.,
Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price

All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

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FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'GRADY.
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBERT,
March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

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DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

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M. F. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

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THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

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ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS! ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER

RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

☞ 25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time here will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

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THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organisation, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address, S R WELLS, Publisher,
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ELEY'S AMMUNITION.

THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal; are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breech-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

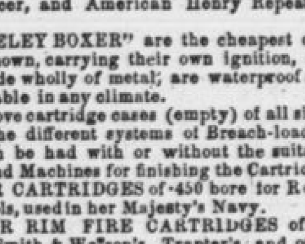
CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

☞ Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

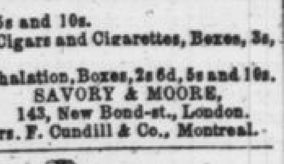
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 6s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS,
1359 3 Commissioner of Crown Lands.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN,
Warden County of Carleton.

Ap 1 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1350 1m

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Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.

Vice President—*Lewis Moffatt, Esq.*

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Malcolm Cameron, W T Mason, Esq, John McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Ewart, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P; J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T AVE-NOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the known promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HAYTER, [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, [illegible] relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, as acute pain in the face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of attack, may be cured within two minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. For sale by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel, [illegible]

1384 1y

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 36, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL V. NO. 1368. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

[TH]OMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, [Wel]lington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stove Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. *Always on Hand.*

[Ottawa], December 29, 1869. 1236 t

[DE]NNIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA [HAV]ING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) [has] for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars. [ME]SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, the numerous other articles necessary to complete stock.

TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on premises.

LIQUORS— Cocnac Brandies; Henault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood [and] bottle.

WINES— Sherries, all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ... in wood and bottle, improved by age. [H]IGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ... at extremely low prices. ... and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and ... Irish Whiskey. ... Old Irish Potteen. ... London Porter, pts and qts. ... other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ... prices.

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ... 1193

[PEO]PLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY [Inc]orporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. HEAD OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange, Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: ...JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...MOND, Manager. 1141tf

[W.] R. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN ...at, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. ...advances on goods consigned for transportation. Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON

[M]R. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ...re gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. ...house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 2191f

Educational.

[DANC]ING AND DEPORTMENT. ...Robert Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...Dancing Classes will commence on ...day, the 22nd instant. ...particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

[PIANO] TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between [Ottawa] and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, [to attend] to their orders for tuning more promptly ... heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ... received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at R. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

[M]USICAL ACADEMY. [M]R. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

[M]USICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS, ...sses will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC [HA]LL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday [and] Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April [for the] purpose of giving thorough instruction in the ...ental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. ... for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. ...class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

[FI]NAL NOTICE. CLOSE OF THE LISTS ...share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last. CANADA [L]IFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847. To enable persons at a distance to complete the ...ious Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS ... sharing in the Profits above referred to, all ...plications which may be PERFECTED on or ... TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY, ...cluded in the Lists of the closing year. ...ROCK, Agent Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

[GE]O. McILRAITH, Piano Teacher and ...er, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, ...een Dalhousie street and Cumberland ..., Ottawa. 1332 3m

[G]REAT CLEARING SALE. SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS, For one month only, commencing on the 20th ... The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock [of] READY MADE CLOTHING Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself. T RAJOTTE

Agencies.

C T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers ... Agent Mining claims constantly on ... Metcalfe and Sparks streets, ... Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S. LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

U[NION MUTUAL] LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE. FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868. No: 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada. No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE. STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places: In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY. In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street. In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS. In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office. In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE. In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company. By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 3m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK. BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!! Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns. Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages, —ALSO— Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Skewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices. STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL, MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET. H MEADOWS & CO.

SMITH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST., *Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.* IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety. *Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.* ON HAND, JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE, *Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.* Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

To Let.

TO LET. To be ... first class BRICK ... the corner of Hugh... dates hereinafter ... a Drawing Room, by Mrs. ... Rooms, Basement, Dining Room and ... Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate. Apply to I B TACKABERRY. Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 tm

TO LET. The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May. Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street, Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs. 1346tf

TO LET, On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace 1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER, OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND, which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel. Cure for Bunions. Cure for Piles. Cure for the Heart Disease. Cure for Consumption. The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for[illegible]

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for 1870.* To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1366tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS. *Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam,* THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE. Very Pale, Old Wine. M Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berried, first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order.

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. *It will recommend itself*

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin.

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength.

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands he best.

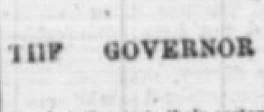
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's an "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 28, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec. 1869.

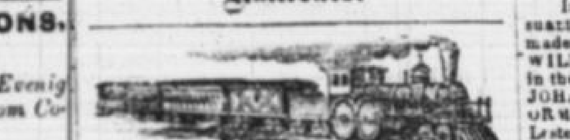
FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.* To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY. ALTERATION OF TIME (Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway). On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

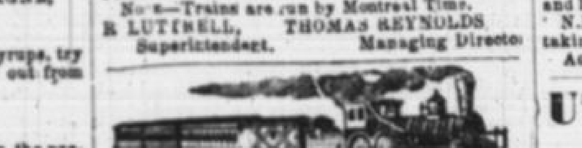
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 50	11 40
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 0C

Note—Trains are run by Montreal Time. R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA. 1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870 Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a m. Night do do do do 7;30 p m. Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a m. Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 am. Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m. The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

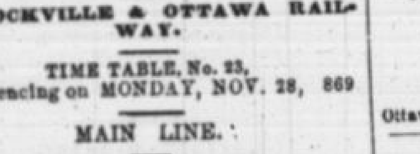
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m. Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m. Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p m, via Vermont Central. Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 8 a m, 4.40 p m. Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 pm. Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10. Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N. S., returning on Tuesday. She has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c. Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station: C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agent,



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY. TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE. **4:15** P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, ... p m.

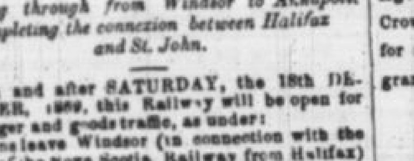
LEAVE SANDPOINT. **6:00** A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.30 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH. **5:35** P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS. **10:05** A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.25 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth. No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west. No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west. H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY. *Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.*

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under: Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B. Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 7.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m. VERNON SMITH. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES. New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall, New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall. New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall. Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall. "All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser. Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall. Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual. J BOYDEN, General Agent. Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

IN CHANCERY. In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME, the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims. Dated this 4th day of May, 1870. J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON. Master at Ottawa. Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY. Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.* JAS BUCHANAN, [illegible]. Ottawa, February 25, 1870. 1294tf

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine. Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s. N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil. AGENTS—Messrs. F. ... ll

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855, First class Medal, ALF LABARRAQUE & CO. QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

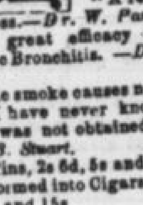
The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

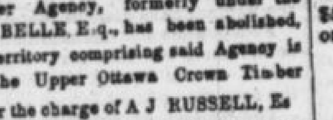
The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations In conjunction, for example with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT. FOR SALE On Liberal Terms a Stock of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, Together with the LEASE OF STORE, —AND A— WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, Carried on by D. T BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST. In Ottawa. Application to be made to C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal, Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa. Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis DATURA TATULA, *Affords Immediate Relief.* "A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.* "Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.* "The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.* In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s. Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s. Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s. SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London. AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted. S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands. 1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS. The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton. April 29, 1870. 1348 a

A YOUNG LADY Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence; or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1350 1m

POST OFFICE. OTTAWA. Arrival and Departure of Mails. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Mails.	Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00				11.30	5.30
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S. and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	4.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15		11.30	6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00			8.00		
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00	11.30	4.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00		11.30	4.30
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30				11.30	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		11.30	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	4.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M. Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M. Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

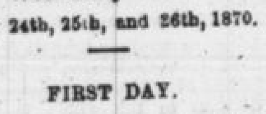
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster. POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE. ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY. Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m. Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m. The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west. OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES. 1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2.45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs.; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100; second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting. THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer 1369*

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B —Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

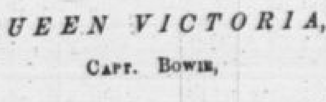
Dry Goods.

1870. 1870. SPRING IMPORTATIONS. O'MEARA & CO. Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS, Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.* Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter. Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale. A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS. MAIL STEAMER "*QUEEN VICTORIA,*" CAPT. BOWIE, Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS, Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m. R W SHEPHERD. Ottawa, April 25, 1870 134 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE. The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement. All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to. THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street. 1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET. I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition. GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE. MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA *WHITE BEANS,* At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street. Ottawa May 18, 1870

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES. Arrived this day: Vin d'ordinaire, Vin de St. George, Malaga, Madeira, Cognac Vieux, Eau de vie St. George. Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street. Ottawa, May 20, 1870

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER, No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market, Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it. Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

FOR SALE. CLOVER SEED—Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, BY MRS. FRASER, York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa. Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Special Attention—A & W Angus
Auction Sale—H McLean
Notice—R A Bradley
Apprentice Wanted—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Ottawa Times

Office 38, Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, MAY 27, 1870.

ILLNESS OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Sir John A. Macdonald still slowly improves.

"THE MESSAGE OF PEACE."

A message of peace? Possibly the proclamation of President Grant, warning the authors, agents, and tools of sundry illegal military enterprises, set on foot within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, directed against the people and district of the Dominion of Canada, may be quite satisfactory to the London *Times*, and may be looked upon as "a message of peace," by the readers of that potent journal. Here there is an impression that the message of peace and good will to the people and district of the Dominion of Canada, only comes after the volunteer cavalry, artillery, and riflemen of the Dominion have been suddenly turned away from their ordinary peaceable employments, and have donned their warlike habiliments with the view of driving back the pestiferous scum of Boston, New York, Buffalo, and Milwaukie, whose lives are less valuable to themselves than to anybody else who has skill enough to dupe them into a row. Here, while fully appreciating the exceeding friendliness of the Government and people of the United States towards Canada, as exhibited in the closing of the canal gates at the Sault Ste. Marie, and the refusal by the masters of three steamvessels to assist the Canadian steamer *Waubuno*, when, unfortunately, she took the ground, while proceeding with men and materials of war, or, mayhap, only provisions, *en route* to bring to Mr. Louis Riel a simple message of peace, there is a belief that the message of peace or proclamation by the President might have come a little earlier than it did, and that with his full knowledge of the intention to attack Canada at certain points, a military force should have been at the disposal of frontier United States authorities to prevent it. Here, it is not quite satisfactory that thousands of banditti are kept always on hand in the United States ready for an attack upon Canada, and who, being simply pirates, may be hanged or shot accordingly as they are caught in the act of piracy, with the full concurrence of General Grant, who seems quite indifferent to the loss, which the nation would sustain by so summary a method of dealing with his lambs—lambs that will only lie down with the lion, when that magnanimous creature takes them to himself for breakfast. There is an utter absence of friendliness towards Great Britain and Canada in the proceedings of the Executive at Washington. They would not tolerate, for a moment, the presence of an armed force bent on mischief against even a municipality within their own borders. Were these men, who are proclaimed outlaws after they have gone so far towards their ends as to be ready to cross into the District of Canada, and almost beyond the pale of interference, to attempt anything like a riot in Philadelphia some General Cadwallader would shoot them down in the streets without mercy. But as Canada only is to be attacked, with a view, it may be, to the improvement of Prince Rupert's Land à la Texas, President Grant, nor Hamilton Fish, nor the Marquis of Michigan, or any other distinguished individual, do not stir themselves to suppress that filibusterism, which is equally at home in the Gulf of Mexico, on Lake Superior, or on Lake Champlain. Canada is politely told that she is going to be attacked, and kindly advised to take care of herself. Fortunately Canada can take care of herself, but only suppose that she could not, and then what would happen? Would, in such an event, even the pitiable, cringing, mockery of a proclamation with a view to the deception of the *Times* and the people of England be indulged in? It is fear, not principle, which induces General Grant to warn the *Fenians* after they are past warning. It is fear of consequences which the United States are not prepared to meet, which makes the Chief Magistrate of these States condemn the invasion of our soil as an offence to the United States. It is surely a most offensive proceeding in every sense, and while the poor wretches, who are duped into being the tools of designing ruffians, are more deserving of pity than of blame, pity for or even mercy to the miscreants, who placed Mr Grant in the State Chair of the White House would be the grossest injustice to ourselves. It is the people, who are now in Canada, rejoicing under the most free of all forms of governments—governed by ourselves, for ourselves, and through ourselves—that are attacked by men, who have a recognized existence in a land with which we are at peace, and whom we have never wronged. How has Canada sinned against either the United States or the Malcontents in Ireland that she should be liable to have her cattle stolen, her fields laid waste, human life sacrificed, and thousands left to mourn? Is it simply because the livery of England hangs over us that Canada is to be persecuted by those who are impotent in their wrath, and furious in their jealousy of Britannia, who even now, as a thousand years ago, rules the waves? The people of the United States owe it to themselves to put down this Fenianism, against which, in another form, even Americans have rebelled. It is not at all worthy of the people of the United States to permit it to go abroad that they are incapable of preventing illegal and piratical land expeditions, while clamoring about their losses through the clandestine putting to sea of a single vessel from a British port, and that vessel being manned and owned by parties with whom they were then absolutely at war.

DEATH OF A MONTREAL GENTLEMAN.

We deeply regret to state that Thos. Morland, Esq. of Montreal, expired at the residence of his friend, Mr. Reynolds, at a quarter before three o'clock yesterday morning. His own family physician, Dr. Sutherland, of Montreal, was telegraphed for, and every assistance was rendered by Drs. Grant and Henry. The cause of death was inflammation of the bowels.

The remains were conveyed by the one o'clock train yesterday to Montreal.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILROAD CONTRACTS.

Parsimony is not economy. The acceptance of the lowest tender is seldom even economy at all. Rich men, even, who have made a grossly foolish contract, generally manage to wriggle themselves out of their dilemma before suffering much pecuniary loss. Already Canada has suffered loss by the acceptance of contracts which the contractors were unable to fulfil. The loss is in the services of Commissioners, of an engineering staff, and loss of time, which in a great undertaking, as in small matters, assuredly is money. There may be no actual, direct, and positive loss by solvent contractors, or rather by men whose securities are solvent, but there is an indirect loss—a loss in time of construction and a consequent loss of the indirect pecuniary advantage accruing from the use made of a public work, be it a bridge, a railroad, or a canal. The delay caused by the failure of "cheap" contractors to fulfil their engagements has already impeded the progress of the Intercolonial Road. Foolishly enough we boasted, when, fifteen months ago, those contracts were given out that this railroad was to be cheaply built. Time has proved how unfortunate this opinion was. Contract after contract has been abandoned, while if they had been "let"—if we can use such an expression—at remunerative prices, and to men of experience and practical knowledge, instead of only 15 per cent, of work being done there would have been fifty. It seems to us, however, that this error, which experience should have corrected, is being persisted in. Yesterday, the tenders for the three last sections of the Intercolonial Railway were opened, there being about 80 in all, or about 30 for each section. These, of course, we have not seen, but from what can be gathered by a comparison of contractor's notes the tenders will vary fully as much as they did in Feby., 1869—some will be much too high, and others very much too low—the experienced and knowing Tenderers for the contracts being all very nearly at the same figure. It is not, of course, customary to give the contracts simply to the lowest tenders. The Imperial Government invariably refuses to be bound to accept the lowest or any tender. There are always in heavy contracts very much more to be considered than mere lowness. There is the presumed ability thoroughly to perform the contract, within a specified time, or the presumed inability to do so. The commercial character of the man or men, and his own energy and disposition, are of even more moment than the presumed possession of means. "Means" can less even afford to lose than the man of no "means," and "means" never does lose if he can help it. "Means" manages to procure delay; to beg for time so that labour may be cheap. "Means" and the "want of means" together are now keeping the Intercolonial Railroad ten years behind time, and this country suffers loss, while construction continues even should the work be going on at contract prices. In the first contract some of the tenders were particularly low, but these offers were nevertheless accepted, the new successful contractors somewhat pompously alleging that they could finish their sections without ever making an appeal to the public purse until all was completed and taken off their hands. How did it turn out? These men came slowly, surely, and irrevocably to grief. They gave up their contracts and no penalty was exacted. It was plain that they had undertaken what was far beyond human possibility to perform. They were released. There was no penalty exacted, and there never is. Government cannot afford to be cruel. A Government must not ruin unwary contractors, and the result is that delay occurs, and fresh tenders for the road must be taken. Such being the case, caution—the greatest circumspection, indeed—is necessary in awarding contracts. Let fair rates be given and let it be well ascertained that the work can be done in time, and without pestiferous extras. Such will be true economy. It will destroy the character of the undertaking, produce misery along the line of road, defraud honest toil, and be mischievous to the whole Dominion if insufficient contracts be again entered into. The contracts already relet are taken at double the amount of the first prices, and indeed good and experienced men are loth to risk a contract even at the increased figure.

"A SPECIAL" TO THE FENIANS.

With the same spirit of enterprise which induces our contemporary to send "specials" to Red River, the *Globe* has sent its Ottawa "ordinary" into the Fenian camp to fish for news. Were it not that we are persuaded of the physical courage of the *Globe's* "ordinary" here, and special to the Fenian Camp at Malone, we should have fears for the personal safety of this devoted public servant. His own exploits savor so much of those of the raiders, that it is possible he may escape detection, as the result of his nasal utterances and eminently prying disposition. His aptitude for obtaining information is very great, indeed, and as his courage is undoubted, the fullest information, as to O'Neill's intentions, when that gallant officer escapes from the gaol at St. Albans, and Colonel Donelly gets over the slight lameness resulting from a British bullet, which by some unfortunate accident has entered his thigh, may, from henceforth, be looked for in the *Globe*. The great interest, which our contemporary takes in this "scare" is worthy of all commendation.

OBITUARY.

Sir John Simeon Bart., M.P.

The sudden death is announced by cable of Sir John Simeon, Bart., member of the British House of Commons for the Isle of Wight. Sir John was a Roman Catholic in religion and a Liberal in politics. He first sat for the Isle of Wight in 1847. He was one of the largest landed proprietors in that part of England. His death, which occurs in the prime of life, as he was not more than 55 years old, will be keenly felt not only in Parliament, where he was recognized, not as a talking, but as a working member of his party; but in the best circles both of the general and literary society of London, in which he was prized for his sound qualities of intellect, and loved for his genial, manly, and unaffected nature.

MARK LEMON.

The death of Mr. Mark Lemon is announced by the cable to-day. A true Cockney of Cockaigne, Mark Lemon, born within the sound of Bow-Bells on the 30th of November, 1809, gave his whole active and busy life to the work of literature in the busiest and most active circle of London's literary men. He belonged to the guild of humorists by whom the London *Punch*, the most successful periodical of the kind ever established in any country, was founded, a generation ago. For thirty years he laboured incessantly to feed its scintillating fires, contributing largely the while to the current literature of the bookstall, as well as of the daily press. Socially, no member of the coterie to which he belonged was more popular or more useful. His tongue, his pen, and his purse were always at the service of his order. It will be difficult to fill his throne of authority in the office of the journal which, despite the impersonal system of English newspaper management, had become practically identified with his name throughout the world of letters. It will be more difficult still to fill his chair, as a companion, in the lively and genial clubs which he cheered with the kindly warmth of his temper while he enlivened them with the genial brightness of his wit.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

Fenian Raid.

Special Telegrams to THE TIMES.

STANSTEAD.

STANSTEAD, May 26, 11:10.

The Fenians *en route* from Portland at Island Pond. About 40 have gone into camp on the American side opposite Stanstead.

MALONE.

MALONE, May 26, 6.50.

The Fenians are arriving in large numbers. General Gleeson has about eight hundred men well armed. He was to have crossed at five this afternoon to commence the fight, but could not get ready. Reinforcements are arriving to their forces every train. They will probably cross tomorrow morning and have a fight.

The men are getting discontented for want of money and rations.

HUNTINGDON.

May 26.

The Montreal Garrison Artillery here and Engineers have arrived, and are now with Colonel McEachren in full force.

The Fenians had not made their appearance in Huntingdon up to noon to-day.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 26.

The Royal and Volunteer artillery occupy the Citadel, 8th Battalion the Drill Shed, and the 9th Battalion under arms at Levis.

There are only 100 regulars here.

No arrangements have yet been made to accommodate the sufferers of the late fire. Great doubt is felt as to the advisability of raising subscriptions on account of the mismanagement, fraud and mal-appropriation the last time, and the apathy retributed by the French Canadians.

To-day being a holiday all the banks and public offices are closed.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BOSTON, May 26.—United States troops from Forts Warren and Independence left by a special train late last night for St. Albans.

SACKETT'S HARBOUR, N. Y., May 26.—Sixty officers and men of the First Artillery left here this morning for Ogdensburgh.

ST. ALBANS, May 26.—General Spear, of Fenian notoriety, has arrived.

General O'Neill is in the common gaol in Burlington.

The Fenian bubble, as far as the movement in this direction is concerned, has burst.

Soon after the arrest of O'Neill the Fenian officers held a Council of War, and decided that it was useless with the small number of men at their command to make any further attempts at invading Canadian soil, and the consequence is that the roads leading from here to Franklin are lined with returning Fenians. A gentleman who has just arrived from Franklin brings intelligence that guns, ammunition, blankets, and other paraphernalia of war are scattered about in great abundance, and are being picked up by whomsoever chooses.

The rank and file complain bitterly of their officers, and there is great dissatisfaction on all sides in regard to the management of the affair.

General Connelly, in attempting to escape from the Richards' house was wounded in the leg, but not seriously.

On the arrest of O'Neill, Boyle O'Reilly took command, and he has written a private letter to General O'Neill, endorsed by a number of newspaper reporters assuring the general that he need not fear that his name will sustain one iota of blemish.

Yesterday Morning's Despatches.

COOK'S CORNERS.

A large gun was captured by our forces at Cook's Corners.

Several prisoners taken, exact number not known.

ST. ALBANS.

ST. ALBAN'S, May 25. Immense crowds of Fenians have arrived since six o'clock. Three car loads have just come in, with arms and ammunition sufficient to equip 3,000 men. The town is in a perfect uproar, and all sorts of wild reports are flying about. Major-General Gaan is in command, and appears to be concentrating at this point for an extensive attack to-morrow.

HUNTINGTON.

HUNTINGTON, May 26, a.m.—The Fenians from nearly every part in the State of New York are mustering on the line at Hinchinbrook with very large supplies of stores, arms and ammunition.

The muster at this line number over 800 men.

The volunteers of the district have all been despatched to the line and a battle is expected.

VERMONT, May 26—7:30 a. m—Four car-loads of Fenians and two car loads of ammunition and arms arrived here this morning from St Johnsburg.

Their progress was checked by the Fenian head centre O'Donavan. They have been sent back to White River Junction to be shipped on the Ogdensburgh line to co-operate with the Fenians massing at Trout River lines.

ROCKBURN.

May 26, 8 a.m.

Fenians have been seen in numbers in the woods on the line here. They have a number of saddles, and a raid for horses and cattle is feared.

The volunteers are concentrating eastward to Trout River line, and the larger bodies of the Fenians have gone in that direction.

Fenian arms and ammunition shipped to points along the line have been re-shipped to the eastern front at Hinchinbrooke, where the next engagement is looked for.

The Victory at Franklin had a splendid effect.

The inhabitants are volunteering to a man.

Afternoon Despatches.

Further Particulars from Frelighsburg—The Fenians leave their Arms on the Field—Gen. Donnelly Wounded—Gen. O'Neill Still in Gaol—Gen. Sherman en route for St. Albans with 500 American Soldiers.

FRANKLIN.

FRANKLIN, May 26, 9 30 a m.—All was quiet here, two hours this morning, up to 8.30. At 9 over 300 men came in from the west, mostly country farmers, only half armed—squads of 20 to 40 have been arriving up to 9.30 a m., and the entire force now numbering about 475

It is reported by pickets just in from the lines that the volunteers are coming up to the lines with 200 regulars.

The Fenians swear vengeance, and there is every indication of another attack on the same ground.

It is rumored that a draft is to be made in order to form a force to garrison the city.

There will be no drafting required, but to give the word, and thousands of the bone and sinew of the land will flock to the rendezvous and take up arms for their hearths and homes.

Last night, at 10 o'clock, the remainder of the Montreal Garrison Artillery, numbering perhaps 300, and the Company of Engineers, 53 men, marched from the drill shed amid the applause and cries of hundreds of their friends. A good deal of feeling was manifested. The men were heavily accoutred, and under the command of Lt. Col. McKay. The corps, headed by their fine band, marched to point St. Charles, there to take the cars for Coteau, thence to leave for Huntingdon They expected to be on the move all night.

The sentries through the town have their rifles loaded with ball cartridge.

FRELIGHSBURG.

May 26.

During last night, after the battle, several of the volunteers went across the lines and picked up the guns and accoutrements which the Fenians had thrown away in their flight. About one o'clock last night we heard a canon firing about 6 miles off and afterwards learned, and found the main body of the Fenians retreating. So great was the panic that the old veterans of the New York Irish Company had to keep the men together at the point of the bayonet.

The volunteers passed the night, stopping by their arms, and piquets patrolled along the vicinity of the lines.

About two o'clock this morning a small field piece of the Fenians was captured near the lines, some two miles off, by a piquet of the independent corps. Shortly after country people began to arrive in camp with rifles, &c., which they had picked up on the road after the retreat, and by breakfast time the camp was crowded with volunteers and others displaying the captured arms. In this way nearly 200 rifles have been brought into camp alone. The body of the Fenian, who was shot yesterday at midday, was buried last night, and that of another, who was killed last night, was brought into camp this morning.

The Fenians are reported to have left this district entirely, but reports coming from Malone state that large bodies of Fenians were congregating in that district.

The volunteers, from first to last, have not had a casualty to report.

Colonel Smith, Captain Gascoigne, Colonel Chamberlain, and Captain Kelly were at the front, and under the Fenian fire from the first, and the officers and men deserve special credit for their intrepidity and courage under fire. The volunteers are returning to their respective headquarters, Stanbridge and Frelighsburg.

A party just returned from a visit to the Fenian camping ground at Pidgeon Hill, say that the Fenians have all left during the night, leaving their rifles and accoutrements. They were heard swearing vengeance on O'Neill, and declaring that his surrender was intentional.

OGDENSBURGH,

May 26

Gen Sherman has just passed through here with 500 American soldiers

ST. ALBANS, VT, May 26—12:30 p. m—Gen. Donnelly with about a dozen other Fenians were wounded in effecting their escape at Pidgeon Hill yesterday.

Gen. Spier has arrived from the South.

O'Neill is still in custody, failing to give twenty thousand bonds

Fenians are arriving from the front in squads, mostly in uniform, but with few arms among them They are loafing around the streets.

There were no United States troops.

General O'Neill offered no resistance to arrest.

Two companies of United States troops are expected here at 1 p.m., from the South.

HUNTINGDON.

HUNTINGDON, May 26.

At ten o'clock to-day a body of the Fenians crossed the line, and after destroying the telegraph wires in Holbrooke, have advanced as far as Hendersonville, two miles in this side. Reinforcements are just coming in, and it is probable an advance will be made.

It is not known whether the Fenians are in full force or not

LATER, P. M.

Large reinforcements of Fenians arrived last night. They are said to be well supplied with provisions, and to have some field pieces

Another despatch from the same quarter says there are 700 Fenians close to the border.

An engagement is imminent between these and Col. McEachren's battalion.

The operator of the Montreal Telegraph Company, stationed at South Hinchinbrooke, has just arrived here, after bidding good-bye to his office, compelled thereto by the advance of the Fenians, who have destroyed it.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 26—To-day a corps of Three River volunteers arrived this morning

One half of Major Stevenson's field battery goes to the front this forenoon.

Two detachments of the Hochelaga's have gone to the front, and a third is being filled up for service, under Capt. Geddes.

It is stated that the Cadets of the Military School have volunteered for the front.

The volunteer corps at present in this city are—half of Stevenson's Battery, the Mounted Guards, the Chasseurs and Mount Royals

Flour quiet and steady; few transactions reported.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 24.

Considerable excitement exists over a brutal murder during the night of a family of 5 persons, at Uxbridge. The family consisted of father, mother, sister-in-law and two children. The sister-in-law was to have been married to-day. It is supposed the murderer was prompted from this circumstance. No clue to the murderers.

Lord Clarendon announces a further grant in aid of the expedition in search of Dr. Livingston.

Vessels recently left England for Honduras, with cars, engines, &c., for the new road building in that country.

Russia continues to bully Switzerland about the fugitive Frew. Justice Nellsekekoff insisting on his immediate surrender to the Russian authorities. The Swiss Government answers that the culprit is not to be found.

LONDON—It is said a powerful faction is intriguing at Amsterdam to defeat the arrangements of the English Atlantic cable.

Despatches from Gibraltar announce that brigands recently captured four Englishmen, who were held until the ransom exacted should be paid.

The secret debate in the House of Commons last evening related entirely to the diseases of the unfortunate adoption of the continental system.

Political news meagre.

A profound interest is felt in the Fenian movements in America. President Grant's proclamation seems to give satisfaction.

The man arrested last night, on suspicion of committing the murder at Uxbridge, was examined to-day. The evidence was strong against him. The clothes worn by the prisoner were identified as those of one of the victims. Another person, who calls himself Robinson, was arrested to-day.

There are prospects of fresh trials of speed between the yachts Sappho and Cambria.

It is reported on good authority that Mr Douglas was made proposals to Mr. Ashbury for two races on these terms: Yachts to sail 60 miles to windward and back, allowances to be made for tonnage in the first race by the Royal Thames Yacht Club measurement, and in the second by the Yorkshire Club scale.

Mr. Ashbury has not yet accepted the challenge.

Hobart Pasha again appeared in the Court of Bankruptcy.

Lydia Becker, the well known advocate of women's rights, in letters to the papers bitterly abuses Parliament for its rejection of the female suffrage.

The troop ships *Tamar* and *Crocodile* are preparing to take on board the dockyard laborers who migrate to Canada.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Hibbert moved the second reading of the Bill removing the civil disabilities of clergymen who have resigned their sacred functions.

Messrs. Walpole, Newdegate, Henley and Sir L. Polk opposed, and Mr. Bouviere supported the motion.

Mr. Bruce, Home Minister, said for himself he approved of the principle underlying the Bill, and promised, on the part of the Government, that the measure should receive a careful consideration.

The opposition was strong, and on a division of the House the Bill barely passed to a second reading, receiving a majority of only 8 votes

A Bill for the abolition of the game laws was briefly debated, and the House adjourned.

FRANCE.

PARIS, MAY 24.

The project of a law has been introduced in the Corps Legislatif, for decreasing the salaries of members. The present salary is thirty thousand francs per annum, and the new law contemplates a reduction of 50 per cent.

The wives of Ministers Richard, Mege, Plichon and Louret, have received the decoration of the noble ladies of Spain.

PARIS, May 25.—Letters from Lisbon say the late Prime Minister Soul intended to arrest the Duke de Saldana, and to prevent this the latter resorted to a military *coup d'etat.*

SPAIN.

MADRID, MAY 24.

The *El Tiempo* newspaper, in its issue yesterday, said the Duke of Montpensier was very much annoyed at the course his adherents had taken. The Duke demands that his candidature be passed upon openly by the constituent Cortes, otherwise he will withdraw and publish a manifesto, making complete expositions of the acts of these partners who are compromised to him.

It is now said that Espartero has agreed to accept the Crown of Spain, if the Cortes will elect him.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, May 25.—King William will close the Sessions of Reichstag to-morrow.

Bismark will go to his country seat at Warsaw before June.

The project of an extra session of the Reichstag has been abandoned.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, May 25.—The Cortes will re-assemble on the 29th June.

Gen Saldanha, Prime Minister, has officially stated that he will use all efforts to maintain the Portugal independence.

A proclamation has been issued by the Duke of Saldanha denying that the late movement was in the interest of the Peninsula unity.

The Cortes then adjourned.

One of last acts of the session was the taking of an oath by all the Deputies to defend the independence of Portugal. This action was taken because of the report in the public journals that Gen. Saldanha was in favour of a union with Spain.

NEW-YORK, May 25.—A Lisbon Despatch says it is trustworthily talked that the new Ministry will be shortly constituted as follows:—Minister of War, Duke Desaldanha, minister of Interior, Bishop of Visier, Minister of Public Works, Senor Carvalho, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Senor Cavila, Minister of Finance, Senor Lariaba, Minister of Marine, Senor Andiale.

CUBA.

HAVANA, May 25.—Despatches from Captain General Countain contain the following:

Colonel Fafardo's column killed 12 rebels and took 6 prisoners. Colonel Fafardo received the surrender of 140 rebels who applied for a pardon. Many of them belonged to the best families.

ARNPRIOR, RENFREW.

This beautiful village is situated at the confluence of the Madawaska River with the Ottawa at the foot of the Chats Lake, and there are the two splendid mills of Mr. McLaughlin's, which saw half a million per week, all of which is shipped to the United States by the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad. There, too, on the bank of the lake is the magnificent mansion of Mr. McLaughlin, with terraces from the lake to the upper gardens, deer park, swans, enclosure from the lake, and every horticultural and landscape improvement that modern gardening and design can make. The peculiar points in which Arnprior differs from other places, such as Pakenham, Almonte, and Carleton Place (all active by enterprise and lovely by nature), is the evidence of a superior, enterprising, liberal, large soul pervading the whole place.

The residence of Mr. McLaughlin is princely, and when a Prince was entertained, at an expense of $4,000, and how much this advertised and made the Ottawa, and Renfrew, and Lanark known in England and Canada, none can ever estimate. It was no vain display, but for the public good.

The best and most extensive sidewalks (lumber furnished by the big soul) trees, (willows, from New York State), a thousand of them planted and protected in *every street*. A Mr. Wait, a genuine enterprising Yankee, suggested the thing as the cause of the pleasant aspect and beauty of most New England and Western New York villages, and Mr. McLaughlin at once gave $400. Mr. Wait imported the trees, superintended the planting, and got the thing done at once. Oh, poor Ottawa, Pakenham, Almonte and Carleton, where are your big souls, that will *give* all the lumber, subscribe your thousands for trees, build extensively, and resolve that you shall be beautiful from the result of their success.

From Arnprior to Sand Point is about six miles. On the way another great saw mill is in progress, and will be ready this fall. This is built by a Mr. Osborne, in England, superintended by a Mr. Purvis, who is doing everything in the best style. The frame is a perfect model, and Brae Side Mill will be the next big exporting concern of the Ottawa.

Sand Point is another lovely spot, and the most excellent couple that make its life and soul, have, one of the finest as well as most hospitable houses in Canada; but the one half of the homes is Highland, and the spirit of reform, improvement and progress that characterises the age, though thoroughly represented in the other half house, has not overcome the hereditary objection to change in the McDonald, and so no effort has been made to force and puff a town into existence. A few lots, as necessity required, were laid out, and the requirements of business met; but Mr. McDonald would not have compromised his Celtic character, nor injured his beautiful estate, by a survey, diagrams, lithographs, advertisements and sale of one or two hundred lots, and a mill or factory or two more. There ought to have been a village on the hill and up the way westerly, and it is hoped this will now be done. A beautiful boat is now getting in her engines here for the Ottawa Forwarding Company. She will be employed towing this summer, and finally fitted up in the winter to take the place of the old boat next spring. If some Yankee owned Sand Point, he would soon, from salt, salt petre, and sulphur, have a medicinal spring here, and have thousands of visitors to look on the lake, its islands, and its groves of pine and birch, for it is as beautiful as any Italian or Scotch lake, with an air more pure and healthful. Meantime it is astonishing that the Ottawa people do not flock up to up to spend Sunday here at the excellent hotels, kept by Mr. Young and Mr. Lewis. Let every dyspeptic or invalid of any kind hurry up and try a day or two at Arnprior and Sand Point. One feature only of its old character remains. The cross is gone that marked the grave at the Point, but the old elm is there, and such an elm. The maple is the emblem of Canada, and properly so. Its utility and beauty combined gave it the preference. Sugar was once to the aborigines and the first settlers as much a necessary of life as whiskey and tobacco is now. But for true natural beauty the elm is really the pride of our forests. This one is large, and with a graceful drooping circular top, gives one the idea that it ascended and ascended as far and high towards its Father in Heaven as it dared; and then bowed with reverential awe and adoring grace toward its mother earth. This tree, to the artist and lover of nature, is worth a visit.

OPEONGO.

MONTREAL CORRESPONDENCE.

MONTREAL, 24th May, 1870.

SIR,—According to promise I send you a few items, not ordinarily sent by telegraph omitting all the Fenian and other news, which you always obtain through the medium of either telegraph or exchanges. I shall begin with the dinner to the Honorable John Young. There were many present, but only of one particular shade of political opinion.

The Holtons and the Huntingdons have abundant reason for congratulation on the evening's proceedings as a whole. Edward Goff Penny, Andrew Wilson, his partner, and another of the *Herald* firm conceived the project of the dinner, and, together with the before-mentioned leaders of the Radical-Annexation Party here, saw that details were fully carried out.

I leave to your regular telegrams and the ordinary press reports any further comment upon an affair which, under the name of "complimentary banquet to Hon. John Young in recognition of his services to the city," was as complete a demonstration of Radical rancour as ever took place in Montreal.

SHIPPING.

The harbour presents a really magnificent spectacle. A fleet of sailing and steamships, larger than ever before seen, is moored along our wharves which are crowded with discharged cargoes and carters, the latter conveying the merchandise to the several warehouses. The number of first class ships indicate unmistakeably the revival of trade in this section of the Dominion. Emigration also is taking a stride. Three ships of the Allen line of sailing clippers, bearing emigrants to the number of 300 and 500 respectively, came in last week. The system of sending emigrants out in sailing ships, in preference to steamers, as hitherto, is fraught with sound wisdom. The sailing ships are cheaper, and comprise all the advantages of the steamer, save the one item of speed. For the emigrant whose generally limited means prevent his paying high for passage they are admirably adapted, and will doubtless advance in solid favour and use.

PRINCE ARTHUR.

Prince Arthur leaves on the 31st for Quebec, a prelude to his final leave for England with his regiment next month. His short sojourn here has been a success. Winning golden opinions from all sorts of people, and making not a single enemy, His Royal Highness will doubtless look back on Montreal with satisfaction. His departure is universally regretted.

ILLNESS OF THE PREMIER.

The sudden illness of Sir John A. Macdonald, which, for a time, threatened to deprive the country of a Premier, caused a deep feeling in Montreal. Next to his own constituency, Kingston, this city holds him in respect, and should aught overtake him, the sorrow would be universal. He is looked upon, I may safely say, as the prop and stay of the Government, and when he is removed, it will be long ere one will fill his place.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS—BONES OF THE DEAD.

Improvements are going forward in Great St. James Street, and the removal last week of the foundations of sundry old buildings disclosed a number of graves which have been there since 1690. In digging down some four feet crumbling skeletons sufficient to fill four carts were taken out. The remains were at once taken charge of by the Fabrique and deposited in the Cote de Neiges cemetery. These relics open an interesting epoch in the history of the city. Great St James Street is built entirely on a cemetery—the second started after the settlement of the Island by the Hundred Associates in 1630. The first cemetery was on Point Calliere, where now stands the Royal Insurance buildings. The third was on Dalhousie Street. No jewelry or indications of wealth have been found with the remains now being exhumed, and it is concluded that they were the needy pioneers who came from France to better their fortunes in the then wilderness of Montreal.

VINDEX.

THE FENIANS AGAIN.

From the Belleville Intelligencer.

How much longer are we to be annoyed by the accursed Fenian organization? Every six months or oftener the country is thrown into a state of excitement; trade is paralized, manufactures stopped, the whole machinery of business disorganized, thousands of men taken from their employment, and the country subjected to an enormous expense, by the recurrence of these Fenian alarms. It is only a few weeks ago that our borders were thrown into a state of great excitement by a threatened invasion, thousands of men were taken from their employment at great inconvenience and sent to the front, and they had scarcely returned to their avocations before the alarm is again sounded, and the country is excited from one end of the Province to the other. How long is this state of things to continue? How long will we tamely submit to the condition which permits the possibility of our shores being invaded by the people of a country with which we are at peace? There is no peace, there can be no peace with a nation which allows such an armed organization to exist, which feeds it and nourishes it, and pats it on the back while it is preparing for its mission of pillage, rapine and murder.

It is all very well for President Grant to issue his proclamation after the Fenians have gathered on the border, after they have been months at work sending arms and ammunition to a hundred points along the line, and after they had drilled and become perfected in the art of war. What he should have done, and what the British Government should long ere this have peremptorily demanded, was to put down the organization, make them give up their arms, and give satisfactory assurances that Canada should no longer be annoyed from that source. If that is not done, then let Great Britain treat it as a *causus belli*, and settle the difficulty in the usual course. Such a demand made in good earnest would soon bring the Yankees to terms.

The Fenians and the American Government.

From the Toronto Leader.

We are again in the midst of a Fenian excitement of some apparent magnitude. The American Government will, no doubt, use its authority to check the invaders as effectually and as rapidly as it can. But it should never have allowed the movement to obtain such head. When Garibaldi openly proclaimed in Florence and other Italian cities his intention to head an expeditionary movement against Rome, the Italian Government, though not very unfriendly to him, had him arrested and put where he could do no harm. How differently are "General" O'Neill and his satellites treated in the States. This is not as it should be; and it is to be hoped the neighboring Government will now make up for its shortcoming by an unwonted vigor.

It will be seen by our telegraphic reports this morning that a Fenian movement has already begun as foreshadowed in the *Times* a few days ago, which appears to have been the only paper in the country cognizant of the contemplated invasion. It looks as if there was something besides mere talk in the reported alliance between the Winnipeg rebels and the Fenians. We may soon expect startling news.—Boston *Times*.

American Ships—To be or Not to be.

From the New York Sun.

The question whether we shall stop American ship building, and take from the ocean the remaining American ships, or the contrary, is to be considered in Congress, in the course of this week.

It is evident that some remedy must be found, or that the process which has been in operation for these dozen years will go on to its logical conclusions. The United States must make up their minds to resign all other branch of mechanical industry in which not long since they excelled all other nations—our ship-builders were the best in the world—; and to abandon a commercial pursuit in which we had no equals—our vessels were swifter, safer and more profitable than those of any other people—; all this we must resign entirely and forever, unless Congress can find and apply the means of arresting and reversing our downward course.

TREMENDOUS CONFLAGRATION.

Over 300 Houses Burned—The Fire Still Raging.

From the Quebec Chronicle.

About one o'clock this morning, the alarm sounded from the box in the vicinity of St. Roch's Church, which called the fire brigade promptly to the spot. Before the water could be obtained in the direction of where the fire was going on, the flames, fanned by a strong easterly wind, had communicated to a number of houses, in the vicinity of Crown and Queen streets, and it became evident to the spectators then, that no effort could save St. Roch's from a conflagration, equal if not of greater extent, to those of 1845 and 1865. Our reporter lost no time in reaching the spot, and on his arrival, he found the house of a Mr. Berube completely enveloped in flame, and burning with such fierceness as to drive the people to the opposite side of the street. The people residing in the vicinity had, at this moment, commenced to fully apprehend the danger of their situation, as many of them could be seen hurrying to and fro through the streets, carrying with them such articles of furniture and wearing apparel as could be conveniently removed to places of safety. The sight, in some cases, was most appalling. Poor women, with barely a stitch of clothing on their backs, were met at every turn—most of them carrying their children—rushing in a wild and insane-like manner. As the wind rose, the flames gathered strength and intensity, leaping with fearful violence, from one building to another,—sweeping before it everything of a combustible nature. The wind blowing at the time from the East, directed the tendency of the flame towards the Marine and General Hospitals,—running through Queen and King streets, down as low as Prince Edward street, which is near on a line with the water's edge, and at the time our reporter left, half-past three, this a. m., fears were entertained of the burning of the Marine Hospital.

In an upward direction, the fire had gained as far as the wall of the Jacques Cartier Hall, on St. Francis street, and in this direction, had carried everything before it up to the street known as "Vieux Pont," or Old Bridge street. The projecting eaves of the Jacques Cartier Hall caught fire in several places, but, owing to its height from the ground, a sufficiently strong pressure of water could not be obtained for a long period of time to reach the spot where the fire had caught. After considerable difficulty, ladders were spliced together, and lifted to the side wall of the Hall, upon which the hose was raised, but not before a great deal of time had been lost. When we left this section of the fire, the engines were playing on the burnt cinders, and there remained a probability of saving the building. The forces of the Fire Brigade were next concentrated on old Bridge street which runs from Valier street to the River St. Charles. Here, a number of citizens, aided by some clergymen of the R. C. Church who were present directing, set to work and tore down all the temporary fencing and other small buildings, galleries, railings, &c., that could be disposed of by the hand. The fire had also, in its ravages, continued to sweep along with terrible force, through King and Queen streets, wrapping up in its embraces over 50 houses at a time.

As an instance of the rapidity with which it spread, we noticed at one spot where a family, in its despair, had gathered together a few traps of furniture, which they had a few moments before removed from their burning house, more than two acres away, but before they could gather sufficient composure, to realize their awful situation, they had, with a number of other persons, to flee before this terrible scourge, which has *for the third time* befallen this unfortunate section of our city. With considerable difficulty we succeeded in moving along King street, with the view of getting back to Crown street, to an intersecting point around which the fire had passed, but owing to the clouds of dust and fire, which seemed to fall with the velocity of hail in a thunderstorm, we found it, for the moment, impossible to carry out our intended wish. In King street, where it would appear the poorer portion of the St. Roch's population reside the most appalling scenes could be witnessed. While passing the door of a house, a few seconds before it fell a prey to the devouring element, an old man on the door step was crying piteously to the passers by who heeded him not, to remove from his dwelling his unfortunate bedridden daughter. A short time afterwards the poor thing was removed from the house on a stretcher, and was taken under the direction of Mr. A. J. Maxham, to one of the uptown Hospitals.

OTHER SCENES.

In Crown street, a number of daring and reckless vagabonds had collected, with the view of plundering the goods and effects, which people had been trying to save. We noticed a gang of four boys, not over 13 years of age, in a half-drunken condition, reeling on the sidewalks, draining the contents from brandy bottles. Everything at the time was in confusion and disorder, and of course these worthless beings escaped arrest and punishment, which they so richly deserved. Another resident had removed from his house a life size plaster statue of the Virgin Mary, which, we believe, became afterwards broken up in the confusion. In the shipyard of Lane & Co., hundreds of persons had congregated to protect their effects, and as we left they might be seen clustered around them in groups of five and six. Another poor creature without legs had, in his anxiety to save his worldly possessions, crawled to a room in the upper story, out of which he had to be removed by force. Had such means not been adopted, the unfortunate fellow would have lost his life

CAUSE OF THE FIRE.

It is clearly established beyond the shadow of a doubt, that the unfortunate people themselves have been the principal and only cause of this terrible calamity overtaking them. Had our municipal authorities carried out the law, relating to the construction of wooden buildings with effect, this burning would not assuredly have taken place. The moment the fire commenced to gain headway, it would exceed superhuman efforts to control or check it. The streets in some places exhibited the most awful appearance. Perfect whirlwinds of fire might be seen in every direction—there being no efficient obstacle to offer as a barrier to the progress of the terrible devastation.

SHIP-YARDS.

Although, as we said above, the fire had been checked in a westward direction, that is, on a line with old Bridge street, it had, in the meantime, made considerable headway down towards Mr. Baldwin's ship-yard. As we left, Mr. Baldwin was present, with a few men, and judging from the direction in which the fire was then extending, his fears were of the worst kind. Should that gentleman, who has now two vessels on the stocks being built under an immense shed be unfortunate enough to lose this valuable property, the fire may communicate to the adjoining yards in Bridge street, and probably extend as far as Peters' Mill. Should this happen, the loss of property will be very great. As it is, over $380,000 worth of property had been destroyed up to the moment of our going to press, which is in part covered by insurance.

FIRE BRIGADE.

The brigade, under the direction of Mr. Ferguson, wrought unceasingly and with great daring throughout the fire. It cannot be expected for a moment that a small brigade such as ours could grapple with so extensive a conflagration, but what they did do they did well, and deserve for it the greatest praise. They were ably assisted by the Sappers and Miners, but this corps, notwithstanding their willingness to do their best, we found are not as well provided with ladders and other apparatus for pulling down buildings, as they might be.

THE CITIZENS

in some respects worked well. We noticed, however, that many of the St. Roch's people were indifferent and careless in giving their assistance, and in one particular instance a crowd of men positively refused to assist in the removal and protection of property. This is simply a disgrace, and why prevent people, who would otherwise be generous, from alleviating the distress and poverty which must necessarily follow this calamity.

The fire can be traced to but one cause—wooden buildings; and while this particular description of tenement is tolerated, we must only expect occasional occurrences such as the one we are called upon to relate. Mr. Mayor Garneau was present, assisting and directing during the greater portion of the time At last accounts the row of brick and wooden houses, opposite St. Roch's Church, belonging to Mr. Valin, were on fire, and the flames were rapidly spreading down towards the Palais harbor. It is impossible … to estimate the loss, as the fire is … press is going on.

Mr. Haliburton's Lecture.

From the Antigonish C…

Our learned and able visitor … Nova Scotia, Mr. Haliburton, de… thanks of the community for his ex… cellent and and instructive lecture deliv… ered at the Court House yesterday even… ing. The Antiguans are not … enthusiastic in regard to public … but we think that curiosity … tleman bearing so well known … would have induced a much larger … nce had the lecture been … ed. The subject was, "the … mate and resources of the … Canada, and its commercial … the West Indies." The various … cluded under which title were … lecturer in a manner which … same time amusing, interesting … structive. Broad political and … cal views were accompanied … description and pleasant … which fixed the attention of … while statistics and details were … duced so far as was essential … tration of the most important … Lecturer commenced by … recent Confederation of the British … American Colonies, and pointed … great advantages which would … it; incidentally also noticing the … change proposed with regard to … Indies, which in the natural … events he considered as inevitable … ing to the description of the New … ion, the Lecturer illustrated its … tent by comparing it to Russia … country in Europe, and mentioning … striking fact that a lake 500 miles … had only *lately* been discovered … terior, so extensive was a country … this great lake had hitherto been … looked. The great Central … passes through the West … tinent from north to … brought under review … pointing out that from … bordering the United States … northwards into beautiful … land extending for hundreds … all capable of the highest … This was the Red River territory … one day to become the Granary … Western World. Passing … wonderful lake district of Canada … described. Its vast lakes like … navigated by large Steamers and … ing all the appearances of the sea … St. Lawrence is the outlet of these … into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, which … opens to the Atlantic passing the … Nova Scotia on the one hand and … Foundland on the other. The rapids … cataracts are avoided by canals … whole of this great water system … come a line of wealth, corresponding … the enormous productive power … countries of the West. This point … lustrated by reference to the rapid … Chicago, and the Great success … Erie Canal which connects the … Lake Erie, and is the great highway … tween New York and the West. … the chief Canadian towns were … ticed, and the characteristics of … ples of the two Canadas … Turning then to the capabilities … Dominion for producing … ed in the West Indies, … that a large proportion of … lumber and other agricultural … the Dominion were purchased by … and re-exported; but a strong … ed in the Dominion to open a direct … with the West Indies and South … ca.

The tonnage of Canada was … the list of nations, only being … that of England, the United States … France; hence the Dominion … the goods to export but … carry them. The Canadians … coming a manufacturing people … was owing to the heavy … which the Americans were … result of the late war, and … they were meeting it with … titude, had raised the cost of … factures, hence the Canadians … to manufacture for themselves … ready commenced to export. … furnish some manufactured … West Indies cheaper than the … Among other illustrations … Buggy could be had in Nova … about £12, a fact which we … mend to some of our merchants … these vehicles could be imported … be sold for about £20 instead of … sent £50 and £80, there is no … there would be a considerable …

Passing on to the East coast … er described New Brunswick … Scotia, giving specially interesting … tion on the latter country. … near the Bay of Fundy is one of the … tile countries in the world, and … humorously described his … ing for Nova Scotia some of the … prizes for fruits at the Great … Horticultural Exhibition of 1862 … subsequent formation of a … Society. In the Bay of Fundy … rises on an average height of … occasionally over 60 ft. … able phenomenon, a very graphic … was given, and we may further … it to our readers, by reminding … the harbour of St. John's is … deep, and the roadstead outside … ft., consequently if we imagine … harbor and roadstead to become … in every twenty four hours, and … refilled, we shall have a clear … what takes place in the Bay … The mud which is left by the … in the course of ages large tracts … the highest fertility, which by … of dykes can be reclaimed, and … reclaimed to an extent of many … acres.

A very interesting account of the … of Nova Scotia was given—the … Acadians of the south—the Highlanders … the north—still retaining their … of Clanship and speaking Gaelic … in the more busy and thickly settled … tion of the country, the population … plied by modern emigration … English, Irish, Scotch, and … &c.

The Lecturer then, recurring to … mercial prospects of the Dominion … out the remarkable fact that … on the Atlantic side, and … Island on the Pacific side, are … countries in the whole Western … which possess coal fields on … and he regards this fact as … which the British Province … to a position on the American … similar to that which … Europe, and whose commercial … is doubtless due to the … North and West. Extending … looks forward to the time … Indies will join the British … and form with it a considerable … backed by one of the first … world. The Lecturer concluded … ing a poem in which the … North were sung, as "The … and Song;" thus claiming for … those material advantages … been setting forth, but also … develop imagination and sentiment … with more genial claims. … we may say in the language … ship the Bishop at the termination … lecture, "it is to be hoped that … Haliburton again honors us with … may find in Antigua some practical … his very excellent and instructive … ture."

Advertising is the source of much … profound philosopher has said … plants his seed, and while he is sleeping … corn is growing. So with advertising … you are sleeping or eating, your advertisement … as being read by thousands of persons … never saw or heard of your business … would had it not been for advertising.

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dress goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's Times.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

The proclamation of the President of the United States was a subject of long delibera- tion in the Cabinet, and was issued soon after the adjournment.

THE STREET RAILWAY.—A large number of men were engaged all Wednesday night in working at the Street Railway across the Sappers' Bridge by lamp light.

THE STEAMER "BEAVER" that was so long sunk at St. Ann's was raised, but she sunk again near Point Claire. It is feared the Beaver's days are numbered.

New Granite dress goods, just the thing for summer suits, only 1s 3d per yard, at Garland, Muchmor & Co's.

New lustres for summer suits, in various colors, 1s 3d and 1s 6d per yard, ex last steamer, at Garland, Muchmor & Co's.

A NEW HOTEL.—Mr. John Graham of the Albion is about building a large brick build- ing for a hotel. It will be a three story house, front on Daly Street, 103 feet frontage, and 35 feet deep. The contract is taken by Mr. Webster, who will commence the work on Monday next. The cost will be $10,000. The plan of the building was designed by Mr. Grist, Architect.

In drawing the attention of our readers to the advertisement of A. & W. Angus (15 Sussex street) we would say that this firm by their long acquaintance with the boot and shoe trade, their strict attention to business agreeableness to customers and their large stock have made their store by far the most satisfactory place to buy boots and shoes in this city.

FAT CATTLE.—Twenty-five fat oxen be- longing to Mr. Robere, butcher, were driven to the market this morning. They were bought in Perth, and their size and condition speaks well for the farmers in that part of the county. Stock raising in Central Canada is on the increase, and will compare favourably, at present, with many parts of the West.

MORE VOLUNTEERS FOR THE FRONT.—Cap- tain Dowell's company of Ottawa Rifles start- ed yesterday for Prescott, by the noon train. They were accompanied by a large crowd of spectators, who were anxious to see them start. The men were in good spirits, and pre- sented a smart, soldierly appearance; and, if called into action, will no doubt render a good account of themselves.

TIMBER.—Several rafts of timber have arriv- ed at the head of the slides. A large raft be- longing to Mr. Lowrie was being run through yesterday. Another belonging to Mr. Poupore will go through to-day. Several rafts far up the river have been delayed by the falling of the water. The water of the Gatineau has fallen very rapidly for the last week, and very little timber has been brought down to the booms.

FARMING.—The farmers are done sowing their grain in most parts of the country, and are complaining bitterly of the dry weather. Complaints are heard on all sides of the pros- pects of the hay crop; in many places the meadows are killed out, and what is growing is very short for this time of the year. Clover promises pretty well, but high prices are ex- pected next winter for all that can be spared.

THE CONCERT AT THE RINK MUSIC HALL.—A large and delighted audience witnessed the result of Mr. Workman's musical training of the children of the common school, last night at the Rink. Parents were perfectly satisfied that their children were in good hands, and felt happy accordingly. At the conclusion of the concert the audience were addressed by Mr. Slater and his Worship the Mayor in short appropriate speeches. The National Anthem was sung and the audience dispersed.

THE DELAVE TROUPE.—We confidently assert that no person ever attempted such thrilling aerial flights as were successfully performed by the female gymnasts, Lilla and Zoe, last night at the theatre. The audience watched with silent interest the several daring acts and when each was successfully accomplished burst into involuntary shouts of admiration. We can safely say that Lilla and Zoe wear the champion laurels of their profession.

DROWNED.—The boy Germain, who disap- peared so suddenly on the evening of the 23d instant, has not been heard of since. His pa- rents and fellow-workmen at Mr. Baldwin's mill have come to the conclusion that the poor boy slipped into the rushing water along- side of the mill, and was ushered into eternity without a soul to witness his unfortunate death. He is the third one of the same family that has been drowned. One last summer, one the summer before, and this one now, has given another sad blow to his parent's hearts.

THE MARKET was very good yesterday and well supplied with eggs, butter and vegetables. Prices were about the same as on Monday. There is a slight change in the price of butter. First class article brings 23 cts., and third quality, that would sell quickly a month since, can hardly be sold at present. Some good-looking porkers that were on the stand were offered at the prices quoted a week ago. Sheep and lambs are coming in more plenti- ful. Good lambs can be bought from $1.50 to $2.

RUNAWAY.—A horse belonging to Mr. N. Sparks made a desperate runaway from oppo- site the TIMES office yesterday afternoon. The driver had him securely fastened by the neck with a halter strap, but after untying him, and before the driver could get into the buggy the impatient animal started off at full gallop up Sparks' street. He was caught by a young man who hung on to the horse till he was dragged along the street for seventy or eighty yards. The young fellow displayed great coolness and nerve in the manner in which he secured the horse and buggy in the wild race.

A LIVELY FIGHT.—Mr. Bearman, J. P., Nepean, had a peculiar case of assault up be- fore him this week. A man named Fitzgerald rented a piece of ground for a pasture, but was tormented by the cows of his neighbour Devey trespassing on it. He drove them off time and again, and had some words with the owner about them. One day last week while driving the cattle off the field, Devey's wife and two daughters came out to prevent it. Fitzgerald persisted in it; some words ensued, and Mrs. Devey, her two girls, and a bull-dog attacked Fitzgerald and gave him particulars *fits*, (no joke intended.) Mr. Bearman fined the three women $13 each and costs.

READY AND WILLING ON SHORT NOTICE.—Orders were received at 3 o'clock on the 25th to have the left wing of the Ottawa Field Battery at the Railway Station at 5 o'clock ready for service. The Militia Department, knowing that it was impossible to have the men in readiness at the time appointed, gave the officers till 8 o'clock to get ready. Lieut. Stewart the officer in command, was equal to the occasion. Orderlys were sent off in all di- rections, and although several of the men lived as much as ten miles from the city, on both sides, such was the promptness shown by the men, and the exertions of the officers, that men, horses, harness and guns, were at the station with everything that was neces- sary, ready for a start. Lieutenant Stewart deserves great credit for the manner in which he collected and equipped his men, with only five hours' notice; and there is no doubt but that the efficiency he has shown on the occasion will be noticed at headquarters.

The Vacant Spanish Throne.

From the New York World.

It has been promised that with the flowers of May should come the election or the selec- tion of a king of Spain. It is permissible to believe that the flowers of May may give place to the fruits of June, and that these in their turn may wither beneath the frosty blasts of November, ere this promise is redeemed; but it is certainly true that the time has arrived when the Spanish people may insist upon a settlement of some kind, so that they may know whether they are to live under a mon- archy or a republic. The people who got up the revolution which expelled Isabella de- clared at the outset that their purpose was to establish a constitutional monarchy, with a sovereign who should merit the confidence of the nation. Partisan intrigues and personal jealousies, however, made it impossible to place on the throne the prince whom the re- volutionists had agreed to support; and the country has been annoyed by attempts to impose other candidates, and by schemes for the establishment of a republic or a dictatorship. As a make- shift the regency was set up—the anomaly of having a regent who could not point out the infant sovereign in whose name he reigned being pardoned in consideration of the under- standing that the regency was nothing more than a provisional measure, which should give way as soon as the monarch could be chosen. The Cortes and the regent were to choose the king, and, although up to this time they have failed to make their choice, it has now become plain that this state of things cannot be much longer endured. Serrano has apprised Mar- shall Prim that he is more than anxious to get rid of the unenviable distinction of the regency; the Cortes and the country are desirous of having the business settled; and as it has long ceased to be a secret that the candidate named by Prim will be the success- ful one, and that no rival has any chance at all, it is all important to determine which of the three possible aspirants to the throne he is like- ly to name as the choice of himself and his party. These three possible candidates are Marshall Espartero, the Prince of the Asturias, and the Duke de Montpensier. Without ascribing to Prim an undue share of ambition, it may be admitted that at one time he in- dulged in dreams wherein he saw himself upon the throne; but he has of late abandoned such fancies, and has declared, in terms that banish all doubt, that he repudiates all intention of aspiring to kingly dignities. He is content to be a king maker instead of a king. But it seems certain that in his king- making he must choose one of the three can- didates we have named; and it is not very difficult to determine which of the three he is most likely to select. Espartero is seventy- nine years old. He has no son. It placed on the throne, his death, which must soon occur, would leave the country in the same di- lemma in which it now finds itself. If the son of Isabella were selected as the king, the exiled and deposed Queen would reign again in the person of her child, the republicans would be exasperated, and even a large sec- tion of Prim's own party, the progresistas, would be discontented. There remains the Duke de Montpensier; and, on the whole, to choose him would seem to be the best thing that could be done. He may be said to have shot himself into popularity; his late duel has been a substantial advantage to him; although he is a Frenchman by birth, he is a Spaniard by choice and in feeling; he is popular with the army; he has arrived at an age when the capabilities of a man are most mature; and he might soon make himself beloved by the majority of the people. The only trouble in the way is that Montpensier's party has hitherto been in opposition to Prim; and the latter, in consenting to the Duke's elevation to the throne, would give a triumph to his opponents. But, neverthe- less, the chances now seem to be that Montpensier is to become the king, and that, too, ere very long.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Alle- vantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Consump- tion, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy. Sold by druggists. 1244a

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M D.

EXTRACTS.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hy- pophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in stating

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

"Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and still rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holi- would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great SHO- SHONEES REMEDY, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

SUNSTROKE.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communi- cation, which, like the great SHOSHONEES REMEDY for consumption, is well in the wake of civilization

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and it many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent mem- bers of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation produ- cing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

Coughs and Colds.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and cer- tainly when taken in the early stages of the dis- ease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "com- mon cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neg- lected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bron- chial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irrita- tion which induces coughing, having a direct in- fluence on the affected parts. As there are imita- tions, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—Those who have either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can in- jure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Ly- man, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.*—The Globe says:—"Various importers and manu- facturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoa, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have pro- duced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a deli- cate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœo- paths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' celebrated Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills— Brick Lane, London Eng.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE re- marks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the opera- tions of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavour- ed beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled— JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SWom

The mind governs the muscles through the ner- vous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influ- enced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce Dyspepsia, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accom- panying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypo- phosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regu- lar action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a healthy standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B

AGENTS—Francis Cundill & Co. Wholesale Agents, Montreal 1176

Boots & Shoes.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Is called to the large Stock of

LADIES' SUMMER PRUNELLA

Goods at A. & W. ANGUS', 15 Sussex Street,

In Button Prunella
" Lace Prunella
" Congress Prunella

All the new and

FASHIONABLE STYLES.

A. & W. ANGUS, 15 Sussex Street.

GENT'S WHITE CANVAS

In Congress Boots
In Congress Shoes
In Lace Shoes

GENT'S PRUNELLA CONGRESS

In several different Styles, also,

GENT'S WALKING BOOTS

Warranted hand made.

A & W ANGUS, 15 Sussex Street.

WANTED.

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO. 1357tf

NOTICE.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS to LEND on city and country property, in sums of $500 and upwards, at a low rate of interest and upon very easy and advantageous terms to the borrower. Choice Villa Lots for sale, suitable for gentlemen's country residences, in blocks, contain ing from half an acre to 10 acres, within a few minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of payment very easy,

Apply to

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor.

Bangs' Block, nearly opposite the Post Office entrance, next door to the Custom House. 1357 3m

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britannia Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Par- ticular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE FOR THE *SEASON OF* 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH, Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1199y

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Par- lor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office. May 16, 1870. 1359d

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER, ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE —OF— BUGGIES.

The subscriber will sell by public auction in front of the Russell House, in this city on SATUR- DAY, the 28th MAY instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., Two Second Hand Double seated covered Buggies, as good as new and in perfect order.

Terms cash.

H McLEAN, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, May 27, 1870 1357 td

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Mon- treal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their com- mand, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK —OF— FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future ad vertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1361tf

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so a fit it up as a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by com- petent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps all sizes.
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages. all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA,

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, come all, and see for yourselves be- fore purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE —OF— VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macau- ley does not intend to return to live in Otta- wa)

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other informa- tion, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE
LATEST
IMPORTATIONS
OF
FANCY
DRY
GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED
TRIMMED
HATS

UNTRIMMED
HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following speci- alities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY
LINEN

COLLARS
AND
CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A
FULL
ASSORTMENT
OF
SMALL
WARES

☞ DRESSMAKING
☞ DRESSMAKING
☞ DRESSMAKING
☞ DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendence of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO., Sparks Street, Opposite Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CHUDIERE STEAM PLANING MILL, Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c. On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clap- boards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, over- strung, rosewood case, with all recent improve- ments. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington Street. Ottawa, May 21. 1870 1365 2

LOST, on SATURDAY, the 7th MAY, instant a BLACK COW, with one brass knob on her horn, strayed from the premises of J B PARENT Church street. Any person giving such informa- tion as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. 1362a

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received by late steamer from Eng- land,

THIRTY-SIX CASES

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES

ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21st,

and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW, and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHEN- EILLE FRINGES,
and other trimmings.
NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks,
Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks,
Black and Coloured Crapes,
Silk, Satin, Ottoman-cord and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-stitched Handker- chiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

150 Pieces Choice Summer Prints
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNDAS " "
20 " Lobster Mills "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS

—AT—

MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL, 29 Sparks Street.

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Wanted by a respectable man a situation as CUTTER; thoroughly understands his business. Four years experience in the west end of London, England.

Address W B, TIMES office. 1366tf

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Cana- dian Institution, and its rapid progress is satis- factory evidence of the popularity of its princi- ples and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1353 6

WEST END

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Are now showing a splendid assortment of NEW DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings in all the leading Styles and Materials. Also

New Printed Muslins in great variety, from 11 cts per yard upwards.
New Shawls in Berage, Cashmere, Paisley, Black Iucians and Black Lace
New Mantles and Jackets in Black Sattara, Silk and Velveteens
New Waterproof Cloaks, very cheap.
New Parasols and Sunshades
New Flowers and Feathers
New Straw Goods, a large assortment
New Ribbons in Silk, Satin and Velvet, an immense variety in all widths and colors
New Corsets, in White and Gray, from 40 cts upwards
New Hosiery and Gloves

—ALSO—

The Celebrated Josephine Kid Gloves in a the new Shades
New Crapes and Arcophanes
New Linen Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Sewed Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace Setts, Collars and Cuffs
New Lace and Muslin Ties
New Laces and Lace Falls
New Sewed Edgings and Insertions
Crosby & Coates Patent Frillings and Em- broidered Trimmings

We would also call attention to our stock of

STAPLE GOODS

COMPRISING

New Grey and White Cottons, excellent value
New Sheetings and Pillow Cottons
New Irish Linens and Linen Lawns
New Linen and Cotton Diapers
New Grass Linens and Brown Hollands
New Table Linens, Bleached and Unbleached
New Table Covers and Napkins
New Towels and Towellings
New Window Holland, all widths in White, Buff and Green
New Toilet Quilts and Counterpanes
New Printed and Fancy Flannels
New Shirting Winceys
New Saxony and Welsh Flannels in White and Coloured

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

New Cotton and Merino Underclothing
New Cotton and Merino Socks
New White Dress Shirts
New Linen and Paper Collars in all Styles
New Linen and Paper Cuffs and Shirt Fronts
New Scarfs, Neck Ties and Gloves
New White and Coloured Marcella Vests

—ALSO—

A Splendid assortment of CLOTHS and TWEEDS of British and Canadian manufacture.

Gentlemen requiring SPRING and SUMMER SUITS would find it to their advantage to give us a call and examine our STOCK before purchas- ing elsewhere.

Workmanship and all fits guaranteed.

BLYTH & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, April 20, 1870.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab. Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 1s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A SKIFF,

Fifteen to Twenty Feet Long.

Apply at the TIMES office.

May 24, 1870. 1366 3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESS- MAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

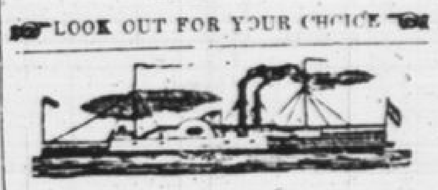
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respect- fully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8.30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARA- TIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a deli- cious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awtm 1awk6m

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	20 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York

or SERICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit. }

Public notice is hereby given that the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and County Court, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JUNE 1870, at the hour of ten of the clock, a. m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W M F POWELL, Sheriff.

By W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 20th, 1870. 22d

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscri- ber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 27, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Geese—each	0 45	@	0 60
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 21
No 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 17½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.
J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

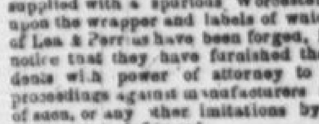
LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c, and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c; Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c; Fine do, 60c; Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c, 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1; Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 323m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate It. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It will promote luxuriant growth. FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March &c.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. P. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS. GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawkém

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations.
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhoea**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

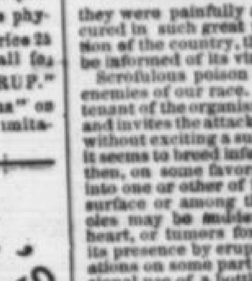
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Messrs. CHARLES BLAIN & ELLIS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while the weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was no a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and out buildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to
JOHN D. O'GRADY.
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBERT.
March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney, 1318 3m No 78 Nassau Street, New York City

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Cary, Ontario. 16 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.
M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 993y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

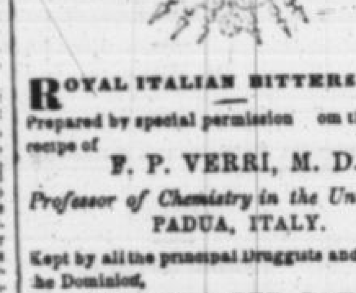
HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 555

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART, AND COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or other goods to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him. Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and the Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York
or KERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa

Medical.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 9 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

for Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

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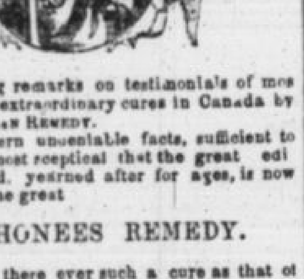


The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

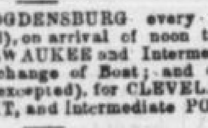
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great original compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Henry, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent.

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given; or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES, AND EYE GLASSES,

mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.

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FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1225d

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DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

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57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

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This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2.00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc. daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

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THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

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S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by
SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

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ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R. H. HAYCOCK, Esq. Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME! NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographers of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

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Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

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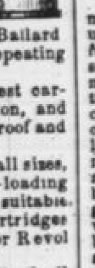

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WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

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The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Militar Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economizing time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached. Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa 3e2-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
36.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

EDUCATIONAL.

To School Teachers and all Others Whom it May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Richmond Circuit Board of Public Instruction in the County of Carleton" will meet in the TOWN HALL Richmond, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST Day of June next, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the examination of Teachers and general business.

JOSEPH HINTON, Secretary. C B PETTIT, M A, Chairman.

Richmond, May 23, 1870 1367 1-24 3

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.
15 6m WM HALFENNY.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870

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Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjustors losses due and ...

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR ...

1298tf

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No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a choice Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Ask your neighbours who have tried our Teas and ... Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

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Are you afflicted with toothache, immediate relief from Frasers's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. ... three minutes. Neuralgia, ... face, is distinguishable from ... intenseness of its pain and ... attack, may be cured within ... Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable ... and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1384 ly

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TIGHT BINDING

The Times

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1870.

VOL. V. NO. 1369. PRICE 3 CENTS.

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DEALER IN

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HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

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Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,

Twine, Glass, Oil,

Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

..., December 29, 1869. 1236.t

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OTTAWA

...NG OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)

...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large ...ll selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also Bordeaux and other Vinegars.

...SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

...numerous other articles necessary to con... a complete stock.

...— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ... quite fresh and cheap.

...OFFEE— Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on ...

...IQUORS— Cognac Brandies; Hennessy & Co, Hen... ... Pipers and other brands.

...OLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood ... bottle.

...WINES— Sherries, all grades, Ports of fine ... Burgundy, Sauterne and Madeira Wines ... prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...WINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

...proof and ... at extremely low prices.

...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ...

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... and Syrups, all grades.

...olesalers' prices.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...LLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.

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...emen can be accommodated ...fortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ...the Capital will find superior accommo... ...the day or week at moderate terms. ...This house is situated in the immediate ...of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 219tf

Educational.

...ING AND DEPORTMENT.

...bert Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...r Dancing Classes will commence on ...sday, the 22nd instant.

...ther particulars may be obtained on appli... to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

...IANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ...awa and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ...old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ...to their orders for tuning more promptly ...heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...ders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ...and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathe...) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o... ...aris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau ...eet, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April for the purpose of giving thorough instruction in the fundamental principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the direction of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society formerly organist of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a half. Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. Each class to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for Sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

Will be included in the Lists of the closing year.

...HEYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

GUS. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland ..., Ottawa. 1332 3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock

READY MADE CLOTHING

Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures.

Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER,

An immense quantity of

BATHS,

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY's office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

Stoves & Hardware.

HARK THE LARK.

BIRD CAGES!! BIRD CAGES!!

Our Spring Stock just received, elegant, cheap and substantial Cages, including all sizes and patterns.

Round, Square, Octagon, Cottage and Breeding Bird Cages.

—ALSO—

Birds Nests, Birds Baths, Bird Swings, Bird Seed Cups, &c

Wire Flower Baskets, very pretty, patterns, Wire Egg Boilers, Wire Dish Covers, Wire Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Egg Beaters, Wire Shewers, Larding Needles, Egg Slices.

STOVES AND TINWARE AS USUAL.

MILK PANS and MILK STRAINERS

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

H MEADOWS & CO.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

in great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Paent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE,

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms, Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs.

1344tf

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River

Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No 4, Prince's Terrace

1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery, &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estates, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE. 1296 tf

Ottawa, March 1, 1870.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 13.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back disease; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such diseases should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles for ...

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from

HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. M Mies.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double barried. first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochingar,

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure,"

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality,

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer,

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises.

Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. It will recommend itself

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality,

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a all ortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap,

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use. finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted,

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands he best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau steet, Ottawa

3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR

STYLISH SIGNS

AND

HANDSOME WALL

PAINTING

GO TO

LANG

PAINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, three trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

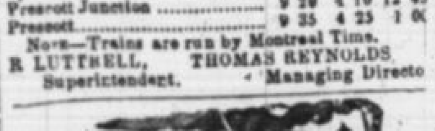
Stations	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Prescott	1 30	7 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	7 50	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	8 15	6 35
Oxford	2 35	8 40	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	9 00	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	9 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	9 50	
Gloucester	4 15	10 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	10 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa	7 00	1 00	10 0
Gloucester	7 30	1 40	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	2 00	
Osgoode	8 00	2 20	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	2 55	11 40
			A.M.
Oxford	8 40	3 15	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	3 40	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	4 10	12 45
Prescott	9 35	4 25	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a.m.

Night do do do do do 7:30 p.m.

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a.m.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a.m.

Trains for Lachine at 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:40 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a.m.

Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a.m.

Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p.m. via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 5 a m, 4.40 p m

Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p.m.

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday.

She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

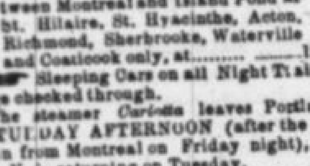
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station:

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23,

Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4... a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, ... p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3... p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3... p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

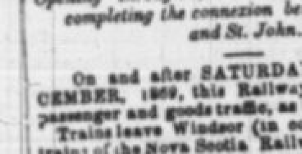
10:05 A.M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 4.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2... p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.50 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p. m., connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall.

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall.

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March, 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St. David.

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead,

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,

Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Meda.,

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T BROWNE & CO, ON SPARKS-ST.

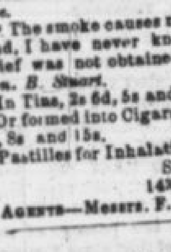
In Ottawa.

Application to be made to

C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal,

Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS,

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m., and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq, Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

A YOUNG LADY

Will give instructions in Music and Fancy Work, either at the pupils residence, or apply at Mrs. Hamilton's, corner of O'Connor and Maria Streets. 1350 1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Mails	Close A.M.	Close	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	5.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	5.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	6.00		12.15		11.30	
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Auckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c		12 Noon		8.00	11.30	5.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00			
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30				11.30	5.30
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		11.30	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m

Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

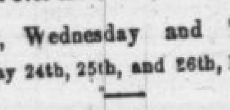
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES.

1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,

May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2 45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1½ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100, second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150; second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cen
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting.

THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer

1369*

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

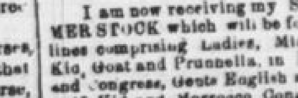
DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE,

YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,

Vin de St. George,

Malaga

Madeira,

Cognac Vieux,

Eau de vie St. George

Mararchino, Chatreuse, Creme de Marthe

Creme de Moka, Olives, &c

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Otthwa, May 20, 1870

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRAZER.

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Just Opened Up—Blyth & Russell
Her Majesty's Theatre—Delave Combination Troupe

The Ottawa Times
Office: 38, Sparks Street.
SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1870.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Some of our exchanges, in speaking of the health of Sir John A. Macdonald, state that he is so far recovered as to be partially able to attend to business. We only wish it were as represented, but the truth is that, although slowly recovering, he is not yet in the slightest degree aware of what is going on in the outside world, everything being carefully concealed from him, lest it should retard his recovery.

A WRONG TO CANADA.

Enemies to mankind the "Fenians" assuredly are, but they are, to us, something more particular. They are our especial enemies. Without any cause of complaint against us, as a people, they upset business, take our young men off from their ordinary employments at the busiest season of the year, and threaten to steal and murder, and to upset our institutions. However great the chances are that beyond creating a disturbance and producing a degree of general excitement, General Fitzhugh Lee, the successor to the one-armed O'Neil, will effect nothing by the armed demonstrations now being made against the peace of our sovereign lady the Queen in this Dominion, there is sufficient mischief done to give us serious grounds of complaint against the conduct of the American Executive, whom the press of England compliment as the pink of "loyalty and honor." President Grant knew of the organization of a body of men, to be equipped for the invasion of Canada, an integral portion of a power with which the United States are at peace. He knew that they had serious intentions of carrying their threats into effect. He knew that in the reduced condition of our garrisons, and in the despatch of a military expedition to the North West, this country was more than ordinarily open to attack. He knew that Canada in fact, was almost denuded of troops, and might suffer severe loss from an invasion of those miscreants who turn the elections in the United States, but he made no effort to stay this wickedness until it had reached a point, when it would only be checked if failure seemed inevitable, and need not be checked if success were possible. And this is called acting with "loyalty and honor!" The London *Times* assuredly does not go quite so far as the London *Morning Telegraph*. The *Times* deplores the absence of American troops on the border, and apologizes for such absence! There is nevertheless, some scraps of comfort to be gathered from this great organ of public opinion, which recommends that troops should be immediately sent to Canada, and that Canada should have no tenderness for this second offence of the "enemies of mankind," but should treat them "as robbers, ruffians, and murderers." Sound as this advice is, there may be difficulty in profiting by it. Before a ship can be here, or a single gun arrive from England, our men at the front—the Chamberlins and Overstones, Stevensons, Smiths, Russells, and Lindsays—will have either effectively disposed of the marauders, or they will be *en route* for their quiet homes at the expense of that Government which President Grant rules, and who is now spoken of as having acted towards the people of England, and, it is to be presumed, the inhabitants of this country, with "loyalty and honour." The result of the "proclamation" must be exceedingly gratifying to the feelings of President Grant. That wisest of statesmen and luckiest of soldiers must be glad to know that his proclamation of warning has tickled the English House of Commons, and that he is lauded to the skies for having ordered General Meade to despatch troops to the frontier to prevent a violation of neutrality—to suffer fair play between the combatants. This is carrying out the English love of fair play with a vengeance. This is proving that those who are not immediately disturbed by the blackguard operations of the American Fenians can look upon those operations with the greatest equanimity. This is proof sufficient that people not immediately themselves afflicted by a brawl can really, to some extent, enjoy it, although there should result from it only death, life cripples, ruined constitutions, and broken heads. President Grant's proclamation has covered quite a multitude of short comings—his blindness to Fenian preparations, the deplorable absence of United States troops upon the Quebec frontier, the closing of the canal gates at Sault Ste. Marie, and the unfriendliness of refusing that assistance to a vessel in distress, which nations, even at war, seldom fail to render. President Grant has acted with "loyalty and honour!" Is one-armed O'Neill not to be praised, too, for his gallantry and disinterested devotion to the land of his birth? Is there no complimentary epithet, which can be applied to General Fitzhugh Lee, or the wounded Donelly? These marauders are, in their way, most honorable men. Their fault is a love of country, which adversity cannot diminish and which nothing but death will eradicate. Then assuredly there is the brave, heedless, amiable, impulsive, generous rank and file, who with Polish ardour sacrifice their lives and their cash in attempting to conquer Canada as some compensation for the loss of Ireland to their forefathers at the instance of the hateful Saxon. It is enough to induce generosity here to notice so much of it in England. The press in Canada without any exception do not take that exalted view of matters which the press of England does, but that is simply because the people here have been unable to mix up the wrongs of Ireland with wrong to Canada, or even to imagine that Irish wrongs can be assuaged by a palpable, and almost insufferable wrong to Canada.

OUR VOLUNTEERS.

Canada is justly proud of her Volunteers. These citizen soldiers have turned out with an alacrity, which is most gratifying as it is excellent in effect. It is proof of there being no half-hearted or indifferent members of the force, and of the ease with which thoroughly armed men, clothed, and accompanied by all the necessaries of life, can be taken from the counting room, the library, the counter, the work shop, or the farm, and transformed into an army, ready and willing to obey. A proof of this is furnished by our own gallant 43rd, under Colonel Bearman, who yesterday drove into town, on the shortest notice conceivable, looking in high spirits, and seemingly anxious for the fray. Their very appearance calms the apprehensions of the timid.

CUTTING THE WIRES.

Some of the "friends of Ireland" in this neighbourhood seem to be entirely without caution. One or two supposed Fenians are, of course, to be found somewhere in this very loyal country, and these subdued, and almost unsuspected Fingalians are very capable of doing sly mischief. In Gloucester the wires have been cut, and communication, by telegraph, interfered with. These people may take a hint as they should do so, for they are known, watched, and will be caught, cribbed, cabined, and confined—we had almost said coffined. It is a serious offence at any time to cut the telegraph wires. To do so now will be even more serious. Even rogues should be cautious.

THE CONTRACTS

The following letter from a practical man is deserving of attention. It is not so much on account of any nervousness of style or neatness of diction as on account of the plain common sense which it contains. We do not take it as any compliment that we are alleged to be so independent as to be capable of finding fault with the Government. Fault finding is the easiest of tasks, and it is particularly easy to point out mistakes after they are quite apparent to the most cursory observer. It was less in a spirit of fault finding than as a caution that we suggested the propriety of not accepting the lowest tender, or any tender which was not perfectly satisfactory. The reference to the minimum cost of the public Engineer, as being the best test upon which to form a correct judgment with regard to the acceptance of contracts for the work to be performed, is so obviously correct that we cannot do otherwise than endorse it. The Engineer is the most capable man to estimate truly, in the public interest, the lowest price, at which the work may be safely contracted for. He has no interest to serve but that of the public, having a care to his reputation as an Engineer and a public officer. Certainly no contract should be given to parties, who offer to do the work for a less sum than a disinterested, and able public officer, says it would require to do the work satisfactorily. A reliance on the judgment of the Engineer would assuredly go a long way in preventing either too low or too high contracts being entered into. We think it now time that the Commissioners and Government should change from the former system of accepting the lowest tender instead of the best. For any sum less than the estimated cost the work can never be satisfactorily performed. Experience shows us that the wealthy firm of Worthington Brothers, who were supposed to have money enough to do the whole of their contract from their own resources did not commence and go on with their work as if they really intended to finish it within the prescribed time. The practice of all men intending to go through work rapidly is to commence with the heavy cuts first. The very opposite of this was done in No. 1 and No. 2. They did all the easiest and lightest portions of the work first, and suffered the Trois Pistoles heavy cut to remain to the last. This was done evidently with the intention of drawing large estimates, in view of giving up the work should there be no prospect of its paying. We now understand the report of the Engineer to be that No. 2 Section, at the present rate of progress will not be finished in less than five years. The next section is that which was contracted for by Mr. Haycock. On this section the greater part of the work is done for sixteen miles, so that the heavy portion still remains and cannot possibly be done, by all the men, money, and appliances that could be put on, within the time now proposed to be given to the contractor for the completion of the work. It is folly to enter into a contract, when both parties to the contract are already aware that the terms are such as cannot by any possibility be complied with. In such a case as this the contractor must sign a contract, well knowing that he cannot perform it, and depend on the good nature of the Government or Commissioner to give him the necessary additional time to perform the work. It is not unlike making a law which it is impossible to execute, and which people must necessarily break:—

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—It is refreshing to find, even an Ottawa paper, independent enough to find fault with and condemn the action of the Government in the matter of the Intercolonial R.R. Your strictures and remarks in this morning's issue are of vast importance just now, and the public mind is alive to the questions you raise.

It is easy, however, to be wise behind hand, and see clearly the faults. Now, I must confess I was of opinion that the Commissioners were right in giving to the lowest tenders at first, and when such men as Worthington deposited cash security and demanded the work as practical mechanics, I would not, I am sure, had I been a commissioner, refused them. But the game that was played did not succeed—no one was bluffed off—and every letting, low, weak and inexperienced tenders were put in. The Commissioners were firm. The attempts to dodge the Engineer by doing the portions fairly estimated for, and getting paid according to schedule, were futile. The Engineer was too clever and old a soldier for this, and paid only in proportion to whole tender, and dodger after dodger has had to dodge and go under. The public now feel there was no favouritism, and that the plan did not work, and begin to feel their true protection was in the character of the engineer. What is the use of his estimates, examination, test pits, and survey, but to fix a minimum at which work can be done, and so prevent either extravagantly high prices or ridiculously low ones equally dangerous, and injurious errors for the country. Among the men tendering, are men of standing, who have had railroad experience, and who have cash and credit. Take the *best* of three who are *nearest* your own Engineer's estimate, would be the advice of every business man in Canada to the Commissioners if the Dominion were now polled, and give out the work to men who will proceed with it in such a way as to give life and confidence to the line; and the press, Parliament and people will sustain the Commissioner, who having tried the cheap and nasty and found it utterly fail, now takes the fair, honest and scientific valuation of Mr. Fleming.

One who tendered before at Fair Prices, but who has no Tender in now.

The action and feelings of the people of Canada on the present occasion proves them to be more loyal and British than the people in England itself.

The whole line from Stanbridge in the Eastern Townships of Quebec, to Sarnia in the Western extreme of Ontario is now in a state of defence, and that without absorbing the necessary labour of the country. Orders were sent to the Commandant, Col. Durie, to post 1,000 men and 4 guns on the Niagara Frontier on the 25th, and on the 27th it has been reported to the Adjutant General that the order was fulfilled.

On the 26th it was considered necessary for the safety of the Canal at Cornwall, to have a gunboat stationed there—our own two gunboats having gone to Lake Superior on service. The Adjutant General procured a small steamer at Brockville, got guns from Kingston, put some riflemen on board and was last evening at her station on Lake St. Francis on duty. Volunteers are pouring down to Cornwall to have a chance to fight the Fenians—in fact more than is required. This proves our militia and defence system to be nearly perfect.

Official Correspondence Concerning the Passage of the Steamer "Chicora" Through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal.

THE ARMS SEIZED AT PEMBINA TO BE GIVEN UP.

President Grant on Monday transmitted to the Senate the following correspondence in reply to a resolution passed on the 18th inst., calling for information relative to the passage of any English or Canadian steamer through the Canal Sault Ste. Marie:

GOVERNOR BALDWIN TO THE PRESIDENT.

Detroit, May 3, 1870.

General U. S. Grant, President of the United States:

Information, apparently reliable, is furnished me that the Canadian Government are intending to send troops, within a day or two, from Collingwood to Red River via Sault Ste. Marie Canal. Is it your wish that I direct the Superintendent of the Canal not to allow its use for that purpose without positive instructions from Washington.

H. P. BALDWIN,
Governor of Michigan.

SECRETARY FISH TO GOVERNOR BALDWIN.

Washington, May 3, 1870.

SIR,—The President directs me to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram of this date, stating that information, apparently reliable, has been furnished you that the Canadian Government are intending to send troops from Collingwood to Red River via Sault Ste. Marie Canal, and the inquiry if it be his wish that you direct the superintendent of the canal not to allow its use for that purpose without positive instruction from Washington. The President desires me to say that the granting of transit through or over any part of the territory of the United States in the military force of a foreign Power, is wholly within the control and direction of the Federal Government, and he desires, therefore, that no military expedition of any foreign Power, whether of troops or of boats intended for the purpose of taking part in any military or warlike expedition, or of warlike material, be allowed to pass through Sault Ste. Marie Canal without express instructions to that effect from the Government at Washington.

HAMILTON FISH.

To His Excellency J. P. Baldwin, Governor of Michigan.

MR. THORNTON TO MR. DAVIS.

WASHINGTON, May, 16, 1870.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you that I have received a telegram from the Governor General of Canada, stating that the Canadian steamer *Chicora*, carrying an ordinary commercial freight and no war stores, has been prevented from passing through Sault Ste. Marie Canal, the superintendent stating, as is reported, that he would not allow the vessel to go through, even empty. His Excellency has, therefore, requested me to convey to you his hopes that the Government of the United States will give orders that the above mentioned canal shall remain on the same footing as regards Canadian vessels as the Welland Canal is with regard to vessels of the United States, there being no intention to send through the canal any ammunitions of war for the expedition which is about to proceed to the Red River Settlement, and that the *Chicora* and other vessels of that class will be allowed to pass through. Any difficulty which may have existed with the inhabitants of that Settlement have now been amicably arranged, and a liberal Act for the Government of that country, as a Province, has been passed by the Canadian Parliament, and the delegates from the Convention, representing the whole population of the Fort Garry district, have acknowledged themselves well dealt with and satisfied. The expedition, therefore, which is now being sent to that Settlement is in no way to bear a hostile character. It will be a peaceful expedition, with the object of maintaining good order in that district and of insuring the regular and harmonious establishment of the new Government.

I have the honor, &c.,
EDWARD THORNTON.

To Hon. J. C. Bancroft Davis, Acting Secretary of State.

MR. DAVIS TO GOVERNOR BALDWIN.

Washington, May 16, 1870.

SIR,—Referring to Secretary Fish's telegram of 3rd inst., I have the honour to inform you that the British Minister at Washington notices this department that the recent difficulties in the Red River country are amicably arranged to the satisfaction of the delegates from the Convention representing the whole population of the Fort Garry district, and that the present expedition is a peaceful one; and that there is no purpose to send through the canal any troops or munitions of war. Under these circumstances the President directs me to say that the Government of the United States does not desire to oppose the passage of the *Chicora* and other vessels of that class through the canal in the jurisdiction of the United States, so long as they do not carry troops and munitions of war.

J. C. BANCROFT DAVIS,
Acting Secretary of State.

To His Excellency H. P. Baldwin, Governor of Michigan.

MR. DAVIS TO MR. THORNTON.

Under date of the 17th of May Mr. Davis, in a letter to Minister Thornton, acknowledges the receipt of the latter's note of May 16, and says, in reply, I have the honour to inform you that unless instructions from the President the Governor of the State of Michigan has been notified by telegraph that in consequence of your representations the Government of the United States does not desire to oppose the passage of the *Chicora* and other vessels of that class through the canal in the jurisdiction of the United States, so long as they do not carry troops and munitions of war. I have the honour to be, with the highest consideration, sir, your obedient servant,

J. C. BANCROFT DAVIS,
Acting Secretary.

To EDWARD THORNTON, Esq., C. B., and C. and C.

MR. THORNTON TO MR. DAVIS.

Washington, May 18, 1870

SIR,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of yesterday's date, informing me of the modification which, under instructions from the President, has been made to His Excellency the Governor of Michigan, and I shall feel much obliged to you if you will convey to the President my best thanks for the decision which has been reached. I may add that since writing my note of the 16th instant, information has reached me that the Canadian steamer *Chicora* was a regular trader on the line between Collingwood and Lake Superior, and carried when she was prevented from passing through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal, nothing but goods for the Hudson's Bay Company.

I have the honor to be, Sir with the highest consideration, your obedient servant,
EDWARD THORNTON.

To the Hon. J. C. Banckroft, Davis & Co.

The case of the seizure of arms at Pembina has received the attention of the Government, and orders have been sent, by direction of the President, to release the arms, but not to allow them to pass into the Red River country. It appears that these arms had reached Pembina before the Government had defined its policy upon the Red River struggle. The arms were British property, and in view of the circumstance just stated, it was considered but just to return them to their owners. The Government has no intention to restrain the transmission of British property over American soil, but at the same time it is expected that the privilege will be confined to the provisions of the law and the treaties between the two countries.—*Globe.*

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

ARE you a sufferer from Neuralgia, Rheumatism or pain of any description? Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor will soothe away your Neuralgia, cure your Rheumatism, and banish your pain. Sold by druggists.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

Fenian Raid.

ST. ALBAN'S.

May 27.

The only Fenians in the neighbourhood that left for their homes last evening were Burlington boys. The rest remained, and were provided with food by order of United States Marshal Foster and the village authorities. Some found shelter in the depot and with friends, but many were compelled to remain out of doors—men and officers—seem to be without money.

Colonel Mosby is reported to have left for the border at an early hour this morning with 500 picked men.

General Donnelly can't recover.

After the engagement at Richards's farm the Canadian troops came to this side of the line and seized a piece of artillery and a large quantity of arms and ammunition that had been abandoned.

General Foster has or will make a formal demand for its return. Reports say he made the demand and the reply was, he could have it at the point of the bayonet.

Some say Gen. O'Neill has $100,000 or $200,000 of Fenian funds with him, but this is doubted.

Generals Spear, Gleason, and Prim, who arrived this morning with others of the Brotherhood, have been in close consultation.

General Spear has just ordered his men to go into an encampment 2 or 3 miles from the frontier.

OSWEGO.

May 27.

A company of 65 men of the first artillery left for Rome.

CONCORD, N. H.

May 27.

Companies A and B of the 5th heavy artillery passed through here this morning from Fort Adams for Malone accompanied by Major Gen. Hunt.

ST. ALBANS.

May 27.

General Spear wants the men to return to the Canadian line to divert the Canadian troops from Huntingdon.

The United States Marshall received a telegram last night, that the Government will not pay for the transportation of Fenians home, but that the expenses must be borne by the State Government.

HINCHINBROOK.

May 27.

The troops are returning to Huntingdon. All the Fenians were driven back across the lines. Knapsacks, rifles and ammunition lay scattered over the field.

Our men have taken one prisoner.

Great disgust is expressed by the American farmers near the border, at the conduct of the Fenians robbing them.

Weather very hot.

The men are suffering from blistered feet; otherwise all are well and in good spirits.

The breech-loading snider, used by our troops, is a much more formidable weapon than the Fenians ever imagined. It has a longer range than their Springfield's, which they threw away in disgust when retreating.

The Fenian's spleen and rage at their ignominious defeat on the 25th is tremendous, and with fresh arrivals at St. Albans, and yet afraid to advance, is working them into a frenzy.

A sudden dash of a few hundred on our outposts is highly probable.

The Home Guards, since the 25th, have been largely recruited, and our troops have every confidence in their officers.

Two suspected Fenians were arrested at ten o'clock this morning, a mile from Frelighsburg, by a patrol of Captain Muir's troop sent in pursuit. Their names are Francis Duffy and Jay Smith. They say that they are cattle dealers from Cambridgeburg, Vermont. The men are in pursuit of a third, who escaped from the buggy before being overtaken by the troopers.

Mr. Voght, the artist, is here taking the battle field.

The women are returning to the houses, and I think all is over.

ST. JOHN'S.

May 27.

Peace reigns here. The Rifle Brigade band is playing in the barrack square, which is thronged with admiring civilians.

Camp equipments and blankets have been forwarded to Freligsburg for 600 Volunteers to remain there.

Weather lovely and warm.

FRELIGHSBURG.

May 27.

The Victorias and home guards are back at their old camping grounds, with the 52nd Battalion and a squad of Captain Muir's cavalry.

No Fenians are to be seen.

Mr. Patterson, the official assignee, has just arrived from across the lines, and was at Franklin Centre, three miles beyond the boundary. He went across for the purpose of gaining news of the threatened attacking force of General Spear. He learned at Franklin Centre that a fresh batch of 250 Fenians actually left St. Albans last night to attack our troops, but they had not proceeded a mile when they quarrelled and disbanded.

They had no confidence in their leaders, some of whom led the attack at the battle of the lines.

The defeated Fenians who got safe back to St. Albans openly charged their leaders with treachery in telling them that the Canadian forces were only partially armed, raw recruits, while they declare that they found themselves opposed and whipped by regulars and drilled militia of three years' service.

The New York Irish veterans affirm that the Canadians advanced to the last attack with a steady coolness that they never saw surpassed during the late American war. They believe that the volunteers were regulars, and so impressed are they with their pluck, that do what the leaders may their men refuse to again face the music of Col. Smith's volunteers and home guards.

The Fenians acknowledged to a loss of 20 in killed and wounded. Yesterday afternoon two of the wounded Fenians managed to crawl out of the woods into Franklin centre.

MALONE.

May 27, 2 p. m.

The movement from this point is a more complete and disgraceful failure than that at St. Albans. A temporary invasion, a brief and almost bloodless skirmish, the fight and the flight of the Fenians tell the story.

The men are entirely disheartened, and are getting home as fast as possible.

The force in the neighborhood comprised detachments from Western New York and Pennsylvania.

They numbered all told, about four hundred, though some were on their way to the front when the fight began.

Brig-Gen Owen Starr, of Buffalo, was Commander-in-Chief, and his Staff consisted of Major Robert Cullen, Adjutant General; Major Wm. O'Keefe, Major Wm. Shelley, Colonel Timothy O'Leary, and others.

There were portions of three regiments in the force, and Colonel Thompson commanded the Sixth, from Albany; Col. Edward Campbell, the Eighth, from Western Pennsylvania, and Col. Wm. B. Smith, the Seventh, from Buffalo.

Col. Smith commanded a force of 280 men, who had charge of an ammunition train of 130 waggons, which left Potsdam Junction on Tuesday for Trout River. When they had arrived within seven miles of the Fenian camp they concluded to go no further, and sent the trains back without being unloaded.

The supplies contained in those waggons are now concealed by sympathizing farmers.

Colonel Smith then marched on with his men, and joined the main body of the Fenians. Their camp was on Trout River, near where it crosses the line. The men had been gathering here, and receiving arms and uniforms, and had made several raids without meeting any foe.

This morning, at 8 o'clock, about one hundred and eighty men, under Colonel Starr, advanced a short distance to a place known as Halbrook or Hunchinbrook, near which they met the pickets of a Canadian force. A brisk skirmish ensued, which resulted in the repulse of the Fenians with 2 men slightly wounded. Michael McGann, of Troy, was one of these, and he received a flesh wound in the arm. The main body of the Canadians were posted in a woody hill, at the foot of which was a stream, which the Fenians had to cross. The Fenians represent that the Canadians had artillery and cavalry, and that two companies of the latter chased them to the line. It is not believed, however, that the Canadians had cavalry or more than two or three hundred men.

The Fenians continued their disorderly retreat, leaving a considerable quantity of arms and stores at their camp. These are falling a prey to the greediness of the neighbours and the vigilance of the deputy United States Marshal, Samuel L. Hosen, of Malone.

The Fenian officers and privates are struggling along towards this place from the front.

Some of the former profess to design another forward movement this evening, but the thing is an impossiblity, as the demoralized men cannot again be rallied.

The men charge their failure to the inefficiency and cowardice of their officers. They say that they were anxious to charge the Canadians on the hill, but were not allowed to do so.

The officers certainly voted the retreat and many of them are now invisible to the naked eye.

The men engaged in the movement are fine looking and intelligent. They are armed with the Springfield musket with the O'Neill breach loading attachment.

There is one company of the United States regulars in the village. They number about 50 men. They are from the New York Harbour, and are commanded by Major Wm. Haskans.

The Fenians admit that the enterprise as a whole is a complete and disgraceful fizzle, if the organization itself is not killed. They are very bitter toward those who inveigled them into the affair, and decide that when they are once more home they will wash their hands of Fenianism.

The news of O'Neil's arrest affected them very deeply.

General Gleason visited them once, but did not remain.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 27.

The Three Rivers Volunteers, at present in the city, were to-day inspected on Jacques Cartier square by a priest urging them to do their duty when at the front, whither they were about to be sent.

This afternoon a very long procession consisting of some thousands of pupils of the Friars schools along with bands and flags, paraded through some of the principal streets to the French parish church.

At four o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out in the uppermost flat of the store lately occupied by Mr. Mann on McGill street. The fire raged with great fierceness for about a quarter of an hour. Damages not ascertained.

Flour market is very firm, with an upward tendency, owing to an advance in Liverpool market and the Fenian troubles.

Greenbacks bought at 13¼ and sold at 12¾. Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6. 5-20s sold at 12 to 14¼.

Afternoon Despatches.

The Telegraph Wires were cut on the Land Line in the Township of Gloucester yesterday, and again to-day on the Railway in the same Township.

The 69th Regiment, Regulars, and 50th Volunteers, have been engaged at Trout River, and are now retiring in good order on Huntingdon.

MALONE.

May 27, 2 p. m.

A skirmish took place about 10 o'clock this morning at Trout River between the Fenians and the Canadian forces. The Fenians were strongly posted under the command of Gen. Starr, but were obliged to recross the border to their old camp on this side. They are much demoralized, though most of them say they will fight if they are given a chance.

A large number has deserted, and are striking for the railroad in all directions.

One man of the Fenian forces was so badly wounded, that he could not be removed, and fell into the hands of the Canadians. It is not known whether he is dead or not.

Two others were wounded, and have just been brought in—one, name unknown, in the head.

Sergeant Michael Mogan was shot through the right shoulder.

Col. Fitzgerald was seriously injured this afternoon, by being thrown from his waggon on the way to the field.

CINCINNATI, May 27.

One or two secret meetings of persons friendly to the present Fenian movement were held last night, and it is understood that public meetings will be held to-night, if the news is favorable from Canada to-day.

NEW YORK, May 27.

The steamer *Caledonia* from Glasgow has arrived.

A special says that when General Gleason crossed into Canada near Malone yesterday, he had with him 2,000 men, and that he has since been largely reinforced. He now occupies a position four miles beyond the lines. He is entrenched strongly, and is confident of holding his position.

News has just been received that after the arrest of General O'Neil and his incarceration, General Spear was appointed Commander in Chief, and proceeded at once to issue his orders in the face of United States Marshal Foster. General Spear will either cross the Canadian border at some point not heretofore attempted, or reinforce General Gleason, now in the enemy's country.

The privates express great dissatisfaction with Gen. O'Neill. Some say that he is too young to plan, and too inexperienced to execute, and that he is both practically and theoretically incompetent.

A despatch from Gleason, dated at Trout River, last evening, says that he would fight before daylight.

A special to the *World*, from Malone, says an engagement will doubtless take place very soon.

The Fenians are orderly, and are on excellent terms with the residents along the line, although considerable apprehension is felt.

MALONE.

May 27.

Efforts are being made to reorganize the Fenians at St. Albans, with a view to manage the movement north again.

The Fenians are anxious to get to Malone, and the officers are as anxious to keep them at St. Albans for the present.

General Spear was elected commander of the troops at that point at a council of war held last night, and something will be done ere long.

ST. ALBANS.

ST. ALBANS, May 27.

United States Marshal Flanigan went to Franklin and seized the Fenian arms there. About 300 Fenians are now on their way here, it is supposed, to take them from him.

It is believed that General Donnelly's wound is mortal.

Noon Despatches.

Gen. Spear advancing with 2,000 Fenians—Gen. Gleason threatening with a large force at Trout River—A call from the Front for more troops—Further particulars from Frelighsburg, Huntingdon and Hemmingford.

General Spiers is advancing from Frelighsburg inward at the head of 2,000 Fenians.

HUNTINGDON.

May 27.

General Gleason left by train, last night, for Rouse's Point, but returned this morning, and is at present at Trout River again threatening. He purchased pork and other supplies at Malone, so we may expect another formidable raid here to-day.

There is a call for more troops from all points on the frontier.

FRELIGHSBURG.

FRELIGHSBURG, May 27.—At ten minutes to one a.m. a trooper from the front who has just arrived with a despatch from Col Smith, left there after midnight, to Col. Miller commanding the 52nd battalion, to proceed with his command at once to Cook's Corners, back to our old camping ground. A similar order has also came to Capt. Muir for the cavalry. The buglers are sounding the assembly and the men are falling in. Five minutes after the alarm sounded. Captain. Muir, at the head of his troop, dashed past the Spencer Hotel at a hard gallop, and a few minutes afterwards the 42nd Battalion left for the front, followed by waggon loads of ammunition.

Trooper Darling, who brought the dispatch, states that a similar Message was sent by a trooper to the Victorias at Stanbridge.

Every available man is ordered to the front, and if possible to arrive before daylight.

3 a.m.—Hunt and McMally, the Fenian prisoners here, are to be sent to Sweetsburg. They are both hard-looking roughs.

The Victorias, after their victory and a good night's rest, looked well this morning, and all well.

6 a.m.—On my way to the front I met Capt. Muir with a squadron of his troop near Cook's Corners, returning to the headquarters to patrol the country.

The Victorias at Stanbridge got the route at 2.40, and were on the march ten minutes afterwards.

Capt. Muir reports that 300 Fenians, under a General, left St. Alban's last night to attack Col. Smith's position at daylight today. Nothing was heard of the Fenians when Captain Muir left the camp.

The Cookshire troop of cavalry are expected hourly

6:30 a.m.—Up to 11 last night, from all I could learn, the Brotherhood at St. Alban's were highly incensed against O'Neill, whom they accuse of having, previous to the battle lines, arranged for his own arrest.

Persons who came from St. Alban's last evening assert that the Fenians are in force, but disorganized there.

Last evening the field piece of the Fenians captured on the 25th, was brought here in charge of a party of the home guards. The gun carriage and cartridge box are painted green, and the cannon itself is swivel mounted, and looks a serviceable piece for frontier work. If the volunteers had such a small field piece on the 25th, the Fenians could never have held the position among the wooden houses on the line for six hours, as they did, against the rifle bullets.

Yesterday Morning's Despatches.

A U. S. Revenue Cutter Ordered to Ogdensburgh—1,800 Fenians Expected at Rome—Several ex-Rebel Generals have also left for the Front, among them Mosby—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee to take Command—Fenians left Cincinnati for the Front—A Tribe of Indians have Joined the Fenians at Winnepeg—Empty Cars Held in Readiness by O. R. & W. Railroad for the Transportation of Fenians.

HUNTINGDON.

May 26.

Montreal Garrison Artillery arrived here in good spirits at 12:30 a.m., after a march of 8 miles from Port Lewis. The roads were in good condition, but the weather was extremely hot. Many of them suffered much from sore feet.

May 27.

The forces, about 1,500, left Huntingdon this morning at five o'clock to attack the Fenian camp, formed two days' ago, at a distance of ten miles from this city.

The wires were cut yesterday, but will be again united about three hours hence, when telegraphic communication will be reopened.

Col. Bagot, of the 69th Regiment, is in command of the whole.

Stevenson's Field Battery marched all night, and arrived here in excellent style at 6 o'clock this morning.

HEMMINGFORD.

May 27, 3 a m.

At five p.m. yesterday, six companies of the 51st Battalion, under Lieut.-Col. Rodgers, left this place for Huntingdon.

Also No. 4 Company of the same battalion for Franklin Centre, leaving but one, the St Remi here. The men left in good spirits and hoping to find plenty of work. All quiet here to-day.

HOLBROOK CORNERS, May 27.—500 Fenians were driven from a barricade made one mile west of this place, back to the lines, leaving their knapsacks scattered over the fields. The firing for a short time was sharp on both sides. The men were very enthusiastic. The Fenians fired the first shot.

ST. ALBAN'S.

May 26.

The city is full of Fenians returned from the front. Many are without food except when furnished by the citizens, and are sleeping about the streets.

Two car loads which arrived this afternoon from New York and Boston were sent to Malone.

A rumor is current here that the force which collected at Malone have penetrated six miles beyond the frontier.

The Fenian General Spear arrived to-day and wants the men here to go on to Malone, but they have mostly had enough of it.

Last evening the 44th United States troops, under General Richard Arnold, arrived. To-day 175 more got here.

The Fenians severely denounce General O'Neil, and consider his arrest by Marshall Foster the result of a preconcerted arrangement.

Last night about 150 Fenians left for their homes, by the southern train. This morning about 200 arrived, and as their tickets were for this place, most of them had to stop. A few procured tickets and went on to Malone.

Two of the wounded Fenians left for the south this morning.

WASHINGTON, May 26.

The revenue cutter *Chase* has been ordered by the Secretary-Treasurer to proceed to Ogdensburgh, pending the present Fenian disturbance, for the purpose of protecting the property of American citizens.

UTICA, N. Y., 26.

Advices from Rome say that great excitement exists there regarding the Fenians, 1,800 are expected to arrive there to-day for the North.

The Fenians claim to have enlisted several noted ex-Rebel Generals, among them are Mosby.

Empty cars are held in readiness by the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad.

Fenian leaders are in Rome furnishing transportation to all.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 26.

All trains up to-night contained more or less Fenians.

The Nelson circles of the city met to-night and have called a public meeting for to-morrow night.

NEW YORK, May 26.

The evening papers here have the following:

The report that the Fenians had crossed the border from the upper part of this State, has created renewed excitement. A despatch announcing the fact was read at the Hibernian Hall, where an immense crowd was assembled and was received with tumultuous cheers. A large number left by the Hudson River Railroad this afternoon.

It is reported that Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee will succeed General O'Neil in command.

PORTLAND, May 26.

Some Fenian arms which were turned back yesterday to the Eastern Express Company, have been delivered to the original shippers and have vanished.

CHICAGO, May 26.

Forty Fenians left here this morning, some for the East, and quite a number for Minnesota. The Irish organizations have also left us, but in what direction is not now reported.

A tribe of Chippewa Indians have joined the Fenians at Winnepeg. They are under the command of a Chief who a few weeks since was converted by a Catholic priest.

ANNAPOLIS, May 26.

About 100 Fenian recruits have left for Canada since the night before last. They have generally gone in small squads without arms. Only 50 have effected an organization.

CINCINATTI, May 26.

No Fenian excitement here. Not more than 100 men have left here.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 26.

In the House of Commons this evening (May 26), Mr. Mansel said the Colonial Department had received despatches from the Governor General of Canada announcing that the Fenians had crossed the lines near Philipsburg and at other points on the frontier, and that trouble was threatened in various places along the border, but he was happy to say the Government had further information that the President of the United States had issued a proclamation of warning, and Gen. Meade had despatched troops to the frontier to prevent a violation of neutrality.

The Irish Land Bill with amendments, was reported from the committee, and after a discussion of some of the amendments, the report was agreed to, and the Bill ordered to be read for the third time on Monday next. The announcement of the result was received with loud and repeated cheers.

A regatta for yachts of all nations will take place on the 22nd of June for the Prince of Wales Cup. Yachts are to start from Cowes at five in the morning, sail to the West Pass through the Needles, to the hill of Portland, where they will round the shambles and return back to the Isle of Wight outside a light ship to Hyde pier.

The *Morning Post* is confident that the loyal energetic action of the American President will place the Fenians in a proper light before the world as being the enemies of mankind.

The cricket match at Dublin yesterday between the All England 11 and the All Ireland 22 terminated in an easy victory for the former.

The "Times" says that while the President's Proclamation in regard to the Fenians itself is satisfactory, but the absence of American troops on the border to carry out its provisions is deplorable. This, however, it says is not surprising, as troops are not usually quartered on the frontier. Troops should be sent to Canada immediately, and Canada should forward to the front all the soldiers she can spare. Canada have not tenderness for this second offence. Marauders must be treated as robbers, ruffians and murderers.

The "Morning Telegraph" says President has acted with loyalty and honor.

Political news unimportan.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased since last week £402,000 sterling.

LONDON, May 27.—The Fenian movement in America is anxiously watched, and is the chief topic of comment.

The *Morning Standard* thinks the United States Government has no motive to embroil itself with Great Britain in a question so contemptible as the Fenian business.

QUEENSTOWN, May 27.—The steamships *Pennsylvania*, *City of Dublin* and *Scotia*, have arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, MAY 26.

Special despatches from Lisbon report that on Tuesday last groups of citizens passed through the streets crying "Live the Union."

SPAIN.

MADRID, MAY 26.

The Englishmen captured by brigands near Gibraltar are not yet rescued. The party consisted of Bovell, his nephew, and five domestics.

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges. Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough, or "common cold," in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay irritation which induces coughing, having a DIRECT influence on the affected parts. As there are imitations, be sure TO OBTAIN the *genuine*. Sold by all dealers in medicines, at 25 cents a box.

Immense Conflagration In the Saguenay District

655 FAMILIES DESTITUTE

EIGHT LIVES LOST

The steamer *Clyde* arrived … bringing an account of a large … in the Saguenay district, covering … 1500 square miles, including … Chamouchnan, Roberval, … St. Jerome, Hiberville, … St. Dominique, De Modelière, … Falpenio, Chicoutimi, Laterrière, … Total number of families destitute …

The fire lasted from 2 to … inst. The heat was so intense … had to construct rafts and … on Lake St. John. The inhabitants … terly destitute, and two gentlemen … immediately to Kamouraska … pose of purchasing provisions … mediate wants.

Six adults and two children … to have perished, but many are …

The Government intend sending … with provisions to-day.

The fire yesterday in St-Roch's … be an act of incendiary. While … ing to extinguish, 20 persons … sembled on a gallery were … ground, one woman being …

Roman Catholic Volunteers … service yesterday, 8th and 9th … quarters in the Jesuit Barracks … Volunteer Artillery in the … Battery at the Armory, and … Drill shed. These last … 78th Regiment expected …

The Present Fenian …

From the Montreal Daily …

Was the previous Fenian … a sham—a mere feint to … cions, in order to deliver … more opportune moment? … cram the detectives with … laugh at their gullibility? … ize from the first to inaugurate … mand by selecting Her Majesty's … as the appropriate occasion to … Majesty's dominions. We are all … fully wise after an event has … "I told you so," is the commonest … expressing one's gifts of prophecy … without being a head centre, or … inte the mysteries of circles, one … help speculating on the … work. We should say that the … chief of the association is a wary … and dangerous antagonist. He … from past experience that the … secrets always leaked out, and he … use of that fact to throw dust in our … Our detectives boasted … watchfulnes. He operated … He scattered morsels of … path which they greedily … handed to us properly … plied them with sufficient … them wild with excitement … panic they telegraphed to … volunteers were ordered out … when no Fenians were … appear, they were … home. Thus skillfully … the "wolf" cry. Nine-tenths of … unteers have lost all faith in … of Fenians, and nothing will … them save news of a combat … al inroad. The Fenian leader … ed *so adroitly*, must possess … strategy which may cause … ence, and his plans show … baffled the vigilance of American … adian detectives. Ours have … pensive luxuries, because they … when most we counted on their … ness. They have permitted … prised, and they only confirm … which the Fenians were the first … We might have counted on … cutting the wires; in truth the … the telegraph always bodes … plant himself on Canadian … sport the Fenian flag is the … of the Fenian chief; and his … effected, a call for volunteers … oppressed Canadians will … American cities, and amidst … idle and disorderly masses … found. We believe General O'Neil … mischief. He comes of a fighting … and even if he was a coward, … not, he would be afraid to face … if he retired without striking a … is bound to do *something* … read well in the *American papers* … wise contributions will cease … business to take care that he … least possible damage on the country … that he be made to pay a heavy … for his audacity. We ought with our … sources to be able to throw fifty … fighting men, on any point where … makes a stand, or three times that … ber in case of emergency. Our … may be correctly called … cause our militia are composed … having a stake in the country … they are resolved to combat to the … The mercenary is unknown … All that our men require is … marshalled and led; they … up in drill, but they believe … match for anything the Fenians … duce, and it will need a series of … to make them believe that they … fairly beaten. They will … General O'Neil if he can get his … ers to stand their ground.

Gen. Grant's Proclamation.

From the London Free Press.

Gen. Grant gives place to … prise when he says in his proclamation … "Whereas, it has come to my knowledge … sundry illegal military enterprises … ditions are being set afoot, &c." … "come to the knowledge" of thousands … sons besides the President long ago, … and his Cabinet have known … gal enterprises" were being got … why did not the executive … them? They have been allowed to … arm, drill, equip and send forward … ammunition under the nose of the … ment, and yet their illegality was … nounced. Now, however, that … been done people are warned … Very kind, thank you.

The New York *World* of the … says:—

The most exciting news of the morning … the Fenian invasion of Canada … ment is evidently preconcerted … now of Fenians pouring into the border … from all parts of the East, West … There are two points of rendezvous … bans, Vt., and Milwaukee. The … dition has already crossed the line … are coming down from Montreal … collision can hardly be delayed … ble that before another … shed on Canadian soil. The … the West is towards the Red River … and is in command of veteran officers … the telegraph lines from Ogdensburgh … been cut. A Milwaukee despatch … en expedition was to leave that city … for a descent on Canada West, in the … tourhood of Brantford. About … Fenians left this city last night … River Railroad for Malone. … movements must necessarily … attacks on the enemy, or else the … scheme will be a failure … troops are on the march also … may therefore be expected by … morning.

—For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, … tion, and all Diseases of the Throat … and Lungs, Dr. J. Briggs' Throat and … Healer is a certain and reliable Remedy … by druggists.

TIGHT BINDING

LOCAL NEWS

Bargains in dr ss goods. For particulars see advertisement in this day's Times.

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

Dressing Made Easy.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co's are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Granite dress goods, just the thing for summer suits, only 1s 3d per yard, at Garland Mutchmor & Co's.

New lustres for summer suits, in various colors, 1s 3d and 1s 8d per yard, ex last steamer, at Garland. Mutchmor & Co's.

Personal.—Acting Major Falls, of the 43rd Battalion, arrived in Ottawa from Kingston yesterday at noon.

Personal.—Mr. F. C. Clemow arrived in Ottawa from Toronto yesterday. He passed a very creditable examination, and intends practising his profession in his native city.

The Street Railway.—A large gang of men were working on the bridge again last night, and the track was to have been finished the whole way across before morning.

The Band of the 60th played before the officers quarters last night. A large number of the Carleton men were in attendance. The ladies are delighted at the prospect of having the red coats in the city for a while.

Jack the Sailor, undertook the job of removing the dead horse. The undertaking was of such a heavy character that a span of five horses were required to haul the carcase from the street.

Societe St. Jean Baptiste.—We are requested to state that a meeting of the above Society will take place on Sunday next (to-morrow) at four, p.m., in the hall of the French Canadian Institute, for the election of the office bearers for the current year.

Two Boys Drowned.—Two German boys (brothers) were drowned in the Riviere aux Lievres last week while playing on saw logs. One of the boys slipped into the river, and the other jumping into save him, was caught in the clutches of his drowing brother, and both went down together.

Arrival of Volunteers.—Colonel Bearman and Major Corbitt, with thirty-nine men of the Goulbourn and Richmond companies under Captain Garvin and Captain Good have arrived in waggons, and have been billeted in Lower Town. The Bell's Corners Company is expected every minute.

Change of Time.—The summer arrangement of change of time in running the Ottawa and Prescott Railway trains commences next Monday. The morning train will start from Ottawa at 7 a. m.; the noon train at 12:15 p. m. The noon train arrives at Ottawa at 10:30 a. m; evening train at 4 p. m.

The Fenians.—Considering the nature of the proceedings on the front there is relatively little excitement in the Capital. Extras are greedily bought up, and occasionally some wild rumours get afloat, but, on the whole, our citizens are taking things very cooly, an unmistakable indication of what they would do if called to face the marauders.

The Delave female acrobats perform to-night in the theatre, and to-night only. Wonderful among women are Lila and Zoe. Their flying feats no "Peter Wilkins" could possibly have conceived. The trapeze performances are such as men with iron nerves might be excused for shrinking from. The whole performance, indeed, is novel, wonderful, and startling. The house will be full to overflowing, or should be.

The Market.—Yesterday.—There were a large number of farmers waggons on the stand, and for several yards up York street they were ranged up against the platform. There was nothing new offered for sale. Butter and eggs were selling pretty lively, but no change in prices. Porkers were offered at $20 each, that could not possibly weigh more than 200 lbs. Common two months' old pigs were selling at $7 a couple. Poultry were scarce, and considerable of a demand for them. Hay plentiful, and good quality selling from $9 to $11 per ton. The supply of produce, for the number of waggons, was very small.

Police Court.—Only one case before the Magistrate this morning. Thomas Miller was charged with threatened assault, and fined $2 and costs. It speaks well for the morality of this city to see so few cases before the Police Court in days of excitement and bad whiskey. Of course, local reporters have a hard time in consequence. When there is no assault cases, "Deplorable Accidents," "Melancholy Suicides," "Sudden Deaths," "Romantic Elopements," &c., &c., what can a reporter do to get up local news for the reading public? People in this city won't do anything uncommon, and consequently nothing uncommon can be reported for their benefit.

Arrival of Volunteers.—The Goulbourn company, under Captain Garvin, and the Richmond company, under Captain Good arrived yesterday evening at 2:30. They are a fine, stout-looking lot of men. They arrived in waggons, and their clothes were dusty-looking from their long ride of 30 miles. They must have made great speed in their preparations, as they did not receive their orders till 8:30 on Thursday evening, and the men were scattered for miles round the country. The men are billeted as follows, so that each company will be as much together as possible.

J Champagne, 10; Geo La Tromoulle, 5; [illegible] McIsic, 5; Louis Peltier, 5; R Graham, [illegible] Gouldin, 5; B La Riviere, 6; C Crosier, 5; [illegible] Chevrier, 5; A Reneaud, 10; J B Gelle-[illegible] 3; F X Laudrian, 10; A La Berge, 5; [illegible] Whitty, 5; Thomas Mathews, 10; D [illegible] 5; A Riopelle, 19; F. Cardinelle, [illegible] Elliott, 10; F Kilby, 5; Thos. [illegible] 10; Champness, 5; Montgomery, [illegible] Goulin, 3; McAumond, 10; Gilpin, 2; [illegible] Torbey, 3; Kerr, 5; Starr, 5; Gorman, [illegible] Taylor, 5; Geo. Latrimouville, 5; [illegible] Blanc, 5; Desjardin, 5; Peltier, [illegible] Chevrier, 5; Burnette, 5; Gallerneau, [illegible] La Berge, 5; Valiquette, 2; Pichette, 3; [illegible] 5; McIntyre, 5; St. Louis, 5; John [illegible] 10; LeBlanc, 5; Holmer, 5; Carle-[illegible] Lapierre, 5; Burrows, 5; Beaucaire, [illegible] Beauchamp, 10; Hubert, 10; Dupuis, 10; [illegible] 5; Hallandal, 3; McCann 2; Dyke [illegible] Kelly, 3; Gouldin, 5; La Forte, 5; La-[illegible] Lecosier, 5.

Colonel Bearman and Major Corbitt expect the whole of the men will arrive before the morning.

The following companies of the Carleton Battalion arrived about 5 o'clock:

No. 9, Captain McGregor; No. 2, Captain Holmes; No. 3, Captain Morgan; No. 4, Captain Conley; No. 7, Davidson; No. 8, Captain Helmer. The men arrived in waggons, from six to nine waggons to each company, each containing six or seven men. Their red coats showed the effect of driving along the dusty roads at such a rate as they travelled. A horse belonging to one of the waggons that brought in the Metcalf company dropped dead on Sparks street from overdriving. The carcase was let lie where it fell, all evening, while the owner was negotiating with some of the scavengers for its removal.

The Regimental orders for the day are:

The Battalion will parade at 10 o'clock, a.m. at the City Hall square in heavy marching order. Captain Morgan of No. 3 Company and Lieutenant McDougall to be officers of the day. The men are all suffering from the effects of the dust of the roads blowing into their eyes in coming to the city.

Victor Hugo and the Plebiscite.

The following characteristic letter from M. Victor Hugo appears in the *Rappel*.

"*Non!*" In three letters this word says everything. What it contains would fill a volume. For nearly nineteen years this reply has been starting in the face of the empire. The obscure sphinx feels that there lies the key to the enigma. To all that the empire is, wishes, dreams, believes, can do and is doing. "No" is sufficient. What do you think of the empire? I deny it. "No" is a verdict. One of the proscribed of December, in a book published out of France in 1853, styles himself "the mouth that utters 'no'." "No" has been the reply to what was called the amnesty. "No" will be the reply to what is called the *plebiscite*. The *plebiscite* attempts to effect a miracle—to make the empire acceptable to human conscience. To render arsenic wholesome food, such is the question. The empire commenced with this word—proscription. It seeks to end with this word—prescription. It is only the trifling change of a letter. Nothing more difficult. To improvise one's self into a Cæsar, to transform the oath into a Rubicon and overlap it, to ensnare in one night all human progress, to take rough possession of the pepole under its grand form of republic, and to shut it up in Mazas; to take a lion in a trap, to break by stealthy fraud the legal powers of representatives and the swords of generals; to exile virtue, expel honour trample law under foot; to decree the arrest of the revolution, to banish '89 and '92, to drive France out of France, to sacrifice 700,000 men to demolish the wretch paltry Sebastopol, to league with England to give to China the spectacle of a vandal Europe, to stupefy barbarism, to with our barbarism, to destroy the Summer Palace in partnership with the son of that Lord Elgin who mutilated the Parthenon, to increase the power of Germany and diminish that of France by Sadowa, to take and to give up Luxemburg, to promise Mexico to an Archduke and to give him Queretaro, to assist Italy to a deliverance which results in the Council, to cause Garibaldi to be shot by Italian muskets at Aspromonte and by French muskets at Mentana, to run the Budget into debt to the extent of eight millions, to hold the rebublican Spain in check, to have a High Court that is deaf to pistol shots, to move armies hither and thither, to crush democracies, to dig chasms, to shake mountains—all that is easy. But to place "Yes" in the place of "No" is impossible. Can right be proscribed? Yes. It is so. Prescribed? No. A success such as that of the 2d of December resembles death, inasmuch as it immediately passes into corruption, and it differs in so far that it never passes into oblivion. The rights effected by such acts have eternal force. There is no legal or moral limit against them. No forfeiture can be set up against honour, justice, and truth. Time can effect nothing in such matters. A crime which is enduring only adds to the guilt of its origin by its endurance. In history, as for the human conscience, Tibrius never reached the stage of "*fait accompli*." Newton has calculated that a comet takes 100,000 years to cool; certain enormous crimes take still longer. The violence which reigns to-day is losing its pains. *Plebiscites* can do nothing for it. It believes it has the right to reign; it has not a right to exist. It is a strange thing the *plebiscite*. It is the *coup d'etat* made into a piece of paper. After the massacre the ballot. To rifled cannon succeeds the cracked ballot-box. People vote that you do not exist. And the people vote. And the master counts the votes. He has all that he wishes for, and he puts the people into his pocket. Only he has not preceived that what he believes he has seized is not to be laid hold of. A nation does not abdicate by that. Why? Because it is renewed by it. The vote must always be open to repetition. To require it to make any alienation of sovereignty, to extract an hereditary right from the minute, to give o universal suffrage, whose power is limited to the present, an order to decide for the future, is it not futile in itself? It is like calling upon to-morrow to call itself to-day. Never mind. The voting is over. And the master takes that for a consent. There is no longer the people. These truths make Englishmen laugh. To submit to the *coup d'etat*, to the *plebiscite*. How can a nation accept such humiliations? At the present moment England has the happiness of rather despising France. Then despise the ocean; Xerxes gave it the whip. The empire after nineteen years of existence, deems itself to be tempted. It offers us its advances. It offers us the *coup d'etat* adapted to democratic views the night of December reconciled with Parliamentary inviolability. A free tribune in the fashion of Cayenne, Mazas modified in a free spirit. The violation of all rights settled in the form of liberal government. Well, no. We are grateful. We citizens of the murdered republic, we thoughtful lovers of justice, contemplate, with an intention to avail ourselves of it, the failing authority which attends the last days of treason. We wait. In the meanwhile, at the jugglery called a *plebiscite* we shrug our shoulders. To Europe without disarmament, to France without influence, to Prussia without a counterpoise, to Russia without restraint, to Spain without organization, to Greece without Crete, to Italy without Rome, to Rome without the Romans, to democracy without the people, we say "No." To liberty without despotism, to posterity arising from a catastrophe, to justice administered in the name of an accused party, to the magistracy marked with the letters L. N. B., to 1789 *vised* by the empire, to the 4th of July completed by the 2nd of December, to the loyalty pledged by false oaths, to progress decreed by deterioration, to solidity promised by ruin, to light distributed by darkness, to the blunderbuss behind the beggar, to the face which is under the mask, to the sceptre which is behind the smile, we say "No." Moreover, if the author of the *coup d'etat* really wishes to address a question to us—the people—we recognize his right to put one question only, and that is—"Ought I to quit the Tuileries for Vincennes, and place myself in the hands of justice? Napoleon, "Yes."

VICTOR HUGO.

Correspondents accompanying the Red River expedition represent things connected with the expedition to have been mismanaged, especially in the neighborhood of Collingwood. They are probably correct. As a rule such affairs are always mismanaged more or less. Errors and blunders are inseparable from that sort of military undertaking. Military movements in the Crimea, in India, and in the United States were by no means free from mistakes. Even the Abyssinian expedition got up with infinite care, for the benefit of King Theodorus, turned out to be a far more expensive job than the British Government had any estimate of, and even now it is questionable whether the exact cost has been fully ascertained. The original estimate was five millions of pounds sterling, but the real cost was over three times that amount.—Hamilton *Times*.

What should Have Been.

From the London Free Press.

The intelligence of the intended Fenian raid was well known to the Washington Government last week, and the New York papers of Monday and Tuesday last had ample accounts of the action that was in progress. Notwithstanding this, no attempts appear to have been made to check the movements of the conspirators, or to execute national obligations. The Fenians have thus the pretext to allege that the United States Government is quietly winking at their proceedings, for by allowing them to congregate, marshall, arm, and even to invade the land, they give a tacit consent to proceedings that might have been put an end to by a simple fiat.

I have no hesitation in recommending Fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to my patients who suffer from General Debility, or any disease of the Lungs, knowing that even in cases utterly hopeless it affords relief.

H G ADDY, M. D.

Extracts.—Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites ranks foremost amongst the remedies used in Incipient Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, and other affections of the Chest, and I have no hesitation in [illegible]

S. Z. EARLE, M.D.

St. John, N.B.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping Grace's Salve in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Sunstroke.—This accidental infliction, called by the French *coup de soleil*, is supposed to occur more frequently as the country is cleared, but such indeed is not the case. In the same manner many suppose that crime is on the increase as the country becomes older, but this is also deception. The truth is both illusions spring from the increased facilities for communication, which, like the great Shoshonees Remedy for consumption, follow in the wake of civilization.

Is Health Worth Having?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

Everybody says so.—That is all who has either used the articles themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Maravilla Cocoa.—*For Breakfast.*—The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, [illegible] Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. [illegible] Mills—Brick Lane, London, Eng.

Breakfast.—Epps's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homoeopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homoeopathic Chemist London, England. 1138SWdm

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce *Dyspepsia*, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a heady standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B

Agents—Francis Cundill & Co. Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176

DIED.

At his father's residence, Rideau street, George Malloch, infant son of Dr. J. A. Grant, M. P., aged 4 months. The funeral will take place to-day (Saturday) at 3 p. m. to the Hull Cemetry.

At the residence of her son, corner of Stewart and Ottawa streets, on Friday the 27th inst., Catharine Webster, aged 59 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday next, the 29th inst., at three o'clock p. m., from her son's residence, corner of Stewart and Ottawa streets, when friends will please attend and accept this notification.

DELAVE COMBINATION TROUPE.

SATURDAY 28th, 1870.

LYDIA THOMPSON OUTDONE,

GO AND SEE AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Several Montreal Tight Rope Performers will appear on the occasion.

M'DLLE. LILA IN HER GREAT ACROBATIC FEAT, NEVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED.

SEE PROGRAMMES.

Ottawa, May 27, 1870. 1368 2

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER, ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

BUGGIES.

The subscriber will sell by public auction in front of the Russell House, in this city on SATURDAY, the 28th MAY instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., Two Second Hand Double seated covered Buggies, as good as new and in perfect order.

Terms cash.

H McLEAN,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, May 27, 1870 1367 td

JUST OPENED UP.

A FRESH LOT OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS

	B	
Colored Lustres,	L	Grey Cottons,
	Y	
Printed Muslins,	T	White Cottons,
	H	
Straw Hats,	&	Grass Linens,
Feathers & Plumes,	R	Prints,
Lace Ties,	U	Linen Tickings,
Parasols,	S	Cotton Tickings,
Ribbons,	S E	New Black Lustres,
Laces,	L L	Printed Brilliants.

240 Wellington Street.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES, Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361tf

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st., CHAUDIERE. OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,
Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.
1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE
LATEST
IMPORTATIONS
OF
FANCY
DRY
GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED
TRIMMED
HATS

UNTRIMMED
HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY
LINEN

COLLARS
AND
CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A
FULL
ASSORTMENT
OF
SMALL
WARES

DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

WANTED.

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO. 1367tf

NOTICE.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS to LEND on city and country property, in sums of $100 and upwards, at a low rate of interest and upon very easy and advantageous terms to the borrower. Choice Villa Lots for sale, suitable for gentlemen's country residences, in blocks, containing from half an acre to 10 acres, within a few minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of payment very easy,

Apply to

R A BRADLEY.
Solicitor.

Bangs' Block, nearly opposite the Post Office entrance, next door to the Custom House. 1367 3m

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR. ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES

ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21st,

and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENEILLE FRINGES,
and other trimmings.
NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks,
Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks,
Black and Coloured Crapes,
Silk, Satin, Ottoman-cord and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

150 Pieces Choice Summer Prints
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNDAS "
20 " Lobster Mills "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days, and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS

—AT—

MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
29 Sparks Street.

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Wanted by a respectable man a situation as CUTTER; thoroughly understands his business. Four years experience in the west end of London, England.

Address W B, Times office. 1366tf

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.
R H HAYCOCK,
Agent in Ottawa

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1358 6

Garland, Mutchmor & Co

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged Ladies' 1s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so as fit it up as a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction. He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESS-MAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9. 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

GABRIEL'S

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

Boots & Shoes

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Is called to the large Stock of

LADIES' SUMMER PRUNELLA

Goods at A. & W ANGUS', 15 Sussex Street.

In Button Prunella
" Lace Prunella
" Congress Prunella

All the new and

FASHIONABLE STYLES.

A. & W. ANGUS,
15 Sussex street.

GENT'S WHITE CANVAS

In Congress Boots
In Congress Shoes
In Lace Shoes

GENT'S PRUNELLA CONGRESS

In several different Styles, also,

GENT'S WALKING BOOTS

Warranted hand made.

A & W ANGUS,
15 Sussex Street.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britannia Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S.

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE

FOR THE

SEASON OF 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1 50. Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M KAVANAGH'S at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office.

May 16, 1870. 1359d

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES

Times Office, Ottawa, May 28, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.		
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 60
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@	00 00
Prime	none.		
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00
Hams	0 13	@	0 15
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
	0 25	@	0 25
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 20	@	0 21
No. 1 Firkin	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 17	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 00	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should, as it does, have every security the law can afford, from counterfeit and imitation.—Cabinet, Schenectady.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

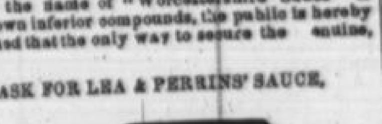
TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,



and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY, Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 50c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa, H McLEAN, 18 Sparks street.

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.

A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S A ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New York.

March 20. 47

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8·30 a. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

1344tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public notice is hereby given that the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and County Court, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JUNE 1870, at the hour of ten of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL, Sheriff.

BY W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 20th, 1870. 23td

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs, English Chemicals, European and American Patent Medicines, The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations, English, French and German Perfumery, English Brushes and Toilet Articles, Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied. The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.8 y

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, overstrung, rosewood case, with all recent improvements. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington Street. Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 3

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURI]FYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Messrs. GRAHAM BLAIR & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and out buildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to JOHN D. O'GRADY, on the premises or to WILLIAM COLBERT, March.

Ottawa, May 13, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address M HOUSE, Attorney, 1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c. Residence at J Butler's, Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1223-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamber's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

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Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sec'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H. V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM, Queen's Auctioneer, 1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. [...] E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CHAUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

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For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [Ot]tawa

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QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites. &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown, in Ottawa.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ECONOMY. COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

☞ Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00. ☜

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

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Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

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YOUNG & RADFORD, No 35, Sparks street, Ottawa.

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Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

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57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

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This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

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W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR.

CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS., *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

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E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

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M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

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AUMOND'S BLOCK,

Rideau Street Ottawa.

292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

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W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,

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ROOM PAPERS!

The largest and best assorted stock of

☞ ROOM PAPERS, ☜

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

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To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

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To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

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Agent in Ottawa, R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—THE McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A, Secretary McGill University.

1342 1awt4J

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

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PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

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FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science.*

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

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Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

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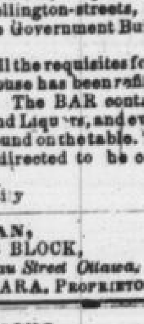
ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

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CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

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WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, No 85 Rideau street.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26. 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Ja2-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT, 39,6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

EDUCATIONAL.

To School Teachers and all Others Whom it May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Richmond Circuit Board of Public Instruction in the County of Carleton" will meet in the TOWN HALL Richmond, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST Day of June next, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the examination of Teachers and general business.

JOSEPH HINTON, Secretary. C B PETTIT, M A, Chairman.

Richmond, May 23, 1870 1367 1-24 3

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 25, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

18 6m WM HALPENNY.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such, as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, [...] of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. [...] merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled Consumption is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the Cherry Pectoral. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the Cherry Pectoral they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—[...] Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonald, [...] McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, [...] Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its longer experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is [...] not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the liberality and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to [...] important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [...]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 34, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a General Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof [...]

Those not having had a trial of our [...] requested to call and judge for themselves [...] your neighbours who have tried our [...] Liquors. All Goods warranted and delivered FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

☞ Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, [...] relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid, the GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache [...] three minutes. Neuralgia, an acute [...] face, is distinguishable from rheumatism [...] intenseness of its pain and the [...] attack, may be cured within two minutes [...] Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable [...] and contains nothing which can injure [...] system either by outward or inward application [...] Try it and you will not be disappointed. [...] by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER, Exchange Hotel, [...]

1304 1y

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 33, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES [...] Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 130. OTTAWA, MONDAY, MAY 30, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC, DEALER IN Shelf and Heavy Hardware, HENEY'S STONE BUILDING, ...ington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa. Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c. *Always on Hand.*

...December 28, 1869. 1256.1

...NIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA* ...ING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT *(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)* ...for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ...Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ..., Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ..., Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

...SS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, ...numerous other articles necessary to con... a complete stock.

...EAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young ..., quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on ...

...IQUORS— ...Brandies; Renault & Co. Hen..., Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtmans, in wood ... bottle.

WINES— Sherries, all grades, Ports of fine ..., Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines ..., in wood and bottle, improved by age.

...HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, ...proof and ..., at extremely low prices. ...'s and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Tom. ...'s Irish Whiskey. ...'s Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ...'s and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades.

...OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE ...SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. 1105

...PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY ...ated under *Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.* ...HEAD OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: ...SEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ...FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ...SMOND, Manager. 1141tf

...H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS DEALERS IN ...Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st. ...advanced on goods consigned for immediate ... Prompt returns in all cases. R. M. EASTON

...DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. ...ere gentlemen can be accommodated ...comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen ...the Capital will find superior accommodation ...by the day or week at moderate terms. ...This house is situated in the immediate ... of the Parliament Buildings and the ...banks. 2191f

Educational.

...ANCE AND DEPORTMENT. ...Mrs Stewart having made arrangements ...accomplished lady teacher, announces ...Dancing Classes will commence on ...day, the 22nd instant. ...further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ...September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his ... patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, ... their orders for tuning more promptly ... heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. ...received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ..., and at S. Miles' Music Store. GEO. N. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY. ...R. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o... Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau... street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 25, 1868. 775y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS. ...Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC ..., Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday ... Friday, on and after Monday, the 25th April ... purpose of giving thorough instruction in the ... principles of music, especially as applied to the study of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr H.B. FRIPP, conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society, formerly organist of the ... of the Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of ..., Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. ... course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a ... Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. ... to be limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

...NUAL NOTICE. CLOSE OF THE LISTS ... share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last. CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1847. To enable persons at a distance to complete the ... For those relating to their APPLICATIONS ... sharing in the Profits above referred to, all applications which may be PERFECTED on or ... TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY, ... to be included in the Lists of the closing year. ...HADDOCK, Agent, Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

G... R. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, between Dalhousie street and Cumberland ..., Ottawa. 1332 3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE. SELLING AT COST PRICE To all CASH PURCHASERS, For one month only, commencing on the 20th ... The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock READY MADE CLOTHING Which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself. T RAJOTTE 1364 1y

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK DONE AT ESMONDE'S. LOOK OUT FOR THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, AND BUY NO OTHER, ALSO THE KEDZIE FILTER, An immense quantity of BATHS, In a few days at ESMONDE'S

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.* FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868. No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada: No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000. B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B. For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81. The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him. B. R. CORWIN, Manager. Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY. NOTICE. STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places: In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY. In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John Street. In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS. In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office. In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE. In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers nor upon the Company until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company. By order of the Board, JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President. W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary. Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 2m

THE COURT OF REVISION For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th DAY of MAY, 1870, At Two o'clock p. m. W P LETT, City Clerk. Ottawa, May 10, 1870 1355 6

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU-ST., *Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.,* IMPORTERS OF HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. STOVES, STOVES, COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES, in great variety. *Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.* ON HAND, JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S PLATED WARE, *Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.* Ottawa, November 13, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa. Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability. REFERENCES. Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq. 1324tf

NOTICE. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS to LEND on city and country property, in sums of $100 and upwards, at a low rate of interest and upon very easy and advantageous terms to the borrower. Choice Villa Lots for sale, suitable for gentlemen's country residences, in blocks, containing from half an acre to 10 acres, within a few minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of payment very easy. Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor. Bangs' Block, nearly opposite the Post Office entrance, next door to the Custom House. 1367 3m

To Let.

TO LET. To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms. Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate. Apply to I B TACKABERRY. Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347 1m

TO LET. The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Vittoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May. Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street, Or to D GRAHAM, ESQ., Collector of Customs. 1344tf

TO LET, On the 1st May next, No. 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River. Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace. 1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANT. ANNUAL CIRCULAR. Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge. OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his friends, to whom he returns thanks for past favours, that he continues to give his personal attendance to the sale of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporation, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing Estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for "breach of contract" should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Again soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an active experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises. A ROWE. Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1296 tf

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that as the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods, sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 23. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale. J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer. Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND, which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of Soft Soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back disease; Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel. Cure for Bunions. Cure for Piles. Cure for the Heart Disease. Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaint can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are infested with any such disease should make application to P. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to for the public.

OUT TO-DAY. THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for 1870.* To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND. 1366tf

Groceries.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS. *Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Rotterdam.* THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine, and Misa.

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's ... first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order.

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make.

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run try it. It will recommend itself.

TEAS, Blacks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment,

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin.

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS. All kinds of highest strength.

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and "Egg Powder," to arrive. A great saving.

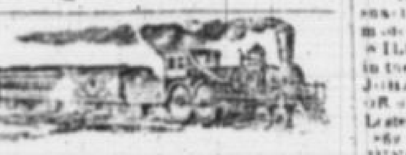
The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited. For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 26, Rideau street, Ottawa. 3rd Dec, 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS, BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.* To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET.*

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA. 1869, WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. 1870 Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8:30 a.m.
Night do do do do do 7:30 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 5:10 a.m.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:15 a.m.
Trains for Lachine at ... 5:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, 5 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a.m.
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a.m.
Express for New York and Boston at ... 4:30 p.m. via Vermont Central.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 5 a m, 4.40 p m.
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p.m.
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

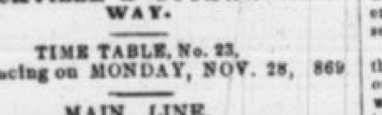
The steamer *Carlotta* leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday. She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. Montreal, December, 1869.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agent.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY. TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 28, 1869

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p m, 7.4 a m, arriving at Sandpoint at 10.00 p m, ... p m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a m and 2.3 p m, arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p m, 8.3 p m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p m and 9.05 a m arriving at Smith's Falls 6.25 p m and 9.55

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a m and 6.35 p m, arriving at Perth at 10.55 a m and 7.2 p m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth. No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west. No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west. H. ABBOTT, *Managing Director.*

WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY. *Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.*

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under: Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 2.30 p m, connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B. Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a m, and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p m. VERNON SMITH. Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES. New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall, New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall, New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall. Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall. All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser. Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall. Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual. J BOYDEN, General Agent. Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

TO MERCHANT TAILORS. Wanted by a respectable man a situation as CUTTER; thoroughly understands his business. Four years experience in the west end of London, England. Address W B, Times office. 1366tf

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1847. The only Canadian Life Company authorised by Government for the Dominion. Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices. The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice. Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario. A G RAMSAY, Manager. R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office. May 16, 1870. 1359d

IN CHANCERY. In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME the executor of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March 18.., are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa, on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims. Dated this 4th day of May, 1870. J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa. Ottawa, May 4, 1870 1350tf

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY. Just received *Ex St. David.* From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead, *A Genuine Article.* JAS BUCHANAN, ... Ottawa, February 26, 1870. 1294tf

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine. Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s. N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil. AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855, First class Meda., ALF. LABARRAQUE & CO. QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, Approved by Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

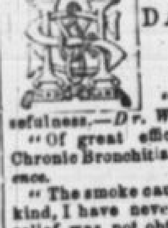
The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example, with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT. FOR SALE On Liberal Terms a Stock of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS, Together with the LEASE OF STORE, —AND A— WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, Carried on by D. T BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST., In Ottawa. Application to be made to C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal, Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa. Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf



FOR ASTHMA. and Chronic Bronchitis DATURA TATULA, *Affords Immediate Relief.* "A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.* "Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.* "The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.* In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s. Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s. Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s. SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London. AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE, Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq. Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted. S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands. 1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS. The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, Specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next. Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House." The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract. The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton. April 29, 1870. 1346 a

WANTED. APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO. 1367tf

POST OFFICE OTTAWA. Arrival and Departure of Mails. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c.			12.15		11.30	4.30
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		11.30	5.30
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15		11.30	
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15		11.30	4.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Quyon, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00	11.30	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00			5.00
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c., by Stage	7.30					
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		11.30	5.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.50	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Karabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	6.00					6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

BRITISH MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

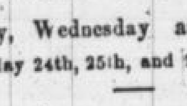
POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER GUIDE. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart ... 8.10 a m, 1.00 p m, 10.00 p m
Arrive ... 4.50 p m, 11.00 a m, 9.00 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west. OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. H TAYLOR, Agents.

WHITBY RACES. 1870. 1870.



The Ontario Turf Club Spring Races will come off over the Whitby Course on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th, 25th, and 26th, 1870.

FIRST DAY.

Queen's Plate of 50 Guineas—The gift of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province of Ontario, that never won public money, T. C. W. A dash of 2 miles. Entrance free.

$225—Whitby Purse—Open to all. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs., a dash of 2 miles. First horse, $150; second, $50; and $25 to the third, if more than three start.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, owned and trained in the Province, that never beat 2 45 on any track. First horse, $100; second, $25. Mile heats, three-in-five to harness; weights, 145 lbs.

SECOND DAY.

$250—Turf Club Purse—Open to all horses. First horse, $200; second, $50. Dominion-bred horses allowed 7 lbs. Two-mile heats, T. C. W.

$125—Province Purse—Open to all Dominion-bred horses. First horse, $100; second, $25. Dash of 1¼ miles, T. C. W. Winner once, 5 lbs.; twice, 10 lbs; three times, 11 lbs.

$125—Trotting Purse—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, that never beat 3 minutes on any track; mile heats, three-in-five. First horse, $100, second, $25, weights, 145 lbs.

THIRD DAY.

$200—A Hurdle Race—A dash of 2 miles over eight hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high. First horse $150, second $50; weights 150 lbs.

$150—Province Handicap—Open to all horses bred, raised and owned in this Province, $15 each, $150 added; second horse to receive $50 out of stakes. A dash of Two miles.

$200—Trotting Purse—Open to all; mile heats, three-in five. First horse, $150, second $50; weights, 145 lbs. to harness.

$50—Consolation Purse—Of $5 each, with $50 added, for beaten horses only. A dash of one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Entrance for all horses, 10 per cent.
2. Four or more horses to make a field not less than three to start.
3. Riders to appear in full Jockey costume; colors to be named at the time of entry. Any Jockey presenting himself to weigh, improperly dressed, shall be fined $5.
4. Decision of the Judges to be final.
5. All entries to be made in writing; such entry to specify the age, name, colour, sex, sire and dam of the horse, with the *bona fide* owner's name; such entry to be enclosed in a sealed envelope with entrance money, also membership, addressed to the Secretary.
6. Membership $5.
7. Entries for the Queen's Plate and Province Handicap, to close on the 1st of May; all others on the 20th May.
8. Races will commence each day at 1 o'clock.

GRAND TRUNK ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE RACES—A special train will leave Toronto for Whitby, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the Queen's Birthday. Return Tickets will be issued at all the Stations between Guelph and Belleville, inclusive, at a single first-class fare, on the 24th, 25th and 26th May, valid for return up to the 27th.

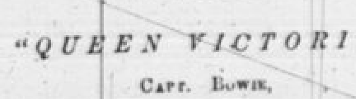
Messrs. QUIMBY and PAGE will sell Pools during the meeting. THOMAS HUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer. 1369

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870. SPRING IMPORTATIONS. O'MEARA & CO. Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS. Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS. THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles. Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.* Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS. Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter. Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale. A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS. MAIL STEAMER *"QUEEN VICTORIA,"* CAPT. BOWIE, Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily. MARKET STEAMER FAIRY CAPT. NICHOLS, Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m. R W SHEPHERD. Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

ICE, ICE, ICE. The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00. Terms payable in advance. Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement. All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to. THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street. 1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK —OF— FEET WARE AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET. I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunnella, in Buttoned Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morrocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronised, and at prices as usual defying competition. GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE. MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA *WHITE BEANS,* At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street. Ottawa May 18, 1870

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES. Arrived this day: Vin d'ordinaire, Vin de St. George, Malaga, Madeira, Cognac Vieux, Eau de vie St. George, Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Martha, Creme de Moka, Olives, &c. J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street. Ottawa, May 20, 1870

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER, No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market, Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it. Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF. Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

FOR SALE. CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra. S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 6, 1870. 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, BY MRS. FRASER. York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa. Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
The St Lawrence & Ottawa Railroad—Thos Reynolds.
Fenians Beware—H. Meadows & Co.
To-Let—Joseph Bryden.
Auction Sale—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

Office: 38, Sparks Street.

MONDAY MAY 30, 1870.

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

We are extremely sorry to learn that the warm weather has had a weakening effect upon Sir John, and that it has been considered expedient to again send for Dr. Campbell from Montreal.

THE CONTRACTS

The Railway Commissioners, Messrs. Walsh, Chandler and McLellan, have gone to Montreal, to consult with Mr. Brydges, the other Commissioner, in the matter of awarding the contracts. They are evidently anxious to do justice, and, we have no doubt, will succeed in doing so.

SIR GEORGE E. CARTIER.

It is particularly fortunate that at this crisis—when Sir John A. Macdonald is prostrated by disease—there should be at the helm of affairs a man of such endurance as Sir George E. Cartier. From the commencement of the raid until now Sir George's activity has been increasing. His comprehensiveness, his continued watchfulness the variety of subjects to be, at one and the same moment, attended to, the constant mental activity and bodily exertion, which Sir George has undergone, would have worn out an ordinary man. But he has stood it all, and will carry the country through all its troubles.

THE BARBARISM OF FENIANISM.

There is a probability that the action taken by President Grant, which, to do him justice, he now seems to be energetically following up, will very materially assist in repressing the lawless scoundrels, who, in addition to the immediate mischief they cause, would unhesitatingly embroil two nations in war, with all the concomitant horrors of such a state of things, by sea and land. His lively energy, now that action has been determined upon, is certainly commendable, and it should not be spoiled in any way, by the stupidity or officious meddling of those sent to carry out his instructions. In the telegraphic report of the night before last, there is a statement to the effect that "Marshal" or "General" Foster attempted to recover some packages of arms which had belonged to the Fenians, rather suddenly as unexpectedly taken possession of by the British volunteers, the reply being that they could only be obtained at the point of the bayonet. It is, of course, difficult to estimate correctly a proceeding so loosely stated as this seems to be. This, however, we know. The temper of the times do not permit of any proceeding which might have the effect of breeding mischief, between the authorities of two governments acting avowedly with a common object. The chief business to be done now is that of snuffing out Fenianism. There must not be a single spark left after the flame is extinguished. The rascality which would trample upon Canadian institutions one hour, and on Nicaraguan or Cuban the next, must be completely stamped out. Fenianism can have no place on this continent. It is a secret political organization of a worse description than the Illuminati or Carbonari of the European continent. It has its paid, and sworn, and watched assassins. It has its secret agents. It has its midnight meetings, and solemn ceremonials. It has its death-bonds. It has all those horrible attributes of illegal combination which Sir Walter Scott in his Anne of Gierstein, so graphically describes. It will immure a Prince in a dungeon, destroy a priest in a well, toss the statesman into the black rapidly rolling river at the witching time of night, and blight the prospects of all who come within reach of its poisonous machinations. Fenianism is a cover for the most infamous rascality. It is the bane of freedom. It keeps down conscience, and makes crime a virtue. It lives upon ignorance and rules it. We can respect men banded together in the cause of liberty—men conscientiously striving for freedom. A Tell, or a Garibaldi, or a Kossuth, a Wallace, a Bruce, or a Kosciusko, whatever their errors may be, are applauded by all who love liberty of thought and action. But who speaks exultingly of Jack Cade, glories in the vitriolic eccentricities of John Mitchell, or favours the insane escapades of a Walker or a Lopez? There is no love for Ireland in Fenianism. There is no regard for the moral welfare or intellectual elevation of Ireland among that class of persons leagued together as Fenians. Hatred of England is not love of Ireland. Love of Ireland would consist in a sincere desire to elevate the land, to give more food, and, consequently, increased population, to produce content, to elevate character, to promote industry, and in a word to so advance the progress of civilization that a country which is now too indolent to cultivate wheat, and so idle as to live upon the potato, growing while men sleep, might emerge into a people having personal wants, which must be satisfied. Ireland wants work. That is her real grievance. Ireland wants money to produce work. Ireland wants steam to compensate for a lack of water power. Ireland wants more knowledge for the masses so that they may be able to discriminate between the blatant ravings of professional patriots, and the actual requirements of the people. Fenianism is a curse to Ireland and on this free side of the Atlantic—where the political and religious conscience is as free as the wind—is a disgrace and humiliation to all, who know of what Irishmen are capable. It lowers all Ireland; makes the Irishman of intelligence in America blush for shame. Fenianism is the badge of barbarism attached to a people capable of the highest degree of civilisation.

THE PHILO-BURSTERS.

Henceforth, in speaking of the Raiders, we shall omit the term Fenians, and use that of American Fillibusters instead. This is, however, a thoroughly Irish word, as if written thus *philo-bursters* it would signify lover of rows, which is a Fenian characteristic.

The *Saturday Review* scouts the idea expressed in some quarters that the Washington authorities are in consonance with the Fenian raid.

The *Times* thinks that the *Fenian attempt* will not be absolutely regretted if it will only prompt the United States to such action as shall prevent a repetition of such outrages.

DUTCH-FENIANS.

The gallant 43rd regiment of Carleton volunteers, under the command of Colonel Bearman, received the route for the front somewhat unexpectedly yesterday morning. The general assembly was sounded at 2:30, and at three the gallant fellows were off to Prescott, greatly rejoicing in the prospect of a brush with the hated Fenians. There was good cause for this sudden movement to the front. Our untiring Minister of Militia, Sir George E. Cartier, had received a number of highly important and alarming telegrams to the effect that Father McMahon, of Penitentiary notoriety—the innocent of Ridgeway—had made his appearance in the Fenian camp, with a view to reconcile the ruffians to their new leader, Gleason, and to revive their oozing courage by glowing pictures of a victorious future in Canada, and uninterrupted happiness to accrue therefrom to their beloved Ireland. Gleason, although an ex-Confederate officer, was an Irishman, and acquainted with war, and, therefore should be trusted. He was, in fact, fully equal to the task which he had undertaken, as were Spier and Starr, and all the host of them holding high command among the pirates. McMahon, the godly, accomplished, and highly educated, whose letters were such admirable specimens of literary composition as to be especially valuable in that as in every other respect, marvellous as it may seem, quite succeeded, and the starving pirates consented again to run amuck at some other Colonel Chamberlin, with, in all human probability, a similar result. It was instantly resolved, lest the courage of "the patriots" should evaporate, to make a dash at Prescott, from Ogdensburgh, to take Fort Wellington and the ancient Windmill at the point of the bayonet last night. There was not a moment to be lost. It was to be done last night. It was supposed that nearly all the troops had been concentrated in the neighborhood of Pidgeon Hill and Trout River, and that Prescott would easily succumb to a sudden dash. Such was the intention—and, as the Montreal *Herald* expresses it: "Crowds of citizens were looking on, many approving, none, apparently expressing or experiencing any disgust or horror at the crime about to be committed." There were present men — not Fenians—to whom it was but "a holiday show" to see a gang of ruffians set out from their midst for purposes of murder, outrage, and plunder"—men who "regretted the Fenian failure so far as that ridicule had thereby been thrown on a good cause—a cause, whose success involves the destruction of the families, honour and properties of hundreds and thousands of a population, who are no more responsible for any wrongs that Ireland may suffer than the writer of the *Tribune*," who like other editors of United States newspapers, approve of a raid, which their own Government has been compelled to condemn. What might have happened may be inferred. No man who had crossed the river to attack Prescott would have been able to get back again. There would have been no necessity for paying passages home to discomfited Fenians. The bones of that scum of humanity, made up of border Americans, the bully outcasts of the semi-barbarian wilderness, and of heavy-bottomed Dutchmen, as well as the genuine Irish Yankee, would, in that happy event, rot here and remain here until this earth, at the sound of the last trumpet, shall disgorge its dead. They are, however, not to come. Simultaneously with the arrival of Father McMahon at Malone, came a United States Marshal, who, in spite of the Revd. Father's eloquent speech and long and terrible previous sufferings in the cause of Ireland, conceived it to be his duty to arrest his reverence, which, it is said, was done yesterday at Malone. The leaders of the gang—Gleason, Spears, and Starr—were also placed in gaol, and the danger which had so abruptly called off the gallant 43rd was over. The sun will again be permitted to set all being quiet along the Potomac. This is, to some extent, satisfactory. It is not however, satisfactory to find by the tone of the American press and the conduct of the American people that this troubling of our borders is due to their sympathy or in their apathy. Among the so called Fenians are Dutchmen, who may take some interest in Holland, but have none in Ireland—they have no wrongs to complain of unless it be the treatment which their forefathers experienced when they fought under William at the Boyne. Then the Dutch had some slight acquaintance with Irish affairs, and they seem an odd class of people to be in our day, assisting in the redress of Irish wrongs. Dutch Fenians and Yankee Fenians are strange anomalies, in connection with the wrongs of Ireland. Even the New York *World* marvels at the presence of a Vermonter in "the army" and thus describes the circumstance: "It is a curious touch that when the Fenian commander put Captain William Cronan, of the Burlington company, in the advance at Pigeon Hill, the captain took off his hat, said he was proud Vermont led the way, and forthwith went into action. What connection Vermont had with a Fenian raid on Canada the gallant captain failed to indicate; but as he seems to have been one of the half dozen men who did any fighting, had one of his company killed, and received a wound himself, the little bull in his war-cry may be forgiven." The only connection that can be fancied is that there is greenness common to both—the green mountaineer and the green islander were equally verdant as they were equally wicked. It is the popularity of this outrage upon Canada with the American people, and which has been and is now winked at by the American Government, which disgusts the people here. It is absurd to lay the blame on the Irish residents of the United States alone. Without the countenance of the American people, Fenianism in the shape, which it has assumed, would never have had an existence. The American Government have pampered to it, thinking to profit by it, and fear, not favour, has prompted their interference at the eleventh hour. "I did not expect this," said O'Neill, as he was thrust into the carriage which carried him off to gaol. Nor did Mr. McMahon, nor Gleason, nor Spears, nor Starr, expect a U. S. prison instead of a victory on British soil. They expected the forbearance of the United States Government, and the *World* is so astounded that the President issued his proclamation against the Algerine-like pirates, that he asks if it be true that the anti-Fenian proclamation was forced out of Grant by British threats? Assuredly it is true. Nothing could be so entirely true. The act is an act of war. No nation has any right, any more than Algiers had, to harbour pirates ready at any moment to issue forth and prey upon humanity. This raid is one for which the United States Government are not only morally but legally responsible. The United States are clearly guilty of having lent a moral support to outrageous villanies and they must be held responsible for them. No words could be more applicable than those from the Montreal *Herald*:—

"Is it part of a magnanimous people to afford this shelter to skulking cowards, who would pillage if they had the opportunity, and who run at the first appearance of danger. We cannot think so, and of one thing we are perfectly sure—that Providence has its revenge for those criminal connivances as it has against all other persistent offences against the great law of right and wrong. We may be the first sufferers; but assuredly no society ever permitted or fostered lawlessness and violence,' perpetrated by great bodies of its own citizens, without some day meeting a terrible catastrophe from the engine of mischief which they had themselves set up.

It is said that the Fenian leaders have abandoned further efforts at invasion, and that their deluded followers are now seeking food and transport to their homes, or marauding in search of the necessaries of life. No change will, however, be immediately made in respect to defence, nor will the Canadian authorities be lulled into false security.

We are informed on authority that all reports as to defeat or casualties amongst the Regular Troops or the Canadian Volunteer Militia have been utterly without foundation. The Volunteer Militia, whether acting alone or in conjunction with regular troops have, notwithstanding their enthusiasm at being called into the field, shewn coolness, steadiness and good discipline.

We are authorized to state that the extra issued last Sunday evening, as people were coming out of Church, was all a lie and a most diabolical outrage on public morality and decency, as the telegraph communications received by the Government up to 10 o'clock last night, did not contain one word of the statements made in the extra, but on the contrary contradicts them in toto, so that the thing must have been got up to make a paltry few dollars on a Sabbath evening, as there was no means of contradicting the news until Monday morning. Weak minded people, women and children, would be frightened and troubled all night on account of it. We hope his Worship will make an enquiry into this most outrageous and immoral act, and prevent a repetition of it.

EFFICIENCY OF OUR VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION.—Much credit is due to Brigade Major Jackson for the prompt and efficient manner in which he carried out the Adjutant General's order. In three hours after he received the telegram to take the necessary precaution to defeat a reported attempt to seize Prescott he obtained the steamer Prescott, and manned the same, which patrolled the river till daylight; also put the strong garrison now at Prescott on the alert. While we have such officers and men so willing to defend their country, we are all safe. On the 25th inst., the Adjutant General ordered 800 men to be concentrated at Cornwall. Within forty-eight hours eighty-eight officers and 896 men were reported as being under arms and ready for service.

AN OFF HANDED WAY OF DOING BUSINESS.—The New York *Herald* very candidly states that this is not a Fenian, but an American raid, in order to turn England out of holding Canada as one of her possessions, and advises her to hand over our Dominion in payment for the *Alabama* claims.

SEIGNIORY OF SOREL.

At a numerous meeting of the freeholders of the Royal Seignory of Sorel, convoked by the Mayors of the three parishes concerned—St. Pierre de Sorel, Ste. Victoire and St. Robert—and holden on the public square, in front of the Parochial Church, at Sorel, on Monday, the 23rd May, 1870.

Robert Henry Kittson, Esquire, was called upon to preside, and L. E. D. Cartier, Esq., N. P., to act as Secretary.

Mr. Crebassa, N. P., the Hon. Mr. Guevremont and T. McCarthy, Esq., M. P., having successively addressed the meeting, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

1st. On motion of G. H. Bramley, Esq., seconded by Mr. P. Latraverse,

That the right of the inhabitants of Sorel to hold their lands and lots of land, under the soccage tenure, being based upon the pledged faith of the Crown of England, as well as upon the law of the country, it is proper that all legitimate proceedings, for its maintenance, should be taken, and vigorously followed up.

2nd. On motion of Mr. W. B. Aird, seconded by Mr. G. Letendre,

That it is expedient that an humble petition be immediately transmitted to the Imperial authorities, setting forth the rights and privileges promised and secured by the instructions of His Majesty, King George the Third, regarding the settlement of this Seigniory; and that the Federal authorities be memorialized to suspend all proceedings until the said petition shall have been decided on.

3rd. On motion of Mr. John McCarthy, seconded by Mr. P. Champagne,

That it is with pain we have learned of the conduct touching this question of some one of the honorable members of the Government to whom we have always given our support, as it is impossible to understand how they can persistently protect the personal interests of individuals to the detriment of the public.

4th. On motion of Mr. N. F. Patenaude, seconded by J. O. DuPlessis, Esq.,

That it is with pleasure we see that the Committee on Printing has recommended the report of the Select Committee, named by the Senate, should be printed, which will enable us more easily to claim our rights in the Commons or the Senate, and before the Imperial or Federal authorities.

5th. On motion of Mr. Felix Pelcquin, seconded by Mr. Edward Cartier,

That this meeting feels confident that the Government will not persist in wishing to sell the Seigniory to individuals to the prejudice of the proprietors, until the report of the Committee is printed, and until we have had an opportunity of submitting the same to the proper authorities.

6th. On motion of Mr. Francois Felix, seconded by Mr. B. Mondor,

That this meeting condemns the conduct of certain persons of this locality, who, from private personal interest, or actuated by mean jealousy, opposed us in obtaining justice to our claim.

7th. On motion of Mr. A. Leclerc, seconded by Mr. P. Lavallee,

That the proprietors in the Saguenay highly appreciate the valuable services rendered to their cause by John George Crebassa, Esquire, Notary, and also take this occasion of expressing their acknowledgements to the Hon. Mr. Guevremont and Mr. McCarthy, M. P., for their support in urging their rights.

The thanks of the meeting having been voted to the President and Secretary, the proceedings were closed.

(Signed), ROBERT H. KITTSON, President.
L. E. D. CARTIER, Secretary.

Is it really the case that the anti-Fenian proclamation was forced out of Grant by English threats.—*New York World.*

Our esteemed friend, Moore A. Higgins, Esq., spent a few days in Dublin, en route to Killarney, to sojourn among his numerous relations and friends in that picturesque region. His many friends in Canada will be pleased to hear that his health has greatly improved since he crossed the Atlantic. No doubt the pure and invigorating air of his native land, and relaxation from the constant and onerous duties which have devolved upon him for the last thirty years, will completely reinstate him in health and vigor. I sincerely hope so.—*Canadian Freeman.*

LONDON, May 28.—The Frenchfeat is broke on the 26th.

What our Reporter Says.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

The following account of O'Neill's arrest is taken from the correspondence to the Toronto *Telegraph*:

The advance was then resumed, and as Capt. Cronan's company was descending a hill toward the line, the fight was commenced by the Canadians firing upon them from concealed positions. Cronan's men returned the fire. Gen. O'Neil took an exposed position and began to survey the position of the enemy through his glass. The field is in a valley running north and south, and crossing this right on the line is another valley, running east and west, at the bottom of which runs a small brook. The Canadians were posted beyond this second valley on the west side of the road, behind the rocks and the trees on the steep hill side. The Fenians took up their position on a hill south of the mill occupied by the Canadians, and their position is nearly as strong as that of their opponents. A large number of citizens, who were assembled to witness the engagement, were surprised to find themselves under fire without warning. About 1 o'clock, when Gen. O'Neil had just gone to the right of his command, which was on the road, Gen. Foster, who had his close carriage brought up to a near position, seized General O'Neil and arrested him. Gen. O'Neil stood back and said he refused to be arrested, when Gen. Foster seeing two companies of reinforcements near at hand, thrust Gen. O'Neil into the back seat of the carriage in an instant. Quick as thought they jumped into their seats and the driver lashed their horses from the field with the greatest speed, Gen. O'Neil in the meantime having been cautioned that any out-cry might cost him his life. They arrived at the Milden House, in this village, at 3:55 p.m., and when they left they were still fighting. There are two killed and five wounded, one mortally, one of whom was Captain Cronan, who was shot in the thigh. Reinforcements to the number of 150, under the command of Major Moor, of New York, arrived at Franklin at about 1 o'clock.

HALF AN HOUR WITH O'NEIL.

After General O'Neil was arrested, by the courtesy of the United States officials, I was permitted to have an interview with him.

He appeared terribly chagrined at his arrest, and vented all manner of oaths against the Yankee Government for interfering with him. At first he did not seem inclined to converse with your reporter, but after a time he relaxed a little, though he still evidently spoke with some reserve.

THE INTERVIEW.

Reporter—General, will you kindly relate how the capture was effected.

General O'Neil—I was surveying the Canadians through my glass, and selecting positions, when that d——d Foster laid hands on me. I was completely taken by surprise, but refused to yield to his authority.

Reporter—How did he compel you to accompany him, seeing you were surrounded by Government men?

General—There you are mistaken. I was on American soil, while my men had crossed or were crossing the line, and were some distance from me when Foster interfered.

Reporter—But surely they would have come at your call when they saw you in danger.

General—I was taken by surprise, and had not time to call them, and Foster threatened my life if I said a word.

Reporter—How is this likely to affect the movement?

General—Very little. Of course my arrest at the commencement is very dispiriting; but there are hundreds of experienced officers, who have seen service, who can supply my place.

Reporter—What are your hopes of success?

General—They are positive. We have a larger number of well organized men moving to the front than most people have any idea of, and now that the friends of Ireland see we are in earnest, there will be no lack of funds.

Reporter—But Canada seems well prepared to meet you.

General—Yes, at one or two places; but we can form a line of attack all along the border. We'll whip the Saxon pride yet, by——!

Reporter—How many men can you place in the field?

General—Fully twenty thousand.

The jail official here notified that all the time he could allow to see the prisoner had expired, so after a friendly good night, I parted from the great Fenian General.

Recent Appointments.

From the Canadian Freeman.

There is something specially gratifying in the manner in which the Dominion Government has filled up two important offices within the past few days. The new Governor of Manitoba has been found in the person of the Hon. Adams G. Archibald of Nova Scotia; a gentleman of accomplished manners, pleasing address, and great experience in public affairs. He is known as a man of liberal sentiments, a sound constitutional lawyer, and one who has already proved his devotion to the cause of British American Union. Not tinged with the prejudice of either Quebec or Ontario he will go up there to do equal justice to all classes of the Queen's subjects. His experience in the art of Civil Government will stand him in good stead in directing the organization of the new government of Manitoba, and we anticipate the happiest results from his apointment.

The other nomination to which we refer is that of the Hon. Mr. Kenny to the temporary position of Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia. This appointment has been made because of the necessary absence of Sir Hastings Doyle for a few months; and that it should be conferred upon an Irish Catholic gentleman of the unblemished character and high standing of Edward Kenny, is an occasion of congratulation. None have stood higher than Mr. Kenny in his own Province, and when, at the time of the Union, it was necessary to make concessions for the harmonious working of the new government. None will forget the generous course of the late Hon. T. D. McGee, in stepping aside on the one condition that Mr. Kenny—as an Irish Catholic representative in the person of Mr. Kenny—should be called into office in his stead. This arrangement also taxed the self denial of Mr. Tupper, who, in fairness to his old allies had to give way in order that Mr. Kenny might be brought in. The settlement was honourable to our public men, as showing that they could sacrifice personal claims to public interests. Now, however, that Mr. Archibald has been sent on another mission, and that Mr. Kenny has been released of Ministerial office, a post that he never coveted, it is true to say that Dr. Tupper's claims should be recognized, and also that at least one Irish Catholic should be appointed to the Dominion Cabinet. We are proud of Mr. Kenny's election to the Lieutenant Governorship of Nova Scotia, and sure that he will honor the position; but we ask that one be appointed to succeed him in the Government. Next week we may have more to say on this point.

The *Post* admits that the Washington Government has done all that can be reasonably required.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, [illegible] Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. [illegible] Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

Another Fenian Raid,

From the Toronto Globe.

We are again in the midst of all the turmoil, trouble and expense of another Fenian Raid. The excitement among the Irish population of the Northern cities of the United States—of which we yesterday gave full details—continued throughout Tuesday night and yesterday. Armed bodies of Fenians were reported to be gathering in all the towns, and large detachments of them were stated to have gone by railway from different points towards the Canadian border. The numbers reported were grossly exaggerated—but by noon yesterday it was ascertained beyond doubt, that a raid into our country was really to be attempted, and that the point selected for crossing the line was near St. Albans, on the northern border of the State of Vermont, and about fifty miles south of Montreal. General Lindsay took immediate measures for sweeping the horde of miscreants out of the country should they cross the lines. The Quebec Militia responded gallantly to his summons; and in the afternoon, some three hundred of the Fenians having ventured to appear on Canadian soil, they were at once attacked by a body of Volunteers under Colonel Chamberlin, and driven back with the loss of several men. We do not doubt that the gallant example thus set by the Quebec Volunteers will be followed by their compatriots all over the Dominion, and that wherever the ruffians show themselves across our border they will meet the same reception they have encountered at Cook's Corners.

It was not to be expected but that the exaggerated intelligence coming in hourly from all parts of the United States for two days past should have created some excitement throughout Canada. But we are glad to observe by our telegraphic despatches that, while there has been some natural excitement there has not been a particle of alarm in any section of the country. The feeling universally elicited has been mainly one of keen indignation and of earnest desire that the marauders should be allowed to penetrate some distance into the country, so that their punishment might be sure and memorable. So far as Toronto is concerned, with the exception of considerable gatherings at times round the newspaper offices, matters went on very much as usual.

But firmly as the people of Canada look this new outrage in the face—and resolutely as they are determined to deal with the horde of plunderers now swarming on their borders—how shall we find words to express fitting indignation for the position of the American nation in this infamous affair? The people of Canada are at peace with the people of the United States; not the slightest question of variance exists between them; their Governments are perfectly in accord; large commercial operations are going on constantly between them;—and, yet, here is a formal invasion of our country by citizens of the United States, got up and prosecuted in open day for the avowed purpose of plunder and slaughter, and without even the pretext of a quarrel to palliate its atrocity. To say the least, our young men are to be drawn away from their industrial occupations, their families kept in excitement, new undertakings paralysed, and immigration driven from our shores by an organization of the citizens of a country with which we are at peace, and from the rulers of which we have the right to expect the usual manifestations, at any rate, of ordinary civility and fair play. And this organization, which has for its object our annoyance, injury and subjugation, has been ostentatiously encouraged by Legislators as well as members of the Executive in the States. It has never sought to conceal the nature of its projects or the means by which it proposed to secure the desired result. Its leaders have preached a crusade against Canada from one end of the Union to the other, and there has not been the shadow of an attempt to conceal the very practical means taken to give that crusade an effective character and course. It has, in fact, been an organization for levying war against this country, and has produced some, if not all, the effects of actual hostilities. The amount of expense to which it has subjected Canada, has not been small in actual outlay, but the farther loss caused by interruptions to trade has been infinitely greater. And all this the Government and people and the press of the United States have passively, if not actively, approved of and encouraged.

It is all very well to say that the United States Government has come in at the last hour, after things had gone so far that an overt act, as that is usually understood, was inevitable. The whole proceedings of the Fenians for years have been "overt," as none know better than the authorities at Washington. And the way these proceedings have been treated has been more likely to lead the "wearers of the green" to judge of the real wishes of their rulers, than any proclamation put out at the moment when they are just about to cross the border, and when they have already done more injury to the object of their malice than they could by the mere plunder of a few stores, or the burning of a few buildings. We do not say that President Grant does not desire to act in every respect as a peaceful neighbour to those with whom his country is at peace; but we do say that the manner in which he shows his leanings is of a very peculiar character.

But the British Government is not without blame in this matter, and it is time to say so very plainly. Her Majesty's Imperial Government has seen Canada for years past threatened with all the horrors of invasion, not only with perfect equanimity, but, we are bound to say, and we do it with regret, with easy indifference. The whole matter of Fenianism has been regarded as if it were merely a local affair, with which the Imperial authorities have no concern; and any injurious consequences from which have to be guarded against by Canada alone. Although this plotting against our peace has been going on for years, with the tacit consent of the United States Government, there has not yet been one effort made on the part of our Imperial authorities, by diplomacy or otherwise, to have the nuisance abated, or one request presented to the authorities at Washington for explanation, either as to the attitude they assume towards such organizations, or how they understand the obligations of rulers about levying war or permitting it to be levied against friendly powers. It is full time that something of this kind were set about, and that we knew exactly how we are situated. If it is in accordance with the ordinary comity of nations that the citizens of one country shall act towards those of another, during a time of peace, as the Fenians, for years past, have acted towards Canada, let that be formally and officially declared. Let us, if such is the law, have it in the shape of a diplomatic note that men can be drilled and uniformed ostentatiously for the avowed invasion of a nation at peace with that to which these men owe their allegiance; and can gather and transport from place to place, all the munitions of war professedly for a hostile descent upon such a country, and yet violate no municipal regulation. There has been far too long a delay in coming to a frank and full understanding on the subject. There is not a nation of any spirit which, in the presence of such hostile demonstrations and preparations, would not demand explanations and have a full, explicit understanding from the Government whose territory was being made a base for hostile aggression against a peaceful neighbour. And we cannot but add, that if England had acted with that firmness and straightforward decision by which her movements ought ever to be characterized, matters would not have remained so long in their present equivocal position. We should have long before this understood definitely whether we were at peace or war.

Badly as things have been managed, however, we shall find little difficulty in holding our own; and if the Americans think that by this continued menace of Fenianism, we are to be forced at last to seek rest in Annexation, they are fearfully mistaken. Britain cannot much longer allow things to go on as she has been doing without forcing even her children to believe that she is as *effete* as her enemies take pleasure in representing her to be;—but be that as it may, the course of discipline through which Canada is now passing expensive and annoying, though it be—will teach her people self-reliance, and make them only the more able and more determined to keep her soil clear of invaders, whether they come under a show of zeal for Ireland, or under any other disguise.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Doctor's bills are too long for a poor man's pocket, but many of them may be avoided by keeping GRACE'S SALVE in the cupboard. It is the "precious pot of ointment," curing burns, cuts, scalds, sprains, wounds, chilblains, chapped hands, &c. Prudent housewives will save their husbands' hard-earned money by purchasing a box of this salve.

WHAT FENIANISM IS.

From a Speech made in New York on Monday.

It was Fenianism which flashed through the pillar of fire, and fringed the curtain of cloud for the Israelites fleeing from oppression through divided seas. It stooped with Samson, between the main pillars of the temple, and danced for joy upon the ruins in which the tyrants were buried. It throbbed in the heart of David as he smote Goliah. It flamed before Belshazzar the Fenian motto, *Mene mene tekel upharsin*. It inspired the Athenian triumvirate to oppose the Persian hordes, whose armaments darkened the stormy Ægean, crowned the cause of freedom with the victory through Miltiades at Marathon, defied defeat under Leonidas at Thermopylæ, and scattered the hosts of despotism by Themistocles and Eurybiades at Salamis, Platea, and Mycale. It "welded at will the fierce democracy" of Pericles, inspired the accusing tongue of Lucretia, hurled Thrasybulus upon the thirty tyrants, and struck for Theban independence by Epaminondas at Leuctra. It pioneered the advance of the younger Cyrus and covered the Anabasis of Xenophon. It fired the tongue of Demosthenes, nerved the arm of Maccabeus, warmed the soul of Cicero, strengthened the arm of Boadicea, preached the crusades, wrung Magna Charta from John, guided the arrow of Tell to cleave the apple or drink the blood of Gesler. It laid the proud usurpers low, and tyrants fell at every blow from Wallace and Bruce at Falkirk and Bannockburn. It welcomed to their gory bed or to victory Scotchman whose blood dyed the heather, for the freedom of the soil on which it grew. It clothed itself in beauty in Joan of Arc. It stirred up O'Neill against Elizabeth. It crouched under the bridge, and slept in the cave of West Rock with the regicides, and wrote its condensed creed over its entrance: "Resistance to tyrants is obedience to God." It tipped with diamond the pen of Jefferson to write its own gospel in the Declaration of Independence, and gave power to the sword of Washington to vindicate it in the field. It kindled the fire on Prague's proud arch, and crimsoned the waters murmuring below. It flew in murmurs along the banners, and whispered revenge or death as the watchword and reply of those who fought and fell for Sarmatia. It mounted the scaffold with Robert Emmet, and stood beneath its shadow with O'Brien and Meagher. It gave John Barry and Paul Jones to our infant navy and Montgomery and Lafayette to our embryo army, and counted the arms which Cornwallis surrendered to its legions at Yorktown. It gave the light of hope through long ages of despotism to O'Neill O'Doherty, O'Toole, Sarsfield, Tone, Fitzgerald, Curran, Grattan, Emmet, O'Connell, Meagher, O'Brien, Mitchell, and the Manchester martyrs. It is the oxygen of the universe, the electricity of the Heavens. It is mining beneath the throne of every despot in the world. It is oxidizing the iron of every prison bar, and marches round the world to

"Earth's heavenliest music, the breaking of chains."

It floats down the Rhine, and up the Danube, sleeps on the Shannon, ripples the Seine, disturbs the Tagus, and with closed nostrils broods over the Thames. It soars with the eagle, sings with the lark, foams on the ocean, flows with the rivers, flashes with the lightning, peals in the thunder, and dances in the stars

"Lives through all life, extends through all extent.
Gives undivided, operates unspent."

(Applause.)

The Fenian Raid.

The information supplied to Parliament, and subsequently alluded to by the Gov. General when proroguing the House, touching the intention of the Fenians to inflict a raid on Canada, turns out to have been well-founded. Again the peace of this country is therathened by United States citizens, who have banded themselves together, under the designation of the Fenian Brotherhood, to slay our unoffending people and destroy their property. Such a state of things, though disquieting to us, is to the last degree disgraceful to the American government. In no other portion of the world can a counterpart to such proceedings be found, nor would any other government professing to be guided by the well-understood principles of international law and reciprocal obligations permit the continuance of an organization ostentatiously combined to carry on private war against a neighbouring and friendly population. Futile as the operations of the Fenians will be to effect anything of a permanent kind, or give rise to more than temporary injury and alarm, yet it is none the less true that their object is to subvert our government, and by embroiling the two nations in hostilities, seek an opportunity for successful rebellion in Ireland. The aim is to sacrifice Canada in the attempt to harass the English government, and though they profess to be actuated by no hostile feelings against us, yet they are willing to involve us in the direst calamities that can afflict society, if by so doing a tremour even can be set up at the chief seat of the British power. With the question how far Ireland may be well or badly governed, we in Canada have little to do. The subjects of the Crown in Ireland have the freest and fullest use of the constitution under which they live, and certainly it is not for want of effort on the part of the combined legislature if discontent prevails. But what is so obnoxious and unjust is that, the Administration of President Grant should allow the wrongs of Ireland, whatever they may be, to form a ground-work of plunder and rapine in Canada. If the American people desire war with England there are an ample number of national pleas upon which it could be launched, but it is in the highest degree un-national that a conspiracy is permitted to indulge in a war which the nation at large feels indisposed to enter upon. It would be far more dignified on the part of the United States, and better, in the long run, for Canada, if the supreme issue should at once take place, than that private and irresponsible war should be continually concocted. The mission of American troops could be understood, unpleasant though it would be, but as to the Fenian marauders they appear to hold no accountability either to God or man.—*London Free Press.*

The New York *Tribune* has an article on the Fenian attempt upon Canada, conceived in a vein of pleasantry, which is no doubt well adapted for dealing with so ridiculous and contemptible a fiasco as the capture of a General at the head of his troops by a civil officer with a pistol. But, in other respects, we cannot but say that the style of the article in question is very different from anything which was to be expected from a journal with the pretensions of the *Tribune*. That any reasonable man should be moved to laughter by so great an oratorical commencement, followed by so sudden, matter of fact, and base a conclusion, is what *no one* can be surprised at. But we cannot but think that indignation and not amusement should be the predominant feeling in the mind of every self-respecting citizen of the United States, who reads the shameful use to which the American territory has been put by a horde of pirates and plunderers. It seems to us that the narrative of the proceedings at Pigeon Hill, on the 25th inst., should bring a blush to the cheek of every American citizen, for the weakness which is forced to permit, or the wickedness which willingly encourages such barbarous acts.—Montreal *Herald.*

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold by the trade only in ½lb 1lb and 1lb tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemist London, England. 11383W6m

Imperial Parliament.

On the 9th instant, in the House of Lords, the Earl of Airlie asked the noble Earl the Colonial Secretary, what was the position of Riel, who styled himself Chief of the Red River Provisional Government, with respect to the negotiations which were being carried on, with the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, between the Government of Canada and the delegates from the Red River; whether those delegates, who were originally nominated by Riel, still negotiated in his name, and if not, in whose name they were negotiating?

Earl Granville had received no information beyond that which he stated on Thursday, in reply to his noble friend (Lord Lyveden), and it was impossible for him to enter into the question raised by the noble Earl upon the brief information contained in a telegram. He hoped, therefore, the noble Earl would wait till the full despatches had reached this country.

EMIGRATION BY TROOPSHIPS.

On the 10th, Sir J. Lawrence asked the Secretary to the Admiralty whether he could state the number of applications received from workmen discharged from the dockyards for passages for themselves and families in the troopships *Tamar* and *Crocodile* would sail; and whether, if the two troopships were found insufficient for the number wishing to emigrate, a third troopship would be provided in accordance with the announcement made by the First Lord of the Admiralty when introducing the Navy Estimates?

Mr. Childers—in reply to the first question of my hon. friend, I have to say that the number of applications from workmen discharged from the dockyards for passages to Canada is 445 souls, or 353 statute adults. This is irrespective of the applications from workmen discharged from the departments under the War Office, whose exact number I do not know. The *Tamar* will sail on the 1st, and the *Crocodile* on the 7th of June. In reply to the 3rd question, I have to say that my statement in introducing the Navy Estimates was that "two or three" ships would take emigrants, and since then we have always spoken of *two* ships only. A third ship goes to Canada late in the autumn, but we are advised that it would be wrong to send emigrants by her, as they would land in Canada at a time when work would be got with difficulty. I fear that I could not in any case send additional troopships. Emigrants are taken because the ships are going for troops, but ships could not be sent for troops merely because emigrants want to go. The two ships I have mentioned take 1,200 or 1,300 people.

THE DEFENDERS OF THE COUNTRY.—If anything were wanted to show the wickedness, and we may add the folly of the crime which is now being committed on our frontier, it would be found in the description of defenders by whom the invaders were first encountered. The brave men who under Col. Osborne Smith have had the honour of inflicting the first repulse upon these marauders were a small handful of sons of the soil, as truly so as their neighbours residing on the other side of the lines, some of whom in spite of personal acquaintanceship, and even relationship in Canada, appear to show a very unneighbourly spirit. About half these defenders of their wives, children and properties were not even called into the field by any duty even as militia men. They all, however, left their ordinary occupations in that once because they felt that a higher call was made upon their energies. We do not suppose that any among them knew much about making speeches, in the style which General O'Neil seems to have copied from Napoleon, nor that any of them understand that kind of patriotism which goes about the world trying to murder, violate and plunder harmless people; but they did know that the country was theirs, and that the skill which they had acquired in the use of the rifle could never be turned to better account than in repulsing and punishing lawless and ruthless intruders upon it. These men never injured Ireland, but they have a very strong objection to letting Ireland injure them, and in the absence of any more regular fighting materials they took the field each with his own weapon and in his own homespun. The anger of such men is not to be ligtly encountered in so henious a cause as that of their assailants, and all comers with evil intent will do well to take a warning as to the kind of rough energy with which they are likely to be met and treated. Men of this kind do not understand child's play, when their homesteads are at stake, and O'Neil's force, if it should unhappily for itself find any way of advancing into the country, will find a population of this kind not only confronting them but closing everywhere upon their flanks and rear. All classes of our population are engaged in this war of defence. The Prince, representing the military chivalry of the Empire, fights side by side with the hardy, honest farmer who represents the courageous hardihood born of good conscience and a free but laborious life.

In 1866 the frontiers were unprepared with the requisite weapons, and were taken unawares. Now they are ready for all comers.—*Montreal Herald.*

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MALONE.

Sunday, May 29.

The Fenians are trying to make a bargain with the railroad to send them home in boxcars for half price. The municipalities offer to contribute a portion of their passage money to get rid of them. The unfortunate and deluded people are anxious even to get back in the same cars in which sheep and swine are carried in.

MALONE.

29th inst., 4 p.m.

The United States Marshal has arrested all the Fenian leaders, including Father McMahon.

MONTREAL.

May 28.

One Company of Infantry from Sherbrooke one from Arthabaska, and another Company from the Eastern Townships arrived at St Hyacinthe by the Grand Trunk train this morning, and are awaiting orders for the front.

Flour market very firm, with only a moderate business doing. Outside quotations are generally demanded.

Greenbacks bought at 13¼; sold at 12; discount; silver bought at 6½; sold at 6. 5-20's sold at 12 to 14¼.

ST. JOHN'S.

May 28.

The rifle brigade has just started for Montreal. The Royal Artillery follows.

HUNTINGDON.

May 28.

The 69th regiment are on the way back to Montreal.

The volunteers are to remain at Huntingdon for a few days longer.

FRELIGHSBURG.

May 28.

I have just returned from a visit to the Fenian Camp on the St. Albans Road. I saw the house where the Fenian Donnelly is lying wounded. You will be surprised to learn he was very slightly wounded—a splinter from a ball, and only a flesh wound.

Although immediate danger is not apprehended, Col. Smith has not relaxed any in his precaution against surprise or attack.

Capt Muir and his troop are [illegible] the saddle, and pickets patrol Pigeon Hill &c.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 28.

The French Dramatic troupe had a crowded house last night.

The Papal benediction will be imparted to-morrow by the Archbishop.

Adeline Villeneuve died yesterday from the effects of a fall.

The volunteers are coming in very fast.

Five companies of the 41st Battalion, L'Islet and Montmagny, are reported [illegible] handfuls. One Company boasts of five men.

The Company from Arthabaska had its men who deserted one by one, until the captain was left.

The volunteer companies from below, mainly composed of fishermen, are all off [illegible] season.

From sea—the bark *Neptune* and ss. [illegible]

Sailed—the ss. *St. Patrick*, and ss. *Scandinavian*, with 82 cabin and 50 steerage passengers, and $350,000 specie.

The Richelieu Line has been obliged to raise the passage one dollar on account of the duty on coal.

The 69th will return to Quebec this morning.

All the volunteers are discharged.

The 55th Megantic battalion is at L[illegible] under Col. Barwas.

Sir A. T. Galt is in town.

Very little business doing in the [illegible] owing to excitement in Fenian matters.

Hon. Thos. McGreevy has sent down [illegible] hundred barrels of flour for the relief of the sufferers by the Saguenay fire.

ST. ALBANS.

May 28.

Everything is quite this forenoon.

How the Fenians are to be got rid of is the only question that troubles the citizens.

The Government refuses to take the matter out of the hands of the civil authorities and the civil authorities do not like to take the responsibility of paying for their transportation.

General Meade censures the people along the border for the sympathy and aid they gave the Fenians, which they gave as unjust, as the Government was all the while officially notified of the preparations that were going on.

Meade, McDonall, Ingalls and Van Vliet were on the noon train for Malone to take a look at the situation.

Meade was quite indisposed that evening but is better to-day.

Gen. Spear is still in town.

MALONE.

May 28.

The Fenians here are disorganized. The men and their leaders are quarrelling.

About 300 are camped on the fair grounds a short distance out of town. The rest are hanging about the streets.

There are probably seven hundred or so in this vicinity.

The movement has been practically abandoned.

General Gleason is here and claims the command, but the main body refuses to recognize him, preferring General [illegible].

A Council of War was held among the leaders this morning, when it was decided to go home, provided the Government would furnish transportation.

The Fenian loss in the late battle amounts to one killed, named William [illegible], and two wounded—James [illegible], and another whose name I could not learn.

The men bitterly denounce the treachery and incapacity of their leaders. They are dependent upon the citizens for provisions.

General Hunt, of the United States army, says the Fenians have plenty of money, and he does not think the Government will give them transportation this time.

NEW YORK, May 28.—There is no disguising the fact that the Fenians in this city are greatly depressed, and unless more favorable news is received from the invading army [illegible] all hope of accomplishing anything by the expedition will be lost and the attempt abandoned.

Another Malone despatch states that a noticeable feature of yesterday's battle was that no United States troops were within [illegible] of the scene of action. No reason is given for their absence.

ST. ALBANS, May 28.—A large number of Fenians have left town, and the city is comparatively quiet this forenoon.

The Fenian officers Brown, Mc[illegible] and Murphy are confined in the town lockup. Monaghan has been released on bail.

At a meeting of United States officers last night it was decided to give the United States Marshall full power to act as judged proper, and to furnish him with troops if required.

The military authorities will take no active part in Fenian matters [illegible]. It is understood, however, that the officers arrested will be prosecuted and [illegible]. No leniency is hoped for, as the President's proclamation is considered a sufficient warning of what might be expected.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 28.—Recruiting for Fenians is still in progress.

Saturday Afternoon's Despatches.

All perfectly quiet on the Western frontier. About 1000 Fenians and [illegible] troops in Malone. The impression is that *these particular Fenians* will not engage in another raid.

PLATTSBURGH, 12 o'clock.

Fenians going home as fast as they can get away. Trouble considered at an end. On Western frontier all quiet. No foundation in the report of a gathering opposite Amherstburgh. We believe the thing is at an end.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The Cabinet was in session nearly three hours yesterday; all the members were present, except Secretary Robinson. It is understood that the Fenian demonstration on the Canadian border was discussed, and that the reports of the Secretary of State and War and the Attorney General derived from their joint information received, were conclusive that the demonstration is a complete fizzle.

President Grant complimented United States Marshal Foster for the prompt and efficient manner in which he had acted in the arrest of O'Neil.

BUFFALO, May 28.—About 200 Fenians left last evening for Malone. A large party being from Chicago. Recruiting active. Money subscribed liberally. Fenian leaders still disbelieve news at the front.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Specials from [illegible] give further particulars of the Trout River engagement. General Starr, of Chicago, at 7 o'clock in the morning, crossed the line at Trout River, and advanced with his command, numbering not more than [illegible] stragglers, included about 500 [illegible] employed on the right and left [illegible] extreme right resting on Trout River [illegible] had not occupied this position long when the British and Canadian militia emerged from the woods a little in front and on the side of the Fenians. The line of the British was at once formed by the British and the Fenian sharpshooters. Steady fire opened on the [illegible]

There was at the time a small [illegible] front of the latter which was [illegible] converted into a sort of stockade. A [illegible] who had been told by Gen. Starr to keep up a steady fire for ten minutes, [illegible] and stopped the advance of the British [illegible] the expiration of the ten minutes the Fenians [illegible] Canadian troops, far outnumbering the Fenians, made a movement as if they intended to flank and capture the invaders, when Gen. Starr formed a rear guard and a retreat was ordered. The British continued firing [illegible] ing Fenians, who managed to maintain comparatively good order, until they reached the United States lines when a parting volley was given the British, and the battle of Trout River was over.

On the Fenian side, under General Starr, were Colonel Robert Allan, Aid-de-Camp, [illegible] Hamilton; Major William O'K[illegible] Camp, N. Y.; William Henry [illegible] Inspector General; Major Sharp, [illegible] master, of Rochester; Colonel [illegible] Thompson, of Albany; Colonel Smith, of Philadelphia; Colonel Campbell, of Youngstown, [illegible] vania, and Lieut.-Col. Marion, of Toledo.

Losses, one killed, one wounded and [illegible] missing, all in the 6th regiment.

The Fenians had not in the affair a [illegible]

TIGHT BINDING

of artillery. The English had a few ... and they were effectively worked. Another special states that upon the approach of the Canadian volunteers the Fenians drawn up in line of battle, sixteen ... having been previously thrown about twenty yards in advance of the main [body].

The Fenians stood still, but the Canadians continued to advance in three columns, and first opened the battle by a round of [musketry].

The distance between the contending forces, however, was too great for shots to take effect. The Fenians promptly answered the fire, and the skirmishers in front now coming together were evidently determined to go into the very jaws of death. The ... was fatal. Poorly covered by ... line the band of skirmishers blindly advanced. The Canadians meanwhile [kept] ... away, and the Fenians returning the fire with all the appearance of determination to maintain their perilous position. A loud sharp volley came whistling through the trees, and the leader of the skirmishers, Denis Dogan, was numbered among the dead.

The Canadians were now rapidly advancing on the Fenian breastworks, all the time keeping up the fire. The right and left columns commenced to deploy skirmishers, the intention being to surround and capture the entire Fenian body.

Previous to this Gen. Starr gave the order to retreat, but with remarkable daring and coolness the Fenians in the front definitely answered him: "Never! We will fight, and we'll die rather than go back! Come on!" ... heedless of their entreaties to lead them [to] battle, Gen. Starr turned round about and disappeared behind the Fenian works.

Being without a leader they fired indiscriminately. They were beyond control, and every single man seemed to fight on his own personal account, unconscious, perhaps, that within a few minutes they would be beyond hope of deliverance.

A special states that Gen. O'Neil expects to be released from gaol to-day. He is denounced by the rank and file everywhere.

There are no officers in the movement capable of controlling fifty men, except Genls. Gleason, Spear and Donnelly, the latter of whom is now dying.

The men are well conducted, but wretchedly poor and starving.

A despatch announces that Spear has moved on St. Armand from St. Alban's with 1,500 men. A plan has just been started by some of the Fenians who desire to return home. They are collecting money to pay their way.

A despatch to the *World*, dated 10.30 p.m., says Gen. Gleason is now speaking to the Fenians in their rendezvous at the fair grounds, endeavoring to muster and retain the guns, provisions and ammunition from the United States Marshall and regulars at Lob's farm.

The officers up to the present time are disputing with him. Gleason is using every effort to get up another fight. He has received a despatch stating that his brother Patrick is entrenched thirteen miles beyond the boundary line, at Pigeon Hill, with 40 men.

Gleason's brother will not relinquish his position, but will wait the arrival of Spear, who has advanced to the front. There is intense excitement among the Fenians, and a movement may be made by Gleason later in the night. He says he will have the arms, &c., at any risk, even if he has to come in conflict with the U. S. troops.

The U. S. Artillery are doing police duty and patrolling the streets to prevent any disturbance.

The force of U. S. troops here is amply sufficient to prevent any movement by the Fenians, unless the latter entirely conceal their [plans], which is not likely.

Another special from Malone says that several ... more Fenians are expected this morning, if the Buffalo police fail to stop their coming from the West.

Another Malone despatch states that a noticeable feature of yesterday's battle was that the United States troops were within twelve miles of the scene of action. The reason assigned for their absence is that the United States authorities might side with the Fenians.

Thus far the Fenians have not been molested by the regular troops.

Gen. Gleason, V. A., has assumed command of the forces here, and Gen. Starr has disappeared, as the Fenians threatened to lynch him for his cowardice.

Gen. Donnelly is dead, and two Fenian prisoners will be executed at an early hour this morning.

MALONE, May 28.

Six cars full of United States troops arrived from forts Hamilton, Schuyler and Wadsworth at twelve o'clock last night, making the force here about 800 men.

A squad of them departed last night for Trout River to preserve peace on the border.

Many Fenians applied last night for Government transportation home, to Major D. Hoskins, of the 1st U. S. Artillery.

No attack will be made this morning as the men refuse to go under Gen. Gleason's command, and it is likely that most of the Fenians will go home to-day, if they can get transportation.

Duffy was reported dead last night, and the men reported missing have returned to this place unhurt, but fatigued with wandering in the woods.

NEW YORK, May 27.—A Washington special says:—The English Minister had a long conference with the Secretary of State to-day concerning Fenian affairs.

It appears from advices received by the Government that the Fenians did not cross the border, and none were captured on British soil.

The British Minister is pleased with the promptness and alacrity shown by our Government in suppressing the movement.

CHICAGO, May 27—On the 25th instant, in the town of Marcelline, Ill., Frank Anderson, a young man of a respectable family, shot and killed a negro named Thos. Armstrong. The trouble arose about a wager of ten cents, which was lost by Anderson.

INDIANAPOLIS, MINN., May 28.—The *Tribune* publishes a statement from a gentleman, whom it vouches for as entirely trustworthy, to the effect that early in May he left Vermillion County, on Lake Superior, at Fort Francis, a fur trading post on the British side of Rainy Lake. He found 2,500 British soldiers fully equipped and provisioned. They had a large fleet of river canoes, with which they intended to make their way to the Red River country. He thinks that ere this they have reached the Lake of the Woods. It is supposed that these troops were started from Canada as soon as navigation permitted them.

About 40 Fenians, for the East arrived on the 11 o'clock train to-day.

HAVANA, May 27.—All the journals of Cuba ridicule the expedition of the steamer *George B. Upton*, and say she will share the same fate of the steamers *Hornet* and *Lillian*.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 27.—The steamship *St. David* has arrived from Quebec.

The news of the vigilance of the Canadian Government, the firm attitude taken by the United States, and the absolute imbecility of the Fenians to prove that further aggressions upon Canada are, if not impossible, at least unprofitable.

The "Times" expresses its admiration for the loyalty and rigor displayed by Grant. It applies to the affair such words as "abominable pillage, slaughter, outrageous murders, &c."

In the House of Lords, to-day, the Earl of Kimberly moved a second reading of the repealing of the Ecclesiastical Titles Act Bill, which was read, and the House adjourned.

In the House of Commons Mr. Monsell denied there was any connection between the Fenian invasion and the Red River rising.

FRANCE.

PARIS, MAY 27.

No indication of the expected coalition between the right and left wings of the Chambers and the new Ministry enters upon its labours with an expression of confidence voted by an overwhelming majority.

A violent disturbance was created to-day at a lecture of Edward Laboulay before the Law School students. They interrupted the professor with a storm of hisses, which prevented him from going on, and forced him to leave the hall. Not content with these insults, the students followed Laboulay into the street, where the demonstrations was continued. The Professor finally escaped, but with much difficulty.

The prominent actors in the affair have been

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by lad steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Miss Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Granite Cross goods, just the thing for summer suits, only 1s 3d per yard, at Garland Mutchmor & Co's.

New lustres for summer suits, in various colors, 1s 3d and 1s 8d per yard, ex last steamer, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

THEATRE.—The performance of the Delave Troupe on Saturday night did not draw as large an audience as expected.

THE steam mill of Messrs. Wright & Batson sawed and shipped the following amount of lumber for the week ending Saturday 28th inst. Sawed, 170,000 feet; shipped, 709,000.

MOSQUITOES.—The woods have been unusually free from mosquitoes so far, and fishermen speak enthusiastically of the fine sport to be had on the lakes this spring, with no flies to distract their attention, and make fishing uncomfortable.

EXPECTED RISE IN THE PRICE OF HAY AT PRESCOTT.—It is reported that the hay crop in the streets of Prescott has been ruined by the arrival of the volunteers. If they remain there long it wont be worth cutting this season.

THE MARKET.—Saturday was well attended, the Fenian business having attracted a large number of farmers in from the country that would have otherwise remained at home. No change noticed in prices, with the exception of potatoes, which are being sold as low as 37 cts. per bushel.

We would remind our readers of the sale of city property held by Mr. A. Rowe, Auctioneer, at the Union House, to-morrow, Tuesday, May 31st. Capitalists would do well to not forget this sale, as the property to be sold is situated in the best locality in the city. The sale is to take place at twelve o'clock noon.

THAT BY-WASH AGAIN has become a perfect nuisance, the water has been dammed at Dalhousie street, where it runs underground, and it has spread itself into a small lake of green foul-smelling water. Watermen fill their barrels in it every day, and distribute it in all parts of the city. It is time the affair was looked after if the health of the residents on George street is of any consequence.

THE PARADE.—Companies 1, 5, 6, and 8, paraded on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the City Hall square, in heavy marching order. An alarm squad of eleven men was placed on the City Hall on Friday night. The men were to have been served out new clothes; several of them had to appear in civilian trowsers on parade.

ST. LAWRENCE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.—In yesterday's issue we gave notice of a proposed change of time on the above named road. We are now requested to state that owing to the postponement of change of time on the Grand Trunk, no change will take place on the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, that the trains will continue to run according to the old table.

ON TO BLYTH AND RUSSELL'S.—The above firm have just received a choice lot of dry goods suitable to the season, which they will sell cheap. Their store has justly acquired the reputation of supplying articles of superior quality, and at more reasonable rates than they can be elsewhere purchased. We would advise those who wish to buy light, good and cheap articles of wear for the hot season, or dry goods of any other description to pay a visit to Messrs. Blyth & Russell, where, without fear of compromising our word, we guarantee they will be satisfied with their bargains.

DEPARTURE OF VOLUNTEERS FOR THE FRONT.—4 companies of the Carleton battallion started for the front on Saturday morning—No. 2, Huntley Company, Captain Holmes; No. 3 Metcalfe Company, Capt. Morgan; No. 4 North Gower Company, Captain Conely; No. 9 Vernon Company, Capt. McGreggor. They started on the 7 o'clock train. They looked much better than when they arrived from the country, their uniforms were brushed clean, the dust washed from their faces, and they presented a smart appearance. A couple of days' drill will make them a serviceable body of men that ought to carry everything before them on a bayonet charge from their size and strength.

SPORTING.—Partridge are reported as being very plentiful in the woods this spring. Beech nuts were so abundant last fall, that the game remained on the beech ridges and were not killed off as they were other years, when food was scarce in the woods, and they were forced to find their food along old roads and around clearances. This dry spring has been very favourable for the young birds; they are as large now as chickens a week old, and are able to hide themselves suddenly from the swoop of their dreaded enemy, the hawk. Good sport may be expected next fall by those who intend to try their hand at patridge shooting.

TIMBER.—This will be a busy week at the Slides. A large number of rafts are expected down. Cribs were going through on Saturday pretty lively, and a great many were at the head ready for a run. Several gentlemen were amusing themselves with running the Slides on the timber. That kind of recreation is becoming fashionable. The amount of lumber run through, last week, was 190 cribs white pine, 5 cribs red pine, 38 cribs floats. It is expected that twice that number will be run through this week. The Gatineau timber is coming down very late this year. Up to date there were 56,000 sawlogs and 2,300 pieces of square timber brought down to the boom. Complaints are heard on every side of the difficulties of driving timber out of small streams, this spring, from the lowness of the water. It has seldom happened that so little timber has been passed through the Ottawa slides at the 24th of May as their has been this year, owing to the continued dry weather.

DEPARTURE OF THE REMAINDER OF THE CARLETON BATTALION.—A despatch was received from Col. Bearman on Sunday morning at 1 o'clock a. m. by Major Corbitt, directing him to proceed to Prescott immediately with all the men and ammunition at his command. On receipt of this order the men here were roused out of bed at their several billets and assembled at the City Hall Square. They were detained there some time while the roll was being called and the ammunition brought from the magazine. They started from the City Hall at 2 a. m., and proceeded to the station cheering as they marched on their way. They were at the station some time before the special train arrived that was to convey them to Prescott. The train started at 2:30 a. m., with three rousing cheers from the soldiers.

The zeal displayed by the volunteers and the quickness with which they assembled after being without rest for two nights and travelling such a distance, speaks volumes for their willingness to defend their country, as the ruffianly Fenians will find to their cost if they happen to meet on a fair field.

The eagerness of the young men of this section to fight in defence of their homes and the honor of their country is such that several able young fellows threw by their work as the Companies were on their way to this city, and begged to be allowed to join the volunteers and have a tussle with the invaders. Another call for volunteers would raise such a force of smart, able fighting men as would crush the cut-throats out of existence in two hours.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—M. Morin charged with being found drunk on the bank of the canal. A policeman found him so near the canal that one roll would have sent him in. He was discharged as it was a first offence.

Phillip Low charged with an assault was fined $5 and costs.

Some cases of keeping foul premises and permitting pigs to run at large were disposed of.

John Hackett charged with robbing from the person of L. A. Pare. The charge was that the prisoner Hackett accompanied Mr. L. A. Pare from the Sappers' Bridge as far as Pooley's Bridge, on the night of the 25th inst., and when there snatched Mr Pare's watch from his pocket and ran away. Mr. Pare caught the prisoner and took the watch from him (gold watch produced badly broken). The watch was broken, and a gold hook that was on the guard lost.

Hackett's defence was that Mr. Pare had met him on Sussex street and asked him to show him where the Chaudiere was. He had went with Mr. Pare as far as Pooley's bridge, and refused to go any farther. Pare tried to make him go farther, and in a struggle he (Hackett) was knocked down. He caught hold of Mr Pare's watch guard in trying to get to his feet, and pulled the watch from his pocket and broke the guard. Mr. Pare then struck him and said the watch guard was his mother's hair, and he would not part with it. Prisoner told him that he did not want it, and had no intention of robbing him. The watch was broke in the struggle.

Hackett was remanded, and will have to stand his trial at the Quarter Sessions.

MANOTIC COMPANY, No. 7, 43RD BATTALION.—The following account of the preparations and march to Ottawa of this gallant Company is given us by their Captain, Mr. P. Davidson. It shows the alacrity with which our Volunteers fly to the defence of their country, and the ardent loyalty of the inhabitants of Manotic in particular. On Friday a telegram was received requesting the Company to get in readiness, and if possible to proceed to Ottawa that evening. Mr. Dickinson, of Manotic, who received the telegrams, took them with all expedition to Capt. Davidson, and immediately several parties, with commendable loyalty, proceeded to impart the news to the Volunteers. Again three or four o'clock the greater part of the Company had gathered at their rendezvous. A good dinner was then got up for them by John Acquint and George Dickinson, Esquires, and others of the opulent residents of Manotic, who appreciated the conduct of their Volunteers. Mr. Dickinson, in particular, continued during the whole of the day to exert himself in the way of notifying the members of the company getting them to Manotic, and supplying them with every accommodation and necessary—placing horses, waggons, &c., at the disposal of Capt. Davidson. However in spite of the great exertions made, it was impossible for the Company to leave that night, owing to the distance some of the volunteers lived from Manotic and the lateness of their arrival there. All were in and ready for a start by morning, and having eaten a hearty breakfast from the hospitality of the inhabitants, and refreshed themselves with each a good drink of beer, the Company took the dusty roads for Ottawa, where they arrived about noon.

Attempted Murder of a Priest formerly of Ottawa.

The following is from the *Protecteur Canadien* of Pittsfield, Mass.:—

Early last Sunday morning as the Sexton of the Canadian Church was passing the confessional he observed that some of the plaster work of the wall was fallen on the floor, and close by he saw two bullets and the mark of a third which he could not find. On examination it was concluded that the three balls had been fired through a window in the direction of the confessional, and, doubtlessly, with the intention of shooting those who were supposed to be in it. Fortunately the Rev. Mr. A. Derbuel had left on Saturday night to hear confessions at Webster, where a mission was going on. But for this happy circumstance the rev. gentleman and the penitent who would have been in the confessional with him would have been struck by the bullets.

What strengthens the belief that a double murder was intended, is the fact that the church was lighted by a small light, which would lead to the supposition that confessions were being heard.

Being well acquainted with this good and zealous priest we wonder how there can be a man hard enough to attempt his life. It is almost a mystery to us and to all who are acquainted with Father Derbuel.

We are aware that Rev. Father Derbuel resided in Ottawa and was professor St. Joseph's College of that city some years ago.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 27th May, 1870, Mrs. W. P. Lett, of a son.

In this city, on the 28th inst., the wife of Mr. J. P. Robertson, of a son.

FENIANS BEWARE!

BURGLARS TAKE HEED!

A few very useful

BURGLARS ALARMS

For sale at $1.50 each.

A simple and efficient protection, and alarm can be attached to any door, window or place where valuables are kept.

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

Also new supply of beautiful

COOK STOVES,

Including the

"NOR'-WESTER,"

For burning Coal.

Bird Cages,

Wire Flower Baskets,

Iron Bedsteads,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS,

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, manufactured. Builders job work to order.

H MEADOWS & CO.,
35 Sussex street.

Auction Sales.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

TWO SECOND HAND BUGGIES.

The subscriber will sell on TUESDAY, May 31st, 1870, at the Union House square at TWO o'clock, p. m., two second hand Buggies. One is almost new, with folding seat behind, made by Dixon Brothers, Toronto. The other is in good order newly painted, single seat, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 28, 1870. 1-7old

JUST OPENED UP,

A FRESH LOT OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS

AT

BLYTH & RUSSELL

Colored Lustres, Grey Cottons,

Printed Muslins, White Cottons,

Straw Hats, Grass Linens,

Feathers & Plumes, Prints,

Lace Ties, Linen Tickings,

Parasols, Cotton Tickings,

Ribbons, New Black Lustres,

Laces, Printed Brilliants.

249 Wellington Street.

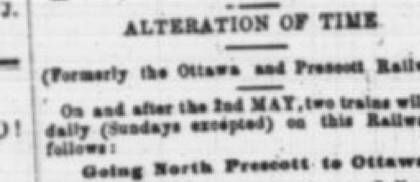
W. McCARTHY & CO.,
GENERAL DEALERS
—IN—
FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,
31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, two trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 30	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	7 50
Rossiters	3 50	
Gloucester	4 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	10 00
Gloucester	7 30	10 30
Rossiters	7 45	
Osgoode	8 00	11 10
Kemptville	8 25	11 40
Oxford	8 40	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	12 45
Prescott	9 35	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

TO LET,

In Centre Town, a well FURNISHED HOUSE, containing 9 rooms in the best condition. For particulars apply to

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
Variety Hall.

137Ca

Auction Sales.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke-st.,
CHAUDIERE, OTTAWA.

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 11 o'clock a. m. on the premises, Duke street, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June, 1870, by H. McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to return to live in Ottawa).

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander ... Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870.
1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE
LATEST
IMPORTATIONS
OF
FANCY
DRY
GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED
TRIMMED
HATS

UNTRIMMED
HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY
LINEN

COLLARS
AND
CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A
FULL
ASSORTMENT
OF
SMALL
WARES

DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE

FOR THE

SEASON OF 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c., supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,
Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant,
Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR. PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co., London, England.

MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good artiste, to merit a share of heir patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES

ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21st,

and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENEILLE FRINGES,
and other trimmings.

NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks,
Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks,
Black and Coloured Crapes,
Silk, Satin, Ottoman-cord and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

150 Pieces Choice Summer Prints
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNDAS " "
20 " Lobster Mills "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days, and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS

—AT—

MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
29 Sparks Street.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britania Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S.

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c., wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES,

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged. Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodilled the store so as to fit it up as a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK).

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction. He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates,
Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods to numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember, RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 137 3m

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER. ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.
Dentists.
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawk6m

Boots & Shoes.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Is called to the large Stock of

LADIES' SUMMER PRUNELLA

Goods at A. & W ANGUS', 15 Sussex Street,

In Button Prunella
" Lace Prunella
" Congress Prunella

All the new and

FASHIONABLE STYLES.

A. & W. ANGUS,
15 Sussex Street.

GENT'S WHITE CANVAS

In Congress Boots
In Congress Shoes
In Lace Shoes

GENT'S PRUNELLA CONGRESS

In several different styles, also,

GENT'S WALKING BOOTS

Warranted hand made.

A & W ANGUS,
15 Sussex Street.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES, Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870 1361tf

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 30, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@	5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@	5 00
No. 1	4 75	@	5 00
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@	2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@	5 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs	0 00	@	0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@	0 00
W't—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@	1 10
Spring "	1 00	@	0 00
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@	0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@	0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@	27 50
Prime Mess per do.	21 00	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@	9 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@	8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@	0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@	0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@	1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@	0 70
Ducks	0 40	@	0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 23	@	0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 21
No. 2	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 50	@	11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@	4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@	0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@	0 00
Hides			
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@	0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@	0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@	0 00
Green Raw Hides	6 00	@	0 00

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES —I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. E DEAN.

St. John, N B. November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.
I. H. W. SCOTT, M.D., Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—Cabinet, Schenectady.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

THE MONTREAL

TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express-man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c; Fine Flavoured New Season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Souchong Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75, Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Tea only sold by this Company.

An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a caddie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
18 Sparks street.

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES.—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good Stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 233m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it GRAY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change.
A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING
Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duzer & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 30. 1006-47

DR. A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT CURES CROUP OR RATTLES.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

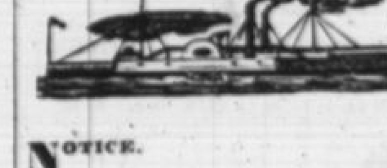
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in severe cases of Spinal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.



NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

"ANN SISSON"

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

13481

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New Y or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit. }

Public notice is hereby given that the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and County Court, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JUNE 1870, at the hour of ten of the clock, a m, of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
May 20th, 1870. 12td

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of
Genuine Drugs,
English Chemicals,
European and American
Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary
Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German
Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

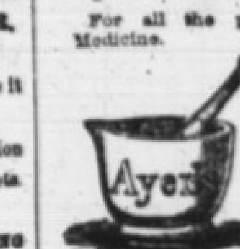
Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, overstrung, rosewood case, with all recent improvements. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington Street.
Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 2

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden of the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and outbuildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to
JOHN D. O'GRADY.
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBERT.
March.

Ottawa, May 23, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address
M HOUSE, Attorney
1318 3m No. 78 Nassau Street, New York City

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c., Residence at J Butler's Carp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).
Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Inventions, &c, especially attended to in Ottawa.
M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.
Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1233-6m

J. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HAMNETT P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1,00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1032tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

Commission Merchants.

CITY AUCTION MART,

AND

COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,

York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in this city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons having household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale,

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston,
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq, M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq, M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq, M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq, M P
James O'Rielly, Esq, Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq, Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq, M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td lawk.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The People's Literary Companion—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

CHUDIERE

STEAM PLANING MILL,

Queen street, Le Breton's Flats.

The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [O]ttawa.

TRADE-MARK — ANCHOR — VIRTUE — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalid and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J Brown. In law

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

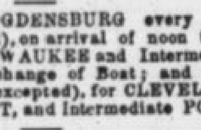
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

ECONOMY.  COMFORT.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted), for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and intermediate PORTS.

Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7.00.

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

Ask for Tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

100 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

YOUNG & RADFORD

Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

AND

EYE GLASSES,

mounted in

GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

A perfect fit guaranteed.
YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
Ottawa.

D. Alkabasay

FROM CONSTANTINOPLE,

WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 19284

Medical Cards.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

Hotels and Saloons.

CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street............Halifax, N. S.

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day,

Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR.
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

THE METROPOLITAN,

AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
293tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole-agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, &c.,

Prepared for buildings of every description, by SIDNEY B. FRIPP, Architect,
711tf Wellington-st.

GREAT BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS

ROOM PAPERS

The largest and best assorted stock of

ROOM PAPERS

ever offered to the citizens of Ottawa is now for sale at the store of WILLIAM McKAY Rideau street, Mosgrove's Block.

The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

25,000 ROLLS OF ROOM PAPER

To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY'S own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable.

Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN MCDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, of the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100.

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL

PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

A FIRST-CLASS

FAMILY MAGAZINE,

Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and body described.

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

ETHNOLOGY, or the Natural History of Man—Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different Tribes and Nations, will be given.

PHYSIOLOGY & ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

PARENTS AND TEACHERS—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points out all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

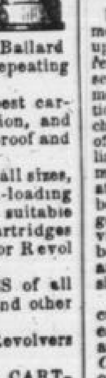
ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

Address. S R WELLS, Publisher,
389 Broadway, New York

ELEY'S AMMUNITION.



THE BOXER CARTRIDGES for Snider-Enfield of ·577 bore, and for the Henry, and Martini-Henry Rifles of ·450 bore, adopted by Her Majesty's War Department, also of ·500 for Military Rifles.

WATERPROOF CENTRAL-FIRE METALLIC CARTRIDGES, with enlarged base for small bores, adopted by foreign governments for converted Chassepot, Berdan, Remington, and other Rifles. Also Cartridges for Ballard the Spencer, and American Henry Repeating Rifles.

The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges

BOXER CARTRIDGES of ·450 bore for Revolving Pistols, used in Her Majesty's Navy.

COPPER RIM FIRE CARTRIDGES of all sizes, for Smith & Wesson's, Tranter's, and other Pocket Revolvers.

PIN CARTRIDGES for Lefaucheux Revolvers of 12-m., 9-m. and 7-m. bore.

CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns, Rifles, and Revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

ELEY BROTHERS,
GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

[B]RONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water
AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street.

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester-st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouses and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 11, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to
PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

EDUCATIONAL.

To School Teachers and all Others Whom it May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Richmond Circuit Board of Public Instruction in the County of Carleton" will meet in the TOWN HALL Richmond, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST Day of June next, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the examination of Teachers and general business.

JOSEPH HINTON, Secretary. C B PETTIT, M A, Chairman.

Richmond, May 23, 1870 1367 1-24 3

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 Cm WM HALPENNY.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ottawa, August 7, 1869.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq., Geo McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq., A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J TAVERNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the liberality and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR [illegible]

1298tf

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

No. 36, RIDEAU STREET,

DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

—AND—

CHURCH STREET, LOWER TOWN,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Just receiving 500 Chests Tea and a Splendid Assortment of Groceries, Wines and Imported Liquors; also, Canadian Liquors, High Wines, Old Rye and Proof of the best made in Canada.

Those not having had a trial of our Goods are requested to call and judge for themselves. Our Teas and your neighbours who have tried our Teas and SENT FREE Liquors. All Goods warranted and SENT FREE OF CHARGE within the City.

Fresh Hams, Butter, Cheese and Eggs constantly on hand.

Remember—Quick Sales and Light Profits.

P. BASKERVILLE & BRO.

Ottawa, March 31, 1870.

READER.

Are you afflicted with toothache, headache, or neuralgia? Relief from Fraser's Magnetic Fluid THE GREAT PAIN CURER. Headache cured in three minutes. Neuralgia, the sensations of face, is distinguishable from rheumatism by the intenseness of its pain and the suddenness of attack, may be cured within five minutes. The Fluid is composed entirely of vegetable substances and contains nothing which can injure the system either by outward or inward application. Try it and you will not be disappointed. Sold by Chemists and Druggists generally.

W W FRASER,
Exchange Hotel,
Mosgrove street.

1304 1y

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office 33, Sparks street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 131. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1870. PRICE 3 CENTS.

Hardware.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.

Always on Hand.

Ottawa, December 29, 1869. 1238 t

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA.

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) ... for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large well selected stock, comprising Groceries, ... Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy ... Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, ... Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars.*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

... the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on premises.

LIQUORS—Otard Brandies; Henault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.

... proof and over, at extremely low prices. ... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and ... Dunville's Irish Whiskey. ... Old Irish Potteen. ... and London Porter, pts and qts. ... and other Ales. ... and Syrups, all grades. ...

OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST. ... 1105

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

... Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; ... A THOMSON, T H DUNN. ... Manager. 1141tf

... EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

... Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st.

Advances on goods consigned for immediate ... returns in all cases.

R. M. EASTON.

...GNAN'S,

...STREET, OTTAWA.

... gentlemen can be accommodated ... board and rooms. Gentlemen ... will find superior accommodation ... by day or week at moderate terms. ... is situated in the immediate ... Parliament Buildings and the ... 2191f

Educational.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

... Robert Stewart having made arrangements ... accomplished lady teacher, announces ... Dancing Classes will commence on Monday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

PIANO TUNING.—The subscriber having decided to divide his time equally between ... and Ogdensburgh, would beg to inform his old patrons and others, that he hopes, in future, to attend to their orders for tuning more promptly than heretofore. Shall visit Ottawa once a month. Orders received at Mr. Bermingham's Auction ... and at E. Miles' Music Store.

GEO. S. BENEDICT

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral), Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

MUSICAL TUITION FOR BEGINNERS.

Classes will be held at MR. GOWAN'S MUSIC HALL, Sparks Street, on Monday, Wednesday and ... and after Monday, the ... the purpose ... elementary ... of music, especially as applied to the ... of the PIANO FORTE under the ... of Mr W. S. ... conductor of the Ottawa Philharmonic Society ... Holy Trinity, Cathedral Church of St. James', Toronto, and of Christ Church, Ottawa. Fee for course of 20 lessons, two dollars and a ... Application to be made to Mr. GOWAN. ... limited to eight pupils. 1329tf

FINAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

to share in the Division of Profits of the past five years, to 30th April last.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

To enable persons at a distance to complete the various Forms relating to their APPLICATIONS for sharing in the Profits above referred to, all Applications which may be PERFECTED on or before

TUESDAY, THE 17TH MAY,

will be included in the Lists of the closing year.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa. A G RAMSAY, Manager

GEO. H. LEMAITRE, Piano Teacher and Tuner, and Repairer, St. Andrew street, near Dalhousie street and Cumberland ... Ottawa. 1332 3m

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

SELLING AT COST PRICE

To all

CASH PURCHASERS,

For one month only, commencing on the 20th instant. The whole of my stock is offered to customers at a very low figure so as to make room for the New Spring Goods. I would call specially the attention of customers to my heavy stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

which will be sold without Reserve at a low price. All goods marked in plain figures. Please come and examine my stock and judge for yourself.

T RAJOTTE

Agencies.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

GET YOUR TINWORK

DONE AT

ESMONDE'S.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

POLAR REFRIGERATOR,

AND BUY NO OTHER,

ALSO

THE KEDZIE FILTER.

An immense quantity of

BATHS.

In a few days at

ESMONDE'S

UNION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104. The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine. Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

STOCK BOOKS for the subscription of shares of stock in the CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY have been opened, and will remain open for such subscriptions at the following places:

In OTTAWA, at the OFFICE of the COMPANY.

In MONTREAL, at the office of Messrs. J. & C. ABBOTT, St. John street.

In L'ORIGNAL, at the office of Mr. JUSTICE DANIELS.

In RENFREW, at Mr. WM. HALPENNY'S office.

In PEMBROKE, at the offices of Messrs. T. MURRAY, M. P. P., and P. WHITE.

In BROCKVILLE, at the OFFICE of the B & O. R. C.

The books will be closed on the FIRST DAY of JUNE next, and immediately thereafter a BOARD MEETING will be held for the purpose of allotting the stock in order that a general meeting of shareholders may be held as soon as practicable thereafter.

Subscriptions of stock, with conditions attached may be inserted in the Stock Books, but such subscriptions will not be binding upon the subscribers (or upon the Company) until they shall have been accepted by the Company, and if they be conditions precedent they shall not be binding on the subscribers until they have been performed by the Company.

By order of the Board,

JOHN G. RICHARDSON, President.

W. R. WORSLEY, Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1870. 1314 7m

THE COURT OF REVISION

For the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in said city, on

WEDNESDAY, the 11th DAY of MAY, 1870,

At Two o'clock p. m.

W P LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 10 1870 1355 4

LYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU-ST.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF

HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

STOVES, STOVES,

COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES,

In great variety.

Sole Agents for "North's" Patented Drum Heater; and also for Eaton's Patent Ventilating Stoves.

ON HAND,

JOS. RODGERS & SON'S CUTLERY AND DIXON & SON'S

PLATED WARE.

Britannia Metal, Block Tin and Japanned Ware of all kinds, English Enamelled Bird Cages just received.

Ottawa, November 3, 1869.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

NOTICE.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS to LEND on city and country property, in sums of $100 and upwards, at a low rate of interest and upon very easy and advantageous terms to the borrower. Choice Villa Lots for sale, suitable for gentlemen's country residences, in blocks, containing from half an acre to 10 acres, within a few minutes drive of the Government Buildings, terms of payment very easy.

Apply to R A BRADLEY, Solicitor.

Bangs' Block, nearly opposite the Post Office entrance, next door to the Custom House. 1367 3m

To Let.

TO LET.

To be rented, first May, that first class BRICK DWELLING lately erected on the corner of Hugh and Maria streets, at present occupied by Mrs. McNab. It contains a Drawing Room, Dining Room and Six Bed Rooms. Basement, Kitchen, Pantry and also hard and soft water on the premises, good yard and outbuildings attached; also a large garden connected with the premises. Rent exceedingly moderate.

Apply to I B TACKABERRY.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870. 1347 m

TO LET.

The DWELLING at present occupied by J P MACPHERSON, Esq., Victoria street, in thorough repair and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Possession given 9th May.

Apply to J P MACPHERSON, Elgin street,

Or to D GRAHAM, Esq., Collector of Customs.

1346tf

TO LET,

On the 1st May next, No. 2, Prince's Terrace, Rear street, facing on the Ottawa River.

Apply to JNO R ARNOLDI, Dept Public Works, or at No. 4, Prince's Terrace.

1290t

A. ROWE GENERAL AUCTIONEER

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

Office and Salesroom, Rideau Street, No. 1, East End, Sappers' Bridge.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1st 1870.

The subscriber in issuing his eighth ANNUAL CIRCULAR, would remind his clients [illegible] personal attendance [illegible] of every description of goods and property confided to his management.

His lengthened experience in the management and proper system of selling Household furniture at private residences, together with all the details of arrangement, expeditious delivery &c., would lead him again to solicit further sales in this line from those contemplating the disposal of furniture, by auction, he would be glad to have an early intimation in order that satisfactory arrangements may be completed for the approaching Spring sale, it is desirable to select an early day.

Account sales have been promptly rendered and statements made out in a concise business-like manner, always accompanied with the proceeds in cash.

To Executors and Administrators of Estate, Official and other Assignees, and public corporations, this mode of selling property forms a speedy, legitimate and efficient way of closing estates Legacies, &c., and removes a vast amount of responsibility.

Sales of groceries, hardware, crockery and general merchandise confided to his management will receive every attention. He need not remind his friends of his capability of conducting such sales satisfactorily.

The proper advertising and necessary precaution adopted by him in conducting underwriters' sales of damaged goods and produce sold for account of whom it may concern, or for breach of contract should be borne in mind by merchants shippers and consignees, more especially as certain legal forms are necessary in such cases.

Appraisals and valuations made.

Agents soliciting your business favors, the undersigned ventures to hope that an entire experience of years is some guarantee that he may be reasonably expected to carry out what he promises.

A ROWE.

Ottawa, March 1, 1870. 1290 tf

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as to many sojourners at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer in this city, and endeavour will be, to merit constant centre and continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c. &c. on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 45. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

RECIPE FOR WASHING COMPOUND,

which can not be equalled by any other, for making several kinds of soft soap, without either lye or grease. Hard Soap, and some of them of a superior article.

HORSE-TRAINING INFORMATION.

The wildest and ugliest horse can be made to obey his master, and even to walk after him in the streets, roads or fields, without the slightest injury to the horse. All accomplished in one day.

Sure cure for CORNS at a cheap rate, without injury to the person.

Cure for WARTS on your hands or face. They can be cured in a short time without injury to the person in the slightest.

Cure for lame back diseases. Rheumatism of the worst kinds can be cured in less than a week without taking any kind of medicine in the inside.

Cures persons troubled with the Gravel.

Cure for Bunions.

Cure for Piles.

Cure for the Heart Disease.

Cure for Consumption.

The worst kind of Bowel Complaints can be cured at any time in less than twenty hours. Also, by a common herb.

Parties who are inflicted with any such disease, should make application to F. MARTIN, Hull, in the summer season, as the best time to cure all such diseases.

Parties desirous to be agents can make application, as he has many other valuable articles to [illegible]

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained from HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND.

1366tf

Groceries

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex Ships Nero from Oporto, Evening Star from Spain, Gazelle from Cognac, Lark from Bordeaux.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

PORT WINE, Fine old stock, "Vintage 1851."

SHERRY WINE, Very Pale, Old Wine. ...

BRANDY, Pure and reliable old and very mild.

GIN, John De Kuyper's double berri & first class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY, John Begg's, Lochnagar.

RUM, Fine Old Jamaica, "Pure."

OLD RYE, Proof Whiskey and Highwines, first quality.

GUINNESS & CO'S Celebrated Dublin Porter, put up to order.

CANADA PORTER and ALES, Dawes make.

WEST INDIA LIME JUICE CHAMPAGNE,

WEST INDIA Lime Juice Cordial and Syrups, try them. Something new, very fine, just out from the manufacturer.

COFFEE, Fresh, Roasted and Ground, on the premises. Now admitted to be the finest flavoured in the city. It has a real run by it. It will recommend itself.

TEAS, Stocks, are really fine, selected with great care for the trade. Japans and Greens, in great variety, and unequalled for prices and quality.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS, all the different numbers and kinds.

TOBACCOS, a full assortment.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's Arms and Stilton. The only house in the city that has them this season.

FACTORY CHEESE, A very superior quality, cheap.

FRUITS, Raisins and Currants for cooking or table use, finest kind.

GREEN GRAPES Lemons, Candied Peels and fresh fruits in tin.

SPICES, Pure and unadulterated. All kinds warranted.

FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, All kinds of highest strength.

FINNAN HADDIES, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon and Potted Meats.

LEA & PERRIN SAUCE, And a variety of other brands the best.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS, A full assortment.

BAKING POWDERS, Egg's and Egg Powder, to arrive. A great saving.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for use. A few trials will prove their superiority over common goods. A call solicited.

For sale by THOS. PATTERSON, No 36, Rideau street, Ottawa.

3rd Dec. 1869.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO LANG'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

SATCHELL BROS,

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TIME

(Formerly the Ottawa and Prescott Railway).

On and after the 2nd MAY, two trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) on this Railway as follows:

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

Stations	P. M.	A. M.
Prescott Wharf	1 35	6 00
Prescott Junction	1 45	6 15
Spencerville	2 10	6 35
Oxford	2 35	7 00
Kemptville	2 55	7 20
Osgoode	3 30	7 50
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Gloucester	4 15	8 30
Ottawa	4 50	9 00

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

Stations	A. M.	P. M.
Ottawa	7 00	[illegible]
Gloucester	7 30	10 30
Manotick	7 45	
Osgoode	8 00	11 10
Kemptville	8 15	11 40
Oxford	8 40	12 00
Spencerville	9 00	12 25
Prescott Junction	9 20	12 45
Prescott	9 35	1 00

NOTE—Trains are run by Montreal Time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1869.] WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8:30 a.m.

Night do do do do 7:30 p.m.

Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... 5:10 a.m.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:15 a.m.

Trains for Lachine at .... 5:00 a.m., 7:00 a.m., 9 a.m., 12 noon, 1:30 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6:30 p.m.

The 1.30 p.m. train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a.m.

Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a.m.

Express for New York and Boston at .... 4:30 p.m. via Vermont Central.

Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 8 a.m., 4 40 p.m.

Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p.m.

Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p.m.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamer Carlotta leaves Portland every SATURDAY AFTERNOON (after the arrival of train from Montreal on Friday night), for Halifax, N.S., returning on Tuesday. She has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p.m., for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

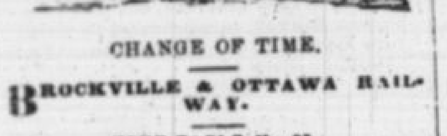
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, December, 1869.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & A H TAYLOR, Agent.



CHANGE OF TIME.

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE, No. 23, Commencing on MONDAY, NOV. 29, 1869.

MAIN LINE.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

4:15 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 4.15 p.m., 7.4? a.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 10.0? p.m., ... p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint at 6.00 a.m. and 2.30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12.15 p.m., 8.30 p.m.

PERTH BRANCH.

LEAVE PERTH.

5:35 P. M.—TRAINS will leave Perth at 5.35 p.m. and 9.05 a.m. arriving at Smith's Falls at 6.25 p.m. and 9.55.

LEAVE SMITH'S FALLS.

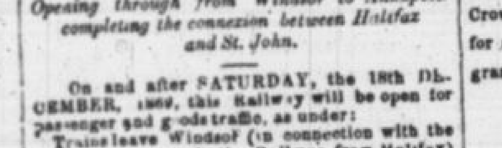
10:05 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Smith's Falls at 10.05 a.m. and 4.35 p.m., arriving at Perth at 10.55 a.m. and 7.25 p.m.

All trains on Main Line connect at Smith's Falls with trains to and from Perth.

No 1 leaves Brockville after G T Trains are due from the east and west.

No 2 is due in Brockville in time to connect with G T Trains for the east and west.

H. ABBOTT, Managing Director.



WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

Opening through from Windsor to Annapolis, completing the connexion between Halifax and St. John.

On and after SATURDAY, the 18th DECEMBER, 1869, this Railway will be open for passenger and goods traffic, as under:

Trains leave Windsor (in connection with the trains of the Nova Scotia Railway from Halifax) at 10.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arriving at Kentville at 11 45 a. m., and 8 45 p. m., and at Annapolis at 1.30 p. m. connecting there with steamers *Emperor* or *Empress* for St John, N B.

Returning—the trains leave Annapolis at 2.35 p m, with passengers by steamer from St John, leaving there at 8 a. m. and arrive at Kentville at 5.20, Windsor at 6.40, and Halifax at 9 p. m.

VERNON SMITH.

Kentville, Dec 8, 1869. 1130y

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Double Stoves at the Variety Hall,

New and Second Hand Box Stoves at the Variety Hall.

Ladies why do you be troubled with an old worn out Stove when you can take it and a little cash and get a first class Stove at the Variety Hall.

All new Stoves Sold at this establishment guaranteed to the purchaser.

Parties in quest of second hand Stoves will find a good assortment at the Variety Hall.

Goods of all kinds purchased and exchanged as usual.

J BOYDEN, General Agent.

Ottawa, January 18, 1870.

IN CHANCERY,

In Re G. W. LESTER deceased. Pursuant to an order of the COURT of CHANCERY made in the matter of the estate of GEORGE WILLIAM LESTER, late of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, gentleman, deceased, JOHANNA COLLINS against JAMES LOUIS ORME the creditors of the said George William Lester, who died in or about the month of March 1869, are, on or before the TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1870, to send by post prepaid to J. W. W. WARD, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts, the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers at the City of Ottawa on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1870.

J W W WARD, Plaintiff's Solicitor. W M MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 4, 1870

REAL SCOTCH WHISKEY.

Just received

Ex St David

From Argyle Distillery, Glengilp, Lochgilphead.

A Genuine Article.

JAS BUCHANAN,

Ottawa, February 28, 1870. 1291tf

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855,

First class Medal.

ALF LABARRAQUE & CO.

QUINIUM LABARRAQUE,

Approved by the Imperial Academy of Medicine.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is an eminently tonic and febrifuge wine, destined to replace all the other preparations of Peruvian bark.

The bark wines usually employed in medicine are prepared from barks which vary considerably in the degree to which they possess the desired properties. Besides, owing to the manner in which they are prepared, these wines contain scarcely more than the traces of active principles and these always in variable proportions.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE, approved by the Academy of Medicine, constitutes, on the contrary, a medicine of determined composition, rich in active principles, and on which the physicians and patients can always rely.

The QUINIUM LABARRAQUE is prescribed with great success for persons of weak constitution, or for those debilitated by various exhausting causes or past sickness; for youths fatigued by too rapid growth; for young girls whose development takes place with difficulty; for women in child birth; and for aged persons enfeebled by years or illness. It is the best preservative against fevers.

In cases of chlorosis, anemia, or greensickness, this wine is a powerful auxiliary of the ferruginous preparations. In conjunction, for example with VALLET'S PILLS, the rapidity of its action is really marvellous.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms a Stock of

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,

Together with the

LEASE OF STORE,

—AND A—

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS,

Carried on by

D. T BROWNE & CO., ON SPARKS-ST.

In Ottawa.

Application to be made to C. H. BALDWIN & CO., of Montreal, Or BALDWIN BROS., Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 2, 1870 1347tf

FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, Toronto, April 20th, 1870.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lower Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, formerly under the charge of C E BELLE Esq., has been abolished, and that the territory comprising said Agency is attached to the Upper Ottawa Crown Timber Agency, under the charge of A J RUSSELL, Esq., Crown Timber Agent at Ottawa, by whom permits for shipment and clearances for Quebec will be granted.

S RICHARDS, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

1359 3

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The Corporation of the County of Carleton are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of a COURT HOUSE BUILDING and OFFICES on or near the site of the old Court House, recently destroyed by fire. The Drawings, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained at the office of the County Clerk, WILLIAM COWAN, Esq., Nicholas street, Ottawa, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd day of May next.

Sealed Tenders in accordance with the form provided to be delivered to the County Clerk before 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next, addressed to IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden, County of Carleton, and endorsed "Tender for Court House."

The contractor will have to find sureties to enter into a joint and several bond in a sum to be agreed upon by the Corporation, for the due performance of the contract.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

IRA MORGAN, Warden County of Carleton.

April 29, 1870. 1346 a

WANTED.

APPRENTICE wanted by GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO. 1367tf

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c.			12.15	11.30		[illegible]
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00				[illegible]	
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by Train			12.15		[illegible]	[illegible]
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western U.S., and all places west of Prescott	6.00		12.15			[illegible]
United States, by Train; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	6.00		12.15			[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					[illegible]
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		12 Noon		8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	6.00	11 a.m.	5.00	5.00	[illegible]	
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Franktown, Perth, &c. by Stage	7.30				[illegible]	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids	6.00		12.15		[illegible]	
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & Ottawa Railway	6.00				11.30	
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily. Aylmer, Wright, close Tuesdays	6.00					
Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Mondays and Fridays						6.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

FOREIGN MAILS CLOSE

Per Canadian Steamer from Quebec every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

Unregistered letters pre-paid by Stamp will be received until 12.30 P.M.

Per direct Packet from New York, every Monday at 12.00 noon.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 16th May, 1870.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart .... 8.10 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m.

Arrive .... 4.50 p.m., 11.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

H TAYLOR, Agents.

GABRIEL'S

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. *Dentists.* LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR, a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache. See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The only Canadian Life Company authorized by Government for the Dominion.

Its Rates are lower than those of British or American Offices.

The fact that the Canada has a larger amount of Investments and of Assurance business in the Dominion than any of the British or American Companies, sufficiently attests the preference of the public of Canada for a well conducted Canadian Institution, and its rapid progress is satisfactory evidence of the popularity of its principles and practice.

Agencies throughout the Dominion, where every information can be obtained, or at the Head Office, in Hamilton, Ontario.

A G RAMSAY, Manager.

R H HAYCOCK, Agent in Ottawa.

FIRST CLASS Furnished Bedrooms and Parlor, with use of Piano, with or without board. Apply at the Times office. May 16, 1870. 1359d

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH FRENCH SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best material and in the most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

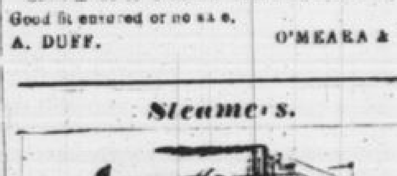
DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY,

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m., and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturday's for Sunday's use. 10 lbs daily for the season $6.00, Terms payable in advance.

Larger quantities supplied on liberal terms as per agreement.

All orders left at Mr. G. Mortimer's Drug Store, Sussex street, Mr. Alex. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks street, Centre Town, Mr. F. Hallandale's, Wellington street, Upper Town, or at the subscribers, will be strictly attended to.

THOMAS STARMER, Rideau street.

1353tf

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

—OF—

FEET WARE

AT THE CAPITAL BOOT & SHOE STORE, YORK STREET.

I am now receiving my SPRING and SUMMER STOCK which will be found complete in all lines comprising Ladies, Misses, and Childrens Kid, Goat and Prunella, in Button'd Balmorals and Congress, Gents English and French imported Calf, Kid and Morocco Congress Gaiter Uppers. Those who desire a comfortable fitting Boot will please call and leave their orders, which will be attended to at the shortest notice. All work done by first class Workmen in my establishment. I have been particular in choosing and manufacturing serviceable ware for the Farming and Lumbering community by whom I am so largely patronized, and at prices as usual defying competition.

GEORGE MURPHY.

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS;

At Ottawa, Sand Point, and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa May 18, 1870

QUETTON, ST. GEORGE & CO'S. PURE WINES.

Arrived this day:

Vin d'ordinaire,

Vin de St. George,

Malaga,

Madeira,

Cognac Vieux,

Eau de vie St. George,

Maraschino, Chatreuse, Creme de Mentha,

Creme de Moka, Olives, &c.

J P MACPHERSON, Elgin Street.

Ottawa, May 20, 1870

ALFRED BUFTON, BUTCHER,

No. 2 Stall, Wellington Ward Market,

Takes this opportunity to thank his numerous friends for the liberal patronage which they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and to express his hope that the superiority of his MEATS, the promptness with which he attends to the wishes of his customers, and his general desire to please, will insure for him a continuance of it.

Two or three barrels extra CORNED BEEF.

Ottawa, May 12, 1870 1356 1m

FOR SALE.

CLOVER SEED—"Large Red," White Beans, Pork Mess, and Prime Mess, Flour No. 1 and Extra.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 6, 1870, 1327tf

FIRST CLASS BOARDING HOUSE,

BY MRS. FRASER,

York Street, Lower Town, Ottawa.

Late residence of David Moore, Esq. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with board or rooms without board. 1360 b

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opening New Establishment—C. P. Dorion.
Situation Wanted—Address Bookkeeper this office.

The Ottawa Times
Office: 34, Sparks Street.
TUESDAY MAY 31, 1870.

ILLNESS OF SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

Sir John has gained but little in strength during the last week, though free from suffering, his condition is very precarious.

J. A. GRANT.
GEO. W. CAMPBELL.

6:50 p.m.
May 30, 1870.

THE PAMPERING OF BRIGANDS.

That there should be pirates at sea is as natural as that there should be robbers on the highway. The sea is the grand highway of nations, and on that highway there will be men, who live by violence to others, as certainly as that by some natural law, men are born with the Ishmaelite mark upon them. Against these common robbers of humanity every hand is uplifted. There is no Christian land on which the sea-robber can legally plant his foot. He is doomed to destruction wherever met. His own life is one of destruction to others that he alone may live, and he lives only to be himself ultimately destroyed in vengeance for the crimes which his course of life has forced upon him, in fulfilment, as it were, of the saying that there is no peace for the wicked. As it is with the sea-robber, so is it, in a circumscribed sense, with the brigand. Against him all honest people have a grudge. His crimes keep him apart from the people. He is a human bird of prey, which swoops down suddenly upon his victim, slays, plunders or feeds, and disappears until again tempted forth from his hiding place by hunger. Such men are not ordinarily pampered by civilized Governments, and encouraged to do private murder. Algiers once sheltered pirates, and brought down upon herself the punishment due to the crime. A British Admiral placed his ship close up to the fortifications of the place, and, to the surprise of the Dey, as well as to his cost, summarily assessed the damages which Britain had sustained at the hands of the miscreants who had issued from the port. The Algerines were not far advanced in civilization, although they had no objection to obtain some of the luxuries of civilization in a cheap way. No civilized nation except the United States ever recognized land-piracy or fillibustering upon other civilized communities. Other civilized nations have brought heathenish or savage races under their control, but no nation excepting the United States has ever tolerated the existence of gangs of ruffians to be used as the pioneers for extending what is poetically "termed the area of freedom." The United States nourish a class of wretches, as untamed as the Red Indian of the forest, who, of their own mere motion, plan and execute expeditions upon the weaker neighbours of the vast Republic. They—gamblers and thimble-riggers by occupation—wretches whose proudest boast is that they have early had their eyes skinned, have no fear of the consequences of evil, either here or hereafter. Less Christian than the Greek Brigands, who are at least superstitiously religious, they slay without believing in futures forgiveness. There is nothing Fenian nor Irish about them, except the desire to slay. The murdering propensity is common to both. These outcasts, more savage than the Indian, infest the outskirts of United States civilization, hanging occasionally, however, upon such civilization as the Five Points, at New York, afford. Wretches, who are unfitted for the desk, or for the spade, the hod, or the hoe, "loaf" in every neighbourhood, where the lowest feats of rowdyism, in the wildest haunts of the meanest and most ignorant civilization, only can be cherished. It is not difficult to enlist such wretches in any enterprize, however desperate. They are always ready to take the chances of plunder at any personal risk. These men can be obtained to serve the purposes of any organization, and these rush into "troubles" for the simple love of them. These are the tools of an organization, which in the interest of peace, General Grant has thought it necessary to decry, and, when they have been ascertained to be incapable of profitable mischief, to hound down. These are the gallant Vermonters, Mississipians and Michiganers, who are mixed up with the scum of New York, Boston or Philadelphia. These are the men, who were tolerated until toleration was no longer possible. England threatens Greece because a few of her subjects threw themselves, as it were, into the way of Brigands, who atrociously slew them, and praises Grant for only assisting to suppress brigands who issue forth and throw themselves upon British subjects in their own territory. It is fortunate that there are yet some sensible people in the United States. The New York *Albion* condemns the pirate, and the Chicago *Tribune*, one of the ablest and best papers on this continent, thus expresses its opinions on recent doings:—

Looking upon this raid in all sobriety, and supposing that General O'Neill is a sane man and responsible for his acts, we say that his ambition to become a corpse ought to be gratified in the most summary manner. He has enlisted one or two thousand fools in an enterprise of brigandage and land piracy, and with this feeble force, he has hurled himself, not merely against the Dominion of Canada, but against the British Empire. The man who conceived this Irish wake would, of course, not stop to consider the attitude of the United States toward his enterprise, else he would have perceived that the government must immediately put forth its energies to arrest and prevent such an outrage against our own laws and the laws of nations. No country can afford to become embroiled in war by the unauthorized and unlawful acts of its subjects, or of aliens residing within its jurisdiction. The President's proclamation warning all such persons to desist, and directing all officers of the United States to use all lawful means to prevent such raids and bring the marauders to justice was timely and proper. It should be followed by the prompt movement of troops to points where the followers of O'Neill are congregated, and, if necessary, by calling out the militia of Vermont and New York, to aid in collaring the bedlamites before they do any further mischief to themselves.

The Buffalo *Express*, after referring to the ridiculous way in which O'Neill was captured, by one man, while on the field of battle and surrounded by his followers, adds:

"But the thing is too serious to be enjoyed in its comical aspect. As an outrage upon the free privileges which the Republic of the United States gives to whatever foreign people desire to become its citizens, and to have renounced all other allegiance, of another pretended nationality, altogether distinct and alien, with a government of its own and an army of its own, assuming to make war in its own name and under its own flag. When one thinks of it, the presumption of the whole performance, and the insult that it involves to the country whose hospitable freedom is abused by it, are altogether intolerable. We hardly think it can be suffered much longer, even in this tolerant land, if the probable fizzle of the present attempt fails to put an end to it."

The Chicago *Post*, which usually goes no further than to make fun of the Fenians, is compelled to be serious for once. Here is what it has to say:—

The raid will have no considerable effect as a military movement. In this respect it is a simple wild goose chase. In truth, the movement is more an act of hostility against the United States than against Canada or Her Majesty's Government. It is making this country an arsenal for the manufacture of arms and a magazine for the care of ammunition for use against a friendly power. Whatever causes of complaint they may have against Great Britain, they owe to the Government of the United States respect and obedience. Neither respecting its peace and dignity, nor its friendly relations with other governments, and violating its laws, they are in fact and law, whatever may be their intent, the enemies of the Republic. If the Republic does not so treat them, it is because magnanimity gets the better of justice.

THE TEUTONIC-YANKEE-HIBERNIAN RAID.

The Raid is over. The Dutch, Americans, and Irish "Philo-bursters" have all turned their backs upon Canada, disgusted with the treatment, which they have received. They succeeded in entrenching themselves—fifteen miles from our frontier. They got into some farmers houses, four miles within our borders—and they rushed out again. Of those who ran, he who outstripped the rest, ran with no ordinary degree of vigor. The shower of bullets whizzing all around, maiming some, and killing others, gave a zest to their speed. They paid dearly for the privilege of being housed even for a moment on Canadian soil. It is no wonder that some of the poor wretches are now skedaddling homewards, while others are literally starving at Malone. There is no sympathy now for the duped rank and file of filibusterism. They have lost, and they are lost. Without money or bread, and poorly clad they are helpless among a people, who despise them while they use them. Ragged and unarmed they are uncared for, and told with a sneer that they have been wasting energies, which if employed on behalf of legitimate authority, would have been invaluable. No wrong has been done towards Canada of any consequence, to the people of Malone, but the people of Malone cannot now be pestered with useless fellows, unaccustomed to work, and who might be supposed to prefer theft to continued beggary. Pitying themselves, the people of Malone affect pity for the marauders, and resolve to send them to such homes as they have at the public expense—to the New York Tombs it may be—tombs, dark and dismal as they are, infinitely more pleasant than the tombs designed for them in Canada. They are starving. It is hard to starve, and while they starve, they anathematize. They curse, both loud and deep, the folly which induced them to trust to General O'Neill, who is now enjoying his tea, at the public expense, in a building which resembles Apsley House, the residence of Wellington, in so far as it has iron shutters to its windows, and they bless, as, it is said, Lucifer occasionally blesses, their brave officers, who, neither imprisoned nor wounded, had seized the earliest opportunity of leaving for their homes. These dupes of Head Centreism certainly do not mourn *their* loss. Officers and men are disgusted with each other. New York is especially disgusted with the whole affair, in so far as it has damped and damned the annexation feeling, which they insolently and ridiculously pretend to suppose is growing in this country. There are tears for the fallen, and glory for such as their duty have done, but we more especially condole with the living dupes than with the twenty slain. The poor wretches, who can face British bullets for love of Ireland, deserve our pity, however much we may execrate the vile association, which has done enough to exhibit them as imbeciles and cowards. Scarcely glad that they have escaped the halter or yet more summary justice, as a warning to their kind, it is impossible not to be sorry at the idea of so much present misery. The miserables, were they only here, how different would have been their lot. They would have been content to run the risk of a permanent residence in Kingston for the luxury of cutting the telegraph wires, as some sympathisers, in our midst, as it were, have done in Gloucester.

There is one consolation this "Raid" is not a positive loss. It is no money lost to have afforded to our citizen soldiery so useful a lesson in military education. There will be no need this year—and it is not intended—to call them out to perform their accustomed drill. They will be suffered to remain at home, and notwithstanding receive the ordinary compensation. The money expended on this expedition is money well spent, and the United States Government will, of course, recompense our citizens on the border for the losses, which individually they have sustained by the invasion, as Canada did towards the sufferers in the United States by the Confederate raid from Montreal during "the great rebellion," upon the Bank of St. Albans. The United States are a very generous, honourable agglomeration of Republicanism, and will unhesitatingly do as they have been done by.

There has been a great expenditure, but it has been among our own people, and therefore no real loss has been sustained, unless it be that means, which might have been better devoted to road making, has been employed in head-breaking, while business in the cities has been damagingly lessened.

RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

Lieut.-Col. Wily, Military Superintendent of Stores for the Dominion, has returned from Collingwood, where he has been in his official character, to see that the stores for the Volunteers were carefully sent on. He reports that everything was going on swimmingly, and that the troops were in the highest spirits, and were meeting with no opposition of any kind, nor expecting any. Indeed, the people of this Dominion may now rejoice in the belief that all our warlike troubles are over, and proceed to think of business as usual, leaving Philobursterism and Rielism to be cared for only by such as have no business of their own.

$2,000—PRAISEWORTHY APPROPRIATION.

With a feeling of true patriotism the City Council have voted the sum of TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, as a provision for the wives and children of volunteers, now on duty at the frontier. There is not an inhabitant of Ottawa who will not approve of this well-timed relief to the families of those loyal men, who, without having a moment to make any arrangements for the home requirements of those most dear to them, unhesitatingly rushed to arms in their country's cause. They went to protect the hearths of the people of the city, and it is right that those, who have not to fight and run the risk of maiming or of death, should pay something for their exemption from such ills. We are glad of this vote, less on account of the amount, than of the spirit which it exhibits. The City Council merit the thanks of those whom they represent for their conduct in this matter.

A telegram from Nova Scotia says that Dr. Tupper is down at Amherst, in the County of Cumberland, visiting his constituents. He will probably be in Ottawa in the course of a week or ten days.

MR. CHARLES MAIR left Perth, yesterday, for Fort Abercrombie.

Dr. Schultz and Father Richot leave to-day.

General O'Neill's Present Legal Position.

The Montreal *Herald* says:—We think there can be no doubt that "Mr." O'Neill, which is the way one of the American newspapers assures us that he was irreverently addressed by General Foster, is very plainly a subject for extradition under the treaty between the United States and England. The offences for which the two nations have undertaken to extradite offenders are these:—Murder, or assault with intent to commit murder, or piracy, or arson, or robbery, or forgery, or the utterance of forged paper. Now there can surely be no question that "Mr. O'Neill's has committed the second of these offences, we mean assault with intent to commit murder. Nor is there, we presume, the slightest doubt that the crime was committed upon our territory; for any advance made thither with the deadly weapons, which were in the hands of his comrades, after the incitements and directions given to them before hand, amounts to an assault in law, whose intention cannot for a moment be doubted to be that of committing murder. We presume that our Government will not fail to make the necessary demands upon the Government of the United States.

The Fenian Fizzle.

Special Correspondence.

Now that the alarm and expectation have ceased in this quarter, and that the scurvy numbers are moving westward, it might be well to inform you of some of the details of this evil conceived enterprise, and well executed failure of the Fenians. On my way to Malone, I remained some hours in Ogdensburgh where the feeling was that of a like indifference regarding the expedition as was demonstrated during the late war for the foreigners who engaged in that contest. The only expression of interest among the Americans was that it served Canada right for her supposed sympathy with the South. It was not that they hated the Fenians less; but that they hated Canada more. The arrival of a company of regulars, U. S. troops, was looked upon with more of an air of dislike than gratification by the citizens who had assembled to see them march to their quarters. None of the cheering which hailed the presence of a military force during the last year of the late American war, was repeated by any present. The same train brought in a large number of the unwashed, ill-clad, and altogether unseemly crowd as far as De Kalb where they branched off for a point farther north. These miscreants were loudly cheered, while the regulars were treated with a significant silence. On the route to Malone numbers, varying from ten to twenty-five, got on at every station, and cheering was continued by the outside crowds. At Potsdam Junction a confab was held by those seemingly in command, in which several men, evidently Americans, and apparently of commercial occupations, took an excited interest. Quite a number of the roughs got off here, and the train proceeded to Malone amid loud cheers from the well-dressed, as well as the ragged. On arriving at this latter place, the cars were immediately beset by a multitude of citizens, and those who had evidently been lately brought there. The due amount of boisterous reception having been gone through—numerous questions as to what the Canucks were doing, and if Prescott had been taken, and if there had not been a fight at Fort Erie, and if the boys were not coming in from New York, were made from hundreds of lips. The clamour through the town was extraordinary, and the confidence of the rabble was stimulated by those in command. Nothing in the shape of a disposition of the men was made, in a military point of view, by the officers, after their arrival, each taking a direction to suit his own taste, or rather *smell*, for "benzine" was consumed in large quantities. There appeared to be but little money among them, supplies of forty rod were, however, plenty. A great number of the men labored under the impression that they were within a very near approach of the Canadian border, and the general idea prevailed that only a feeble opposition would be given to their entrance to and their occupation of the country, though hundreds had been arriving since the twenty-first of the month. This anticipation was confirmed by the rapidity with which arms and uniforms were distributed, and the large quantities of military stores which turned up as if by magic. The State authorities of New York and Vermont were aware of these stores and arms being concealed on the border line. All the teams around were engaged in conveying stores. The numbers of the horde were magnified, and those of the "Canucks" diminished to a most ridiculous extent.

APPEARANCE OF THE M. B.

A crowd of creation's off-scourings—for the most part clad in filthy, and miserable apparel, follows evidently drawn from the worst mire in the worst sections of New York, Buffalo and other cities of unenviable notoriety in the States—wharf-rats, thieves of the lowest order, pimps, and practised scoundrels in all the basest orders of crime. They are composed of the heterogeneous masses who form the human filth of the country and are found to be nearly about half of other nationalities than Irish. The low forehead, pig eye, pug-nose, coarse mouth, and bullet head of the low Celt, can be seen alongside of the stupid, bestial face, and porcine corpulent German. The undeniable Yankee countenance, betokening anything but honesty of purpose was not a little numerous among them. In points of physique the Irish portion would not be called equal to those of other nationalities—a large proportion being mere boys. The officers looked somewhat better—most of them having apparently seen service during the late war.

It is needless for me to give a resume of this, the latest folly of Fenianism; the particulars have already reached you over the wires. It may not, however, be uninteresting to state that the men were very much improved in appearance, when washed and uniformed, and actually marched well.

FENIAN UNIFORM.

The Fenian uniform is rather neat. It is composed of a pair of sky-blue pantaloons (American regulation color), a green jacket, with yellow facings, and a green cap, with yellow band.

I have been assured by some gentlemen of respectability that O'Neill must have made between eighty and a hundred thousand dollars out of his Fenian operations.

On their return from their disastrous attempt, a sorrier and more demoralized set could not be found on the face of the earth; their ruffian courage had "oozed out," and the instinctive ruffian cowardice had set in to an incurable extent. Some of the officers were desperate; many of them swore to shoot O'Neill for his treachery. It was commonly reported he had paid Genl. Foster $1,000 to secure his own arrest.

After the discomfiture, those Americans who had extended sympathy and encouragement to the advancing horde cast on their shattered forces looks of contemptuous scorn. The attempted invasion had more in it than mere Fenianism—the suspicious tardiness of General Grant in issuing his proclamation—not till a day after he had received intimation from the British Government—the useless disposition of the handful of troops sent to protect the neutrality laws—the general sympathy and encouragement given to such a dastardly move on Canada by a great number of the "native" Americans makes the whole affair more American than Irish. When told so, the irrepressible native will speak of "retaliation," "Alabama claims," and "British tyranny." If the outrage were not of so serious a character, had it been prevented by the United States Government, and not encouraged by a portion of the people, the consideration of an invasion by Fenians would be a matter of ridicule among all well-thinking men. The time has certainly come when such tardy action as that taken by the authorities at Washington, and carried out at the twelfth hour—otherwise when the rascals had been driven from the country—should claim the serious attention of the Home Government.

General Gleason is here. He is rather a fine looking man, with a thorough military air.

Father McMahon is also here. Picture to yourself a coarse-looking Milesian, low, receding forehead, small, expressionless eyes, broad, sensual nose and mouth, a heavy, bull-dog chin, pluggy neck, and ungainly form and manners. His brogue is that of the hod-carrier—his language is coarse, vulgar, and ungrammatical. It has been made a remark among those who have seen him by what means such a specimen of ignorance and stupidity could have obtained holy orders. His reading has been less than that of many of the roughs with him. His knowledge of theology must have been picked up in the back kitchen of some jolly priest in the Emerald Isle, where he may have officiated as a body servant. A more disgusting case of imbecility, and baseness combined could not be found in the catalogue of American clergymen. This unprincipled rascal has dared to harangue his mob of cut-throats and introduce the sacred name of religion and patriotism in vulgar and miserable appeals. Pity he will not undertake to cross the lines again.

CANADA.

Malone, Saturday.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In your issue of this date, under the heading "Departure of the remainder of the Carleton Battalion," you say "They were some time at the railway station before the special train arrived that was to convey them to Prescott." Will you kindly allow me to correct you on this point? The facts are as follows:—I received orders from Lieutenant-Colonel Jackson for a train at 12 o'clock, midnight, and at 12:30 the train was ready in Ottawa to convey the troops, and remained in readiness till three o'clock, when they started. Under ordinary circumstances I should have allowed the mistake to pass unnoticed; but, at this particular time, I am anxious to shew that the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway is not behind in doing its duty towards checking the advance of a band of ruffians at any time.

Your obedient servant,
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

The St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company, Superintendent's Office, Prescott, May 30th, 1870.

Our reporter was not on the ground when the train started, and was evidently misinformed.

PRESIDENTIAL ALACRITY.

From the Ottawa Courier.

So far from the British Minister at Washington being highly satisfied at the prompt action of the President and the clever dodge of arresting Fenian O'Neill, as reported in New York, and transmitted from that source to us by telegraph, Mr. Thornton is quite indignant at the quiet indifference exhibited by that distinguished potentate until inaction was no longer safe. The Fenians themselves say that the brave O'Neill paid the United States Marshall, Foster, a considerable sum of money to procure a carriage for him and take him to safe quarters in the gaol at St. Albans. We have a high respect for "promptness and alacrity," but we are not to be deluded by fudge.

FLOURISHING.

From the Ottawa Courier.

The success of the fractional currency scheme of Sir Francis Hincks is becoming more evident day after day. With it trade is facilitated, and the mechanic and labourer is no longer bored with discount on his earnings. The only grumblers and abusers of the scheme are the money brokers and produce dealers, who had previously been squeezing the public out of about 4 per cent., and were growing so numerous that as Malthus says, with regard to the too rapid increase of population, a thinning was necessary by "natural selection" or some other mode of destruction. Every little village had its money changers, and they were becoming so numerous as to threaten like locusts to leave the ground bare of that upon which they fed. Everything is now going on smoothly. There is no trouble in paying customs, or taxes, or in making Bank deposits. Sir Francis Hincks' currency acts uniformly to all—poor and rich—tax-gatherer and tax-payer. The traders are satisfied, the mechanic and the labourer are satisfied, all are satisfied, and the country flourishes.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.—That is all who has either used the article themselves or witnessed its effects when used by others; all such, and they are only fit to judge, are unanimous in the opinion that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is superior to anything of the kind heretofore or at present in use for coughs, colds, thick wind, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses. As a condition medicine it has no equal; there is nothing in it which can injure a horse whether sick or well—nor need the horse be kept from working while using it; it is just the article which all who own horses require, and which they should have constantly on hand. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd and Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada.

Latest by Telegraph.

By People's Line

Office: G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 30.

The P. C. O. Royal Rifle Brigade and Capt. Gore's Battery of Royal Artillery have returned to their barracks here.

Orders were issued on Saturday, from the brigade officer to the volunteers in the city, to drill five hours per day till further orders.

On Friday afternoon a young man, an apprentice in the engine shop of Messrs. Barclay, had his arm caught in the cog wheels of a lathe. The arm was found to be dreadfully lacerated.

At five o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in a stable, but was soon extinguished. The fire is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

A gentleman who left St. Albans this morning informs us that six car-loads of Fenians left there for their homes on Saturday night. Their expenses were paid by the city which was glad to be rid of them. About 25 remained there this morning, and may be got off during the day.

A stupid and malignant report is current on the other side of the lines that the body of the Fenian who was buried on the battle field by the Canadians, was previously mutilated. The story carries with it its own contradiction.

Thomas Farley, Deputy Marshal, who was most active in arresting O'Neill and other Fenian officers, is a Catholic Irishman, and a native of the town of Fairfield, Vt.

It is expected that several Fenian prisoners will be brought to the city to-day.

Amongst the arrests of Fenians made yesterday while at Mass, at Malone, is one named McMahon, said to be the notorious Father McMahon.

A number of Enfield rifles converted into breech loaders, some cavalry sabres, knapsacks, &c., were brought in to the city this morning, by passengers arriving by train from the front.

Greenbacks bought at 13 and sold at 12½.
Silver bought at 6¼ and sold at 6.
5-20s sold at 111½ to 114½.
Flour market, no change to report; market firm but quiet.
Weather very fine.

HINCHINBROOK

Two Officers of the Montreal Garrison Artillery cross the Lines in Disguise, and Report five Fenian Generals Captured, &c., &c.

May 30.

Lt. Oswald and Dr. Blackader, of the Montreal Garrison Artillery, crossed the lines on Sunday, at half past two o'clock, in disguise, and went to the Fenian headquarters at Malone, ten miles off, and reported as follows:—The Fenians, in and about Malone, were at least 1,200 strong; their officers were at Mass this morning; had been surrounded and taken prisoners by the United States troops. The party introduced themselves to General Hunt, in command of the United States troops, and were shewn by his *Aide-de-Camp* five captured Fenian Generals, including General Gleason.

Many of the rifles have been taken also from the Fenians. Returning at night they passed the Fenian camp, about 100 yards from the road, and having been partially recognized they then had a sharp drive for their lives.

An American officer of the United States army, visiting our camp on Saturday afternoon, informed us certainly, that General Donnelly, commanding the Fenians at the engagement yesterday at this place, was mortally wounded, and this morning died of his wounds. Three privates were also mortally wounded.

WINDSOR.

May 29.

All quiet here. We have 200 volunteers in town, and more are ready to come.

The Fenians are excited and organizing in Detroit, Wyandotte and Saginaw; but we don't expect any movement here unless they are successful elsewhere.

CORNWALL.

May 28.

The 41st battalion, from Brockville, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel James Crawford, M. P., numbering about 300, arrived here yesterday by steamer.

The 18th Hawkesbury arrived by land.

The garrison here now number some 900 men, besides officers.

It is said that the 43rd battalion from Ottawa has been ordered here.

Other reports say that a portion of the force here is likely to be disbanded on Monday or Tuesday.

It is rumored that the Fenians intend to take possession of Barret's Island, about a mile from here. We doubt there being such fools even it they had the ability.

The forces here are under command of Lt.-Colonel Atcherly, of Brockville, Deputy-Adjutant-General for this district.

The band of the 41st Battalion played for a while on the bank of the canal this evening.

MALONE.

May 30, noon.

Twelve car loads of Fenians were sent off by the municipality here to-day. They were in a starving condition. The Federal Government refused to pay their passages. They threatened if they were not sent home to march through the country and plunder as they went.

BUFFALO.

4 o'clock.

A great many Fenians have arrived here. They are dispirited and half-starved, and all respectable people despise them.

CABLE NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 28.—Queen Victoria's birthday was celebrated in the usual manner. Several grand dinners were given in honor of the event.

The *Flag of Ireland* newspaper exults in the certainty of a Fenian victory in Canada. "Instant justice to Ireland," the *Flag* continues, "can alone prevent that result until that is accomplished. Nemesis dogs the heels of the Dominion."

The *Spectator* says the action of the Fenians is due to their hereditary passion, and the policy of England is due to her hereditary insolence and contempt.

Other journals have written articles similar in tone.

The good faith of the American authorities is generally admitted, and the attempts of the Fenians ridiculed.

The *Saturday Review* also contains a vicious article on the subject of Beecher's sermons.

GLASGOW, May 28.—The steamer *Darien*, from New York, has arrived.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 28.—Prince Pierre Bonaparte is now under surveillance at his chateau, St. Auteuil.

Authoritative information is to the effect that the Emperor has decreed his exile, and that the Prince is preparing to leave for America in about fortnight. His sentence expires two years hence.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 28.—The Spanish officials ordered the close search to be made for the English prisoners lately captured by the brigands near Gibraltar.

The Government has promised the English Ambassador here that Spain will refund any ransom that may have to be paid.

Orders have been despatched to the Governor of Cadiz requiring him to accompany one of the searching parties.

Last evening a caucus of country deputies in the Constituent Cortes was held in this city to decide what action it was desirable to take relative to the selection of a future ruler for Spain. After a long debate, a proposition to invest Marshall Serrano with the royal attributes, was lost by a vote of 22 to 12, and the caucus adjourned without taken further action in the matter.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK.—The *Queen*, from Liverpool, has arrived. She brings 1,522 passengers, the largest number ever brought across the ocean in one passage.

Arrived, steamer *Nemesis*, from Liverpool.

All steamers for Europe to-day were crowded with passengers.

Matters all quiet at the Fenian headquarters.

POUGHKEEPSIE.—Two cartloads of regular troops passed up this afternoon on special train, *en route* to the Canadian border.

The steamer *James Madison*, while going north this afternoon, caught fire, and was considerably damaged. The flames were extinguished without stopping the boat.

Recruiting for Fenians is in progress at Newburgh. Over 50 have left that place for the front.

CINCINNATI.—The bridge over White Water River, on the Central Railway, near Richmond, was burnt last night.

It will probably cost ten thousand dollars to rebuild it.

ST. LOUIS, May 28.—Reports are current that a considerable number of Fenians have left for the east. Secret meetings have been held to raise funds to send to the recruits, but news from the border is discouraging.

Arrangements for decorating soldiers graves are completed.

MALONE, May 28.—From reliable sources it is ascertained that the Fenian general Gleason is at Malone, and is trying to rally men for another attack, and it is thought he will succeed in gathering 600 to 800.

A special train from the South will arrive at noon, to-morrow, with 500 Fenians. It is thought there may be work to-morrow evening.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A Malone telegram says that in connection with the raid on Canada, wilful and persistent misrepresentation has characterized the whole affair from the beginning; that the United States Government would sympathize with the advance on Canada was constantly preached to the men in their circles, and that at least 15,000 Fenians would assemble on the Canadian Frontier was asserted persistently.

The Fenians in New York were told that Boston, Albany, and cities East and West, would send large bodies of men, and members of the Brotherhood out of New York were made to believe that their brethren there were eager for the fray. Now the men know the deception that was practised, and are outspoken against the men who deceived them.

The Fenians arrested will be brought before the United States Court to-day.

A despatch states that the Washington authorities have resolved to prosecute O'Neill and Gleason to the utmost extent of the law, and the President says that no modification of their sentence, in case of conviction, will be entertained.

MALONE, May 29.—E. J. Manrix, one of the Fenians arrested, has escaped from the guard-house. Troops are in pursuit, and there is great excitement here.

The remainder of the prisoners are kept under cover of rifles.

The United States troops were on the border last night, taking from store-houses Fenian arms and ammunition, &c.

Mr. Blunt, Collector of Customs at Fort Covington, seized on Monday, about two miles west of Hogansburg, 30 tons of Fenian guns, ammunition and equipments, including 5,000 Springfield and Enfield rifles, and Austrian carbines, 10 or 12 tons of breech-loading ammunition, and the remainder in knapsacks cartouche-boxes, &c.

Gen. Hunt has detailed fifteen men to proceed to Fort Covington, where the arms have been taken by Blunt, and convey them here.

Father Sneely, the Catholic Pastor here, is raising contributions of food from his parishioners and feeding the Fenians.

The *World's* Malone correspondent says:—The United States officers, Majors Haskins and Harne, had given the prisoners a good dinner, except Gleason, who is considered a fraud.

Prominent Fenians denounce Gleason, who promised fifteen thousand dollars to the cause, and so hastened the movement to its defeat.

Gleason, it now appears, has manufactured false despatches and sent them to the New York *Tribune* and other papers in New York.

When Gleason passed down from Flanagan's hotel to the guard house the Fenians along the street hooted him.

Despatches show that the observance of this day, for the decoration of the soldiers' graves who fell in the war of the rebellion, will be general throughout the United States.

Special Meeting of the City Council.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Alderman Bangs, Bate, May, Robinson, Guerard, Featherston, Goulden, Cunningham, Lapierre, Martineau, Pratt, Traversay and Heney.

His Worship addressed the Council, and stated that he had convened the present meeting to make some provision for the wives and families of the Volunteers who were fighting for their country, and who had to depart from the city so suddenly as to leave their families without making any arrangements for their support during their absence.

Alderman Cunningham referred to a resolution made for the same purpose on a former occasion in 1866. He hoped that whatever was done in this direction should be done unanimously. He thought the plan of raising a public subscription would not amount to anything, and he proposed that the grant should be made by the Council, and the city assessed for the amount.

Alderman Martineau thought that young men should not be entitled to any such allowance—only married men, who had left those at home, who were dependent on their labour for support.

Ald. Goulden thought it should be necessary to have a list from the Captains of the companies as to who were entitled to the distribution of the grant.

His Worship the Mayor gave as an instance of the necessity of this grant being made; a case that had come under his knowledge of a family of children that had beed without food for one afternoon and night on account of their father being called away so suddenly. He thought that it could not be a solitary instance of the kind where there were so many married volunteers as in this city.

It was moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that this Corporation feeling it incumbent to make some provision for the subsistence of the families and relations of the volunteer force now on active duty in repelling invasion, do hereby acknowledge the services of the city Volunteer Companies by paying them while on active service at the rate of 25 cents per diem for each man. $2.50 per week to the wife of each volunteer, and that His Worship the Mayor, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, and the City Clerk be appointed a Committee to distribute this fund to the extent of $2,000, for which amount His Worship is authorised to sign checks for the sum as required.

Ald. Cunningham was sorry to think there should be a devision on the motion. He spoke of men earning their dollar, and some of them a dollar and fifty cents per diem, and thought the paltry allowance they were receiving from the Government would be a poor recompense for their services.

His Worship the Mayor said that if his own feelings were consulted he would vote the men 50 cents instead of 25 cents per diem, and would share his last shilling with those who were fighting for the defence of our homes and country.

Ald. Mosgrove hoped that the Council would not act in a niggardly manner on this motion. He thought it was due to the municipality to see that the corporation of this city should do at least as much for their Volunteers as other cities in the Dominion.

Ald. Robinson thought it was the duty of the Government to allow sufficient provision for the families of the defenders of our country.

Ald. Lapierre did not think that the state of the finances of the corporation was in such a flourishing state as to offer a premium to our Volunteers. He believed in extending assistance to the families in distress, but not in giving assistance to young men who were bound to go to the front whether assisted or not.

Ald. Featherston would support the motion to the utmost of his power and was sure that nothing in the power of the Council to do that would be too much for the men who were offering themselves to fight not only for themselves, but us all.

Ald. Goulden did not believe in supporting any such resolution; he thought it a piece of extravagance, as the men were regularly paid by the Government, and as for the last grant for the same purpose in 1866 he did not believe one cent of the money went to support the distressed families; he did not think it was right to vote such a sum out of the pockets of the rate-payers of this city; the volunteers were well paid by the Government, with good rations and easy work. He would not have the slightest objection to assist distressed families, but he would ask who among the assembled Council could tell how many there were of them. One gentlemen knew a family, and another gentleman knew a family. But that was not the thing. He would like to know how much was wanted before he would vote for any such sum as $2,000 for such a purpose.

Ald. Heney would vote with all his heart for a grant to the volunteers; he would himself give $2, $3, or $4 a day rather than go and shoulder a rifle, although he thought he would make as good a soldier as any of them. He would vote by all means for anything that would assist the volunteers and their families.

Ald. Bangs would vote for a grant for the families of the volunteers, but he would not support the motion that would grant a sum of money to young men who, he thought, did not have any hardships to go through.

The motion was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The meeting adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS

Great novelties in summer goods by last steamer from England opened to-day at Magee and Russell's.

DRESSING MADE EASY.—Dresses cut by Mrs Maynard at R. L. James & Co.'s are sure to fit. Charges moderate.

New Granite dress goods, just the thing for summer suits, only 1s 3d per yard, at Garland Muchmor & Co's.

New lustres for summer suits, in various colors, 1s 3d and 1s 8d per yard, ex last steamer, at Garland, Muchmor & Co's.

Do not forget the auction sale of building lots by Mr. A. Rowe to day, at the Union House, at twelve o'clock. The property is situated on Sparks Street, near Bank Street, and on Queen Street.

We would call the attention of our readers to the auction sale of two second-hand buggies, to-day, at the Union House, by Mr. A. Rowe. They are in excellent order, and one, the folding seat, we understand, is quite new—made by Dixon Bros., of Toronto.

PINE TIMBER DESTROYED.—An immense quantity of pine has been destroyed on the mountains, along the north side of the River Ottawa, by fires that have been raging in the pineries and mountains for the last fortnight.

COMMENDABLE.—A number of our respectable citizens, viz.:—Alderman Heney, P. A. Egleson, senr.; Wm. Graham, of the City Hotel Jas. Bourget and others, left with this morning's train to visit our volunteers at the different camping quarters along the frontier on the St. Lawrence. Their object may be surmised.

CITY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—We understand that the Board of Directors of this Society held a meeting to-day, at the office of the President, for the purpose of preparing a premium list for the coming exhibition. We hope they may be as successful in their efforts as last year in holding a good show, and that our citizens will contribute liberally, as the management certainly deserves. The days of exhibition are to be the 21st, 22nd and 23rd September. Success to the society say we.

RUNAWAY.—Yesterday morning as Mr. Elliot was near the Railway station with a horse and buggy, the train which was switching at the time frightened the horse—he became unmanageable and pitched Mr. Elliot into a pond of water near the station, and smashing the shafts of the buggy. The frightened animal could not be stopped till he reached his stable on York street, into which he ran, panting and trembling with terror. Mr. Elliot had a narrow escape from being both drowned and injured with the wheels of the buggy. Mr. R. Lyon, M.P., who was in the buggy at the time, is said by some of the spectators of the scene to have made the smartest and best jump that has been witnessed round the station for some time. He leaped clear of all danger when the buggy was being overturned, and saved himself from a ducking. We are happy to state that Mr. Elliot escaped bodily injury, but a slight hurt on the hand. It is not long since he had his leg broken, and was about recovered from the effects of it when this affair occurred.

SHIPPING.—The steamer *Bytown* arrived with 5 barges light. Steamer *England* arrived with 13 barges light. Steamer *Otter* arrived on Monday morning with 2 barges partly freighted. The *Lincoln* and *Rover* arrived light. The *Mink* was expected last night. The *Arctic* went down yesterday morning with some barges. The *Otter* goes down to-day with a tow of logs. The *Matilda* is expected to go down to-day with a tow of barges freighted with lumber. The steamer *Dandy* arrived on Sunday night with eight barges, light. The Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Co.'s steamer *Arctic* arrived with one barge. The steamer *Mac* arrived with three barges, light, and was beaten in an attempt made by her captain to take them up in one trip as far as the Suspension Bridge against the stiff current. After half an hour's work with full steam on, two of the barges had to be snubbed to a wharf and such was the force of the current that the steamer had enough to do to take up one at a time. This trial of strength between steam and current was watched with intense interest from the Government Hill and the Lovers' Walk by a number of spectators who were out for a stroll. The river was dotted over with canoes, bunns, skiffs, ferry boats, and every kind of craft that would carry a passenger. The water was without a ripple, except that caused by the current. Citizens were enjoying themselves to their … tightness of the Canadian … ten in the charms of a …

Police Court Yesterday.

John McLaughlin and … charged with being drunk and … fined $3 and $2, respectively.

Wm. A. Cameron, Paul Bourgeois, … Latraouure, and George Latour … charged with selling goods on … Day. The cases were dismissed … proved.

The adjourned case of Michael Daly … with assaulting Mr. Doucette and … Goselin was called. Miss Goselin … Court and attracted considerable … from the crowd of people assembled … the examination. The Court … cleared of those who had no … affair the case was proceeded with. Doucet was put out of the Court … Goselin was giving her evidence … allowed the privilege of sitting … while giving her deposition, … being still weak from the effects … sault.

After being sworn, her evidence … lows:

I live in Lower Town; … 8th day of this month. On the … that day Mr. Doucet and myself … r's house about half-past six … in the afternoon to have a walk … see the Rideau falls; remained … or 15 minutes; went after … Edinburgh road, the road leading … we did not leave the road; … we returned back; while we … way home some person threw a … Doucette; then two fellows came … bush, and Doucette turned round … them; he said to them that he … were making a mistake, that he … the person they wanted; they did … but one said to the other: strike … him; both of them attacked him … he was knocked down, and I … they did not come near him till … knocked down again with a stone … lifted Mr. Doucette he was covered … blood about the face, and … came up and I caught hold of … the neck and the other by … to find out if they were … or it they wanted to kill … They said they did not want … to me, they wanted to kill Doucette … before they should kill him … to kill me; I let one of them … the dark-complexioned one, … the other; the dark one … Doucette down and jumped on … and kicked him; I let the other … go then, and he also attacked Doucette … went among them and helped Doucette … the dark one struck Doucette with a … cracker on the eye; the fair complexioned … struck me on the right temple with … and knocked me down. I had a hold … the left hand, and he struck me with … but my side was black from the … received; the night was bright … moon was up; I had a good chance … the man; am not engaged to be … to Mr. Doucette or anybody; … out walking with Doucette several … there was no person holding the light … room when I was at the doctor's; … see Daly hold the light in … whilst on my back in the bush … low said if I shouted he would … the dark fellow was standing by … short time, while the other … of me; when he saw Doucette … ditch he returned and … several persons at the … there; Daly might have … the doctor's while I was there, but I paid … attention to anybody, … time.

Doctor W. B. Bell, sworn—In the … in attendance on Miss Goselin; … a few minutes to nine on the night … tion; was told a man had been … the bush; a man and a girl were brought … of a carriage into my office; … cursory examination; she did not … be much cut, but was suffering a … of pain; advised her to sit down … examining Doucette; told her I could … make a sufficient examination … and would have to see her at her … saw her next day; she appeared … much bruised on the face and … very much with pain in the side … the two men that brought Doucette … office said they would have to … would faint; Daly held the light … cette's head while I dressed it; … into the room while I … the dressing of Doucette's … I asked him to hold … which he did; knew Doucette … not notice anything peculiar … pearance; did not notice any … clothes; I thought it was singular … he should come into my office by … and the front door open.

The case was then adjourned till … three o'clock.

Part of the evidence is unfit … It went to show that an assault … intent had been committed.

Interoceanic Canal.

From the New York Sun.

The practical success of the Suez … the receipt at Liverpool of bulky … like cotton in forty odd days … is a matter of direct and vital interest … country. It means that unless we … the opening of some such ship canal … continent, counterbalance the current … merce established by way of Suez … and Asia can exchange their … without our having any finger in the …

Advices from Bogota to the … ceived here last Wednesday, give … ground to expect that the treaty … tween the Cabinets of Washington … for the opening of the interoceanic … the territories of the United States … bia will be approved by the … gress. But whether Darien, … gua, or Tehuantepec be … for the line, some interoceanic … tropical America has become … to our commerce. Meanwhile … appeared in some of our contemporaries … effect that the British Minister … ton, acting in accordance with … from the British Foreign Office, … test against some clauses in the … treaty which conflict with that of … and Bulwer in 1850.

This last treaty was entered into … urgent solicitation of American … who, before determining to … in a ship canal across Nicaragua, … have every possible guarantee … tional questions or wars should … jeopardize their property. The … ject of a ship canal fell through … was a little ahead of the age. … of thirty-three millions of dollars … pended in its construction … an outlay unwarranted by the … twenty years ago. To-day the … of a canal somewhere between … and Pacific oceans is indispensable … costs five times as much.

It is an error to say that the Clayton-Bul… wer treaty does not cover a canal by … Darien. The eighth article … that "The Government of the United … and Great Britain having not only … entering this convention, to … particular object, but also to … eral principle, they hereby agree … their protection, by treaty stipulations … other practicable communications … canal or railroad, across the … connects North and South America … the interoceanic communications, should … same prove to be practicable, whether … or railway, which are now proposed … tablished by way of Tehuantepec or … This convention, however, simply … contracting powers to afford … protection which all other nations … to assist in affording, and which … one foreign Government has since … in—while such canal is building … wards "as long as the parties … owning the same shall impose no … ditions of traffic thereupon than the … Governments shall approve of as … equitable, and as long as said … ways shall be open to the citizens … jects of the United States and … on equal terms."

The treaty further stipulates that … party may withdraw … by giving six month's notice …

TIGHT BINDING

fair discrimination in favor of the commerce of one of the contracting parties over the commerce of the other by imposing oppressive or unreasonable tolls upon passengers, vessels, goods, wares, merchandise or other articles. Both of the contracting powers also agree not to acquire, fortify, hold or exercise dominion over any territory through which the canal may pass, and the article is not ... by the Columbian treaty.

Advices from Calcutta Bay to the 19th instant go far to prove that the idea of constructing a canal by any line through the Isthmus of Darien will have to be abandoned as impracticable. The ... Tehuantepec and ... Nicaragua. With regard to the former, some of our most distinguished citizens, including Mr. Marshall O Roberts and Mr. Moses Taylor, have been in Washington petitioning for a Government survey of the line, and we trust it will be accorded them. But whether that route be found the best, or whether we are obliged to fall back upon the original route through Nicaragua, the canal we must have; and it cannot be constructed except under the guarantees of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

The Hens in Council.

BY L. N. LAMONT.

From the Scottish American.

Published at the request of a Scottish friend, who respectfully dedicates it "A Bee Blac."

There's tumult in the hen-coop,
There's clockin' on the rail;
Is this a fowl procedin',
Or is't a ladies sale?
Methinks I'll softly enter—
What's this? Some scartin' here?
"The Clockin' Hens' Convention—
Nae rooster neck appear."

Losh! what a fearfu' talkin'
I'll stand here by the door—
An ancient hen is clockin',
And noo she has the floor.
Her neck looks rather withered,
Her feathers much decayed;
That neb is slightly redder
Than when she was a maid.

Out spoke this ancient layer—
Her voice was thin and shrill—
"My sisters, O my sisters,
This noo will make me ill;
Ye ken I'm not a chicken,
I'm twenty-one the day."
"Her twenty!—sic a lee 'er"—
I heard a wee hen say.

She cough-ed and she cough-ed—
She couldna speak, puir thing—
Out cam' a wee bit bottle
Frae underneath her wing.
"Ma freens, I'll tak' my mixture
Afore oor woes I tell."
"I heard a whisper, "Speerits.
I ken it by the smell."

"The subject of my lecture
Is on our rights ye ken—
Tis time that we were crowin'.
As sure as I'm a hen,
Too long hae we been hatchin'
For ither people's shelves—
The time's arrived, my sisters,
To hatch eggs for oorsels.

"Shall we gie a' oor scrapins
To feed anither's maw,
And hae him crowin' awre us
A stoppin' o' our jaw?
Let us be slaves nae longer,
Far better let us die"—
"I want to be a rooster,"
I heard a maiden say.

"I hate the stuck up monsters,
Who strut, and fume, and fret,
And think we puir females
Are only made to pet.
Thank guidness I hae never
Yet listened to their crow"—
"Because," remarked a chicken,
"You never had a beau."

"The day is no' far distant,
Instead of 'conscia mens,'
Our motto shall be altered
To 'conscia recti hens.'
When we shall walk in freedom,
And strut around the street,
W' hames upon oor noddles,
And spurs upon oor feet.

"When we shall hae oor Senate,
Composed o' female brains,
To legislate on bonnets,
And regulate our trains.
We'll hae oor lawyers, doctors,
Oor commerce and oor trade,
And cu.. the horrid monster"—
"Don't see it," said a maid.

"Of course we can't ignore them,
Altho' we cease their yoke;
We'll keep some bonnie roosters
Who nither drink nor smoke,
Nor hand around the saucer,
We're finished for to-day—
Three chicks for female suffrage"—
"Ra!—chich!—erick!—eray!"

She ceased, and as she hobbled
Upon the spar below,
An ancient spyin' rooster
Set up an awfu' crow—
"Gang hame ye clockin' grannies,
Ye've got yer wark to do—
Gang hame and mind the chickens—
A-cook-a-doodle-doo!"

Oh, sic a fearfu' clockin'
Was never heard afore,
Each spinister and each granny
Made a rush for the door.
And thus I thought, "Oh woman,
God sent you here below
To help your fellow mortal,
To bless him, not to crow."

Queen's Birthday was kept in the usual loyal style last month, and next month the citizens of the Dominion of Canada will celebrate the birth of their new and rising existence; but recovered invalids still feel that a public holiday would be too short to celebrate all the virtues of that celebrated Indian Medicine, the great Shoshonees Remedy, now on sale by the respectable druggists in your locality.

Is Health Worth Having?—If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises which is the quickest and most effectual remedy?

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing Coughs, Colds, and all Bronchial affections and relieving the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last ... years, until now the sales average over ... thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation productive of such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cents per box.

Maravilla Cocoa — *For Breakfast* — The "Globe" says:—"Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For homoeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers, ... Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. ... Mills—Brick Lane, London Eng.

NEW PHASE OF FREE LOVE.

A Personal Advertisement and What Came of it—A Married Lothario Wants Another Man's Wife

From the New York Sun.

Scarcely has the excitement which surrounded the McFarland case begun to abate than we are called upon to chronicle another instance of the teachings of passional affinity, which, of late years, have been so insidiously inculcated in the minds of the American people. Although unattended with the fatal consequences of the *Tribune* affair, the present case is no less significant and worthy of note, in making the ruinous spread of free love doctrines; and while it may have differed from the former so widely as to have terminated in an ingeniously concocted joke, its moral must similiarly impress us of the dangers which now threaten our social system.

A FREE LOVE ADVERTISEMENT.

Some two weeks ago an advertisement appeared in the columns of a morning newspaper, under the head of "Personal," which ran thus:—

"A young married gentleman, of ample means, is desirous of forming the acquaintance of a young lady similarly situated, or more so. Address "Cupid," box 243, N. Y. Post Office.

The significance of such a "want," expressed through public print, and while the principle which underlays it was being brought promptly before the popular view, could not be mistaken. It might have been a bait thrown out by some wag to test the extent of the evil which sent Richardson to his grave, and placed McFarland on the trial of his life; but, at all events, it was a scandlous parade of the worst form of elective affinities. A few days after the appearance of the advertisement, the advertiser received bids for his now tenantless affections. How many we are unable to say; nor with what misgivings or confidence he absorbed their contents, is, and we presume must ever to us remain a mystery. One thing we do know, that among the candidates to share his "ample means," he selected one whose story of the domestic wrongs she was then suffering at the hands of a cruel and intemperate husband—pen pictured in sweet and delicate phraseology—led him to give her the preference. The letter of this favoured fair one was as follows:—

A LETTER WHICH SHOULD HAVE BEEN READ AT THE M'FARLAND TRIAL

New York, May 3, 1870.

SIR:—Should you be sincere in the desire expressed in your advertisement, I have no objection to discuss the matter with you. Of course, the conventionalities of the age would be shocked at my action, as no doubt many people are of yours, but those conventionalities have not provided means by which incompatibility in the marriage state can be remedied, and hence, since every kind of wrong has been my portion during the few years I have lived with a man made odius by his conduct towards me, I have always held myself justified to employ any honorable means offered me to effect my rescue from a hapless condition.

The married state is no doubt a happy one; but where experience has shown the utter absence of sympathy between the husband and wife, I believe the divine sanction has been denied it. What have been my miseries—undeserved, heaven knows, in my case—I withold for the present. You shall know all, should circumstances require me to tell you. I presume you have good reasons for withdrawing your affections from another. That they are perfectly good is a necessary condition of the transfer of mine to you.

Meantime, should you desire to continue this correspondence, you will freely define your position, and address me at 26 East Twentieth street, by the name [assumed] which I subscribe.

LUCY MORPETH.

P. S.—Do not call personally under any circumstances.

In order to clear away a part of the mystery which would now seem to gather upon our narrative, we may here state that the above letter of Lucy Morpeth was the production of an ingenious wag, employing as his ammenuensis an equally waggish little spinster; but that the "advertiser" was performing his part in all manner of sincerity. Hence, upon receipt of the epistle, his ecstacy kenw no bounds, and with as little as possible, he replied in the following terms:

THE FREE LOVER'S REPLY.

New York, May 4—Evening.

DEAR MADAM:—Among the replies which I have received to my advertisement I have selected yours only, to which I wish to respond. It is a reflection of all that I desire in a woman—education, sympathy, and that lofty ideality of life which is so little appreciated by those content to be in those ruts which a temporary fate may have consigned them to. You wish me to define my position. I hasten to do so, in proof of the anxiety which I already feel to possess your heart.

I have been married over three years to a woman who was but an ignorant servant girl, without a single quality to make a man happy. Every day we had quarrelled until I felt myself compelled to leave her. She has a sister in Williamsburgh, to whom I discovered she was continually transmitting my money; and another, a native of Bellevue Hospital, who had also enjoyed the fruits of her liberality. To a man anxious to raise in the world this is simply intolerable.

But above all this, I never liked the woman; and as you have put it so nicely, and as so many honourable and respectable persons have proved, I cannot see that any law, human or divine, could compel me to live with her. The resolution I have arrived at, and am now engaged in making preparations to make the separation final. I know that there are several good married women similary situated; hence, in rescuing one from misery I have done a double service.

As I have stated, my means are ample. I have been engaged in the shoe and leather business for the last two years, and have amassed a considerable amount of money. Before that time, I was comparatively humble in circumstances, but by industry I have thus advanced myself. You can now see what are your chances in linking your fortunes with mine.

I shall say no more at present, but wait impatiently for an interview, which I trust you will grant me soon. Although you withhold yours, I give you my name and address in full. Yours with all affection,

GEO. D. S——,
Metropolitan Hotel.

THE RESULT—A TRAP.

This gushing epistle, with its "name and address in full" (which we prudently withhold), was in due time conveyed by the postman to the address indicated by "Lucy." He rang the bell, and was answered by one of the junior domestics.

"Lucy Morphet!" shouted the postman, as postmen shout.

"That's me," nervously replied the girl, her eyes indicating a wonderful suspense.

The missive was handed her, and rushing down stairs, thence to a retired corner of the kitchen, began to wonder through the mysterious rounded periods which it contained. When Lucy had finished she was just as well instructed upon its meaning as when she began. Like a good faithful domestic she thought something wrong, and at once placed the letter in the hands of her employer. The *pater familias* was a respectable merchant tailor, and when he had read it, it was apparent that it was somewhat more intelligible to him.

"Ah, yes," mentally ejaculated the gentlemen, "Geo. D. S—— in a new role!"

He said nothing to any one; but when next left to go down town there was a mischievous twinkling in his eye.

Last Friday evening was an eventful one to George. On that night he was to interview his prospective wife. The merchant tailor returned home at an early hour and instructed Lucy Morpeth to usher her suitor into his room when he should call that evening. George did call as was expected, dressed faultlessly, but instead of meeting a discontented wife with a brutal husband, he found himself in the presence of an old acquaintance whom he had no desire to see.

HOW A TAILOR GOT HIS MONEY.

"How do you do?" was the bland salutation of the tailor.

But George was speechless. We don't know whether he became ashy pale, or that the hat he held in his hand fell from his nervous grasp. But certainly the meeting to him was as undersirable as it was unexpected.

"Let me save you some trouble," pursued the tailor. "Before you proceed to the immediate business of your visit to this house, which will be conducted between you and the husband of the woman you have corresponded with, I have to request you to liquidate this little bill of $37 for that suit of clothes you obtained of me last fall. As you are now blessed with ample means, it must give you but little inconvenience."

Learning that an indignant husband was waiting for him—a McFarland in prospect—he was glad of any chance to escape, so he paid the Bill, and with more alacrity than grace, beat a hasty retreat.

The mind governs the muscles through the nervous system, as the telegraph apparatus is influenced by a remote operator through the wire. If the mind is impaired by age or disease, the muscles are made to perform strange or unnecessary acts; but if the nervous system is diseased, the muscles of the Stomach, Liver, Heart, Lungs and Genital Organs, are sure to suffer, and from their inaction produce *Dyspepsia*, Disease of the Heart, Weak Lungs and General Debility, with their accompanying trains of evil and resulting diseases.

A Diseased Nervous System, Vitiated Blood, Bad Digestion and Weak Lungs, always precede Consumption.

By the timely use of Fellows' Compound Hypophosphites the nerves regain their vigor, the brain becomes clear and powerful, the muscles healthy, Dyspepsia a disease of the past, the heart's regular action is restored, the blood made pure, the lungs strong, and all the functions of the body are brought up to a heady standard.

We are enabled to state the above on the most convincing testimony.

Sold by apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle or 6 for $7.50.

JAMES I FELLOWS, Chemist, St John, N B

AGENTS—Francis Cundil & Co, Wholesale Agents, Montreal. 1176

Fraser's Magnetic Fluid relieves headache immediately.

BOOKKEEPER.

An experienced BOOKKEPER, with the best of references, will be open for an engagement early in June

Address, Bookkeeper, at this office. 1371 3

Boots & Shoes

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Is called to the large Stock of

LADIES' SUMMER PRUNELLA

Goods at A. & W ANGUS', 15 Sussex Street,

In Button Prunella
" Lace Prunella
" Congress Prunella

All the new and

FASHIONABLE STYLES,

A. & W. ANGUS,
15 Sussex Street.

GENT'S WHITE CANVAS

In Congress Boots
In Congress Shoes
In Lace Shoes

GENT'S PRUNELLA CONGRESS

In several different Styles, also,

GENT'S WALKING BOOTS

Warranted hand made.

A & W ANGUS,
15 Sussex Street.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, beg to notify the public that we have disposed of our Wholesale and Retail Establishment in Sussex Street, known as THE TEA POT, and carried on by us under the name and style of J. G. ROBINSON & CO., to Messrs. DUFRESNE & McGARITY, of Montreal.

JAS G ROBINSON, CO.

Ottawa, May 16, 1870

WITH REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Have much pleasure in stating that they have purchased the business of

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

So long and favourably known as

THE TEA POT.

MR. McGARITY, one of the firm, will take charge of the OTTAWA HOUSE, where he hopes to gain the confidence of those who may favour him with a call.

MESSRS. DUFRESNE & McGARITY

Think from the facilities they have at their command, importing direct from the place of growth all their GOODS, and having a large WHOLESALE & RETAIL HOUSE in Montreal, where those who prefer sending their orders can have them shipped direct from the

MONTREAL HOUSE.

They have also retained the Agency of MESSRS. GOODERHAM WORTS

Celebrated

HIGHWINES AND SPIRITS,

And they have now on hand

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

FRESH TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,

Which will be fully enumerated in a future advertisement.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
Late J G ROBINSON & CO.

This firm will be known as

THE TEA POT.

Ottawa, May 14, 1870 1381tf

SUMMER BEVERAGES.

Those who relish a glass of good ICE CREAM should go to E. HALL'S Wellington Street.

HALL'S CELEBRATED GINGER BEER, ICE CREAM SODA from the Fountain, with a variety of syrups and GINGER ALE constantly on hand.

Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1365 a

Auction Sales.

By A Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

TWO SECOND HAND BUGGIES

The subscriber will sell on TUESDAY, May 31st, 1870, at the Union House Square at TWO o'clock, p. m., two second hand Buggies. One is almost new, with folding seat behind, made by Dixon Brothers, Toronto. The other is in good order, newly painted, single seat, and will be sold without reserve.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 28, 1870.

JUST OPENED UP.

A FRESH LOT OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS

Colored Lustres, [illegible] Grey Cottons.
L
Printed Muslins, Y White Cottons,
Straw Hats, T Grass Linens,
H
Feathers & Plumes, & Prints,
R
Lace Ties, U Linen Tickings,
S
Parasols, S Cotton Tickings,
E
Ribbons, L New Black Lustres,
Laces, L Printed Brilliants.

249 Wellington Street.

W. McCARTHY & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS

—IN—

FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY,

31 SPARKS STREET.

All kinds of CONFECTIONERY on hand, and made to order. Pic Nic Parties, Balls, &c., supplied in first class style, and on the shortest notice. A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 3m

Ripe Bananas,
Ripe Pine Apples,
A splendid lot of Rose Verbenas,
Lillies,
Lemon Plants, &c., &c.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR CHOICE.

FENIANS BEWARE!

BURGLARS TAKE HEED!

A few very useful

BURGLARS ALARMS

For sale at $1.50 each.

A simple and efficient protection, and alarm can be attached to any door, window or place where valuables are kept,

AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

Also new supply of beautiful

COOK STOVES,

Including the

"NOR'-WESTER,"

For burning Coal.

Bird Cages,
Wire Flower Baskets,
Iron Bedsteads,

CHILDREN'S CRIBS,

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, manufactured. Builders job work to order.

H MEADOWS & CO,
35 Sussex street.

TO LET,

In Centre Town, a well FURNISHED HOUSE, containing 9 rooms in the best condition. For particulars apply to

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
Variety Hall.

137Ka

Auction Sales.

By H McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,

All the Macauley Property, in Duke st.

CHAUDIERE OTTAWA,

Will be peremptorily offered for sale by public auction at 1 o'clock p. m. on the premises, Duke Street, on WEDNESDAY the 1st June, by H McLean, Auctioneer, (as Mr. Macauley does not intend to remain to live in Ottawa.)

It presents one of the best business situations in Canada.

For terms of sale, rental and other information, apply to the auctioneer Alexander Workman Esq., or to Mr. Macauley, who will be in Ottawa for one week previous to the sale.

JOHN MACAULEY,

Bristol, County Pontiac, P. Q., May 12, 1870. 1357td

R. L. JAMES CO.,

14 SPARKS STREET.

ANNOUNCE
LATEST
IMPORTATIONS
OF
FANCY
DRY
GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED
TRIMMED
HATS

UNTRIMMED
HATS

FLOWERS

FEATHERS

LACES

THE BEST KID GLOVES } only $1 per pair

SILKS

LUSTRES

BRILLIANTS

MUSLINS

Splendid Value in the following specialities

HOSIERY

UNDERCLOTHING

BABY
LINEN

COLLARS
AND
CUFFS

HOOPSKIRTS

FRENCH WOVE CORSETTS } 70cts 70cts 70cts } a decided bargain

A
FULL
ASSORTMENT
OF
SMALL
WARES

DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING
DRESSMAKING

Under the Superintendance of Miss Maynard, late of P. Robinson's, West End, London, England.

R L JAMES & CO.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Russell House.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DRESS GOODS,

NEW BRILLIANTS,

NEW FLOWERS.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

NEW HOSIERY,

NEW KID GLOVES,

NEW LISLE GLOVES,

NEW SILK GLOVES,

14 *Rideau street.*

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

ICE, ICE, ICE.

TERMS FOR SUPPLYING ICE

FOR THE

SEASON OF 1870.

To be delivered daily TEN POUNDS OF ICE, (two deliveries on Saturday for Sunday's use,) for the season $6, for one month, $1.50.

Steamboats, Hotels, Butchers, &c, supplied in large quantities on liberal terms. Orders left at M. KAVANAGH'S, at the "Queen" Restaurant, or at No. 1 Box, Post Office, Ottawa, will be strictly attended to.

JAMES NASH,

Ice & Wholesale and Retail Pickle Merchant, Park Street, Ottawa.

Terms for the payment of the ice; one half of the season's money to be paid in advance, the remaining portion to be paid at the end of the season.

Ottawa, May 6, 1870. 1196y

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS.

MR PRESTON, late of Morgan & Co London, England

MR ROWSELL late Manager of the Tailoring Department of Magee & Russell, of this city.

Beg to inform their Friends and the Public that they have commenced business at No. 36 Sparks Street, and trust, by strict attention to business, and supplying a good article, to merit a share of their patronage,

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
DoeSkins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1345 6m

Dry Goods.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having received by late steamer from England,

THIRTY-SIX CASES

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

WILL MAKE A

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF NOVELTIES

ON

SATURDAY, MAY 21st,

and following days,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW and COMPOSITION HATS,

LADIES' TULLE HATS and BONNETS, fully trimmed,

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S GARDEN HATS,

17 BOXES CHOICE FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, including Ostrich and Fancy Hat Plumes,

LACE SHAWLS,

LACE PARASOL COVERS.

A Large Variety of the Latest Novelties in Lace, Linen and Muslin Sets, Collars, Ties and Cuffs,

MUSLIN FRILLINGS,
WHITE and BLACK MALTESE LACES,
DUCHESSE LACE,
WHITE AND BLACK BLOND LACES,
TRIMMINGS,
BLACK and WHITE SILK and CHENILLE FRINGES,
and other trimmings.
NEW DRESS BUTTONS,
LADIES' GREEN SILK UMBRELLAS,
LADIES' and GENT'S WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS,

FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS,

Black Glacie and Gros Grain Silks,
Rich Coloured Gros Grain Silks,
Black and Coloured Crapes,
Silk, Satin, Ottoman-cord and Velvet Ribbons, Hem-Stitched Handkerchiefs.

Another Case of those Cheap Black Lustres and Alpaccas.

—ALSO—

150 Pieces Choice Summer Prints
50 " Brilliants,
50 " British Muslins, Printed,
100 " White Cottons,
250 " English Gray Cottons,
100 " DUNDAS " "
20 " Lobster Mills "
12 " Striped Hessians,
1 Bale Cotton Tickings and Regattas,
2 Cases Choice DRESS GOODS,
1 Case Indiana Shawls,

AND OTHER GLASGOW GOODS.

The above, and a large variety of other Goods too numerous to mention, have all arrived within the last few days and being MUCH CHEAPER than MARCH IMPORTATIONS, we have great confidence in inviting inspection from those in want of

FIRST-CLASS NEW GOODS

—AT—

MODERATE PRICES.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
29 Sparks Street.

REFRIGERATORS, Coolers and Ice picks at ESMONDE'S.

DOOR Mats, Willow Baskets and Wooden Ware at ESMONDE'S.

STOVES, Tinware and Ironware at ESMONDE'S.

A NOVELTY, Iron Tea Kettles, tinned on the inside. Every housekeeper should have one. ESMONDE'S.

JAPANNED, Planished and Britania Ware at ESMONDE'S.

THE CELEBRATED Polar Refrigerator for sale ONLY at ESMONDE'S.

THE "Shoo Fly" Ice Cream Freezer for sale only at ESMONDE'S.

TINWARE of all sorts made to order. Particular attention given to jobbing at ESMONDE'S.

LAMPS, Coal Oil, Wicks, &c, wholesale and retail at ESMONDE'S.

MISS MALONE, MILLINER & DRESSMAKER,

Has removed to

WELLINGTON STREET,

OVER

SINCLAIR'S BOOK STORE.

MISS MALONE begs to return her thanks to her customers for their past favours, and begs to assure them that all work sent to her will be done as usual in good time and best of style.

Ottawa, May 9, 1870 1354 1m

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

IN

DRESS GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR, & CO.

Are now offering a large lot of

NEW FASHIONABLE

DRESS GOODS

Purchased far below value,

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.

SELF-COLORED

FIGURED LUSTRES,

In Silver Grey, Silver Drab, Browns and Violet, well worth 1s 3d, for 10d per yard.

NEW MARLED CHALLIES.

In Beautiful Colorings,

Worth 1s 6d, for 1s per yard.

GRENADINE MARLED POPLINS,

WIDE WIDTH,

Worth 2s 3d, for 1s 6d.

NEW SILK-FINISHED ALPACCAS AND LUSTRES,

In the various Summer Shades.

BLACK LUSTRES,

Splendid quality, extra wide, worth 2s, for 1s 6d.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN

BLACK SILKS,

At 3s 9d, 4s 9d, 5s, 5s 9d, 6s 3d and 6s 6d.

KID GLOVES,

A large lot, best quality, various colors, slightly damaged Ladies' 2s 6d, Gentlemen's 3s 9d

INSPECTION INVITED.

Look out for the RED COAL OIL BARREL and Central Stove Depot, Sparks Street.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past six years by his many friends and the public generally, begs leave to announce that he will hereafter keep his establishment (2) two doors west of his old stand, No 60 Sparks street, the large stone building lately occupied by A GRAHAM as a Dry Goods and Clothing Store, or better known as

LANG'S BUILDING,

OPPOSITE

THE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Having enlarged and remodelled the store so a fit it up for a FIRST CLASS BUSINESS HOUSE, and having purchased a very heavy stock,

(A BANKRUPT STOCK),

at a very low figure,

Is now prepared to fill orders on the shortest notice, and cheaper than ever sold yet for first class goods, warranted to give satisfaction.

He would call particular attention to his

COAL OIL,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

now on hand. Tinware made to order by competent mechanics.

LUMBERMEN'S GOODS

made up purposely for their trade.

—ALSO,—

Country merchants would do well to give a call. Also, dealers in

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES,

Of any size or pattern, from different makers in the Dominion, a full assortment constantly on hand.

ALSO,

Baths,
Iron Bedsteads,
Refrigerators,
Four Minutes Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Rogers & Son's and others, Fine Cutlery
Sandwich Plates, all sizes,
Straps, all sizes,
Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots,
Britannia Metal Goods,
Brass and Copper Goods,
Toilet Chamber Ware,
Bread and Sugar Boxes,
Tea and Coffee Canisters,
Bird Cages, all sizes,
Toys of every kind,
Sponge Cake Moulds, all sizes,
Cash Boxes, all sizes,
Lanterns, different sizes and shapes,
Fishing Tackle, Buckets,
Camp Kettles, all sizes,
Lumbermen Bakers, Chantier Plates, Chantier Tea Dishes,
Pork Dishes, Milk Pans, all sizes.

BRASS, ENAMELLED AND OTHER POTS of the best makes, cheaper than ever sold yet, will be sold at Montreal wholesale prices,

AT 60 SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

ALSO ON HAND,

LAMPS, CHIMNIES, WICKS, BURNERS.

COAL OIL, COAL OIL,
COAL OIL, COAL OIL

Common and Best Refined Oils.

Also, Oil Cans, of all sizes, manufactured on the premises, and an immense quantity of other goods too numerous to mention.

Come one, Come all, and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods marked in plain figures at a small advance on cost, FOR CASH.

Remember,

RED OIL BARREL,
Central Stove Depot, 60 Sparks street,
C P DORION, Proprietor.

Jobbing entrusted to him will be carefully attended to in due time. Please leave your orders. 1327 3m

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

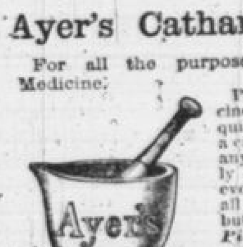
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Dry Goods.

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

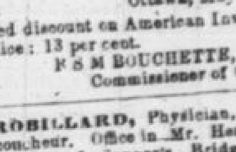
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, May 6, 1870.

Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N B—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS

Compiled expressly for the OTTAWA TIMES.]

Times Office, Ottawa, May 31, 1870

FLOUR—Extra	5 00	@ 5 25
Strong Bakers	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 1	4 75	@ 5 00
No. 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	2 62½	@ 2 75
" Spring "	2 50	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	4 50	@ 0 00
Indian Meal "	3 50	@ 0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 00	@ 0 00
Buckwheat Flour 100 lbs	1 75	@ 0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 10
Spring "	1 00	@ 0 00
GRAIN—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 65	@ 0 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 35	@ 0 37
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@ 0 00
PORK Mess—per barrel	27 00	@ 27 50
Prime Mess per do.	22 00	@ 00 00
Prime	none.	
Pork (fresh)	8 50	@ 9 00
Hams	0 13	@ 0 16
Beef per 100 lbs	6 00	@ 8 00
Mutton—per lb	0 10	@ 0 00
Geese—Each	0 45	@ 0 00
Turkeys	0 75	@ 1 50
Poultry—Per pair	0 45	@ 0 70
Ducks	0 40	@ 0 45
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@ 0 25
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@ 0 21
No 2	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@ 0 00
Apples—per brl.	3 50	@ 4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@ 0 45
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@ 11 00
STRAW—Per ton	4 00	@ 4 50
WOOD—Per cord (cubic measure)	0 00	@ 0 00
Mixed Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Tamarac	0 00	@ 0 00
Soft Wood	0 00	@ 0 00
Hides		
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1, Insp	7 00	@ 0 00
No. 2, do Inspected	6 50	@ 0 00
No. 3, do do	5 50	@ 0 00
Green Raw Hides	5 00	@ 0 00

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES—I am happy to say I have not had a symptom of Bronchitis, from which I suffered many years, since taking your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

E DEAN.

St. John, N B, November 2nd.

I strongly recommend the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites to all who suffer in any way from disease or weakness of the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, or general debility.

J. H. W. SCOTT, M. D.,
Gagetown, N.B

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public, or any class of our people more than another need the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52v1236 law

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY.

The whole Dominion should buy their teas of the Importers,

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY

☞ 6 Hospital-st., Montreal. ☜

Our Teas, after the most severe tests by the best medical authorities and judges of Tea, have been pronounced to be quite pure, and free from and artificial colouring or poisonous substances so often used to improve the appearance of Tea. They are unequalled for strength and flavour. They have been chosen for their intrinsic worth, keeping in mind health, economy, and a high degree of pleasure in drinking them. We sell for the smallest possible profits, effecting a saving to the consumer of 15c to 20c per lb. Our Teas are put up in 5, 12, 15, 20 and 25 lb boxes, and are warranted pure and free from poisonous substances. Orders for four 5 lb boxes, two 12 lb boxes, or one 20, or 25 lb box sent carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man, where there are express offices. In sending orders below the amount of $10, to save expense it will be better to send money with the order. Where a 25 lb box would be too much, four families clubbing together could send for four 5 lb boxes, or two 12 lb boxes. We send them to one address carriage paid, and mark each box plainly, so that each party get their own Tea. We warrant all the Tea we sell to give entire satisfaction. If they are not satisfactory they can be returned at our expense.

BLACK TEA.

English Breakfast, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea 45c, 50c, Fine Flavoured New season do, 55c, 60c and 65c; Very Best Full Flavored do, 75c; Sound Oolong, 45c Rich Flavored do, 60c; Very Fine do, do, 75c; Japan, Good, 50c, 55c, Fine do, 60c Very Fine, 65c, Finest, 75c.

GREEN TEA.

Twankay, 50c, 55c, 65c; Young Hyson 50c, 60c 65c, 70c; Fine do, 75; Very Fine, 85c; Superfine and Very Choice, $1 Fine Gunpowder, 85c; Extra Superfine do, $1.

MONTREAL, April, 1868.—To the Montreal Tea Company, 6 Hospital-street, Montreal; We notice with pleasure the large amount of Tea that we have forwarded for you to different parts of the Dominion, and we are glad to find your business so rapidly increasing. We presume your Teas are giving general satisfaction, as out of the large amount forwarded, we have only had occasion to return one box which, we understand was sent to through a mistake.

G. CHENEY,
Manager Canadian Express Company.

Teas not mentioned in this circular equally cheap. Teas only sold by this Company.

☞ An excellent Mixed Tea could be sent for 60c and 70c; very good for common purposes, 50c.

☞ Beware of pedlars and runners using our name, or offering our Teas in small packages. Nothing less than a cattie sold.

Note the Address—The Montreal Tea Company 6 Hospital-st., Montreal.

Agent for Ottawa,
H McLEAN,
15 Sparks street.

FARM FOR SALE.

150 ACRES—The south half of the east half, Lot No 21, and the south half of Lot No 22, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean, with a good stone House and two Barns, good land and well watered. It is six miles from Ottawa. Title good. For further information apply to P CAMPBELL, on the premises. 223m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR, Nature's Crown. You Must Cultivate it. GREY HAIR Is a certain indication of decay at the roots.

New Style. Important Change. A REAL HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING Combined in One Bottle.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER

Will Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Life, Color and Beauty.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It will promote luxuriant growth.
FALLING HAIR is immediately checked.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S ZYLOBALSAMUM, another preparation for the Hair; clear and transparent, without sediment. It is very simple and often produces wonderful results. Its great superiority and economy as a Hair Dressing over high cost French Pomades is acknowledged by all not only in this country but in Europe. The Restorer and Zylobalsamum should not be used one with the other. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Proprietors, S. R. Van Duser & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 35 Barclay St. and 40 Park Place, New-York.

March 3 ay. 1035-47

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

NOTICE.

THE UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Is now open to Joachim.

THEIR STEAMER

☞ "ANN SISSON" ☜

Will leave Aylmer Daily (Sunday excepted) at 8-30 a. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.

1344tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $150 00
Halifax ... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00
Halifax ... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New Y
or ERRICK & CROMBIE Ottaw

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

Public notice is hereby given that the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and County Court, in and for the said County of Carleton will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JUNE 1870, at the hour of ten of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are requested to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
May 26th, 1870. 1214

NEW DRUG STORE.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist
Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in the new building adjoining the Ontario Bank, Sparks street, with a perfectly new and complete stock of Genuine Drugs,

English Chemicals,
European and American Patent Medicines
The Popular Proprietary Medicines and Preparations,
English, French and German Perfumery,
English Brushes and Toilet Articles,
Dye Stuffs, Seeds, and all the Miscellaneous articles usually sold by Druggists.

Family medicines and physicians' prescriptions will receive the attention their importance demands. The prescription department will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor, and particular attention will be paid to the quality of all materials employed.

Physicians and country merchants supplied.

The subscriber has ample facilities for attending to the wants of his customers.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, February 17, 1870 1285.3 y

FOR SALE.

A splendid "Dunham" Piano, 7 octaves, overstrung, rosewood case, with all recent improvements. For terms and particulars apply to Miss HARMON, Ladies' School, Wellington street, Ottawa, May 21, 1870 1385 3

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

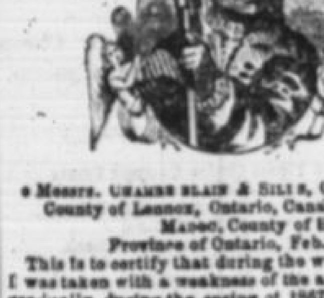
FYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden of the County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

FOR SALE.

Part of the rear half of lot number eleven, in the second concession of the Township of Nepean (Ottawa front), which said parcel of land is known as Village lot number six, Bell's Corners.

There is a good log house clapboard which is at present occupied as a Tavern. Good stable and ou buildings on the lot, and a good well, will be sold by public auction on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of September, A. D. 1870, at twelve o'clock noon. If not disposed of by private agreement before that date.

Possession given on the 1st day of November following.

Terms made known at the time of sale.

Apply to

JOHN D. O'GRADY,
on the premises or to
WILLIAM COLBER,
March.

Ottawa, May 23, 1870 1357 d 24 2

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES legally obtained in New York, Indiana, Illinois and other States, for persons from any State or Country, legal every where; desertion, drunkenness, nonsupport, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity; no charge until divorce obtained. Advice free. Business established fifteen years. Address

M HOUSE, Attorney.

1318 3m No 78 Nassau Street, New York City

J. BAIRD, M D, C M, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c., &c., Residence at J Butler's Corp, Ontario. 18 3m

Legal Cards.

McLEOD, WRIGHT & LAWLOR, Barristers, Advocates, &c. Offices, Aylmer, Q., (Main Street), and Ottawa, (Elgin Street).

Parliamentary Practice and Patents for Invention, &c., especially attended to in Ottawa.

M. McLEOD, W. McK WRIGHT, R. S. LAWLOR.

Ottawa, December 4, 1869. 1213-6m

J. W. W. WARD, of the late firm of Lewis, Pinhey & Ward, has removed his Chancery Office to Bell's Law Chambers, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st.

HARVEY P. HILL, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

N B—Money advanced on landed security.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets. Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6m

Medical.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE ☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Dealers are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Skinner, and J. Brown, in Ottawa.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern uncontestable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Commission Merchants.

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York street, near the Market.

The subscriber respectfully announces that he has moved from Sussex to York street, and is now occupying the premises formerly known as Chamberlain's Auction Rooms. He takes this opportunity of thanking the people of Ottawa and vicinity for the liberal patronage extended, as well as the confidence placed in him since his arrival in the city. He holds SALES EVERY DAY, (when not otherwise engaged), either at his rooms or on the market. He appeals with confidence to all who have entrusted household effects or real estate to him for sale to certify that he has given full satisfaction as regards the prices obtained, as well as prompt and immediate settlement after sale.

He is ready to receive instructions from persons leaving household furniture, horses, carriages, or real estate to dispose of, and pledges himself that nothing will be left undone by him to give satisfaction in discharge of the trust confided to him.

Consignments from a distance will meet with immediate and careful attention.

Cash advances made on furniture or other property sent in for sale.

Pianos constantly on hand for hire.

The highest price paid for second hand pianos and furniture.

REFERENCES.

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Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald,
Hon. H. L. Langevin, C B, and Sect'y of State,
Hon. Alex. Campbell, P M G.
R. W. Scott, Esq., M P P,
Walter Shanly, Esq., M P
Max. W. Strange, Esq., M P
Francis H. Burton, Esq., M P
James O'Rielly, Esq., Q C,
H.V. Noel, Esq., Manager Quebec Bank, Ottawa.
Robert Lyon, Esq., M P P.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Queen's Auctioneer,
1117y House, Land and General Agent

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto, March 15, 1870. 1309 td 1awk

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. [illegible] E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Ottawa, April 27, 1870. 1343 3m 18 3m

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The undersigned beg to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute orders for planed Lumber, Shingles, Framing Timber, &c.

On hand a large stock of Flooring and Clapboards, Shingle No 1 and Extras.

43,6m LAW & JOHNSTON

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NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

TWO DAILY LINES OF STEAMERS.

☞ Leaving OGDENSBURG every day, (Sunday's excepted), on arrival of noon trains for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and Intermediate PORTS, without change of Boat; and every evening (Sunday's excepted). for CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, and Intermediate PORTS.

☞ **Through Tickets to Chicago without Change, $7 00** ☜

Passengers and Families moving West can embark with their teams, stock, &c., and land together without disturbance or transhipment, at their port of destination, thus avoiding the great inconvenience of the many changes, delays and expenses of other routes.

☞ These Steamers have large cabins and state rooms, amply and neatly furnished, for first class passengers, and second cabins, with cook stoves and comfortable accommodations for passengers and families who may wish to furnish their own provisions.

☞ No efforts will be spared to maintain the reputation of this as the cheapest and best route.

☞ Ask for tickets via Northern Transportation Company's Steamers, the only American Lines leaving Ogdensburgh.

☞ 60 lbs baggage free to each Passenger. Baggage checked through to all points.

Through Tickets to all points in the Great West, North West and South West, cheaper than the cheapest on application to

J T CORCORAN, Agent,

At his office, Russell House Block, Sparks Street, (the old established Ticket office), where all information will be cheerfully given, or every day at the Railway Station on the departure of trains, where you can purchase tickets from him. Be sure and see the Agent before purchasing elsewhere.

April 21, 1870.

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Have just received a

NEW ASSORTMENT OF LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO. CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES, AND EYE GLASSES,

mounted in GOLD SILVER SHELL AND STEEL

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed.

YOUNG & RADFORD,
No 35, Sparks street,
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WILL ARRIVE AS SOON AS NAVIGATION OPENS.

Rejoice Ladies and Gentlemen at the happy intelligence. 1328d

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DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. GEORGE HUTCHISON, Dentist Office—Sparks-street opposite Magee & Russell's. 576y

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CARLETON HOUSE,

57 Argyle street ... Halifax, N. S

M. E. COCHRAN, PROPRIETOR.

This house, (situated in the centre of the city) has been recently enlarged, fitted with all the modern improvements, and refurnished throughout in first class style.

The halls and apartments are spacious and airy.

Meal Hours—Breakfast 8 a m; Lunch 1 p m; Dinner 6 p m; Tea 8 p m.

Terms $2 00 per day.

☞ Parties visiting Halifax will find at "The Carleton," good attention, cleanliness and comfort.

Halifax, April 1, 1870. 1328 1m

THE UNION HOUSE,

W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS.,
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EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON.

Good Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

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E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

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Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc. daily

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AUMOND'S BLOCK,
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292tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

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THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

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Prepared for buildings of every description, by
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The largest and best assorted stock of

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The Stock now on hand is the LARGEST EVER RECEIVED IN THIS CITY.

Another lot is daily expected from England.

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To be sold at manufacturing prices—Dominion duties excepted. All parties wishing to renovate their houses, and who wish to have the eye pleased on entering their homes, had better call immediately. The paper hangings are of MR McKAY's own selection. The tints are neutral, and give that repose which is sought after by all persons of taste. 1330d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CLOSE OF THE LISTS

To share in the division of profits of the past five years,

CANADA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Lists for the 23rd Year will be Closed on 30th of this month (April).

After which the

DIVISION OF PROFITS

Will be proceeded with as quickly as practicable. Persons desirous of sharing in these profits will obtain Forms of application and all information at the Head Office or at any of the Agencies in the various places throughout the Dominion.

A G RAMSAY,
Manager.

Agent in Ottawa,
R H HAYCOCK.

McGILL UNIVERSITY,

MONTREAL.

SESSION 1870-'71.

FACULTY OF LAW:

The Classes will re-open on Tuesday, 4th October.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE:

The Session will be opened on Tuesday, 4th October

FACULTY OF ARTS:

The Session of this Faculty will commence on WEDNESDAY, September 14th, at which time there will be offered for competition the following

SIXTEEN SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS,

viz:—TEN McDONALD Scholarships and Exhibitions, or the annual value of $125 each; Two THOMSON Exhibitions, value $125; the CHARLES ALEXANDER Scholarship, value $120; the GOVERNORS' Scholarship, value $100 to $120; the JANE REDPATH Exhibition, value $100; the TAYLOR Scholarship, value $100

Of these 4 will be offered in each of the four College years in Arts to students and candidates entering. A Scholarship is tenable for two years.

Copies of the Calendar containing all necessary information as to the examinations, conditions of competition, courses of study, &c, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

W C BAYNES, B A.
1342 1awt4J Secretary McGill University.

LAND IN HULL FOR SALE.—The subscriber will dispose of six acres of his property in Hull, on the River Ottawa, opposite the Rideau Falls, with two houses, and good garden ground, shrubberies and plantations. Price, $8,000, (value of houses, $3,000 and $1,200), or will divide it up to suit a party of purchasers. Also, the best Steam Mill Site on the River Ottawa, including the right of storage on Brewery Inlet. Price, $10,000. Taxes—halfpenny on the pound. EDWARD HAYCOCK. Apply to R H HAYCOCK, Esq, Ottawa. 1273 2m

THE 50th VOLUME!

NEW SERIES!! NEW FORM!

THE PICTORIAL PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL,

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Specially devoted to the "SCIENCE OF MAN," his improvement, by all the means indicated by *Science*.

PHRENOLOGY—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described

PHYSIOGNOMY, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature.

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PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink, How we should be Clothed and how to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portraits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in departments of life are special features.

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Much general and useful information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive, as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine, ever published.

ESTABLISHED—The Journal has reached its 50th VOLUME, and with January Number 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a quarto to the more convenient octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

TERMS—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete list of premiums.

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389 Broadway, New York

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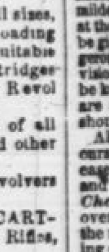

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The "ELEY BOXER" are the cheapest cartridges known, carrying their own ignition, and being made wholly of metal, are waterproof and imperishable in any climate.

The above cartridge cases (empty) of all sizes, and for the different systems of Breach-loading Rifles, can be had with or without the suitable Bullets and Machines for finishing the Cartridges.

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CENTRAL FIRE and PIN FIRE CARTRIDGES for all sizes and systems of Guns Rifles, and revolvers.

Double Waterproof and E. B. Caps, Patent Wire Cartridges, Felt Gun Waddings for Breech and Muzzle Loaders, and every description of Sporting and Military Ammunition.

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GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

GUYOT'S TAR,

CONCENTRATED PROOF LIQUEUR.

M Guyot has succeeded in depriving tar of its insupportable sourness and bitterness, and in rendering it very soluble. Profiting by this happy discovery, he prepares a concentrated liqueur of tar, which in a small volume contains a large proportion of active principles.

Guyot's tar possesses all the advantages of ordinary tar water without any of its drawbacks. A glass of excellent tar water without any disagreeable taste may be instantaneously obtained by pouring a teaspoonful into a glass of water. Any one can thus prepare his glass of tar water at the moment he requires it, thus economising time, facilitating carriage, and obviating the disagreeable necessity of handling tar.

Guyot's tar replaces advantageously several more or less inactive ptisans in the treatment of colds, bronchitis, coughs and catarrhs.

Guyot's tar is employed with the greatest success in the following diseases:

As a DRAUGHT—A teaspoonful in a glass of water, or two table-spoonfuls in a bottle:

BRONCHITIS
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER
COLDS
OBSTINATE COUGHS
IRRITATION OF THE CHEST
HOOPING COUGH
DISEASES OF THE THROAT
PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

As a LOTION—Pure or diluted with a little water

AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN
ITCHINGS
DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Guyot's tar has been tried with the greatest success in the principal hospitals of France, Belgium and Spain. Experience has proved it to be the most hygienic drink in hot weather and in time of epidemics. Detailed instructions accompany each bottle.

General depot in Paris: L FRERE, 19 rue Jacob.

FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, POULTRY and FRUIT.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has always on hand, in season, a large supply of the above, which will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper than any other house in the city.

GEORGE NICHOLSON,
No 85 Rideau street

For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE TO RENT.

A handsomely situated COTTAGE, containing six rooms and kitchen, on Gloucester st., Ashburnham Hill. There is a handsome flower and vegetable garden; good outhouse and well attached Apply to W. H. BULLEN, on the premises.

Ottawa, April 26 1033tf

FOR SALE.—The Westerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession, Ottawa Front, Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same concession, at present in the occupation of Wm T. Aylen, Esq For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa Ja2-141-tf

FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—100 acres—the north half of Lot No 1, in the 4th concession of the township of Osgoode, with a good House and Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good Spring Well, fifty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. This is situated on the Prescott road, within fifteen miles of Ottawa. Also the south half of Lot No 6 in the 3rd concession of Osgoode, containing 100 acres, 50 acres cleared, the rest well wooded, with good hardwood and well watered, and situated within a quarter of a mile of the railway station. Titles good. For further information apply to

PATRICK HERBERT,
39.6m Rideau Hotel, Ottawa City.

EDUCATIONAL.

To School Teachers and all Others Whom it May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Richmond Circuit Board of Public Instruction in the County of Carleton" will meet in the TOWN HALL Richmond, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST Day of June next at the hour of TWELVE o'clock, noon, for the examination of Teachers and general business.

JOSEPH HINTON, Secretary. C B PETTIT, M A, Chairman.

Richmond, May 23, 1870 1367 1-24 3

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and ten acres, Lot No 15, in the 4th concession of the Township of Gloucester, Rideau Front, with a good new house, well finished, barn, sheds, and other out buildings, and also a good spring well, 75 or 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, well fenced and watered. This is situated 7 miles from Ottawa on the Macadamised Road, leading to Metcalfe. English Church and School House at the corner of lot; Methodist Church half a mile; Roman Catholic Church one mile and a half distant; Railway Station 2 miles. There is also a 9 mile road, running along side of the lot.

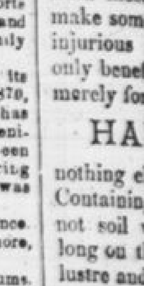
Time will be given for part of the purchase money, if required.

For particulars apply to the proprietor.

15 6m WM HALPENNY.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



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